The Times

VOL. V. NO 1808. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 1, 1871. PRICE—3 CEN

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

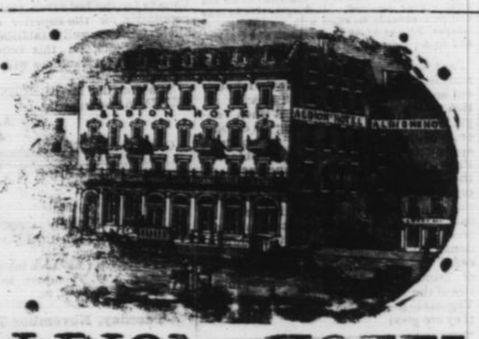
AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.



ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA,

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
3 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
3 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
3 " Forfars (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimming Silks
1 " Morocco Curtains
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
10 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
20 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G & M are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

Inspection Invited

Ottawa, May 18, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

SHANNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and afte

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4:30 p m, arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s 6d., 11s, and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100	acres.
In Eardley	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
otal,	11,100	

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St, Mon

Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex street, Ottawa.

JOHN SIMSON LEBEAU Agent.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact that you can always get the best first-class BRANDIES or WINES and the best Family GROCERIES, by going to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities and at Low Prices

GIN—

J DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order,

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Sellin Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies,"

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned Invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 130, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1803tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Victoria

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 150
FANNING MILLS..... 20

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 20w

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Bond, DUNCAN MacGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa has resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debenture hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3 The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the second day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the City of Ottawa, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street on the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one at the hour of nine of the clock, of the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1871. 1786 1m

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year,

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts; and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them:

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Silly Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St, George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D, 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards.....	$ 38,0 0
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates.....	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps.....	16,000
Pumping mains extra.....	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., In less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Iacombe & Stevens Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Procter & Co.; for Aylmer Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J Smith & Co, No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent,*
Times Office, Ottawa.

"THIS WORLD IS FULL OF BEAUTY."

There lives a voice within me, a guest angel of my heart,
And its sweet lispings win me, till the tears a trembling start;
As ever more it springeth like some magic melody,
And evermore it singeth this sweet song of songs to me—
This world is full of beauty, as other worlds above;
And, if we did our duty, it might be full of love.

Night's starry tendernesses dower with glory evermore.
Morn's budding, bright, melodious hour comes sweetly as of yore;
But there be million hearts accurst, where no sweet sun-burst shine,
And there be million hearts athirst for love's immortal wine.
This world is full of beauty, as other world's above;
And, if we did our duty, it might be full of love.

If faith, and hope, and kindness passed, as coin, 'twixt heart and heart,
How, thro' the eyes's tear-blindness, should the sudden soul upstart!
The dreary, dim, and desolate should wear a sunny bloom,
And love should spring from buried state, like flowers o'er winter's tomb.
This world is full of beauty, as other worlds above;
And, if we did our duty, it might be full of love.

Were truth our uttered language, angels might talk with men,
And God-illumined earth should see that Golden Age again;
The burthened heat should soar in mirth like Morn's young prophet lark,
And misery's last tear wept on earth quench Hell's last cunning spark.
This world is full of beauty, as other worlds above;
And, if we did our duty, it might be full of love.

Lo! plenty ripens round us, yet awakes the cry for bread,
The millions still are toiling, crushed and clad in rags, unfed;
While sunny hills and valleys richly blush with fruit and grain,
But the paupers in the palace rob their toiling fellowmen.
This world is full of beauty as other worlds above;
And if we did our duty it might be full of love.

Dear God! what hosts are trampled 'mid this killing crush for gold!
What noble hearts are sapped of love! what spirits lose life's hold!
Yet a merry world it might be, opulent for all and aye,
With its hands that ask for labor, and its wealth that wastes away.
This world is full of beauty, as other worlds above;
And, if we did our duty, it might be full of love.

The leaf-tongues of the forest, and the flower lips of the sod,
The happy birds that hymn their raptures in the ear of God,
The summer wind that bringeth music over land and sea,
Hath each voice that singeth this sweet song of songs to me,
This world is full of beauty, as other worlds above;
And, if we did our duty, it might be full of love.

GAME LAWS IN OTHER LANDS.

From the People's Magazine.

In the Netherlands the game laws are exceedingly despotic and severe. Game is property, and belong to the owner of the soil, except under some tenures which resemble our copyholder, under which it belongs to the holder of the land. But not even the owner of the game can do as he likes with it. He must not shoot on Sunday or at night or when the ground is flooded or covered with snow: only in very few cases can nets, traps, or snares be used, and no game or eggs can be sold during the close season. The State itself prevents poaching, and game can only be conveyed from one place to the other by the public road, and even must then be accompanied by a certificate showing how it was obtained. In Spain the game laws seem to have gone out with the Bourbons. Mr. French reports that they are in partial abeyance; "they are purely theoretical, and the practice of them is no longer observed." But by the theory the game goes with the land, and if a wounded bird falls on the land of a private owner it belongs to him, not to the sportsman who shot it. In Portugal game is not preserved, though a license to shoot it is required. Everyone is allowed to capture it on his own lands, or on unclosed or uncultivated land. In Switzerland a new rule, partially recognized, however, by the issue of shooting licenses in other countries, is brought into complete embodiment. Game in Switzerland, like the beautiful walnut trees which line the roads is the property of the State. Licenses for shooting are issued by nearly all the Cantonal Governments, and some of those governments have been lately preserving the game more strictly. The principle that the game belongs not to the owners or occupiers of the soil, but to the people of the country, enables the Governments to preserve it in the general interest and for the general profit. The opening of the shooting season may be delayed in some circumstances; trap, gins, poison, and spring guns are prohibited, and even the nests of singing birds and of such birds as are useful to agriculture are protected against pilfering school boy fingers. The United States, of course, stand alone. There is no general game law; such matters belong to the local legislation of the individual States. Mr. Fane reports there is no law in any State requiring a game certificate or a license for carrying a gun, but shooting on Sunday is everywhere forbidden. Simple trespass is hardly recognized as an offence at all, but malicious trespass is everywhere indictable and punishable by fine or imprisonment. Damage done, even in a simple trespass must be made good. Mr. Fane gives at full the game law of the State of New York, which recognizes as a general principle that the game on a man's land is his own. In Connecticut, New Jersey, Virginia and Pennsylvania, the same principle is applied in these States, however, poaching is punished only by fine, except in Pennsylvania, where the old Colonial Act of 1760 is still law, and punishes poaching by a fine of forty shillings, or thirty days' imprisonment, Mr. Fane adds that "the main purpose of these laws is undoubtedly the preservation of game for the use of the people, and to provide against its wanton destruction by the mischievous or ignorant who might take it out of season, and destroy nests or eggs." In the Eastern States the land-owners are encouraged to cultivate game by an interest in it short of making it property in the Western States, they are left to the operation of the ordinary law against trespass.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

MONEY.

It is a singular fact, but a fact nevertheless, that most people have a profound respect for the possession of money. Everybody is ready to deny this, and each one will protest that he does not regard any man as better, wiser, or nobler because he happens to have more dollars than it falls to the lot of people generally to possess. Abstractly perhaps this is true, but the fact is that one person in a hundred really refuses to estimate men by their acres or their bank accounts. Strangely enough, the people who show most reverence for wealth are often those who most loudly decry such sentiments. They abuse wealthy people as purse proud, and really think themselves above estimating men by the coats they wear or the dinners they eat. But these very people are careful to dress well when they cannot afford it, lest their own proverty shall appear. Their shabby carpets must be replaced by new ones, even though the education of their children be cut short for the want of the money thus spent. They entertain more company than they can afford, and feed their guests on costly viands, while they themselves are haunted by gaunt ghosts of pinched diners to come. And so with everything else. A thousand shams show an undue respect for money, and a thousand lies are acted for the sake of concealing poverty.

It is an old adage that "the King need not dress well," and its inference, that poorer people must cover up their poverty with more costly clothes and finer houses than they have any use for, tells a sad tale of human folly. If your last winter's overcoat is dingy, will it be less comfortable on that account? If you cannot afford to buy a new one, is it not more manly to wear the old than to wrap yourself in a lie made to order by your tailor? Why should you deny your family needed comforts in order that people for whom you do not care a straw may think you wealthier than you are?

Money has a certain value. It is worth just what it will purchase, and no more. In other words, it is good as a mean but not as an end. It is a serviceable thing, because, to a certain extent, it will purchase comfort for its possessor, and enable him to accomplish worthy ends. But its possession adds nothing to his moral or intellectual stature, and the man who pretends to have more of it than he has, or who is ashamed of its absence, must be wanting in manliness of character. Money has no intrinsic value, and must be expended to be of any account. It will buy food and clothing; but in itself it will not feed the hungry nor clothe the naked. As a powerful instrument in the hands of its possessor, it is worth working for; but is not worth a sacrifice of health or of honor, because it will not buy these. Yet there are people who, for the sake of gold, will sacrifice comfort and duty, and even honor, denying themselves, for the sake of wealth, all of good that wealth can bring them and more. Mrs. Barbauld says that any man may be rich if he is willing to pay the price; and she is probably right. But in how many cases is the price altogether too high? We have seen men whose health was made a grand machine for the accomplishment of worthy ends; but these are not they who have paid high prices for their gold. They have struggled and toiled, perhaps; they have denied themselves and practiced economy, that thrift might come to make them strong for good deeds; but they have sacrificed nothing of character; they have paid out no reputation as a price; they have not put their souls up to barter.—*Hearth and Home.*

HUMOROUS.

"Patrick Maloney, what do you say to the indictment? Are you guilty or not guilty?" "Arrah, musha yer worship, how can I tell till I hear the evidence?"

A burned out girl of Chicago wrote to her lover at Washington, that he would have been surprised to see her the morning after the fire, "with a pair of Jim's old pants, one slipper, one shoe and a waterproof cloak."

Virginia proposes to build a monument to John Smith—a direct insult to the Jones family.

Barnes Greeley, Horace's brother, is a successful farmer in Pennsylvania and can't be tempted to read, "What I Know," etc.

At the recent Georgia baby show the judges were three old bachelors.

A story is told of the irrepressible Barnum which exibits in a striking light the happy faculty of illustration which the great showman displays when engaged in the avocation of

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection

Prices as low as any house in the city.

E. H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Auction Sale of block on corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets—A Gagnier.

Change of time on Canada Central and Brockville & Ottawa Railways.

Vegetable Pulmonary Balsam—Cutler Bros. & Co.

The Ottawa Times.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 1, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

We are in a position to state upon undoubted authority, that the late rumors published in the *Globe* as to probable Cabinet changes, are utterly without foundation.

Chicago is recovering from the late disaster and its people are falling into their old easy going ways. The Chicago *Tribune* contains the following advertisement, which may be accepted as an indication that such is the case:

Madison street car to Ashland avenue, Tuesday afternoon. If agreeable, will the beautiful blonde permit the acquaintance of the gentleman she noticed in the car, and afterwards in carriage. Address MYTH, *Tribune* office.

THE ATTACKS UPON MR. DUNKIN.

We have received a number of communications commenting upon the very unfair and ungenerous manner in which the Hon. Mr. Dunkin has been spoken of by many of our contemporaries since he resigned his seat in the Cabinet. We can quite understand how utterly disgusting it must be to every manly and generous nature, to see journalists, who so long as Mr. Dunkin was Minister of Agriculture had nothing but good to say of him, now turning round and abusing him with so much virulence. It is not, however, necessary that we should devote a large portion of the space at our command to the publication of the letters to which we refer. We presume that most of our readers are familiar with the fable of the ass and the dead lion, and in the attacks which have thus been made upon Mr. Dunkin since he ceased to be a Cabinet Minister, will be able to trace a strong resemblance to the discordant brayings of the long eared animal who spurned the carcass of the defunct king of the forest, who, while, he was alive, the ass regarded with so much reverence and fear. As to the attacks made upon the late Minister of Agriculture and upon his successor by the *Globe*, to which reference is also made by some of our correspondents, they are easily understood. No matter how good or how able a man may be, no matter how highly he may have been extolled in the columns of the *Globe* itself, so soon as he becomes a member of Sir John Macdonald's administration, in the eyes of the Grit organ and of all true Grits he becomes either a "corruptionist" or an "idiot." This is a rule which admits of no exception, and must be accepted as an article of faith by every follower of Mr. Brown. Therefore, it is that both Mr. Dunkin and Mr. Pope, come in for their share of the *Globe's* abuse.

Now we are alluding to this matter, we cannot avoid making reference to a very striking specimen of the organ's unfairness which appears in one of its editorials of Monday last. After having lamented over the fact that the results of the census have not yet been made public, it goes on in the most unfair and obviously unjustifiable manner to condemn the Census as a failure, to declare it to be "a muddle," and to foretell that it will excite "a good deal of sharp criticism when Parliament assembles." Now, until the results of the Census are made known, and until some evidence is afforded to show that it has been incorrectly taken, how can the *Globe* pronounce it a "muddle," when, for all it knows to the contrary, the results obtained may be strictly correct and in accordance with the facts? But such stupidly obvious unfairness and prejudice is not by any means new. The manifestation of a more fair and manly spirit on the part of our Opposition contemporary, would be something novel indeed. We merely allude to the matter as affording an instance of the amount of reliability which may be placed upon any of its utterances, and of the vindictive spirit which betrays it into the commission of such manifest acts of unfairness and untruth.

AN APPEAL.

A case of particular distress has occurred in the Township of Camtebridge, on Casselman's road, which appeals to the consideration of the more fortunately circumstanced. During the last days of September the house of a young French Canadian couple lately established there was burned, everything they possessed being destroyed, with the exception of the cow, which the wife with difficulty was enabled to save. The husband was absent during this period at work in the neighbourhood the young wife was in the vicinity of the house, and having nothing on but a *jupe* and *niantelet*, the rest of her clothes were burned.

The sufferers made their way to Embrun where much sympathy was felt for them, Madame Lalonde giving the young wife boots and clothing, and the people assisting them with much kindness. It is proposed to make up a small subscription to enable this unfortunate pair to obtain a stove and some other articles of domestic use, at this season indispensible.

Subscriptions will be thankfully received by Joseph Lalande, Esq., Embrum, and in this city by Mr. Urquhart, TIMES office; Mr. Kingsford, box 265; and Mr. James Adamson, Senate.

The following Ottawa subscriptions are acknowledged: Col. Bernard, $1; Mr. H. V. Noel, $1; Mr. Urquhart, $1; Mr. James Adamson, $1; M. LeMoine, $1; Mr. Blyth, $1; Col. Denis, $1; and Mr. Kingsford, $1.

THE "GLOBE" AND MR. POPE.

The *Globe* continues its sneers and attacks upon the Hon. Mr. Pope, proving clearly that that paper and its chief inspirer are governed only by their animosities. Mr. Pope can abide his time however. The appointment is approved by the country, and has received the commendation even of his opponents. But is it ever to be thus with the Hon. George Brown? Can he never be generous to an opponent? We fear not, if his record in the future is to be gauged by the past. His animosity to the Hon. J. Sandfield Macdonald is well known. When the Macdonald-Cartier Government broke down in 1862 on the Militia Bill, the present Premier of Ontario was called on to form a government. Did he then receive the cordial support of the *Globe* or Mr Brown? We know he didnot, but nevertheless the Reform party gave in its adhesion to Mr. Sandfield Macdonald, and Mr. Brown in the *Globe* and afterwards in Parliament gave the Government a cold unwilling support. Then came the fall of that Government, and the formation of the Tache-John A. Macdonald Government, which after a brief tenure succumbed on the carrying of the motion condemnatory of Sir A. T. Galt in 1864. And what happened then? The Hon. George Brown feared the advent to power again of John Sandfield,—feared that he, George Brown, would be neither a power behind nor beside the throne, and to prevent the possibility of his rival's success, opened negotiations with Sir John Macdonald, calling to his aid in effecting his purpose the services of Mr. Pope and other Conservatives. Then Mr. Pope was a representative man from the Eastern Townships. Then Mr. Pope reflected the views of the English speaking people of Lower Canada. Then George Brown was very willing to give him his confidence. But now how changed the views of Mr. Brown! Mr. Pope gives in his adhesion to the Dominion Government, and the *Globe* can find no words too strong to express its discontent. But it is as well that it is thus. The people understand the tactics of the *Globe*. It is not inspired by patriotism or zeal for the good of the country, but by mere selfishness and the desire to promote the personal ambition of its owner.

THE LATE FIRES.

We have on one or two occasions referred to the liberal relief which has been given by the people of the Old and New World to the sufferers by the late fire in Chicago, and cannot but regard the response which has so quickly followed the appeal made to the benevolent and charitable, as a splendid exhibition of man's generosity to his fellow man. We do not like to say a word which may even appear to discourage this noble work, and yet we cannot help feeling that there is a danger that the Chicago sufferers will receive more than they are entitled to of sympathy as well as of substantial aid. That they have suffered and lost much, no one can doubt; that they are entitled to our warmest sympathy, no one will attempt to deny, but while from Britain, France, Prussia, and even Hungary and Cuba, relief is being poured in for Chicago, nothing is being done to assist those who have suffered far more by the great fires which have lately occurred in the States of Michigan and Wisconsin, and who are now houseless wanderers upon the shores of the great lakes. Nor has Canada itself, it should be remembered, by any means escaped the ravages of the "fire-fiend." Although our losses have been as nothing compared with what our American neighbours in the Western States have unfortunately had to endure, many a career has been blighted and many a happy home circle broken up, in consequence of the ruinous effects of the fires which have occurred in the western parts of Ontario. Let us then while remembering, as we ought to do, the claims of our fellow men at Chicago, not entirely forget the calamities of those who have certainly an equal right to be considered, and whose sufferings are even greater than those which the inhabitants of the great commercial city of the North West have had to bear.

THE STOCKWELL TRAGEDY.

For the past twenty years the Rev. John Selby Watson has been the head master of the Stockwell Grammar School, near London, and only a short time since gave up that position. He was a man of nearly sixty years of age, of quiet inoffensive habits, and one of the very last persons likely to be suspected of a deed of violence, or in fact of any criminal act. He had for some years been married, and lived with his wife upon terms of good understanding and apparent affection. In fact, there seem little reason to doubt that he loved her with sincerity, but unhappily in a moment of passion by one terrible though apparently unpremeditated act he destroyed the good reputation which for half a century he had possessed, and sent her who had for so many years been the partner of his griefs and joys, without a moment's warning or preparation into another world.

One evening Mr. Watson called his servant maid and informed her that her mistress had left home for a few days, and at the same time directed her attention to some stains upon the carpet which he said were port wine stains. A day or two afterwards the unhappy man was found speechless and insensible in his bed with a letter the substance of which has already appeared in these columns, confessing that he had killed his wife in a fit of passion. The dead body of the murdered woman was found in the library, her death having evidently been occasioned by six severe wounds on the scalp. The prisoner confessed that he had taken prussic acid, and medical remedies having been applied he recovered.

Of course, an attempt will be made to prove that Mr. Watson is insane, as indeed is always done when a man in a respectable position commits a crime of this kind. Except, however, so far as every one while in a passion may be said to be demented, there seems no reason to believe that he was mad at the time of the murder being committed.

The moral which this terrible tragedy teaches is too obvious to need pointing out, and should serve as a warning to us all against allowing passion to obtain the mastery over us, lest, in an unhappy moment, we perpetrate some act which can never be recalled, and which will cover us with shame so long as life lasts, and finally bring us to an ignominious death. To point a moral in this direction no words could speak so eloquently or with so much power, as the spectacle of this unhappy man, whose whole life has been passed as a Minister of the Gospel of Peace, now lying alone and friendless in a prison cell.

DOMINION NOTES.

A fire occurred at Carlisle, at two o'clock on Sunday morning, which destroyed the store and good of Mrs. Kehne, and also the store and post office of H. C. Crooker. The goods were saved. The loss is about $4,000.

The Mount Forest *Examiner* says that the Minto Township Council have passed a by-law offering aid to the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway Company, which has been submitted to the rate payers of that township, and will be voted upon on the 22nd of November next. It has been felt by many of the residents in that township, and at other points served by the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway, that, efficient as that road is, its efficiency might be greatly enhanced and the interest of the farming community greatly promoted by a direct composition with the Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway at Harrison or elsewhere.

A letter from Manitoba says that the excitement over the recent gold discoveries at Winnipeg is on the increase. The new El Dorado is represented as richer in gold than California or Australia. The held of wealth is but a short distance from Silver Islet, in Lake Superior, one of the richest silver regions of the world, about 150 miles from the copper mines of Ontonagon, 400 miles from Fort Garry, on the shores of Lake Shebandowan. The early explorers of this region discovered gold and silver. Hundreds are swarming to the place, and labourers employed on the highways and government works have given up work and emigrated in a body to the new gold fields.

Mrs. Moodie, the well-known Canadian authoress is lying seriously ill at her home in Belleville.

The London *Free Press* expects a quiet session of the Ontario Legislature.

It is expected that the Harrisburg and Brantford Railway will be formally opened in about two weeks.

It is stated that the Toronto Rolling Mills have been permanently closed, the proprietors being unable to compete with English and Scotch manufacturers.

The Ainleyville salt well has been tested, and the conclusion arrived at is that there was scarcely enough to pay—at least, it would not form brine fast enough. The well is being tested for oil.

As a young man in Stratford named Sibbons was taking a horse to water on Friday, the animal ran away, throwing him, his foot caught in the harness, and he was dragged a considerable distance. His leg was broken and his head fearfully smashed. He cannot possibly recover.

SAYINGS AND DOINGS.

Jeff Davis, Beauregard and Maury were present at a Memphis Fair one day recently.

A gigantic waterspout recently burst on the Isle of Man.

At a grand dinner in Berlin, the waiters got drunk and mobbed the guests

George Vandenhoff, the elocutionist, reported dead, is alive and well in Boston.

The first daily newspaper in Virginia was published in 1870 and the subscription price was $30 per annum.

A combat of four young Missourians, in which three of them were mortally wounded, is reported as a "duel" in the local newspapers

A New Yorker who went down to Sandy Hook on a steamer, to bid some friends good-bye, was forgotten by the pilot boat, and had to go to Europe.

"Dew d'Andes," for pocket-handkerchiefs, is the latest novelty in the perfumery line. Probably the dispensers of it think it will do for dandies.

A California boot black stands a fair chance of going into history beside the widow with the mite. Advertising that he should give the proceeds of a day's work to the Chicago sufferers, the young *gamin* did not lay down his brush from sunrise to sunset, and forwarded twenty-five dollars the next day to the relief fund.

An East India personal: "We are very glad to learn that the marriage of Mr. Raghoonath das Madhowdas, a Kupola Bania merchant of Bombay, with Dhunoorbai, the daughter of Shet Gudhurdas Mohundas, and the widow of Luchmichand Dhurumsey, was celebrated at Chinchpogly.

It is stated in a recent number of *Dingler's Journal* that a filter formed of very finely-divided iron, or of what is called iron sponge, will rapidly clear water of organic impurities.

The Emperor Alexander has formed a new university in commemoration of his visit to Caucasia. He has also ordered the speedy completion of the Caucasian Railway, which is said to be of great strategic importance.

Cow catchers are now placed on the bows of Mississippi steamboats, the water is so low.

A Maine girl whose lover had lost a limb replied to her companion's banter, "I would not have a man with two legs—they are so common."

A cynical lady, rather inclined to flirt, says most men are like a cold—very easily caught, but very difficult to get rid of.

Female orchestras are to be employed in some of the New York theatres this season.

A Scotchman named Hay, has patented a process for making paper out of oat-husks.

One who wishes the world to know what he knows about farming, says the best way to raise strawberries is with a spoon.

Rogers, the artist in statuettes, is not, as reported, at work on a bust of the Heathen Chinee. The only man who ever attempted to bust that noted character was William Nye.

A letter from Rheims says that the vintage in Champagne is the worst ever remembered

The priests of the Ritualistic churches wear robes of white satin embroidered with gold thread, when they perform the marriage service.

The Paris correspondent of the *Pall Mall Gazette* says there is a rumor current in Paris that General Von Moltke has invested his share in the indemnity in the Paris loan.

There is wailing in the Nohgherries (says an Indian paper) because Colonel Christie, the great tiger slayer, is about to proceed to Eng and. Colonel Christie has rid many a district of many a dangerous brute.

The revolution is going on very nicely in Mexico. There is a good crop of revolutionists and there is a fair probability of somebody being soon hurt in that country.

The cost of the Cuban rebellion to Spain in one year has been $62,000,000. The Government asks for a credit of $20,000,000 for military purposes.

A conspiracy has been discovered among the Spanish troops stationed at Barcelona, and twenty men have been arrested.

The Portuguese Colony of Goa, on the west coast of India is once more threatened with revolution. There was a disturbance there a short time ago, but it was suppressed, and hopes were entertained that the danger was at an end. The disaffection seems to have been revived, and the Governor of the Colony has telegraphed to the home government asking for assistance.

Russell, of the London *Times*, has begun the publication of his personal diary of the late war between France and Prussia.

There are seven Polar expeditions now afoot, or rather afloat—two German, one Swedish, one Scotch, one English, one French, and one American. Nobody expects much practical good to come of them, singly or unitedly.

The season for coughs and colds is rapidly approaching, and every one should be prepared to check the first symptoms, as a cough contracted between now and Christmas frequently lasts all winter. There is no better remedy than Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. For all diseases of the throat and lungs it should be used internally and externally.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Oct. 31.

Mr. Legge has completed his report on the "Montreal and Ottawa Junction Railway." It is said to be the ablest railway report which has yet appeared in Canada. His arguments against the Vandreuil line are unanswerable. The report will soon be in print and will carry the Montreal bonus without difficulty.

Hon. Sir Francis Hincks is still in the city, remaining with his son.

The Bishop of Litchfield, England, returned this morning and left for home *via* New York in the afternoon.

The Hallowe'en Festival at the St. Patrick's Hall to-night was a great success.

The Mayor to day paid the city detectives the $500 reward offered for the capture of the parties who committed the Gault outrage.

It is rumored that Attorney General Ouimet, will be appointed Sheriff of Montreal; Irvine, Attorney General; and Chapleau, Solicitor General.

A meeting of the City Bar yesterday pronounced the present Circuit Court term too short, and injurious to the interest of suitors and recommended the appointment of an extra judge thereto.

In the Superior Court review to day, 20 cases were disposed of, and all judgments of the Court below, but two, were confirmed.

The Bank of Montreal to-day declared a dividend of 6 per cent, and 2 per cent bonus, payable after the 1st of December.

The weather is warm.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, N. S., 31.

The winter session of Dalhousie College was publicly opened this afternoon by speeches from several leading public men and the usual ceremonies. A number of ladies and gentlemen were present. The list of students is greater than heretofore

A number of articles, from chignons down to salt spoons, mysteriously disappearing from the Mansion House for some time past, Detective Hut has discovered them with Ann McFarlane *alias* McLean. She is now in custody.

Malaga has arrived in several vessels, and prices at auction were very low.

Campbell, on being informed of his discharge yesterday afternoon, emigrated immediately by train to avoid any further prosecutions. The latest news is that his counsel, Mr. Molton, will take proceedings for the recovery of the property surrendered by Campbell, to the post-office contesting the validity of his confession and the judgement for $3,000 obtained by Mr. Dewe.

The *Chronicle* to-day commences an attack on Dr. Tupper in a slashing article on the old story.

The public are surprised to learn that the Grand Jury have ignored the bill against Dr. Small, who was indicted for the murder of Julia Gates by procuring abortion. The evidence against the accused was very strong, sufficient to demand a trial. There is a good deal of strong feeling in the matter, and the Press condemns the action of the Jury very severely.

H. M. ship *Lapwing* is at Yarmouth.

The meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association at Yarmouth, on Monday, was the largest ever held in that town. The opening lecture was by the Rev. Mr. Lathern on the subject of "The Model Merchant."

The Corporation Life Insurance Company have appointed Mr. Fred. Allison a their Agent here.

The steamer *Concordia*, from New Orleans, bound to Liverpool, put in here, being short of coal.

The jail breakers, Button and Cook, are still at large.

Fall business continues brisk in all departments.

The weather is mild.

ST. JOHN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Oct. 31.

Messrs. Isaac Burpee and A. L. Palmer are spoken of as candidates for the county in the Dominion Parliament. It is understood that Mr. Gray will not offer again. Mr. Wedderburn, it is said will be likely to receive a seat in the Provincial Government.

The flour market is well supplied; good demand. Canada superfine, $6.90; choice, $7.00 to $7.25.

COLLINGWOOD.

COLLINGWOOD, Oct. 31.

The steamer *Manitoba* arrived from Fort William about one o'clock this morning. The Captain says they brought down 40 passengers and 500 packages of fish, and made the trip in sixty hours from Collingwood to Fort William, calling at way ports, beating the *Chicora* home five hours. The *Manitoba* leaves for Fort William to morrow after the arrival of the night train.

CAYUGA.

CAYUGA, Oct. 31.

The Council of the County of Haldimand met at Cayuga on the 30th inst, and passed by a large vote, a by law granting $100,000 to the Hamilton & Lake Railway, subject to the vote of the ratepayers, on the 28th of November next.

WOODBRIDGE.

WOODBRIDGE, Oct. 31.

A young man named Barnett, brakesman on the T. G. & B. Railway, met with a horrible death here this evening. It seems he was engaged in coupling cars on the train going west, when his foot slipped and the whole passenger train passed over his body. The unfortunate man only lived three minutes after the sad occurrence.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

QUEENSTOWN, Oct. 31.—The steamship *City of Brussels*, from New York for Liverpool, called here this morning. Her commander reports having encountered a hurricane yesterday off the Irish coast, during which the fourth officer was lost overboard and several of the crew severely injured.

LONDON, Oct. 31.—The Mansion House fund for the relief of Chicago amounted last evening to £44,800. The Prince of Wales subscribed £250.

The *Gazette* this evening publishes the new regulations made to carry out the provisions of the bill for the abolition of the purchase system. The main feature of these regulations is the rigid examination which all applicants are required to pass before they can receive a military commission.

At a meeting of the holders of Spanish bonds held to day, a Committee was appointed and instructed to vigorously oppose the threatened tax of 18 per cent. on Spanish coupons.

An address to Ex-Emperor Napoleon is in circulation for signatures among the officers and soldiers who served under the Emperor. When a sufficient number of signatures have been obtained it will be forwarded to Chiselhurst. Its contents have not been made public.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Oct. 31.—The disarmament of the National Guard throughout France is nearly completed.

It is thought non of the Communists remaining in prison will be executed with the exception of Ferre.

A reunion of French veterans of the late war took place at Le Bourget yesterday. Several distinguished Generals together with a large number of officers of all grades were present. Gen. Bellemart was chosen President of the Assemblage. The meeting opened harmoniously and the proceedings were conducted with the greatest decorum until after several addresses had been delivered. One of the speakers referred in eulogistic terms to the late Empire. A scene of the greatest disorder followed. Several of these present sprang to their feet and denounced with the greatest bitterness the person who had made the objectionable remarks. The presiding officer was also openly accused of Bonapartist tendencies, and all attempts to restore order proved unavailing. The meeting at once broke up with loud cries of "Down with Bellemart," "The Republic for Ever," etc.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Oct. 30.—A formal letter of the Emperor, accepting the resignation of the Hohenwarth Ministry, is published this morning. The Emperor thanks the Ministers for their services and praises the devotion to patriotic duties which has characterized their discharge of the public functions which they are about to relinquish. With the corespondence is the official notification that Baron Holzeytan has been deputed to form a Cabinet. Baron Holzeytan was Minister of Finance in the Cabinet of Count Potocki.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Oct. 31.—Further arrests of conspirators have been made at Barcelona, and additional evidence of their guilt brought to light. The International Society is at the bottom of the plot, and the men arrested are, for the most part, members of that organization.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Oct. 31.—The King of Belium has made a donation of 2,500 francs to the Chicago relief fund.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

MILWAUKEE, Oct. 31.—The Relief Committee publish a circular stating that they have now on hand and in transit in ample supply of clothing of every description for men, women, and children to meet the wants of the sufferers by the fire in Northern Wisconsin and Michigan. Money is still greatly needed for purchasing provisions, building materials, tools, farming implements, horses, cattle, hay, feed, etc. Money may be sent to Alex. Mitchell, Treasurer.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Oct. 31.—The Health Officer reports 456 cases of small pox last week and 85 deaths.

CHICAGO, Oct. 31.—The *Evening Journal* learns from private business sources that the New York creditors of the Chicago burnt out firms are very generally satisfied with the settlements they are making with them.

An approximate measurement shows that sixty miles of streets were laid waste in the great fire.

CONCORD, N. H., Oct. 31.—Eighteen hundred sheep and six horses, brought through from Canada by Rugg and McFarland, were seized last night at White River Junction by the Customs officers of St. Albans for undervaluation. The train on which they were loaded had backed over from West Lebanon and was about to start. Twelve car loads were seized at Roxbury. The work was done so quickly and quietly that none but the owners and the railroad men are yet aware of it.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

DUBLIN, Oct. 31.—The trial of Kelly creates much excitement. The police are hissed, and the prisoner cheered, in passing from the prison to the court house. There has been no disturbance of a serious character however.

CINCINNATI, Oct. 30.—The contract between Chesapeake and the Ohio Railroad Co., and Louisville, Cincinnati & Lexington Railway Company, by which the former procures controlling interest in the latter, was executed to-day at Louisville.

ST. LOUIS, Oct. 30.—A boiler in the Vulcan Iron Wooks, in South St. Louis, exploded about ten o'clock this morning, and a half hour after another blew up. One man was fatally scalded, and seven or eight others more or less severely injured.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—A London special despatch of the 30th says that five Cabinet Councils were held during last week. The Foreign policy of the Government being the main subject of discussion.

The reorganization of the army is progressing actively. Regiments are being brought up to war the standard, and there is an immense accumulation of war material.

Early changes in the Ministry are contemplated by the elevation of some of the present Ministers to the Peerage.

In Berlin yesterday Prince Gortschakoff had a long private interview with the Emperor William, and another with Bismarck to-day. The subjectof these interviews is unknown.

President Thiers refuses to modify his ultimatum to England, regarding the Commercial treaty.

NEW YORK, Oct. 31.—The situation of municipal affairs is unchanged. Tweed has not the intention of resigning his position as head of the Department of Public Works, or withdrawing as a candidate for Senator.

Ingersoll has not returned, though his father and Tweed still persist in declaring he will come back.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, or 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

THE FENIAN RAID ON MANITOBA.

From the London Telegraph.

It is somewhat disheartening to learn that our Canadian fellow subjects are still harassed by Fenian inroads, stimulated, we cannot doubt, by previous impunity. The remote Manitoba settlement has been selected as the scene of the latest escapade. "General" O'Neil, the very man who, but for President Grant's ill judged leniency, would now have been in prison bearing the penalty of previous raids, appears to have succeeded in collecting a large body of miscreants, with whom he crossed the Dommion frontier at Pembina. According to the telegrams he had seized the Customs house and the Hudson Bay Company's post, but his men were then attacked and dispersed by the United States troops, and himself made prisoner. A larger body of Fenians is at the same time stated to have crossed at another point, and of that expedition we as yet know nothing, though perhaps we may assume that as the settlers were under arms to resist the inroad, it will fail like the other attempt. We gladly recognise the active intervention of the American troops in the first case; but we cannot help desiring that the aid we have a right to expect from a friendly power should take the shape of preventive measures rather than after-suppression. See in what a position the Canadians are placed. They have to guard a frontier of nearly three thousand miles in extent, the greater portion traversing territory which is either absolutely desert or is sparsely populated, and they cannot watch every point effectually, even though the entire male population capable of bearing arms were in forts dotted at intervals along the line.

A STARTLING STORY.

The story of the cow kicking over a parafine lamp having failed to satisfy the searchers, after the origin of the Chicago fire, the public are favored with a "startling story," writen for the Chicago *Times*. This document purports to the confession of a member of the Societe Internationale, by whom the destruction of the city is declared to have been planned. The object of the fire we are told, "was only to humble the men who had waxed rich at the expense of the poor." The recital says that several fruitless attempts were made to fire the city.

"But," here we quote the confession, "the doom that, overhanging the city, was delayed but a day, and that day came near proving fatal to our plans, for then, and only then, were we in danger of betrayal. George Francis Train, a member of the Societe Internationale, lectured in Farewell Hall on the evening of the fated Sunday. In the course af his address his manner changed for a moment while he made use of these words:

"This is the last public Address that will be delivered within these walls. A terrible calamity is impending over the city of Chicago. More I cannot say,—more I dare not utter."

It was well for him he closed as he did, for there were half a score of pistols that would have checked any further utterance for ever."

The narration then details how the work of destruction was planned and carried out, and concludes as follows:

"Retribution is not long in following the perpetrators of great crimes. Two of the original founders of the organization in Chicago met death in the terrible conflagration they had instigated, and I alone am spared to suffer worse than a thousand deaths from the stings of conscience. Seven of the men delegated to assist the fire in its progress also perished miserably in the hel they had conjured up, while two others are probably maimed for life. As for myself, I have little hope of escaping the vengeance of the Internationals."

A postscript is appended, which reads:

"Let me add one word of warning. Other cities, both in this country and Europe, have been threatened with fire. The Societe Internationale is implacable."

The "Times" vouches for Train's prophecy, but refrains from any expression of opinion as to the authenticity of the confession.

LITERATURE, &c.

Mrs. Gatty is editing a collection of poetry for young people.

"Dame Europa's School" has been translated into Mahratti.

Lord Lytton is at present at Ems, where he has gone to recruit his health.

The Messrs. Longmans are now preparing for publication the "Pentateuch and Book of Joshua Critically Examined," by the Right Rev. John William Ceolnso, D. D., Bishop of Natal. Part VI.

The general staff in Berlin is preparing an official history of the campaign of 1870-71. Col. Verdy du Vernois, chief of division in the general staff, has been entrusted with the execution of the work.

The *Melbourne Age* of the 12th of August says—"Mr. Anthony Trollope, the well-known novelist, was one of the passengers by the Great Britain. After a stay of about a fortnight in Melbourne, he has left for Queensland, in order to spend a few weeks in that colony before the warm weather sets in. He will return via New South Wales in a little more than a month, will make a long stay in Victoria, and will endeavor to see all the colonies before his return to Europe by way of New Zealand and San Francisco. It is understood that Mr. Trollope, with his usual industry, managed to write a novel on board the Great Britain."

The great find of Caxton fragments made by Mr. Blades some years ago in the covers of a Boethius De Cons, ("Life of Caxton," Vol. II., p. 70), belonging to the St. Alban's Grammar School has at last found an appropriate resting place in the Library of the British Museum.

Sir Richard Wallace has purchased the Count de Nieuwerkerque's celebrated collection of arms and weapons from the 15th and 16th centuries, at a price of £23,000.

The translation of Motley's "History of the Netherlands," has reached its third edition at the Hague. Mr. H. Robinson's book on sporting dogs has also met with a translator there.

A FRAGMENT.

"Wise was the founder and well," said he.
"Where there's a woman mischief will be."

Thus wrote James Hogg, the Ettrick Shepherd, referring to the tradition concerning the religious establishment founded by Saint Columb at Iona or Icolmkill, in which it is said that he declared the law that no cow should be allowed on the island, for, said he, "where there's a cow there's sure to be a woman, and where a woman is there's sure to be mischief." As if to verify this it is stated by the press that the late conflagration in Chicago was caused by a cow kicking over a kerosene lamp while a woman was milking her.

Saint Columb never would allow
In Icolmkill a single cow,
"For," said the Saint, "where there's a cow
There needs must be a woman, too,
And where"—thus wisely reasoned he—
"A woman is, mischief must be."
But for a woman and a cow,
Chicago were a city now.

The United States are blessed with nearly fifty thousand physicians. Of these 39,070 are of the allopathic school; 2,961 are homœopaths; 153 are hydropathic; 2860 are eclectics, and 4,774 are classed as miscellaneous, under which head is included all the various styles and descriptions of modern medical humbug. This gives a ratio of 16.8 physicians to one homœpathic in the whole number, and 13.1 allopathic to one homœpathic. This also gives one allopathic to every thousand of the population, and one homœopathic to thirteen thousand. It is but fair to say that these facts are disputed by the homœopaths who claim not only that their numbers are underrated, but that while they are increasing in proportion to population, the allopaths are decreasing.

AMERICAN WOMEN.

In a recent pastoral, Dr. Arthur Cleveland Cox says

When I see the tawdry fashions, the costly vulgarity, and the wicked extravagance of the times, I feel sure that thousands of American women are strangers to the first law of refinement—simplicity in manners and attire.

When I see that thousands of American women read the most shameful romances and the most degrading newspapers; frequent the vilest dramatic entertainments, and join in dances too shocking to be named among Christians, I feel that Christian matrons are becoming too few, and civilized heathenism is returning to the fields we have wrested from the Indians.

When I read, daily, of the most ungodly divorces and of crimes against social purity, and against life itself, which are too gross to be mentioned more particularly, I feel that too many of our country women are without God in the world, and that radical reforms are necessary in the system of education on which the young women of America are dependent for their training

When I see thousands of households in which young girls are reared for a life of pleasure, without reference to duty, I cannot wonder at these results, nor at the misery in which they involve families and communities. Sow the wind and reap whirlwind.

As a Christian Bishop, therefore, I make my appeal to you to begin the reformation by faithfully bearing your testimony against all that tends to the degradation of your sex, and the more so, when such crime is not only winked at, but receives countenance in circles which ought to be exemplary.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont, proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil, the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

PART OF THE SECRET.—Taraxacum (Dandelion) is slightly tonic, diuretic and aperient and is thought to have a specific action upon the liver, exciting it when anguid to secretion and resolving its chronic engorgement. The diseases to which it appears to be especially applicable are those connected with derangement of the hepatic apparatus and of the digestive organs generally. In congestion and chronic inflamation of the liver and spleen, in cases of suspended or deficient billiary secretion, and in dropsical affections dependent on obstruction of the abdominal viscera." *Vide U. S. Dispensatory.* The extract of Dandelion is one of the active properties of the Celebrated Shoshonees (Indian) Vegetable Restorative Pills. No wonder they are good

DIED.

At Rochesterville, on Monday evening, 30th inst., at 7 o'clock, after a protracted illness, William T. Ayien, Esq., aged 46 years.

The funeral will leave his late residence on Thursday, Nov. 2nd, at 2 o'clock p.m. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

By A. Gagnier, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION,

That beautiful block owned by the R. C. Bishop situated on the corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets. It will be sold in four distinct parts.

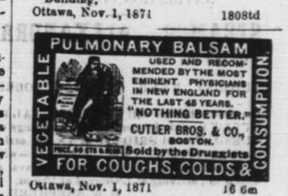
The sale will take place on

TUESDAY NEXT, NOVEMBER 7th,

at 11 o'clock a.m., on the premises.

For ample information apply to

A. GAGNIER,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Bell's Building.
Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 1808td



Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:40 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand

LOCAL NEWS.

The weather yesterday was beautifully fine and clear.

The roof is being put on Mr. Hunton's splendid building.

The immigration meeting in Mr. Willa's office takes place to day at 2 p.m.

The roof has been put on Mr. Booth's splendid building on the Richmond road.

A change in the arrival and departure of Mails has taken place, as will be seen by Advertisement elsewhere.

HALLOWEEN.—This time-honored anniversary was duly observed last night. Hobgoblins were on the rampage.

The winner of the Fish Slice which was raffled at the bazaar on Saturday evening is Mr. D. McNamara of Arnprior, upper Ottawa.

AUCTION SALE.—We remind the public again of the Auction Sale of property advertised by Mr. Rowe. The property belongs to Mr. Lorenz.

POLICE COURT—Tuesday.—A young man charged with leaving the employ of Mr. E. Germain, contrary to engagement, was fined $5 and costs.

This was the only case.

As we go to press this morning we saw what appeared to be a large fire in the vicinity of Rochesterville. We are unable to furnish particulars, owing to the late hour at which the fire occurred.

SEVY HOUR.—Yesterday the unfortunate woman afflicted with St. Vitus' dance, who lived for a length of time in misery in the bush, on the Bank street road, near the Swing Bridge, was sent to her home at Rochester, N. Y. Her pitiable case being learned of by Mr. Coleman, he collected a handsome sum for her at the railway station, giving $2 himself to begin with.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—J H Hodges, Montreal R C Macdougall, do; James McMillan, St John, N B; R Jones, City; T S Detlor, Prescott; J H Perry, Whitby; James MacLaren, Buckingham; John A Bryson, Mansfield; Fred Cushing, Montreal; Mr and Mrs W R Thistle, Aylmer; Thomas Kearns, Perth; J F Ruttan, Cobourg; F S Wadsworth, Montreal; P E V Hood, Hamilton; Alexander G Lindsay, J T Mather, Meriden, Conn; J T Ross, Watertown, NY.

A DEAD WEIGHT.—Yesterday about noon a member of the police force espied a drunken individual of large proportions reclining in the shade on Elgin street. The man in blue immediately undertook to transport him to the lock-up, but the man in alcohol was a dead weight on his hands, and after repeated endeavors, before a large crowd of amused spectators he found it necessary to call another policeman to his assistance. They then marched off with the captive in triumph to the station.

SERIOUS RUNAWAY.—About one o'clock yesterday afternoon Miss Cameron, daughter of the hon. Malcolm Cameron met, we regret to say, with a serious accident. It appears Miss Cameron was driving down Rideau street in a buggy with her servant maid and on nearing Mosgrove street the horse took fright and started to run at a furious rate. Opposite Daniel's drug store the buggy collided with a cart smashing both and throwing Miss Cameron and the girl out with violence. Both were knocked insensible by the shock, and Miss Cameron's injuries are serious. The girl received a severe cut on the forehead.

COWS AGAIN.—It is really annoying to be obliged repeatedly to call upon the authorities to perform their duty; it seems impossible to prevail upon them to enforce the Cow By-Law, though they cannot be ignorant of the great necessity that exists for doing so. Cows are running at large night and day on the public streets, soiling the sidewalks and breaking into gardens, doing mischief generally such a state of things is peculiar to Ottawa—the capital of the Dominion. If the taste of our authorities incline them to social familiarity with cows we hope that at least they will have same regard for the more refined feelings of the general public. Come gentlemen show some symptoms of civilization.

Call and see the new and beautiful Millinery at Allan, McKinnons & Morrans'.

THE MARKET.—The attendance on the market yesterday was very large. There were some changes in prices.

Hall wheat, $1.40 per bush.
Spring wheat, $1.30 do.
Oats, 30 to 35c do.
Peas, 65c do.
Barley, 50c do.
Corn, shelled, 70c do.
Pork, $7 to $7.50 per 100 lbs.
Beef, $5 to $5.50 do.
Mutton, 7c to 9cts per lb.
Potatoes, 22c to 30c per bush.
Eggs, 17c to 20c per doz.
Butter, 18c to 20c per lb.
Fowl, 45c to 55c per pair.
Geese 50c to 60c a piece,
Turkeys, 75c to $1 do.

Remnants of all wool Carpets, 80 cts. per yard, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's.

ALD. HENEY'S REPLY.

We have very great pleasure in presenting our readers with a synopsis of Mr. Heney's reply to the address of the Irish Catholic Temperance Society, on Monday night.

On rising Ald. Heney was received with deafening cheers.

He said it was impossible for him to find words to give expression to his feelings. He failed to see that he was any more deserving of such exceptional honor than any other member of the Society. He had been a member of the Irish Catholic Temperance Society for a number of years and had labored perseveringly and hardly it was true to promote its efficiency, but there were gentlemen present who had laboured through those many years as diligently and zealously as he, and he considered them as deserving in every respect. Whatever he had done in the cause of temperance he did with pleasure, and he considered it his duty as a member of the community and a Christian to endeavour to promote as best he could the happiness and welfare of his fellow citizens. He had always been an ardent supporter of temperance principles, and to the fact that he was a practical temperance man for thirty years he attributed the happiness that reigned around his hearth. Intemperance he always looked upon as the king curse of society and the bane of domestic happiness and comfort. Thirty years ago he received the temperance pledge from the hands of Father Mathew in the beautiful old county of Cavan, the most beautiful, he thought in all the wide world; and by the way if life were spared him long enough he would again visit the old sod and view the familiar scenes of his early years, when he pledged himself to walk through life under the Temperance Banner. Naturally, a little hot headed, he looked upon it as a happy day and deed when he hastened among the first to take the Temperance pledge from the Rev. Theobald Mathew, never since that day he had strictly kept the pledge and to that fact as he before said, he attributed all the comfort he possessed in life.

Realizing the great benefit of being of the Temperance persuasion, it was always a source of joy to him to make converts from the ranks of the slaves of alcohol. He endeavored to cultivate Temperance on all occasions, among all classes and creeds and among women. (Applause.) He had come to Bytown friendless and penniless. He was a staunch and ardent Irishman, and though he had had many a hard fought battle since, very often with gentlemen whom he saw sitting on his right and on his left, yet no one could accuse him of having pursued an unjust course or of having ever occupied a factious attitude. He always endeavored to be conciliatory to the best of his judgment, and to promote harmony and good will among all classes (applause). In all his battles and vicissitudes of life he felt strong, confident and safe so long as he clung to the stout ship of Temperance. He felt proud of the high honor paid him that night but he could not believe that the splendid ceremony was altogether on account of one man; it was in encouragement and promotion of Temperance and Temperance principles. He thanked the committee on behalf of himself and his family for the beautiful present, and thanking the meeting generally for the great honor done him retired amid prolonged cheering.

Lung fever, common cold, catarrhal fever, and nasal discharge of a brownish color in horses, may be checked at once by liberal use o Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO PORTLAND, AND MONTREAL!

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M.
" 6 Accommodation " " 6:20 A.M.
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:00 P.M.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 25 A.M., every morning—Sunday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M.

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6.15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

L. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 24th, 1871.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered for sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W. Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge; or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C. R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

STRAYED.

THREE COWS left the yard on Park street at about three o'clock on Sunday morning, the 22nd inst., marked with the letters D, B, and B on the skin. Any one giving information of where they are to be found will be suitably rewarded.

THEOPHILE LECLAIRE,
Butcher.

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1871 1803 6

FURNISHED HOUSE.

Wanted, a Furnished House for the winter months. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, Oct 31, 1871 1807tf

SALESMAN WANTED

At the Regent House. Must speak French and English. Apply to

SINCLAIR, STITT & Co.,
Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 31, 1871 1807 tf

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.

Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798 f

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor

1760-6m

WANTED,

Within 15 minutes walk of the Public Buildings, a small FURNISHED COTTAGE, for the winter months. Apply to Box 109, P. O., Ottawa. 1804d 6

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

HENDERSON & Co.

having commenced business as

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS

AT

39 Sparks Street

respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

Their Stock comprises full assortments in the following lines, viz: School Books and School Stationary, Bibles and Church Services, Hymn and Prayer Books, Sabbath School Libraries and requisites, Illustrated Gift Books, Juveniles, Miscellaneous Literature, &c., &c

The Standard Magazines.

STATIONERY GOODS.

comprising: Foolscap, Letter, and Note Papers, Envelopes; Blank, Pass, and Memorandum Books; Pens, Inks, Pencils, Colours Crayons, Slates, Copy Books, Cards, &c., &c.

Orders promptly and carefully attended to, and Goods not in stock procured with dispatch.

Public and School Libraries advantageously supplied.

Inspection invited.

Remember 39, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 25. 1871 1802 10

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET.

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Vests
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Ottawa pril 11, 1871

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET.

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,800,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
S. F. REDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

Pianos, Organs and Melodeons

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES.

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Haarlem Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.

Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal, Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling sappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 30, 1871 1800y.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 23, 1871 1804 tf

D. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.

Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1799 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices.

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 23 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 3 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 16, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

China Warehouse

1,000 lbs of the Purest

VIRGIN HONEY

in boxes of 8 lbs. each.

ALSO

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS,

of the finest

FAMEUSE APPLES,

hand picked.

All from the celebrated firm of MESSRS. MARSTON & SON, L'Original

Parties wishing for above would do well to call and and secure their supply as either cannot be surpassed in quality.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

ROBERT & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st November, 1871.

IF YOU WANT

A CUP GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for the year ending 5th April, 1871.

	Stg.	Stg.		Stg.	Stg.
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year		£1,282,222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums reassured)	£ 110,417 16 8	
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0		Nors—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.		
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 10		Surrenders	7,919 14 4	
	£1,282,222 3 2		Annuities	13,252 17 8	
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,909 12 0		Commission	9,922 7 6	
Consideration for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9		Expenses of Management and all other charges	20,880 7 9	
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax)	54,725 10 9		Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0	
		306,715 0 3	Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	36,804 18 9	
		£1,588,937 3 5	Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7	
			Total		£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up	£ 75,000 0 0		Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom	£ 500,888 15 2
Assurance Fund	1,201,911 9 2		Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5		Loans on the Association's Policies (within value)	175,916 19 5
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7		INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2		In British Government Securities	1,236 15 8
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6		Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14 3
	£1434,090 17 3		Foreign Government Securities	— — —
			Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	239,567 17 8
			Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 2 4
			House Property	109,159 13 9
			Annuities purchased	25,497 17 4
			Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,535 2 9
			Loans on Personal Security	8,878 10 9
			Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
			Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,575 10 0
			Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,431 0 9
			Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
			Agents Balances	80,336 8 8
			Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 2
			Outstanding Interest	— — —
			Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,997 1 2
			CASH—	
			On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 5	
			On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9	
			In hand 127 3 9	
				77,862 6 11
				£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 8 a.m. to 8 p.m., 15cts a game; from 8 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER ..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY .. " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....26th "
ST. ANDREW " ..... 2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1599tf

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY.

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HENRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 2 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2676tf

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY of NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 29, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 13, 1871. 1629tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 29, 1871 1805 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz. 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Flat Bottles . . $1 00
Pills per Box 25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

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Ottawa May 4, 1871 1657tf

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GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
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Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
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The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

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A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vitalenergy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hughes, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
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Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

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CALLED

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is confidently recommended to the public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 12½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

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confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

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Bridport, Dorset, England

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September 28, 1871. 39 6m

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UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

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3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

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Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival

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Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

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ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERY A.M.	DELIVERY A.M.	DELIVERY P.M.
.....	11 45	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10	.....	4.20
.....	11 45	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	10	.....	4.20
.....	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	0	.....	7.30
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	8.00	.....	7.30
10.15	11.45	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	8.00	.....	4.20
10.15	11.45	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	8.00	.....	4.20
10.15	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
10.15	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	.....	.....	4.20
9 20	.....	4.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9 20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	.....	.....	1 30
10.30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
5.30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	7.00
7.30	.....	.....	Pakenham, March, Huntley, &c., by Stage	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 10.00 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.00 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

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On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

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Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

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G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Sept. 41871

MESSRS. WATCHELL BROS.

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One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
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Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

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He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
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Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

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SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

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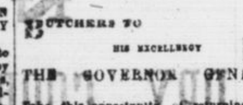
AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



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Do do do Cast do
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Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
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Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Miley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent.
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

All FORGE! ready for use.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

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Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

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MONTREAL.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Manoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
Sumbont of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farms situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL,
Solicitor, &c.,
Post Office Block, Ottawa.

34 tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

CELLAR TO LET.

At corner of Sussex and Murray streets, known as Sparrow's Block. Apply to

O. DUROCHER,
No. 17, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1871 1802 3m

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING THE ACHE OF TOOTHACHE, SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN THE PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

DARL

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Fleshy Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wirlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHRO. & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1422tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

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Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, NOVEs, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1798tf

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 268y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

H. ST. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43ntf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43ntf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 866tf GEORGE TALLON

TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 396tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon,

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1810. OTTAWA, THURSDAY NOVEMBER 2, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

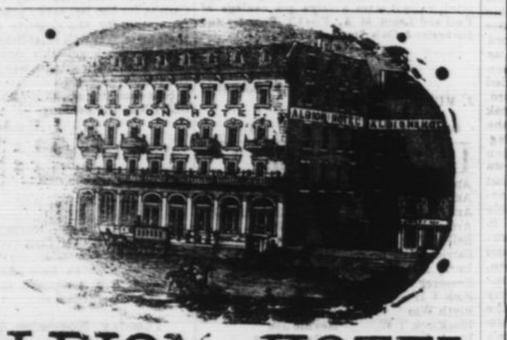
AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. COULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.



ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
1 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
2 " Cotton Hosiery,
2 " Dark Prints,
2 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Factory (expected daily)
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
1 " Horrock's Shirtings
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drill.

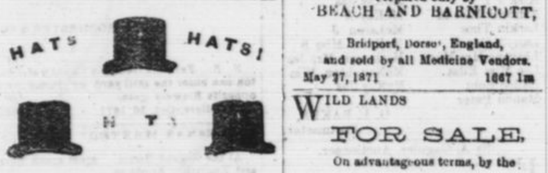
CANADIAN GOODS:

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
30 Bales Batting,
20 " Wadding,
30 M RICE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Shirtings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 23, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

☞ Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—
J DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—
Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
"Best Toilet," "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb. "Caddies."

☞ ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

NOTICE,

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

☞ Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 26w

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	160	acres.
In Eardley	9,500	"
In Hull,	1,500	"
otal,	11,160	

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

☞ SIMEON LEBEAU Agent.

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa has resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the second day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the City of Ottawa, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street on the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one at the hour of nine of the clock, of the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1871. 1786 1m

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation $8,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Jacombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

THE DEAD SUMMER TIME.

BY T. H. S. ESCOTT.

The Autumn may come with her splendor,
Full breasted, gold wreath'd, lips of red,
With largess of charms that may lend her
Grace richer than summer tide sped.
Can her plenty, her pride, and her glories
Sweet summer, time make me forget?
O, sweet happy time, that no more is,
I cling to you, dwell on you yet!

O, that time when, day nestling in shadow,
The summer, light just growing dim,
Book in hand, by the marge of the meadow,
I thought of, I waited for him!
Ah, sweet was the rhyme—well I know it
Was it epic or lyrical lay?—
Which help'd me—and writ by what poet?—
To beguile the last moments of day!

The Summer, methinks, is a maiden
Light hearted and gladsome in mien;
And Autumn, the heavily laden
With wealth, she comes on like a queen,
And Summer is all expectation,
And tremulous over without joy;
And Autumn she brings consummation,
But the pleasures achieved, soon they cloy!

They are fair, sunlit, stubble and fallow,
The woods' lustrous deepening hue;
But restore me the joys which you bore me,
O Summer, the hopeful and true!
Sweet to watch was the harvest's rich token,
Ere the work of the reaper was done;
Sweet, sweet were love's promises spoken
In the days of the Summer that's gone.

From night we her beauties must borrow,
Night draws on as evening descends,
That tells us of tears and of sorrow
For friends, and the parting of friends.
Sweet Summer! all hope and all gladness,
Fit topic for soul-cheering rhyme,
Dispel for me Autumn its sadness,
Restore me the sweet summer time!

NURSERY RHYMES FOR LITTLE SCIENTISTS.

FOR THE LITTLE BOTANIST.

Little Bo-Pepals
She lost her sepals,
And where do you think she'll find 'em?
In the involucre,
By hook or by crook, or
She'll make up her mind not to mind 'em.

FOR THE CHEMICAL CHILD.

Sing a song of acids,
Base and alkali,
Four-and-twenty gases
Baked into a pie;
When the pie was opened,
Wonderful to say,
Oxygen and nitrogen
Both flew away.

FOR THE ASTRONOMICAL INFANT.

By-baby bunting,
Father's gone star hunting.
Mother's at the telescope
To read the baby's horoscope.

By baby buntoid,
Father's found an asteroid;
Mother makes by calculation,
The angle of its inclination.

MR. COWSLIP'S HOLIDAY.

It was in the month of August 18— that the Rev. Charles Cowslip found himself at Coire. It is an old town at the opening of the valley which leads up to the Pass of of the Splugen. Heavy rains had made the road almost impassable, and he was glad to break his journey and spend the night in what seemed a pleasant resting place. He was travelling, poor fellow, for a month's holiday—his first for many years. Sick chambers with their sad stories and poverty, which his own narrow means would not permit him to alleviate, were now left far behind. He had been fairly broken down with hard work, and he was at last enjoying a change which he had long needed.

On stepping inside the inn, he was surprised to find no one to welcome him; but, as he heard voices up stairs, he waited patiently. At length the host appeared, who, perceiving him to be an Englishman, at once exclaimed in his own *patois*: "Ah, this is lucky. Monsieur is wanted. Step this way." Mr. Cowslip was forthwith conducted to an upper room, in which there lay upon a bed a man in a state of insensibility. The host lost no time in explaining that the sick man was an Englishman—that he had fallen from a cliff, and had seriously hurt himself—that he could only speak English, and, in short, that it was obviously the duty of the newcomer to take the place of nurse to his fellow-countryman. At this moment, a brief return of consciousness enabled the sufferer so enforce the claim; and before Mr. Cowslip knew where he was, or what he was doing, he found himself thrust upon a stool by the bedside, which the patient had just sense enough left to prevent his quitting. "Do not leave me; pray, do not leave me," he kept repeating. The words were a spell that poor Cowslip's previous training rendered him utterly unable to break. He had scarcely broken his fast in the morning, and he had been jolted all day in the diligence; but whatever his inclinations for food or rest might be, it was clear that he must forego them. There he was; landlord and servants had disappeared. His slightest attempts to move, or even change his position, was checked by the half-imperative, half-querulous appeal: "Do not leave me."

At length the sick man fell into a sleep; and as Mr. Cowslip was about to seize the opportunity of stealing out of the room to supply at anyrate the cravings of appetite, a knock came to the door, with a repetition of the phrase; "Monsieur is wanted." On descending to the court-yard, he found an agitated, horror-stricken group standing round some object on the ground. They made way for him, and saw a man, apparently dead or dying, with bloodflowing from from his head. A pistol had fallen from his hand. He was dead. He had shot himself. Mr. Cowslip's presence had been invoked, not from any definite notion of what he might be able to do, but from a general sense of helplessness in the bystanders. Of course he could do nothing except decipher some papers which were found on the deceased, and from which it appeared that his name was Logan. The local authorities were sent for; and Mr. Cowslip was only too glad to retire from the scene to his old place up stairs. Some refreshments were brought to him; and soon, under the soothing influences of food and fatigue, he fell asleep. His slumbers, however, were of short duration. He was awaked by what seemed a familiar voice, saying: "Monsieur is wanted." The person wanting Monsieur was this time a young and very pretty girl, Italian by birth, but able to speak a little English. She was weeping bitterly. Her story, broken by sobs (and Italian, was soon told. She knew but too well the state of the patient up stairs, and she had just heard of the more terrible disaster below. She was herself the unwilling, and indeed unconscious, cause of both.

It is time, however, that we call the sick man by his name, and relate the circumstances which led up to such an unlooked for situation. His name was Fuller. He had been partner in business with the man who had just shot himself. He and Logan had been friends before they became partners, but in business as in love, there is seldom a perfect reciprocity of advantage. In the present instance, the friendship and the money had all been on the side of Fuller; Logan's contribution had been wits only. After a short trial of business, Logan had decamped with the realizable capital, and had been enjoying himself in Italy. It was there, near the Lake of Como, that he had, on a previous business journey, fallen in with the young Italian girl who now "wanted Monsieur." He had absconded with his partner's money, in order to be with her, and for more than a year he had been travelling about with her as his wife. It had been in search of his false friend and lost money that Fuller had come abroad. By some information accidentally received, he had been put upon the track, and he had pursued it only too successfully, to the scene of our story. In fact he had followed Logan over the Splugen Pass to Coire.

The two had met upon a mountain path; words, such as we may imagine, had passed between them; there might have been a hasty blow or scuffle; at anyrate, Fuller had been found insensible at the foot of a steep cliff, and had been carried to the inn. This was on the evening previous to Mr. Cowslip's arrival. It seems that Logan had been seized with remorse at what he had done, and had come to the inn seeking to see Fuller, but had been refused. In sudden desperation, he had shot himself. He had spent all his money; as long as it lasted, he had lived in a reckless, expensive way. He was, in fact, hardly in his right mind, and was unable to foresee the consequences of his actions, or in any way forecast the future. What his object had been in crossing over to Switzerland did not clearly appear, but the Italian supposed that it was either on some scheme of business, or more probably, to obtain some money that he had deposited there. Nothing more could be known of his intentions. He was dead.

The poor girl ended her contribution to the above sad story with the passionate entreaty: "Pray, sir, help me." Poor Cowslip was no more able to resist such an earnest appeal than the "Do not leave me" of the patient up stairs; but before he could go into details of what was to be done, the landlord again appeared with the old announcement, "Monsieur is wanted." Fuller had awakened, and finding himself alone, and, as he feared, deserted, was uttering loud intelligible cries. Mr. Cowslip was obliged to go back and quiet him, after bidding the young Italian return on his following morning, for it was now towards evening. His head was in a whirl; he seemed to have plunged into the vortex of a perfect Maelstrom of troubles. To drift round under the mysterious influence of the current seemed the only course of proceeding. Once more he took his place on the stool by the bed side. The sick man held him by the hand, and extorted a promise that he would not leave him till his recovery was assured, or, as seemed more probable, death released him from his sufferings. In this uneasy position he passed the night between waking and sleeping. When morning broke, the first sound that recalled him to a sense of the general situation was the now quite familiar and expected phrase, "Monsieur is wanted."

"Monsieur" mechanically arose and, as Fuller was still in a deep sleep, stole out of the room, and went down to the court yard of the inn. The person who wanted him was the driver of a carriage. It was the *vetturino* who had brought Logan and the Italian from the other side of the Pass. He was clamorous for his money, and had been threatening the poor widowed girl with terrible consequences if she did not find instant means to pay him. It was, in fact, this pressing difficulty which had brought her to Mr. Cowslip on the previous evening; and she was now waiting with the vetturino, to whom she had spoken of the Englishman as one in whose pity and power to help she had implicit confidence.

It was indeed a hard case. Mr. Cowslip's *viaticum* was scarcely touched. He was not a very calculating person. A Napoleon or two would get rid of one trouble at anyrate. To return to her home was all that the poor girl could now think of as an assuagement of her sorrows. It was speedily agreed that the vetturino should take her back as far as his own town of Chiavenna, from whence Mr. Cowslip supplied the means of travel to her own home. The vetturino was not an unkindly sort of fellow, and he was put into good humor by the payment of his hire, and something handsome for the return journey.

The dead man was buried. He had but the one mourner, whose life he had blasted in reckless pursuit of his own brief pleasure. Then she took her departure up the wildest and most picturesque of Alpine passes. Mr. Cowslip once more retired to the sick room.

Fuller's recovery was slow and fitful. There had been concussion of the brain. Happily, no limbs were broken. A sprained ankle and some severe bruises were the only bodily injuries he had sustained.

"After a day or two," said Mr. Cowslip, "I shall be able to leave him, when I have telegraphed to his friends." It was, however, Many days before Fuller's recovery was sufficiently advanced

L. A. GRISON,

Press Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times*.

" " *Evening Mail*.

" " *Courrier d'Outaouais*.

" " *Minerve*, Montreal.

" " *Semaine Agricole*.

" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Meeting of Irish Catholic Temperance Society—P G Leyden.
Chalmers-Spence Patent Non Conductors—Chalmers & Co.
Latest City Topics—H Meadows & Co.
List of Letters—G P Baker.

The Ottawa Times.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

We beg to acknowledge the receipt of $2 from T. Reynolds, Esq., for the relief of the unfortunate French family in whose behalf we appealed to the public in the Times of yesterday.

The warm eulogy of the Queen, which Mr. Gladstone delivered in his late speech to the electors of Greenwich, is a convincing proof of the untruthfulness of the N. Y. *World's* sensational report about a regency. He would not have spoken in such terms of praise of her ability and fitness to govern, had she been, as the *World* tries to make its readers believe, in a condition bordering on insanity.

The London *Advertiser* and one or two other of our Grit contemporaries express the opinion that the Ottawa Times devotes too much attention to the *Globe*. The fact is, however, that when we attack the *Globe*, we attack the entire Grit press. The *Advertiser* and its *confreres* simply re-echo what the Toronto organ says. When they manifest a little originality either of wit or purpose we may feel disposed to notice them. At present we prefer to attack the substance of political iniquity, and not to trouble ourselves about its faint and flickering shadows.

THE "GLOBE" AND THE DOMINION CABINET.

"Not one of this coalition thirteen, "has the heart of a mouse. How often we "should like to know have they dared on "the floor of the House of Commons to "meet fairly and courageously a direct "issue affecting their united tenure of "office?"

So saith the *Globe*, and really it is becoming amusing. To say that Sir John, and Sir George, who have been battling for years and always check-mating the redoubtable George Brown, have not "the heart of a mouse," is rich.

Doubtless the *Globe* imagines that its owner has the heart of a lion, but if the covering of a pseudo Reformer in which he has an wrapped himself—Tory as the *Northern Journal*—says he is,—were stripped off, there would be disclosed a sorrier and a meaner animal.

But to be serious, does the *Globe* forget that "these thirteen" have withstood the shocks of the Opposition in every shape and form for the past four years, and during last session signally defeated the efforts of Messrs. McKenzie and others to prevent the introduction of British Columbia to the Union, and the construction of the Pacific Railway?

The *Globe* knows right well that the Ministry of the Dominion possess the confidence of the House of Commons, and that the Opposition would receive an overwhelming defeat, if they ventured a vote of want of confidence. Aye, and the *Globe* knows that the Ministry enjoy, and rightly, the confidence of the Dominion at large, and hence its wrath and ill-concealed grief

THE NEWSPAPER PRESS OF LONDON.

It is difficult to find a subject possessing more features of interest, than the history of the newspaper press of England, illustrating as it does the social and political progress of the Mother Country, and the gradual enfranchisement of its people from those old time fetters which cramped their liberties and rendered the exercise of a free opinion criminal. As a general thing perhaps, people are inclined to underestimate the service which journalism has rendered to the cause of Freedom. Because the work has been done by slow degrees and in an unostentatious manner, because the power of the Pen has quietly and without flourish of trumpets or any of the pride, pomp, and circumstance of glorious war, wrought mightier changes than ever the Sword could achieve, its services are not so readily recognized by a majority of those whose welfare it has promoted. But when we see what enormous strides have been made in the progress, not only of free thought, but of general enlightenment and social advancement since English newspapers became something more than brief chroniclers of the times and were accepted as the recognized guides of public opinion, when we consider what barriers of ignorance and prejudice have been swept away by the power of the press, we cannot fail to recognize its importance, and shall feel inclined to welcome with pleasure a well written "history of the London newspapers," such as has lately been written by Mr. James Grant, a gentleman who ever since the year 1830 has been connected with Metropolitan journalism. Mr. Grant's book will form the basis of the following condensed history of the principal London journals.

The oldest of London newspapers is the *Morning Post*, which was started in 1772. The "gay and gallant Parson Bate" was its first editor, better known from his fondness for duelling, as "the fighting parson." In 1777 some paragraph which appeared in the columns of the *Post* having proved offensive to a certain Captain Stoney, that officer called upon the editor, to demand a retraction, who however immediately challenged him. The parties met at the Adelphi, in the Stand; they went into a room, shut the door, and fired at each other without effect; they then resorted to swords, and each wounded the other. The parson's sword bent against the breastbone of the captain; while he was straightening it under his foot the door was burst open and the duel was stopped.

In 1795 the paper was sold to a new proprietor, it having proved a commercial failure, its circulation having dwindled down to 350 copies per day. Under the new management, however, fresh life was infused into its columns, Samuel Taylor Coleridge, the poet, who had for a long time been a contributor, becoming editor in chief, and within twelvemonths the circulation was raised to 7,000 per day. Coleridge left the paper in 1802. The present circulation of the *Post* is only about half this, it having gone back somewhat since the death of Lord Palmerston, whose recognised organ it was. The present editor, Mr. Borthwick, has occupied the editorial chair for nearly twenty years.

The London *Times*, that great "Thunderer," whose splendid enterprise we must all admire while disposed sometimes to find fault with its time serving prudence and lack of fixed principles, was first established in 1785 under the name of the *Daily Universal Register*, by Mr. John Walter, grandfather of the present principal proprietor. It assumed the title of the *Times* three years later. Until the commencement of the present century it was a small sized sheet printed upon coarse paper, and contained nothing but an epitome of the news with no original matter whatever. The first editor of the *Times* after it began to take part in political questions and editorship really became a profession, was Dr. Stoddart, afterwards Sir John Stoddart, Governor of Malta. He was soon dismissed however in consequence of his lack of the required tact and ability, and was succeeded by Mr. Thomas Barnes, formerly a reporter on the paper. The present editor in chief is Mr. Delane who writes nothing himself, but contents himself with correcting and supervising the compositions of the members of his staff. He is a great personal friend of both Mr. Disraeli and Mr. Gladstone, and is also on terms of close intimacy with the Prince of Wales. His salary is £5,000 per annum.

The daily circulation of the *Times* was 10,000 in the year 1834; 23,000 in 1844; 51,000 in 1854; considerably over 60,000 in 1860, and is now 65,000.

The *Morning Advertiser* was started in 1794 by the London Licensed Victuallers Society, and is still owned by members of that fraternity. Its circulation is about 6,000, and its editor is Colonel Alfred Richards.

The *Globe* was started as an evening paper in 1802. It is exceedingly well edited, contains a great variety of news, and is conservative in its politics.

The *Standard* which is also a conservative journal was started in 1827. Its present editor is Captain Amber, and its circulation 140,000 per day. It claims to be the "largest paper" in the world.

The *Daily Telegraph* on the other hand claims to have, and probably has the largest circulation of any paper in the world, averaging 191,000 copies per day. The *Telegraph* was started in 1855 by Colsleigh, but proved a financial failure. When it came into the hands of its present proprietor, Mr. Moses Levy, its advertisements did not bring in more than ten to fifteen shillings a day; now its daily receipts for advertisements amount to £500. The *Telegraph*, however, is not by any means an influential paper, its tone being somewhat low and flippant. Its writers for the most part are "Bohemians" among whom George Augustus Sala ranks as one of the most brilliant.

The history of the *Daily News* is an eventful one. It was started in 1846 by a Joint Stock Company, and Charles Dickens appointed editor in chief, at a salary of £2,000 per annum. Mr. Dickens, however failed ignominiously as an editor and had to make way for Mr. John Forster, who was shortly after succeeded by Knight Hunt. The present editor is Mr. Hill. After many years of financial difficulty, the *News* is now in rather a better plight. The letters of its special correspondent, during the late Franco-German war, were undoubtedly superior to any others, and were the means of increasing the circulation of the paper from 30,000 to 90,000 daily.

The *Pall Mall Gazette* commenced in 1855. Its Editor is Mr. Frederick Greenwood, the "Casual Pauper." The *Echo* is the only halfpenny paper published in London. Its Editor is Mr. Arthur Arnold, and its circulation 80,000 a day.

We have only attempted to give a short and condensed account of the careers of the most important London Journals, the names of which are familiar to our readers. It was in England that the power of the press first made itself felt, and in England and her colonies to-day journals and journalists are moulding public opinion and giving a turn to public thought to a far greater extent than is generally recognised. The responsibility of a journalist's position, therefore, is a great and onerous one, and day by day as his position becomes more honourable and more important, so does it become more and more imperative upon him, that he should rise superior to narrow personal aims and prejudices, and deal with public questions from a public standpoint only. Editors, like other men, are liable to err, and to one who conscientiously strives to do right there come daily many struggles between duty and inclination, between prejudice and principle. But we are pleased and proud to believe that the journalists of this country have on the whole shown themselves to be not unworthy of their important trust, and that among them can be found as many unselfish, hard working, honest and able men, as the ranks of any other profession in Canada can produce.

The season for coughs and colds is rapidly approaching, and every one should be prepared to check the first symptoms, as a cough contracted between now and Christmas frequently lasts all winter. There is no better remedy than Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. For all diseases of the throat and lungs it should be used internally and externally.

Lung fever, common cold, catarrhal fever, and nasal discharge of a brownish color in horses, may be checked at once by liberal use of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders.

DEATH OF COLONEL IRVINE.

A gallant officer and a fine old gentleman has passed away in the person of Lieut. Colonel John George Irvine, the principal aide-de-camp to His Excellency the Governor General. His death occurred in Quebec, on Tuesday night. Information of the sad event was telegraphed to this city yesterday, and everywhere produced a very sincere feeling of regret—for in Ottawa, as elsewhere, Colonel Irvine's name was an honoured "household word," in many families. Colonel Irvine had been for some years a victim to ill health. He had had lately repeated attacks of paralysis the last, during the summer months, being more acute and dangerous than the previous ones. It was feared at that time that he would not survive, but his vigorous constitution carried him through, leaving him so weak, however, that his friends had little hope that he would be spared to them for very long. He is gone now. His familiar voice will no longer be heard, his well known form no more be seen, and ere many days have passed, the grave will close upon one of the worthiest gentlemen that ever wore the Queen's uniform.

Colonel Irvine, as we learn from Mr. Morgan's *Parliamentary Companion*, was in the sixty ninth year of his age. He was a son of an extensive merchant of Quebec,—the Hon. James Irvine, who for many years held a seat in the Executive and Legislative Councils of Lower Canada—and it was in that city that he first saw the light, on the 31st December, 1802. Educated at the University of Edinburgh, he for a short period served in the 31st Foot, a commission in that *corps* having been presented to him, or rather to his father, by the Duke of York, then Commander-in-chief of the British army. How it came that he left so congenial a sphere of duty so soon we are unable to state, but probably his father intended that his son should succeed him in business, and therefore got him to sell out. His love of soldiering, however, remained; for, in 1837, we find him raising a company of volunteers for service during the troubles. "This, with other companies," says Mr. Fennings Taylor, in his "Sketches of British Americans," "were formed in a battalion, under the command of Colonel Baird, of the 66th regiment. In 1838, at the desire of Lieut. Gen. Lord Seaton, Colonel Irvine raised a regiment of one thousand strong for active service in Canada. The duty was accomplished with such alacrity, that within ten days after he received the order the regiment was reported to be, and was ready for garrison duty. It was disbanded in 1840, on which occasion Colonel Irvine was highly and deservedly complimented in district orders by Major General, Sir James McDonnell, and in general orders by Lieut. General Lord Seaton." Previous to this, however, he had served as an extra A. D. C. to the Earl of Gosford during a portion of that estimable nobleman's term of office as Governor General. In 1840 he was appointed Deputy Quarter Master General of Militia, and in the same year an extra A. D. C. to the Governor General. In 1850, on the death of Colonel Antrobus, the previous incumbent, Colonel Irvine was specially selected by the late Lord Elgin, then Her Majesty's Representative here, for the position of Provincial Aide-de-Camp, and continued to discharge the delicate and responsible duties pertaining thereto under successive Governors General, until 1868, when he was appointed Principal Aide-de-Camp, which he held at his death. During the visit of the Prince of Wales to this country, in 1860, Colonel Irvine was gazetted as Acting Adjutant General in attendance on His Royal Highness, and for his services on that occasion received the thanks of the Prince and of Sir Edmund Head, the Governor General. "Being thus brought into contact," we again quote from Mr. Taylor, "with the different noblemen and gentlemen who have successfully governed or administered the Government of Canada, the subject of our sketch has, we believe, had the great good fortune to be appreciated and trusted by them all. In truth, it could scarcely be otherwise, for the Colonel appears to combine in his person qualities that do not always meet in the same character. He is a cheerful and a genial man, and yet a discreet and a guarded one. He is fond of society, delights in its innocent amusements, and enjoys with a pure relish the charms of social intercourse, and yet it is to be observed that he is as prudent as he is popular. People will learn nothing from him which he ought not to communicate. The ties of honor and confidence, by which he is bound to all Governors and to all Governments, are held to be inviolable, and they are therefore always guarded with religious aspect." With this estimate of Col. Irvine's character, we shall close this short and imperfectly written notice of him, merely adding that not for many a year has so painful a duty devolved upon us as that which we have now finished. We had the happiness from boyhood upward of being personally acquainted with the deceased officer, and can bear the fullest testimony to his worth as an official, and his sincere goodness as a christian gentleman. By his death we feel that we have experienced a personal loss. The late Colonel has left four sons and several daughters. Of the former, the eldest is Hon. George Irvine, M. P., the eminent Queen's Counsel, who holds the Solicitor Generalship in the Quebec Government; the second, Mr. Mathew Bell Irvine, C. M. G., Assistant Controller in H. M. service; the third, Major Arthur Gosford Irvine, now and for some months, Commanding the Volunteer Force at Fort Garry, and the fourth, Mr. James Irvine, an officer in the Union Bank of Lower Canada.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil, the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 1.

Hon. Mr. Cauchon arrived last night and left to-day.

The ship *Lake Huron*, just arrived from Glasgow, grounded yesterday on the way up from Quebec. She got off with the loss of her anchor and arrived safely in port.

Eighty-two sea going vessels of all sizes, but more than half of them over a thousand tons, are now in the harbour. Counting the lower port schooners there are one hundred and three. The insufficiency of harbour room was never more felt.

Rev. G. H. Wells was installed to-night as pastor of the American Presbyterian Church, Dorchester street.

The total cash subscriptions of this city to the Chicago fund, as per return to-day, are $109,260.

Kenneth Black, a sailor on the ship *Eumenides*, last night fell from the rigging and broke his thigh.

A heavy rain storm occurred this morning. The rain descended in torrents, flooding the streets and obstructing business for a time.

There is frost to-night.

ST. JOHN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 1.

Messrs. Small & Hathaway have purchased a new steamer in England for the route between St. John and Annapolis. She was built by the Napiers on the Clyde, and is of iron with steel plates; one thousand tons burden; very fast. She will accommodate 500 passengers. A good steamer for winter service is much needed on this route.

A severe Southeast storm accompanied by a heavy rain has prevailed all day.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 1.—President Thiers, accompanied by the Ministers of War and Marine, will go to Rouen on the 27th inst., to lay the corner stone of the projected military establishment.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 1.—The *Journal de St. Petersburg*, referring to the case of the Russian Minister at Washington, denies that Catacazy has been told he cannot stay in Washington after the visit of the Grand Duke, and states that Mr. Curtin, the American Minister, has never informed the Government here that the American Government threatened to send the Russian Minister his passports.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Nov. 1.—Baron Holsbegtan having declined to form a new Ministry the Emperor has invited Baron Kellerspirg, formerly Governor of Bohemia, to form a Cabinet.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 1.—The Radicals will make an attack on the Government next week in the Cortes, on what particular question is yet uncertain. The result depends on the attitude of the Carlists, as they hold the balance of power.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

LOCKPORT, N. Y., Nov. 1.—The trial of Arastus F. Pierce, charged with the murder in Lockport, last March, of Wm. Bullock, closed in this city last evening. The jury rendered a verdict of "Not Guilty," amid almost indescribable scenes of popular approval.

CHICAGO, Nov. 1.—The Attorney General of this State has commenced proceedings against the following Insurance Companies upon the official statement of the State Auditor that the Assets of these companies are insufficient to justify their continuance in business:—The Chicago Firemens', Merchants', Chicago Fire, Germania, State, Home, Mutual, Security. Their total assets are about $3,000,000. Their losses about $20,000,000.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—As already published, Helen Josephine Mansfield has brought a civil action against James Fisk to recover $50,785. $35,000 of this money, it is claimed by Miss Mansfield, was received from her by Mr. Fisk to be used in a financial capacity in stock operations, in the profits of which the plaintiff was to share, but of which Fisk had hitherto failed to render any account. Two days ago Judge Ingraham granted an order of arrest against Fisk, directing his imprisonment in default of $35,000 bail. Yesterday afternoon Mr. Jarvis, the Arrest Clerk of Sheriff Brennan, proceeded to the Head Quarters of the defendant at the office of the Erie Railway Company and there formally arrested him. Fisk was prepared with his bondsmen and merely glancing at the name of the plaintiff in the case and amount of bail required, he formally signed the bond with his sureties. From motives of delicacy, he said, toward the bondsmen Jarvis did not feel at liberty to give their names. They were ascertained to be Charles Robinson, of Fishkill, and B. W. Blanchon, an Erie Railway official. The affidavits of Mrs. Mansfield and Stokes upon which the order of arrest was granted are published. Stakes simply verifies Mrs. Mansfield's statement that he delivered certain of her letters to P. D. Sweeney. Mrs. Mansfield has written a very severe letter to James Fisk, in which she charges him with perjury upbraids him for his heartlessness in obliging her to go to the court to seek a vendication of her rights, and says "it is only four years ago since you revealed to me your scheme for stealing the Erie books; how you fled with them to Jersey City, and I remained there with you nine long weeks; how when you were buying the Legislature the many anxious nights I passed with you at the telegraph wire, when you told me it was a Fisk palace in New York or a stone palace at Sing Sing, and, if the latter, would I take a cottage outside its walls that my presence would make your rusty irons garlands of roses, and the very stones you would have to hammer and crack appear softer under my influence. You secured your Erie palace, and now use your whole force of Erie officials to slander and injure me. It is, indeed, heroic and worthy of the hero of the memorable 12th of July last.

There is no doubt that A. G. Garvey is now in Europe. Captain Reichman, of the steamer *Hermana* says that a day or two previous to his ship sailing on the 23rd of September a gentleman and lady came on board the *Hermana*, and stayed in their cabin until after his vessel got beyond the Narrows. A likeness of Garvey was shown the Captain and he at once identified it as that of his mysterious passenger. They went to Basle, Switzerland, on arriving on the other side.

The Chamber of Commerce Relief Committee obtained from all sources up to the present time for the Chicago, Wisconsin and Michigan sufferers $873,000.

A special despatch from Washington to the *Evening Telegram*, says: It is asserted on the authority of Senator Bele that President Grant has expressed his determination to declare Martial Law throughout the entire South in consequence of the continued outrages.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 1.—The United States District Court, Judge McKean, adjourned to-day until the 14th of November. In the cases of Stout and Kimball the judge declined to admit them to bail until he had examined into the matter more fully.

It is understood that Marshal Patrick is preparing an expedition to follow and arrest Brigham Young. Reliable reports are to the effect that Young is still moving southward, having with him eleven wagons and hundred armed men mounted.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 1.—The Government will continue its prosecutions Utah, and if necessary additional troops will be sent to that territory.

Gen. Geo. B. Williams, Deputy Commissioner of Internal Revenue, has accepted a proposition from the Japanese Government to go to that country to organize an internal revenue system throughout the Empire.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

LONDON, Sept. 1.—The Chicago collections at the Mansion House up to last evening reached 45,000 pounds. Longton has given 1,000 pounds.

SALT LAKE CITY, Oct. 31.—The Mormon Bishop, Aaron Johnson, arrested a short time since at Springville, by the United States Marshal, for murder, was released to-day by Judge Strickland, at Provee City, on $10,000 bail.

MATAMORAS, Oct. 31.—A courier from Lampico brings news from the Capitol to the 23rd; all was quiet there.

Diaz was not in the field.

Nearly all the Governments of the States had sent congratulations to Juarez, and offered their services to suppress the Monotery Pronuncimento.

The Juarists deny the reported capitulation of Saltillo.

The revolutionist hold all the avenues of communication between the border and Monotery.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Considerable uneasiness is beginning to be felt on account of the non-arrival of the Grand Duke, notwithstanding the report that the Russian fleet was at Funshal, Madeira, on the 6th of October, and could not well be expected in New York within a month after that date.

It is remembered that more than a week ago the Emperor of Russia, who might be supposed to be well informed as to the movements of his son, telegraphed to Minister Catacazy, enquiring whether the Russian fleet had arrived, and evinces his anxiety by ordering immediate communication to be made on his arrival.

The news of a fearful storm prevailing both on the European and American shores of the Atlantic continue to be received, and is not calculated to dispel the fear, which now prevail as to the safety of the fleet.

The grand Central Depot is to be opened to-day for the first time to the trains of the New York Central & Hudson River Railroad.

THE GLOBE'S FAULT FINDING.

From the Kingston News.

We have already referred to the fault finding of the *Globe* with respect to the appointment of the Hon. Mr. Pope as Minister of of Agriculture, and we return to the mention of the subject because our metropolitan contemporary, the Ottawa TIMES, has furnished us with a very interesting fact which it is proper should be made widely known in order that the public of Canada may learn what sort of consistency the *Globe* maintains in its conduct towards public men. The *Globe* now refuses its confidence to Mr. Pope, but time was when the Hon. George Brown was but too glad to seek the co-operation of the same Mr. Pope and that to some purpose. In 1864 the Hon. George Brown selected Mr. Pope as one of the members of the house to advise with as to the crisis in which the country then stood, and thereupon authorized him to communicate to his whilomn opponent, Sir John A. Macdonald, his willingness to co-operate with him: and the result was the accession of Mr. Brown to the government of 1864. Since then Mr. Pope has pursued a straightforward, manly course, and we hesitate not to say that no man possesses more of the confidence and respect of his fellow-members than Mr. Pope, although forsooth the Hon. George Brown has withdrawn his confidence from him. By recalling this historical fact we may see for about the hundredth time how Mr. Brown and the *Globe* forget all past services: forget everything in the career of a public man in the one hostile thought that he is joined to the Administration of Sir John A. Macdonald, against whom Mr. Brown and the *Globe* are bent on waging a persistent warfare.

DOMINION NOTES.

In the Windsor *Daily News* of Friday reference is made to the pamphlet just issued by Tunis, entitled "The Doomed City," and which was written by Mr. C. H. Mackintosh, of the Strathroy *Dispatch*, as follows:—"It was written, and published in four days from commencement, and has already passed through two editions of ten thousand copies each. The descriptive sketches of the great conflagration are the best which were written, and of a high order of literature, the language being terse, graphic and refined. Canada has reason to be proud of this enterprise on the part of her own journalists, who has surpassed in this effort all his brethren of the press on the American Continent."

St. Stephen, N. B., is an enterprising little place. It has a single axe manufactory, in which 20,000 axes are made annually, of which some 2,400 are sent to Prince Edward Island, 6,000 to Nova Scotia, 7,200 to St. John, and 4,400 to other places.

The question as to the construction of a twenty-feet channel between Quebec and Montreal has been demonstrated by the passage of the ship *Loch Ness* up to Montreal, drawing 19ft. 6in., when there was 10ft. 6in. in the flats. This, says the Montreal *Herald*, is the first time that a ship of this draft of water has ever passed through the improved channel.

As Mr. Thos. Palmer and his son, aged fifteen, were driving in Widder on Saturday, the horses ran away, throwing the boy out, and the wheels passing over him he was killed instantly.

The Bishop of Ontario has offered the Rectory of Belleville to the Ven. Archdeacon Paton, of Cornwall. The *Whig* says no appointment could give more general satisfaction.

A new vessel for Mr. Walter Ross, M.P., has been launched at Picton. Capt. Forte is to build a new steamer to fill the place of the Greenway, lately burned.

Mr. Wm. Kinsey, recently of Hollin, has leased 10 acres of land between Elora and Aboyne, adjoining the former village, where he intends going into bee-keeping and gardening on an extensive scale.

Judge Torrance, of Montreal, committed a man to jail for twenty four hours for failing to keep silence after repeated calls from the crier.

Dunnville is rejoicing because a bank agency is to be established there. It is the bank of British North America.

A dishonest clerk, who has been employed for about a year in the dry goods store of Messrs. Page & Pannel, Toronto, stole in that time from $2,000 to $3,000 worth of silk and laces, which he supplied to a friend in business in the country.

It appears that Sir A. T. Galt has the misfortune of signing his name in so remarkable a manner as to make it difficult to read it. That is why both in the *Gazette* and *Herald* the word was transformed into Kay, at the foot of his letter respecting the St. Francis and Megantic Railway. People asked, "Who is Kay?" not dreaming that the ex-Finance Minister was intented.

Brown, green and gray felt bonnets are very fashionable, and when framed with dark velvet and feathers make a very effective and stylish bonnet.

The two latest novelties in colors are the Vendome column and the ashes of Paris. The former is a bronze green and the latter a handsome gray.

THE MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE.

From the Montreal Daily News.

A journal like the Toronto *Globe*, avowedly hostile to the Ottawa Cabinet is entitled to criticise their acts, assert their incompetence to conduct with honour and credit public business, and challenge their general policy, but it is as indecent as it is unusual for any Opposition journal to asperse private character, and without a shadow of foundation impute the vilest motives and endeavour to slander away the character of a high minded and conscientious representative. We have followed Mr. Pope's career ever since he entered public life, and we know that the breath of calumny never assailed him. He has been conspicuous for a fearless independence and a resolute determination to speak out his sentiments and defend the rights of the British inhabitants of this Province. He has been equally indifferent to the smiles or frowns of power. The salient features in his character have been his honest utterances, and his straight forward and manly mode of dealing with every question that came up. He set out in public life with that element of success which the *Globe* cannot appreciate and evidently holds of small account. Mr. Pope's principles are fixed; he is eminently conscientious and always regarded his membership as a trust confided to him by his electors. That he never proved false to the confidence reposed in him, may be gathered from the fact of his frequent return for Compton; but his strength must not be measured by the devotion Compton electors have shown, because outside that county, in every quarter of the Eastern Townships, there is a perfect trust in the truthfulness, intelligence and experience of Mr. Pope. He is known to be a clear-headed and successful agriculturist, an enterprising mill owner and an active promoter of railway enterprises, while long before there was the slightest prospect of his becoming Minister of Agriculture, he had shown his practical knowledge of the best mode of colonizing our waste lands and encouraging emigrants to settle in the Eastern Towns. He is not a theorist; he carried his idea into action and aided by his neighbors in Compton, succeeded in bringing in many families of emigrants and establishing them in comfort on wild lands. Speaking of this gentleman, the *Globe* of the 27th inst. asks: "Has something to be done that Mr. Dunkin would *rather* not do. The appointment of Mr. Pope certainly favors such a presumption. If a supple tool is wanted for the execution of some more than usually discreditable shuffling of the cards, Mr. Pope is the man for it." The above audacious libel is an insult to the British of Lower Canada. There is not in the Opposition ranks one individual who can boast a cleaner record than Mr. Pope; few indeed approach his moral standard. We may ask the *Globe* in vain to cite one solitary act of Mr. Pope's, during the many years that he has been in public life, blending his name with any discreditable transaction. Whatever wealth he possesses he earned honestly, and his simple word would be preferred to the oath of those who villify him. Had the Opposition been in power, and Mr. Huntingdon been called upon to act as Minister of Agriculture, nothing could have tempted us to speak of him in the derogatory language the *Globe* applies to Mr. Pope. Mr. Huntington and Pope are our representative men in the Eastern Townships, and however we may differ about party politics we feel a just pride in the reputations both have acquired as high minded, honest and able representatives. Mr. Pope has been in the Eastern Townships the leading advocate of a liberal emigration policy, and his elevation to office is hailed as an omen, that having the disposition and the requisite experience he will be able to carry out his favourite idea of diverting the current of emigrants towards the public domain of the Dominion. Mr. Pope's talents as an orator could not be esteemed by the *Globe's* imagination; he never imputed unworthy motives to an opponent and he rigidly adhered to the truth. It is a convenient fiction for the *Globe* to invent that "Mr. Pope's immediate party chiefs have shown themselves hostile to an energetic emigration policy," and therefore selected a blocker. It may not comfort the *Globe* to be told that Ontario does not contain an individual better qualified or more determined to promote, by every means in his power, a liberal and effective emigration policy.

A man named Fell, who was in the employ of one Hickox, embezzled $420 of his employer's money, and Hickox got out a warrant for his arrest. Fell, however, had a valuable watch, chain and diamonds, and Hickox offered to settle provided they were given to him. The property was handed over and Fell was advised to make himself scarce; but instead of so doing he went right to one of the New York courts and informed the judge of the transaction, showing a receipt given by Hickox for the watch, etc. The judge dismissed the complaint against Fell, and Hickox was arrested on a charge of compounding felony.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

PART OF THE SECRET.—Taraxacum (Dandelion) is slightly tonic, diuretic and aperient and is thought to have a specific action upon the liver, exciting it when languid to secretion and resolving its chronic engorgement. The diseases to which it appears to be especially applicable are those connected with derangement of the hepatic apparatus and of the digestive organs generally. In congestion and chronic inflamation of the liver and spleen, in cases of suspended or deficient billiary secretion, and in dropsical affections dependent on obstruction of the abdominal viscera." *Vide U. S. Dispensatory.* The extract of Dandelion is one of the active properties of the Celebrated Shoshoneen (Indian) Vegetable Restorative Pills. No wonder they are good

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENEY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

THE IRISH CATHOLIC TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

Will hold a Temperance Meeting on SUNDAY NEXT, the 5th Inst., in the St. Patrick's Hall, Sussex street, to commemorate the 81st birthday of the great Apostle of Temperance, the Rev. Father Matthew.

The Chair will be taken by His Lordship the Bishop, and addresses on Temperance will be delivered by several eminent speakers, the Juvenile Temperance Society, under the management of the Christian Brothers, will sing several Temperance odes (get up for the occasion). A collection will be taken up by the Rev. Father Malloy to aid him in supporting his House of Refuge for unfortunates.

The friends of Temperance and the public generally are invited to be present.

The Chair will be taken at 2:30 o'clock p.m.

P. G. LEYDEN,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov. 2, 1871 1810 3

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON-CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co's Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844.
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion.

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871 1816y

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa Postoffice Oct. 31, 1870.

Andrews W	Maxwell Miss Jessie
Anderson Robt	Marley Mrs
Anderson C F	Mahon Miss Ellen J
Armstrong Miss M	Martin Geo
Bailey Geo	Meagher Jeremiah
Barrine Miss E	Millar Edward
Berry Mrs Elizabeth	Mosgrove T
Bessserer A	Mohr A T
Bick T H	Munian Mrs Chas
Blyth Wm	Meyers Herman
Blacklock T W	Neville Jas
Black Jas	O'Connor J A
Bowditch Geo	O'Brien Jas
Briant Mrs	O'Donnell Pat
Bradley John	O'Brien Mr
Brown C W	O'Kane Michael
Bristow Mr	O'Neill Hugh
Brown Robt	Parks Miss E
Burns Mrs E	Patterson Thos
Burton Mrs Ann	Ferry Mrs M C
Carr Miss M A	Peterson T
Caldwell A T	Pierce Mrs S D
Cantwell John	Prout Thos
Christy Mrs M	Price Mr
Christy Miss I	Rauscher R
Conners Mrs S O	Ralph Miss M
Cowan Miss J A	Raynolds John
Cormick

LOCAL NEWS.

THE Bassett case will come up for trial at the Police Court this afternoon.

WEATHER.—The weather yesterday was cold and disagreable. A drizzling rain fell during almost the whole day.

THE street crossings are in a fearful state. A man should be constantly employed at this season to keep them clean.

NO COURT.—Owing to yesterday being All Saints' Day no business was transacted at the Police Court. Offenders will be thereby afforded time to sober up.

MASONIC.—A regular meeting of Doric Lodge, No. 58, G. R. C., took place at the Masonic Hall, Elgin street, last evening, this being the last regular meeting before the election of officers for the coming year.

We beg to call the attention of parties using steam to the advertisement of Chalmers & Co., which will be found in another column. The material used is perfectly indestructible, and we have learned that the boilers and steam pipes of the Chicago Water Works, which were covered with the Chalmers's-Spence Non-Conductor, were preserved, and are now working, while those that were not, will have to be replaced.

Call and see the new and beautiful Millinery at Allan, McKinnons & Morrans'.

FAIR DAY.—Yesterday was the fall fair day in the city. Owing to the unfavorable state of the weather the display of cattle and superannuated horses on the By Ward market was not very large. There was a pretty good gathering however by 2 p.m., and some trading, selling and buying took place. It was found a difficult task to dispose of old hags, and the owners generally employed their powers of description and eulogy in vain. The Market Lessee was the most fortunate man in the crowd.

AUCTION SALE OF SILVER WARE, &c.—We desire to remind our readers that Mr. Rowe will commence the sale by auction at 11 o'clock a.m., to-day, of the immense consignment of Silver Ware and Cutlery, from the celebrated Albion Works, Sheffield, England. It is the largest and most valuable consignment of the kind ever brought to Ottawa, and we assure the public a rare opportunity is now afforded them of providing themselves with such wares. The sale will continue from day to day until the whole stock is disposed of, sale commencing at a 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. each day. See advertisement.

Remnants of all wool Carpets, 80 cts. per yard, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

The Hon. James Skead's steam saw mill, at Thompson's Bay, was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The mill was closed down as usual on Tuesday evening, at six o'clock, when the night watchman resumed his duties. Between three and four o'clock yesterday morning, flames burst suddenly out of the mill; the watchman immediately woke up the men in the boarding house hard by, who set to work energetically, but the flames had gained such headway by the time they got the steam pump going that they found it impossible to save the mill which was totally destroyed. The engine house and boiler house which were unconnected with the mill were saved, and the fire prevented reaching to a very serious extent among the sawn lumber, of which there was a great quantity. About 10 piles however were burned together with a quantity of sawn timber for Railroad Bridges, and some superior square timber intended for the English market. It is estimated that about half a million feet altogether was destroyed. The mill was an excellent structure 152 feet in length by 46 in width. It was built close to the water at Thompson's Bay, and originally cost $50,000, though subsequent improvements raised its value to about $80,000. The insurances on the whole mill, including the boiler, and engine houses and machinery, are as follows: Ætna of Hartford, $4,000; Hartford of Hartford, $4,000; Provincial of Toronto, $4,000; Royal of Liverpool, $8,000.

We believe there was also an insurance of $15,000 on the lumber.

IMMIGRATION MEETING.

According to announcement a meeting of gentlemen interested in the organization of a Society for the promotion of Immigration to this section of Canada, took place yesterday afternoon in the Immigration office near the St. L. & O. R.R Station. There was a large attendance of gentlemen from the city as well as several of the most influential and wealthy farmers from the surrounding neighborhood. Many persons, however, were unavoidably absent who would have gladly attended were it in their power to do so. The assistance of every employer of labor in this section of country is solicited and essentially necessary to the satisfactory success of the new society, and therefore, we are glad to know that though several of our prominent and enterprising men were unable to be present at the meeting yesterday, that they have expressed their hearty approval of the Society and their willingness to become members of it, which no doubt they will do the moment it is thoroughly organized.

The meeting, it is probably well known, was called together by Mr. Wills, the indefatigable Immigration Agent, who also laid before the people and meeting a scheme or plan upon which to conduct the operations of the new Society.

Mr. Wills in his letter says:

"My suggestion is simple, practical, and safe. It is for the farmers and others who want hands, to form an association amongst themselves for bringing out labourers. There would be no difficulty in forming such an association if the proper parties would take it up. The City of Ottawa Agricultural Society, which is intended to be the Agricultural Society for Central Canada, might form the basis of it, and thus add to their usefulness in importing improved stock and grain also. I do not mean that they should act as an immigration society, but merely that the members being now organized, might easily further resolve themselves into an association for importing labourers.

The plan of operations would be something like this: Five hundred, one hundred, or fifty farmers and other employers of labour, might subscribe to bring out one or more labourers, as they might require, and this money could either be sent home to our Government Agents, or they might send home an agent of their own to pay the passage and send out the 500, 100, or 50 men and women wanted, which ever plan was deemed best. It would of course be necessary for the agent to make an agreement with the people sent, whereby they would bind themselves to serve their employers here for a year, and have the money advanced for their passages, deducted from their montly wages.—Wages now rule high here, and are low at home, and a farmer here might, through the agent, well agree to give a ploughman or general farm hand, from $12 to $14 a month, and other people to give proportionate for gardners, coachmen, grooms, carpenters, masons, plasterers, painters, servant maids, &c. There has seldom or never been any difficulty in getting persons sent out to this country, passage paid, to enter into such an agreement, such as I have referred to, with their employers here, and to renew their agreement when they arrive and and are placed, and almost invariably these agreements are faithfully kept."

A Society organized upon some such basis is badly needed in this section and we are glad to see that Mr. Wills' very laudable efforts are being properly appreciated. It is perfectly absurd to be depending upon immigrants to bring out immigrants; the people of the country who require them, together with the co-operation and assistance of the Government are the only combination that can effectually promoted Immigration.

At the meeting yesterday J. M. Currier, Esq., M.P., occupied the chair, and there were present among others Messrs. Moylan, R. McConnell, R. Hamilton, Connolly, Higgins, A. N. Hole of this city, and Wm. Byers, Messrs. Bearman, Dawson, Ed. Hopper, Hugh Davidson, Thomas and John Clarke of Nepean. The attendance of gentlemen from the country was very large.

Several gentlemen spoke and among other resolutions unanimously carried was one to the effect that it was highly desirable to organize a society for the purpose of promoting Immigration to this section of Canada.

It was also agreed to call the Society the "Farmers' Immigration Society."

A committee composed of the Hon. James Skead, J. M. Currier, Esq., M. P., E.B. Eddy, Esq., M. P.P., and Thos. Clark, (with power to add to number) was apointed to draft a constitution for the Society, to be submitted at the next meeting to be held at the Immigration office on Wednesday, the 8th of November, at 2 p. m.

A meeting of the committee will be held at the Russell House, at 7½ o'clock on Saturday, for the purpose of drafting the constitution.

The following gentlemen will become members of the Society and have agreed to advance means to effect the Immigration of the numbers of persons set opposite their names:

R W Scott, Esq., M P P, 2 families.
James Skead, 10 families.
Capt A Fraser, 10 families.
E B Eddy, Esq, M P P, 10 families.
Mr Kenny of Aylmer, 2 families.
D Moore, 2 men.
Wm McKay Wright, 2 men and 2 girls.
R McConnell, 2 men.
Ruggles Wright, 4 men and 2 girls.
Geo W Eaton, 2 men.
J W Thomqson, 4 men and 2 girls.
J & J Bearman, 2 men and 1 girl.
John Dawson, 2 men and 1 girl.
Hugh Davidson, 1 man and 1 girl.
Wm Byers, 4 men and 2 girls.
Wm MacKay, 4 men and 2 girls.
John Poupore, M P P, 2 men.
Alex Fraser, 5 men and 2 girls.
S Huntingdon, 2 men.
J Greeves, 1 man, 1 girl and 2 carpenters.
John Supple, 2 men.
Joseph Bell, 2 men.
Hamilton Bess, 20 men.

The above list affords reason to believe that the Society when thoroughly organized will be the best and most successful of the kind in Canada, and it is hoped the next meeting will be attended in a manner adequate to its importance.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.
Local Train at 1:40 p.m.
Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:40 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.
Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m, 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m
LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m, 9:10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.
Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.
Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways bring of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. Manager. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO PORTLAND AND MONTREAL.

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with Sleeping Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.
No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9:20 A.M., every Morning—Sunday Morning excepted.
No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M
No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6.15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.
Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,
Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents
Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. KEYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa, Oct 26th, 1871

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

HENDERSON & Co.

having commenced business as

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS

AT

39 Sparks Street

respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

Their Stock comprises full assortments in the following lines, viz: School Books and School Stationary, Bibles and Church Services, Hymn and Prayer Books, Sabbath School Libraries and requisites, Illustrated Gift Books, Juveniles, Miscellaneous Literature, &c., &c

The Standard Magazines.

STATIONERY GOODS.

comprising: Foolscap, Letter, and Note Papers, Envelopes; Blank, Pass, and Memorandum Books; Pens, Inks, Pencils, Colours Crayons, Slates, Copy Books, Cards, &c., &c.

Orders promptly and carefully attended to, and Goods not in stock procured with dispatch.

Public and School Libraries advantageously supplied.

Inspection invited.

Remember 39, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 25, 1871 1802 10

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Vests
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF,
Ottawa April 11, 1871 O'MEARA & CO.

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 SUSSEX STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. REDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos,

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Flagland & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

Allan,
McKinnons
& McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES.

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Fly All Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORRAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle... Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

Ottawa Oct. 10. A. C. & Co.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. On trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

"After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau
Montreal, Oct 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 10, 1871 1800y.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1804 tf

D. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.
Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1789 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices.

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 28 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m. connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Captaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS.
President.
Ottawa, Oct, 16, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

China Warehouse

1,000 lbs. of the Purest

VIRGIN HONEY

in boxes of 8 lbs. each.

ALSO

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS,

of the finest

FAMEUSE APPLES,

hand picked.

All from the celebrated firm of MESSRS. MARSTON & SON, L'Original

Parties wishing for above would do well to call and secure their supply as either cannot be surpassed in quality.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 86, Sussex street,

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 8 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin st.

A. RUSSELL.

Ottawa, [illegible]

IF YOU WA

A CUP GOOD TEA

ND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Propr etor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," year ending 5th April, 1871.

	Stg		Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year	£1,282,222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums Re-assured	£ 110,417 16 3
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0	NOTE—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross re-assurances	75,164 11 10	Surrenders	7,919 14 4
	£1,282,222 3 2	Annuities	12,232 17 8
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,909 12 9	Commission	9,922 7 6
Considera'n on for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9	Expenses of Management and all other charges	20,880 7 8
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax)	54,725 10 2	Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
	306,715 0 3	Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	30,804 18 8
		Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
		Total	£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up £	75,000 0 0	Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom £	500,288 15 8
Assurance Fund	1,201 911 9 2	Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5	Loans on the Association's Policies (within value).	175,916 19 8
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2	In British Government Securities	1,235 15 8
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6	Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14
	£1434,090 17 3	Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	239,567 17 8
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 8 4
		House Property	109,159 13 9
		Annuities purchased	25,497 17 4
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,538 2 9
		Loans on Personal Security	5,879 10 9
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,578 10 0
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,431 6 9
		Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
		Agents' Balances	30,326 8 8
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 8
		Outstanding Interest	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,967 1 2
		Cash— On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 8	
		On Current Bank Account 21,776 15 9	
		In hand 127 8 9	
			77,863 6 11
			£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James, do.
NIGER.....W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN..... " 19th "
MEDWAY..... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES..... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London: Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 yer year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $5 for second class.

For further information apply to
DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 27th, 1871. 1792y

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland, are intended to be despatched from Quebec Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN..... " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:
Cabin.....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$35

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows:

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....25th "
ST. ANDREW " ..... 2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to
D W EDWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1[illegible]

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

AUCTION SALE.
OF VALUABLE
IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa,

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1609tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PRIZE, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, Aloes, Aloes, Capsicum, &c, &c,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles..$1 00
Pills per Box..... 25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1657tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received.

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
"SIDNEY RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
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N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cramp, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher *vs* Hammond, alias Henry James, alias Cr'T, Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DR. ROBERTS' CELEBRATED OINTMENT, CALLED "THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 12½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULES, ANTI SCROFULE or ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by
BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 29, 1871. 39 6m

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

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ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

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The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	10 00	.....	4.20
.....	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	10 00	.....	7.30
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	7.30
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9·00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	.....	.....	4.20
9 30	.....	4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9 30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	.....	.....	1 30
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	7 00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.30	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 9 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Oct. 30 1871

MESSRS. BATCHELL BROS BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

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Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,110 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tr

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

All round ready for use.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

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MONTREAL.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churcher, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
cumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farms situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq, and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees. or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
Post Office Block, Ottawa.

34tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m

CELLAR TO LET.

At corner of Sussex and Murray streets, known as Sparrow's Block. Apply to
O. DUROCHER,
No. 77, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1871 1806 2m

Medical.

MESS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS AND PRESERVING THE TOOTH ACHE FREE AS SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS THROUGHOUT THE PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

DARL

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wirlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties boroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHRO. & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1521tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1558 3m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1725tf

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43tf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Anmond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TALLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 396tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chandiere, Ottawa. 1358y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1811. OTTAWA, FRIDAY NOVEMBER 3, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. COULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, P. Q.

has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 400 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
1 " Cotton Lustre,
" " Jack Pins,
1 Case Prints,
2 " Fancy Cotton Tie,
1 case Locos,
1 " Brown Holland,
4 " Brown Cotton,
1 " Unbleached Cotton,
1 " Sheeting,
1 " Paramatta,
1 " Black Alpaca,
1 " Black Silk,

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Canadian Tweeds,
" " Union Tweeds,
" " Kersey,
Awaiting:
30 M Stars Paper Collars,
11 S ies Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Shirtings,
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Ottawa. G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 19, 1871

HATS HATS!

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND.

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact you can get any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Gold and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

LACROSSE—

Just received, a superior lot of the noted Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—Try them

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Stilton Cheese—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 1 lb "Caddies."

ALES—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... " 130
FANNING MILLS..... " 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McGREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

OLEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as a useful and reliable remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bunions, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and the

PILULE ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. B. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 33 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

JUST ARRIVED SIMON LEBEAU Agent.

OTTAWA AND RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and Intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 1:30 p m, arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B.—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa has resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty five thousand six hundred and fifty four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chambertain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the second day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the City of Ottawa, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street on the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one at the hour of nine of the clock, of the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1871. 1786 1m

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 28,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Lacombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent,*
Trust Office, Ottawa.

THE PEERS AND THE WORKING MEN.

From the London Times of Oct. 16.

There seems a settled idea in certain quarters that Mr. Disraeli must be always plotting something mysterious. Amid the agricultural and horticultural charms of Hughenden he maintains the silence of a political Sphinx, and, with the Asiatic wave of the hand immortalized in his novels, he throws his magic spells over Peers and Trade Unionists, compelling the Marquis of Lorne and Mr. George Potter to join hands in a charmed circle and paralyze Mr. Gladstone and the Liberals. Sir John Pakington, it is true, seems to have been overpowered by some such mysterious influence, for the seven resolutions purport to insure the Working Classes those paradisaical homesteads, perfect self-government, regular work, free instruction, cheap food, pleasant amusements, and comfortable locomotion which Sir John the other day declared they had a right to demand. But Sir John Pakington, we know, is always serious, sanguine, and versatile. All departments of the public service have at all times come alike to him, and we have no doubt he would take office to morrow under a pledge to make everybody happy. Lord John Manders, again, has placed on record his readiness to sacrifice laws, learning, and commerce, provided he could save our "old nobility." But we may reasonably ask for some more definite information before we fully believe that such men as Lord Derby and Mr. Disraeli have pledged themselves to propose to Parliament this very extraordinary programme.

From the Daily News of Oct. 17.

The disclaimer which Lord Salisbury lately addressed to us is repeated by Sir Stafford Northcote, in his own name, and in that of the other members of either House of Parliament who were reported to have signed the seven resolutions which have now acquired notoriety. For ourselves the programme of the new social movement and the adhesions which it was said to have received appeared to us on reading them so incredible that we did not in the first instance deem it necessary to to take any notice of the matter. It was not until the document and the names had been published in *The Manchester Guardian* and *Scotsman*, and republished in *The Globe, The Echo,* and *The Daily Telegraph,* without eliciting contradiction or correction from any of the gentlemen mentioned, that we deemed it necessary to investigate the matter. The statement which we printed on Friday was derived from one of the signers of the resolutions on behalf the Council of Skilled Workmen, and represents accurately his own impression, and, as we thought, knowledge of what had taken place. Lord Salisbury's contradiction followed promptly on our statement, and this was the first word of disclaimer that reached the public. By what means the members of the Workmen's Council were led to believe that his signature and those of other members of either House had been attached to the seven resolutions, is a point which needs to be cleared up. With the exception of this extraordinary misunderstanding, no part of the statement we have published is directly questioned by Lord Salisbury or Sir Stafford Northcote, though the fact that such a mistake can have been made renders it possible that there may have been other misapprehensions scarcely less important.

From the Standard of Oct. 16.

It is this growing similarity of sentiment, this approximation of view between Conservative thinkers and the more deeply searching of workingmen reformers, that has brought them into communication, and may not unlikely lead to some very decided and useful results. Once let the leaders of the wage-receiving portion of the community acknowledge without any ambiguity the inherent and inalienable right of property, they will find every man who deserves the name of Conservative ready to condemn as loudly as themselves the *laissez-aller* system which is the eldest child of Whiggism, and which has been adopted by the majority of the Radical politicians. We purposely abstain from again canvassing in detail the seven resolutions which have prematurely seen the light. We can only once more affirm that there is not a single one of them which might not be construed in a sense in no degree violating the principles familiar to Conservatives. If the time of sterile political agitation has gone by; if passionate pilgrimages are at last out of fashion; if orators bent upon dividing the nation into conflicting classes have had their day; if the Crown is once more to be respected, and the House of Lords to be treated with ordinary consideration; if, in a word, we are able to be in earnest, and the ghost of charlatanism is to be laid forever—then, indeed, may we hope that Peers and gentlemen will combine, not in vain, with the sons of toil to make us once more a united people. We for our part, shall care little to ask whose thunder it is, provided the demons of poverty and discontent be slain by its bolts, though of course we should not be sorry to see honest men come by their own.

A DESPERADO.

The *Pfalzer Bote* of the 10th of October states that on Friday morning last, at half-past 2 o'clock, a fire broke out in the middle of the building forming the House of Correction at Bruchsal, by which the octagonal tower, the churh, the school, and the adjoining bureaux were completely burnt down. Schwable, a dangerous convict, who had been dismissed from this institution two years ago, had been again apprehended a few days before the fire occurred. This miscreant had broken open the lock of the cell, and finding the gaoler's room adjoining was open, he put on the official coat and sword, and took possession of the keys of the church, which were hanging up there. On being pursued, the daring and dangerous culprit ran through the church, and climbed up to the roof, and with immense strength pulled out large square stones from the wall, which he threw down, so that no one could approach without endangering their lives. Intrenched in his hiding place he set fire to the roof, which, being almost all of wood, was quickly in flames, and the Fire Brigade, who hastened to the spot, were only able to save the adjoining wing of the building and the prisoners' cells. The sentry fired on the culprit, who dis appeared, but it is not known whether he had fallen with the burnt roof or if he had escaped in the confusion. All the cells nearest to the part on fire were vacated and the prisoners placed in the cellars. In the meantime, "Where was Schwable? had he escaped, or was he dead?" Escape was, however, scarcely possible, as he, the originator of the fire, had himself cut off every means of flight! That he should have thrown himself into the flames were not likely, as, although he was a very desperate character, he was not considered a man at all likely to commit suicide. At last it was thought possible that he might be hiding under the floor in the gallery, and true enough Schwable was there. When he found that it was discovered, he stood up sword in hand like a raging demon, and a fierce and bloody conflict ensued. Covered with wounds he was thrown down from the tower, six stories high into the prison yard below; but still Schwable was saved from death, for he fell into a cart full of rubbish. He was then placed under medical care, but he has paid for this exploit with his life, as he has since died of his wounds.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Go to Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's for Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Crumb Cloths, Plain and Fancy Repps, Lace Curtains, Curtain Poles and House Furnishings generally.

ELOQUENCE.

Eloquence is the language of excitement—the language of sincerity and power. "Words that burn" are spoken when hearts swell. The orator is the highest and noblest of the world's great ones; and nature is never grand where she is peaceful. Excitement makes us sincere; and sincerity is always eloquent. All admire the sincere—all sympathize with the sincere—all are moved by the sincere. Moreover, it is a fact of experience and principal of philosophy that excitement develops the high excellencies, the strong powers, the warm energies of the character. It gives activity to the slow, and strength to the weak, and wisdom to the fool. Power is beautiful, and therefore pleases and animates, and therefore is eloquent. Power is mighty, and therefore moves and persuades, and therefore is eloquent.

Every one is eloquent at some time of his life; for in the pathway of every destiny there is some great occasion. Excitement is the exponent, and the law, and the condition of human life. Genuine, effective eloquence never reasons. The forced, and vague, and rapid definitions, which most authors have rendered of the term *Eloquence*, express or imply argument as its end and excellency. The logician convicts—the orator awes; argument suggests—eloquence concentrates; reason directs—passion urges; excitement clings to one thought, one idea. It dies when the attention is diverted by relations, when the mind reasons and argues.

Whence, then, is the might of the orator—that might which makes the "warrior's taunt" yield to the "palm of eloquence"—that might which moves stones to "mutiny and rage?" It is not in the force of logic, but in the feeling of sympathy—in the contemplation of the lofty beauty of power—and in the thrill of passion's potency. In short, the power and perfection of eloquence is in excitement.

Truth is always exciting—therefore eloquence is the language of truth. We hear it in the shout of Eureka—we feel it in the triumphs of the martyr. The false has no eloquence: for where there is no truth, no sincerity, there is no power, no sympathy, no excitement. Eloquence is the language of virtue. This truth is as old as Quinctilian, yet is it "strong and lusty." The power and the glory of the orator consists in perfectly inducing the minds of his hearers into his own feelings and own circumstances. Virtue is beauty and enthusiasm, and thus assimilates by its loveliness and power. Vice is cursed with deformity and torpor. Wise, just, and beautiful is the law and trust of nature, which lodges power in truth and virtue.

THE EMPRESS' DRESSES, &c.

In Paris, on the 7th inst., the personal effects of the Empress Eugenie were sold at public auction. A correspondent thus describes the scene: Pillow cases of fine cambric—so fine that one wonders how they supported the elaborate embroideries and deep lace borders—were hotly contested for by a "petite dame," a shabby Jew of the Rue des Victories, and a Breda. The little lady carried off a dozen. It "poses" one, she cried, tittering as she spoke, to press the pillow on which an Imperial head reposed. The cypher E. happened to stand for her own name, which she volunteered to tell one of the old friends of the fallen dynasty was Eulalie. As for the crown under it, *ma foi*, she was just as worthy to wear it as any one else! There were *peignoirs* and dressing gowns, clearly furnished by Chapon, the famous ladies' outfitter in the Rue de la Paix, and all wonderfully elegant but dusty and somewhat blue-moulded. The stockings of thread, silk and Shetland wool, were of gossamer lightness. An infinity of bath and toilet sponges were knocked down at a hundred francs. They were all of the best quality. The little lady said she would have been the purchaser if the auctioneer had guaranteed that he was selling her something which had actually passed through the Empress' hands. As for the boots and slippers, they justified the eulogiums passed by MM. Franc and Lockroy in their report on Parisian shoe makers. Then there were, the ladies thought, delicious things in the way of petticoats, flannel bustles, *robes de chambre, sorties de bain,* and woollen wraps. Some baby's robes which, according to the salesman's legend, belonged to the Prince Imperial's *layette*, were bought by a Russian lady.

CURRENT TOPICS.

Presence of mind is a valuable possession sometimes, if not always. A New Haven man was visiting his son in Chicago at the time of the great fire, and seeing that the destruction of the house in which he lived was inevitable, he procured the

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Dancing and Maintien—Mr. Andrews.
Furnished House Wanted—Mr. Rice.
Thomas' Eclectric Oil.

The Ottawa Times.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. Dixon, Immigration Agent in England, is expected here in a day or two.

We understand that tenders have been awarded as under for the construction of works on the Welland Canal.

Deep Cut: Mr. George Harvey of Walkerton.

Port Dalhousie: F B. McNamee of Montreal.

Presqu'Isle Harbour: A. E. Munson of Cobourg.

We have much pleasure in giving insertion to the letter signed "Onward" which appears in another column. We quite agree with the writer's remarks concerning the advisibility of the young men of Ottawa, more especially those employed in the civil service, doing something to promote the intellectual life of the capital. They have proved their ability to laugh over Mark Twain's buffoonery, and to engage in athletic sports; is it not about time that something was done to convince the world that the young men of Ottawa are also capable of understanding and enjoying the beauties of England's matchless intellectual literature, and to show that they have brains as well as biceps? We do not doubt the fact for a moment, but for their own sakes we want to see it made evident.

What a constant source of annoyance and disquietude to the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe*, are "Sir John Macdonald's detectives," as the poor man calls the persons who have charge of the public buildings, and were appointed to perform that duty at the request of Parliament! Why is this? Do these officials watch him with too close and observant an eye as he wanders up and down the corridors of the departmental buildings? The fact of their having lately donned a grey uniform appears to have excited the correspondent's ire to an unusual pitch, for, totally regardless of expense, he telegraphed the fact to his paper two days in succession. In plain clothes they were bad enough, but clad in gray habiliments they are unbearable. All things considered, however, we cannot help thinking that these "detectives" should continue to keep watch over the buildings, and should maintain a strict look out for all suspicious parties.

THE BRITISH COLUMBIA ELECTIONS.

The elections at Victoria, B. C. resulted in the return of Messrs. McCreight, Trimble, Beaven and Duck, all staunch Union men and, as a natural consequence, supporters of the Dominion Government.

CANADA PACIFIC RAILWAY EXPLORING PARTY, DIVISION E.

Mr. H. Poynts Patrick one of the Assistant Engineers of this party has just returned and brings the latest news from this division, which has only been heard from once since it left Michpecooten, Lake Superior, last June, in consequence of their route being the most remote it never having before been known to the white man. Mr. Patrick informs us the adventures of the party have been unavoidably most perilous—and had not Mr. Fleming in his capacity of Engineer-in-chief, selected as the Chief Engineer of this party a man possessed of a physical and moral courage rarely to be found, the work must have been hopelessly abandoned. On the contrary, it has progressed well and detailed information most satisfactory touching the economic features of the exploration has been given by Mr. Patrick to Mr. Fleming, at an interview had yesterday in the Intercolonial Railway Office. As though nature had contemplated a railway through this region, the party discovered on the line a mountain of gravel of the exact description required for railway ballasting—as also abundance of timber suitable for ties—and the face of the country is exceedingly level.

NO "BUNGLING."

The great Toronto falsifier of facts tries to make out that there was some blundering on the part of the Government and its officials because the *voyageurs* sent up from Collingwood with the late expedition returned. There was no blundering whatever. The facts are simply these. When it was determined to send a military force to Manitoba to provide for the safety of that province, it was known that Mr. Dawson, for the sake of economy, was discharging a large portion of his staff of assistants, *voyageurs*, &c., for the winter. There was no means of communicating with him, neither would it do to send the troops to Thunder Bay on the chance of finding themselves there unprovided with *voyageurs* to take them to the North West angle. So a number of boatmen, about fifty we believe, were collected and sent up with the troops. On arriving at Thunder Bay, it was found that Mr. Dawson had still a sufficient force left to take the expedition through, so these men were sent back. Never were arrangements made in a more business like and satisfactory manner than those connected with the recent expedition to the North West, and not only the Government but everyone connected with the affair deserves the utmost credit. Notwithstanding the hurry in which everything necessarily had to be done there was literally *no "bungling."*

MANITOBAN AFFAIRS.

"Evil habits cherished long" are difficult to get rid of. The Toronto *Globe* has so long been in the habit of abusing the French Canadians, of denying the possibility of their possessing any virtue, that we find it now, upon the authority of an unknown person named Charrette, trying to prove that every man in Manitoba who has a drop of French blood in his veins, must, as a matter of necessity, be disloyal and unpatriotic. Now we do not believe that anyone will accuse us of a disposition to shield from public opprobrium any man or set of men who fail to come forward in defence of Canada and the British flag. But when we find not only *Le Metis*, but the recognised organ of the English speaking people of Manitoba, declaring that this man Charrette who has brought a long rigmarole of charges against the French half breeds, is an utterly unreliable character, we ask what shall be said or thought of a public journal which without waiting for further evidence about the matter, at once sets to work to impugn the loyalty and patriotism of half the people of Manitoba, and returns to its old game of arraying race against race and creed against creed?

As a matter of fact we decline without same further proof to believe any of the charges which the *Globe*, upon the authority of this irresponsible individual, attempts to bring home to the French half breeds of Manitoba. Further than this, we do not believe that the Opposition organ itself has any faith in their reliability, although the force of an inborn and inveterate prejudice, together with the desire to arouse certain sectional jealousies which every patriot desires to see buried, urges it on to its present course. When either English, Scotch, or French half breeds, are proved to have been wanting in patriotism and loyalty, then, no matter who is pleased or displeased, our condemnation will not be wanting. The taunts and insults which the *Globe* and its imitators have lavished upon the French half breeds of Manitoba, the efforts which that unprincipled organ of a set of unscrupulous place hunters has made to create sectional and sectarian divisions, hard though all this no doubt has been to bear, could not for one moment justify them in failing to do their duty to their Queen and their country. Nor, as we said before, will we consent to believe that any such disloyalty has been exhibited until some better evidence is afforded us than the word of this man Charrette.

We cannot forbear calling attention to one fact which appears well, worthy of notice in reference to this matter. *Le Metis* attempts to palliate any lukewarmness or lack of patriotism on the part of the French half-breeds, on the ground that the Dominion Government has not acted with sufficient liberality towards them "in reference to the land grants," &c. When we find extremist journals on both sides denouncing the Manitoba policy of the Dominion Government in this manner, while all moderate journals are united in supporting it, may we not accept the fact as pretty conclusive evidence that the Ministerial policy has been a fair and equitable one. When extremists are dissatisfied we may rest assured that justice is being done, and when the *Globe* reproaches the Government, as it is in the habit of doing, for being too liberal to the French half-breeds, and *Le Metis* finds fault with them for not being liberal enough, we may rely upon it that the line of policy adopted has been as fair and impartial as it possibly could be.

THE GRAND TRUNK RAILWAY.

The half yearly report of the Grand Trunk Railway will be received with pleasure by all those who wish well to that great railway enterprise the prosperity of which is so closely involved with the general prosperity of the country. An increase of £71,315 is shown in the gross receipts of the line, as compared with the corresponding period of last year; the expenses on account of extra mileage having increased only $36,715.

After making provision for first charge a clear balance remains to profit for the half year of £18,312.

This is gall and wormwood to the Toronto organ of the American railways, which devotes a column and a half of its space to an attempt to prove that nothing but ruin can come upon any railway that is under the management of a gentleman, who, like Mr. Brydges, is politically opposed to Mr. Brown. Facts and figures are stubborn things however, and rave and storm as it will the organ cannot deprive the Grand Trunk Railway Company of the profits which have been gained during the past half year. We have no doubt that during the ensuing six months when the inclemency of our climate will render railway travelling more difficult in Canada, it will do its best to magnify every inevitable delay, and will devote a column or two of editorial weekly to keeping the public informed as to the exact number of minutes any train was late in arriving at Toronto. By so doing the organ will no doubt succeed in driving a certain amount of traffic off the Canadian line on to the American roads, and will lessen the Grand Trunk receipts to some extent. But let it do all it can, it cannot prevent the traffic from increasing, or the prospects of the shareholders from looking brighter. In spite of all obstacles the road has been put into such good order throughout almost the entire length, that a journey on the Grand Trunk Railway can now be performed with as much ease, speed, and security, as on any of the American lines which are its rivals.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain-Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

AN APPEAL TO YOUNG MEN.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

DEAR SIR: Will you allow me to say a few words through your columns to the young men of Ottawa? There is not at this moment, nor has there been for some time past, so far as I am aware, one single association of young men for purposes of intellectual improvement. No debating society or reading club, or anything of that nature. There is the Young Men's Christian Association, of course, which no doubt does a useful work of its own, but for intellectual improvement there is no organization whatever. Should this be so? This is the capital of the Dominion; it is growing into a very considerable town; there is one class in it—the civil service—which from the advantages it enjoys in the way of leisure, ought to furnish a large number of well-instructed, thoughtful young men; and yet, in spite of all, we have not so much as an "upper room" in which half a dozen young fellows assemble to exchange thoughts on the questions of the day. This is not creditable. In an era distinguished above all preceding ones for the activity of its intellectual life, we find here a city of 25,000 inhabitants, or something like that, in which the whole rising generation of the male sex does not seem to have two ideas to rub together. People who have ideas like to give expression to them; they find it painful to keep silence; yet here, whatever there is of originality or of active thought is buried in obscurity. No one knows anything about it. Young men rouse yourselves! Whose is this world, if it is not yours, and who therefore should feel an interest in the progress of knowledge, in the advancement of science, in the diffusion of culture, in the improvement of society if not you? Have you nothing to say upon any of these subjects? Do you think nothing about them? Don't you care to know anything about them? I can't believe that you are altogether devoid of interest in subjects of general importance. I should find it hard to persuade myself that the lazy amusement of attending penny-readings gives complete satisfaction to your literary tastes and tendencies. Surely Mark Twain has not quite superseded Shakespeare, nor Josh Billings, Macaulay. Laughter is good in its place. There is a time to laugh and the time comes round often; but there are times for other things as well; and no one who does not aspire to the character of a buffoon cares to be always on the grin.

Please let us see what can be done. A scheme was mooted last year for establishing a debating class in connection with the Literary and Scientific Society here; rules were drawn up, and other preparations were made but the debaters were not forthcoming. The time however has come round again, and the question is: Shall we or shall we not have a little intellectual life this winter? The broad, not to say low, comic has been asserting itself boldly enough for some seasons past, at Gowan's Hall and elsewhere; may we not now have a change in the direction of such a revival of interest in all the great themes of human thought as shall give Ottawa her due place in point of intellectual activity among the cities of Canada and of the world?

I remain, dear Mr. Editor,
Your very truly,
ONWARD!

Ottawa, Nov. 1st, 1871.

DOMINION NOTES.

Barrett's Acid Works in London, Ont., were destroyed in twenty minutes on Tuesday by fire. Loss $15,000; insured for $5,000.

The Buffalo *Courier* of the 30th says that John McDonald, captain of the large barge Hotchkiss, of Collingwood, Ont., disappeared from his vessel, then lying at the Empire elevator, nearly opposite the foot of Michigan street, on Friday night, leaving evidences which conclusively indicate that he put an end to his existence.

The St. Thomas *Home Journal* gives the following particulars of a singular accident that occured on Thursday last in the Township of Aldborough, resulting in the sudden death of an old settler. Two brothers, James and Peter Graham, were together talking when a tree fell to the ground close to where they stood. In its fall it struck a stump, and a slab was thrown off which flew in the direction of the two men, hitting James a fearful blow on the head, from the effects of which he died in less than three hours after.

During last week about 1,000 barrels of flour were found along the shore adjacent to Kincardine. It is supposed to be part of the cargo of the ill-fated *Coburn*, which was lost in Saginaw Bay. A great many other articles have also been found, which go to show that other vessels, unreported, have shared the same fate during the recent storms.

The Berlin *Telegraph* says that the friends of Germany will be pleased to learn that Hugo Kranz, Esq., of this town, has received a letter, over the signature of the Crown Princess of Germany, acknowledging in kindly terms the receipt of the handsome sum of over $1,200, forwarded to the Fatherland last spring by the Germans of this country in aid of the widows and orphans of the soldiers who fell in the late war with France. No doubt they will call on Mr. Kranz to inspect the bold but unique signature of the noble daughter of our beloved Queen.

Mrs. Gourley, residing on the Barton Mountain, had silver plate to the value of $1,200 stolen from her a few days ago. A man named Baxter, formerly employed as a butler by the loser, was arrested on suspicion of having abstracted the plate, but was discharged by the police magistrate of Hamilton.

The new railway arrangement at Hamilton, which we understand was effected at a very early hour on Monday morning is called a "provisional" one and its details are not yet made public. It is said to be substantially this, however, that the Hamilton & Lake Erie Company build their railway to connect with the Grand Trunk, the Great Western Air Line and the Canada Southern—all these railways to have running powers over the H. & L. E. R., and equal privilege of access by it to Hamilton and Port Dover.

PART OF THE SECRET.—Taraxacum (Dandelion) is slightly tonic, diuretic and aperient and is thought to have a specific action upon the liver, exciting it when anguid to secretion and resolving its chronic engorgement. The diseases to which it appears to be especially applicable are those connected with derangement of the hepatic apparatus and of the digestive organs generally. In congestion and chronic inflamation of the liver and spleen, in cases of suspended or deficient billiary secretion, and in dropsical affections dependent on obstruction of the abdominal viscera." *Vide U. S. Dispensatory.* The extract of Dandelion is one of the active properties of the Celebrated Shoshonees (Indian) Vegetable Restorative Pills. No wonder they are good

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks.—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, lab-lled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. d1509 1y

Lung fever, common cold, catarrhal fever and nasal discharge of a brownish color in horses, may be checked at once by liberal use of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 2.

The evening editions of certain of the press to-night announced that the Messrs. Allan had sold out their entire stock of vessels, wharves, &c. Enquiry proves the report to be entirely untrue. The head authority, at ten o'clock this evening, says their ships are not sold, nor is there any immediate prospect of their being so.

An unknown man died during the devotions in the French Cathedral to-day.

The brig *Dawn* grounded yesterday in the harbor. She was hauled off this evening and proceeded on her voyage to Newfoundland.

The Revenue received from fines in October amounted to $1,165.

Councillor Plinguet has again tendered his resignation for the East Ward of the city. J. B. Rolland is a candidate for the vacancy.

An unprecedented rise in salt took place within the last 20 days.

Stocks are unchanged.

The weather is cold.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 3.

The steamer *City of Halifax* arrived from Newfoundland.

The papers contain nothing of interest except news of the election contests. The anti-confederate candidates, Hon. J. L. Noonan and Captain A. Graham, were returned for Bonavista and Trinity Bay without opposition, the opposition having backed out at the last moment.

Rev. Prof. McKnight and Rev. Jno. Currie, of Maitland, were inducted last night at Chalmers Church into the chairs of Theology and Hebrew in the Theological Hall of the Presbyterian Church of the Lower Provinces.

The ship *Kooria Mooria*, from Brunsun, Georgia, bound to England, put in for repairs, having been ashore and got off in a leaky condition. She has also been quarantined, there being one case of fever on board.

A detachment of the 61st Regiment has been sent to York redoubt to relieve the Highlanders stationed there. The new fort and the extensive mill works there are progressing steadily.

The brig *Thomas Edward*, from Hamburg to St. John, N. B., was burned on Tuesday near Cape St. Francis. The origin of the fire is unknown. The Captain and part of the crew were picked up by the *City of Halifax*. The others got into St. John.

The City Council resolved to appoint a Committee of Auditors and Accountants to thoroughly investigate and report upon the state of the city accounts and finances.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 2.—The discussion of the international copyright question continues. Mrs. Bradden renews her complaint, already published in New York, against a paper in that city for printing as her latest and best work a parcel of rubbish she never saw. She appeals to justice and warns the public against such impostures.

A serious railway accident is reported to have occurred near Perth, in Scotland. Particulars have not yet reached London.

The subscription to the Chicago fund received by the Mansion House Committee amounts to £45,500 up to last evening.

The receipts of the Liverpool Relief Committee amount to £18,700.

A compromise has been arrived at between the French and English Governments in regard to the Commercial Treaty. The notice of its abrogation given by France has been withdrawn, and the Treaty will be continued in force, but with material modifications, the details of which have already been agreed upon.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 2.—The Workingmen's committee of this city have summoned a Congress of Workmen to meet here on the 19th instant. The object of the meeting, as set forth in the call of the Committee, is to organize a general strike for the reduction of the daily term of labor to nine hours, and for a general increase of wages.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—The *Evening Globe* is dead. This is the 56th daily which has died in this city within a comparatively short time.

The great railway station at 42nd St., being the Grand Central Depot of the Hudson River, the New York & Harlem, and the New York and New Haven railroads, was opened yesterday.

The Stock Exchange, this morning, by a large majority, decided to adjourn on Tuesday next, it being election day.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 2.—On Friday last a descent was made by the Sheriff and a posse of police on the residence of a man named English, the headquarters of an organized gang of housebreakers, near Chillicothe, Ohio. Among the articles captured were a number of books, instructing novices in the art of burglary. Two of the gang were arrested. A merchant named Simmons has identified $800 worth of the stolen property found in the possession of the prisoners.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The failure of John Sune & Co., bankers, involved in their failure Hastings & Co., bankers, of Sacramento.

The District Court of Sacramento yesterday rendered a decision against the Central Pacific Railway, and in favor of the passenger who tendered greenbacks instead of coin in payment of his fare, and was put off the train.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 2.—John Hare, twice convicted of murder in the second degree for killing his father in Camden, N. S., was sentenced to be executed on the 15th December.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2.—Edward D. Nelson, of Scarsdale, a lawyer and artist, was run over and killed on the Harlem Railway last night.

The Cleveland and Pittsburgh railroad has been leased to the Pennsylvania Railway Company for a period of 999 years from December the 1st. The Pennsylvania Railway Company are to pay interest on all bonds of the Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railway Company, and guarantee the stockholders of the same 7 per cent., free of the tax, on a share. The capital will be 43 per cent greater than the present capital.

Mayor Hall announces that Aldermen and Assistant Aldermen will be voted for at the ensuing elections and leaves the legal question whether they should be voted for to be settled upon the returns.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 2.—The front of the Mechanics' Fair pavilion, which is being demolished, fell this morning, killing a spectator named Patrick Carr and mortally injuring the assistant foreman, D. Maxwell.

NEW YORK, Nov 2.—At a special meeting of the Union League Club this evening it was unanimously resolved to attend at the polls during the election day to aid in preserving order and securing fair voting.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 1.—Rio Janeiro advices to October 6th received says that the Decree of Emancipation which passed the Brazilian Parliament on the 27th of September declares free all children born of slaves, and after its date frees all slaves held by the Government, numbering one thousand seven hundred, establishes an emancipation fund, and makes various other provisions for the benefit of existing slaves. The declaration of the result of the vote was received in the crowded Senate House with great applause, and roza leaves were showered from the galleries upon the Senators.

The Government has received congratulations from all foreign representatives in Rio, and from the local corporations.

Religious corporations have already commenced to set at liberty the slaves owned by them, and there were already evidences of a movement among the slave owners, in the direction of either converting their slaves into free tenant farmers, or of freeing them upon the conditions of a few years service.

The steamer *Columbia* arrived from Glasgow.

The representatives of Erie N. Y C, Lake Shore, Boston and Albany, Pennsylvinian and Pennssaler, and Saratoga Railways, meet here to-day for the purpose of arranging new winter time tables.

NEW YORK, Nov. 2nd—A Paris special says that President Thiers is uncertain of his tenure of life, and has made a political will, hoping to secure succession in the Presidency for Casimir Pereiro

The *Rappel* is again published, and advocates the claims of Victor Hugo for the Presidency.

It is again rumored that Prince Bismarck offers Metz dismantled, for Pondicherry or Cochin China.

WASHINGTON, November, 2nd.—Information through an official source in the Island of Buba, and believed to be reliable, is to the effect, that the Cuban insurrection has latterly assumed proporportions indicating a very decided revival of its strength.

FOR LADIES ONLY.

A RAID ON THE FASHIONS.

Eternal vigilance is the price of conformity. Scarcely are the summer cambrics tucked and ruffled into voluminous propriety, scarcely have Swiss jackets and airy grenadines fluttered their little hour on veranda and croquet ground, when a September wind sets. Fashion shivering, and blows all this dainty raiment into the shelter of trunk and wardrobe, whence, in turn, issues last fall's comfortable raiment. Comfortable it may be, but fit it is not, since one year is as a thousand cycles in the calender of Fashion, and her things of beauty are by no means joys forever. The pride of 1870 is the mock of 1871, and that process of reconstruction which, alas! no Congress can regulate and no enlightened press insure, begin in every household. To "make auld claies luik amaist as weel's the new" is, literally, the business which absorbs half the women of America to-day.

What will become of the babies in case women obtain the suffrage, is a question which has frozen with horror many men, chiefly, it would appear, bachelor editors. But we confess to an apprehension quite different but hardly less serious. For if women must spend upon their wardrobes more than half their lives, "to keep decent," as they gravely declare, the result of active political interests and employments must certainly be to remand them to the fashions in vogue before the fall—a change to be deployed on the score of health and good morals.

There is no doubt that in America, as a rule, all women, except the very rich, are over-worked. But there is no doubt, also, that they might lift themselves from some part of this burden. For example, a journal which is an authority in fashions, declares that "it is necessary to add *revers* or ruffles to last year's overskirts to make them presentable." And again, "satin, for trimming, is inadmissible." And again, "mantelets without sleeves, as distinguished from last year's sleeved garments, are indispensible to a proper wardrobe; but with new material and the help of a dressmaker, or of a pattern, old garments can be remodeled in accordance with the present beautiful style."

Now, first, not only is it not "necessary" to add *revers* to last year's overskirts, but *revers* or standing ruffles give them a bristling aspect, which destroys every line of grace. Every variation of the panier, the dromedary-hump, or the balloon-like looping of drapery so long popular, is not only essentially ugly, but is essentially vulgar, for it was copied from the lower world of the Second Empire which labored to devise fashions that should suggest luxuriance of figure and the allurements of the flesh. So strong abroad is the reaction from the thrall of the *demi-monde* that there is already a return to long, plain, unlooped overskirts, waists very high in the throat, and close sleeves. Yet half the women who read the paragraph we quoted are at this moment knitting their brows and laying the pattern, east and west, and north and south, to eke out the requisite standing ruffle or wing for last year's pitiably graceful skirt.

And again, *why* is satin inadmissible for trimming. If it were ever pretty, it is pretty to day, and the lustre of satin folds lights up the duller richness of silk like jewels. It is certainly not worth while to buy an unfashionable trimming, but if we had a gown whose only offence was an adornment of the veiled flash of satin, we would not only wear that gown whenever we had occasion to be fine, but we would be set quick i' the earth and bowled to death with turnips before we would substitute for the lovely satin a very ugly, and costly, and useless fringe, simply because relentless fashion will have fringe and no other in this particular autumn of grace. And let us say just a word here about the same fringe. Fringe was originally only the threads of silk, woolen, or mixed fabric drawn on and knotted together wherever a round edge inclined to fray. Gradually they were knotted at regular intervals, so that the convenience assumed the appearance of an ornament, and detached fringes became popular. But for a long time they continued to be made only of the material which they were intended to adorn, and were therefore harmonious and graceful adjuncts.

Now, however, silk fringes hang themselves to worsted, linen and cotton. Mixed colors glare upon a plain ground, and horrid little cocoons of silk or chenille cover wooden spindles, and bob up and down all in arow, in costly ugliness, on cloak, gown, and even on hat. The very significance of its intention is forgotten, and instead of appearing only to define the edges of sleeve or skirt, fringe meanders all over the garment, to the despair of the frugal mind and the bane of the artistic eye. Lastly, fringe is an extravagant trimming because it is always frayed and poor before the suit is worn out, and must be replaced, or stamp its wearer with the brand of shabby gentility. Yet, simply because they feel it to be a duty they owe to society, women who honestly do not feel able to spend money for books or for charity, have this season bought fringes enough to establish a permanent soup-house of large dimensions.

And third, why, in the name of fitness, which is the first law of good taste, are mantles without sleeves to be indispensable garments? All summer fashions insisted on sleeves in her quaint vesture of cobwebs and gossamer. No flowing outlines, no careless squares of lace or muslin then. But now, when the leaves shiver down in the frosty mornings, and the late roses dare not open, even in the warm, sweet-scented noon, and in the flight of the hurrying clouds at night one hears the swift coming at Notus and Eurus, and the blast Euroclydon—*now*, forsooth, sleeves are to be abandoned, and loose mantles are to flutter in the north wind, genuine signals of distress with no friendly relief, alas, in the offing! Not only should no new sleeveless garments be bought, but no inch of fabric should be purchased for alterations, and the pretty and comfortable sacques, polonaises and jackets of last winter should go unprofaned of needle, or scissors, or hard-wrung leisure of owner. To *seem* cold is just as comfortable to the spectator as to *be* cold, and a garment which *looks* unsuitable to the season falls under condemnation both on æsthetic and humane grounds. Yet, already many and many a woman who has a dim sense of some better employment, wearily presses the seams of her altered garment, or wearily sighs that she must wear the old one.

OLLA PODRIDA.

It is definitely established that James P. Kennedy, a leading Baltimore merchant was burned to death in Chicago.

King Amadeus, of Spain, is described as tall, thin, dark, with irregular features, dark eyes and a small black beard.

Further arrests of conspirators have been made at Barcelona, in Spain; and a quantity of war material was also discovered. The men who are in custody are members of the *Societe Internationale.*

Sixteen hundred slaves have already been emancipated in Brazil.

The present fashion for parlor chairs is that of one hundred years ago revived.

Miss Muhlback, the novelist, has sued a journalist of Berlin for libel, laying damages at $4,000.

An exchange says it is reported that Horace Greeley has got into a muss with a Texas editor. It appears that in an agricultural essay on tobacco, Mr. Greeley asserted that fine cut will not ripen well unless the tin foil is stripped from the growing buds early in the spring, and that plug tobacco ought to be knocked off the trees with a club instead of being picked by hand. This the Texas editor said was nonsense, and Mr. Greeley challenged him.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hard & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

A writer in that new journal, *Im Neuen Reich*, of Leipsic, reviews the situation of Russia in Asia, and argues that the Czar is gradually extending his dominion towards India; that in a very few years Russia and England will stand face to face along the frontiers of British India, and then each of the two powers will have so much to lose by war with the other that their European policy will be controlled by the desire to remain at peace together. He, therefore, infers that Germany, in the coming conflict with Russia, cannot hope to have England for an ally, but must expect from her the same neutrality as in the late war with France. She must, therefore, seek an ally in Austria.

Husband (returned from the village store—Mary, well my dear; I've just returned from town and brought with me your entire household—Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Calico enough for a waggon full of—

Wife (hastily)—And forgot the PAIN-KILLER?

Husband:—Oh! no; could n't forget that; it's the most prominent object in every store in town; and besides, the fences and stones and buildings all have "PAIN-KILLER" painted or pasted on them to remind one of it every minute. The storekeeper says that the PAIN-KILLER should be in every house and where one can put their hand on it in the dark if needed.

Wife:—It must be valuable, else the Parson's wife would n't praise it to the skies as she does.

WANTED,

From now to the 1st of May next a FURNISHED HOUSE, either within, or not far from, the city limits. Address MR. RICE, Russell House. 1811 10

THIS EVENING.

Dancing and Maintien.

Mr. Andrews classes are now open in Gowan's Hall, and meet every Tuesday and Friday.

JUVENILES at 5 p.m.; ADULTS at 8 p.m.

P. O. Box 15
or HOUSE, New, Edinburgh.
Ottawa, Sept. 8, 71. 1780

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure on a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rain-Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this."

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S N THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 2, 1871 1811

THE IRISH CATHOLIC TEMPERANCE SOCIETY.

Will hold a Temperance Meeting on SUNDAY NEXT, the 5th inst., in the St. Patrick's Hall, Sussex street, to commemorate the 81st birthday of the great Apostle of Temperance, the Rev. Father Matthew.

The Chair will be taken by His Lordship the Bishop, and addresses on Temperance will be delivered by several eminent speakers. The Juvenile Temperance Society, under the management of the Christian Brothers, will sing several Temperance odes (got up for the occasion). A collection will be taken up by the Rev. Father Malloy to aid him in supporting His House of Refuge for unfortunates.

The friends of Temperance and the public generally are invited to be present.

The Chair will be taken at 2:30 o'clock p.m.

P. G. LEYDEN,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 2, 1871 1810 3

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844½.
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion
J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871 1810y

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENEY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE
OF
CITY PROPERTY

Situated on Sparks and Queen streets, between O'Connor and Bank streets.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the Union House, in the city of Ottawa on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6th, 1871.

at 11 a.m., being sub-divisions of Lots Nos 7 8, and 9 on the South side of Sparks street 22 feet frontage by 99 in depth, those on Queen Street 33 feet frontage by 99 in depth, as described in a plan made by S. Thistle & Co., P.L.S., and will be sold by the same. The location of these lots are the best in that vicinity, and are now the only business lots in that locality for sale.

Title, freehold; and the terms of sale will be one third cash, balance in eight small instalments at 7 per cent interest, secured by mortgage.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.
Ottawa, Oct. 31st, 1871 1807td

SALE AT AUCTION
OF
THOROUGH BRED STOCK, YOUNG STALLION, MILCH COWS, &c.

The Subscriber has been instructed by the Messrs. J & W. Thompson to sell at their farm, Richmond Road, on

Tuesday, November 7th, 1871

eighteen excellent Milch Cows, all young and choice animals, the most of them from Imported Stock. Also, the young stallion "Hardiman," three years old; a number of Working Horses; several colts from one to three years old, all sired by imported horses, and are choice breeds; two very good Cutters; a number of Lumber Sleighs; and a quantity of Double and Single Harness. This Sale will be worthy of the attention of Farmers and Stock raisers, as it is well known that the Messrs. Thompson have one of the finest herds in the Ottawa District.

Terms of Sale—All sums under one hundred dollars, cash; one hundred and over, six months' credit with approved paper with 7 per cent interest.

Sale at 12, noon

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871 1806td

LIST OF LETTERS remaining in the Ottawa Postoffice Oct. 31, 1870.

Andrews W	Maxwell Miss Jessie
Anderson Robt	Marley Mrs
Anderson C F	Mahon Miss Ellen J
Armstrong Miss M	Martin Geo
Bailey Geo	Meagher Jeremiah
Barrins Miss E	Millar Edward
Berry Mrs Elizabeth	Mosgrove T
Besserer A	Mohr A T
Bick T H	Munish Mrs Chas
Blyth Wm	Meyers Herman
Blacklock T W	Neville Jas
Black Jas	O'Connor J A
Bowditch Geo	O'Brien Jas
Briant Mrs	O'Donnell Pat
Bradley John	O'Brien Mr
Brown C W	O'Kane Michael
Bristow Mr	O'Neill Hugh
Brown Robt	Parks Miss E
Burns Mrs E	Patterson Thos
Burton Mrs Ann	Perry Mrs M C

LOCAL NEWS.

It snowed lightly yesterday.

It is now time to put on double windows.

The attendance at the market yesterday was very small.

The mills on the Upper Ottawa have closed down for the winter.

The foundation for Mr. J. O'Connor's new saw mill is complete.

Cab-men and street cars are doing a good business these days.

Agitation concerning the coming municipal elections has commenced.

The streets and crossings are very muddy and clean boots are out of the question.

Mr. Rochester is having a wing erected to his saw mill, intended to accomodate a planing apparatus.

THANKSGIVING.—The 16th inst. has been fixed upon as a day of thanksgiving throughout Ontario.

Country roads are in a very bad state just now, and farmers find it difficult to come to market with their produce.

The Bassett case, which came up for further trial at the afternoon session of the Police Court yesterday, was adjourned until Saturday.

TO TRY IT AGAIN.—We believe a petition was taken around the city yesterday for signatures for a new trial of the matter decided in favor of Mr. Preston at the last assizes, viz: the City vs. Preston case.

IMPROVEMENTS WITH A DOUBLE OBJECT.—When there is a prospect of success it is safe to attempt to kill two birds with the one stone, but it is not every day that such a feat can be accomplished. Some of our city fathers are trying just now to drive two nails with the same stroke of the hammer, but we doubt very much if that enterprize will prove successful. The Board of Works has, no doubt, made good improvements during the last summer, but the sidewalks should have been repaired in spring and not now.

PROGRESS.—The many magnificent buildings whose erection was commenced in this city last Spring, have, notwithstanding the scarcity and expensiveness of labour, progressed rapidly towards completion. The Rajotte Block was pushed forward rapidly, and two of its tenements are now occupied as dry goods stores, and the other divisions will be ready for use ere long. Mr. Champness' fine building on Sparks street has been completed sometime, and is now occupied by Messrs. Garland & Mutchmor as a wholesale dry goods store.

The building for the Merchants' Bank Sparks' street, will hardly be finished before next Spring. Mr. Evans' building on Rideau street is finished. Mr. Hunton's magnificent new building, as well as that for the Union Bank, will be completed in a couple of months

CITY HALL SQUARE.—We cannot help deploring the supin-ness of our city authorities, in matters affecting the public and city. They require to be waked up innumerable times before they undertake to do what should have been done months before. Some time in the spring trees were planted about "City Hall Square," and boxes were made to protect them, but they were piled up near the station and left there until the cows (wandering before the very eyes of the police) had destroyed half the trees.

Then, on the day after the fair principle, they hastened to put up the boxes which they did when they had nothing but decaying switches to protect. At present there is scarcely a live tree among the lot planted around the square. This should not be the case; such culpable neglect is not the way to improve the property, nor is it showing due regard and respect for the interests of the general public.

POLICE COURT.

THURSDAY, Nov. 3.

Mary Ann Hunter, charged with vagrancy, was sentenced to two months' imprisonment. While being led from the court she exhibited a wonderful faculty for obscene language and poured out a volume of the vilest and most abusive epithets against the magistrate.

Barney Corrigan, charged with being drunk on the public streets, was fined $3 and costs or two weeks.

John Whelan for the same offence was fined $3 and costs.

Barney Corrigan was again commanded to erect his noble form before the magistrate which he did with characteristic grace and modesty. He was this time charged with having committed a breach of the peace, and fined $5 and costs or 3 weeks.

Two liquor cases were adjourned.

An assault case was also adjourned.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES.

A regular meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees was held in the City Hall last evening. Present—Hiram Robinson, Esq., Chairman; Messrs. Barber Bronson, Alexander, Kirby, Wells, LeSueur, and Preston.

Accounts from James Hope & Co. and Messrs. Mitchell & Carrier were referred to the Finance Committee.

The report of the Finance Committee was presented by Mr. Barber and adopted.

Mr. Barber presented the report of the Special Committee appointed to take into consideration the Report of the Inspector, and other matters connected therewith.

It recommended several improvements in connection with the schools, and set forth at length the duties of the Inspector. The Board resolved itself into a Committee of the Whole to consider the report, Mr. Robinson in the chair, and proceeded to read the report, clause by clause.

On the clause "to remove the stone porch from the Duke street school, and to make a separate entrance for girls to the same school," Mr. Kirby said that as a member of the Building Committee he would object to any expenditure other than was provided for. Mr. Kirby finally withdrew his objection, however, and the clause was adopted.

To the clause "That double windows be immediately placed on Central Schools East and West," Mr. Kirby objected, and called for the yeas and nays. The clause was adopted.

On the clause with respect to the expulsion of the boy Mulrooney from Central School West, on account of his bad conduct, the Inspector and Mr. Alexander spoke strongly, but rather unjustly, against his re-admission. Mr. Barber also spoke against his admission. He considered the offence for which he was brought before the Police Court—stealing a watch—was a serious one, and he believed that if he was admitted to the school he would contaminate the morals of the other pupils.

Mr. Preston, on being informed that the boy was only 9 years of age and that the offence was his first, thought it would be unjust to expel him, the boy, from the school. There was not a single member at the Board who was not guilty of more than one offence. To talk of a child 9 years of age contaminating the morals of the other pupils during the time they were at school was simply absurd. The pupils after school hours were mixed up with far worse boys and the parents did not evince so much fastidiousness as to their morals. Who was he, "the boy Mulrooney," as Mr. Barber called him? Why not give him some definite name? If he were the child of the Mayor and had shot a man there would not be so much ado about his admission to the school.

Mr. LeSueur also spoke very justly and sensibly in favor of the boy's admission. Mr. Alexander again urged the expulsion of the boy from the school, and recounted a most frivolous story assailing the boy's character.

Mr. Preston had never heard so shameful a proceeding. It was unworthy a man and a member of the Board to collect little stories against a child of 9 years on the streets, and then to inflict them upon the ears of the Board.

The boy had not committed any offence in school, but, on the contrary, as the Inspector acknowledged, was well behaved. The rules or law which the Inspector read did not bear, he thought, upon the conduct of boys when out of school. Worse boys than he had made good ministers in their years of manhood.

The motion for his expulsion was then put and carried on division.

Yeas—Alexander, Barber, Bronson and Wills.

Nays—LeSueur, Preston, Birkett and Kirby.

The vote being a tie, the chairman voted yea.

The remaining clauses of the Report were adopted after considerable discussion.

Consideration of the question as to increase of the Inspector's salary was postponed.

The Committee rose and reported progress.

Mr. Alexander moved that the day of Thanksgiving—the 16th inst.—appointed for Ontario, be observed as a public holiday in the city schools.

Tenders for putting up double windows on the Central School were referred to the Finance Committee.

ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.

The usual annual meeting, preparatory to St. Andrew's day, was held in the Ottawa Immigrant Aid Rooms last night, E. McGillivray, Esq., President, in the chair.

The annual report was read by the Secretary shewing in detail the business done during the year under the supervision of the Committee of Management.

The Treasurer's annual financial statement was read, shewing the Society to have relieved during the year some twenty families; and having on hand, from the great success attending the celebrations of the marriage of the Marquis of Lorne, and the centenary of Sir Walter Scott, the handsome sum of about $1,500.

ELECTION OF OFFICERS.

The following gentlemen were elected office-bearers for the ensuing year:

President, E. McGillivray, Esq.

1st Vice President, J. W Russell, Esq.

2nd Vice President, J. P. Robertson, Esq.

Treasurer, A. Mann, Esq.

Recording Secretary, D. Clyde Robertson, Esq.

Corresponding Secretary, A. H. Taylor, Esq.

Solicitor, Geo. Kennedy, Esq.

Chaplain, Rev. D. M. Gordon, B.D.

Physicians, Drs. Henderson and Grant.

MANAGERS.

Messrs. John Peacock, H. Inglis, W. W. Somerville, J. M. Taylor, G M. Holbrook, Hugh Stalker, Captain D. Mowat, G. D. Saddler and George Stockand.

AUDITORS.

Messrs. Alex. Taylor, John Peacock and Alex. Begg.

PIPERS.

Messrs. D. McKercher and D. Robertson.

A resolution was adopted to celebrate St. Andrew's Day by a procession from the Albion Hotel, at 1 o'clock, p.m. to St. Andrew's Church, and the evening to be celebrated by a Grand Concert. The days' proceedings to be under the management of the officers and managers elect.

The meeting then adjourned.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA in children whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton street, New York, and 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress, result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease, and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

The season for coughs and colds is rapidly approaching, and every one should be prepared to check the first symptoms, as a cough contracted between now and Christmas frequently lasts all winter. There is no better remedy than Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. For all diseases of the throat and lungs it should be used internally and externally.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

HENDERSON & Co.

having commenced business as

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS

AT

39 Sparks Street

respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

Their Stock comprises full assortments in the following lines, viz: School Books and School Stationary, Bibles and Church Services, Hymn and Prayer Books, Sabbath School Libraries and requisites, Illustrated Gift Books, Juveniles, Miscellaneous Literature, &c., &c

The Standard Magazines.

STATIONERY GOODS.

comprising: Foolscap, Letter, and Note Papers, Envelopes; Blank, Pass, and Memorandum Books; Pens, Inks, Pencils, Colours Crayons, Slates, Copy Books, Cards, &c., &c.

Orders promptly and carefully attended to, and Goods not in stock procured with dispatch.

Public and School Libraries advantageously supplied.

Inspection invited.

Remember 39, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 25, 1871 1802 10

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cashmeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

All and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET.

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL.....$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over..... 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over..... 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND..... 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. REDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY; Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARKE, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

Allan,
McKinnons
& McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES.

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle. Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. On trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.

Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal, Oct 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 2?, 1871 1804 tf

D. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.

Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1789 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices.

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 23 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 19th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Captivine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m, for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville, and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1 30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS.
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

JUST RECEIVED

AT THE

China Warehouse

1,000 lbs of the Purest

VIRGIN HONEY

In boxes of 8 lbs. each.

ALSO

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

ONE HUNDRED BARRELS,

of the finest

FAMEUSE APPLES,

hand picked.

All from the celebrated firm of MESSRS. MARSTON & SON, L'Orignal

Parties wishing for above would do well to call and and secure their supply as either cannot be surpassed in quality.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-st.

BROCK & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st October, 1871.

IF YOU W

A CUP GOOD TEA

ND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

		Stg		Stg.
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year.....		£1,282,222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums re-assured.....	£ 110,417 16 8
Being as reported at balance of 1870.....	£1,357,386 16 0		Nors—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimates, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross re-assurances ...	75,164 11 10		Surrenders.....	7,919 14 4
	£1,282,222 3 2		Annuities.....	12,232 17 8
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,919 12 9		Commission.....	9,922 7 6
Consideration for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9		Expenses of Management and all other charges.....	20,986 7 9
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax..	54,725 10 9		Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
		306,715 0 8	Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	26,804 18 9
		£1,588,937 3 5	Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule.....	1,382,409 1 7
			Total	£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up £	75 000 0 0	Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom ....£	500,888 15
Assurance Fund.....	1,201 911 9 2	Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom....	— — —
Annuity Fund.....	105,497 12 5	Loans on the Association's Policies (within value).	175,916 19
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable.....	51,621 4 2	In British Government Securities.....	1,235 15 8
Annuities due, but not applied for.....	60 11 6	Indian and Colonial Government Securities.....	48,881 14
	£1434,090 17 3	Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks...	289,567 17 8
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 2 4
		House Property.....	109,159 13 9
		Annuities purchased.....	26,497 17 4
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses.....	48,538 2 9
		Loans on Personal Security..	5,879 10 9
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company.....	20,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments to Public Rates.....	11,578 10 0
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock.....	46,431 6 9
		Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
		Agents' Balances.....	50,386 8 8
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity.....	29,722 17 2
		Outstanding Interest.....	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable.....	13,967 1 2
		Cash—	
		On Deposit in Bank..... £55,955 7 5	
		On Current Bank Account 21,779 18 9	
		In hand..... 127. 8 9	
			77,862 6 11
			£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES .....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN .....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER ..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN..... " 19th "
MEDWAY ... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 yer year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lock Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....26th "
ST. ANDREW " ..... 2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-

Ottawa, May 6, 1871

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,

CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,

CAPT. R. W. SPRINGS.

The steamer Queen Victoria leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgian," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgian," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to

W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 2 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2679tf

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa,

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

Terms—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to

JONAS AP JONES, Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto, or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1662tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of Instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittances must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be, With great respect, THOMAS HOLLOWAY

533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN, Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

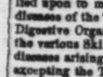
That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Socotine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Flint Bottles ..$1 00
Pills per Box 25



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1607tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N.B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D. F.R.C.P.

SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.

SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.

EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.

SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
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B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 lawky

DR. ROBERTS' CELEBRATED OINTMENT, CALLED "THE POOR MANS FRIEND," is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 12½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS, confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT, Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co., Omaha, Neb.

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

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No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE A.M.	DUE P.M.
	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10.00	4.30
	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	10 00	4.30
		9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10 00	7.30
		9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	7.30
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	4.30
9.00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.		4.30
9.00			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		4.30
9.00			Osgoode, Russell, &c		4.30
9.30		4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	1 30
9 30			The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c		1 30
10.30		4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00
5:30			Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c		7.00
6.15			Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c		7.00
6.30			March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays		6 00
11.30			Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 3 P.M.

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

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Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

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Post Office, Ottawa, Oct. 30 1871 } G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

MESSRS. SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street,

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Maley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20. to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24 Rideau street, Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churcher, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain, Most sincerely yours, CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE, Churchwarden of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information. C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex-st, Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TWO VALUABLE FARMS FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq, and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor, &c., 34tf Post Office Block, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

CELLAR TO LET.

At corner of Sussex and Murray streets, known as Sparrow's Block. Apply to O. DUROCHER, No. 77, Sussex Street,

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1871 1802 2a

Medical.

MME. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN PARTS OF THE WORLD. PREPARED ONLY BY MESS. GABRIEL DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.

May 11 1871

DARL

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Wirlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties horoughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHRO. & LYMAN, Owesville, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR B A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1790tf

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 51y

R. R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEBRUN & GREENLY, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEBRUN. 43tf JOHN J. GREENLY.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Armand's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

OSBORNE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Osborne's Buildings Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM OSBORNE. 558tf GEORGE TALLON

V. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 1391f

DOCTOR BARBARON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Mattoch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Bearr's Drug Store, East end of Sappers' Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARVIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 24tf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherston's Drug Store Residence 14 8

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT, NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence—Hull next the Post Office. 1782y

CHARLES MACRIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetran's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1812. OTTAWA, SATURDAY NOVEMBER 4, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Gedetham & West's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the commercial travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged at hard-times. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Recd'd

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
4 " Black Lustres,
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1 " Pins,
Coston Trimmings
Dress Prints,
1 Balas Grey Cottons,
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Boonet Buttons,
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Horrocks's Shirtings,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Case Hosiery,
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CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
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Satinet,
Satinette,
30 MILLS Poor Collars,
11 Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

☞ The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 19, 1871

HATS HATS!

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new. ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND ☜

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

OTTAWA AND ST. LAWRENCE NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 8 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4:30 p. m., arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as a unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s 6d., 11s, and 22s. each; and also

PILULE ANTI-SCROFULE OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	160 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
otal,	11,160

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

☞ 38 INY SIMSON GENEAU Agent.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

☞ Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 8, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 36 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild;

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Dand Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

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DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—Try them.

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Sellin, Cheaps—mally good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Fine Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... " 130
FANNING MILLS..... " 20

☞ Open Cylinders $36 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 1800w

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN MacGREGOR, the elder, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 100 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa has resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debenture hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the second day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank street, James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the City of Ottawa, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By-law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward, at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street on the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one at the hour of nine of the clock, of the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1871. 1786 1m

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE.

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 88,000 yards	$ 88,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Sulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	84,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered.

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Procter & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Baillie,
Agent,
Trust Office, Ottawa.

GLEANINGS.

Joys are the flowers dropped in our paths by the hand of Providence.

Complain not of the shortness of life, but employ that time usefully.

One great secret of a physician's skill consists in the allowing of his patient to get well.

Mr. McCormick lost $750,000 in Chicago, and is ready to admit that, no doubt, that the great fire is the champion reaper.

The New York papers have the following:

ALEXIS,—
What doth now the people most perplex
is
The non arrival of the Duke Alexis.

The aggregate value of the churches destroyed in Chicago is $8,000,000.

A movement is on foot for the erection of a grand hotel in Cincinnati, at a cost of $400,000.

Father Hyacinthe met with an enthusiastic reception at the Old Catholic Congress in Munich.

It is said that in Damascus not less than 3,000 Mohammedans had expressed strong desires to become Christians.

A humorous apothecary in Boston exposes a cake of soap in his shop window, with the impertinent inscription, "Cheaper than dirt."

The amount of aid given to Chicago in money by all parts of the world is about $5,000,000 besides immense supplies of clothing, food, etc.

The Chicago lake crib is two miles from shore, and yet the keeper had to keep the top of the building continually wet to prevent its igniting on the night of the fire.

It is asserted in Rome, Italy, that many of the monastic orders are about to leave that city, and go to England and America, where they propose to form convents.

Lucy Ames, a fragile damsel of Washington Territory, is seventeen years old, only weighs four hundred pounds, and measures sixty-four inches around the shoulders.

Every cat in Paris is to be taxed three francs a year. From which it may be surmised that there will be fewer cats in the houses and more rabbits in the restaurants.

The revised edition of the Bible in Chinese, which has for some time been preparing at Pekin, is now ready; and will soon be issued from the American Mission press, within the walls of the capital.

Very large sailor collars of linen, trimmed with wide lace and embroidery reaching nearly to the shoulders, are very stylish, worn with a morning dress with cuffs match.

The Spaniards have an old saying which tells us that "white hands never offend"—which means that the little faults and indiscretions of ladies should always be quickly pardoned. Just so!

The French Government owes the Swiss Confederation 2,500 francs, expended by the latter in support of General Bourbaki's army while in Switzerland.

At Bogoeslay, in Southern Russia, where the population consists mostly of Jews, 890 buildings have been destroyed by fire, supposed to have been kindled by fanatical haters of the Hebrew race.

A young woman in Oil City while wringing water from a dress, run a needle through the palm of her hand and died from the effects of the accident in five minutes. She was in entire health at the time.

The construction of a railroad tunnel under the English Channel, between Ireland and France, to cost $10,000,000, will be commenced immediately. The time required for its construction is six years

Chicago hackman extorted gold watches, diamonds, etc., from ladies who sought conveyances to places of safety during the fire, and after driving a few blocks compelled them to get out in order to repeat the outrage on victims.

A man recently came to his death in a curious manner at Venice, Italy. He was standing near a bronze automaton, which tolled the time of day, with his head between the bell and hammer The hour came around without his notice; the automaton struck one, and knocked his brains out.

Louis Napoleon is said to have recently answered a letter from a little boy at Wilmington, Del., who in some strange way has conceived great admiration and sympathy for the French Cæsar, thanking him for his friendly words, and expressing the hope that his little friend might live more quietly and happily than himself.

A new style of entertainment combines charity and pleasure where ladies meet early in the afternoon at a friend's house and sew for two hours on clothing for the poor, after which gentlemen are invited, work is cleared away, an elegant supper is served, and dancing is indulged in until ten o'clock.

There is about one medical man to each 7,182 of the population of Russia. Among the lower classes, the value of rational professional assistance is quite unrecognised; and hence certain forms of disease commit frightful ravages, and mortality among children is greater than in any of the countries of Western Europe.

The latest wrinkle at fashionable weddings is for a black page, in livery, to walk into church before the bride and groom, carrying a small white satin cushion, on which is embroidered a monogram in gilt letters, which he places in front of the altar for the couple to kneel on, and carries it out again at the close of the ceremony. What next?

A friend reports this of a family to which, during the past summer, he paid a delightful visit in Chicago:—"The husband was shot and killed in his own house by a burglar on Saturday night; the house was burned on Sunday night; and now the news comes that the wife perished, with the corpse, in the conflagration that annihilated store, dwelling-place and everything."

Twenty-four oyster shells, belonging to the only dozen of oysters which were eaten in Paris during the first siege, have been sold "to a rich American" (of course) for thirty-two francs. The oysters themselves were sold by the Prussians to a restaurant keeper of the Boulevard Monmartre, for one hundred francs. He received twenty francs for each oyster from the happy consumer.

Gustave Tonnetz, long celebrated in Paris as the "swallower of sabres," has died of a throat disease. A natural sequence, one would say—and he mistaken. For Gustave was equally celebrated as a swallower of whiskey, and while he survived the sabres, to the whiskey he succumbed. One swallow does not make a summer; but a good many swallows made a summary end of Tonnetz.

The New York *World* thus makes light of a learned subject: "Professor Porter is appropriately to take the head of the Yale School in October. The former President is now an ex; the new one may be regarded as double X. Notwithstanding the admixture of Porter with Yale, it is understood that the former will make a p'int of reform without any half-and-half measures."

A London special of the 30th says:—"Five Cabinet Councils were held during last week, the foreign policy of the Government being the main subject of discussion. The organization of the army is progressing actively; the regiments are being brought up to a war standard, and there is an immense accumulation of war material. Early changes in the Ministry are contemplated by the elevation of some of the present Ministers to the Peerage."

In an entertaining article on Centenarianism in an English magazine, it is stated that "the lease of life of the present race of men, is normally something between 70 and 100 years." The writer curiously inquires why we regard marvels of old age with so little interest; and he says the reason is that "the man who exceeds 100 years of life has no more to teach us than the man who exceeds eight feet in height." In short, 'tis of no consequence. It is not usually found that these men who are exceptions to the rule have lived any differently from their fellows, or that they have any secrets which they can impart to others. It is all a matter of accident.

There is great excitement in England, if we may judge by the numerous articles in the newspapers, upon the subject of oysters. In the first place, the price charged for good ones has mounted dreadfully—is five times as great per bushel in 1871 as it was in 1861. The beds have been dredged to death, and cannot re-stock themselves. Formerly the price was from sixpence to one shilling per dozen, now it is from half a crown to three shillings; though there is a large coarse oyster sold at fifteen pence per dozen. All the writers agree that oysters should be more plentiful, and, consequently, cheaper; but we have not observed that anybody proposes any practical method for increasing the supply.

A dog, a long and rough haired terrier, belonging to a gentleman in the County of Wicklow, Ireland, had a remarkable taste for crooked pins, which he swallowed whenever they were given him. If he received a straight pin, he would always bend it with his teeth before swallowing it. His diet seems to have affected his temper, although it did not appear to interfere with his bodily functions. In illustration of this mental peculiarity, it may be mentioned that if any one during dinner, when he was allowed to lie under the table, happened to touch him with his foot, the offending member was at once rudely and fiercely seized; and it is on record that he once tasted the fleshy calf of the Bishop of Ossory. This remarkable animal—the dog, and not the Bishop—died at a good old age, in or about 1812. Mr. Jesse, in his "History of the British Dog"—which is a complete encyclopædia for canine lore—vouches for the truth of the story.

Not very long ago, a poverty-stricken old man drew his last breath in a miserable attic in Paris, who left little else behind him, save a heap of corks, souvenirs of long-past

Reckless days and reckless nights,
Unholy songs and tipsy fights;

for he had been rich and gay once upon a time, and might have sung with Captain Morris:

In life I've rung all changes through,
Run every pleasure down!

It had been a life-long custom with him to preserve every cork drawn for the delectation of himself and his friends, and inscribe upon it the date of drawing and the particular occasion upon which the bottle was opened; so that his cupboard of corks was actually a record of his life. Upon a champagne cork was written: "Bottle emptied 14th May, 1843, with M. B——, who wished to interest me in a business by which I was to make ten millions; this affair cost me fifty thousand francs; M. B—— escaped to Belgium—a caution to amateurs!" Upon another was written: "Cork of Cyprus wine, of a bottle emptied on the 4th of December 1850, with a dozen fast friends. Of these I have not found one to help me in the day of my ruin; their names are annexed below." This strange and sad autobiographical collection was methodically arranged in chronological order, ready for the place its unhappy owner hoped it would find in some public museum or philosopher's study.

PLAYING CARDS.

In the time of George III, Horace Walpole tells us that everybody went by Hamlet's direction, and spoke "by the card." They were made the vehicles of messages of all kinds, and even revered bishops would take up an ace of hearts to convey instruction on serious matters of business, some of which are still in existence. Caricatures, then a new species of satire, were sometimes drawn upon them, and Ministers of State condescended to invent devices, Charles Townshend himself caricaturing the trial of Admiral Byng so cleverly that the pack was afterwards engraved. It has often been asked why the nine of diamonds is called the "Curse of Scotland," and as an answer has lately been given by a writer in "Notes and Queries," we may, perhaps, conclude this article by giving the three historical facts which he assigns as having caused the saying. In the distracted state of the country during the reign of Mary, a man, George Campbell by name, attempted to steal the crown out of Edinburgh Castle. In this he was unsuccessful, but managed to abstract nine valuable jewels, and escaped safely to a foreign shore. To replace

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Public Notice—H. J. Borthwick.
Grand Orange Soiree—James Clarke.
China Warehouse—McDonnell & Mongenais.

The Ottawa Times:

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. Speaker Cockburn is in town.

The Assizes open in Manitoba on the 17th inst.

Despatches were received yesterday by the Government from Lt. Governor Archibald.

There are four candidates for the Quebec Speakership—Hon. Dr. Blanchet, M.P., and Messrs. Bellerose, Chapleau, and Cassidy.

A correspondent writes to enquire how it is that if Riel is at large in Manitoba, some of the English or Scotch settlers do not lay an information against him and demand his arrest on the charge of murder. The question is a natural one but we cannot answer it.

We are glad to hear, on reliable authority that Mr. McCuaig's chances in Prince Edward County are excellent, and that his return may be confidently expected. Mr. McCuaig is an able and a popular man, and Mr. Striker ought not to have a chance against him if the electors are true to themselves.

Our contemporary the *Citizen* criticises our remarks concerning the gentlemen elected to the Local Legislature in Victoria, B.C. We are quite aware to what Legislature they have been elected, but still cling to the belief that inasmuch as they are Union men they are disposed to be friendly to the Dominion Government.

Some of the surveying parties in Manitoba have had exceedingly narrow escapes from prairiefires. We have seen a letter from a member of one of the parties describing the hair breadth risks they ran. At one time they were nearly surrounded by the flames and gave themselves up for lost, but managed Providentially to strike the eastern branch of the Red River and place it between themselves and the fast approaching fire. The surveys are making rapid progress, and the quantity of timber found upon the prairies is far larger than had been anticipated, which is of course a fortunate circumstance.

We often read in Grit organs a great deal about the excellent prospects of the Opposition next Session. The London *Free Press* says the account will stand as under, and is doubtless about correct.

Ontario, Ministerial, 35; Opposition, 35; Quebec, Ministerial, 48; Opposition, 17; Nova Scotia, Ministerial, 14; Opposition, 5; New Brunswick, Ministerial, 11; Opposition, 3; Manitoba, Ministerial, 3; Opposition, none; British Columbia, Ministerial, 6; Opposition, none. Total, Ministerial, 137; Opposition, 61. Giving the Union Government a majority of between 60 and 70 votes.

We are glad the Opposition are satisfied with this position of affairs. We are.

AN ODIOUS COMPARISON.

We might almost fancy that Cromwell would rise from his grave now that the man Bradlaugh has been dubbed by his admirers, both in England and America, the "second Cromwell"! Notwithstanding all his faults, and they were many, though his ambition was perhaps greater than that of any monarch who ever occupied the English throne, Cromwell was not only in ability and intellect as far superior to Bradlaugh as Socrates was to Alcibiades, but also instead of being an infidel who indulged in all kinds of atheistical ribaldry, he was a professor of religion, and doubtless, to some extent, a conscientious man.

As our readers are aware, Bradlaugh has lately delivered a speech of considerable length in which he tried to persuade his hearers that the Queen was insane. Those who have read the report of this oration however will, we are persuaded, be generally disposed to regard it as an evidence of Mr. Bradlaugh's insanity rather than of Her Majesty's. Loving the monarchy as we do, clinging with unfaltering devotion as from conviction we are inclined to do to monarchical institutions, we are nevertheless free to confess that there is nothing easier than to prove the theoretical superiority of republicanism. But the experience of centuries has shown that when brought into practice Republicanism proves a failure. One reason why it fails is because one of its effects is to bring to the surface men of the baser sort, such as this Bradlaugh. We speak of him as one of the baser sort, not because he is a man of obscure birth and origin, but because he is one of those who inflated with a sense of their own importance and urged on by an insatiable ambition, aspire to occupy positions for which both by nature and education they are altogether unqualified. Nor is this all that can be said in condemnation of this new leader of English radicalism. Not content with an attack upon the Throne and Constitution, he hurls his impious sneers at Him in whose hands alone rests the destiny of princes and peoples. This man a Cromwell! This wretched compound of Tom Paine and *Sim Tappertit* to be placed upon a level with the great English Commoner who at all events was possessed of talents and of some sense of religion! One might almost as well compare the Fenian O'Neill to Washington, or George Brown to Sir John Macdonald.

LETTERS AND LETTER WRITING.

The last number of the *British Quarterly Review* contains an interesting paper on the above subject. It is one of the peculiarities of mankind that almost everyone imagines that he is capable of writing a good letter. No matter how deficient he may be in other respects, though eloquence in speech is denied him or however defective his education and general knowledge of the world may be, as a letter writer he is almost certain to consider himself a grand success. We believe, however, that the truth is that there are few accomplishments in which persons so seldom excel as in letter writing. How few there are among us who can sit down and write a few lines to a friend in that easy conversational style, free from all stilted phrases and conventionalities, which forms the true charm of letter writing. As a general thing we are inclined to believe that ladies are better letter writers than gentlemen, from the fact that they write with more ease and freedom, and in a more conversational and natural manner than correspondents of the sterner sex are apt to do. The letters of Lady Mary Montegu, of Lady Russell, and of Madame de Sevigne, are beautiful examples of perfect letter writing, and are perhaps unequalled in their line.

We give a few amusing instances of various kinds of letters and letter writing. First, here is a specimen of a Love letter written in the year 1621.

"To express unto thee (my deere) the inward griefes, the secret sorrowes, the pinching paines, that my poore oppressed heart pitifully endureth, my pen is altogether unable. For even as thy excellent vertue, beaute, comelines, and curtesie farre surmounteth in my conceipt that of other humane creatures, so my pitious passions both day and night are no whit inferiour, but farre above all those of any other worldly wight. So excell not thy gifles, but as much exceede my griefes. Therefore (my sweete) vouchsafe of thy soveraigne clemencie to graunt some speedie remedie unto the grievous anguishes of my heavie heart; detract no time, but wey with thy selve, the sicker that the patient is—the more deadly that his disease is deemed—so much the more speede ought the physitian to make—so much the sooner ought he to provide and minister the medicine, least comming too late his labour be lost. But what painefull patient is hee that sustaineth so troublesome a state as I, poore soule, doe, except thou vouchsafe to pittie me? For the partie patient being discomforted at thy handes can have recourse unto none, but still languishing must looke for a lothsome death. Consider, therefore, my deare, the extremities of my case, and let not cancred cruelty corrupt so many golden gifts, but as thy beauty and comelinesse of body is, so set thy humanity also and clemency of minde. Draw not, (as the proverb saith) a leaden sword out of a golden scabbard. And thus hoping to have some speedy comfort at thy handes, upon that hope I repose mee till further opportunity."

Here is one of Sterne's love letters:

"My dear Kitty,—If this billet catches you in bed, you are a lazy, sleepy slut, and I am a giddy, foolish, unthinking fellow for keeping you so late up—but this Sabbath is a day of rest: at the same time that it is a day of sorrow, for I shall not see my dear creature to-day, unless you meet me at Taylor's, half-an-hour after twelve; but in this do as you like. I have ordered Matthew to turn thief and steal you a quart of honey—what is honey to the sweetness of thee, who art sweeter than all the flowers it comes from! I love you to distraction, Kitty, and will love on so to eternity. So adieu, and believe, what time will only prove me, that I am,

Yours."

Sir Richard Steele had rather a shrewish wife of whom he stood in considerable awe. Here are three of his letters to her:

"Dearest Being on Earth,—Pardon me if you do not see me till seven o'clock; having met a school-fellow from India, by whom I am to be informed in things this night which immediately concern your obedient husband."

"My dear dear Wife,—I write to let you know I do not come home for dinner, being obliged to attend some business abroad, of which I shall give you an account (when I see you in the evening), as becomes your dutiful and obedient husband."

"Dear Prue,—I have partly succeeded in my business to-day, and I inclose two guineas as earnest of more. Dear Prue, I cannot come home to dinner. I languish after your welfare, and will never be a moment careless more.

"Your faithful husband."

Lord Rochester, *rous* as he was, wrote affectionate letters to his wife, if we may judge by the following specimen:

"I kiss my deare wife a thousand times as farr as imagination and wish will give mee leave. Thinke upon me as long as it is pleasant and convenient for you to doe soe, and afterwards forget me; for though I would fain make you the author and foundation of my happiness, yet I would not bee the cause of your constraint or disturbance, for I love not myself soe much as I doe you, neither doe I value my owne satisfaction equally as I doe yours.

Farewell, Rochester."

The following note from one Highlander to another is very pointed and witty:

"My dear Glengarry,—As soon as you can prove yourself to be my chief I shall be ready to acknowledge you. In the meantime,

I am *yours*,

Macdonald."

The pride which ignorant people feel when they manage to compose a letter is amusingly illustrated by the following story: A poor woman living in St. Peter's Home, Kilburn, requested a lady to write a letter, which she would dictate, to one who had been very kind and charitable to her. The lady did so, and in describing what took place, says:

"Having finished it to her evident pride, I offered to read it to her; but I had hardly got down the first page when she became so deeply affected by her own eloquence, that she began to cry and rock herself backwards and forwards. I persevered, and when I had read the last word, paused, not knowing what to say to this unexpected grief. Mrs. Law put down her handkerchief, and shaking her head very seriously, said, 'Well, now, that *is* a lovely letter! It's a great denial to me that I can't write, or I'd send plenty like it.'"

Newspaper editors often receive extraordinary communications, which, if published without emendation or revisal, would not only astonish the general public but the authors themselves. None but an editor can know the vast amount of amusement which might often be derived from the contents of the "waste paper basket" which forms so prominent a portion of the furniture of every editorial "sanctum."

Toronto owns a policeman whose suggestive name is "Brimstone."

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they beat down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 3.

The man who died yesterday at prayers in the French Cathedral, proves at the inquest to-day to be one Baptiste Boire, aged 83. He lived in St. Dominique street, and had never known a moment's sickness till his death. He had been married 56 years.

At the meeting of the City Council to-night the late report of the Committee on Amendments to the City Charter is to be considered at length.

The *Witness* in a lengthy financial review for October speaks encouragingly of trade prospects as a whole, but repeats its warning to stock speculators. Gambling of this sort is on the increase. The total value of bank stocks in less than three months has fallen in public estimation over $8,000,000. That such a vast and sudden depreciation should have taken place without endangering the financial operations of the country is significant proof that stock holders and depositors have the utmost confidence in the stability of the banks.

The annual meeting of the Montreal Curling Club last night elected Sir A. T. Galt as President.

Alex. McGibbon was elected President; Sir A. T. Galt and A. Wilson, Vice Presidents; and Jas. Riddel, Secretary, of the St. Andrew's Society at its annual meeting last night.

The money market continues easier, nearly all dividends paying. Stocks have recovered from the depression of last week. The banks are discounting good commercial paper for customers at ordinary rates.

A slight fall of snow took place this morning.

The thermometer stood at 33°.

HALIFAX.

Halifax, N. S., Nov. 3.

Miss Rye is expected here to-night in the *Nestorian*, with forty orphans to be provided for in Halifax.

It is proposed to extend Barrack street into the Spring Garden Road. If the Home Government will grant the right of way through the military quarters the rest is easy.

Mrs. Margaret Cassidy, who emigrated to Nova Scotia a century ago, died at Entree Island, aged one hundred and six years, and Mrs. Malcolm McGregor, at Pictou, aged ninety-nine years.

A very fine black eagle, measuring seven feet between the wing tips, was killed near New Glasgow, on Tuesday.

Sixty freight cars for the Intercolonial Railway have been completed at the Iron and Steel Works of Londonderry.

The schooner *Maria Blagden*, from Turks' Island, reports that she spoke the French line of battle ship *Amazon* with the loss of her rudder and all her spars. She was in a helpless condition, and under steam, with drag out to steer with.

The weather is frosty.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London, Nov. 3.—The distinguished painter of animal life, Sir Edwin Landseer, is seriously ill.

FRANCE.

Paris, Nov. 3.—Advices from Toulouse just at hand state that the disarmament of the National Guards has been satisfactorily begun.

Intelligence received here from Algeria announce the entire suppression of the insurrection in that department. The natives were generally resuming their agricultural labours.

The bullion in the Bank of France decreased 2,600,000 francs during the past week.

Versailles, Nov. 3.—It is expected that Jules Ferry will shortly be appointed ambassador to Berlin.

The Duke of Harcourt will resume his post as ambassador at Rome.

HOLLAND.

The Hague, Nov. 3.—A convention for the sale of the Dutch settlements in Sumatra and on the coast of Guinea has been signed by representatives of the Dutch and English Governments.

ITALY.

Turin, Nov. 3.—The Italian Government contemplates the fortification of the Alpine passes at a cost of some 7,00,0000 francs.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

Chicago, Nov. 3.—The action of the under writers in increasing the rates of insurance on all grain in store is a subject of general complaint. The rates before the fire averaged 2 per cent par annum. Since the fire the rates are 5 per cent per annum; seven per cent for six months; 12 per cent for one month; and 31 per cent for two days. The *Tribune* says these rates are simply ruinous, and, if continued, will destroy the business. The danger of losses in elevators has been greatly lessened by the fire, and certainly risks are as safe now as ever.

The number of destitute victims of the fire now receiving aid from the Relief Society has considerably decreased, owing to the fact that many are securing employment at good wages. The number of families now receiving aid from the Society is about 14,000, or 63,000 persons, including men, women, and children.

Twenty-five hundred wooden buildings are now in course of construction in the burnt district of the North Division of the city, six hundred in the South Division and one hundred and fifty in the West Division.

Lewiston, Me., Nov. 3.—Two girls, named Ada Brown, of Buckfield, and Anna Wood, of Hartford, were seen at one o'clock to leap into the deepest channel of the falls with their arms interlocked. The bodies have not been found.

New York, Nov. 3.—It is now arranged that should the Grand Duke arrive before Tuesday next he shall land and proceed to Washington *incognito*. On his return he will remain *incognito* at his hotel till the elections are over, and then the programme, as before arranged, will be carried out.

The Young Men's Bureau of Municipal Reform have appointed nearly 2,000 watchers at the polls on election day.

St. Louis, Nov. 3.—The Merchant's Exchange yesterday unanimously adopted several resolutions endorsing the proposition of the International Steamship Company to the Government to establish iron ship building yards on the eastern waters, and urging upon the Senators and Representatives of the West and South to unite in securing the establishment of similar works at some central point on the western waters for the construction of iron boats and barges.

Charleston, S. C., Nov. 3.—Mr. Cardozo, colored Secretary of State of South Carolina, has resigned to accept a professorship in the Howard University at Washington.

New York, Nov. 3.—Private advices have been received from Funchal, Madiera, announcing that the squadron of the Grand Duke left that port on the 9th of October, and the Committee of Reception do not, it is said, expect him before Wednesday.

Judge Ingraham has granted a Writ of Error in the Rosenzweig abortion case. He is to have his case reviewed by the Appellate Court.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says a letter from an officer of the Senate, now with the Southern Outrage Committee at Atlanta, Ga., states that nearly 100 witnesses have been examined, and that over 2,000 persons have been driven in from the rural district to that city by the Ku-Klux, proof of which is in the hands of the Committee.

A Rio Janeiro letter gives the full text of the Brazilian Emancipation Bill. The law frees all the slaves' children born on or after the 28th September, 1871, but subjects them to unpaid service for their masters until they attain 21 years of age. It will effect the annual emancipation of 5 to 10,000 of the existing slaves. It allows them to acquire property by inheritance or gift, but the power to effect savings from the result of the slave's extra work, is made dependent on the owner's consent, a concession to oppositionist outcry. On the other hand the bill frees 1,650 national slaves. It establishes the right of self-redemption, despite the owner's resistance, and by the principle of free birth, it confines the existence of slavery within the limits of a generation. No provision is made for the education of free born children of slaves.

Later information from Salt Lake City than that of which Hooper is the bearer, concerning the Utah difficulties, represent that the proposition to abolish polygamy in the future is one of the tricks of the Mormon chief to gain time, and to divide, if possible, politicians in the forthcoming controversy in Congress, and while he hopes to gain sympathy for the women and children who are victims of his advocacy of polygamy, he hopes thereby to effect a compromise that will stop the present prosecution. For the murders of which he and the leading men around him have been indicted by the Grand Jury, the information is reliable that at least four indictments have been found against Brigham Young for being accessory before the fact to murders within the third Judicial District over which Hon. J. B. McKean presides at Salt Lake City.

Washington, Nov. 3.—W. H. Hooper, a delegate from Utah, has arrived. He denies that he has business with the President relative to affairs in that territory. This is different from the statements made by Hooper while in New York and Philadelphia.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

London, Nov. 3. A general surprise is expressed that the Bank of England made no change it its rate of interest at a meeting of the Governors yesterday. The circumstance is ascribed by rumor to the fact, that a Loan is about to be placed on the the market to meet American engagements, arising from some financial failures. American houses here know nothing of the matter.

New York, Nov. 2.—A long despatch says further advices regarding the terrible Persian famine have been received in this city to day. The satements formerly received are now proved to have been in no wise exaggerated. The famine has already swept almost the entire length and breadth of Persia, and still continues unabated. The people in every city throughout the country are dying by hundreds from the effects of starvation. In Ispahanan, one of the principal cities of Persia, with a population of about 200,000, the ravages of famine and its concomitant diseases has been fearful. The inhabitants, weakened to the last degree by excessive want, have succumbed in hundreds from the effects of starvation in Ispahan. In the city alone, it is estimated that there are over 20,000 native Persians, 1,500 Jews, and 1,500 Christians starving. Provisions are almost exhausted, and re quite insufficient to support one tenth of the population for any protracted period.

A similar state of affairs exists at Teheran, ten miles further south, and there is hardly a single city but has suffered more or less from this fearful visitation.

The steamship *Erin* from London has arrived.

New York, Nov. 3.—Hooper, the delegate from Utah, now on a visit to Washington, to intercede for the Mormons, has been interviewed by a reporter. He thinks that Polygamy will perish of its own violation, that no young Mormons will practice it, and thinks the best solution of the problem is, to legitimatize the present Mormon marriages, and admit the territory to the Union as a State, on the condition that polygamy be forever henceforth discarded.

The steamer *Needa* landed here on Wednesday three hundred Mormons, *en route* for Utah, chiefly English and Scandinavian.

The *Herald* this morning says:—We understand that there is a speculative movement on foot for the removal of Brigham Young and his Polygamous Mormons to the Island of St. Domingo, and that there is a party from Holland now in this city, seeking to reach Brigham Young through this representative man, and that they claim to be in possession of authority necessary to complete the transfer of the Island, or that division of it known as the Republic of Dominica, if the high contracting parties can come to an agreement on the subject. To take the place of the Mormons in Utah, it is said this party from Holland are prepared to bring in a lot of industrious Europeans, who believe in the one wife principle.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of Dysentery and Diarrhœa in children whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 489 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

The care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

SPIRIT OF THE ENGLISH PRESS,

THE END OF CREMORNE.

(*Observer.*)

The glories of Cremorne are gone, in so far as the refusal of the Middlesex magistrates to renew the licence granted to these gardens can secure their suppression. The trim parterres, the crystal platform, the music hall, the hermit, the bowling alley—these, and all the other "hundred and one attractions" of the place, are, in effect, as much a thing of the past, as the gorgeous Rotunda of Ranelagh, or as the glittering lamps of Vauxhall. Much as his great namesake came down upon the Long Parliament; denounced it; bid it disperse; sent it about its business; so has Canon Cromwell come down upon Mr. Baum and his junketings. A stern man is Canon Cromwell, and a practical. He will have no more vain dancings. The sound of the viol and the shrill squeaking of the wry necked fife are an abomination unto him. The Siege of Strasbourg and the discharge of bombs, the gathering together of idle people upon amusement bent, the congregation upon the night of the Derby, he must away with it; it is an abomination to him. He is, indeed, President of a College—St. Mark's College, Chelsea—at which there are "about a hundred" students, who go to bed at 10 and rise at half past five. This college is—so Canon Cromwell expounded on Wednesday week to the London School Board—"the intellectual centre" of London. So much, in fact, is it the "intellectual centre" of London, that Canon Cromwell wants the School Board to hold its sittings nearer thereunto, and not in that centre of Babylon, the Guildhall. And is an intellectual centre to be disturbed by the explosion of fireworks and the rattle of cabs? Are rockets and Roman candles to be let off in the neighborhood of a college? Are we in fine, under Canon Cromwell's very nose, to allow a place of amusement to go on which is frequented by some few thousands of people, and which is to Canon Cromwell himself, and to no less than twelve other dwellers near Canon Cromwell's intellectual centre, who have jointly and severally signed the petition presented by Canon Cromwell to the Middlesex Bench, "a nuisance" which "destroys the peace, comfort, and respectability of their homes" (and intellectual centres), and "injuriously affects and depreciates their property?" With these pleas Mr. Besley—whose energy in attacking crime and vice is almost as great as is his energy in its defence—came before the Middlesex magistrates; and, in spite of the advocacy of Lord Ranelagh himself, Cremorne is, in effect, closed.

THE LATE FIELD-MARSHAL SIR JOHN BURGOYNE.

In Field-Marshal Sir John Burgoyne, who passed tranquilly to his rest on Saturday last, the British Army loses, the *Daily Telegraph* (Oct. 10th) says, a brilliant and valuable link that bound together three military generations. The gallant soldier first saw service under Abercrombie; he shared in Moore's luckless but not inglorious campaign; he served Wellington ably in that mighty five years' advance from the Ocean to the heart of Southern France. Thirty years later, he rendered important service to his country by pointing out its defencelessness, and arousing the Ministry of the day to provide against possible mischief with a novel energy of preparation that has never slackened since; and when ten years more had rolled away, Burgoyne was conspicuous and triumphant in the counsels of the engineer officers on whom devolved the attack upon Russia's Crimean stronghold. From Alexndra to Sebastopol—what an astonishing stretch of service is that? Nearly two generations of men's life, spent in incessant activity and unbroken good service! Yet before Sebastopol no trace of waning skill or power marked the plans and counsels of the septuagenarian soldier; and down to the very last months of his life, despite the pressure of that heavy sorrow which smote him when his son went down in the *Captain*, Sir John showed that neither his interest in his profession nor the quickness and broad intelligence of his mind had been impaired by the chills of ninety winters save one. During many years past, of course, the illustrious officer had practically fallen out of step with the progress of our military affairs—for no keenness of interest can supply the place of that active co operation which age and circumstances forbade. But none who had any active concern in the advancement of the country's martial capacities could fail to be stimulated by knowing that all they planned and did was attentively watched by one who accumulated in his own person a range of experience granted to few of his own later contemporaries.

THE NEWCASTLE ENGINEERS' STRIKE.

(*Times*, Oct. 9.)

It is an unwelcome, but it is an irresistible reflection that the losses and hostilities of the last five months ought never to have occurred. The first broad fact in the case is, that the condition of the trade was such as to entitle the men, if not to their original demand, at any rate to its equivalent in another shape. For once it was not disputed that the condition of the trade justified the application of the men for better terms; but they selected a mode of payment which, though it was perfectly within their competence to prefer, was reasonably obnoxious to their employers, and they held their first position, to all appearance, so stiffly as to suggest a corresponding rigour on the part of their antagonists. That this attitude was less inflexible than it seemed Mr. Burnett has since told us, but he told us only when the mischief was done. Both sides, however, have now paid dearly for their errors; but there is one question which may, perhaps, still be asked. As the men on the 1st of May last were certainly receiving less than their due share of trade profits, might not all this trouble and loss have been escaped if the employers had volunteered an increase of wages without waiting for any application at all?

(*Morning Advertiser*, Oct. 10.)

The masters have so far succeeded that they have at least, on paper, gained the point that their industry shall not be stopped, or rendered unprofitable, for want of hands to work their machinery for a full remunerative day. And this is another point of view from which we may see that an increase of wages is really at the bottom of the dispute. Assume, for argument's sake, however, that this is not so, and that the men object to work overtime, and have set their hearts upon a daily hour of leisure to improve their minds, or to enjoy sweet rest and quiet in the bosom of their families—as we have been so pathetically told is the case. What guarantee is there that they will not at some future day refuse to work overtime? Besides, the precise meaning of this part of the agreement is not very clear. Are the same men who have worked the regular day to work overtime in the evening, or may they not procure substitutes or proxies among their unemployed friends? As the matter stands the net result is that, in the long run, a larger amount of money, in the shape of wages, will pass from the masters as a body to the men as a body.

HOME RULE.

(*Manchester Guardian*, Oct 10).

Mr. Martin challenges the Government to dissolve Parliament, and promises, if that be done, that more than fifty seats shall be filled by declared advocates of "Home Rule." From the virulence, with which the organs of the cause assail not only the great body of the Roman Catholic priesthood, but the middle classes whose opinion must be supposed to have much to say in the matter, we may venture to infer that this sanguine anticipation would not be universally shared among his own party. There is little to be got, however, by attempting to ascertain exactly how far any prediction of the kind is founded on an accurate estimate of the feeling of the enfranchised class. For the purpose of argument we may fully admit, after the Westmeath and Limerick elections, that, if an opportunity were afforded, it is probable enough that the same course would be followed in some other constituencies. But, however surprising the result might be, it would not make the "Home Rule" movement practicable, or even give it any sensibly improved prospect of success. The Irish members altogether are a not unimportant section of the House of Commons, but they are only powerful in combination by holding the balance between the two great political parties. It has occasionally fallen to their lot to turn the scale against a Government which has incurred their displeasure, and to claim gratitude, consequently, for assisting to bring into office the Government which succeeds. But it is beyond their strength to force upon the House of Commons a policy which all parties are united in determining to resist. If it were possible to conceive them as taking up by one accord a wholly un-English or anti-Imperial attitude, they would find themselves confronted, not by Liberals or Conservatives, but by the nation, and learn, by the opposition they would encounter from all quarters the hopelessness of their demands.

THE POLITICAL MACBEATH.

From the Hornet.

M. Thiers, Orleanist and Republican, presents a strange spectacle of political inconsistency, a condition which can only be likened to that of Captain Macbeath. Shackled by the Assembly he stands toying first with Republic, then sweet Monarchy; his heart stirred by duty to one and affection for the other. If there is a glance of deeper regard for either Miss, it is for fickle, glittering Miss Monarchy, the love of his youth, the sweet charmer whose voice has the music of gay courts, whose breath is the perfumed atmosphere of palaces. Poor M. Thiers, what a quaint figure he cuts:

"How happy could I be with either,
Were t'other dear charmer away."

And all the while that impulsive, sensitive, dangerous nation, so quick to perceive the ridiculous, looks on with a dangerous smile of toleration, which may at any time expand to the laugh or ridicule or scorn, and prove once more the truth of the axiom that between two stools there is nothing more possible than that political philosophers will come to the ground.

Mr. James Grant, in his new book on "Newspaper Press of London," expresses the belief that the profits of the London *Times* are £460,000 per annum.

Lung fever, common cold, catarrhal fever and nasal discharge of a brownish color in horses, may be checked at once by liberal use of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders

The season for coughs and colds is rapidly approaching, and every one should be prepared to check the first symptoms, as a cough contracted between now and Christmas frequently lasts all winter. There is no better remedy than Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. For all diseases of the throat and lungs it should be used internally and externally.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

Order and System.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

Great Condition Medicine.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mount Ogden, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large carge of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands.

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,
Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871. y

GRAND ORANGE SOIREE.

A Grand Orange Soiree in aid of the Building Fund of the new Orange Hall will be held in Gowan's Hall on the evening of

MONDAY NEXT, the 6th NOVEMBER inst

Addresses will be delivered by Brothers Ogle R Gowan, Esq. P G M, Rev Dr Fallows, Hutchison, Rev Dr Freeland, Rev John May, M A, Rev Mr Stephenson, Rev A Dawson, Grand Chaplain, and others. All the Protestant Clergy of the City are expected on the platform.

The best amateur talent of the city is secured.

Mr. Mercer presides at the Piano.

Refreshments furnished by Mrs. Frederick Gowans' Band will be in attendance.

Members of the order are requested to wear an Orange Rosette on the left breast.

Double tickets, 75 cents; single tickets, 50 cents—to be procured from Bro W H Tracy, Lower Town, Bro John E Langford, Upper Town, at the principal Hotels, from the Committee, and at the door on evening of Soiree.

Chair taken at 8 o'clock, p.m.

JAMES CLARKE,
Secretary of Committee.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871 1811td

PUBLIC NOTICE.

The Inspector of Public Schools herewith gives notice that on TUESDAY, the 7th inst., he will proceed to enforce the Departmental regulations with regard to the vaccination of children attending the Public Schools of this city.

H. J. BORTHWICK. A.M.,
Inspector P. S.

Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871 1812 2

Free Press and *Citizen* 2 insertions.

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

CITY PROPERTY

Situated on Sparks and Queen streets, between O'Connor and Bank streets.

The subscriber has been instructed to sell at the Union House, in the city of Ottawa on

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6th, 1871.

at 11 a.m., being sub-divisions of Lots Nos. 7 8, and 9, on the South side of Sparks street 22 feet frontage by 99 in depth, those on Queen Street 33 feet frontage by 99 in depth, as described in a plan made by F. Thistle & Co., P.L.S., and will be sold by the same. The location of these lots are the best in that vicinity, and are now the only business lots in that locality for sale.

Title, freehold; and the terms of sale will be one third cash, balance in eight small instalments at 7 per cent interest, secured by mortgage.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 31st, 1871 1807td

SALE AT AUCTION

OF

THOROUGH BRED STOCK, YOUNG STALLION, MILCH COWS, &c.

The Subscriber has been instructed by the Messrs. J & W. Thompson to sell at their farm, Richmond Road, on

Tuesday, November 7th, 1871

eighteen excellent Milch Cows, all young and choice animals, the most of them from Imported Stock. Also, the young stallion "Hardiotune," three years old; a number of Working Horses; several colts from one to three years old, all sired by imported horses, and are choice breed; two very good Cutters; a number of Lumber Sleighs; and a quantity of Double and Single Harness. This Sale will be worthy of the attention of Farmers and Stock raisers, as it is well known that the Messrs. Thompson have one of the finest herds in the Ottawa District.

Terms of Sale—All sums under one hundred dollars, cash; one hundred and over, six months' credit with approved paper with 7 per cent interest.

Sale at 12, noon

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871 1800td

By A. Gagnier, Auctioneer.

FOR SALE AT AUCTION,

That beautiful block owned by the R. C. Bishop, situated on the corner of Sussex and St. Patrick streets. It will be sold in four distinct parts.

The sale will take place on

TUESDAY NEXT, NOVEMBER 7th,

at 11 o'clock a.m., on the premises.

For ample information apply to

A. GAGNIER,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent, Bell's Building.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 1808td

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure on a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more." Reiga Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say

LOCAL NEWS.

The weather was cold and bracing yesterday.

The Carleton Place Cattle Fair takes place on Tuesday next.

Wolverines are said to be very plentiful in the woods this year.

THE MARKET.—The attendance on the market yesterday was small. The variety of produce for sale was very limited.

Mr. Norris is having the late Metropolitan Chop House thoroughly refitted, and will open a first-class restaurant before long.

ADVERTISING.—Ottawa merchants are beginning to advertise liberally; they have just recognized the true clue to rapid success in business.

SHAKESPEARE BITTERS.—The Shakespeare Bitters prepared by Mr. Lourin of the "Shakespeare," is the best flavoured and most relishable drink procurable in the city.

DEARTH OF AMUSEMENTS.—So unusual a length of time has elapsed since Ottawa was treated to any amusements in the theatrical line that we predict crowded houses and large profits to the first troupe that comes along.

POLICE COURT.—Friday—There were only two cases at the court this morning.

In a case of assault the offender was fined $2 and costs.

A party charged with being drunk and disorderly on the public streets, was fined $2 and costs.

TO BE RECONSIDERED.—We believe the expulsion of the boy or rather child from the public schools will be reconsidered at the next meeting of the Board. Some of the gentlemen who voted for his expulsion we believe regret their conduct and feel inclined to mend matters. That is right; give the little fellow another trial.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—P M Grover, Montreal; W H Hodgkinson; do; J N P Grant, do; W Kerr, Kemptville; William S Fish, Newcastle, N B; Alex Fraser, Westmeath; J C A McJudor, Montreal; Geo Baitker, M P, Cowansville; John Roche, Quebec; J R Supple, Pembroke; Andrew Bell and wife, Grenville; Mrs Hurd and child, Almonte; A F Steames, Boston; S Stanton, Brantford; Frank J Phillip, Toronto; John O Nelson, Aylmer; Alfred M Holt, do; J Leach, Farnham Centre; B W Burleigh, Whitehall.

"CHINA WAREHOUSE."—We desire to call the attention of the public to Messrs. McDonald & Mongenais' advertisement which will be found in another column. It is generally well known by this time, we presume, that the "China Warehouse" is among the leading grocery establishments in this city. They have at present on hand a very extensive and varied stock of first class groceries, and will be happy to answer all orders for the same from customers, at the lowest possible prices. They would particularly call the attention of the public to their syrups, cheese, apples and canned fruit, of their goods.

BOTTLES AND TUMBLERS ON THE RAMPAGE.—A quartette of individuals far gone under the influence of alcohol, entered a popular restaurant in Lower Town, on Thursday evening, and evinced an inclination to rule the establishment to suit their own tastes. The proprietor who is a gentleman justly jealous of his knowledge and tact to conduct an establishment of the kind, objected to their assuming immediate control, and on their persisting in their unwarrantable desire undertook to eject them summarily from the premises, in doing which he brought into use all available bottles, glasses, &c. The ejectment was quickly performed and three or four individuals now lament disfigured faces.

CHARITABLE AND LAUDABLE.—To-morrow afternoon the Rev. Father Molloy will deliver a temperance lecture in the St. Patrick's Hall. There is no charge for admission, and every person regardless of class or creed is invited to attend. The rev. gentleman himself will take up a collection on the occasion and all persons who may not be able to be present are asked to enclose a small contribution to his address. The principal object of the meeting is to raise money for the support of the institution for unfortunates, to maintain which he has labored so perseveringly and humbly during a number of years. The good man has rescued many erring creatures from the ways of infamy and vice, but to do so required incessant labor on his part which he gave cheerfully. He has never hitherto made a general call upon the public for assistance, but owing to the success of his efforts in inducing unfortunates to quit their evil ways, he is now obliged to appeal to their charity, old, which, we hope will be given with that liberality his cause merits. Giving liberally in such a cause is benefitting one's self and the community generally; therefore, we would ask all who cannot attend the meeting to-morrow to enclose their mite to the Rev. Father Molloy. Their charity will be rewarded.

FEARFUL MISERY—DEAD, DYING AND MAD.—We were aware that small pox, that most loathsome of diseases existed in this city last spring and that since then it has carried off many victims from among the poorer classes. Fearing the evil which might result from a public announcement that the terrible scourge and infection was in our midst we refrained hitherto from sounding the alarm; but the disease has now reached so formidable a stage that we would deem it culpable on our part to remain silent when we should give warning. Yesterday an unfortunate woman, wife of Baptiste Bergeron, St. Andrew Street, was arrested for behaving on the public streets in a manner which led the police to believe that she was insane which is the case. On enquiry the chief ascertained the locality of her home and immediately despatched a policeman to learn something about her lamentable condition. One of the low, dingy, damp and dirty huts on St. Andrew's street, was pointed out to the policeman as her home. Exteriorly it bespoke nothing but neglected wretchedness, and when he opened the door a loathsome, poisonous odour almost stifled his breath, while before him was a sight which words can hardly describe. Cold, horrible misery alone met his view. In different apartments lay two young girls, one 14 and the other 16 years of age, both stricken down almost to death with small pox, cold, shivering, neglected and starved. They were wasted away to skeletons and ghastly in appearance. But this is not all; in a contrivance answering the purpose of a cradle lay a poor infant, pining to death under the illness aggravated by hunger and neglect. What a picture of misery! two young girls and an infant almost in the last agonies of death, while their unfortunate mother is raving in insanity on the public streets. There is room here for the exercise of charity, and we hope no time will be lost in having so heartrending a case attended to.

An older girl than either of the two now lying sick, died from small pox early in the week; a child lies dead in the next tenement and several deaths have taken place in the locality lately, so that we think it is high time for the health officers to wake up to their duty if their reprehensible supineness will permit them to do so. During this season of the year the disease will spread with alarming rapidity if steps be not taken to check its progress. A hospital specially for patients suffering from contagious and infectious diseases must be established somewhere about the city and the sooner the better. The corporation should see to the matter immediately.

Husband (returned from the village:—Mary, well my dear; I have just returned from town and brought with me your entire list Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Calico and in short a waggon full of—

Wife: (hastily) — And forgot the PAIN-KILLER!

Husband:—Oh! no; couldn't forget that; it's the most prominent object in every store in town; and besides, the fences and stones and buildings all have "PAIN-KILLER" painted or pasted on them to remind one of it every minute. The store-keeper says that the PAIN-KILLER should be in every house and where one can put their hand on it in the dark if need be.

Wife:—It must be valuable, else the Parson's wife wouldn't praise it to the skies as she does.

(*To be Continued*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cents bottle.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m, 7:35 p.m. and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m, 9.10 a.m, and 3.45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Passage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, all loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with Sleeping Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6 30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M., every Morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6 50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 7:30 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director. Ottawa,

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott,

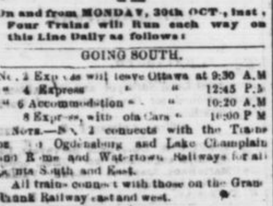
Ottawa Oct 26th 1871

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf



Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

FURNISHED HOUSE.

Wanted, a Furnished House for the winter months. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, Oct. 31, 1871. 1807tf

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

HENDERSON & Co.

having commenced business as

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS

AT

39 Sparks Street

respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

Their Stock comprises full assortments in the following lines, viz: School Books and School Stationery, Bibles and Church Services, Hymn and Prayer Books, Sabbath School Libraries and requisites, Illustrated Gift Books, Juveniles, Miscellaneous Literature, &c., &c

The Standard Magazines.

STATIONERY GOODS.

comprising: Foolscap, Letter, and Note Papers, Envelopes; Blank, Pass, and Memorandum Books; Pens, Inks, Pencils, Colours Crayons, Slates, Copy Books, Cards, &c., &c.

Orders promptly and carefully attended to, and Goods not in stock procured with dispatch.

Public and School Libraries advantageously supplied.

Inspection invited.

Remember 39, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 25, 1871 1802 10

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cashmeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Arts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

KEARN AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL.....$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over.....$ 900,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over.....$ 3,300,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND.....$ 603,210

There having been added $736,300 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY; Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

Pickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
Sole Agents,
34, Sparks Street.

1812 tf

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Rowell and Fingland & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

Allan,
McKinnons,
& McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES.

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL,

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle. Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BURNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known to the community of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. On trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau
Montreal, Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1804 tf

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Baker's, Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.

Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1789 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

Ottawa, Oct. 25 1871. 1801-y

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m, for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

AT ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

L. A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times*.

" " *Evening Mail*.
" " *Courrier d'Ottawa*.
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole*.
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

☞ Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

BROWN & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU W

A CUP GOOD TEA

ND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," ending 5th April, 1871.

		Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year.....		£1,282,222 3 2
Being as reported at balance of 1870.....	£1,357,386 15 0	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances ...	75,164 11 10	
	£1,282,222 3 2	
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,909 12 9	
Considération for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9	
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax..	54,725 10 9	
		306,715 0 8
		£1,588 937 3 5

	Stg.
Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums Re-assured.....	£ 110,417 16 3
NOTE—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Surrenders.....	7,919 14 4
Annuities.....	13,232 17 8
Commission.....	9,922 7 6
Expenses of Management and all other charges.....	20,980 7 9
Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	86,804 18 9
Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule.....	1,382,409 1 7
Total	£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up £	75 000 0 0	Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom ...£	500,888 15
Assurance Fund.....	1,201 911 9 2	Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Annuity Fund.....	105,497 12 5	Loans on the Association's Policies (within value).	175,916 19
Total funds as per first Schedule £	1,382,409 1 7	INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable.....	51,621 4 2	In British Government Securities.....	1,358 15 0
Annuities due, but not applied for.....	60 11 6	Indian and Colonial Government Securities.....	46,881 14
	£1434,090 17 3	Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks...	299,567 17 6
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charge	27,652 2 4
		House Property.....	109,159 12 9
		Annuities purchased.....	25,497 17 4
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses.....	48,535 2 9
		Loans on Personal Security..	5,879 10 9
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company.....	20,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments to Public Rates.....	11,575 10 9
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock.....	46,481 6 9
		Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
		Agents' Balances.....	50,338 8 8
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity.....	29,723 17 2
		Outstanding Interest.....	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable.....	15,067 1 2
		CASH—	
		On Deposit in Bank..... £55,955 7 5	
		On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9	
		In hand..... 127 2 9	
			77,862 6 11
			£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES .....J James, do.
NIGER .....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN .....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER ..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN .... " 19th "
MEDWAY .. " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$35

The steamers of the Glasgow line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....25th "
ST. ANDREW " ..... 2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1[illegible]

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," rom Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m.; and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 2 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

AUCTION SALE.
OF VALUABLE
IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY of NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa,

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 1d

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871. 1662tf

TO BE LET,
A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1836 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vender who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis.

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEE REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles..$1 00
Pills per Box..... 25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
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Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1697tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

FULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by FULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. FULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
"SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

FULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

FULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies,

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DR. ROBERTS
CELEBRATED OINTMENT,
CALLED
"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROFHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family opertent, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES
On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

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TO THE
UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

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The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE WITHIN LIFTY A.M.	DUE WITHIN LIFTY A.M.	DUE WITHIN LIFTY P.M.
.....	1 00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10.00	.....	4.30
.....	12 00	9-00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	10 00	.....	4.30
.....	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S	10 00	.....	7.30
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	15.00	.....	7.30
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.30
9-00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	.....	.....	4.30
9 30	.....	4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9 30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	.....	.....	1 30
10.30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal Grenville, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Oct. 30 1871

MESSRS.
SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

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Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET.

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

HARDWARE! HARDWARE
HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Alsa, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

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TEAS AND WINES,

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MONTREAL.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churcher, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconvenience, which often take place with heating apparatus when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

A RARE CHANCE:

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,
IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 300 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI.

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871.

TWO VALUABLE FARMS
FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farms situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Tenders or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
Post Office Block, Ottawa.

34tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

CELLAR TO LET.

At corner of Sussex and Murray streets, known as Sparrow's Block. Apply to

O. DUBOCHER,
No. 77, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1871 1802 3c

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 17871

DARL
ARABIAN OIL
FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Willows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties horoughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHRO. & LYMAN,
owesville, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1321

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for those complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each test strengthens its universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it. Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W E Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Zinc Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (now construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARRINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1720tf

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 54y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4tf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 480y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TALLON

NETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 396tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1358y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1813. OTTAWA, MONDAY NOVEMBER 6, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 86 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Often to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Now for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVOURITE RESORT of the travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel has been refitted throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interest by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velvet Jackets,
1 " Velvet Robbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
4 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
4 " Cotton Tricots,
" " Jura Prints,
1 Bales Jean Cottons,
3 " Forfars (extensive),
1 case Linen,
1 " Bonnet Satins,
4 " Trimmings,
1 " Morocco Clothing,
4 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drill

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
" " Clothing,
" " Wadding,
20 M SILVER'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
3 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported in Canada. G. M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell at Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

Inspection Invited.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND.

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

CHANNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

OTTAWA AND ST. LAWRENCE NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER

the above Steamer will leave ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10.30 a.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 1:30 p. m., arriving at L'Original at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no run on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for all water sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s, and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s 9d, 4s 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	160 acres,
In Hardley	9,500 "
In Hull,	1,500 "
Total,	11,160

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Gray Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

SIDNEY SIMPSON GERAUD Agent.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 23 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE

and Pale, very fine qualities and Low Prices

DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them*

JAPANS—

Of the first grade, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Similar Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskok, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES	$ 80
THRESHING and SAWIING COMBINED	130
FANNING MILLS	22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

SALE OF PROPERTY.

In virtue of the Power of a Bond or Deed, DUNCAN McgREGOR, the older, held from DUNCAN McGREGOR, the younger, both inhabitants of Huntley, do hereby offer for sale, by Public Auction, on the ground, the East Half of the West part of Lot No. 1, in the Twelfth Concession of Huntley, containing 50 acres, more or less. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, on MONDAY, 16th OCTOBER 1871.

D McGREGOR.

Sept 14, 1871.

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Suppers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa has resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Suppers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3 The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the second day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the City of Ottawa, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street on the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one at the hour of nine of the clock, of the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1871. 1786 1m

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street, James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D, 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

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ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent,*
Times Office, Ottawa.

METEOROLOGY.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—The present, and almost unprecedented, lowness of the water in the St. Lawrence, Ottawa, and the tributaries to these great rivers ought to be a matter of concern to those whose minds are occupied in commerce, navigation, and agriculture; and even to those interested in the water supply of our cities and towns, and also to medical men who are studying the rise, progress, and virulence of diseases

A few words may not be out of place to our Ministers of Marine and Agriculture, to our Board of Trade, and Harbour Commissioners.

Observatories for systematic and continuous meterological observations are very few and far between in the Dominion. With the exception of the Magnetic observatory at Toronto, under the able superintendence of Professor Kingston, there is in the Province of Ontario no other establishment superintended by efficient officers who publish the result of their labours which, when collected, are invaluable for statistical investigation and scientific deduction.

In the Province of Quebec, the long and careful observations of Dr. Smallwood at St. Martins, Isle Jesu, are well known, but they have only been published in a desultory manner; although they furnish an important quota to the common stock of knowledge or meteorological desiderata, how much more valuable would they have been had they been systematically aggregated, reduced, and compared with those of other observers. The observatory at McGill College, partially under the care of Dr. Smallwood, has no regularly organized staff, and is deficiently supplied with instruments; the public and private money grants for its support are utterly inadequate.

The observatory at Quebec, under the charge of Lieut. Ashe, R.N., hitherto has been chiefly used as a means of giving to masters of vessels the meantime of the place; as a meteorological observatory it has been comparatively if not absolutely valueless.

Of the many subjects which come under the notice of the meteorologist, there are few of more vital importance than the laws which govern the alternation of seasons, and especially the amount of moisture in the atmosphere. If we could obtain, from a long series of observations in various localities, any data to guide us in arriving at approximate estimates of the fall of rain these would prove of the greatest interest to the agriculturist, the engineer, the statist, and the physician.

We are almost wholly deficient in accumulated facts from various districts, which shall guide us to a knowledge of the mean average fall of rain in certain periods, the proportionate evaporation, and the alternation of wet and dry seasons. Not only the regularity and luxuriance of crops, and the health of districts, depend mainly upon the ascertained data of the fall of rain, but the navigation of our rivers, and the water supply of our cities, also depend to a considerable extent upon the annual fall of rain.

The barometer and thermometer may be found in some dwellings, but the hygrometer for recording the moisture of the atmosphere, is less known, in fact, is rarely used, while the rain gauge throughout immense areas is never used, nor is its importance even imagined.

The truism is accepted—"When the fall of rain is less than the average, springs become dry, and rivers low, and milling operations dependent upon our streams, are at a stand still; and when the fall is excessive it has an injurious effect on the sanitary condition of the people, as well as a damaging effect on the country at large."

Whatever causes produce the diminution of the rain fall, they cannot be solved solely on theoretical considerations. It is only from long series of exact and methodically grouped observations that indisputable results can be obtained; but unfortunately such observations are so few in number and extend over such comparatively short periods in Canada, that it might almost be said we know nothing practically of the science of meteorology.

It is high time to organize a set of observations in order to obtain data useful to commerce and agriculture. The reception, accorded by our maritime populations, of the warnings furnished them by the public observatories of Europe and America causes us to foresee the time at hand when our farmers and mariners will claim similar attention from the solicitude of our Ministers of Agriculture and Marine. Let observations be at once commenced in order to set forth to them the advantages that would result from the pre-announcement, at the right time, of the approach of bad weather. Let the pupils in our Normal schools and the students in our colleges, under the direction of a master, daily take meteorological observations, to be published in the Journals of Education and Practical Agriculture.

The instruments necessary for each school are:

A Barometer	$20 00
A Thermometer	5 00
A Rain Gauge	7 50
An Hygrometer	10 00
Total	$43 50

these, RELIABLE STANDARD INSTRUMENTS.

"A comparison of series of observations made at different periods may indicate," according to the just remark of an eminent meteorologist, whether the natural condition of the place has undergone changes, in consequence of the cultivation of the ground, or the clearing away of forests, the drying up of lakes, arms of the sea, or marshes, or by the replanting of woods." These indications could not, undoubtedly, acquire a scientific value, excepting by the lapse of time, but they would be infinitely precious to us, should they go to confirm the influence that man may exercise over the character of climate, by a wise management of the domain confided to him.

The well authenticated results of drying up natural springs, changing climates, and altering the regularity of rains are shown in the writings of Humboldt, Kaemtz, Forbes Boussingault and other meteorologists. Humboldt (vol. IV. page 143) remarks—"In felling trees which cover the crowns and slopes of mountains, men seem to be bringing on future generations at once, a want of fuel and scarcity of water."

That there is a wilful and sinful waste of our trees in Canada is too well known; the exorbitant price of fire wood the poor painfully and piteously feel. The lowness of the water in our navigable rivers and our mill streams are at present a source of inconvenience and loss to our merchants, factors, and traders, and fraught with apprehension to our insurance agents.

Forests act as regulators, preserving snow and rain from melting and evaporating, and producing a regularity in the flow of rivers draining them. When they disappear, thunder storms become less frequent and heavier, the snow melts in the first warm days of spring, causing freshets, and in the fall the rivers dry up and cease to be navigable.

"It is evident," says Professor Dove, "that a vigorous vegetation produces rain, which on the other hand nourishes again that vegetation, and that the senseless destruction of forests very often has destroyed the fertility of the soil."

Mr. Glaisher of the Greenwich Observatory says:—"There is scarcely an element of meteorology more important, or involving more beneficial interests to mankind than a knowledge of the actual rain-fall of a country. A wide field remains open for the connexion of agricultural statistics with the annual amount of rain-fall over certain districts, and one no less interesting, which should embrace a full enquiry into the greater or less prevalence and kinds of disease peculiar to rainy districts and the reverse; also the time of the year at which the wettest periods occur, and whether they influence, to any appreciable extent, the growth and progress of disease."

It manifestly is the wisdom of the Minter of Agriculture not only to ascertain the cause of the diminution of the rain-fall but the amount of its diminution.

In the formation of reservoirs of water for our towns and villages and railway stations, it is clearly necessary to ascertain approximately the average, greatest and least, falls from the district from which the supply of water will be derived.

The manner of distribution of the whole amount of rain-fall affects, to a great extent, the engineering operations of a country. Now, between Quebec and the Ottawa district, along the proposed line of railway, there is not in use a single rain gauge, consequently nothing is known of the influence the rain-fall exercises upon rivers and streams or the quantity of water that passes down them at different seasons of the year.

The cost of proper rain gauges is very little and their mode of use so simple that neither upon the score of econogy nor the necessity for expert observers ought there to be any excuse for the non registration of the rain-fall. The instrument consists of a bottle or vessel which is to be sunk in a small wooden case in the ground; and a funnel, with a turned brass ring of eight inches in diameter, fitted into its mouth in such a way as to exclude the entrance of any outside wet. A glass cylinder which is furnished with it is so graduated as to show by simple inspection (when the rain is poured in) the depth which has fallen on that circular area; and by consequence on the whole surface around.

The full consideration of the subject is more fitted for a lecture. Its importance is self evident—"these great commotions of the air that disturb the surface of the earth and sea, concern our safety and comfort too nearly not to have been interesting to mankind at all times;" but unfortunately the science of meteorology is regarded with indifference by those whose interests depend upon the foreknowledge of the tempest and the hurricane, and they bestow on it no more than the supercilious notice they would take of the weather column in a Moore's almanac, and are satisfied with the knowledge that rain may be expected when the swallow flies low and skims backward and forward over the surface of the earth and waters frequently dipping the tips of its wings into the latter; or that a storm of wind may be expected when magpies fly in small companies, and make a fluttering noise.

I am, Sir,
Yours obediently,
THOS. D. KING.

Montreal, November 1, 1871.

A SINGULAR CASE.

An inquest was held a few days ago before Mr. S. M. Cox, coroner for East Devon, on the body of the Rev. John Banfort Selwood, who has for the past eight years held the rectory of Shute, England. The deceased gentleman, who was forty-one years of age, and of a very stalwart and robust nature, had lately been subject to intermittent fits of despondency, during which he laboured under the impression that he was about to die from bleeding of the heart. His medical advisers induced him to take a tour on the continent, returning about a fortnight ago, when he apparently appeared benefitted by the change of air and scene. In the evening he went to a party at Shute House, returning about three o'clock Thursday morning. In the afternoon he was seized with a fainting fit, and Mrs. Selwood induced him to go to bed. Between seven and eight o'clock, whilst his wife was sitting by the bedside, deceased suddenly jumped out of bed, exclaimed that he was dying, ran across the room to the dressing table, seized a razor and rapidly dashed it across his throat, inflicting a deadly gash from ear to ear. The screams of the frightened lady drew the servants into the room, when they found Mrs. Selwood vainly endeavoring to staunch the blood from her husband's throat. Medical assistance was immediately procured, but the unfortunate man died a few minutes after the perpetration of the act. The evidence at the inquest tending to show that the deceased had been subject to fits of melancholy, the jury returned a verdict of "temporary insanity." He was a man very much beloved by his parishioners for his genial and affable disposition, and the deepest sympathy for his widow is felt throughout the neighborhood.

RUSSELL PLOUGHING MATCH.

The sixteenth ann

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1635 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Lecture on "India and Indian Missions"—Rev. Charles Grant.

Information Wanted—Constable Litle.

The Ottawa Times.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 6, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Judge Dunkin goes East to-day.

Mr. Jones, M. P. for Leeds and Grenville, is in town.

Sir George Cartier and Hon. Mr. Langevin left for Quebec on Saturday.

Ogle R. Gowan, Esq., has arrived in the city, and is the guest of Alderman Mosgrove.

Mr. Dixon, Immigration Agent, arrived here on Saturday from England. He came in the *Prussian*, and had a very long and stormy passage.

We have been requested by Mr. King of Montreal, to insert a communication from him on the subject of Meteorology, which will be found on our outside page. Mr. King has devoted much time and attention to this subject, and his well written and very interesting letter is entitled to consideration and respect.

We are surprised to learn that the Catholic League of Toronto have taken up Mr. Kennedy of Hatherley, and intend running him against Mr. Ardagh, in North Simcoe, for the Local Legislature. They have had a conference with Mr. George Brown, and have agreed with him to hold a Convention in Barrie, about the middle of the month, and Mr. Kennedy will doubtless be the nominee. He is a Scotch Catholic.

The Hon. Mr. Carling has despatched Surveyors and Engineers to Prescott, to make the necessary surveys and estimates for carrying a portion of the water from the St. Lawrence into the Nation River. The work is to be proceeded with immediately. When this work is completed, it will make the Nation River the best milling power in the country, and improvements of this description will forward the interests of the country to such an extent, that the populations of Glengarry, Prescott, Dundas, and Stormont, must be largely increased.

As an instance of the stupidity and brutal vulgarity of the New York Fenian organ the *Star*, we may mention that its latest story about Queen Victoria is to the effect that she smokes; that she smokes from morning till night; that she smokes a short, dirty "cutty" pipe only; that she smokes continually in company with a vulgar old woman; that she will smoke nothing but smuggled tobacco, and that Gladstone has protested in vain against her indulgence in these habits. As the organ of Fenianism and the hired defender of Tweed's rascalities, the New York *Star* may possibly be regarded as the most degraded journal in existence, and what makes it more remarkable is the fact that the tone of American journalism is, as a general thing, improving.

We do not wonder that many of our contemporaries express surprise and indignation at the fact of the Empress Eugenie's wardrobe being sold by auction in Paris, and at the coarse jokes which were bandied about as each article of attire was held up to view. Certainly to our British notions this seems to say the least of it a very ungallant mode of treating a lady, but after all we must remember that it is the custom in France to sell the personal effects of deceased persons, and use is second nature. The correspondent of an English journal describes a scene which he witnessed himself—a baron presiding in his chateau at the sale of his defunct mother's underclothing, and smilling at the coarse remarks of peasants who were disputing for her night-dresses.

THE WELLAND CANAL.

We learn, that immediately on the return of the Hon. Mr. Langevin from British Columbia, he took up with his wonted energy the question of the Welland Canal and its management, and instructed Mr. Woodruff, the manager of the Canal to report himself at Ottawa, and then made inquiries with regard to various matters affecting the Canal. Subsequently on the 27th day of October last, Mr. Langevin reported to the Privy Council, that without making any imputations on the honesty of Mr. Woodruff, he was of opinion that the public interest required his removal from the office of Superintendent of the Welland Canal, and an Order in Council was passed for his removal in accordance therewith. We learn further that in order to give time for the selection of a thoroughly competent person to fill so important a position, Alfred Brunel, Commissioner of Inland Revenue, has been temporarily appointed Superintendent of the Welland Canal, his appointment to continue until the close of the season of navigation. We are sure that the public will have confidence in Mr. Brunel's Administrative ability and capacity, and are persuaded that no better person could have been selected for the important duties which will now devolve on him. Mr. Brunel must be conversant with all affairs connected with the Welland Canal, as he was book keeper for Messrs. Cotton & Rowe, from 1844 to 1850, who carried on the largest works on the canal. The experience he must have then acquired cannot but prove of much advantage to him now.

MR. FACING-BOTH-WAYS BROWN.

It is certainly somewhat amusing to watch the Hon. George Brown, struggling to perform that old trick, an attempt to achieve which has proved the ruin of so many politicians, viz.: to ride two political hobby horses at one and the same time.

One day we find him in the columns of his organ lashing the Protestant horse, endeavouring to arouse the bitterest sectarian prejudices, and trying to persuade the public that no Canadian subject of Queen Victoria, who is a Roman Catholic, or of French extraction, can by any possibility be loyal and reliable. Many of the old abusive epithets are again brought forward, and much of the rancorous and vindictive spirit which distinguished the honourable gentleman's attacks upon the Roman Catholics in former years is displayed one more. But before many days, or it may be many hours have past away, to our surprise we find Mr. Facing-Both-Ways Brown in close confabulation with the Catholics of Ontario, addressing long letters of advice to them, and pretending, that although for many years he had done nothing but heap the most cruel abuse upon their heads, he had all the time been inspired with a sneaking regard for them, and that when he spoke of them and their religion in terms of ribaldry and reproach, it was only to be accepted in a "Pickwickian sense."

This attempt to deceive and mislead the public is clearly indicative of three things, namely: First of Mr. Brown's utter insincerity and lack of principle. Secondly, of his infinite self-conceit. Thirdly, of the contempt in which he holds the people of Ontario and how exceedingly gullable he believes them to be.

Throughout the whole of Mr. Brown's connection with the Ontario opposition, there is nothing more manifest than the fact of his never having made himself known as the advocate of any one great political principle. It is true we have heard a great deal said about a desire for economical government, and have heard a vast amount of abuse hurled at Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues. But we challenge any of our Grit contemporaries to name any great political principle which their master has announced since 1867, such as might serve as the battle cry of a party, or appeal to the common sense and conscience of an unprejudiced and reflective man. No, it has been the old story of abuse, calumny, and misrepresentation, published far and wide against every one who did not agree politically with Mr. Brown. "No case, abuse the plaintiff's attorney," was the direction given to an able councillor by the solicitor, who knew that his client had not, figuratively speaking, "a leg to stand upon." It has been the same with the Grit leader. He has utterly failed to establish a case against the Dominion Government, to show that they have in any one particular gone astray from those great principles upon which Confederation was based; facts which he cannot deny or hide prove how zealously they have carried on the work of Union, and so the only instructions he can give to his "hirelings" and "sleuth hounds" of the Grit press, (we use two of his own choice expressions) is "abuse and misrepresent."

Shall we then who are members of the Party of Progress, who in all truth and sincerity hold that the welfare and prosperity of Canada are of far more importance than a party triumph, and who only support Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues because we believe that they have done their duty honestly and faithfully and because we have confidence in them for the future, shall we dread the assaults of a party who with no great principle or enduring bond of union to unite them are forced for the nonce into an unnatural political alliance to suit the ambitious purposes of an unscrupulous and unprincipled man; a party the members of which while calling themselves "Liberal" are not possessed of a single claim to the title, and who take the most narrow minded and illiberal view of every question that comes up for public consideration? For ourselves we have too much faith in the good sense and discernment of the people of Ontario to believe it possible that they will be gulled by Mr. Brown. We say boldly and with a certain conviction of the truth of what we say, that that gentleman rests all his hopes of Grit success upon his ability to deceive and hoodwink the people of this Province through the columns of his organ. We only ask our readers to fairly look back upon the record of the past four years. Let them, setting aside for the time being all party prejudice, and banishing from their minds all thought of Mr. Brown's misrepresentations, glance at the political history of Canada since Confederation became a fact. Let them bear in mind how rapid has been our progress, how unexampled our prosperity, and let them find out if they can in what the Government have been recreant to their trust, or in what way Mr. Facing-Both-Ways Brown has established any claim to their confidence.

Englishmen and women do not as a general thing seem to have known much about Chicago. *Vanity Fair* says:

A great fire in Vienna, or Madrid, or St. Petersburg, would probably have caused ten times the excitement here that has been produced by the announcement of the destruction of Chicago. And yet Chicago, we are told, is a magnificent city, with a population of 300,000 souls. The press has done its duty manfully, and whipped up a little interest in the fate of the "mushroom city," but the majority of people here are hardly able to grasp the fact that there has been a disaster probably never equalled in the history of the world. It does not appeal to their feelings; it rouses a languid sensation of curiosity, and that is all. We are a respectable people, and our respectability is of ancient date, we therefore have an aristocratic contempt for *parvenus*. We looked upon the great cities of the West much at the orthodox *élite* of a cathedral town would look upon a rich Dissenting brass-founder. Many of us would be puzzled to point out Chicago on the map: some of us had possibly never heard of its existence before, or had dimly associated it with the idea of a vast river, or a spacious lake, or wide prairie, or something in the Fenimore Cooper line. It is no doubt an expensive way of acquiring a reputation in Europe, this wholesale conflagration business, but it is at least satisfactory to think that the existence of Chicago as a city will now be definitely established in the mind of every Englishman.

At all events, whether they knew of its existence or not, Englishmen knew that it was their duty to stretch forth a helping hand to those who suffered there, and they did it nobly.

Mrs. Stowe has also a couple of volumes, for young readers nearly ready for Christmas

A BALLOON STORY.

After referring to the late terrible balloon accident in Kentucky a San Francisco paper says it is reminded of a remarkable balloon accident which occurred in that city some time since.

It was customary in those days to have some excitement every Sunday across the bay. Thither would flock great numbers of San Franciscans, to see the fun whatever it might be. Sometimes it was a bull fight—at others a bull and bear fight; again, a balloon ascension. This time the latter amusement was the attraction. A Professor Wilson had advertised to "go up" at Oakland, and long before the hour for starting an immense concourse of people had assembled to witness the performance. Great difficulty was experienced in inflating the aerial monster, which rolled from side to side like a huge whale. At the appointed time, however, in stepped the Professor, and the fastenings were cut loose—but the balloon didn't go. The ballast was thrown out to "light ship." Still no go. It stubbornly refused to rise. Then the car was taken off and a plain board made fast to the ropes. The Professor seated himself on this, but no better luck. At this stage of the proceedings some one called for a boy to go up. "Five dollars for any boy that will go up in the balloon!" was shouted out by some reckless individuals, and several youngsters were importuned to accept the offer.

In a few minutes one was found in the person of "Reddy," a newsboy or orange peddler, who was unluckily on the ground. As soon as he announced his willingness to make the foolhardy attempt no time was given for "sober second thought." Instantly he was rushed to the spot and seated on one end of the board.

The wind, which had strengthened by this time, now caught the balloon and it began slowly to ascend. When about 200 feet from the ground the boy was observed to give a sudden jerk at the valve rope, which evidently broke, as one end fell over and trailed down. What a horrible situation for an inexperienced youth, who had probably never seen a balloon before! Upward, upward, steadily upward, floating out across the bright waters of the bay in the direction of Sacramento. Gradually the huge air ship and the young aeronaut "grew small by degrees and beautifully less" until they were but a mere speck in the horizon, soon to be lost entirely to the naked eye.

There were many heavy hearts among the returning excursionists that day, for the boy had been a favorite, and it was terrible to think of him sailing helplessly through the clouds at the mercy of the winds of heaven, with the prospect of being finally dashed to pieces on the earth below. But strange to say, no such fate was in store for the adventurous "Reddy." The balloon after crossing the straits near Benicia, descended a short distance from the little town of Martinez, Contra Costa county, "Reddy" jumped off as soon as it was close to the ground; and then, freed from his weight, up it went again. Parties noticed the balloon pass over Sacramento City, but after that it was never heard of.

DOMINION NOTES.

A train consisting of 38 freight cars loaded, passed St. Catharines on the G.W. railroad, on Monday evening, over 1,200 feet in length. The freight was principally hogs.

We learn that the officials and employes of the Great Western Railway have subscribed the very handsome sum of $3,000 for the Chicago sufferers. This is very creditable to the generous officials of the Great Western Railway.

Miss Macpherson addressed a public meeting in Galt recently on her emigration work. She contemplates the establishment of another branch "home in the country west of Hamilton, and her visit to Galt was with the view to making enquiries concerning a small farm which would be suitable for the purpose.

There was a fire in Water street, St. Stephen, N.B., on Saturday. Three dwelling houses were burned. The fire broke out in Patrick Neash's house, whose daughter, eight years old, perished in the flames. The houses on either side belonging to Joseph Johnston and Thomas Doran were totally destroyed.

A notice appears in the Elora *Times* of an application to be made at the next session of the Ontario Legislature for a charter to construct a line of railway from some point at or near the village of Arthur to some point within the corporation of the village of Elora. The *Times* believes it is the intention of the promoters of the scheme to continue the road on to Guelph, and there connect with the Credit Valley Railway.

The Kingston *Whig* says the recruiting of a Battery is now going on in that city, under the authority contained in last general orders. Twenty-six men attached to Major Drummond's Kingston Field Battery, have enlisted for the full period for which the Government will require them. This is from Kingston alone. There is the rest of this district and three others in Ontario to hear from, and the full quota, it is expected, will in a few days be made up. There is no difficulty in procuring volunteers. The trouble really is in selecting the number that are wanted from all those who offer.

The members of the St. Andrews church choir, Kingston, presented Mrs. William Shannon with an address, accompanied by a gift in the form of a handsome silver salver, as a mark of their esteem for her as a late member of the choir.

One hundred car wheels manufactured at the Londonderry, N. S., Iron Works, were shipped at St. John, N. B., for England, last week.

The erection of a Post Office for St. John, N. B., is to be commenced early next spring. The general plan of the proposed structure embraces ample accommodation for the offices of the several branches of the Department on the two lower stories, with a room of the full size of the building for a Merchants Exchange.

A new Wesleyan Church in Lindsay will be dedicated on the 17th December. Mr. Punshon will preach and on the following Monday will deliver his lecture on "Macaulay."

It is rumored upon the streets that the editor of a London Grit sheet will shortly publish a new grammar of the English language, which will be found to differ from the present authorities on many important points. Parties desirous of understanding his editorials would do well to send in their orders at once.

The Lindsay *Warder* says:—On Thursday last, while a number of farmers were attending a sale of farm stock on the ninth concession of Mariposa a severe storm came on which caused a stampede for the barn. Some four or five, however, remained talking. When a flash of lightning struck one of their number causing instantaneous death, and completely stunning the others, some of whom we understand were knocked down. The deceased, Thomas Tremeer, lived on the 5th concession of Mariposa, and we learn was an industrious man. He leaves a wife and family. The fatal stroke left no marks save that the hat was a little torn and the temple and cheek slightly discolored.

A rather bold confidence game was played in Brockville the other day. A respectable looking man, dressed somewhat in the manner of a Catholic clergyman, called at the house of the Rev. Mr. O'Brien. Unfortunately the reverend gentleman was absent at the time, and the stranger had an opportunity of throwing the inmates of the house off their guard. He enquired very kindly after "Father O'Brien," and several others, and professed to be well acquainted with all the clergy in the neighborhood, and by his conversation and manner completely disarmed the servants of all suspicion. The consequence was, the rogue, for such he proved to be, was left alone for some time, during which he took the liberty of walking up stairs and thoroughly ransacking every corner where he thought anything of value might be met with. We are sorry to say the scoundrel managed to get off without being either suspected or detected.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 4.

Mr. Smith, Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries arrived to-day.

Numbers to-day visited the Spanish steamship *Churruca*. She is 1,200 tons, and the first Spanish vessel visiting this port since 1780.

The number of vessels arrived up to the present time is 575 against 550 during the same period last year, and the number of departures 526 against 514 during the same period last year.

The million dollar grant was again before the Council last night, and was postponed.

Wm. Hayes, a child, was this evening knocked down by a carriage and severely injured.

The water in Lake St. Peter is rising rapidly, and a number of large ships left port to-day on the home voyage, the last of the season.

SUNDAY, Nov. 5.

Rev. Mr. Punshon preached in St James street, Wesleyan Church this morning, to the largest assembly ever in the church. This evening Dr. Tiffinay, of New York, preached to a large congregation in the same place. The annual missionary meeting takes place to-morrow, Sir A. T. Galt presiding.

The weather is clear and there is heavy frost.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, Nov. 4th.

The troop ship *Orontes* sailed for Quebec yesterday to bring the 60th Rifles here.

The annual meeting of the North British Society was a very pleasant, social and business-like gathering. Among other officers Jas. J. Robinson was appointed President, Howard McLean secretary, Geo. Mitchell treasurer. This society has $7,000 invested for charitable and useful purposes.

A branch of the Merchant's Bank has been opened at Antigonish. T. M. King is agent.

Walter Jordan was arrested and fined $10 yesterday for carrying and using a sling shot.

Mr. Joseph Keefler, for many years keeper of the Cemetery and Sexton of St. Paul's Church, died suddenly, aged 83 years.

The new Mission Church on the Krupt road is completed, and will be opened tomorrow.

The Corporation of the Western Counties Railway have held a preliminary meeting at Yarmouth and named the 12th December for a general meeting to organize under the Act of Incorporation. The object of this Company is to extend the railway across the county from Annapolis to Yarmouth.

Annie Deboy was tried before the Supreme Court yesterday for bigamy and found guilty.

Engine house No. 4 and the Rev. Mr. Uniack's barn were burned yesterday morning. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary, as several attempts had been made to burn them previously. Both buildings belonged to the St. George's Church Corporation.

Mr. John Fraser, school master at St. Joseph, Antigonish County, was accidentally drowned while out duck shooting in this neighbourhood.

The weather is clear and cold.

COBOURG.

COBOURG, Nov. 4.

David Barrinber, of Brighton, who was arrested and lodged in gaol for the murder of his wife, was tried here yesterday. J. O'Reilly, Esq., conducted the case on behalf of the prisoner. The jury returned a verdict of guilty. The Judge sentenced him to be hanged, and appointed the 14th day of December next, as the day of execution.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—A suppliment to the *Official Gazette* has been issued. It contains a proclamation from the Queen, announcing the further prorogation of Parliament to the 27th December.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 5.—Victor Hugo has made a second visit to President Thiers, to procure pardon for Henri Rochfort. The President received him kindly, but declined to interfere with the course of the law in Rochefort's case.

The Communist Quesnel has been tried and convicted of firing buildings in Paris. The Court pronounced sentence of death against him.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 4.—The Reichstag to day passed the War Fund Bill.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 5.—The Belgian Government has forwarded $20,000 to America for the relief of the Belgian settlers in Wisconsin, who have suffered by the forest fires. The Government has also opened a subscription list for voluntary contribution for the same object.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 5.—The sub-committee of the Budget Committee of Cortes has agreed to report favorably on the proposed coupons of Spain bonds.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—The steamer *Moses Taylor* arrived from Honolula and Australia. She reports having boarded water-logged, the *Shilchoff*, from San Francisco to Callao, and found all dead except the Captain, who was saved, though hardly breathing. The *Moses Taylor* also reports a terrible disaster to the Arctic whaling fleet, which was caught in the ice. The Captains of several of the whalers which had arrived at Honolula furnished the following details of the loss of the whaling fleet. Vessels commenced arriving on the 1st of May. On the 1st of June the ice re-opened and let the fleet up within sight of Cape Nuvarino. The fleet while working northwards found some whales in crossing the sea of Anandier and in Behring Straits they found plenty, but experienced much trouble from the ice, and when the fleet arrived at Cape Behring and Flower Bay the whales had passed through into the Arctic Ocean, which the fleet followed, meeting with fair success until about the 1st of September, when the ice floes and bergs of too great extent commenced drifting down and by the 10th a number of vessels had been sunk, and the bulk of the remainder were hemmed in by the drifting ice or driven ashore. On September 13th the Captains of the fleet hemmed in between Port Belcher and Mainwright Inlet, held a meeting and resolved to abandon their vessels in order to save the lives of the crews, which was done, and 1,200 sailors took refuge on board the remainder of the fleet which was fortunate enough to escape outside before the ice hemmed in the vessels. It is suposed the whole number lost will reach thirty four. Seven vessels with 3,000 barrels of oil are known to be saved. All the abandoned vessels, it is believed, make a total loss, there being little chance of recovering even the cargoes in the Spring.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The *Times* says in case of an outbreak on Tuesday next, ample preparations have been made by the military authorities to render assistance to the police. A number of banks and Trust Companies have noticed Wall street brokers that they will make no calls for the return of loans on demand on Tuesday next. They favour a general suspension of business which makes the day a particularly close holiday. Most of the members of the Chambers of Commerce representing the majority of the wholesale houses down town have signified their willingness to comply with the request of the Committee of Seventy to close their places of business on election day.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—It is stated in official circles that the President has no present intention of giving up the privilege of *Habeas Corpus* in any of the Southern States, other than South Carolina unless a condition of things shall occur similar to that in the proclaimed counties, to render such a course necessary to suppress organized violence.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The publication here of a letter from General Palmer to Attorney General Bushwell, requesting him to present the fact in regard to the killing of General Thomas W. Grosvenor, to the Grand Jury of Cook County, has created a sensation. Very good authorities deny the right of the Governor to initiate such proceedings, unless the United States Attorney should first refuse to present the matter to the Grand Jury, but on the other hand Governor Palmer is recognized as a lawyer of ability, and not likely to make a mistake. It is charged by the the friends of General Sheridan that Governor Palmer is unfriendly to him, and has taken this opportunity to do him injury. At any rate General Sheridan seems the least disturbed about the matter of anybody, Governor Palmer's letter, reviews the evidence before the Coroner's Jury, wherein it was shown that the mayor requested Gen. Sheridan to preserve order. The Governor denies that a Lieut. General of the army has the power to raise, organize, and employ troops, or to call the organized militia of a State into service, or that the mayor of a city has power to impart that authority. The Mayor and Gen. Sheridan assumed to suspend the operation of the constitution and the laws of the State, and substituted in their stead law and militia force to be defined and applied by themselves.

CUBA.

PORT-AU-PRINCE, Oct. 2.—The case of the steamer *Hornet* is still pending. The Spanish Consul has despatched a war steamer to Havana for further instructions.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—The amount received at the Mansion House up to last evening, for the benefit of the Chicago sufferers was £46,500. Contributions continue to be received from individual donors, and from Committees in provincial cities and towns.

SOUTHAMPTON, Nov. 4.—The steamship *America* from New York for Bremen, has arrived.

The correspondence and newspaper controversy in regard to authors' rights, and the International Copyright law, have taken so peculiar a turn and become so heated, that the *Times* of this morning declares its intention to close its columns to any farther communication on the subject. Already one libel suit has grown out of the controversy, the Hon. Mrs Murton having brought a prosecution against one of the writers on the subject.

LONDON, Nov. 4.—Letters from Paris represent the offering of a testimonial to Minister Washburne, on Thursday, to have been a very agreeable affair. A large number of Americans waited on the Minister and presented the silverware, consisting of an elegant dinner and tea service, of fine silver, the product of American mines, and of American manufacture. An appropriate address, reciting that the tokens were offered as an earnest of the donors' respect, gratitude and admiration for the Minister's distinguished public services, and his kindness to all Americans who remained in Paris during the siege, accompanied the gifts. Washburne accepted the testimonial, and replied to the address in a few graceful remarks, in which he took occasion to acknowledge and praise the zealous co operation of Col. Hoffman, Secretary of the Legation, and other members of his diplomatic household.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 3.—It is believed an attack on the Government by the Republicans under the lead of Senor Zorilla will be made in the Cortes during the coming week upon the subject—"the manner of dealing with the International Society." Zorilla and Sagosta are widely at variance on this point, the letter supporting the Government heartily. The compromise between Sagasta and Zorilla, which has up to this time been discussed and looked forward to among Conservative and Republicans, is now thought to be impossible as the agitation of the treatment of the International Society is sure to produce a complete rupture.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 4.—Monsignor Franki, Papal Envoy, has taken his departure from this capital, having failed in his efforts to obtain any guarantees from the Sultan, in regard to the statistics of the Catholic subjects of Turkey. The Sublime Porte persistently refused to enter into any discussion of the condition of its Christian subjects.

UNITED STATES.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—Astonishing revelations are made this morning of the operations of Alderman C. C. P. Holden, in the use of the relief funds. As Holden is President of the City Council, and a candidate for Mayoralty, the opposition ticket additional piquancy is given to the matter. Immediately after the fire relief society is formed, of which Holden was made Treasurer, the composition of this society not being satisfactory to Committees from Cincinnati, Louisville, Indianapolis, St. Louis, and other cities, Mayor Mason dissolved it, and directed that everything should be turned over to the old relief society, an institution under the control of the citizens, of integrity and regularly incorporated. This was satisfactory to the committees from other cities, but was not to some of the Aldermen, and they refused to recognize the new arrangement. It now transpires that Holden, while acting as Treasurer, secured at least $15,000 of the relief funds and considerable supplies, which he refused to give up when requisition was made by the property authorities.

It is now alleged this money is being used by Holden to secure his election as Mayor, and very damaging evidence produced to substantiate this charge. Among other things, Holden caused to be sent to the Regular Committee a livery stable bill amounting to $240, payment being refused. The Committee gives notice that no carriages will be employed in the work of relief. To what purpose the benevolence of the country might have been put, may now be seen from this specimen. The public may rest assured that the work of relief is now in good hands, and this man Holden will be held to strict accountability.

CINCINNATTI, Nov. 4—While the mail train going East was standing at the depot this morning, and while the fireman was taking coal, the engine boiler exploded. Geo. Walker, who was engaged in shovelling coal from a car was blown 50 feet into the air and fell a mangled corpse 200 yards distant. Adam Schilling, the fireman, was instantly killed, the top of his head having being blown off. Henry Burt, fireman, and Adam Walmsler, were injured. Fragments of the boiler weighing from 30 to 50 pounds were blown several squares and fell through the roofs of houses. The front of the boiler was blown forward and buried in the rear end of the Express car. The boiler had just been patched up, was 20 years old, and considered in bad condition. The depot was badly wrecked, but few persons had arrived at the depot before the explosion or the loss of life would have been much greater.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—The Chinese coolies have made arrangements for commencing suits for damages against the city of Los Angelos for the murder of their countrymen, and the robbery of their families by rioters.

NEW YORK, Nov. 4.—A special says that Captain Hooper, a delegate in Congress from Utah, has arrived at Washington, intending to urge the authorities to discontinue the prosecution of the Mormons, and also to lay the facts of the case before the President and Cabinet officers in such a light, it is claimed, as will convince them that the action of the Government in that territory is unjust and oppressive. A strong effort, which will prove unsuccessful, will be made to effect the removal of Governor Woods, who is charged with much of the trouble by the Saints. Captain Hooper says that whatever the result of the present contest may be, the Mormons will not resort to violence. Their mission, he says, is a peaceful one, and if they are driven away from Utah they will emigrate to Mexico, the Government of which has promised to give them a territory as large as Utah if they will settle on it.

FUN.

A cool couch—The bed of the river.

When is a woman not a woman?—When she's a little cross.

When is a man like an umbrella?—When he's used up.

When is a new dress older than an old one?—When it's *mo(i)re antique*.

A woman's right—The right to bare arms.

An order has been issued from the Admiralty, directing the breaking up of H. M. paddle-ship *Dee*, now lying in Sheerness dockyard. The D cannot go to C owing to D K.

Go to Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's for Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Crumb Cloths, Plain and Fancy Repps, Lace Curtains, Curtain Poles and House Furnishings generally.

Remnants of all wool Carpets, 80 cts. per yard, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's.

Call and see the new and beautiful Millinery at Allan, McKinnons & Morrans'.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable. BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in box s with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

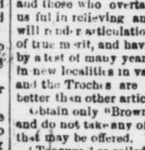
THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, or 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

PART OF THE SECRET.—Taraxacum (Dandelion) is slightly tonic, diuretic and aperient and is thought to have a specific action upon the liver, exciting it when anguid to secretion and resolving its chronic engorgement. The diseases to which it appears to be especially applicable are those connected with derangement of the hepatic apparatus and of the digestive organs generally. In congestion and chronic inflamation of the liver and spleen, in cases of suspended or deficient billiary secretion, and in dropsical affections dependent on obstruction of the abdominal viscera." *Vide U. S. Dispensatory*. The extract of Dandelion is one of the active properties of the Celebrated Shoshonees (Indian) Vegetable Restorative Pills. No wonder they are good



Husband (returned from the village:—Mary, well my dear; I have just returned from town and brought with me your entire list—Tea, Coffee, sugar, Calico and in short a waggon full of—

Wife: (hastily)—And forgot the PAIN-KILLER?

Husband:—Oh! no; couldn't forget that; it's the most prominent object in every store in town; and besides, the fences and stones and buildings all have "PAIN-KILLER" painted or pasted on them to remind one of it every minute. The store-keeper says that the PAIN-KILLER should be in every house and where one can put their hand on it in the dark if need be.

Wife:—It must be valuable, else the Parson's wife wouldn't praise it to the skies as she does.

(*To be Continued*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

DIED.

At Montreal, on Thursday, the 2nd November, aged 24 years and 10 months, Anna Amelia, twin-daughter of the late Edwin J. King.

On Sunday, the 5th inst., Philomene Couturier, daughter of the late Augustin Couturier, aged 18 years.

Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend the funeral, which will take place from her late father's residence, Parry street, to-morrow (Tuesday) at 8:30 o'clock, without further notice.

INDIA AND INDIAN MISSIONS.

The Rev. CHARLES M. GRANT, B. D., one of the Church of Scotland's Missionaries to India, will deliver a lecture in St. Andrews' Church on "India and Indian Missions" THIS EVENING. Chair to be taken at half past 7 o'clock. A collection will be taken on behalf of the Missions.

Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1871 1813 1

GRAND ORANGE SOIREE.

A Grand Orange Soiree in aid of the Building Fund of the new Orange Hall will be held in Gowan's Hall on the evening of

MONDAY NEXT, the 6th NOVEMBER inst.

Addresses will be delivered by Brothers Ogle R Gowan, Esq, P G M, Rev D Falloon Hutchison, Rev Dr Freeland, Rev John May, M A, Rev Mr Stephenson, Rev A Dawson, Grand Chaplain, and others. All the Protestant Clergy of the City are expected on the platform.

The best amateur talent of the city is secured.

Mr. Mercer presides at the Piano.

Refreshments furnished by Mrs. Polerick.

Gowans' Band will be in attendance.

Members of the order are requested to wear an Orange Rosette on the left breast.

Double tickets, 75 cents; single tickets, 50 cents—to be procured from Bro W H Tracy, Lower Town, Bro John H Laggford, Upper Town, at the principal Hotels, from the Committee, and at the door on evening of Soiree.

Chair taken at 8 o'clock, p.m.

JAMES CLARKE,
Secretary of Committee

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871 1811td

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Rail ays

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m, 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m, 9:10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO PORTLAND, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with sleeping Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.20 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9.20 A.M., every Morning—Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M.

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6.15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Presc

LOCAL NEWS.

Remember the Orange Soiree in Gowan's Hall this evening.

The Ottawa River Navigation Company intend constructing new and commodious docks at Grenville.

PENNY READINGS.—New Edinburgh has weekly penny readings. Are our Ottawa Organizations effete?

On Saturday the police force had a case of tobacco distributed among them by one of our leading grocers.

ST. ANDREWS' SOCIETY.—The newly elected office bearers of the above Society will meet this evening in the Immigrant Aid Society's rooms.

Mr. Baldwin has sold his steamer *Shickluna*, and fifteen barges for $35,000, and we understand intends henceforth to devote most of his time to the management of the Hull Iron Mines.

POLICE COURT.—The prisoner Bassett was found guilty on the second charge brought against him, and was committed to stand his trial at the Assizes. The question of bail is left to Judge Armstrong.

TEMPERANCE LECTURE.—The temperance meeting in St. Patrick's Hall yesterday afternoon, was very well attended. The Rev. Father Malloy spoke ably on the subject. A liberal collection was taken up.

HARD FROST ON SATURDAY NIGHT.—Now is the time to give orders for winter clothing. Wait a little later and the doctor will be giving you orders for medicine. "A stitch in time saves nine" is literally apropos here.

INFORMATION WANTED.—Left her home on Thursday evening last, a young girl, Edith Lindley, about ten years of age, slightly lame. Any information as to her whereabouts will be thankfully received by Constable Litle at the market, or by any of the police

CITY COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of the City Council will be held this evening, and as matters of importance will be under consideration it would be well for ratepayers to attend and listen to the arguments *pro* and *con.*, and observe the action of their representatives.

LITTLE GIRL LOST.—It will be seen by a paragraph elsewhere that a little girl named Edith Lindley is lost. She has been away from home since Thursday last. Information of her whereabouts will be thankfully received by constable Little or any of the police force.

LECTURE.—Rev. Mr. Stephenson delivered the first of a series of six lectures in the W M. Church, Metcalf street, yesterday evening. Subject: "Signs of the Times." The Rev. gentleman treated the subject with his usual tact and ability, and spoke with the fluency and eloquence which characterizes him on all such occasions.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Saturday.—Wm Dixon, London, England; C A Williams, Kingston, Ont; H Douglass, Quebec; F Jones, Kemptville; John Mather, Gatineau Mills; J Blackie, Sand Point; W F Carrier, Montreal; Z Ring, wife and two daughters, St John, N B; S M Walsh, Prescott; W F Keilty, Kingston; W A Wood, New York; N Davis Montreal.

INDIAN SUMMER AGAIN.—During the past two months every burst of sunshine is enjoyed, and invariably brought forth the stereotyped exclamation "More Indian Summer" from our contemporaries. According to those weatherwrecks Indian Summer must be a fifth season of a long duration as Autumn, Spring, Winter or Summer. With our contemporaries one swallow makes a summer.

AUCTION SALE OF VALUABLE CITY PROPERTY.—We remind our readers of the sale of valuable city lots to come off at the Union House, at 11 a. m. to-day. The lots on Sparks street, 22 feet frontage, by 99 feet deep, are very eligible as building sites. The lots on Queen street are also very centrally and favorably situated, and in the course of a few years will have enhanced immensely in value. The property at present belongs to Mr. Lorenz, who promises easy terms to purchasers.

DIFFICULTY TO BE CURE SAND.—A correspondent would like to know if the corporation is justified in preventing access to the sand lots on Sandy Hill, in order to secure the sand on the streets to which they lay claim. By fencing in these portions of the streets they not only cut off all access to the sand lots in question, by the owners, but also considerably delay buildings in the city by withholding the necessary sand for plastering. Such conduct is not becoming in a corporation.

DRAMATIC SOIREE.—A dramatic and musical entertainment will be given by the pupils of the Christian Brothers' School in St. Patrick's Hall, on Wednesday evening next. From what we can learn it will be superior of its kind, for we understand that besides presenting an excellent programme, the Band of the Christian Brother School of Montreal will be in attendance on the occasion and will play some popular selections. A trifling admission fee will be charged and as the proceeds are to go in support of a worthy institution—the Christian Brothers' School,—we hope to see a good attendance.

DOMESTIC DIFFERENCE.—On Saturday afternoon an old man and an old woman who had come to town, and imbibed a little of the "liquid of life," decided, upon what grounds we did not learn, that some slight difference existed between them, which they could only settle by testing the relative merits of their pugilistic attainments. Accordingly they stepped out into the yard of a hotel in Lower Town, and endeavoured to decide the question, but the attraction of gravitation seemed to have too much influence on them; and after beating the earth for a while they agreed to adjourn the matter at issue till some future day.

WHERE IS THE SANITARY COMMITTEE.—Small-pox is assuming rather alarming proportions. It seems to be steadily spreading over the whole of Lower Town; in fact, it would now appear that there is not a single street in that section of the city free from the disease. Have we such an organization as a sanitary committee in the city? If such a body exist they should crawl out of their reticent inactivity, and in due performance of their duty endeavor to allay the danger that threatens the city. They must have been aware that small pox existed in Ottawa since spring, and they are also intelligent enough to know, We presume that filth and dirt, and stagnant putrid ponds of water aggravate, encourage and nourish the loathsome disease, but notwithstanding all this they remained in culpable inactivity, during the summer months, looking on with marvellous recklessness of the public safety at the dissemination of disease. Winter now is on us and cold weather, experience and medical testimony inform us promotes the spread of small pox, and renders its attacks more formidable. Now, what is to be done? We believe the first step that should be taken is to see the poor properly attended to. Cold poverty is a nursery for small pox, and the poor when striken down cannot mitigate their misery of themselves. It is to be hoped that charitable institutions and benevolent persons will labor even more persistently this year than on former years, for the relief of the poor. The country has been blessed with an abundant harvest, and people in the enjoyment of health need not be otherwise than in the enjoyment of plenty, and therefore we hope that every person thus favored by Providence will give with a liberal hand to charitable institutions. They should not wait to be called upon, and the mite begged from them. Then it is the duty of the authorities to take immediate steps in the proper direction. There is no time for talk or hesitation; efficient action is required at once, and we hope the Council at its meeting this evening will give the matter the attention due it.

CRICKET

This noble game was carried on through the past season with a spirit and enthusiasm hardly ever before witnessed in this part of the country, and may be said to have reached a much higher state of efficiency than at any other period, and we hope the endeavours of the Ottawa Cricket Club, to make the season of 1872 far eclipse that of the past, will meet with the hearty support of all who take an interest in this king of sports, or any honest, manly pastime.

We give below the batting averages of the members of the club (who have played at least three matches) for the season; but before doing so it may be interesting to know the average of the great Gloucestershire cricketer, Mr. W. G. Grace. In 25 matches he has scored no less than 2,619 runs, and his average for 37 innings is 72·27. In 1870 his average was 54·26, playing in 21 matches, making in all 1,808 runs, the largest on record.

Names	Matches.	Innings.	Runs.	Most in an innings	Most in a match	Times not out.	Average per in.
Rev. T. D. Phillipps	16	18	269	*44	50	2	14 94
Jas. Smith	13	15	186	40	40	0	12.40
W. Pain	14	16	197	*35	35	2	12.30
C. P. Brodie	8	8	86	28	28	1	10 74
C. S. Scott	14	15	155	*51	51	2	10 33
A. Powell	11	12	78	15	15	0	6.50
H. A. Ford	15	16	102	29	29	0	6 37
F. Evans	5	5	28	15	15	0	5 60
G P. Baker	12	14	76	22	22	2	5 42
J. Cotton	3	5	25	9	11	1	5.
J. D. Potter on	13	14	68	21	21	0	4.85
S A. McMurtry	6	6	26	10	10	0	4.33
E. Miall	7	8	31	11	11	0	3.87
E. B. Crombie	6	7	27	10	10	0	3 85
W. Carter	15	16	60	12	12	3	3 75
W. B. Vennor	10	12	44	19	19	0	3.66
A. G. Peden	10	12	39	16	16	0	3 25
F Cotton	11	12	34	18	18	0	2 83
H. V. Meredith	6	7	20	7	7	0	2 75
Egan	9	9	23	8	8	0	2 55
E H. Benjimin	15	17	42	8	8	4	2 47
C. E. Laumann	9	10	20	9	9	1	2.
T. Drinkwater	3	4	8	6	7	0	2.
C Grayburn	6	6	7	4	4	0	1.16
W. Beith	3	4	1	1	1	1	.02

* Not out.

ORDER AND SYSTEM In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is finally established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

THE CAPITAL CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENRY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X XX. XXX

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 871 1808tf

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844½.
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion
J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871. 1810y

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

HENDERSON & Co.

having commenced business as

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS

AT

39 Sparks Street

respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

Their Stock comprises full assortments in the following lines, viz: School Books and School Stationary, Bibles and Church Services, Hymn and Prayer Books, Sabbath School Libraries and requisites, Illustrated Gift Books, Juveniles, Miscellaneous Literature, &c., &c

The Standard Magazines.

STATIONERY GOODS.

comprising: Foolscap, Letter, and Note Papers, Envelopes; Blank, Pass, and Memorandum Books; Pens, Inks, Pencils, Colours Crayons, Slates, Copy Books, Cards, &c., &c.

Orders promptly and carefully attended to, and Goods not in stock procured with dispatch.

Public and School Libraries advantageously supplied.

Inspection invited.

Remember 39, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 25, 1871 1802 10

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Please leave orders giving orders leave no room.

A. DUFF O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa pd 11. 1871

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL $10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

Pickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices and on the most advantageous terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

Allan,
McKinnons,
& McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES.

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BURNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, pains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a valuable one.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which enough kept me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of the city, a friend gave me a bottle of Dr. Bernbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau
Montreal, Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr, Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 0, 1871 1800y.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1804 tf

D. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.
Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1792 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have new received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 25, 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m, for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and Intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville, and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1 30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS.
President.
Ottawa, Oct. 16, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept 1, 1871.

L. A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*

" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Ottawa.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

☞ Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble.

Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.
Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

BURKE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

ND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

	Stg	Stg.
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year	£1,282,222 3 2	
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimates, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances ...	75,164 11 10	
	£1,282,222 3 2	
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,939 12 9	
Consideration for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9	
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax..	54,725 10 9	
		306,715 0 3
		£1,588,937 3 5

	Stg.
Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums reassured	£ 110,417 16 9
NOTE—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Surrenders	7,919 14 4
Annuities	12,282 17 3
Commission	9,922 7 6
Expenses of Management and all other charges	20,880 7 9
Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	36,804 18 9
Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
Total	£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.

	Stg	
Shareholders' Capital paid up	£ 75 000 0 0	
Assurance Fund	1,201 911 9 2	
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5	
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2	
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6	
	£1434,090 17 3	

ASSETS.

	Stg
Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom	£ 500,888 15
Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Loans on the Association's Policies (within value).	175,916 19
INVESTMENTS—	
In British Government Securities	1,235 15 9
Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14
Foreign Government Securities	— — —
Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks ...	239,567 17 8
Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 2 4
House Property	109,159 13 9
Annuities purchased	25,497 17 4
Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,535 2 9
Loans on Personal Security ..	5 879 10 9
Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,575 10 0
Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,431 0 0
Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
Agents Balances	50,338 8 8
Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 9
Outstanding Interest	— — —
Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,967 1 9
CASH—	
On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 5	
On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9	
In hand 127 3 9	
	77,862 6 11
	£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J James, do.
NIGER.....W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER ..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY .. " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....26th "
ST. ANDREW " ..... 2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 26
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sussex.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1699

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. COWMAN.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

KERR, CLARK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 3670tf

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty-six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1659tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1866 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

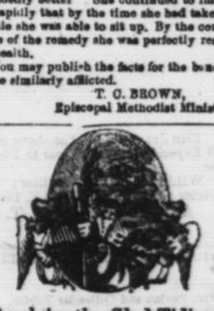
WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were inherited, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.



Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY!

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, Prine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles . . $1 00
Pills per Box 25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
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Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1459tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of characteristic. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Rapbey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DR. ROBERTS

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CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROFULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England

and sold by all Medicine Vendors

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—3,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

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Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
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TO THE

UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending its address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

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The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

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Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
.....	1 00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9-00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	10 00	.....	4.20
.....	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S	10 00	.....	7.20
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	7.20
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9-00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9,00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	.....	.....	4.20
9 30	.....	4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9 30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	.....	.....	1 30
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York closes every Monday at 6 P.M
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

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Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Oct. 30 1871

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

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Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

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One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 5th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

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HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

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All stock ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

WM FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

TEAS AND WINES,

9, HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the city. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farms situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres,

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
Post Office Block, Ottawa.

34 tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

CELLAR TO LET.

At corner of Sussex and Murray streets, known as Sparrow's Block. Apply to

O. DUROCHER,
No. 77, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1871 1862 3m

Medical

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PREVENTING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH AND GUMS

PREVENTS TOOTHACHE AND ACHE

BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S DENTISTS RUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 2s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model or the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 11871

DARL

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Willows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Corn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Agents,
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1521tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GASFITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1558 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

Legal

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 48utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4ttf JOHN D. GEMMILL.

EDWARD F. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Original. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang't Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 48ty

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 992y

OSGROVE & WALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE WALLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 190tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltoch, Duke st, Chandiers, Ottawa. 1338y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sussex Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 364

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1814. OTTAWA, TUESDAY NOVEMBER 7, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 86 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOLDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Rate for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, in Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

HOLLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes
1 " Fancy Dress Goods,
4 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
" Cotton Tassels,
2 Bales Grey Cotton,
1 " Fortnis (expanded) Coil
1 case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Bordings,
4 " Trimmings,
1 " Alexandra's Shirtings
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

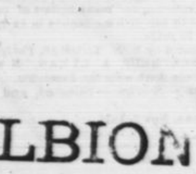
CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds
Balmoral Setting,
Wadding,
20 Gross Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " Twilled Sheetings
" " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. H. M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell at prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871



HATS! HATS!

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

SHANNETT & HILL,
Solicitors,
Post Office Block.

OTTAWA AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave LA CHIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 1:30 p m., arriving at L'Original at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—On the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no Boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as a unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s, and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s., each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres,
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
otal,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St, Mon

Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

38 INY. SIMON GERAU Agent.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild,

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Gold and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Congou, imported this season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

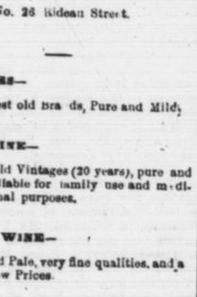
THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)



This new swing contains the motiv power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell-House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large percentage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871 181

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa has resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose.

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided.

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3. The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the second day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the City of Ottawa, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street on the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one at the hour of nine of the clock, of the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1871. 1786 1m

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary; and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such treets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Reilly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far superior to anything ever yet Discovered.

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Lacombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Dominion Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 West ra Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

TOADIES.

The toady is very efficient at using other men's brains, and passing them off as his own, and it rarely happens that he does not rise in the world. He is the embodiment of caution, and is always careful to be upon the right side, whenever there are two or more sides to a question, the right side being, of course, the winning one. As a rule, he will pledge himself to no one particular party, but just as a party is entering upon power it is certain to find him heart and soul with it. He avoids meddling with questions about which it is doubtful which way public opinion will turn; but, when it is evident that a measure will become truly popular, he will advocate it with all the heart and soul he possesses—which, however, is not very much. Thus, he often gets the credit of being a wise man, and a far-seeing man, and a man who has got the interests of his fellow-creatures at heart. He is very careful as to who are his acquaintances. It is one of his principles never to have much to do with those people who could do nothing to advance his interests, but is ready to attach himself to the skirts of some powerful man, whose arguments he will re-echo and to whose utterances he will say ditto. Upon no one point can he bring himself to disagree with his patron. He is perfectly aware that if he is content to eat a sufficient quantity of humble pie, and is careful meanwhile to fortify his position, as the powerful man rises so must he rise, until at last he reaches the pinnacle of his ambition. He is always to be found hanging about in the society of those people about whom there is an undoubted air of respectability, and is careful that those who belong to him shall do the same. He is rarely heard to say an unpleasant thing, or known to do a generous act. He is rich in promises, it is true, but it is generally found that those who depend upon him get more pleasant things said to them than tangible benefits given them. Behind the scenes, where nobody is looking on, he is not quite so polite. Those who do work in secret for him get little thanks and less pay. He is ever on the look-out for opportunities to reap the fruits of other men's labour. In his business, he utilizes schemes which have been the thought of other men's lifetimes. It is rarely that he tries a new scheme himself. He waits until it is evident a thing can be made to answer, and then he steps in. He keeps a sharp look out for new patrons, for when one patron can help him no higher he quietly drops him and plays the toady to another. He and his family never form a friendship with a family about whose social status there is a shadow of a doubt; nor, indeed, do they form a friendship with any one which cannot be dropped when convenient. It is very doubtful whether he is capable of friendship in the true meaning of the word—friendship which would result in no gain, direct or indirect, to him. Certainly he would not indulge in a sentimental friendship which would retard his getting on in the world. But though he is an adept at dropping people, when it suits his purpose to do so, it is almost impossible to drop him, he is impervious to slights, and will demolish, without a grimace, any quantity of humble pie. He knows he can advance himself in no other way than by sticking to people who can advance him, and he is too sensible, for mere sentimental grievances, to throw up his chance of advancement. He feels a day of reckoning may come; meanwhile he can vent his spleen upon those unlucky individuals who are completely under his thumb, and whose brains and hands are at his disposal.

The toady loves the applause and good opinion of the world. To this end he frequently enters public life. Once a member of Parliament, or a town councillor, and he careful never wilfully to endang his seat. He identifies himself with no unpopular movements; he makes no inflammatory speeches. He does his best to conciliate and curry favour with all parties. He would never think of proposing a reform. If every one else were content to let things go on as they are, he would be quite content to do so too. But if a reform is imperatively demanded he will not risk his popularity by opposing it—he will, indeed, avail himself of the opportunity and speak in favor thereof. He always feels very comfortable, and mildly deprecates any attempt on the part of people to demonstrate that all the world are not nearly so comfortable as he is. He takes a rosy view of things generally, and not even a recital of the deepest misery can destroy his air of cheerfulness. He is constantly on the look out for good things for himself and his *proteges*. He is ready, upon all occasions, to lend a helpin hand to jobbery, when there is anything to be gained. And in all he does, he is so very polite, so very unostentatious, and so very meek.

Toadies never acquire much influence, but, somehow or other, they never incur the contempt which they deserve. People very often never discover that they are time-servers and selfish humbugs. They see that they are ever on the winning side, and applaud their judgment accordingly. They hear them making speeches on behalf of reform—when all the real fighting is done—and they applaud their disinterestedness. The toady has not sufficient faith in his powers to institute any important undertaking, and, therefore, rarely appears but as a follower of other men. He is one of the worst enemies to progress because he is an enemy in disguise. It is somewhat surprising that Englishmen, who are supposed to love blunt, out-spoken honesty should be deceived by him. He is to be met everywhere, and is ever pursuing the same tactics. When a man is always polite and smiling it is sufficient proof that he is insincere.

THE ROYAL NAVY.

We have succeeded, we submit, in showing, says the *Gentleman's Magazine*, that the navy of Great Britain is not that shadowy phantom which the alarmists, who are always crying out "wolf, wolf!" would have us suppose it to be. We are constantly being threatened by panic stricken and tremulous writers with all the horrors of a successful invasion; our fleet, as the first line of defence, is either ignored, or spoken of as if it only existed upon paper, and would assuredly be found wanting in the first emergency; but we think we have been able to prove, and, we trust, to convince our readers, that we have not only a real, active, powerful fleet, but the largest and most powerful fleet in the world—a fleet, in numbers, equal to the combined navies of Russia, the United States, and Germany; and in armament, as regards numbers of guns, as well as penetrating power, if not weight of metal, considerably superior. There is a defect, however, in our defences, which prevents us from enjoying the entire immunity from danger, which such a fleet as this should afford us; and it is this:—We have but one arsenal, and that one is insufficiently protected. The only factory which the Government possesses for the manufacture of guns, gun carriages, and all appurtenances for the proper equipment of either our naval or field artillery is at Woolwich, and Woolwich is practically defenseless, except so far as the intricacies of the navigation of the Thames might secure it from attack.

The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all throat affections, and clearing the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable store throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

LITERARY GOSSIP.

An entirely new and enlarged edition of Mr. King's work on "Antique Gems and Rings," with more than 600 woodcuts, will appear shortly.

The Rev. F Barham Zincke, one of Her Majesty's Chaplains, has in the press a volume on the "Egypt of the Pharaohs and of the Khedive," which will be published by Messrs. Smith, Elder & Co.

Mr. John G. Whittier has prepared a collection of poetry suitable for the young, under the title of "Child Life;" and Mr. Emerson is to stand sponsor for a selection for older folks, entitled "Parnassus."

Mrs. Stowe's new fiction, "My Wife and I; or, Harry Henderson's History," which has been appearing in the *Christian Union*, is understood to embody Mrs. Stowe's maturest convictions on the topics of marriage, divorce, suffrage, legislation, and woman's rights and claims in general. It is being translated into French, German, and Swedish.

Mr. George Meredith is, we believe the author of "The Adventures of Harry Richmond," which is appearing in the *Cornhill Magazine*. The novel will be republished in the usual three volume form immediately.

Mrs. Alfred Gatty has got hold of a capital subject, "Sundials," and will shortly publish a volume upon them, containing a large number of examples and inscriptions, with illustrations.

Mr. Swinburne's poem, "The Prelude of Tristram and Iseult," will be published in a new publication, to be issued by Messrs. H. S. King & Co.

FUN.

Why is an empty claret decanter like an Indian deity?—Because it is a jug o' nought (Juggernaut.)

What is the difference between an important official at a Spanish bull-fight and a useful article of domestic economy?—One is a door-mat, the other matador.

Nothing like novelty, as the man said when he put the cat to bed and jumped on to the tiles.

Why is the alphabet like cutting the first teeth?—Because it is taught ye torture) when young.

The haunts of Terpischore — Hopgardens.

Go to Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's for Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Crumb Cloths, Plain and Fancy Repps, Lace Curtains, Curtain Poles and House Furnishings generally.

Remnants of all wool Carpets, 80 cts. per yard, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's.

Call and see the new and beautiful Millinery at Allan, McKinnons & Morrans'.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember, the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont, proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

PART OF THE SECRET.—Taraxacum (Dandelion) is slightly tonic, diuretic and aperient and is thought to have a specific action upon the liver, exciting it when languid to secretion and resolving its chronic engorgement. The diseases to which it appears to be especially applicable are those connected with derangement of the hepatic apparatus and of the digestive organs generally. In congestion and chronic inflamation of the liver and spleen, in cases of suspended or deficient biliary secretion, and in dropsical affections dependent on obstruction

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Card of Thanks—James Skead.
Circulation and Specie—John Langton.

The Ottawa Times.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1871.

For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Hon. Mr. Campbell left town yesterday morning for a day or two.

We are glad to hear that Dr. Tache, Deputy Minister of Agriculture, who had been seriously unwell, is much better.

THE STOCKWELL MURDER.

There are no fresh developments of importance in this dreadful affair. Among the prisoner's M.S.S. was found the following somewhat remarkable one:

"Felix in omnibus fere rebus praeterquam quod ad saxum attinet faemineum. Saepe olim amanti nocuit semper amare." Which may be thus freely translated. "Happy in almost all things, except so far as concerns a woman as hard as a stone. It has often ere now hurt a loving person to persist in loving—or always to love."

This statement relative to his having been fortunate in life with one exception, will, it is believed, be found to have some rather important bearing on the case. It seems difficult to understand how a man unless he were decidedly insane would sit down calmly to describe in Latin, motives which might have led him to commit a crime which he had confessed in English. It forms one of the many psychological mysteries which surround the case. The police have, since the remand of the prisoner, been very diligently inquiring into his antecedents and those of the deceased lady, and it is rumoured that some of the information they have obtained will throw a good deal of light upon the case.

THE L'ORIGINAL *ADVERTISER* LIBEL CASE.

Many of our readers will remember that shortly after the last Local Elections, the L'Original *Advertiser* made a statement to the effect that when Mr. James Boyd opposed the late Hon. Mr. McGee in Prescott, he had been assisted with money furnished by Fenian sympathisers in the United States, and that, had it not been for this Fenian aid, Mr. Boyd could not have been elected. Thereupon Mr. Boyd brought an action for libel against the proprietor of the *Advertiser*, and the case came on for trial last week at the Cornwall Assizes. Mr. James Bethune conducted the case for the plaintiff, the Hon. the Attorney General of Ontario and Mr. Dartnell appearing for the defendant. The line of defence adopted by the defence was, that there was no evidence to show that the defendant had ever alleged that the plaintiff had asked for Fenian aid, that if men called Fenians did aid him, there was no evidence as to what was meant by the term "Fenian" so as to bring them within a class branded as criminals, and the consorting with whom might expose a man to suspicion of complicity with them. The case was ably argued on both sides and a number of witnesses examined. The jury retired, but after having been absent for about three hours they returned into Court and stated that there was no possibility of their agreeing on a verdict. They were then discharged, and so we presume the affair will end.

THE GRIT PRESS AND THE TREATY.

We read in the editorial columns of a Grit contemporary "The time is fast approaching when the people of Canada will be called upon to accept or reject the fishery clauses of the Treaty of Washington." How the inadvertent letting slip out of a truthful statement like this shows the folly and falsehood of all that the Grit press and the Grit leaders have said in reference to the Treaty of Washington! How manifestly absurd does all their talk about Canada having been "betrayed," its "interests bartered away," &c., become when they themselves are compelled to confess that the *people of Canada* have to decide as to the acceptance or rejection of the fishery clauses. If we view their position rightly how miserably contemptible does it appear. Knowing as they have done from the first that the people of Canada had the power to dispose of this matter as they may see fit, still for party purposes and for the sake of trying to injure Sir John Macdonald, they have sought to persuade the public that their interests had been "betrayed," and have adopted a tone which would only have been justifiable had the Joint High Commissioners surrendered the fisheries to the Americans without compensation of any kind and without any reference to the will of the people of this country. We have reason to believe that at the present time there are among the Grits who read nothing but the most bigotted organs of their own party, men who believe that this is exactly what has been done. If we are not mistaken the journal to which we have more especially referred above has intimated that such was the case. Yet, now, no doubt to the intense bewilderment of its readers, it inadvertently lets the truth slip out and informs them that "the people of Canada will be called upon to accept or reject the fishery clauses." A more striking instance of direct misrepresentation and utter subversion of the truth than has been afforded by the Grit press relative to the Treaty o Washington it would certainly be difficult to find, and the beauty of it is that those who have been simple enough to place any reliance in Grits statements are so thoroughly mystified and befogged by the mixture now and then of a little truth with a vast amount of misrepresentation, that their ideas concerning the treaty and all its belongings are terribly vague and incorrect.

"UP IN A BALLOON."

Long before railroads came into existence, aerial navigation was regarded as a possibility of the coming time. Half a century and more before Alfred Tennyson "dipped into the future" and saw "the nations' aerial navies" doing all kinds of strange and terrible things in the "central blue," people had made up their minds that at some not very distant period either they or their descendants would be able to wander at will among the clouds, if not capable even of taking a turn "among the little stars and round about the moon." But compared with the wonderful progress which has been made in railroads and telegraphing little has been done in the way of aerial navigation. The French are undoubtedly ahead of any other nation in the ballooning art, and they turned it to good practical account during the late siege of Paris. Still England has produced some successful and very intrepid navigators of the "blue unclouded," and none among them ranks higher as a man of theoretical as well as practical knowledge than Mr. James Glaisher, F.R.S., who has lately published a very interesting work on this subject entitled "Travels in the Air." The following short description of a balloon voyage will be read with interest:

"Let us now enter the car. The huge monster above us is swaying to and fro in the breeze, and struggling for freedom like some giant soul which has done its work on earth and is eager to reach its native skies. The cords which hold us captive are loosed, and, as if by instinct, we grasp the nearest rope, or hold fast to the wicker work, to secure ourselves from the effects of our sudden translation—we might almost say projection—through the air. But the first feeling is one of surprise. We find ourselves perhaps stationary, whilst, strange to say, the earth—the great solid globe on which we recently stood, with all its towers and temples, its gazing crowds and spreading landscapes—is seen shooting downwards in space with frightful velocity! Worse still glancing upwards, the sky appears to be falling, as if the ceiling of the universe had given away; and yonder big dark cloud, which seemed to be motionless when we took our seat, is now tumbling headlong upon us, and will, infallibly, crush our balloon like a moth. It requires some little consideration to correct this delusion, and satisfy ourselves that here, as in many of the moral and social phenomena of life the change is in us, and not in the world itself.

As we rise, the view below grows more expansive, but, at the same time, it appears to flatten. The hills are planed down, the valleys are filled up, and the rich undulations and inequalities which contribute so much to the picturesque are in a great measure lost to the aerial eye. We seem to be hovering over a huge, variegated ordnance map, tinted for the most part with green; its rivers looking like silver ribbons, its railways like ruled lines, its woods represented by patches of verdue, and its towns exhibiting grooves or gutters for streets, and kitchen areas for squares.

But now, looking aloft, we observe a mass of clouds, towards which we are rapidly speeding. There are mountains of snow and great threatening rocks, against which it seems as if our fragile vessel would inevitably be dashed. The novice in aerial navigation almost instinctively holds his breath as he sees the distance narrowing between his frail skiff and these frowning piles, and awaits the awful collision. But they open as if by magic, and the balloon glides into the midst without a shock, or a tremor in its frame. We are then enveloped for a time in a sort of obscurity, but we have nothing to fear, for the machine might travel blindfold without dread of the slightest obstruction in these pathless expanses. Destitute of every object which could serve as a guide, we must proceed until we emerge into sunshine, if once more, and then, looking down, we see the clouds through which we have entered closing like a trap-door after us, and shutting us out from the dear old world, where we lead such a life of charmed mystery.

It was Mr. Glaisher who in company with Mr. Coxwell, attained to the extraordinary height of 37,000 feet or about seven miles from the earth's surface. This famous ascent was made from Wolverhampton in 1862. We are told that when he had ascended to a height of 29,000 feet Mr. Glaisher found that one side of his body was paralyzed. He tried to speak to his companion, but the power of speech had departed as well. Sight still continued, though dimly, but this, too, speedily vanished, and darkness, black as midnight, drowned his vision in an instant. Whether hearing survived he could not tell, for there was no sound to break the silence of those lofty solitudes. Fortunately, this insensibility was not of long duration. He was roused by Mr. Coxwell but, at first, could only hear a voice exhorting him to "try." Not a word could he speak, not an object could he see, not a limb could he move. In a while, however, sight returned; shortly afterwards he rose from his seat, and then found sufficient tongue to exclaim, "I have been insensible!" "You have," was the reply; "and I too, very nearly!"

At the time Mr. Glaisher was smitten with paralysis, Mr. Coxwell had climbed up to the ring of the balloon, in order to free the valve rope, which had become entangled. There, his hands were so frozen that he lost the use of them, and was compelled to drop down into the car. His fingers were not simply blue, but positively black with cold, and it became necessary to pour brandy over them to restore the circulation. Observing on his return that Mr. Glaisher's countenance was devoid of animation, he spoke to him, but, receiving no reply, at once drew the conclusion that his companion was in a state of utter unconsciousness. He endeavoured to approach, but found that he himself was lapsing into the same condition. With wonderful presence of mind, however, he attempted to open the valve of the balloon, in order that they might escape from this deadly region, but his hands were too much benumbed to pull the rope. In this fearful extremity, he seized the rope with his teeth dipped his head downwards two or three times, and found to his relief that the machine was rapidly descending into a more genial sphere.

Fancy the sensation of finding oneself in a balloon seven miles from earth, with an apparently dying companion, the valve rope out of reach, and one's own powers of thought and action fast passing away! Still, in spite of all the difficulties and dangers of aerial navigation, there are men who firmly believe that they will live to cross from Canada to the old world by "Air Line Express," and that they will be able to do so before many years have elapsed.

The season for coughs and colds is rapidly approaching, and every one should be prepared to check the first symptoms, as a cough contracted between now and Christmas frequently lasts all winter. There is no better remedy than Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. For all diseases of the throat and lungs it should be used internally and externally.

A SENSIBLE REPLY.

The London *Advertiser*, one of the most slavish of partisan journals, finds fault with the Toronto *Telegraph* and some other papers, which have lately found fault with the Government in relation to one or two matters, because they do not go into direct opposition. The Belleville *Intelligencer* says:

The *Advertiser* is one of those slavish supporters of party that would not dare to find fault with its leaders although they might be guilty of the basest acts of corruption, and it cannot consequently see any consistency in the efforts of honest journalists to reform abuses wherever they may exist. Its consistency consists in supporting party through thick and thin and in following the behests of the man who holds the party in his fists; and with such a political creed as its basis, we are not surprised at its complaint of inconsistency on the part of those journals which, having the true interests of the country at heart, have found fault with the conduct of Gov. Archibald. The Government will be far more apt to listen to the voice of those journals which have given it a fair and independent support, than to the ceaseless howlings of an unscrupulous opposition; and existing abuses are more likely to be removed by the kindly but firm remonstrances made by the friends of the Administration who are responsible for them, than by the persistent and unjust attacks of its opponents. The *Advertiser* asks: "Why not follow it up by demanding a new Government?" For the very good reason that a new Government composed of the men whom the *Advertiser* supports would be infinitely worse than the present. It would be like jumping from the frying pan into the fire. The history of political parties in this country shows that such men as George Brown, Mackenzie Blake, & Co., are the most corrupt and unprincipled class of politicians the country ever saw, and it would be no improvement to substitute them for the present Administration. And most notably does the last session of the Dominion Legislature prove this when both Mackenzie and Blake showed by their votes that they were ready to form an alliance with the French party at the sacrifice of their life-long professions. No, Mr *Advertiser*, we will continue to find fault with abuses, and endeavor to have them corrected, whether they exist in the Macdonald Cartier Administration or any other Administration; and taking the past as a criterion, there is every reason to believe that these abuses will be remedied at the proper time.

FEARFUL MISERY.

To the Editor of the TIMES:

MR. EDITOR,—In your number of Saturday, under the title of "Fearful Misery," you relate the case of an afflicted family in St. Andrew street, named Bergeron. The circumstances connected with that case have been the subject of an investigation by the Society of St. Vincent de Paul. The facts are these: Baptiste Bergeron, the head of the family, is a shantyman and is spending the winter in the woods. He, from time to time, sends some money to his wife who does not seem to have any reproach to articulate against him. They had six children, one of whom was some time ago attacked with small pox and died. Unfortunately the poor mother had not for some weeks before received any money from her husband, and she was obliged to apply to the St. Vincent de Paul's Society to have her child buried. It was done as she desired. The President of the Society asked her if she wanted any other assistance, she answered in the negative, stating that she was from day to day expecting money from her husbandd She, in fact, received some money a few days after. But in the meantime, two others of the children had caught the disease and have since died. It was in those painful circumstances that the poor mother was met in the streets and considered insane. She is not insane, but, as is easily imagined, she was distracted by sorrow. Of her three remaining children, one is also sick and will probably die. But the mother has repeatedly stated she had the means of attending to the wants of her children. As for her lodging being "low, dingy, damp and dirty," it is unfortunately too true, but who is to be blamed for it, certainly not the charitable societies nor the neighbours of that wrecked family. If blame must be thrown on some body, it is on the city authorities, and particularly on the Sanitary Committee, who neglect to adopt and enforce strict rules with regard to cleanliness principally in time of epidemic.

A MEMBER OF ST. VINCENT DE PAUL'S SOCIETY.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR,—It is a source of satisfaction to all who recognize the hand of a boautiful Providence, in the prosperous harvest season with which we have been blessed, that all denominations have unanimously concurred in setting apart the 16th inst., as a day of General Thanksgiving.

Never before was our land so universally prosperous as it is at the present time. The life blood courses through its commercial veins, with a vitality which astounds us, imparting a healthy vigour and activity, to which in former periods we have been almost entire strangers.

The agricultural community, not many years since carrying financial burdens which bred anxiety and distrust, and robbed them of that energy which hope inspires, are now (with but an occasional exception), free of debt, have something put by against adverse times. Those who in commercial spheres administer to their requirements, are sharing their prosperity; to such an extent is this true, that not only the large business centres, but every little village throughout our Dominion is teeming with commercial life.

These are *national* blessings, and call for a *national* response.

Whatever be the creed, we all recognise a Divine hand wielding the forces of nature and all must feel grateful for the bounty of the year now drawing to its close.

Let the Government second the action of the religious bodies by making that day a *dies non*. Doubtless the unanimous expression of such a desire through the medium of the daily press would be met by their hearty response.

I am Sir,

Your obedient servt.,

EDWARD MIALL, JR.

WOULD NOT TELL HER AGE.

The Montreal *Star* says that on Friday last in the Enquete Court at Montreal, a lady named Scott, who certainly appeared to be nearly sixty years old, on being asked her age replied "Thirty." Whereupon the Court looked incredulous, and expressed its doubts. Then the lady was taken before Judge Berthelot. But she would not budge.

Said the Judge—"Why I have known you frequent this Court House for the last

FORTY

years."

Said the lady—"It is like your impudence, Mr. Berthelot."

Then the Judge threatened to send the lady to jail. The lady said, she would go. It ended in her evidence being refused and an entry to that effect made on the records

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 6.

Hon. Messrs Mitchell, Howe and Campbell are in the city.

A fire occurred at six o'clock to-night, in the wine warehouse of Verlocque & Co., corner of St. John and Hospital streets, consuming over five hundred cases of brandy with a large quantity of sundry merchandise. The fire broke out in a second story, destroying the third and fourth stories and the attic, and is alleged to have originated in the explosion of a new patent kerosene lamp. The loss is approximate to $4,000. The property was insured in the Citizens, North British and Mercantile Insurance Companies.

George Papin was to day fined $21 for permitting gambling in his tavern on St. Paul street.

The interments during the past week reached the number of 71.

George Nichols was to-day committed for stealing a watch from Captain Knight, of the ship *Medburg*. Knight had given the prisoner quarters from charity for the night on his ship, which was repaid by the robbery.

Yesterday three altars were consecrated in the St. Ann's R. C. Church, by the Bishop of St. Hyacinthe and Burlington, with a large number of dignitaries present.

Sir A. T. Galt presided at the Missionary Meeting of the Wesleyan Church to-night, which was densely crowded. Rev. Morley Punshon, Dr. Tiffany, and all the local clergymen were present. Over $600 were realized. Sir A. T. Galt while in the chair made a good address.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, Nov. 6th.

The steamship *Nestorian* arrived to-day from Liverpool. She brings Miss Rye, with a number of orphans for Halifax, St. John and Quebec.

Mr. Smith, Manager of the Annapolis & Windsor Railway, has been consulting with the Corporation of the Western Shore, Railway, with a view to ascertaining the amount of stock which will be taken at Yarmouth, and for the inauguration of the necessary measures for bringing the scheme to the notice of British capitalists, and if possible, to secure an early beginning of the undertaking.

The firm of Hathaway & Small, of St. John, have purchased in London a very fine iron paddle steamer, for the route between St. Johns and Annapolis. She will arrive here some time next month, and will be thoroughly fitted up for the work at once.

Mrs. Mary Hunter died at Yarmouth at the advanced age of 97 years.

The dead body of an elderly woman was discovered near the stone shed, at the corner of the North Common, and an inquest was held yesterday afternoon, at which the evidence proved her to be a soldier's widow, named Ann Wilson Howe, who had left the Poor Asylum on Wednesday, and got on a spree. Verdict,—"Death from exposure while under the influence of liquor."

The Mission Chapel on the Kemp road was opened for public worship yesterday. The services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Pickard Rogers and Rev. Mr. Clark. The building was crowded with people. It was stated that the cost of the building was all paid, except about $700.

The brigantine *Mirella*, which left here on Saturday for Jamaica, put back with her mainsail sprung.

The weather is overcast.

PORT COLBORNE.

PORT COLBORNE, Nov. 6.

C. H. Carter launched a large and fine tug on Saturday evening, intended for harbor and canal towing, named *William A. Booth*, after the popular Collector of this port. The tug was built by Mr. Geo. Hardison, and is said to be the best in these waters.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—The emigration returns of Liverpool for October show a total of 42,263 departures for the United States.

The subscriptions at the Mansion House for the Chicago sufferers amount to £47,800.

The British Expedition for the observation of the total eclipse of the sun on the 11th December proximo has arrived at the Island of Malta.

J. S. Morgan & Co. have remitted £200 from Greenock for the sufferers by the fires in Michigan and Wisconsin.

A Calcutta despatch received in this city to-day, states that the assassin of the late Lord Chief Justice has been hanged, and his body burned by a number of natives of the lowest class.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 6.—The workingmen of this city are in earnest in their preparation for carrying out their recently announced programme of an intimate union of all the workingmen's associations in a general society for co operative action in regard to pay, hours of work, and other questions of common interest. At a large meeting of workingmen held here on Saturday night it was resolved that a Congress of the Consolidated Trades Unions be held here on the 19th instant.

The Federal Council have approved of a draft of the Coinage Bill which is to be submitted to Parliament.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—News of the disaster to the whaling fleet has caused an advance in whale oil in this market from 60 cents to one dollar per gallon, with no disposition of holders to sell.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—A special despatch from South Carolina indicates the end of the Ku-Klux organization in that State. General Shaler has ordered that two companies of the regiments on duty to morrow be relieved turn about, until all are relieved, so that the members may have an opportunity to vote if they desire.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 3.—Last evening the columns supporting the main floor of the African Baptist Church meeting house on the corner of 5th and York streets, gave way, creating a panic in the congregation. The whole body of persons rushed down two narrow stairways on each side of the door. Men in their fright rampling upon women and children, eleven of whom were killed outright—9 women and 2 children.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6th.—Deep interest is manifested in the result of the election to-morrow. The Mayor has issued a proclamation, recommending the closing of all places of business.

The Secretary of the Shelter Committee of Aid, reports that there are 5,000 applications for temporary houses, of which 4,178 have been granted.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Senator Scott has received a letter dated Yorkville, S. C., Oct 29th, from a prominent gentleman now temporarily in that vicinity, in which it is stated that Avery, Tomlinson, and Britton who it was proved were members of the Ku-Klux organization, together with 200 men, have fled. About 160 have surrendered and confessed all they know, and the less guilty are paroled for want of means to keep them in charge. The evidence is overwhelming and up to this period no confirmation of facts as to the persons concerned in a large number of whippings and in the hanging of Williams, in which Bratton was leader, and Snery accessory before the fact. The murder of Anderson Brown, in which Tomlinson was concerned, the murder of Leet and of Roundtry, and, astonishing as it may seem, even as to the facts and details of five murders which the writer, with all his knowledge of the outrages by the Ku-Klux did not suspect to have been committed. We have in fact, he says, some 30 men, we be concerned in vaarious murders, most of havin made a clear breast of all they know about it, and were all committed by order of Grand Chief Avery. Better people now are beginning to say they are profoundly gratified for having been freed from the horrible tyranny to which this atrocious conspiracy had subjected them.

LONDON, Nov. 6.—A project has just been announced for laying a submarine cable from Lisbon *via* Madeira, the Canaries, and Cape de Verde Islands, to Rio Jeneiro and Montevideo. The Emperor of Brazil, while in London recently, was very anxious to encourage the enterprise.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

FRANCE.

PARIS, 6th.—Means have been found for putting an end to the difficulties between Prussian soldiers compo ing the army of occupation, and citizens near whom they are quartered, and the disquietudes arising from this cause which at one time threatened to interfere with negotiations of the final treaty between France and Germany, will now be prevented and it is believed permanently.

UNITED STATES.

UTICA, N. Y., Nov. 5.—Hon. Hiram Denio for many years Judge of the Supreme Court and presiding Judge of the Court of Appeals, died in this city to day, aged 72 years.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 5.—The Captains and officers of several of the lost vessels arrived here on the *Moses Taylor*. Nearly six hundred of the wrecked sailors were Kepakas, and will remain at Honolulu, as there are many more there. Many of them are unprovided for. The bark *Comet* will bring as many as she can carry, and the American Consul was negotiating for the bark to carry another load to San Francisco. The officers think a naval vessel should be sent to bring away the remainder. The loss by the destruction of the fleet is about one million and a half dollars. The catch destroyed foots up to 13,065 barrels whale oil, 965 of sperm, and 100,000 pounds of bone.

Advices from Southern Arizona state that a reign of terror exists there. Indians and Sonorians are plundering, and reaches escaping into Mexico with their plunder.

NEW YORK, Nov. 5.—The *Tribune* Washington special says:—It may at least be definitely announced that Governor Fish has resigned the portfolio of Secretary of State, that his successor has been determined upon, and that the change is now expected by the President to take place soon after the elections on next Tuesday. Governor Fish purposes to reside this winter in New York.

ORANGE SOIREE.

The Soiree last night was, in every respect, all that was anticipated. The hall was completely filled with a large and select audience. The members of the Order were decorated with rosettes and other paraphernalia peculiar to the Loyal Orange Institution, and the ladies appeared in those gay costumes so becoming the sex on such interesting occasions—ribbons rich and rare to add to their graces. On each side of the chair there were two banners—that of the "City of Ottawa, No. 126," and the Royal Arch Banner with the motto "Love the Brotherhood; Fear God; Honor the Queen."

The chair was taken precisely at eight o'clock by His Worship the Mayor, John Rochester, Esq., the band playing the "Protestant Boys."

Mr. Mercer, organist of St. James' Church, Hull, presided at the piano. There were on the platform Rev. Mr. Abbs, Rev. Mr. Bliss, F. Clemow, Esq., G. H. Perry, Esq., Rev. Dr. Todd, Belleville, Ogle R. Gowan, P. G. M., Rev. D. Falloon Hutchinson. Rev. Dr. Freeland, Rev. John May, M. A., Rev. Mr. Stephenson, Rev. A. Dawson, Grand Chaplain, Dr. Bell, and others.

The Chairman immediately after the band ceased playing, rose and introduced the Speaker of the evening, Ogle R. Gowan, Esq., in something like the following terms:—

I am very sorry that the accommodation is so limited. It has been suggested that we shall take our suppers and adjourn to the Rink to hear the speeches.

A show of hands being called in favor of this proposition it was decided in the negative.

His Worship then said that the notice which he had received was rather too short to have enabled him to have complied with the programme in so far as to make an address. He had taken the chair, and would therefore as briefly as he could introduce the speaker of the evening, and his brevity would be the more particularly excused, when there were so many good speakers prepared to address the meeting. He had on a previous occasion gone to a great deal of trouble in preparing an address, and when he had done his best, touching the virtues of the 5th of November, one of the speakers blamed him for travelling out of the line of his duty. He would therefore simply introduce an old and tried friend—the champion of Orangeism in British America. If he had not founded the first Orange Lodge in British America, he certainly was nearly the first, so much so that his name had become famous over America.

Ogle R. Gowan—The first thought that occurred to him was that this world was full of change. The extraordinary changes which he had seen with respect to Ottawa had not only surprised but gratified him. When forty-two years ago he had visited the city it was so different from what it is now that he could not but be gratified with the change. At that period, Bytown had shining characters, but we had been spared to see the day when the fear inspired by these shining characters had no longer existed. Now no person dares to make us afraid, for the common judgment which the Almighty has been pleased to bestow upon us. He had been shown an essay which was this day to have been read concerning the 5th of November. If it was cruel to take the life of one person it was much more so to take the life of many. The murder of Scott in Manitoba was a serious matter, but how much more atrocious was the determination to blow hundreds of people to destruction as was the case on the day we celebrate. He was at Belleville, where there were a number of Catholics as well as Protestants, when he was interrupted by a person, who said there was no plot, it was bosh. He invited him to the platform but he refused to come. He promised to reply in writing. He asked him if he had ever heard of Father McMahon and his doings at Ridgeway, and if he believed what then had happened. He said he did, but was not present. Then I asked why not believe the newspaper evidence concerning the Guy Fawkes trial. Here is the account, the charge of the Judge and verdict of the Jury. He (Mr. Gowan) then pulled out the prayer book, in which thanks were delivered to the Almighty for the deliverance of the nation. Could this have happened had the story not been true. Could King, Lords and Commoners have been hoodwinked. He did not mean to say anything offensive to his fellows, who were Roman Catholic. He hated political Popery, but had no fault to find with them so long as they confined themselves only to religious matters. The Jews differed from us far more than the Roman Catholics, but politically they did not interfere with us. It was asked why should these matters be kept alive. It was scriptural to do so. If we, however, were disposed to forget these things, our Irish Roman Catholic fellow-citizens would not permit us to do so. I am willing to prove that Romanism is a system of organized tyranny. Go to Rome and see it there. How many times have the Italians themselves attempted to get rid of the oppression under which they suffered. Swiss, Austrians, and Frenchmen and people from Ireland and Lower Canada had gone to Rome to maintain the tyranny of the Pope. What would be thought if foreign bayonets were sent here to support Lord Lisgar, or that the Prussians should be sent to London to maintain the sovereignty of Queen Victoria. What would be thought if Yankee bayonets were sent here to support our Government. The Pope might be a very good old man, and he hoped he was so. He would say nothing about St. Bartholemew or Smithfield; but he would ask what ground of complaint the Roman Catholics had in Canada. They had boasted of their equality in the United States, and we see the result in the riot which occurred in New York on the last 12th of July. Contrast that with the Fenian demonstration against this country some time previously. He read an extract from a reply to the Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, who had defended the Orangemen, to the effect that if the Orangemen ever again attempted to walk it would be their last; and recommended the Roman Catholics to arm to the the teeth to shoot down the Orange dogs like vermin. That was the advice of the Roman Catholic Church organ. It recommended attacks from the house tops should the Orangemen again be surrounded by police and militia. It was not even pretended that they were the aggressors, nevertheless they were to be shot like so much vermin. How then can we forget the 5th of November. Union was forced upon us. He would say nothing about the Gavazzi riots at Quebec and Montreal, where protection was refused by the Mayors. He would say nothing about the slaying of little children on the occasion of the latter riot, and many while being led by their parents from church. Now, in Toronto there is a committee of Roman Catholics complaining that they are excluded from places of honor and emolument. He named a number of persons, some holding, and some not holding, offices of emolument as members of this committee, the Hon. Frank Smith, Mr. Macdonald, of Peterboro, Mr. Hinds, and others, among them R. W. Scott, M.P.P. for Ottawa (derisive cheers). Then there was John McEwen, barrister, Hamilton, John Dawson, of Sombra, John B. Williams, of Chatham, Mr. Fraser, of Brockville, and the son-in-law of the late Hon. Michael Foley, a Police Magistrate appointed by the present government. The Catholic hierarchy, without exception, pursued this course. Now, what would you think if any denomination, Presbyterians, Methodists, or Church of England people joined together to obtain a representation, approved of by the ministers of their churches? Yet what was sauce for the goose ought to be sauce for the gander. Was ability and integrity to be thrust aside, and a man only to be voted for because he was a Roman Catholic. Under such circumstances, what Protestant could hesitate in becoming an Orangeman. The Roman Catholic was a dangerous power and ought to be resisted by every man, woman and child who values freedom in this country. He hoped to be permitted to make a slight reference to the murder of Scott in Manitoba, which he looked upon as a foul and deliberate murder. He looked upon the mouthings of the *Globe* in this particular as deliberate hypocrisy. Did those present remember poor Colonel Moodie whom Mackenzie had ordered to be shot down, and who was shot dead. Did the Grits cry out for the execution of Mackenzie. When Lount and Matthews were ordered to be hanged the Grits petitioned for their pardon. In Manitoba there was no lawful authority, but in Toronto where there was, the grits nearly hunted the Government to death because they would not pardon Mackenzie and others. They succeeded. An amnesty was obtained, and Mackenzie, the murderer, and Gibson, the murderer, were afterwards returned to Parliament. Now the Grits call out "Poor Scott." Whatever we might do, it was arrant hypocrisy in the Grits to call out for justice on account of Scott. But he was perhaps straying from the point. He would return to the principle of Orangeism. Orangeism claimed exclusive loyalty, but their loyalty was more effective than that of other Protestants. He illustrated the effect of union, and compared it to a rope cable. He ridiculed the objection to Orangeism on the plea of its being a secret society. He said there were no other secrets than those necessary to keep the members together. There were secrets of the Confessional, and those who accused Orangemen of having secrets, practised themselves what they condemned in others. He showed that the early Protestants recognized each other by the word "Jah," the contraction for Jehovah, as contained in the 68th Psalm: "Extol the Lord by his name Jah, and rejoice before him." When James II. had set law at defiance, Orangeism took for their password the name of the speaker of the House of Commons—Seymour—at a meeting of the Confederates in the Cathedral of Exeter, on 21st November 1688. The pass word, "Say—More," continued until 1793. He was not a true Orangeman, who even thoughtlessly used the words, "To hell with the Pope," which was neither christianity nor Orange. He had been connected with Orangeism since 1818, and asked permission to say that those who abused the institution by such expressions brought discredit on that Order. He hoped that young Orangemen would keep steadily to the principles inculcated in the word of the living God, and so be a credit to themselves and to the institution of which they were the members and supporters. Five of the men who fell at Ridgeway were Orangemen. At Pigeon Hill, Osborne Smith and Brown Chamberlin were Orangemen, and who was now sent to Manitoba, but an Orangeman? Apologizing for the length of his speech Mr. Gowan resumed his seat.

Band.

After the band had ceased playing, Mr. Gowan read an extract from a meeting of a Lodge of Orangemen held on board of the "Jessie Mackenzie," on the Red River, showing that there were 110 members already.

The Rev. Mr. Stephenson was sorry and yet pleased to come up at this point. Sorry that they had had so much already, and that there was so much to come in the shape of refreshments. He had often heard of Ogle R. Gowan, Esq., but he had no idea that he was so much of a monopolist. He had weeded out everything that it was possible to say about Orangeism, and had so cornered him that he had nothing to say. He was however, in harmony with the principles of Orangeism, and was himself an earnest advocate of it. He did not believe that the differences in Protestantism would prove its destruction, but on the contrary there was a tottering of thrones which would yet disenthrall the peoples. He considered that Great Britain had risen or fallen as Protestantism was in the ascendant or otherwise. He looked upon the present Queen as the most christian monarch that had ever reigned. He quite approved of the principle of toleration as between Protestant and Catholic, and Protestantism ought to be proud of giving liberty of conscience to the masses. It gives liberty to the press and to the people, and in the glory and grandeur of her sway could afford to be generous. But we must guard our own territory. That becomes a duty, and people must understand what we mean when we say "No surrender." He would phosphorize any colony of rats who should attempt to burrow under the British Constitution. After a high tribute to Martin Luther, the reverend gentlemen resumed his seat.

After refreshments the Chair was taken by F. Clemow, Esq., who stated that the object of the meeting was to obtain funds for the erection of an Orange Hall, in which he hoped they would be successful.

A comic song was given by Mr. Aligman, a vote of thanks to the Speakers, proposed by Dr. Bell, of New Edinburgh, and God Save the Queen having been sung by the audience, the celebration of the fifth of November in Ottawa was consummated.

DIED.

In this city, on the 5th inst., Mrs. Denyse Dunn, wife of H. A. Fissault, Esq. of the Public Works Department, aged 39 years.

The funeral will take place on Wednesday, and leave her husband's residence, corner of Wilbrot and Nelson streets, at 8:45 a.m. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further invitation.

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov. 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Heney, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

Dancing and Maintien.

Mr. Andrews classes are now open in Gowan's Hall, and meet every Tuesday and Friday.

JUVENILES at 5 p.m.; ADULTS at 8 p.m.

P. O. Box 15

HOUSE, New Edinburgh.

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 71. 1780

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

HENDERSON & Co.

having commenced business as

BOOKSELLERS & STATIONERS

AT

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respectfully solicit a share of public patronage.

Their Stock comprises full assortments in the following lines, viz: School Books and School Stationery, Bibles and Church Services, Hymn and Prayer Books, Sabbath School Libraries and requisites, Illustrated Gift Books, Juvenile, Miscellaneous Literature, &c., &c

The Standard Magazines.

STATIONERY GOODS.

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Orders promptly and carefully attended to, and Goods not in stock procured with dispatch.

Public and School Libraries advantageously supplied.

Inspection invited.

Remember 39, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 25 1871 1802 10

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILL.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAW

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

SALE AT AUCTION

OF

THOROUGH BR

LOCAL NEWS

The St. Patrick's Hall readings will be resumed shortly.

FEELS like winter, eh! was the general salutation yesterday.

The St. Patrick's Society hold a regular meeting this evening.

The weather yesterday was cold, but the sunshine was very genial.

Lumbermen are having favorable weather for work in the woods.

DUST was blown about by the wind yesterday in a manner very unpleasant to pedestrians. Water carts should have put in an appearance.

ST. ANDREW'S SOCIETY.—The meeting of the St. Andrew's Society announced to take place last evening was adjourned until Thursday evening.

RESCUED.—Hon. James Skead will have the rebuilding of his steam saw mill lately burned commenced immediately. All his old hands will be employed.

FOUND.—The little girl Lindley, advertised lost in our previous issue was found yesterday. She was at Mr. Lang's who seeing the notice sent word to Mrs. Litle.

THE UNITY PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT SOCIETY.—We are requested to announce that owing to the hall being occupied last evening, on the occasion of the Orange Soiree, the regular meeting of the above Society was postponed until next Monday evening at the usual hour; and as there will be some important business transacted, a good turn out of members is requested.

"ANECDOTES OF A LIFE ON THE OCEAN." We have perused a neat little volume bearing the above title, and have much pleasure in recommending it to the public as interesting and instructive. It is an account of the author's experience during a period of twenty five years sea faring life. It is written in a plain unassuming, but clear and very readable style. It contains an amount of information about different countries and climes, all of which is placed before the reader in a comparatively small space. There is no cumbersome fiction; all is truth and facts. As a source of information it is very valuable, and no person can read it without feeling interested. It also contains a Glossary of Nautical Terms, explaining the technical language of the sailor. The author is Mr. David Cowans.

DANGEROUS NEGLIGENCE.—Since the commencement of building in the spring we have been repeatedly obliged to call attention to the dangerous carelessness displayed by carpenters, masons, &c., in the handling of building material. Accidents and narrow escapes from that source were of frequent occurrence during the summer, and it is a matter for surprise that some persons were not fatally injured. The bricklayers and masons while working at a height of 40 or 50 feet from the ground let heavy pieces of stone or brick fall to the street with as much unconcern as if there were not a living thing within a mile of them. Carpenters at a similar elevation sawing off ends of boards or other lumber, leave them at liberty to fall as they may and consequently wherever these indispensable mechanics are employed it is prudent to treat the locality with distant respect

A few days ago one of our most worthy young men narrowly escaped serious, if not fatal injury while passing the Union Bank building on the corner of Rideau and Little Sussex Streets; a large piece of wood fell to the ground grazing his shoulder and making an indenture in the platform. Occurrences of this kind have frequently happened at the building above mentioned, and those guilty of such culpable carelessness should be punished.

In fact it is time the authorities enforced some law to protect pedestrians from the possibility of injury from such a source as the above mentioned. If mechanics and builders are to occupy any portion of the sidewalk, then let them have the exclusive right to it during the requisite period, but by all means make some provision for the convenience of the public at the same time. Under the existing nature of things human life is in danger during every moment of the day, for, as has frequently happened during the summer (fortunately without serious result) tackling, scaffolding, or other contrivances may give way at any moment.

CITY COUNCIL.

A regular meeting of the City Council was held last night.

Present—His Worship the Mayor, Alds. Martineau, Taillon, Heney, Kehoe, McDougal, Cunningham, Mosgrove, Featherston, Rowe, Woodburn, O'Connor, and Bangs.

A communication from the Board of Public School Trustees, with respect to procuring an office for the Inspector of Common Schools of this city in accordance with the requirements of the School Laws was referred to the Board of Works.

A communication was read from the Secretary of the Public Works Department, stating, in answer to the request of the Corporation, that the Government would not be justified in interfering with the lease to Ald. O'Connor.

Three distinct petitions were received, all calling upon the corporation to procure a new trial of the case, the "City of Ottawa vs. G. H. Preston," decided, unjustly the petitioners thought, in favour of defendant. One of the three was from Mr. W. Thompson, Chamberlain, pledging himself to be responsible for the costs of a second trial should it be decided against the Corporation.

On motion of Ald. Bangs, the City Solicitor was authorized to take steps towards procuring a second trial.

A communication received from J. B. Lewis, Esq., with respect to the matter in chancery between the Corporation and G.H. Preston, with respect to uncollected taxes, which might have been collected, was referred to the Finance Committee.

A communication from the St. L. & O. R. R. Company, asking for right of way through Broad street, for their Branch line to the Chaudiere, was referred to the Board of Works.

His Worship the Mayor left at this juncture, and Ald. Martineau was moved into the chair.

A communication from the Chairman of the High School Board, concerning the issue of debentures, was referred to the Finance Committee with instructions to report favorably thereon.

Communications and petitions of minor importance were also received.

The 12th Report of the Finance Committee was received and adopted.

A Report from the Board of Health acknowledged the prevalence of smallpox in this city, though they considered it confined pretty much to the poorer classes and parts of the city, and recommended the adoption of means to allay the disease; also recommending that certain grants of money be made to the General and Protestant Hospitals. It was the belief of the Board that the disease was brought to the city by passengers from the steamer *Medway* and other vessels, and recommended that a memorial be presented to the Government on the matter. The report was adopted.

Ald. Mosgrove moved that Mr. Lesage's Report on Water Works be printed, 1,000 copies in English, and 500 in French, and that they be destributed among the people.

Ald. Bangs spoke in condemnation of the motion.

Ald. Mosgrove said he did not wish to give rise to any prolonged discussion on the question, but he believed that Mr. Lesage's report was the best they had and was worthy of being printed. The report of a man of such long experience in connection with water works should receive due consideration and publicity.

Ald. O'Connor said they had the reports of abler men than Mr. Le age on the question, and he did not think it proper to overlook their recommendations. Why did not Montreal employ Mr. Lesage to report upon the Montreal Water Works instead of sending to the United States for an engineer? They knew that he was not qualified to do so. So far as the site of which he had a lease was concerned he would have given them liberty to construct water works through that property had he been properly approached on the question. He was still willing to give the people leave to build water works on the site in question, but no member of the precious Water Works Committee would be listened to now.

Ald. Mosgrove requested that the speaker be confined to the question.

Ald. O'Connor simply desired to show why the report should not be printed. He did not consider it worth printing, and at all events, he hoped it would be read to the Council before it was printed.

Ald. Taillon, pitied Ald. O'Connor; ever other member of the Council had heard it read.

Ald. Heney thought a sufficient number of reports had already been printed.

Ald. Featherston reminded the Board that the Report in question was the one upon which the actual action on the question of Water Works was being taken, and therefore it should be given full publicity. So far as Ald. O'Connor's lease of the site was concerned, it was no obstacle to them. If they wanted it for Water Works purposes, they could take it whether Ald. O'Connor liked it or not, but it was very generous of him to offer it to the city.

Ald. Bangs again spoke against the printing of Mr. Lesage's Report. Had he been employed by the Water Works Committee he would be glad to endorse his report, but having been employed without the knowledge of the Council or Committee, it should be ignored

Ald. Mosgrove intended to have said little that night, hoping that the factious and unjust opposition so often and with such bad grace shown the honest efforts of the Water Works Committee, would not be again displayed; but when gentlemen in their frantic desperation continued to throw aspersions upon him and his actions, he could not refrain from defending himself against their unmanly attacks. One Alderman forgetting his grey hairs persistently opposed him in every attempt in the matter of Water Works, while Ald. O'Connor finding his every other effort to oppose mine (Ald. M.) abortive, sought and obtained a lease of certain property, the moment he ascertained it had been recommended by Mr. Lesage as a Water Work's site.

Ald. O'Connor, "False as hell! It's as false as hell!"

(Ald. O'Connor, advanced *a la* pugilist towards Ald. Mosgrove, both looking six-shooters and frowning defiance. For a time the prospect of sport was good).

Chairman — "Order, Ald. O'Connor, order."

Ald. O'Connor retires backwards looking exceedingly vicious.

Ald. Mosgrove asserted again that such was the case, and gave day and date of the lease to confirm his statement. So far as Ald. Bangs remarks were concerned, they were scarcely worthy of notice. Ald. Bangs would not support any report unless it agreed with the peculiar ideas of the "Ring." The Gully or no Water Works was the password of that organization.

Ald. O'Connor said it was false as false could be, the statement that he had procured the lease after the adoption of Mr. Lesage's report. His lease had been granted two weeks previously.

Ald. Cunningham did not think it mattered much whether they adopted the Oregon route or not. If it were the best they should adopt it and would construct the Works in spite of Ald O'Connor. If Ald. O'Connor were not going to vote for the Bylaw when it come up he knew what he would do. A certain company of gentlemen in Upper Town were talking of constructing Water Works the site to be near that in question, and certain works on the ground were to be utilized. He would like to see the report printed, but hoped so exhorbitant a price as that paid for the last would not be paid for this.

Ald. Woodburn would not go for printing any more reports until the question of water works was further advanced. They had received Mr. Greene's account for $1,100 the other day and he did not feel inclined to saddle the city with a similar amount for Mr. Lesage at present. He would vote against the printing of the report.

The motion was then put and carried on division. Yeas—Alds. Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougall, Rowe, and Taillon. Nays—Alds. Heney, Kehoe, Bangs, Woodburn, and O'Connor.

The Council then adjourned.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	Provincial N.	Dominion N.	Total.
	$ c	$ c	$ c
Notes payable at Montreal	3,484,676 63	2,429,490 00	5,914,166 63
" " Toronto	763,807 50	1,614,577 00	2,372,384 50
" " Halifax	125,163 59	355,280 00	480,443 59
" " St. John	467,108 00	186,000 00	653,103 00
	4,840,755 72	4,585,347 00	9,426,102 72
Fractional Notes			449,724 75
Total circulation			9,875,827 47
Debentures held against circulation			6,400,000 00
			3,475,827 47
Specie held at Montreal		1,626,276 46	
" " Toronto		1,290,674 18	
" " Halifax		253,500 35	
" " St. John		150,000 00	
			3,320,450 99
Deficiency of Specie			155,376 48

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

N. B.—The returns to October 31 were not received in time to be inserted in the *Gazette* of Saturday last.

Ottawa, November 6, 1871. 1814 5

CANADA CENTRAL
—AND—
Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.
Local Train at 1:40 p.m
Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8.15 p.m

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.
Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m, 7:35 p.m. and 8:15 p.m
LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m, 9.10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.
Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.
Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO PORTLAND, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this line daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with Sleeping Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3.50 P.M.
No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9.20 A.M., every Morning (Sunday Morning excepted.
No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M
No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:0 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6.15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

NEW SPRING GOODS,
—AT
O'MEARA & CO.,
50 SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An Immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE
AND
FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department

These purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chast patterns, and durable fabrics Extra good value in WINCIES.

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply, all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN
Successors to
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERIAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BURNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism. Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. On trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy. Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau
Montreal, Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 0, 1871 1800y.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 2?, 1871 1804 tf

D. OLIVER MARTIN,
DENTIST,
HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.

Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1799 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.
" " **PILLOW CLOTHS.**

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW
DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,
millinery,
Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 23, 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, SPITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m. connecting with Steamers of the line for Booth's Capitoline and intermediate ports

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS.
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

AMUSE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
Metcalfe Street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

L. A. GRISON,
Times Office, Wellington Street,
Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C. R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE.

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MOORE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

	Stg	Stg	Stg.
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year	£1,282,222 3 2		
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0		
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 10		
	£1,282,222 3 2		
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,909 12 9		
Consideration for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9		
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax)	54,725 10 9		
		306,715 0 3	
		£1,588 937 3 5	
Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums reassured			£ 110,417 16 3
NOTE—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.			
Surrenders			7,919 14 4
Annuities			12,232 17 3
Commission			9,922 7 6
Expenses of Management and all other charges			20,980 7 9
Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders			8,250 0 0
Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders			96,804 18 9
Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule			1,382,409 1 7
Total			£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up	£ 75 000 0 0	
Assurance Fund	1,201 911 9 2	
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5	
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2	
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6	
	£1434,090 17 3	

ASSETS.	Stg
Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom	£ 500,888 15
Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Loans on the Association's Policies (within value).	175,916 19
INVESTMENTS—	
In British Government Securities	1,235 15 3
Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14
Foreign Government Securities	— — —
Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	239,567 17 8
Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 2 4
House Property	109,159 13 9
Annuities purchased	25,497 17 4
Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,535 2 9
Loans on Personal Security	5,879 10 9
Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,575 10 0
Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,431 6 9
Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
Agents' Balances	50,338 8 8
Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 2
Outstanding Interest	— — —
Interest accrued, but not yet payable	18,967 1 3
CASH—	
On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 5	
On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9	
In hand 127 3 9	
	77,862 6 11
	£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.
The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.
Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.
RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER ..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN ..... " 19th "
MEDWAY ..... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES ..... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:
Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.
Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 yer year.
Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.
Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.
For further information apply to
DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
Or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 14th. 1760y.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:
Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....26th "
ST. ANDREW " ..... 2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to
D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 17 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1569y

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. COWHELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAGOT.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m, and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," rom Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and undecultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.
Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

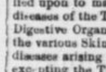
That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c, &c,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles . . $1 00
Pills per Box 25



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1657tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

ULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantril, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Rapbey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1swky

DR. ROBERTS

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and the

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family operient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England

and sold by all Medicine Vendors

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

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No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE IN GIVEN A.M.	DUE IN GIVEN A.M.	DUE IN GIVEN P.M.
.....	1 00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	10 00	.....	4.20
.....	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10 00	.....	7.30
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	7.30
9 00	12·00	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9·00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9 00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	.....	.....	4.20
9 20	.....	4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9 20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	.....	.....	1 30
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	700
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 6 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Oct. 30 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT.

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All ground ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Maley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. SISKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE AND EARACHE. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS ALL OVER THE PARTS OF THE WORLD. PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS, FULDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

PARL

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties boroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchant throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont.
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head; Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction I gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1537y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingots and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq, and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq, of Gloucester, Trustees. or to

HAMNETT P. HILL.
Solicitor, &c.,
Post Office Block, Ottawa.

34tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

CELLAR TO LET.

At corner of Sussex and Murray streets, known as Sparrow's Block. Apply to

O. DUROCHER,
No. 77, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 14, 1871 1590 3m

Legal

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMELL.

EDWARD T. DARTELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

D. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

OSGROVE & TAILON, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

S. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec. Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician

The Times

VOL. V NO 1815. OTTAWA WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 8, 1871. PRICE—3 C TS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Godderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the great travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare, a mere le sure of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, St. Victoria ridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $2.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interest by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GAIL & MUCHMORE & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LAKE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velvet and Jet-ts,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
Cotton Goods,
Dress Prints,
1 Case Jean Cottons,
2 " Fancy Cottonades,
1 " Laces,
2 " Bonnet Border,
4 " Prints—latest,
1 " Corset's Satins,
4 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Handsaws,
1 Case Linen Drill.

CANADIAN GOODS.

10 Cases Canadian Tweeds,
" Cotton Warp,
" Satinets,
" Wadding,
8 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " " Twilled Sheetings
" " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Ottawa. Call and see Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

Inspection Invited.

Ottawa, Nov 19, 1871

HATS HATS, HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

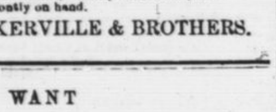
33 Rideau Street

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq., or to

SHAWNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.



OTTAWA NAVIGATION COMPANY.

ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4:30 p m., arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no Boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as a unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s, and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Hardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex st. Ottawa.

38 LINY, SIMON LEBEAU Agent.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you can't any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Gold and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Price

DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Fine Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best brands, imported this season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

STARCH CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large percentage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 9, 1871 181

BY-LAW

To raise by way of loan the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges across the Rideau Canal, repairing the Sappers' Bridge, and building a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats, in the City of Ottawa.

Whereas the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa has resolved to build bridges across the Rideau Canal, at Wellington and Maria Streets, in the City of Ottawa, to repair the Sappers' Bridge already erected across the said Canal, connecting Sparks and Rideau Streets, and also to build a bridge across the gully in Queen Street, Le Breton's Flats; and it is estimated that the sum of fifty thousand dollars will be required for that purpose

And whereas in order to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such works, it is necessary to issue debentures of the Corporation of the said City, to the amount of fifty thousand dollars, aforesaid, as hereinafter provided

And whereas it will require the sum of five thousand five hundred dollars to be raised annually for the payment of the said debentures and the interest thereon, as hereinafter also provided.

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is five million seven hundred and sixty-eight thousand three hundred and nine dollars.

And whereas the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:

Principal, the sum of three hundred and two thousand eight hundred and eight dollars and fifty-one cents; and interest, the sum of fifty five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents, making in the aggregate the sum of three hundred and fifty-eight thousand four hundred and sixty-two dollars and sixty-seven cents, of which interest the said sum of fifty-five thousand six hundred and fifty-four dollars and twenty-six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts is in arrear.

And whereas for paying the interest on the said debentures and creating an equal yearly sinking fund, for paying the principal money of the said debentures, according to the statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

Be it therefore enacted and ordained by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:—

1. That for the purpose of constructing the said works, it shall be lawful for the Mayor, for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of fifty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain, for the time being of the said City, and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

2. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa, for the time being, shall cause debentures to be made out, in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of fifty thousand dollars; which said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

3 The said debentures shall be made payable on the first day of November, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and ninety-one, at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa, and shall have coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

4. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum, from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half-yearly, on the second day of the months of January and July in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

For the purpose of providing a sinking fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of one tenth of a cent in the dollar shall, in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected, in each year upon all the rateable property in the city of Ottawa, during the continuance of the said debentures or any of them.

This By law shall take effect and come into operation on the tenth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one.

And Whereas this By-law requires the assent of the electors of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said electors thereon, the Council of the Corporation of the said city, do hereby fix the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned, in the said City, being the places at which the last elections of the members of the Council therein were held: namely, in Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke, therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward, at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day.

And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers, to take such votes at and for the several places, within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the City of Ottawa, for By Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

TAKE NOTICE.

That the above is a true copy of a proposed By law, which will be taken into consideration by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, after one month from the first publication thereof in the OTTAWA TIMES newspaper, the date of which first publication was the fourth day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, and that the votes of the electors of the said Municipality will be taken thereon, at the following places within the City of Ottawa, namely: In and for Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street, in Victoria Ward. In and for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street; and for that part of the said last mentioned Ward, lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In and for St. George's Ward, at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In and for By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street; and in and for Ottawa Ward at Lot No. eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew Street on the twenty-seventh day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one at the hour of nine of the clock, of the forenoon of the same day.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, Oct. 4, 1871. 1786 1m

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Silly Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9 500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 4, 1871. 1746 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st; John Hill, Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Macombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, *Agent,*
Times Office, Ottawa.

CURRENT TOPICS.

The receipt for "stunting pet poodles" is given by the Boston *Post*: "Feed them with laudanum and keep them in warm ovens."

The French papers announce the arrival at Paris of "Lord de Westminster, the richest landed proprietor of the United Kingdom. His fortune is estimated at eighty millions a year income.

England, says an American paper, it must be gratefully admitted, is manifesting a liberal sympathy towards the sufferers by the terrible conflagration of Chicago. The subscriptions already large, will greatly exceed $1,000,000. Queen Victoria has contributed $2,500, which is three times as much as was given by the Emperor and Empress of Germany.

The Prussian Government is said to be pressing for the trial by court martial of 143 officers, who, released on parole, afterwards served against the Germans. It is now some time since General Le Flo in answer to a deputy of the Right, promised the guilty parties should be brought to justice.

The following occurred in Brooklyn, N. Y., on Friday last:—

Louis Muller was sent to the Penitentiary for six months by Justice Buckley for having stolen a meerschaum pipe and bartered it for food and medicine for his child, which was dying with small pox.

When such a thing occurs in England, American journals charge it to the corrupting influences of an "Effete Monarchy" and a "bloated" aristocracy. What is the cause in the great and true Republic?

The new plan for the French army is on a basis of 342,000 men, besides cavalry and artillery, and 45,000 men for Algiers. Under the Empire, in 1869, the total force was 404,192 men for a peace footing, and 757,727 for war. In the latter were included 100,221 cavalry, and 66,132 artillery. There were 64,531 men in Algiers.

Prof. Henry says that the observations of the Smithsonian Institute, which extend over a period of twenty years, have as yet failed to confirm the popular belief that the removal of the forests and the cultivation of the soil tend to diminish the amount of rainfall.

One of the Mormon Bishops, recently arrested for complicity in a murder, has been admitted to bail in the sum of ten thousand dollars. It is rather an unusual circumstance to admit persons to bail who are charged with such offences, still we suppose the authorities in this instance must have had good and sufficient reasons for doing so.

The trial of the Tichbone case will be resumed to-day. The interest in this most romantic and mysterious affair is stronger than ever. Sir Roger is now in Cornwall. There is a report that on the reopening of the trial the first person he will put into the witness box will be Arthur Orton, the man whom his opponents allege he is. It Orton is produced Sir Roger's case if won.

Colonel Lindsay, on looking over the estimates the other day, was surprised at the vast amount of correspondence with the War Office. The weight of that correspondence was 4,000,000 ounces a year, for as many as 14,000 letters were daily issued, and the cost of postage of these letters must be about £50,000 a year. He did not think any system could be correct which required such an enormous amount of writing. If the Government would properly set to work, a great deal of economy could be effected without at all deteriorating the efficiency of the army.

The Kingston *News* says:—The grain trade is still brisk in port. The arrivals, however, are principally from Canadian ports, with wheat and peas, consigned to Montreal. The last of the grain vessels from the upper lakes is expected this week, and in ten days more the lively hum of business will be missing from the wharves, and the sailors and bargemen will begin to look up their quarters for the winter.

The London *Advertiser* says that Mr. Allister, brewer of that city, while engaged in superintending the malting of his brewery in the eastern suburb of that city, on Wednesday afternoon, fell into the vat of boiling liquid, and was so severely scalded that his life is in danger.

Thirteen hundred and forty immigrants have arrived at the Emigration depot in Toronto during the present month, of these 540 Germans and Norwegians went to the States. Of the remainder there were 490 English, 160 Irish and 150 Scotch, all of whom, it is thought, remained in Ontario. Thirty persons, the *Examiner* says, went to Muskoka.

The Strathroy correspondent of the London *Free Press* notices a singular circumcumstance. At a recent funeral in the township of Caradoc the unusal number, seventy-five Campbells, all from the "Land of Lorne," or more strictly speaking, Argyle, were assembled. All are prosperous farmers long settled in this country, and among them were two generations who settled here previous to 1832, besides their descendants to the "manner born." Most of them, including the Canadians, spoke the Gaelic as their mother tongue.

Some people seem born to be literally smothered by good fortune. Baron Rothschild's late exploits on the turf are a surprising instance in point. When he won the Derby with "Favonius," and with the race a pot of money, the sporting world admired his great luck. Soon after with "Hannah" he won the Oaks, soon after again with the same mare the St. Leger, and now, astonishing to relate, with Corisand—named after Mr. Disraeli's radiant heroine—the Baron has won the Cesarewich. In other words, in one year he has carried off the four highest prizes of the turf. Such a dazzling series of successes is we believe, quite without precedent, and, if a Rothschild can be spoiled by fortune, is enough to turn the coolest of heads.

A Washington despatch says:—A Boston boot and shoes firm, which has an extensive Northern reputation by reason of its loyality, lately hit upon an ingenious plan to push their trade in the South. They invented a sort of a square toed boot, on the leg of which was imprinted the likeness of General R. E. Lee, and this was to go into the general Southern market. A finer boot wat then made with the picture of Stonewall Jackson alson imprinted on the boot leg, and this was intended especially for Virginia dealers. The firm then applied for a patient at the patent office here on their trade mark. The Examiner to day decided that the application could not be granted on the ground that these trade marks tended to encourage disloyalty in the South. The firm have taken an appeal to the Commissioner.

One of the sights of Hyde Park is the start of the Four-in-Hand Club on its annual state drive. This year they mustered eighteen drags, large, close carriages, very high, and not unlike the old-fashioned stage coaches. The gentleman owner driver, his men and lady friends sit on top; the inside is empty, or left to the footman, which rather reminds one of the story of the Chinese Emperor who sat on the box of his English carriage and put the coachman inside, because he would not have his menial seated higher than himself. On they came, eighteen handsome drags, each with his four spanking chestnuts, grays, bays, roans, blacks, or mixed teams, the loaders and wheelers in pairs of different colors, well assorted. They thundered smoothly by, one after the other, through a double row of carriages two miles long, drawn up to see them pass, and set one to thinking of De Quincey's essay on the "Glory of Motion."

The new project of a railway over which through trains to India may run continues to attract attention. Mr. R. Fairlie, the author of the three foot guage, informs the *Times* that he has undertaken—in a letter to Sir Stafford Northcote, president of the select committee of the House of Commons investigating through routes to India—to find men of influence and position already engaged in the construction of very important railways, who are prepared to build the 850 miles of railway over the Euphrates Valley route for a sum of five millions sterling; to guarantee a maximum speed of thirty-five and a mean speed of thirty miles per hour for passenger trains; to work eight trains—four merchandize and four passenger—per day of twenty-four hours each way, the former capable of transporting 1,000 net tons of merchandise and the latter 3,000 passengers or 4,000 troops, with the proper proportion of baggage, horses, guns, ammunition, &c.

The Malta *Times* says:—"While people are talking of a railway to India direct, to accomplish the passage from London to Calcutta in five days, the Viceroy of Egypt has actually commenced one of the most gigantic undertakings ever attempted in his territory—that of connecting Upper and Lower Egypt by rail. At the terminal point of all ancient and modern conquest, where the mighty Persian and Roman invaders found the desert an impassable barrier, the Khedive, assisted by an army of English engineers and navvies, will, unless stopped by the jealousy of the Sultan, drive an iron road and a team of iron horses not only to the very confines of Nubia, but into the heart of Africa, opening up new fields for commerce, and perhaps bring home Livingston first-class. When it is considered that the line, commencing at the Second Cataract, is to be 600 miles long, some idea may be formed of the amount of labor required to complete the work."

The *Court Circular* states that on Monday evening, the 16th ult., Her Majesty gave a ball to her tenantry at Balmoral, and was able to be present at it for a short time, though, owing to much suffering, Her Majesty was obliged to be carried into the room in an arm chair.

The *Kreuzzeitung* reports from Heligoland that there have recently arrived in that island, from England, several 12 pounder Armstrong guns and one 40 pounder. These guns have been placed in position. The former battery was only used for firing salutes, and was not regarded as of any defensive value.

The London *Court Journal* says it is rumored that Lord Walter Campbell, who has for some time been engaged in commercial life in the United States, is about to marry the daughter of one of the wealthiest American citizens, "the proprietor of some of the biggest of those monstrous establishments, the New York hotels."

A Berlin letter says:—"When all the works of construction and repairs shall be finished, the German navy will comprise—seven iron clads, with a total of 77 guns and 4,800 horse power; screw steamers—one vessel of the line, five corvettes, seven despatch boats, twenty two gunboats, one transport—altogether 285 guns. Sailing vessels—one training brig, three other brigs, three frigates, and a ship used as a barracks with 167 cannons—in all 532 guns.

Mr. James Denison, for more than forty years the representative of the London *Times* on the Western Circuit, died recently. He usually managed the expresses of that journal in the west of England at a time when railways and electric telegraphs were unknown; and many contests occurred between him and Mr. Charles Dickens, who then represented the *Morning Chronicle*, to secure priority of information.

An extraordinary reason for committing suicide was assigned by a young man who drowned himself on the 17th ult., in the river Eden, at Carlisle, England. Previous to jumping into the river he gave 5s. to an old man, to pay him for taking a parcel to the chief constable, and when the parcel was opened it was found to contain a written statement to the effect that Mr. Darwin having proved men to be descended from monkeys, the writer did not desire to live any longer.

A citizen of Wisconsin, on a recent trip to St. Louis, took a sleeping car berth on a through express train. In the night he got up, and, clad only in his sleeping garments, went out on the platform of the car to look at the moon. The door closed with a spring lock. He says he never enjoyed a fifty mile ride as he did that one

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE &c. FOR GILT, OAK & MARBLE.

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

School Teacher Wanted.
I P B S—Thomas Sproule.
Notice—Henry Usborne.
Peterborough and Haliburton Railroad.
"Carleton House"—Mrs G Acres.
On Account—A Gagnier.
New Books! New Books!—Henderson & Co's.
Promenade Concert.
Auction Sale—J Bermingham.
Engraving—Alex Ramsay.
Sale of Crown Lands—Thos H Johnson.

The Ottawa Times.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. Dixon, Immigration Agent, left last night for Toronto.

The dismissal of Mr. Woodruff from the position of Superintendent of the Welland Canal, appears to afford much satisfaction to the Toronto *Telegraph* and Western papers generally.

For many years navigators have been trying to discover the open Polar Sea or "North West passage." A letter has been received from the German Arctic exploring expedition, declaring that an open Polar Sea was found in the month of September, stretching from 42 to 60 degrees east of Greenwich, and to the northward of 78 degrees of latitude. The extreme reached was 79 degrees north, on the meridian 48 east.

The Halifax *Chronicle* continues to publish abusive articles concerning Dr. Tupper. A specimens of journalistic blackguardism, which apart from all other considerations we are sorry to see find a place in any Canadian newspaper, these articles are great successes, but the *Chronicle* has entirely failed to substantiate a single charge against the President of the Council, nor indeed has it although repeatedly challenged to do so, attempted to produce a tittle of evidence in substantiation of its accusations. "Abuse and misrepresent" is the order of the day in Nova Scotia as well as in Ontario, so far as the Opposition are concerned.

The November number of *Bow Bells* which we have received from Messrs. Durie & Son, contains the conclusion of Edmund Yates's novel "Nobody's Fortune." It is in all respects an excellent story of the sensational type, but we have searched our columns in vain for the advertisement which is said to be contained in them. We read in the last chapter of "Nobody's Fortune" that one of the characters, a sporting celebrity, "has a standing advertisement in the Ottawa TIMES and that he styles himself therein the "Suffolk Muffin." If Mr. Grogram one of the heroes of the story is really a resident of Ottawa, let him at once make himself known.

PROGRESS OF THE "MANITOBA EXPEDITION."

The Adjutant General of Militia has received intelligence that the troops were at Deux Riviere Portage on Wednesday, 1st November, all well.

WHAT THE GOVERNMENT HAS DONE.

The Victoria (B. C.) *Colonist* points out in a very forcible manner how evidently it is the duty of the people of British Columbia to support the present Dominion Government. Many of the reasons which it adduces for their doing so apply with equal force to the people of the other provinces. The *Colonist* very fairly calls upon its readers to review the growth and prosperity of the Dominion since Sir John Macdonald's ministry took office. It points to the rising credit of Canada in the money markets, to the establishment of a militia system which is admired in England; to our approved banking policy, the settlement of the great Hudson Bay Company difficulty; the establishment of Manitoba, and the success of the first important regular military expedition undertaken by the Dominion; also, to the admission of British Columbia, and to the prompt and vigorous steps taken to survey the railway route to the Pacific.

The past success of the ministry in establishing Confederation, and their large administrative experience qualify them as the *Colonist* contends, to complete and put the crowning stone upon the great fabric of union. We have no doubt that these arguments of the *Colonist* will have due weight with the people of the Pacific Province who will have no difficulty in understanding and appreciating the claims that the Dominion Government have upon the confidence of the public. If instead of the government we have had, with their progressive policy and sincere desire to do justice to men of every class and every creed, Canada had been left to the tender mercies of those unpractical inexperienced political bigots who are so eager for office, instead of a rising credit we should in all probability have found our securities depreciated, instead of peace being established in Manitoba there is every likelihood that we should have had a war of races in that Province, and instead of the people of British Columbia being desirous to unite their future destinies with ours, we should have found them ready to prefer annexation to the American Republic even, rather than to have had any connection with those whose rulers were so incompetent and so utterly incapable of rising above the condition of "village politicians." There is scarcely a man in British Columbia who does not perceive that this is the case, nor would there be in Ontario, were it not for the persistent efforts made by the Grit leaders to deceive and mislead the people whose friends they pretend to be.

THE MILITIA OF CANADA.

The Militia General Order published on last Saturday's *Canada Gazette*, to which we have previously referred, states that His Excellency the Governor General congratulates the officers and men of the Active Militia on the results of the annual drills and camps of exercise formed during the past summer. We find that the following number of officers and men and horses performed the annual drill, in the sixteen days camp:

Military District No. 1, 2,316 officers and men; 143 horses; No. 2, 4,753 officers and men; 620 horses; No. 3, 2,758 officers and men; 319 horses; No. 4, 2,227 officers and men; 105 horses; No. 5, 3,546 officers and men; 231 horses; No. 6 1,512 officers and men; 23 horses; No. 7, 2886 officers and men; 221 horses; No. 8, 1,411 officers and men; 319 horses; No. 9, 1,135 officers and men; 15 horses. Total, 22,544 officers and men; 1996 horses.

More than 1,300 cavalry and 10 Field Batteries of Artillery (with 42 Field Guns) are included in the above strength, and were present with the various brigades in camp for sixteen days.

In eight days camps the following numbers were present.

Military District No. 1, 1,947 officers and men; 191 horses; No. 2 1,283 officers and men; 15 horses; No. 3, 897 officers and men; 69 horses; No. 4, nil officers and men; No. 5, 252 officers and men; No. 6, nil officers and men; No. 7, 413 officers and men; No. 8, 418 officers and men; 53 horses; No. 9, nil. Total, 5210 officers and men; 3 9 horses.

In addition to this, upwards of 1700 garrison artillery men have performed their annual drill at various forts and garrisons throughout the Dominion. Three artillery batteries embarked in succession for eight days gun drill on board the gunboat "Prince Alfred." The vessel cruising during the period on Lakes Erie and Huron. The Grand Trunk Brigade, 2,156 strong, and the remaining corps of the active militia in different districts performed their annual drill at the respective headquarters of Corps.

There can be no doubt that the people of this country have much reason to congratulate themselves upon the efficiency which has been displayed by the Canadian militia during the past year, and also upon the admirable system which has rendered our defensive force a trustworthy reality, instead of being, as most citizen armies are, a mere delusive paper organization which would melt away at the first strain put upon it. A noteworthy instance of the thorough efficiency of our militia system to which we alluded a day or two since, was the readiness with which a force was recently dispatched at very short notice to Manitoba. This of itself is a sufficient answer to those, who, inspired either by political motives or by personal dislike to Sir George Cartier, are constantly cavilling at our Militia system, and endeavouring to prove that it is worthless.

EMANCIPATION IN BRAZIL.

Slavery, that is to say that form of slavery which admits of one man owning another as his "chattel," will ere, many years have elapsed have been numbered altogether among the evils of the past. Although we never did or shall believe in the expediency of liberating slaves in the manner in which they were liberated in the Southern States, we are at the same time altogether opposed to slavery as an "institution." Consequently we rejoice to see that the Empire of Brazil has passed a law providing for the gradual abolition of slavery. All the slaves of the crown are released, and all children born of slave mothers after the passage of the law will be free. All the rest who are now slaves will remain in bondage to the end of their lives, a state of things, which, however much it is to be regretted, is perhaps better than setting them free without first teaching them the true uses of freedom or providing for their employment in a satisfactory manner.

THE STATE OF PARIS.

We have already alluded to the condition of Paris and the dangers to M. Thiers' government and the incident thereto. Here is a specific statement on the same subject, from the *Daily News*, and based upon a report which has been mentioned. It will be seen that there has been no exaggeration. In the face of these circumstances the protective policy is persevered in, and evil now most threatening are suffered to grow. Says the *News*:—

An elaborate enquiry made into all the industrial occupations of Paris has enabled the writers of this Report to give facts and figures which show the real condition of the industrial population. Paris is celebrated for the manufacture of goods in which a certain degree of peculiar skill and taste is requisite in the workmen. It had, for example, almost a mono oly of ladies' shoes, and the more fashionable kinds of dress boots. This important industry employed about 30,000 persons. Of these about six thousand, occupied in the coarser parts of the work, were foreigners, and the remaining 24,000 were French. Of these persons "the most experienced, the ablest, those to whom," says the Report, "our industry owes its great prosperity, 12,000 have disappeared—slain, imprisoned, or in flight." Even of those who remain many of the best are going. The head of one of the chief manufacturing houses said, "Emigration is in all their heads, if it is not actually being carried into execution." Next to the shoemakers, who in Paris, as elsewhere, seem to be the most political of all workmen, come the tailors. Tailoring used to employ about 30 000 men. The foreign trade has fallen off about half, and the home trade about a third, yet there are not hands enough to carry it one. One third of the workmen have gone. Five thousand of the e were Germans, who are fast returning, and are taking the places of the other five thousand, who were Frenchmen, and it and will return no more. The making of upholstery and furniture employed 60,000 workmen; and so many of them are gone that orders come in and the employers are altogether unable to execute them. In cabinet work alone some 20,000 men were occupied; a fourth of them were Germans, who are gravitating back and getting higher wages than before, but six thousand Frenchmen are missing in that single branch of business, and they were, the masters say, the best and most trusty of their workmen. These These are only illustrations of the condition of Parisian industry. There is not a trade in Paris carried on by men which has not suffered in the same way. The streets are being paved, but the old paviours are scattered, and men are being employed who know scarcely anything of their work. The sign painters have vanished; "sign painting," says the Report, "is a defunct industry." Of workmen in bronze, fifteen hundred are gone, out of five thousand. The makers of jewelry are being tempted away to London and New York. A single firm which had four of the best workmen in jewels who could be found in Paris, reports that only one remains, and the other three have found employment in England. There is however one industry which has not suffered. The manufacture of artificial flowers is as prosperous as ever. But this striking exception only the more forcible brings out the cause of the falling off in other trades. "It employs almost wholly women, and consequently has not been injured as other industries have by political events. This example," adds the Report, "is valuable; it shows that where hands are not wanting for the execution of orders, where the working staff is unbroken, Parisian industry is ready to repair its losses and to reappear as flourishing as ever."

DOMINION NOTES.

Much regret is expressed in Kent (says the St. John *Telegraph*) at the intended departure of the Hon. Senator Wark from that county.

The Catholic League is in bad odor in the County of Huron. The Seaforth correspondent of the *Canadian Freeman* says that the society is denounced by all intelligent Catholics of Huron as uncalled for, and is regarded with suspicion as a bantling of George Brown—a bait for Catholic votes.

The *Ruth* brigantine, of Halifax, Nova Scotia, arrived in the Thames on the 15th ultimo with 2,000 barrels of petroleum and 100 barrels of rosin on board. While at anchor off Erith on Monday morning the petroleum exploded, and it set the vessel on fire. Several attempts were made to scuttle her, but unsuccessfully, as she lightened on account of the lessening of the cargo as the fire increased. An attempt was then made to cut her cable, and this was after some difficulty, successfully accomplished. A government tug towed the vessel to a spot where her sinking would not be likely to cause any inconvenience to the general traffic on the river. Three of the crew were severely injured by the explosion, and were removed to the hospital. The mate was blown from the vessel a distance of several feet into the river and picked up.

Major Irving, proprietor of the Royal Hotel Hamilton, was on Thursday evening on the occasion of his marriage, presented with a diamond ring by the boarders and guests of the hotel.

David Barrager, of Brighton, was on Saturday tried at Cobourg for the murder of his wife. He was found guilty and sentenced to be hung on the 14th Dec.

A dastardly attempt was made to throw the express train from the track on the Grand Trunk Railway, near New Baltimore, Monday evening. The locomotive was slightly damaged.

Whiskey Detective Mason assaulted Mr. Thompson, the proprietor of the *Sporting Times*, in Church street, Toronto on Friday evening. The informer was at once taken in charge by the police.

The weather is very cold in Quebec, with an indication of snow, which, should it come, will probably remain for the winter, as the ground is frozen hard in that region.

A pair of stockings knit with two balls of yarn and one pair of needles attracted great attention at a fair in Galt lately. It is said that a German lady who never saw the singular pair of stockings exhibited, but only heard from her father that such an article had been shown and greatly admired by hundreds of visitors, had also succeeded in discovering the mode of knitting two stockings at the same time. In a few hours afterwards she exhibited her work to her informer who with great pleasure acknowledged it to be on the same principle as that exhibited in Galt. The young lady has received a handsome present from her father for her discovery.

David McKay, of West Oxford, lately dug with a potato fork, one hundred and seventy-five bushels of potatoes in four and a half hours.

The anti-Confederate candidates, the Hon. S. L. Noonan and Captain A. Graham were returned for Bonavista and Trinity Bay, Newfoundland, without opposition, the opposition having backed out at the last moment.

The new railway called the South Eastern Counties, just finished, will open up the trade of one of the richest parts of the Eastern Townships. The charter was obtained in 1866, and it is only now that all the difficulties attending the enterprise have been overcome. The work has been finished to Richmond, Vt., a few miles across the boundary line, and connects there with the Connecticut and Boston roads. Hon. Mr. Dunkin, Hon. Mr. Pope and others, have been promoters in this useful undertaking, which will benefit Montreal greatly.

Mr. William Bobier, of Dunwich, has manufactured thirty-two tons of cheese at his two factories during the past season,—the whole of which he has sold at the rate of ten cents per lb.

The family of Mr. Lincoln Powell, of Seaforth, were poisoned at breakfast, a few days ago, by hellebore, put on the potatoes by the domestic in mistake for pepper. They are recovering, however.

The employes at the Grand Trunk works at Stratford have lately added a mutual improvement society to the literary advantages possessed by them in the shape of a reading room and library.

On Tuesday last about 50 waggon loads of cheese passed through St. Thomas to the railway station from western factories.

Mr. Woodruff late superintendent of the Welland Canal is about to sue the Toronto *Telegraph* for libel.

A dreadful fire occurred at London Ont. on Monday—loss about $90,000

THE WEBER TROUPE.

The Louisville *Courier* of Wednesday gives us the following:

Night before last, after the arrival of Mr. and Mrs. Mullaly (the latter known on the bills of the burlesque troupe now playing at Weisiger Hall as Liza Weber), the sheriff, who had made the arrest and attached their trunks for debt claimed to be due to John A. Dingess, a former agent of the parties, locked up the rooms in which was the attached property, and pocketed the key. This placed the burlesquers in an awkward dilemma. The trunks were supposed to contain a goodly portion of the wardrobe in which the fair Liza is wont to array herself for the stage, and as the toilette of an actress, especially in burlesque, is a matter of serious importance—in fact, absolutely necessary to success—the situation was a grave one. We don't dare to say that there were any patent calves, or palpitators, or—ahem!—any similar portions of the mysterious paraphernalia of the feminine art belonging to any member of the troupe; but if there had been, it would have been perfectly awful to have been compelled to essay the task of captivating the captious public without them. But woman's wit and woman's will were never yet long at a loss for a way out of almost any difficulty. While the innocent and unsuspecting Sheriff was felicitating himself upon having the attached property safely under lock and key, some one entered the room with another key, abstracted the contents of the trunks, removing them to some place where they could be made available for use in the performance last night. This breach of the law's dignity could not long remain undiscovered, and yester lay morning Mrs. Mullaly and Miss Taylord, a member of the Weber troupe, were arrested on a charge of felony in having perpetrated the robbery. They were taken before Esquires Stephens and Miller, and held in bonds of $200 each, to appear for trial to day, Mr. Burton, of the United States Hotel, becoming their surety. So that the burlesque went on last night as usual, and the spangles entered in the gas light, and the gold lace shone, and the actresses laughed their merriest and capered their liveliest, and few of the audience dreamed how near they had come to missing a show, a disappointment from the effect of which they might possibly have recovered in time, but how long it would have taken the blondes to have recovered from the loss of their wardrobes is another question. In the meantime, the case of the debt came up. Mr. Mullaly was taken from the gaol, where he had been furnished comfortable but safe quarters, and yesterday afternoon he and his wife took the insolvent debtor's oath, and thus got rid, at least for a time, of a prosecution, which they claim was a persecution.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

QUEBEC.

QUEBEC Nov. 7.

The Lieutenant Governor opened the Legislature at three o'clock. Ecclesiastics, members of both Houses, foreign Consuls, and other prominent personages were present. His Excellency stated that he would not announce his reasons for the summonning of the Chambers till the Legislative Assembly elected a Speaker. He would come down and address the Houses to-morrow if that functionary were appointed.

The Assembly then met, when, on motion of Hon. Mr. Chauveau, seconded by Mr. Irvine Dr. Blanchet was re-elected Speaker without opposition.

The Speaker then returned thanks in both languages, promising to act in accordance with constitutional law and the rules of Parliamentary practice. He would be guided also by the strictest impartiality in his decisions.

The House then adjourned till to-morrow at three o'clock.

The Mayors of Quebec and Montreal and a large assemblage of citizens witnessed the proceedings. The old state ceremonial was observed throughout, the militia guard of honour, composed of the 8th battalion, being on hand, and the Provincial Police lining the way to the Legislative buildings.

Sir Francis Hincks and other notables, besides Hons. Sir George E. Cartier and Langevin, are here.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 7.

A telegram says a brakesman on the Shefford, Stanstead, and Chambly Railroad, was caught between two cars while coupling them this morning and killed.

An unknown man fell into the river at Allan's wharf last night and was drowned.

The United States Revenue Cutter, *Hamilton*, lying in port for some days past, was permitted to-day by the Collector of Customs to proceed down the River to sea.

The French barque *Gancora*, recently captured by the Prussians, but restored after the wars, is in port.

Preparations for re-opening the Military School are in progress. Col. Bacon, is to be the commandant, in the absence of Lieut. Col. Smith at Manitoba.

Thomas Edgar was fined $53 to-day for unlicensed liquor selling.

The citizens are actively preparing for winter. Work now on buildings is generally being suspended, and masonry being covered in to protect them from the frost.

The weather to-day was very cold. The thermometer stood at 26°.

COLLINGWOOD.

COLLINGWOOD, Nov. 7.

The steamer *Chicora* arrived from Fort William at 3 p. m. She brought down 100 passengers and 320 packages of fish. Among the passengers were some persons of the Canada Pacific Survey. She left Thunder Bay at 10 o'clock on Saturday morning, experiencing heavy weather on Lake Superior. The *Chicora* is to leave to-morrow.

The steamer *Cumberland* arrived from Fort William to-day at noon, allaying the fears of some idle and mischievious persons who had raised a report that she was sunk. She brought down about 100 passengers and some freight. She experienced rather rough weather on Lake Superior. The *Cumberland* leaves for Fort William on the arrival of the train to-morrow night.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 7.—Baron Gudree Boilleau recently French Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentary of Lima, Peru, has been transferred to the mission at Washington.

PARIS Nov 7.—News from Algeria received here by the Government to-day is highly satisfactory. The restoration of tranquility was nearly completed.

The Council General of the Department of the Seine has voted in favor of the establishment of a system of compulsory and gratuitous education, but rejected a proposition to make common schools wholly salaried.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 7.—The anticipated reconciliation, in the Chambers of the partisans of Sagosta and Gorilla, has not been effected, and this union despaired of.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Nov. 7.—Count Von Beust tendered to the Emperor his resignation on the ground of ill health. The Vienna *Press*, the organ of the Opposition, takes occasion to hint that the Premier had received from the Emperor an intimation to the effect that his resignation would be acceptable. It is said that Count Andreassy will take possession of the portfolio if required.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 7.—The Mixed Commission on the British and American Claims under the Washingtou Treaty are beginning to assemble here preparatory to commencing the work attendant upon the opening of their Session on the 14th of this month. The British Agent has not as yet received many claims, as the rules and regulations for the preparation of claims coming before the Commission were not publicly announced by Her Majesty's Government until the 26th ult.

BOSTON, Nov. 7.—Adams, the Democratic Governor, was defeated in Quincy for representative.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 7.—The vintage of California is so great this season that it is difficult to obtain casks to hold them.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—A suit has been brought against Ashbury for $256, being for repairs to the *Lieonia*, and as Ashbury and the yacht have left for England, a quantity of sails, carpets, etc., left here, have been atttached.

Peter B. Sweeney has tendered his resignation as Commissioner of Public Parks, to take effect on November 20.

There has been no serious disturbances in the city to-day. Several persons were arrested this afternoon for illegally voting. A Republican challenger in the Second District of the Sixth Ward was badly beaten. The police could not protect him.

A warrant was issued this morning for arrest of James Irving, candidate for the Assembly from the Sixteenth District, for violating the election law. It appears that Thomas C. Fields went to the Sheriff's office last night ready to give bail, but there was no person in the office. To-day the Clerk of Arrests received directions from the Council of the Bureau of Municipal Reform to return the papers and take no further steps in the matter.

OSWEGO, N. Y., Nov. 7.—Complete returns to the Oswego Company *Daily Press*, show that D. G. Fort and T. W. Green, Republicans, have been elected to the Assembly from the First and Second District of this County.

TROY, Nov 7.—In several Wards of this city the Inspectors of the election, all of whom are Democrats, refused to permit the presence of challengers at the polls Among the Republican challengers for the County ejected from the polls by the Inspectors, is Francis C. Hayer. In one instance a Democrat was detected in the act of stuffing the Assembly box in the Seventh Ward to defeat the reform ticket.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—Returns from a few scattered towns in the interior indicate uniform Republican gains, and that the Republicans carried the State by a decisive majority.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7, 9 p.m.—William M. Tweed, candidate for the Senate from the 4th District was elected by a large majority.

Thomas A. Ledwith, Tammany candidate for Judge of the Supreme Court, is defeated.

James O'Brien, candidate for the Senate from 7th District, will probably have a large majority over Bradley, Tammany candidate.

9:25 p.m.—Barrett, Republican, is elected for the Supreme Court, Ledwith not having received the full Tammany vote.

The Tammany nominees on the rest of the county ticket elected are:—Superior Court—S Jones, J. C. Spencer; Marine Court—H. Alker; Senators elected—Michael Norton. Tammany candidate, re elected in the Fifth District by a large majority; Sixth District Waltman, Tammany candidate, elected in the Sixth District by a heavy majority.

10 p m.—The *Commercial* has just issued an extra, wherein it says the Republicans made handsome gains in nearly every section of the State so far as heard from. There is every reason to believe from the completion of the returns that the Republicans have carried their State ticket and elected 20 out of 32 Senators, and a handsome majority in the Assembly. Returns from the interior of the State lead us to believe that the Republicans will have a handsome majority in the House of Assembly. Here in the city in the lower wards where Tweed has great power, the Democrats hold their way, but in the upper parts of the city there has been a perfect avalanche against them. The German Wards, Seventeen and Eleven, voted strong for Sigel. The vote is so close between him and Shandley that it is hard to determine who is successful.

Tweed's majority is from 15 000 to 20,000

A very heavy vote has been polled in Kings' County.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 5.—The trial of the Tichborne case, interrupted by a long vacation, has been resumed in the Court of Queen's Bench.

Ten members of the cabinet, including the Right Hon. W. E. Gladstone, first Lord of the Treasury, have accepted invitations to attend the Lord Mayor's annual banquet at the Mansion House on Thursday next.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—At 5 p.m.—At this hour the election is progressing quietly throughout the city. Ex Judge Barrett and several members of the Executive Committee of 70, are greatly elated by the reports from the different districts, they are cherishing high hopes of success as the Reform ticket is said to be in great demand.

O'Donovan Rossa visited the polls in the Fourth Ward at noon, and was received with dreadful yells and curses by a gang of Tammany roughs who threatened personal violence. Men employed to distribute ballots were either bought or driven off by Tammany.

Tweed for Senator, will undoubtedly have a large vote. Several inspectors of election have been arrested for fraudulent voting.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 6.—The General Council of the Lutheran Church in North America, is now in session here. The importance of the increased support of the home and foreign mission, especially the former, in view of the recent calamities in Chicago and the North west, is engaging the eartest attention of the Council, and immediate steps will be taken for their relief. All synods are represented, including the synod of Texas and the Canada synod.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 7.—The disaster which occur to the whaling fleet was fully predicted by the Esquimaux, but no attention was paid to warning. The Esquimaux were boarding ships and carrying off everything of value to them when crews abandoned vessels.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 7.—Last evening William Haskins, residing on 411 South street, murdered his wife They have lately lived unhappily, and she has repeatedly left him for a day or two, on account of his drunkenness.

NEW YORK, Nov. 7.—The morning is cloudless and cold.

A large vote will undoubtedly be polled.

Voting opened quietly, and indications are that fully one half of the votes will be polled before noon. There are no indications of any disturbance at this early hour. All is peaceable and orderly.

Business is almost entirely suspended.

An order of arrest was granted yesterday against Thomas C. Fields, to recover nearly a half million dollars fraudulently obtained by him from the city treasury.

THE QUEEN AND THE ARTIST.

A certain journalist informed loyal Englishmen a few days ago that the fullest details respecting the movements and manners of our own court were to be obtained from the Viennese newspapers. Parisian papers have no less the speciality for anecdotic sketches of the Royal Family of England. A reactionary organ of the *Figaro* type recounts the adventure of a French photographer at Balmoral which is certainly not known to readers of the Court Circular, perhaps not even to the personages whose names occupy the foremost places in its columns. According to this print, in spite of her indisposition, the Queen had summoned from London, through the means of Lady S——, a French photographer of talent and ability. He was to take a copy of a portrait of the Prince Consort. The operator, who is discreetly called X——, arrived at Balmoral two hours before the time indicated. He carried with him not only his apparatus, but a change of linen folded in a silk handkerchief, fearing that the dust and smoke would necessitate a slight renovation of the outer man. He inquired of the porter for Lady S——, and was referred to the chief as the only official who could speak French! M. P—— told the *cordon bleu* that he wished to change linen, but was pooh-poohed, and informed that Her Majesty did not like *des faurons*. M X—— would not however, be persuaded, but was determining to be shown to a dressing room, when Lady S—— arrived and forthwith introduced him to the White drawing room. On his reiterating his request he was told that he was sufficiently presentable without any further decoration. Left alone, the photographer was the prey to terrible anxiety. To appear before the Queen of Great Britain and Ireland without having changed his linen—and be a Frenchman and a photographer such a catastrophe was not to be borne. M. X—— precipitated himself behind a screen, and having divested himself of his upper clothing, was extricating himself from the Alpha of male attire when the Queen entered. With his head enveloped in seedy white, the end of a rubicund nose protruding at the aperture of the collar, the photographer elicited a hearty laugh from Her Majesty. His flight was as that of the hunted chamois Search was made for him, but he has never since been seen at at Balmoral.

All the conductors of the Grand Trunk who have hitherto had their head-quarters in Brantford are ordered to Stratford.

THE LUMBER TRADE AT ROUSE'S POINT.

We read the following in the Boston *Journal*: "It is estimated that about seventy millions feet of wood from Canada is registered every summer in Rouse's Point Custom House. It is exported there in barges towed by steamers, and often three or four of these tow boats are seen together, with barges loaded with boards behind them. The greater part of this wood comes from the Ottawa Valley, and passes through one or two canals, by the Ottawa, the St. Lawrence, and the Richelieu rivers to reach Lake Champlain, where it is piled in extensive lumber yards at Burlington, Rouse's Point, and other places on the Lake; it is distributed from this place all around the country, by means of railway and other means of transport. The American Custom House district jurisdiction extends from Plattsburg on the Lake, as far as Malone on the frontier side, but the seven eighths of the customs revenue are received at Rouse's Point Port. During the present season the revenue of importation in the above port is $2,000 a day. A wealthy citizen from Ottawa has established a lumber yard at Rouse's Point and a wharf 4,000 feet long.

THE FENIAN RAID ON MANITOBA

From the Saturday Review.

The political condition of the Red River is imperfectly understood in England When the settlement was included in the Dominion of Canada, some of the inhabitants opposed the annexation; and, still professing loyalty to the English Crown they compelled a Canadian Commissioner to retire without entering on possession of his office. After an interval, during which Riel, the chief of the malcontents, put an adherent to the legal government to death a compromise was effected, and a Colonial and Imperial force, detached from canada, took possession of the Red River without opposition. The occupying troops have since been withdrawn; and it is probable that the Fenian incursion may have been concerted with some of the former insurgents. The military position is untenable against an invader who receives support and countenance from the neighboring districts of the United States, for the Red River territory is approached by American railroads, while reinforcements from Canada are compelled to traverse a pathless wilderness. It is therefore of the utmost importance that the authorities of the United States should strictly discharge the obligations which they have themselves defined by the Treaty of Washington. It is their undoubted duty to prevent the organization on their own soil of expeditions destined for the invasion of English territory. Although the provisions of the Treaty literally apply to neutrality between belligerents, it would be absurd to contend that invasions are to be permitted in time of peace. It would be useless to contend that the American Government has incurred liability by the favor and toleration which it has extended to previous offences against international law; but the clauses which were inserted in the Treaty at the instance of the American Commissioners strengthen the moral obligation, if not the legal responsibility, of the neutral Government. The Fenian conspirators have been guilty of a gross and deliberate violation of the municipal law of the United States, and it is not too much to expect that on the present occasion they shall receive exemplary punishment.

The St. Patrick's Hall reading's will be resumed shortly.

The season for coughs and colds is rapidly approaching, and every one should be prepared to check the first symptoms, as a cough contracted between now and Christmas frequently lasts all winter. There is no better remedy than Johnson's Anodyne Liniment. For all diseases of the throat and lungs it should be used internally and externally.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they beer down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

PART OF THE SECRET.—Taraxacum (Dandelion) is slightly tonic, diuretic and aperient and is thought to have a specific action upon the liver, exciting it when sluggish to secretion and resolving its chronic engorgement. The diseases to which it appears to be especially applicable are those connected with derangement of the hepatic apparatus and of the digestive organs generally. In congestion and chronic inflammation of the liver and spleen, in cases of suspended or deficient biliary secretion, and in dropsical affections dependent on obstruction of the abdominal viscera." *Vide U. S. Dispensatory.* The extract of Dandelion is one of the active properties of the Celebrated Shoshonees (Indian) Vegetable Restorative Pills. No wonder they are good

ORDER AND SYSTEM. In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont, proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R, A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Lung fever, common cold, catarrhal fever and nasal discharge of a brownish color in horses, may be checked at once by liberal use of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphites and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evils the Stomach, and perfects Digestion. Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

Husband (returned from the village:—Mary, well my dear; I have just returned from town and brought with me your entire list—Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Calico and in short waggon full of—

Wife: (hastily)—And forgot the PAIN-KILLER?

Husband:—Oh! no; couldn't forget that; it's the most prominent object in every store in town; and besides, the fences and stones and buildings all have "PAIN-KILLER" painted or pasted on them to remind one of it every minute. The store-keeper says that the PAIN-KILLER should be in every house and where one can put their hand on it in the dark if need be.

Wife:—It must be valuable, else the Parson's wife wouldn't praise it to the skies as she does.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co.'s, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815tf

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 8, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky2m

NOTICE.

The Power of Attorney given by me to Messrs. Purvis and Heptinstall having been cancelled, those parties have, therefore, no power to act for me in any business whatever. I shall not be responsible for any liabilities contracted on my account without my written order.

HENRY USBORNE,

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815 a

ON ACCOUNT

Of an offer for the whole block of Bishop Guignes, the sale is postponed until next WEDNESDAY, the 15th, at 11 o'clock, a.m.

A. GAGNIER,
Auctioneer and Real Estate Agent.
Bell's Building.

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815dd

"CARLETON HOUSE"

MRS GEORGE ACRES has opened Hotel in the premises on Wellington street lately occupied by Robert Stanley, and will be known as the "Carleton House."

The best brands of Liquors will be kept constantly on hand.

Good beds at all times.

Excellent Stabling Accommodation on the premises.

The patronage of the general public is respectfully solicited

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815tf

I. P. B. S.

A Special General Meeting of the IRISH PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, preparatory to the Annual Election of Officers, will be held this (WEDNESDAY Evening, 8th inst., in the Temperance Hall, Elgin street, at 8 o'clock.

A full attendance is earnestly requested, as business of the utmost importance to the Society will be discussed.

By order,

THOMAS SPROULE,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815 1

NEW BOOKS!—NEW BOOKS!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

O. B. G. ARTILLERY

PROMENADE CONCERT

IN AID OF

The Band Fund,

Under the following distinguished patronage:

THE MINISTER OF MILITIA AND DEFENCE,
THE ADJUTANT-GENERAL OF MILITIA,

Lady Macdonald, Mrs. Skead, Mrs. Currier
Mrs. P Robertson Ross, Mrs. Rochester, Mrs. Grant,

MUSIC HALL,

THURSDAY EVENING,

November 9th.

PROGRAMME.

1. March, "Half Mast High"
2. Duette, "Lin'a di Chamounix"....Donizetti
3. Quadrille, "Les Brigands"....Strauss
4. Galop "Eclipse"....Coote
5. Lancers "Laurents"
6. Waltz "Corisande"....Carrill
7. Galop "Cross Country"....Coote
8. Grand Selection "Don Juan"....Mozart
9. Quadrille "The Princess Trebizonde"
10. Galop "Joint High Commission"....Benner
11. Lancers "Lord of Lorne"....Godfrey
12. Walt

LOCAL NEWS.

The water continues to rise in the Ottawa River.

The contracts for the new bridges have been signed by Mr. Goodwin.

There was no business of importance at the Police Court yesterday.

Ald. Heney finds it difficult to supply the demand for wood.

MASONIC.—A regular meeting of Dalhousie Lodge took place last evening.

THE NEW STEAMER.—The new iron vessel at the Queen's wharf is approaching completion, so far as the exterior is concerned.

The *Courrier D'Outaouais* says Indian summer commences on St. Martin's Day, the 9th inst.

THE BISHOP'S BLOCK.—We believe Mr. Gagnier has been offered $23,000 for the Bishop's Block, on the corner of Sussex and Patrick streets.

SALE POSTPONED.—The sale of the brick block on the corner of Patrick and Murray streets is postponed until Wednesday, the 15th inst., at 11 o'clock, a.m.

PRESENTATION.—Mr. John Langford, Fire Chief Inspector, is to be presented with a handsome testimonial next week.

I. P. B. S.—A special general meeting of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society, preparatory to the annual election of officers will take place this evening in the Temperance Hall, Elgin street, at eight o'clock.

O. B. G. A. PROMENADE CONCERT.—We learn by an advertisement in another part of this paper that the band of the O. B. G. A. will give a promenade concert, in the Music Hall to-morrow evening, in aid of the Band Fund. This is giving the citizens an opportunity to show their appreciation of so deserving an organization. A large attendance at the Concert will prove that the public value the efforts of the officers and men, and evince a desire to support and encourage them in their laudable endeavors.

This Wednesday afternoon and evening, Mr. Bermingham sells at his room, Elgin street, a large and valuable consignment of fine Parian Marble Statuary figures, groups, busts, &c., comprising many classical, historic and symbolic subjects after first masters. The hours of sale are 2 and 7 p. m.

SOCIAL.—We understand it is the intention of the Ottawa Fire Company to give a social shortly. It is well known that whatever this company undertakes they carry out in good style, so that persons who patronize their Concert, besides rewarding the labors of an excellent organization, may depend upon enjoying a jolly time.

CURLING.—At a meeting of the Ottawa Curling Club, held on Monday evening, the following office bearers were elected for coming season:

President—A. Gilmour.
1st Vice President—N. Sparks.
2nd Vice President—T. Reynolds.
3rd Vice President—R. Lees.
Secy.-Treasurer—Geo. Hutchison.

Committee of Management—W. Hutchison, T. McKay, H. Inglis, and D. S. Eastwood.

Representative Members—Col. Stephenson and Alex. C. Hutchison, of Montreal.

PUBLIC SCHOOLS AND SMALL POX.—The entire of Dr. Van Cortlandt's time was occupied yesterday and will be occupied a few days longer in pronouncing judgment upon the public schools of this city, all of which he is to visit with a view to preventing the contagion and spread of small pox.

THE MARKET.—There was an excellent market yesterday. The general supply of produce was good. The supply of pork and butter being particularly good. Pork sold at from $6.50 to $7.50; Eggs 25 cts. per dozen. Hay sold at from $13 to $16 per ton.

THE CARLETON HOUSE.—By advertisement in another column it will be seen that Mrs. George Acres has opened a new hotel—the "Carleton House"—in the premises lately occupied by Robert Stanley Wellington street. It is enough for the general public to be informed that "Little Joe" is to be the Managing Spirit to satisfy them that every thing will be conducted in good style and that particular attention will be extended to travellers. "Joe" may be "little" in statute, but his mind, ambition, and energy are big, and while he rules in "Carleton House" it will flourish and grow popular.

MORMON WOMEN.

This is what Grace Greenwood thinks of the Mormon women.

You hear a good deal about that 'cross,' from both Mormon husbands and wives, but you only see the shadow of it in the faces of the women. I do not mean to intimate that they all look decidedly unhappy. There is rather in their faces a quiet, baffling, negative expression, which certainly is as far from happy content as it is from desperate rebellion. Naturally, they are more alive to the outside pressure of public opinion, more sensitive to the obloquy and ostracism which their position provokes, than men. Patient and passive as they seem, they feel these things keenly—the more intelligent among them, at least—and though upheld by a sincere devout faith in this strange delusion, they have toward strangers a peculiar air of reticence, of mistrust, almost of repulsion. I do no wonder at it—their hospitality and confidence have often been abused—they have been intruded upon by impertinent interviewers, and their reluctant answers to persistent questioning published abroad, with startling additions and dramatic embellishments. These I have met appear to me, I must say, like good and gentle Christian women. They are singularly simple in dress, and modest in demeanor.

What saddens me is their air of extreme quietude, retirement and repression. But for the children around them you would think some of them were women who had done with this world. I am told that the wives of even the highest Mormon dignitaries show little pride in their lords. It were perhaps difficult to feel much pride in the sixteenth part of a man, as men go. Even the first wife of a wealthy saint betrays in her husband and household, they say, no exultant joy of possession. An investment in a Mormon heart and home must be rather uncertain stock for a woman. I am assured, though, that the second wife is seldom taken without the full consent of the first. Not only are the poor woman's religious faith and zeal appealed to, but her magnanimity toward her sister woman cuts to the cold. It must be through great suffering that such heights of self-abnegation are reached. The crucifixion of the divine weakness of a loving woman's heart must be a severe progress.

But there is some sorry comfort in the thought that for these poor polygamous wives there is no wearing uncertainty no feverish anxiety—that they are spared the bitterest pain of jealousy, the vague nightmare torture of suspicion, the grief and horror of the final discovery, the fierce sense of treachery and deception. They know the worst. Perhaps it is the "dead certainty" that gives them the peculiar cold, still look I have referred to. As to the Mormon men whom I have met, mostly leaders in the church, and prominent, well-to-do citizens, I must say that they look remarkably care-free and even jolly under the cross. Virgil, I believe, has somewhere the expression "O three times and four times happy!" Well, that is the way they look.

Nova Scotia has been selected as the next field for Miss Rye's emigration enterprise.

Go to Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's for Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Crumb Cloths, Plain and Fancy Repps, Lace Curtains, Curtain Poles, and House Furnishings generally.

Remnants of all wool Carpets, 80 cts per yard, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's.

Call and see the new and beautiful Millinery at Allan, McKinnons & Merrans'.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	Provincial N. $ c	Dominion N. $ c	Total. $ c
Notes payable at Montreal	3,484,676 63	2,429,490 00	5,914,166 63
" " Toronto	763,807 50	1,614,577 00	2,372,384 50
" " Halifax	125,163 59	355,280 00	480,443 59
" " St. John	467,108 00	186,000 00	653,102 00
	4,840,755 72	4,585,347 00	9,426,102 72
Fractional Notes			449,724 75
Total circulation			9,875,827 47
Debentures held against circulation			6,400,000 00
			3,475,827 47
Specie held at Montreal		1,626,276 46	
" " Toronto		1,290,674 18	
" " Halifax		253,500 35	
" " St. John		150,000 00	
			3,320,450 99
Deficiency of Specie			155,376 48

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

N. B.—The returns to October 31 were not received in time to be inserted in the *Gazette* of Saturday last.

Ottawa, November 6, 1871. 1814 5

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices and on the most advantageous terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X XX, XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY.

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

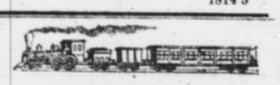
LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Finnigan's & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.



CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:35 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m., 7:35 p.m. and 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m., 9:10 a.m. and 3:45 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. Manager. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M.
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M.
" 8 Express, with Cars " 10:00 P.M.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9.20 A.M., every Morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M.

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6.15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Are connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES

DRESS GOODS

A large stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Heurlem Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism. Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. On trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

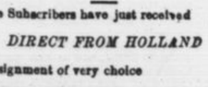
After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Bourbeau
Montreal, Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 10, 1871 1800y.



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 President. 1804 tf

D. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store, Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.
Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1799 3m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Lene, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

—:—

The Regent House.

—:—

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 25, 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m. connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Haveslock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville, and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 9 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 16, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

L. A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C. R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble.

Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 Agent. 1792 y

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1783 1y

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE.

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
1614 Aug. 1871.

IF YOU WANT

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

			Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year		£1,282,222 3 2	
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0		
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 10		
	£1,282,222 3 2		
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£225,909 12 9		
Considera'n for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9		
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax)	54,725 10 9		
		306,715 0 3	
		£1,588 937 3 5	

	Stg
Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums reassured)	£ 110,417 16 8
Note—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Surrenders	7,919 14 4
Annuities	12,232 17 8
Commission	9,922 7 6
Expenses of Management and all other charges	21,860 7 9
Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	21,804 18 9
Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
Total	£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCHEDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up	£ 75 000 0 0
Assurance Fund	1,201 911 9 2
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6
	£1434,090 17 3

ASSETS.	Stg
Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom	£ 500,888 15
Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Loans on the Association's Policies (within value)	175,916 19
INVESTMENTS—	
In British Government Securities	1,235 15 2
Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14
Foreign Governments Securities	— — —
Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	239,567 17 8
Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 2 4
House Property	109,159 13 9
Annuities purchased	25,497 17 4
Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,538 2 9
Loans on Personal Security	5,879 16 9
Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,578 10 0
Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,431 6 9
Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
Agents' Balances	50,338 3 8
Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 2
Outstanding Interest	— — —
Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,967 1 2
CASH—	
On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 8	
On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9	
In hand 127 3 9	
	77,863 6 11
	£1,434,090 17 3

20TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1860 3m

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J. James, do.
NIGER.....W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY.. " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 5th, 1871.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin.....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....26th "
ST. ANDREW " ..... 2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, Sparks street.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED).

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou N.S:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 2670tf

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa,

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said south en limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all then covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 2., 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.
Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at Foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244 Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROCKLYN, April 5th, 1870

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Polophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soda, Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is met the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the root and establish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula, the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion.

Price of Remedy in large Flat Bottles $1 00
Pills per box 25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudière near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1657tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, when by it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
PAUL J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, a an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Rapkey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

DR. ROBERTS

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9½, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England

and sold by all Medicine Vendors

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homestads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED TATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrant, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or six stamps. Correspondence solicited, Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U S 1774 2

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GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE A.M.	DUE A.M.	DUE P.M.
.....	1 00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	10 00	.....	4.20
.....	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S	10 00	.....	7.30
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	7.30
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9·00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	.....	.....	4.20
9 30	.....	4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1 30
9 30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	.....	.....	1 30
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	...
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c			7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	700
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings' Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Oct. 30 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT.

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq, of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

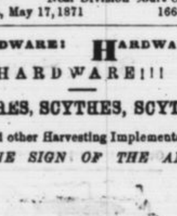
HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau street.

All around ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Miney Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c, &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarrie;

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BISKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

W. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconvenience, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or better than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St Johns church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq, and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c, thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorsville, contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq, of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq, of Gloucester, Trustees, or to

HAMNETT P. HILL,
Solicitor, &c.,
Post Office Block, Ottawa.

34tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

CELLAR TO LET.

At corner of Sussex and Murray streets, known as Sparrow's Block. Apply to

O. DUROCHER,
No. 77, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 24, 1871 1826 3m

Medicines.

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, 37 CHARING CROSS, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s.

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 1 1871

DARL

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Fresh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Fistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Mallows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties thoroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHRO. & LYMAN,
Newcastle, Ont
Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts, M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1532tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Patent WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1558 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

Legal.

CRAIG EAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York street, Ottawa 368y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

B. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery Conveyancer Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Eight-st 43tf

BELL & OSBORNE, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT BELL JOHN J. OSBORNE

EDWARD P. DEAR, B.A., LL.B., Barrister, Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal 34-tf

SCHOLAR & FRASER, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer &c. Office—Long's Buildings, Eight-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 485y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

OSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TALLON

TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 490tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

R. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1816. OTTAWA, THURSDAY NOVEMBER 9, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Godsham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five years.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare leading from the business of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having 300 rooms, and kept on the first-class style, the moderate charges of the House place it within the reach of all classes. The travelling public will consult their own interests by patronizing this Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DAY AND ... SALE TO MERCHANTS ONLY.

Have Received ex late steamers,

1 Case Windsor Scarfs
1 " Velvet Jackets
1 " Velvet Robes,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Paris Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustrous,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Plaids,
Cotton Damasks,
Dress Prints,
1 Bales Brown Cottons,
1 " Fingering Yarns (expect
1 case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Border
4 " Trimming Braids,
1 " Corsets, Martins,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Persians,
1 Bale Blankets,
1 Case Linen Drill

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds
1 " Union Tweeds
1 Bale Sheeting,
Wadding.
30 MILLERS Paper Collars,
11 Bales Jersey Mills Grey Cottons,
1 " " " Twilled Sheetings
1 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECT THE INVOICE

Ottawa, May 19, 1871

HATS HATS, HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he has Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 23, 1871 1636y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

CHAMNETT & HILL,
Solicitors,
Post Office Block.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 28 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Prices

DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness' and Dawes', bottled to order.

TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the teas imported this season, fresh and fragrant.—*Try them*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

For Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and is it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. CRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,

Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871. 181

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

38 1NY SIMEON LEBEAU Agent.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BURNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.

Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal, Oct 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which she used, in whom I had confidence, recommended it; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects; as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 10, 1871 1800y.

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 6d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET GLASS PAPER &c.
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172. BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin.....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about ....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....26th "
ST. ANDREW " ..... 2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 1808tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY.. " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 yer year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1799y.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year,

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid, half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Silly Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping stains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Plants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Incombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Trust Office, Ottawa.

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1782 1y

A SOLITARY ADVENTURE.

George IV., of magnificent memory, said that a woman was at the bottom of all the troubles a man got himself into. One fine day, a painter in his Majesty's palace fell down from a ladder and broke his leg.

"Who is she? Who is she?" asked the King.

"May it please your Majesty, it is a man."

"Nonsense, nonsense! Who is she?" again demanded his Majesty.

"Mwy it please your Majesty, it is a man."

But the King was in the right. The painter had broken his leg because he had leaned too far over his ladder for the purpose of giving a kiss to one of his royal housemaids.

Now to apply the August maxim, and show how Mrs. Brown got me into trouble.

My wife is a splendid woman, as you would say if you saw her. But proud as I was of her, we had not been married long before I saw that if I was to be master for life, I must assert my authority for once and for ever.

I waited for an opportunity, and an opportunity came.

We were in the breakfast-room of our little villa, near Sandstone, and a long altercation ended thus—

"Well, Mr. Brownsmith, if you have made up your mind not too take me to the sea-side, I have made up my mind to go to my mother's house, and stay there till you choose to behave like a man and not like a savage. I go."

With an eloquent sweep of her rustling petticoats, she left the room; and shortly after, I saw her cross the garden, in the direction of Acacia Cottage, where my beloved mother-in-law resides—unhappily for me, within five minutes' walk of us.

"I'll show her—I'll tame her ladyship," in an evil moment I thought to myself.

So I packed a small portmanteau, ordered a fly to take me to the station, and left this little note on my wife's dressing table:—

"DEAR AUGUSTA—I leave for London by the 2:30 express, and I shall not return until I receive an apology from you. My address will be Langham Hotel, Portland Place, W.

"Sunny Villa, Friday."

Certainly, I thought I had the best of it. There shone before me a pleasant run to town—Exhibited in the morning, theatres and opera in the evening, a conqueror's return home and triumphant entry into my house before my subdued wife, an overflowing forgiveness on my part, a joyful reconciliation, and peace for evermore. Soon with excited spirits, I was borne away from my home towards London by the express. There was but one occupant of the first-class carriage with me, and a most agreeable companion he was—full of conversation, well educated, as far as I could judge, very obliging and entertaining. The only thing I did not like about my companion was his style of dress. It was most decidedly of the *outre* order. Boots with patent leather tips; trousers of a monstrous pattern; a low cut, bright colored waistcoat, across which wandered a chain apparently so massive that any hotel keeper to whom it was offered would gladly allow one to live luxuriously on the strength of it for a month. Then, as I raised my eyes higher, my sight was dazzled with a huge blue satin scarf, fastened by a pin of gigantic size. Add a cutaway green coat, unbuttoned, a white open overcoat, a white hat, and bright kid gloves, and you have before you the dress of my companion.

However, my friend was a downright good fellow, and most amusing *vis a vis*; and very glad was I to travel in such good society. Anecdotes without end were poured into my enchanted ear. My quarrel, my wife, my home, were all forgotten; and, in the highest spirits, we rushed along towards London at the rate of some forty miles an hour. I had almost forgotten to say that early in the journey my friend, who had a flask of sherry, had placed it at my service. We had just passed F——station, when the gentleman with whom I was travelling directed my attention to some alterations that were being made in Montgomery's park. By leaning out of the window, I could get a good view of them. As I drew my head in, my friend kindly handed me my pocket handkerchief which I had dropped. The wind and dust which I had picked up while hanging my head out of the carriage window caused me to use my pocket-handkerchief freely about my face and nose. How very sleepy I felt—how I yawned! I recollect nothing more, save that I think my friend took *his* pocket-handkerchief and kindly wiped my face. When I say that I recollect nothing more, I am hardly using the right expression—I mean that I can recall nothing more that occurred in my friend's presence. Would to Heaven that I could remember nothing more!

The next thing I can recall is feeling rather cold; then rather confused and cramped. I seemed to be in my coffin without a shroud on. In a few minutes I discovered that I was lying under the seat of the carriage, in the state Adam was in when he was made—no, just a trifle more clothed than he was, for I had a pair of socks and a short flannel waistcoat. So you can easily understand that I was neither warm nor very presentable. When I had succeeded in dragging myself out of my bed. I still felt drunk and confused; but as I gradually collected my senses, I saw that my late absent kind friend had left behind him, for my use, his patent tipped boots, buff trousers, gaudy waistcoat, scarf and pin, white coat and hat. Moreover he had not forgotten to draw down the blinds. He had, however, I discovered, taken my purse with him, and had forgotten to leave his own behind. Between yawning and anathematizing, a few more moments passed away. Suddenly, I heard the sharp shrill whistle, and then the deep groaning of the brake. Into my friend's trousers I tried to jump; but, alas! either in my confusion I put the wrong leg in, or poked it between the lining and the cloth, or the wretch had played me a schoolboy's trick, and had fastened up the lining of his nether garment.

The train was stopping—O, horror of horrors! I extricated my leg from the confounded trap, and rushed to the window. The train had stopped! I verily believe that from that moment my first gray hair began to appear With desperate tenacity, in a state of almost perfect nudity, I hung on to the door and window. Good gracious!—a scurrying of steps outside! Who is coming into my carriage? An old lady, who will scream and give me into custody? A young lady who will faint? A father of a family who will kick me down the platform? A ticket conductor, who will—Ah! ah! ah-h-h! there is a hand on the outside moving the handle of the door! Oh, the agony of those seconds! I would rather be hanged, I would rather be torn asunder by wild horses, I would rather live for six times my natural term of existence with six scolding, fault finding wives, than go through the agony of those moments again! Pen cannot describe what I suffered. Beads of perspiration raced down my poor, cold, shivering features—my hair stood on end, my teeth chattered; but to the door and window my hands clung with a strength of grasp that Policeman A X and Policeman B could hardly have overcome without tearing my fingers from their sockets.

To be Continued

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

ABSENCE OF MIND.

On Tuesday last the strangest treat of modern times was recommenced in England, viz., the Tichborne case. As the plaintiff has exhibited in some instances such extraordinary absence of mind and unaccountable forgetfulness of past events, the following well authenticated cases of similar mental weakness will be read with interest.

There are no phenomena of memory more strange than those in which—usually through some illness, or some accidental injury to the brain—some particular facts or classes of facts baffle the recollection altogether. The instances recorded by Abercrombie, Winslow, Wigan, Carpenter, Holland and other physicians, are too well founded to admit of any doubt. There was a gentleman who, when in disturbed health, uniformly called coals, paper, and paper, coals, quite unconscious of any anomaly in the matter. Another called his snuff-box a hogshead; and it was remarked that, in earlier life, he had been connected with the tobacco trade in the West Indies. Doctor Scandella, an Italian physician resident at New York, was attacked with yellow fever at New York; he spoke only English when first attacked, only French in the height of the fever, and remembered only his own original Italian just before his death. A Frenchman, at the age of twenty-seven, spoke English well; he received an injury in the head, and could then for some time only remember French, believing and asserting himself to be but sixteen years old. At St. Thomas's Hospital an invalid began to talk in Welsh, a language which he had entirely neglected for thirty years. One lady lost the memory of exactly four years, well remembering events before and after that period; and in another instance the lost years amounted to eight or ten. A gentleman forgot the names of his friends, but remembered their ages, and adopted that as the most convenient mode of referring to them. Another lost so completely the meaning of nouns substantive, that he unconsciously gave the names of places to things, persons to events, and so on, rendering his talk unintelligible. A lady, similarly under temporary ailment, could not remember the names of any of the ordinary things in her household; she was forced to go from room to room, and point to the articles concerning which she had any orders to give, or any observations to make. A military officer, mentioned by Doctor Winslow, sometimes remembered his own name, but not his address; at other times remembered his address, but not his name. He would occasionally, with a perplexed expression of countenance, accost a stranger, "I am Major ——, can you tell me where I live?" Under his other frame of mind, "I live at——, can you tell me my name?"

Corroborative instances of a kind more or less analogous are so numerous, that we need only cite a few more as illustrations. There was a man who could remember the first syllable of long words, but no others. A soldier, after receiving an injury in the head, forgot the figures 5 and 7, and every thing connected with them. A gentleman in a similar way lost the memory of the letter F. An old French lady could express herself intelligibly in any ordinary conversation; but if a direct question were put to her, her memory seemed to depart from her at once, except in reference to two words; her regular reply was "Saint Antoine" In another case, of a wounded French soldier, he evidently understood the meaning of what was said to him by others, but his memory could only assist him to the uniform reply, "Baba." John Hunter, the great surgeon, called on a friend at a time when indisposed; for a few hours he could not remember anything concerning any person or object beyond the walls of the room he was in; it was a painful time to him, for, without any hallucination, he knew perfectly well that his memory had in a great measure temporarily deserted him; he walked to the window, as a possible means of getting back some recollection of the outer world. An artillery officer, in 1785, could read out well when a book was open before him, but could not remember a word of the contents when the book was closed. A Spanish tragic author forgot his own writings; when reminded of them, he declared they must have been written by some one else. A French scientific man could scarcely ever remember the names of his colleagues; he was accustomed to speak of them as the authors of such and such works or papers, or as the discoverers of such and such facts. One gentleman forgot the names of the whole of his children for a time. An Agriculturist, a man of extensive business and good intelligence, was obliged to use a dictionary to understand the ordinary implements of his trade; the sound of each word suggested the shape of the letters, and the sight of the letter suggested the sense; but the sound did not directly suggest the sense. A lady after an illness forgot all pronouns, and all inflexions of verbs except the infinite; when wishing or intending to say, "Stop, my husband has just come," she said, "To stop, husband to come."

Another variety is what may be called perversion of memory, memory running to wildness, generally manifested during or immediately after an illness One instance is that in which we imagine other persons to be doing or feeling that which is really attributable to ourselves. There was a gentleman who, when thirsty, believed that other experienced the thirst; and after he had coughed, said to a friend near him, "I am sorry you have so bad a cough." Samuel Rogers, when very aged and declining, was riding in a carriage with a lady, who asked him about another lady well known to both; the name seemed a blank to him, and stopping the carriage, he asked his servant, "Do I know Lady M.?" "Yes, sir," was the reply. A gentleman, sitting with his wife in the evening, found his thoughts wandering back to a lady at whose house he frequently spent an evening in former years; ludicrously confounding time, place, and person, he rose up, and addressing his wife as "madam," declared that it was getting late, and that he must return home to his family.

The forgetfulness arising from sheer absence of mind is different in its nature from any of the above. The man may be in good health, and may be the reverse of stupid, but he is so absorbed in a particular train of thought as to be nearly oblivious to surrounding sayings and doings. Sydney Smith cited two instances of absent mind which struck his fancy. "I heard of a clergyman who went jogging along the road till he came to a turnpike. 'What is to pay?' 'Pay, sir, for what?' asked the turnpike-man. 'Why, for my horse to be sure. Your horse sir! What horse? There is no horse, sir.' 'No horse. God bless me,' said he, suddenly looking down between his legs, 'I thought I was on horseback.' Lord Dudley was one of the most absent men I think I ever met in society. One day he met me in the street and invited me to meet myself. 'Dine with me today; dine with me, and I will get Sydney Smith to meet you.' I admitted the temptation he held out to me, but said I was engaged to meet him elsewhere. Another time in meeting me he put his arm through mine, muttering, 'I don't mind walking with him a little way to talk with him as far as the end of the street.' He very nearly overset my gravity once in the pulpit. He was sitting immediately under me, apparently very attentive, when suddenly he took up his stick as if he had been in the House of Commons, and, tapping the ground with it, cried out in a low but very audible whisper, 'Hear, hear.'" An absence of mind more or less similar has often been employed by men habituated to deep study. Domenichino, the great Italian

painter, become so absorbed in his own picture of the Martyrdom of Saint Andrew that he revifed, with the fiercest passion, a soldier who was represented as insulting or mocking the saint. Caracci who was present, was so struck with Domenichino's excited expression of face that he afterwards adopted it as an impersonation of rage. Crébillon, the French dramatist, impatiently said to a friend who entered his study, "Don't disturb me; this is a moment of exquisite happiness; I am going to hang a villainous minister, and to banish a stupid one!"

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Meeting of shareholders of O. V. & M. R R. Co.—A. C. de Lotbiniere Harwood.

Tenders Wanted for erection of an Agricultural College—John Carling.

The Ottawa Times.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 9, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

The theme of discussion in political circles just now is, who will be Mr. Woodruff's successor?

Hon. Mr. Holton heads the Opposition in the Quebec Legislature. Mr. Demers has been appointed Sergeant at Arms.

The speech of the Lieutenant Governor of Quebec will be read with interest. It contains the gratifying announcement that notwithstanding the large expenditure on railways and other public works there is a considerable balance on hand to the credit of the Province.

MEETING OF THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

It is really too bad of Mr Sandfield Macdonald, and, as Mrs. Harris would say, "he did'nt ought for to have done it." Here have the Toronto *Globe* and all its followers of the Grit press been declaring he did not intend to call the Ontario Legislature together for some months and have thenceforth proved to the entire satisfaction of themselves that the honourable gentleman is "tricky" and "dishonest" beyond all parallel, and now it turns out that the Ontario Legislature is to be convened upon the same day of the same month that it met last year, viz: on the 7th of December, and so all the thunder and lightning of the Grit press has been expended for nothing! Poor *Globe*, always blundering and making mistakes! Poor Grits, always being deprived of a grievance when most you want one to cherish and make much of! We have not the slightest doubt that when the Session does commence there will be fresh disappointments in store for them, and other delusions from which they will be rudely awakened.

THE LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

A meeting of the Council of the Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society was held on Tuesday afternoon, at which it was decided, as we understand, that the winter course of evening lectures should be opened on Saturday evening next by an inaugural address from the President, E. A. Meredith, Esq., LL.D. We are glad to learn that the Society is entering upon its labours for the current season under more than usually favourable auspices. Its membership is increasing, though by no means as rapidly as it should; the library has received important additions, and some lectures of peculiar interest and value have been promised. We advise all who are able to make a point of attending in the Society's rooms on Saturday evening at 8 o'clock. Admission is free and we are persuaded the occasion will be one of great interest. As a scholar and a *littérateur* Dr. Meredith holds a high and honourable position, and we have no doubt that the subjects he may discuss in his address will be handled in a very able and instructive, as well as attractive manner.

JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE.

We trust that the day may never arrive when we shall be so narrow minded and so churlish as to refuse to recognise the enterprise of another journal. Our respected contemporary the *Citizen* has from time to time boasted of its marked superiority in the way of enterprise over all its city contemporaries and we have listened to its boastings meekly and in silence, partly, it must be confessed, because we deem it rather bad taste, to say the least of it, for any newspaper to endeavour to exalt itself at the expense of its neighbours. On this occasion, however, we desire to add our own poor tribute of praise; to cast, if we may be allowed the expression, another laurel wreath at the feet of our contemporary. Other journals are content to record events after they have taken place, but the *Citizen*, not satisfied with being up to the times, is determined to give Old Father Time the go by, and inform its readers of occurrences before they actually transpire. Thus, although the public banquet to the Hon Mr. Langevin did not take place in Quebec until eight o'clock on Tuesday evening, the *Citizen* published some three or four hours before contained a report of the speeches, the list of guests, &c. This is enterprise indeed, and of a kind which, we fear, few journals in Canada have the courage to attempt. We have not the privilege of being acquainted with our contemporary's special Quebec correspondent, but sincerely congratulate the *Citizen* upon the possession of such a treasure, who, gazing with prophetic eye into the future, is enabled to furnish his paper with an account of events before they actually occur To him and to the *Citizen* we beg to tender our warmest congratulations.

A NEW AUTHORITY!

We were perfectly well aware that the leading organ of the Opposition was not at all particular who or what its authority might be for an onslaught upon the Dominion Government. But we certainly are somewhat surprised to find it attacking the Hon. Dr. Tupper upon the authority of a letter thief. Yet so it is. Because "an extraordinary story" is said to have been started by the Halifax post office clerk just proved guilty of robbing the mails, against the President of the Council, the *Globe* devotes an editorial to the subject, and says that the story cannot be passed over in silence, but "demands attention." We have no knowledge as to what Dr. Tupper's ideas are upon the subject, but for our part we should be sorry to see him take any notice of such a matter. If members of the Government are to be called upon to answer any charge which a thief may make against them in the interests of the Anti-Unionists of Nova Scotia and their Grit allies in Ontario, we should imagine that sufficient employment might very soon be cut out for them. Not only would they have no time left for "pleasure trips," but public business would have to be neglected also. The cause must be a bad one indeed which has sunk so low that the fables of a letter thief must be made the subject for editorial attack upon a political opponent. Once more and for the twentieth time at least we congratulate the Ontario Grits upon their Nova Scotia allies. For some time past we have seen the Grits united with men whose avowed object it is to destroy the British American Union; now the story of a person proved guilty of theft is quoted as one that "cannot be passed over in silence." The moral of all this is, that so bitterly hostile are the leaders of the Ontario Opposition to the Government, so little do they regard anything as compared with the hope of creating the slightest feeling of prejudice against a member of the Cabinet that they are ready to join hands with any one, or to repeat any "extraordinary story" no matter how discreditable the source from whence it emanates.

THE PEERS AND THE WORKING MEN.

The last number of *Punch* contains a cartoon in which a noble lord is seen letting a cat escape out of a bag marked "New Social Movement," while Mr. Disraeli is represented standing by, exclaiming "out of the bag, of course he is! Ah my dear Lord Butterfingers you should leave this kind of delicate business to your accomplished leader." We presume that the meaning of this is that the idea of the politico-social combination between the Peers and the Workingmen of England which has been the dream of the honourable member for Buckinghamshire since the days when he wrote *Coningsby*, has been made public too soon.

At present it seems difficult to determine how much or how little of truth there is in the story of this unlooked for, but, in our opinion, not unnatural alliance. There is nothing improbable in the supposition that the Conservative Peers, and in fact Conservatives generally, should desire to show the people that the middle class liberal party of which Mr. Gladstone is the head, is not more sincerely desirous of ameliorating the condition of the working men than they themselves are, and this being the case it is easy to imagine, that supposing overtures to have been made by the Peers to the working men, the latter, who have already expressly stated that they would unite with the "Whigs, Tories, or Radicals," with any party in fact who would help to carry out their objects, should have accepted the overtures when made. The movement may not have gone so far as we were at first led to believe, but that such a movement has been set on foot there can be no doubt whatever.

Some of the demands made by the working men as forming a part of the Treaty of Alliance are rather startling. For instance they ask for something "like the United States homestead law," but how this can be carried into effect in so small a country as Great Britain where so few acres of uncultivated land remain it is difficult to understand. In connection with this part of the subject we may add that both Peers and workingmen may with advantage to themselves devote a little attention to the great question of Emigration, bearing in mind that in the colonies of the Empire the British people have a splendid landed estate, which only needs their strong arms and active energies to render it productive.

WESTERN ONTARIO.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—It may be of some interest to the numerous readers of your paper to hear something of the Western part of this Province from one who has just returned from travelling over the greater part of it. I left home on the 9th ult., and took an excursion ticket from Ottawa to Detroit on the railway which affords me all the comforts and pleasure of a first-class passenger. Leaving Ottawa I next stopped over in Toronto where I visited all the principal buildings and institutes, the Normal School and Museum in particular. There is a very large number of students attending the Normal School this term, which is principally owing to the new school law. They are staying there in order to qualify for teachers, and in a few years there will be plenty of teachers again. The Normal School Museum is well worth paying a visit to; the drawings and paintings in it are indeed wonderful, and on a very grand scale. The busts which are cut in chalk, marble, &c., are no less surprising. There are also portraits of most all the great men of literature and learning. Besides these there are to be seen skins of animals and birds of every variety, stuffed and looking as natural as if they were really possessed of life, and a thousand things too numerous to mention. Having satisfied myself with scenes in this city, I left for North Easthope, the place where I spent two years in teaching school, and there I was greeted with a welcome from many of my old friends and scholars. North Easthope is in the County of Perth, 82 miles west of Toronto, and is one of the principal wheat growing townships in the Province. The farmers there are generally wealthy. They have their land in a good state of cultivation, with first-class buildings and good stock on their farms. I have seen better stock there than in many other parts of Canada. I saw a seven months old calf there belonging to Mr. Robert Amos which weighed 800 lbs., that is one sample of their stock.

Crops are rather light in the West, with the exception of wheat, which is above the average. This is owing to the excessive drought which has prevailed. Fall wheat is good, but not uniformly so. Some farms yielding nearly 40 bushels per acre, and adjoining fields not more than 10, where the frost hurt it. Potatoes are almost a failure—many farmers not having even their seed. They are expected to bring a very high price before the spring. The failure is owing to a very heavy frost on the 20th of June which killed most of them to the ground, especially in the townships of Mornington, Ellice, Elma, McKillop, and most of the County of Bruce. Hay is very light. Pastures are withered up and cattle suffer in consequence, as it has become difficult to supply them with water, the wells having mostly failed and to make things worse, fires have been raging in the woods causing a great loss of timber. Fences have been destroyed, and in some instances even the growing crops. After seeing all my North Easthope friends I again bade them farewell and then started for the neighborhood of Sarnia. After spending some time there I took the stage from Lucan and passed up the London road. There is a splendid tract of country, especially the townships of Stephen and Hay. The land there is as level as a plain, but considerably interspersed with swamps. I then called to see several old acquaintances from the vicinity of Ottawa, who moved up there some years ago and are doing well Among these was Mr. Wm. Wilson, who left Cumberland many years ago I then went to Clinton, Goderich and Seaforth to visit the salt wells. It is wonderful what work is going on in these places making salt. Thousands of barrels are shipped off to other parts. They have gone as deep as 1,150 feet with some of the wells. Having seen all that I wanted to see in these places, I left for home again and arrived safely at my old home at Bear Brook.

Very truly yours,

GEORGE SMILEY.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

QUEBEC.

Special to the TIMES.

QUEBEC Nov. 8.

The Lieutenant Governor went down to the House at three o'clock this afternoon, and after the members of the two Legislative bodies were assembled, proceeded to deliver the following Speech from the Throne:

Honourable Gentlemen of the Legislative Council, Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

I am happy to welcome you at your meeting to commence the labours of the second Parliament of the Province.

The four years which have elapsed since the opening of the Quebec Parliament have shown in the clearest manner how much the inhabitants of the Province desire to avail themselves of the advantages which the new Constitution offers for the development of this part of the country. Our Legislature, under the new system, has been able to apply its revenues to the encouragement of those enterprises which have appeared to be most likely to increase the prosperity of the Province. The Legislation which has been adopted in different sessions of last Parliament in favor of the establishment of Colonization Societies, and to encourage different lines of wooden and iron railways, promises to give a powerful impulse to our commerce, our agriculture, and our manufactories. Notwithstanding the difference of opinion which must reasonably exist in a constitutional country, it has appeared to me that public opinion has pronounced itself with sufficient unanimity in favour of these measures to justify you in continuing the policy followed by your predecessors and extending it in proportion to your financial resources.

The legislation and regulations respecting the sale of limits and the collection of timber dues has produced a considerable increase in our revenue, which has enabled us to proceed vigorously with the work on colonization roads in all parts of the Province.

My Government has recently named several Emigration Agents in Europe and in various parts of this country, and we have already reason to congratulate ourselves on the result of their efforts, as well as of the means which we have taken to spread information respecting the resources of this Province and the value of its uncultivated lands, as well, to emigrants from European countries as to our own countrymen. The subject of immigration being under the joint control of Federal and Local Governments at first presented some difficulties. I thought it right to suggest that the Governments should hold a conference, which was followed by several others, and at the last of the meetings held for this purpose the six Provinces now comprising the Confederation were represented, and I have every reason to hope that the best understanding will prevail between the Federal and the various Local Governments, while the latter will share according to the measure of their resources and their common interest in the work of providing for this important object.

The Province which previously possessed the advantage of a Civil Code and a Code of Civil Procedure received from the Legislature during the last Parliament a municipal code which has recently been brought into operation, and I feel certain that our people will readily learn to profit by the means for local improvements which it places in their hands. The laws respecting administration of justice, although in general producing excellent results, appear to me to be susceptible of some improvements, and measures on this subject will be submitted to you. I have transmitted to His Excellency the Governor General, in accordance with your request, your joint address on the subject of the so-called award, rendered by two of the arbitrators named in virtue of the British North America Act for the division of the debt of Upper and Lower Canada. The Federal Government has not put this pretended judgment in force, and whatever may be the nature of the steps which may be taken in this matter. I have sufficient confidence in the equitable spirit which prevails in our confederation, and the appreciation in which the importance of this Province is held, to lead me to believe that justice will be done us.

Gentlemen of the Legislative Assembly:

The Public Accounts will be submitted to you, and the supplies asked for the different branches of the public service, and for the important objects of education, public charities, agriculture and colonization. My Government has exerted itself to reduce the expenses to what strict necessity requires, and I have no doubt you will use a wise economy in the employment of the public funds.

You will be happy to learn that notwithstanding the large expenditure which has been incurred during the last four years in public works, in the establishment of schools of reform and industry, in the development of public instruction, in the construction and improvement of court houses and gaols, and in all the numerous objects which the Constitution has left in the charge of the Local Government, there still remains a considerable sum to the credit of the Province.

THE BANQUET TO THE HON. MR. LANGEVIN.

(*From our own Correspondent*)

QUEBEC, Nov. 8.

The public banquet tendered to the Hon. Mr. Langevin by the citizens of Quebec took place last night, and was a splendid success. The Mayor occupied the chair. Lieut. Governor Belleau, Sir G. E. Cartier, Hon. Mr. Mitchell, Sir F. Hincks, Hon. Mr. Howe, Dr. Blanchet, Judge Coursol, the French and Spanish Consuls being among the guests. The band of H. M. 60th Rifles was in attendance.

After the usual loyal toasts the health of Mr. Langevin was proposed and drank amid loud and long continued cheers. When the honorable gentleman rose to reply he was again greeted with great applause.

He said that he thanked them for the magnificent demonstration they had given, which he accepted, not for himself alone, but for his ministerial colleagues. It was a pleasant proof of the confidence with which the citizens of Quebec honored the administration. Personally he was more grateful for this grand ovation, because he could never forget that the first popular suffrages he had received as a public man were from "Old Stadacona." Though the county of Dorchester soon followed suit, and at election after election returned him as member of Parliament. The great question of the day when he was elected to Parliament was Representation by Population. The representatives of Lower Canada could not admit this principle, because it meant virtually the domination of one Province over the other. Finally came the deadlock, and then Confederation. He thought that act would rebound to the honour of the statesman who framed it for all time to come. After extending our country from the shores of the Atlantic to the eastern slope of the Rocky Mountains were we to stop short? Were we to pause? Were we to allow the Rocky Mountains to be a barrier to future progress, to the enterprise and to the aspirations of this new power—the Dominion of Canada? Were we to fallow our co subjects beyond the Rocky Mountains to continue to be separated from us, and to be denied the benefits, the advantages, the protection of our Confederation? Very few men, Mr. Chairman, are found in this Dominion ready to acknowledge such sentiments, and when we were called upon to determine the conditions under which British Columbia should be admitted as an integral portion of Canada, we thought that true policy, the most patriotic policy, was to treat British Columbia liberally in order that she might enter our Confederation with a gladsome heart, and be as prosperous and happy as ourselves. The hon gentleman then referred at considerable length to his late visit to the Pacific Colony, and gave a most favorable account of its climate, fertility and mineral resources. The acquisition of this Province was moreover a necessity, in a national point of view, for the purpose of extending the great Trans-continental railway of Canada from the Atlantic to the Pacific. That railway will give us a position in the world of which any nation would feel proud. Through that great highway must flow the trade of a very large portion of the globe. It will give to Europe and Asia the shortest route of communication between them and you, merchants of Quebec, merchants of Canada. You will have in your hands a good share of that trade, and especially of the tea trade, if we are only true to ourselves. Let us prepare for that day with the same foresight, energy and determination that have been shown at different periods by the citizens of Quebec. The Pacific Railway will add to our prosperity, it will increase communication between the different sections of the Dominion, and will bring amongst us capital and population. They would perceive by the record of the administration, on this and other matters, how earnestly they desired the consolidation of the great work of Confederation, in order to secure to our children and our children's children a country of which they may be proud, a country which on this continent shall perpetuate the great representative institutions of England, a country which, by its importance, its wealth, and its power, may be respected and admired, a country where men, true, good, and loyal, may find a home and become useful and flourishing members of society. That result, that end, we are sure, gentlemen, to attain with the assistance of the people of this country. For nearly five years we have been honored by them with their support; they know that we had the welfare of the Dominion at heart, that we had held its prosperity, and that we were exerting ourselves to improve its condition, and make its people content and happy. That support we require in the future to complete the great work we have undertaken, and we have no doubt we shall obtain it when we see such a demonstration as that with which you have honored me to-night. He concluded with these words, "Let us be united, let us work harmoniously, and I have no doubt that the destinies that have been predicted to this young Dominion of ours will be more than fulfilled. We have as good a climate, we have as good a soil, we have as good institutions, as good a people, as much liberty, true liberty, as any other people can boast of. Let us be patriotic enough to put aside jealousies and selfishness, and let us work for the good of all, availing ourselves of the great blessing with which a kind providence has endowed us." (Loud cheers).

In response to the toast of Her Majesty's Ministers, Sir George Cartier spoke at some length. He apologized for the absence of one whom they all knew and admired, the head of the Government, Sir John Macdonald, (the mention of Sir John's name was greeted with deafening applause which lasted for some moments.) Ill health and pressing official duties alone prevented Sir John being with them to night.

Sir Francis Hincks also delivered a telling speech. He was particularly charged by his colleagues from Ontario to express a warm feeling of gratitude for the honor done Mr. Langevin, who had rendered important public service by his mission to British Columbia. He reviewed the policy of the Government, which was dictated for the general good of the entire country, and not by any miserable sectional feeling.

Amidst loud calls for Howe, "the old man eloquent" rose to his feet, being received with the heartiest applause. He spoke for some minutes, keeping the entire assembly in roars of laughter. They must not fancy from the self laudation and mutual compliments the members of the Privy Council indulged in, that they were a stupid lot of fellows. When the whole thirteen of them were in Council assembled, he assured them they were very sensible and jolly. They know something. Why, six or seven of them had been leaders in the Governments of the several Provinces. Pick him out six other men, from the Opposition at least, who had ever been in such positions. Had George Brown ever led a Government for a week? Had Mr. McKenzie ever led a Government for an hour? Had Blake ever led a Government a day? Then it was all mighty fine for those gentlemen to assail Ministers from day to day as men who knew nothing But he told them in the presence of all Canada, that Ministers knew enough to keep them in their places and to rule and govern this great Dominion without their assistance. He, the guest of the evening, daily exhibited qualities which would mellow and ripen, and bye and bye make him the foremost politician of Quebec. No man wished Sir George to die or retire from his proud position, which he hoped would not be the case for a very long time, but when he did retire it could be with the proud conviction that he had trained a man to succeed him possessing the confidence of this great and noble Province of Quebec. He referred to his previous visit to Quebec, and his co operation, with its leading men for such beneficial public objects as railways to connect the provinces and promote their mutual business and well being. He congratulated the people of Canada on the benefits of Confederation, which would tend to unite the whole people in sentiment and ensure their prosperity for all time to come.

Mr. Mitchell also replied.

The dinner came to a close at 2 o'clock this morning.

The members of the Dominion Cabinet now in town are to be entertained to-night at Judge Caron's.

To-morrow they leave for Sherbrooke to attend the dinner to Mr. Pope.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 8.

The Wesleyans of this city yesterday subscribed $3,347 towards the foreign mission fund, Sir A. T. Galt giving $500.

All the city members have left to attend to their duties at Quebec. The election of Blanchet as Speaker gives great satisfaction. The Governor's Speech to day is much discussed.

The body of Michael Collins, drowned off Allan's wharf yesterday, was recovered this afternoon. Verdict—"accidental drowning."

Four sailors of the barque *Fannie* were committed to jail for eight days for refusing to do duty on their vessel.

The fact that the ship *Lake Superior* has run aground this side of Quebec, and having to discharge cargo, though loading here according to the rules of the portland Trinity Board, again revives the discussion of a twenty foot channel, which is now alleged to exist only in imagination. The press to-night urge that if the city is to maintain its prestige as the head of ocean navigation, their must not only be a twenty foot channel at all times, but one deep enough to allow vessels of 24 feet to come up in safety.

Snow fell last night and slightly to-day.

A further rise in stocks took place yesterday, which was generally maintained throughout to-day.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—A banquet has been tendered to Lord Mayor by the leading men of London, in acknowledgment of the eminent services rendered by His Lordship in the cause of universal charity.

The receipts for the Chicago relief fund at the Mansion House now amounts to £47,500.

Mr. Potter has written a letter to the press in which he seeks to dissipate the impression that the recent effort to establish an understanding between the Lords and the working class had a political object. He insists that the movement was of a social character.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 8,—The mechanics and laborers employed in the ship yard of Messrs. Laird & Birkenhead held a meeting to day, and unanimously resolved to insist upon the restriction of the hours of labor to 9 hours a day.

LONDON, Nov. 8.—The remains of General Robert Anderson will be conveyed to America in the United States frigate *Guerriere*.

HOLLAND.

AMSTERDAM, November 8th.—In view of the different negociations with the British Government in regard to Dutch possessions in Asia and Africa, the Netherlands Trading Company, which has long acted as the broker of the Government in its East India trade, has held a meeting to consider the policy of continuing its organization for a further period of 25 years. The decision unanimously arrived at was to adopt that course in preference to closing its operations at present.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 7.—Duke de Broglia left for London this evening; also Duke de Harcourt left to resume his post at Rome.

It is thought probable that Gouid will be assigned to the Italian mission.

PARIS, Nov. 8.—The Commission of Inquiry on the capitulations made by French Generals during the late war is prosecuting its investigations with great vigor. Marshal Bazaine, who had already appeared before it in person, has now sent in a detailed and voluminous report of the seige of Metz, together with letters received by him from Napoleon during the investment. It is said the judgment of the Commission will be with great severity on those principally responsible for the surrender of the fortress.

The Minister of War has prohibited the circulation of newspapers in barracks and camps.

BERLIN, Nov. 8.—A conference of diplomatists will be held in Dresden at an early date to devise precautionary measures against the International Society.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Nov. 8.—The Bohemian Diet in session at Prague voted unanimously against electing delegates to the Reichrath. The government, in consequence, ordered the immediate close of its deliberations.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 7.—Thackamban, head chief of the Fijiis, has, under the advice of the English residents, had himself proclaimed King of the Islands, under the name of Ebenezer the first.

NEW YORK, 8.—About five o'clock yesterday afternoon, O'Donovan Rossa visited the polls in the Tenth District of the Seventh Ward to vote. Examination proved that he had not been registered. He offered to swear in his vote, but one Thomas Jourden challenged it. Rossa went away, but soon returned with a friend. He again offered his vote and was then sworn in, when Jourden challenged him, and Rossa was arrested and taken to the Seventh Precinct Police Station where he was subsequently discharged.

The *World* says: The indications are that the republicans have carried the State, electing all their candidates on the State ticket. Out of the 240 members of the House the Democrats have only 64, and in 40 Senators they have but 4. The Council and all other State officers are Republican.

COOPERSTOWN, N. Y., Nov. 8.—The Republican majority on the State ticket in Otsego County is 160. Scotts' majority for Senator is about 550. The Republicans elected the Judge by over 200 majority. The Democrats probably elected the District Attorney, one Democratic and one Republican Assemblyman.

ALBANY, NOV. 8.—The following were the indications respecting this county at noon: Democratic majority on State ticket, 1,000; Adams, Republican, Senator, 600 or 700 majority; Judson, Republican, Clerk, elected; District Attorney in doubt; Rogers, Democratic, Surrogate, elected; Van Alstyne, Democratic, Judge, elected. The Republicans elected three Assemblymen, and the Democrats one.

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—The Executive Committee of the Chicago Relief and Aid Society have published an official financial statement. The amount actually received up to November 7th, is $2,050,000 out of about $3,500,000 subscribed.

BOSTON, Nov. 8.—By a combination of labour reformers and Democrats a slight gain was made in the number of Democratic members. The House will stand:—Republican, 176; Opposition, 64. In Boston the Republicans make a handsome gain.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8.—The President and Secretary of War have resolved to eject squatters on the Osage Indian lands unless they remove themselves.

ATCHISON, Ks., Nov. 8.—The entire Republican ticket was elected in this county yesterday.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 7.—The Lord Mayor's Fund for Chicago, last evening, reached £47,000, and contributions are still coming in.

The *Times* approves of the action of President Grant, regarding the Mormons, and urges that severe punishment be given them.

DUBLIN, Nov. 7.—An escort of military and police conducting Kelly to the Court this morning, were assailed by a mob, and one soldier was fatally injured.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 7.—A movement for enhanced wages continues at Rouen where strikes among several trades are on the increase.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Nov. 7.—The statue of the Emperor Maximillian was unveiled to-day in the presence of the Emperor, the Grand Dukes, members of the Ministry, and a large crowd of people, with solemn and imposing ceremonies.

The Emperor has accepted Von Beust's resignation, and has confirmed the appointment of Count Andrassy. Von Beust will probably be given the Ambassadorship to London.

GREECE.

ATHENS, Nov. 7.—The Ministry having appealed to the Chambers on the question involving the approval of its entire policy, has suffered defeat.

In consequence of the Ministry being defeated, the Premier and Ministers tendered their resignations.

WEST INDIES.

KINGSTON, Jamaica, Nov. 6.—A negro woman, of highly respectable character, has been arrested at Jacmel, upon an extraordinary charge of Cannibalism. The accusation alleges that she has killed and eaten twenty children, whom she has inveigled into the premises for that purpose.

UNITED STATES.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Nov. 7.—Fifty seven cities and towns gives Austin, the Republican Governor, 1,000 majority.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 7.—While the Democrats for Governor have a majority of about 8 142 in this city, other Democratic candidates on the State ticket have about the same majority. The State has gone Democratic.

CHICAGO, Nov. 7.—Wisconsin elects Washburne by an increased Republican majority.

Both branches of the Legislature are Republican.

RICHMOND, Va., Nov. 7.—The returns show a large majority in both Houses of General Assembly for the Conservatives.

COUNCIL BLUFF, Iowa, Nov. 8th.—A number of laborers at work near this city, yesterday, excavated sacks containing twelve thousand dollars, in gold and silver, which was hidden there eighteen years ago, by one Mair, who murdered a comrade, and was hung by the mob. Mair said he had hidden money, but refused to say where.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 3.—Outside this city and Baltimore County, and wherever heard from, the Republicans have gained. The Republicans will undoubtedly have several members in the Senate, and probably one fourth of the House Delegates. They had not a member in either branch of the last Legislature

CHICAGO, Nov. 8.—Beveridge, the Republican candidate at large, has been elected by probably 25,000 to 30 000 majority.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The *Times* says that the Republican State ticket is elected by 10,000 or 15,000 majority.

The *Tribune* says the State has gone Republican by about 10,000 majority. They have elected 20 out of 32 Senators certainly, and 88 out of 128 Assembly men.

Tweed is the only Tammany Senator elected from this city, and the Assembly will only contain six of the Tammany adherents.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Returns from different Districts, though imperfect, clearly indicate the defeat of the Tammany nominees.

The majority of the assistant Aldermanic Districts the Anti-Tammany candidates are successful.

Returns from New Jersey indicates Parker, the Democrat for Governor, elected by a about 4,500 majority.

The Legislature is Republican in both branches.

Returns from Minnesota indicate the election of the Republican State ticket by from 8,000 to 10,000 majority.

THE "CASPIAN'S" MAILS.

It appears to be seriously intended to put the fortress of Malta in an efficient state of defence. Most important works have been commenced by the Royal Engineer Department on the Corradino Hill for the protection of the dockyard.

M. Conti, formerly private secretary to the Emperor Napoleon, recently came forward as a candidate for a seat in the Council General of Corsica, and was defeated. While canvassing he made a speech, in which he said that he presented himself because he had been ordered by the Emperor to defend his interests. M. Conti added that his Majesty would return to France sooner than most people supposed.

The changes in our diplomatic service which have for some time been in contemplation, were announced in the *Gazette*. Lord Bloomfield retires from the service; Sir Alex. Buchanan, now in Russia, takes his place at Vienna; Lord Augustus Loftus, now at Berlin, goes to St. Petersburg; and Mr. Odo Russell, who has already had diplomatic experience with Prince Bismarck, is to be accredited to the German Court.

It is stated that Lord Dufferin is to be made an earl.

The ex-Emperor Napoleon, accompanied by the Prince Imperial, paid a visit to Plymouth on Saturday, and returned to Torquay the same evening. It is stated that the ex-Emperor is negotiating with a view to taking up his residence at Lupton House the seat of the late Lord Churston halfway between Torquay and Dartmouth.

It is reported from Enniskillen that the Earl of Belmore has resigned the Governorship of New South Wales.

The death is announced of Sir Hugh Hill, formerly one of the judges of the Court of Queen's Bench.

A Bill will be laid before Parliament next session to establish a company for the purpose of supplying London with water from the Cumberland lakes.

The *London Mirror* records an altogether unprecedented list of bequests and donations to various charitable institutions in one single week. It comprises one of £1,400, 17 of £1,000 each, 5 of £500 each, 6 of £300 each, 4 of £250 each, 22 of £200 each, 5 of £150 each, 27 of £100 each, 23 of £50 each, and 4 of £25 each, besides several smaller sums, amounting in all to about £33,000.

The Emperor has presented two of the French captured guns to Field Marshal Count Moltke, to be placed in front of his country seat Creisan, in Silesia.

The coroner's jury resumed on Monday the inquiry into the death of Mrs. Watson, at Stockwell. Only one verdict was possible, namely, that the unfortunate lady had been wilfully murdered by her husband, the Rev. John Selby Watson, and the jury found accordingly. The case continues to excite great interest.

In excavating for the foudation of the new church of St. Faith, Maidstone, a number of skeletons have just been found, and lying as the side of one was a leaden seal of a Papal bull of Pope Gregory XI, who was Roman Pontiff from 1370 to 1378. The seal has been placed in the Charles Museum, Maidstone.

In Madras, £50 is this year voted for deporting monkeys from the city, and £2,000 for deporting European loafers—another growing nuisance.

With regard to the wheat crop of the United Kingdom, the *Chamber of Agriculture Journal* says it is now ascertained, so far at least as thrashing has proceeded, that a deficiency is almost universal on the heavy and what are considered to be the best wheat lands, whilst the light gravels and other thin soils, which at the two previous harvests produced but little, and that very inferior in quality, yield so well that we have heerd on good authority, namely, millers who bought the produce, that five or six quarters per acre have been reaped on some such fields, so different are the results of different seasons, like the three of the last years now exposed.

Robert Buchanan's forthcoming volume, "A Drama of Kings," will contain three separate pieces—the first devoted to Napoleon Bonaparte, and the last to Emperor William of Germany and Bismarck, with a reprint of "Napoleon Fallen" coming between.

Mr Morris is engaged on a new volume of poems.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evils the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

A case of chronic rheumatism of unusual severity, cured by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, is noticed by one of our exchanges. A large bunch came out upon the breast of the sufferer, and appeared like part of the breast bone.

The sweetest word in our language is health. At the first indication of disease use well known and approved remedies. For dyspepsia or Indigestion use Parson's Purgative Pills. For coughs, colds, sore or lame stomach, use Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.

DIED.

On November 8th, after an illness of eight weeks, Annie Dyke, beloved wife of John Dyke, Feathers Saloon, aged 32 years.

The funeral will take place from her late residence, William street, on Friday next, 10th inst., at 2 o'clock, p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend

THE "OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of E. M. Cartier & Pominville, Advocates, in No 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A. C. de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O. V. & M. R. R. C.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816ow

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

WEDNESDAY, 15th NOVEMBER Next,

FOR THE ERECTION OF AN

Agricultural College

in the Township of Etobicoke, County of York,

Adjoining the Mimico station of the Great Western railway, and about six miles from the city of Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department, where printed forms of tender can be had on application.

Tenders to contain the bona fide signatures of two persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario,
Toronto, Nov. 9th, 1871 1816td

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railway

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.
Local Train at 1:40 p.m.
Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8.15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.
Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 7:35 p.m. and 8:15 p.m.
LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m. 9.10 a.m. and 3:45 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT
Manager

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., last, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 3:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3.50 P.M
No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9.20 A.M

LOCAL NEWS.

Youngsters indulged in snow balling one another yesterday.

POLICE COURT—Wednesday.—There was only one case of assault which was dismissed.

Mr. Gordon's fine block on Sussex street will be thoroughly completed in a few days.

The Chapel of Ease looks well—the results of the improvements now about finished.

THE LATE BAZAAR.—The total amount realised by the late St. Patrick's Bazaar is $2,446.

TEAMS WANTED.—There is a great scarcity of draught teams experienced in Ottawa at present.

Go to Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's for Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Crumb Cloths, Plain and Fancy Repps, Lace Curtains, Curtain Poles and House Furnishings generally.

DROPPED DEAD.—A fine horse belonging to James Smott dropped dead yesterday while being driven up the hill from Pooley's bridge.

SNOW.—A fall of snow occurred on Tuesday night. Early yesterday morning youngsters were attempting to run the hills with their sleighs.

PROMENADE CONCERT.—The Promenade Concert for the benefit of the O. B. G. A. Band takes place to night in the Music Hall. We hope to have the pleasure of reporting a grand success.

TURKEY SHOOTING.—They had a turkey shooting match on the Aylmer road near Hull yesterday. "Dead shot" was the most popular ammunition in use.

Remnants of all wool Carpets, 80 cts per yard, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorran s.

SANITARY COMMITTEE.—We are glad to see that the Sanitary Committee are taking energetic steps to stem the spread of the small-pox in Ottawa. Nothing less than thorough and energetic measures will do, and we hope they will not relax the vigorous performance of their duty until every vestige of danger will have disappeared. The residences and premises of the poor people of Lower Town should receive particular attention.

COUNTY COURT.

WEDNESDAY.

D. M. Grant, Esq. and Henry Kebert, Esq., presiding.

Michael Downey, charged with using abusive and insulting language to one Joseph Patron, was fined $5 and costs.

Joseph Leclair and Frederick Leclair, were charged with petty trespass upon the grounds of Henry Watkins in the Township of Gloucester.

Case dismissed with costs against plaintiff

COMMON SCHOOLS AND VACCINATION.—Dr. Van Cortlandt continued the examination of the pupils attending the public schools yesterday. He informs us that the number of cases in which vaccination has not been performed or has been imperfectly performed were few, a fact very creditable to Ottawa. Only about 50 pupils out of 1,000 were sent back for vaccination or re-vaccination. But in this enlightened age when the virtues of vaccination is so universally acknowledged, it is indeed surprising that any parent can be so indifferent to the health and happiness of his children as to leave them unprotected against that fearful scourge, which, if it does not always result fatally, disfigures for life. Only the most ignorant and superstitious should find excuse for neglect in this matter

It is hoped the Trustees of the Roman Catholic schools of this city will see that every pupil in attendance is vaccinated, as is being done in the Protestant public schools.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

ENTERTAINMENT, DRAMATIC AND MUSICAL.

The pupils of the Christian Brothers' School gave an entertainment in the Canadian Institute last night. A large audience of ladies and gentlemen filled the Hall, and evinced by their applause and laughter much and deserved appreciation of the dramatic efforts of the juveniles. A very good programme was executed with credit to the performers, as well as to their instructors, the indefatigable Brothers. The Band of the Christian Brothers of Montreal was in attendance, each member being dressed in a very pretty costume or uniform. The Band is an excellent one, and demonstrated its proficiency last night in a manner very agreeable to the audience. The first thing on the programme was an overture by the Band which was executed in excellent style.

Then came songs and recitations, comic and sentimental, which alternately provoked laughter and applause to a liberal degree from the attentive, interested, and appreciative audience. Some of the youngsters possess very good vocal powers, and simply require the necessary culture to make them ordinary good amateurs The Drama entitled "The Seven Clerks" brought on the stage a great variety of characters, each performer playing his part very creditably.

After addresses by a few gentlemen the entertainment was brought to a conclusion by the Band playing "St. Patrick's Day," "La Canadienne," and "God Save the Queen."

We congratulate the pupils on the success of the entertainment, and the indefatigable Brothers on the happy result of their laudable labours in instructing the boys under their charge. The large audience that assembled in the Hall, and the applause so freely given on every side, demonstrate beyond question how well their institution and labors are appreciated by the public, and we have no doubt that whenever they give so pleasant an entertainment again the audience will be as large and as general as it was last night.

Call and see the new and beautiful Millinery at Allan, McKinnons & Merrans'.

The efficacy of Wyeth's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and checking the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Waters are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	Provincial N. $ c	Dominion N. $ c	Total. $ c
Notes payable at Montreal	3,484,676 63	2,429,490 00	5,914,166 63
" " Toronto	763,807 50	1,614,577 00	2,372,384 50
" " Halifax	125,163 59	355,280 00	480,443 59
" " St. John	467,108 00	186,000 00	653,103 00
	4,840,755 72	4,585,347 00	9,426,102 72
Fractional Notes			449,724 75
Total circulation			9,875,827 47
Debentures held against circulation			6,400,000 00
			3,475,827 47
Specie held at Montreal		1,626,276 46	
" " Toronto		1,290,674 18	
" " Halifax		253,500 35	
" " St. John		150,000 00	
			3,320,450 99
Deficiency of Specie			155,376 48

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

N. B.—The returns to October 31 were not received in time to be inserted in the *Gazette* of Saturday last.

Ottawa, November 6, 1871. 1814 5

OTTAWA MARKETS.

The markets have been pretty well attended during the week. Prices have not changed materially.

Hogs, per 100 lbs. dressed weight, $6 75 to $7.50.
Beef cattle, $5 50 to $6 50 per 100 lb. dressed weight.
Sheep, $4 to $5 each.
Lambs, $3 to $3 50.
Young pigs, 75c to $1 do.
Fowls, 40c to 50c per couple.
Chickens, 2 c to 35c do.
Wild ducks, 50c to 70c.
Partridge, 50c do.
Turkeys, 60c to $1 each.
Geese, 45c to 60c each.
Ducks, 50c to 70c per couple.
Feathers, 25c to 50c per lb.
Print do 18c to 22c do.
Roll do, 17c do.
Cheese 12c to 14c do.
Skim Milk Cheese, 7c do.
Tallow, 10c do
Honey, 12c to 15c do.
Beeswax, 25c to 30c do.
Swedish Turnips, 25c.
Potatoes, 22 cts to 30 cts per bushel.
Onions, $1 to $1 25 do.
Celery, 40c to 60c per doz.
Melons, 10c to 40c each.
Watermelons, 10c to 30c.
Squash, 5c to 10c do.
Pumpkins, 5c to 10c.
Cabbages 5c to 10c.
Eggs 20c to 22c per dozen.
Cauliflowers 5c to 10c do.
Beets, 40c to 50c per bush.
Cranberries, 60c per gal.
Apples, 60c to $1 per bush.
Apples per barrel $3 to $3.75.
Grapes, 12½c per lb
Home spun yarn, 70c to 80c per lb.
Home made woollen socks, 30c per pair.

PORK.
Mess Pork, $16 to 16 50 per barrel.
Farmers' mess, $15 50 do
Prime mess none.
Hams smoked, $14 50 per 100 lbs.
Bacon do $10.50 do
Bacon dry salted, $9 do

FLOUR—Retail prices.
Double extra, $7.25 per barrel.
Extra, $7 do
No. 1, $6.50 to 6.75 do
Oatmeal, $6.25 to 6.50 do
Cornmeal, $3.25 to 3.50 do
Cracked wheat, $7 do
Wheat meal, $6.75 do
Provender, $1 40 per 100 lbs.
Cracked corn, $1.60 do
Bran, 80cts.
Hay, $13 to 16 per ton.
Oat straw, $7.50 9 per ton.
Rye straw, $6.

GRAIN.
Buckwheat, 50 to 55cts per bushel.
Oats, 30c to 35c do
Peas, 60c to 65c do
Beans, $1 35 to 1 40 do
Fall wheat, new, $1 40 to 1 45 do
Spring wheat, $1 25 to 1 30 do

HIDES AND LEATHER.
No. 1, Sole, 26cts per lb.
No 2, do 23cts do
Slaughter, 27cts do
Harness leather, 33cts do
Upper do 42cts do
English kipp, 60cts do
French do 80cts do
Commondo 55cts do
Canadian calf 70cts do
French do $1 25 do
Splits 37cts do
Enamelled cow, 21cts do
Patent do 21cts do
Cod oil, 60cts per gallon
Calf skins, do 10cts per lb.
Sheep pelts, $1 50 each.
Hides No 1, $9 per 100 lbs.
Hemlock bark $4 per cord.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA in CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 115 Fulton Street, New York, and 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac simile* of Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, often times incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost in an relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will afford satisfaction easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in box, with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

PAIN-KILLER

Husband (returned from the village)—Mary, well my dear; I have just returned from town and brought with me your entire list—Tea, Coffee, sugar, Calico and in short waggon full of—

Wife: (hastily) — And forgot the PAIN-KILLER?

Husband:—Oh! no; couldn't forget that; it's the most prominent object in every store in town; and besides, the fences and stones and buildings all have "PAIN-KILLER" painted or pasted on them to remind one of it every minute. The store-keepers says that the PAIN-KILLER should be in every house and where one can put their hand on it in the dark if need be.

Wife:—It must be valuable, else the Parson's wife wouldn't praise it to the skies as she does. (*To be Continued.*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts. per bottle.

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X XX, XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET.

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known farm of Messrs. de ABB, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES (different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands. We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. 7

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to thank my most sincere friends, M. Keys, Esqr., Henry Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business resulted by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

Pickering and Steinway Pianos,

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOUSSIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

WANTED,

From now to the 1st of May next a FURNISHED HOUSE, either within, or not far from, the city limits. Address MR RICE, Russell House. 1811 10

SALESMAN WANTED

At the Regent House. Must speak French and English. Apply to

SINCLAIR, STITT & Co.,
Sparks street.
Ottawa Oct. 31, 1871 1807 tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1760-6m Proprietor

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

These purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Houlton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle... Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cured bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J. Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y, and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE — *Eclectric* — Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President
Ottawa, Oct 2, 1871 1804 tf

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.
Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1789 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct 23 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 14th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m. connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Hawkesbury on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

AT ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 2, 1871.

L. A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times*.
" " *Evening Mail*.
" " *Courrier d'Ottawa*.
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole*.
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C. R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.
Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.
Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU W

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

ND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for the year ending 5th April, 1871.

	Stg		Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year	£1,282 222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums reassured)	£ 110,417 16 3
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0	Note—Of this sum £51 621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Less Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 16	Surrenders	7,919 14 4
	£1,282,222 3 2	Annuities	12,232 17 3
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,9 9 12 9	Commission	9,922 7 6
Consideration for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9	Expenses of Management and all other charges	30,880 7 9
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax	54,725 10 9	Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
	306,715 0 3	Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	35,804 13 9
	£1,588 937 3 5	Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
		Total	£1,588 937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up	£ 75 000 0 0	Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom	£ 500,888 16
Assurance Fund	1,201 911 9 2	Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5	Loans on the Association's Policies (within value).	175,916 19
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2	In British Government Securities	1,285 18 9
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6	Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14
	£1434,090 17 3	Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	289,567 17 8
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 2 4
		House Property	109,150 13 9
		Annuities purchased	25,497 17 4
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,538 2 9
		Loans on Personal Security	5,879 16 9
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,575 16 0
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,431 6 9
		Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
		Agents' Balances	50,338 8 8
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 2
		Outstanding Interest	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,967 1 9
		CASH— On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 5; On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9; In hand 127 2 9	77,862 6 11
			£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 7 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAUNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE AND LIFE.

CAPITAL $10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Jits
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa April 11, 1871.

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under Picton N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," rom Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 2670tf

AUCTION SALE. OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa,

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to JONAS AP JONES, Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto, or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were by to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz. 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be, With great respect, THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since. JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870. J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T C. BROWN, Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c, &c,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching cathartic in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles $1 00
Pills per Box..... 25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1637tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness, Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hapley, M. R. C. S. alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W.

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

DR. ROBERTS' CELEBRATED OINTMENT, CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT, Bridport, Dorset, England

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United states.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co. Omaha, Neb.

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

FOR THE READING, OF THE

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE OR LIVERY A.M.	DUE OR LIVERY A.M.	DUE OR LIVERY P.M.
.....	1 00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	10 00	...	4.20
.....	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	10 00	...	7.30
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	..	7.30
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9·00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9 00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	.....	.....	4.20
9 20	.....	4|30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9 20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. O. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	.....	.....	1 30
10.30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	...
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Coulow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	700
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via N. York close every Monday at 8 P.M
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 noon, in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Oct. 30 1871

MESSRS. SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid Steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

All ground ready for use.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24 Rideau street, Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

WM FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,

Most sincerely yours, CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE, Churchwardent of St Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information. C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex-st, Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE:

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN, IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

TWO VALUABLE FARMS

FOR SALE!

The following Valuable Farm situated on the banks of the Rideau about one mile and a half from Ottawa, the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq., and known as the South West half of Lot 14 on the Rideau River in the Gore of Gloucester. It is all cleared and in the highest state of cultivation; well watered; first-class brick building with seven rooms, and substantial barns, sheds, &c., thereon; also, an excellent orchard and garden. Beautifully situated and commanding a fine view of the City, Parliament Buildings, and surrounding country; contains about 100 acres.

ALSO

Lot No 16, in the Seventh Concession of Gloucester, Ottawa Front (the property of the late Donald Robertson, Esq.), 8 miles from Ottawa and 2 miles from Taylorville. Contains 200 acres, principally covered with timber.

For particulars and terms apply to DANIEL McLAURIN, Esq., of Osgoode, JAMES SEVERIGHT, Esq., of Gloucester, Trustees, or to HAMNETT P. HILL, Solicitor, &c., Post Office Block, Ottawa.

34 tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

CELLAR TO LET.

At corner of Sussex and Murray streets, known as Sparrow's Block. Apply to O. DUROCHER, No. 77, Sussex Street.

Ottawa, Oct. 16, 1871 1805 2

Medical.

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE, EARACHE, &c. BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS. PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL DENTISTS FULHAM HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious accretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

PARL

ARABIAN OIL

FOR HORSES AND CATTLE

A NEVER-FAILING REMEDY.

This valuable preparation combines all the medicinal virtues of those articles which long experience has proved to possess the most safe and efficient properties for the cure of Flesh Wounds, Sprains, Bruises, Galls of all kinds, Cracked Heels, Ring Bone, Spavin, Callous, Pistula, Sweeney, External Poisons, Scratches or Grease, Strains, Lameness, Mange, Witlows, Corns, Sand Cracks, Foundered Feet, Horn Distemper, Swellings, and many other diseases which horses and cattle are subject to.

The celebrated Liniment has been used for many years, and its curative properties boroughly tested, and it is conceded to be the cheapest and most reliable remedy for all external complaints ever offered to the public—it never fails when timely used and faithfully applied.

To be had of all Druggists and Country Merchants throughout the Dominion. Price 25c. per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN, Lewcastle, Ont. Proprietors.

Sold by George Mortimer, John Roberts M Massey, H F McCarthy, J Skinner, in Ottawa, all Medicine Dealers.

November 24, 1870 1622tf

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c, &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingots and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, TOWER, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

Law.

GRACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 48utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. ROBERT LEES. 4 utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34 6t

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Long's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILON, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings Rideau-street, Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

NETTEAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur, Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and E

The Times

VOL. V NO 1817. OTTAWA, FRIDAY NOVEMBER 10, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOLDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on pleasure or business. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and business centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, McMICHAEL & Co.

Have Receive

SIX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velvet Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
3 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
" Pins,
Cotton Hosiery,
Jersey Prints,
Jersey Jeans,
Fortnis Corsets,
1 case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Bordes,
4 " Trimmings,
1 " Gentlemen's Shirting,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 " Table Damask,
1 " 2 " Linen Drill.

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Hanifoys Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
1 " Shetland,
1 " Wadding,
30 M Ell's Paper Collars,
11 Bales Winter Mills Grey Cottons,
3 " " " Twilled Shirtings,
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

Inspection Invited

Ottawa, May 19, 1871.

HATS HATS HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new. ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HANNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact you can get any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 24 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Dry and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

De Kuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident whatever.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. CRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844),
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion
J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.
Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 181

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Berbeau
Montreal, Oct 7th, 1871

Montreal, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, to whom I had confidently recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 10, 1871 1800y.

SILVERSMITHS SOAP
FOR COMMERCIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET GLASS PAPER &c.
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin.....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$35

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....26th "
ST. ANDREW " .....2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " .....9th "

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing our friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents Sparks st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN..... " 19th "
MEDWAY..... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES..... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London:

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T M CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1783y.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided,

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs, streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts; and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein at the South Side of St. Andrew street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day and the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

for the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Retaining walls	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Machinery extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes. Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st; John Hill Tea Pot, Rideau-st; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

from $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa

DR LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1782 1y

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL,
Ottawa, Nov. 6. 1871.

Present—His Worship the Mayor and Aldermen O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, Heney, Kehoe, Martineau.

His Worship the Mayor presented the petition of Mrs. Hill Wilson, and that of Hubert J. Forde, respecting taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. Featherston presented the petition of Mrs. A. Stewart for remission of taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. Martineau presented the petition of Mrs Jeauveau and the widow Cautier, for remission of taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. Heney presented the petition of Mrs. Myers, respecting taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. Mosgrove presented the petition of Alfred Todd, respecting taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

Ald. Taillon presented the petition of Patrick Smith, respecting taxes. Referred to the Assessment Committee.

His Worship the Mayor presented the petition of James Merna and others, for a lamp on the corner of Sherwood and Ottawa streets. Referred to the Fire and Light Committee; and the letter of F. Braun, Esq., Secretary of the Department of Public Works, in answer to a memorial of the Council for the cancellation of a lease of land north of Oregon street, granted to John R. O'Connor, stating that the Government, by advice of the Law Officers of the Crown, could not grant the prayer of the memorial. Referred to the Water Works Committee; also the reports of the City Engineer and Assistant City Clerk, on Ward Expenditure, showing the following amounts expended up to the first day of October last:

Victoria Ward	$1,496 89
Wellington "	3,456 55
St. Georges "	2,969 93
By "	1,812 43
Ottawa "	1,935 57

Referred to the Board of Works; and the communication of the City Engineer, advising the Council of the unsafe state of the Bridge across the westerly branch of the Rideau river at McLaren's mill. Referred to the Board of Work; also the monthly report of the City Engineer. (See appendix.)

His Worship the Mayor presented also, the petition of the St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company, for leave to carry their new track down Broad street; that of Bronson, Weston & Co., praying for the same object. Referred to the Board of Works; and that of H. Alexander, from the Board of School Trustees, asking for an office for Inspector of Schools. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Featherston presented the letter of S. Keefer, Esq., C. E., respecting the appointment of a Clerk of Works, to superintend the Bridge contract. Referred to the Board of Works; and that of John Heney, respecting the fencing up of certain streets. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Rowe presented the petition of Thomas Walker and others, for a well west of the concession line in Wellington Ward. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Martineau presented the accounts of the Street Railway Company, Dr. Grant, John Mathiew, Joseph Metcalfe, O Mathiew, O. Archambault, P. Brennan, R Gorman, L. Whitty, J. Coward, F. Belanger, O. Regan, D. Prevost, J. Whitty, Jas Slack, R. E. O'Connor, and Thomas Birkett. Referred to the Finance Committee and Board of Works.

Ald. Bangs presented the petition of Andrew Campbell and others, and that of Thomas Beament and others, and that of the City Chamberlain, praying that the Council may take measures to obtain a new trial in the case of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa against G. H. Preston.

1. Moved by Ald. Bangs, seconded by Ald. O'Connor, that the petition of Thos. Beament and others, the petition of Andrew Campbell and others, and the petition of W. H. Thompson, just read, asking for a new trial in the case of the City of Ottawa, vs. G. H. Preston, be received; that the prayer of the petitioners, be granted, and that the City Solicitor be, and he is hereby instructed to take such steps as he may deem advisable, to obtain a new trial in the said case; and that the City Clerk do notify him accordingly. Carried.

Ald. Martineau presented the communication of the City Solicitor, in reference to the case between the Corporation and G. H. Preston.

2. Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Taillon, that the communication of the City Solicitor be referred to the Finance Committee; and that the said Committee be and are hereby instructed to confer with the City Solicitor on the subject, and to give him such instructions as they shall deem advisable. Carried.

His Worship the Mayor having been obliged to leave the chair, it was

3. Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that Ald. Martineau do take the chair. Carried.

Ald. Woodburn presented the letter of the Chairman of the Board of High Schools, requesting the Council to issue debentures, to the extent of five thousand five hundred dollars, for the purpose of purchasing lots for a School site.

4.—Moved by Ald. Woodburn, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the letter of the Chairman of the Board of High School Trustees be referred to the Finance and By-law Committees, with instructions to report favorably upon the expediency of issuing debentures to the amount asked for by the said Board, at the next meeting of this Council. Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented Report No 12 of the Finance Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Finance Committee in this their twelfth Report, beg leave to submit that having examined the following accounts, and found them correct, they recommend that His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign cheques for the same.

Police Department, one month's, to 31st Oct.;

E. J. O'Neil	$50 00
2 Sergeants, at $45	90 00
10 Policeman, at $40	400 00
Market Constable	40 00
Messenger	40 00
	620 00

Fire Department:

A. Lepage, one month's wages to 31st Oct.	54 50
Ottawa Fire Company, 3 month's drawing engine	18 75
Chaudiere Fire Company, do	18 75
Rideau Fire Company, do	12 50
Queen do do	12 50
Lower Town Hook and Ladder Company, 3 month's drawing.	12 50
Central Hook and Ladder Company, do	12 50
	$762 00

Miscellaneous:

Wm. Fraser, lighting 16 lamps and repairs	37 60
N. Favreau, lighting 20 lamps and repairs	56 00
Canada Central Railway Company passages	6 55
City Clerk, disbursements for October	69 67
Dr. Henry, inquest on J. Ellis	5 00
Dr. St. Jean, two inquests	10 00
P. Hannegan, 9 weeks board of J. Haberlin	18 00
Wm. Cousens, work at Voters Lists	100 00
Dr. Robillard, examination of Lunatic	5 00
St. Lawrence & Ottawa Railway Company passages	8 38
Ottawa R. N. Co, *Queen Victoria* passages	13 15
Alex. Duff, clothing for Police	46 00
Jas. Hope & Co., stationery to 29th September	44 96
George W. Ried, 500 stales for market	35 00
	455 39

Street Improvements:

Men on streets for October	1,219 05
Horses " "	699 75
D. O'Connor, 364 yards earth on St. Paul street	25 48
Stainslas Berthelot, 22 days paving	55 00
Joseph Berthelot, 21 days paving.	31 51
T. H. Kirby, 14 caps for Police $36 00	
T. H. Kirby, 12 fur caps and 12 pairs mitts 84 00	
	120 00
John Mahiw, on account of kerb stones	200 00
	$3,490 08

All respectfully submitted.

EUG. MARTINEAU,
Chairman.
F. McDOUGAL,
CHAS R. CUNNINGHAM,
A. S. WOODBURN.

5. Moved by Ald Cunningham, seconded by Ald McDougal, that the twelfth Report of the Finance Committee be received and adopted. Carried.

Ald. Featherston presented Report No 1 of the Board of Health:

That during the past month the small-pox has increased in the low lying and crowded parts of the city, so as to render it necessary that immediate steps be taken to arrest, if possible, the further spread of the said disease. Your Board, relying on impartial evidence, express the opinion that the number of deaths arising from small pox has been small, and that it is not necessary to excite any undue alarm that will work to the injury of the city.

Your Board submit that persons infected with small pox came to this city from the Medway and other vessels, and that there must therefore have been some unwise laxity in the execution of the quarantine regulations at Grosse Isle, and your Board submit that a memorial on this matter be presented by your worshipful body to the Dominion Government.

Your Board likewise submit that in the seventh clause of the Health By-law, physicians are required to report to your Board all diseases of a malignant character, dangerous to the public health. This duty, your Board regrets to say, has been over looked, and your Board therefore recommend that the City Clerk be instructed to forward a copy of the Health By-law to each of the said gentlemen and respectfully to request their attention to the said clause.

In order to arrest the increase of the small pox and to provide for persons afflicted therewith, your Board submit that they have consulted with the Director of the General Hospital, and also of the Protestant Hospital, and your Board submit with the consent of these parties, the following arrangements, which your Board recommend to be sanctioned by your worshipful body, inasmuch as it will provide immediate accommodation and care for small pox patients, giving as much isolation as can be obtained within the limits of the city, and will enable the said Directors to discharge a much needed public duty.

That the said Directors provide, in an isolated locality, buildings adapted for the reception of persons infected with malignant diseases, dangerous to the public health, and that your worshipful body grant said bodies of directors the sum of 500 each, for the purpose of said buildings.

That the said directors, having provided said buildings, receive therein and provide for and maintain, all such persons, infected with cholera, small pox, or any other malignant diseases dangerous to the public health, that may be sent there, with a certificate of any legally qualified physician, endorsed by His Worship the Mayor, or the Chairman of the Board of Health, or by a majority of said Board.

That your worshipful body pay to each of said bodies of directors the following sums of money for patients sent as aforesaid: Two hundred dollars for the first ten, one hundred and fifty dollars for the second ten, and one hundred dollars for the third ten.

That the said sums of money be paid for the whole numbers of patients, as above stated, or for any part of said numbers.

Your Board further submit that it is desirable to request the Commissioners of Police to appoint an additional policeman, whose especial duty it shall be to attend to the carrying out of the provisions of the Health Bye-law, and of all other by-laws relating to the cleanliness and sanitary condition of the city.

Your Board likewise recommend that the Bye-law Committee be instructed to submit, at the next meeting of your worshipful body, a by-law to provide for the vaccination of all persons within the jurisdiction of your worshipful body, and to render the same compulsory, if the statute so permits; and your Board further recommend that the said committee be also instructed to submit a by-law to prevent carters carrying persons infected with contagious diseases, or the bodies of persons that have died thereof in any vehicle kept for public hire.

All of which is respectfully submitted;

J. P. FEATHERSTON,
Chairman.
A. ROWE,
W. KEHOE,

Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1871.

6.—Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Kehoe, that the report of the Board of Health, just read, be received and adopted; and that His Worship the Mayor be authorized to sign the cheques of five hundred dollars each; one payable to the Treasurer of the Protestant Hospital and the other payable to the Treasurer of the General Hospital, to enable the Directors of the said Hospitals to carry out the arrangement recommended in said report, suspending all rules to the contrary. Carried.

Ald. Cunningham presented report No. 1 of the Fire and Light Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Fire and Light Committee in this their first report, beg leave to submit that they have examined the petition of R. L. Bond and others for the use of the Fireman's Hall in St. George's Ward, and they recommend that the prayer therefor be granted, provided it does not interfere with the meetings of the firemen, and that they are satisfied therewith.

Your Committee recommend that they be authorized to substitute Gas Lamps for coal oil lamps where practicable; and to cause to be erected four new gas lamps in Wellington Ward, and two in St. George's Ward, to be done as soon as possible.

All of which is respectfully submitted.

CHARTRESR. CUNNINGHAM,
FRANCIS McDOUGAL,
AMOS ROWE.

Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1871.

7. Moved by Ald. Cunningham, seconded by Ald. McDougal, that the first report of the Fire and Light Committee be received and adopted. Carried.

8. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Taillon, that the Report of Louis Lesage on Water Works, be printed in the English and French languages; and that there be one thousand of the same in English language, and five hundred in the French language for distribution. Carried.

9. Moved in amendment by Mr. Bangs, seconded by Ald O'Connor, that before the report be ordered to be printed, that a regular report from the Water Works Committee requesting the printing of said report be presented to this Council. Lost.

Yeas — O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Kehoe and Heney.

Nays — Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal and Taillon.

Continued on Third Page.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

City Lots, Timber Limits, &c., for sale—H McLean.
Winter Course of Lectures of Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society.
Hotel for sale—David Boucher.
Notice—Simon Hanes.

The Ottawa Times.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 10, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

The Halifax *Chronicle*, speaking of the retirement of the Hon. Mr. Dunkin, calls the Ottawa Times an "Ass," and says that no sooner had that gentleman left the Cabinet than we proceeded to kick him. Of course we do not care for anything which the *Chronicle* may say, neither we suppose does any respectable man have much regard for the sayings of a journal which, like it, revels in the coarsest Billingsgate; we merely allude to the last of its many falsehoods, as affording a notable instance of its uniform untruthfulness and unreliability.

The Halifax *Colonist* says:

Mr. Dewe's success in ferreting out the guilty party in the Post Office has restored public confidence in the department. The Post Office employes as well as the public are under obligations to Mr. Dewe for the prompt and efficient manner in which he has removed the suspicions of years from the innocent, and convicted the guilty party out of his own mouth.—Campbell's escape scot free is to be profoundly regretted; yet it is a small matter in comparison with the mischief and misery caused by his robberies.

This man Campbell is the individual whom the Toronto *Globe* quotes as an authority against the President of the Council.

Instead of being grateful for the delicate little compliment which we paid to our evening contemporary for having reported the Langevin banquet several hours before it occurred, he appears to be annoyed with us, and wants to know who our correspondent was, accusing us of stealing the *Citizen* report, &c. We may say by way of reply that the person whom we engaged to supply us with a report of the dinner is a gentleman connected with one of the Quebec papers. What we wanted to know however was, who was the remarkable genius who supplied the *Citizen* "by telegraph" on Tuesday afternoon with an account of the proceedings at a dinner which occurred on Tuesday night. This question meets with a very evasive answer. Once more however we congratulate our contemporary upon the possession of such a treasure, and, since he will not accept our tribute of praise in a friendly spirit, must decline to enter into a dispute which is simply puerile and can be of no public interest.

THE HORTON CASE.

We have hitherto abstained from making any reference to the *Horton* matter, confident as we feel that full justice will be done in the premises, and satisfied as we are that the better class of American society have no sympathy with those who were guilty of an act which in itself might be likely to cause ill feeling between the people of this country and the citizens of the United States. Therefore without a word of remonstrance or indignation we permitted Gen. Butler's brag and buncombe to pass by unnoticed, knowing as we did that that doughty warrior's sympathies must ever be with those who are guilty of unlawful acts, and that, incapable as he is from natural temperament of himself performing anything in the shape of a daring act, he would be only too happy to take the opportunity of defying the British Lion at a very safe distance. But there are limits beyond which no human patience can extend, and when in point of fact "a worm would turn." The seizure of the *Horton* we might have borne with some degree of equanimity, the taunts and sneers of a Butler might have afforded, and indeed did afford us some considerable amusement, but why do these Gloucester fishermen and their abettors add insult to injury by murdering the Queen's English in such a wholesale manner after having set her and her laws at defiance. In other words, why have they, not content with winning such triumphs with the trident of Old Neptune, seized upon the lyre of Apollo, and, filled with the inspiration which is derived from the worst quality of New England rum gushed forth into such song as the following:

The spirit true in seventy-six,
Lives in the land to-day,
Thank God! And no Dominion cliques
Shall spoil the Yankee's play.

Safe from the lion's angry paw,
Safe from the lapdog's snapping jaw,
Hurrah: Cape Ann is bound to win—
"The Horton's in! the Horton's in!"

Hurrah! hurrah! for Yankee wit,
Hurrah! hurrah! for Cape Ann grit,
It's pluck and dash that's sure to win—
"The Horton's in! the Horton's in!"

Here three times three for the Captain, then,
And three time three for his gallant men;
For the strong and daring, free and brave,
The olive branch and the laurel wave.

In the name of an outraged civilization we protest against this kind of thing. If "the strong and the daring, free and brave" must have a poet laureate to celebrate their fame, let them import one from New York or Boston or some civilized spot who will be capable of abusing the "lion and the lap dog" in a respectable manner and not attempt the poetic *role* themselves. They evidently are not equal to deal with so great a subject as the stealing away of the *Horton*, nor should they try to do so. They must not aspire to be poets. We shall have General Butler setting up as a gentleman next.

PROGRESS OF THE MANITOBA EXPEDITION.

As already intimated by us the troops landed at Thunder Bay at 1 p. m. on the 21st ultimo, the remainder of the day being occupied in disembarking the military stores, camp equipage, provision supplies, &c., &c., early on the following morning. The first detachment left Prince Arthur's Landing, and in two days the whole force had marched to Lake Shebandowan, a distance of 45 miles, the waggons sent with the expedition conveying the baggage and supplies; a fierce snow storm blowing in the faces of the men throughout this march. The troops encamped at Matawan on the first night, a distance of 25 miles from Prince Arthur's Landing, and by the 28th ult., the expedition had crossed the height of land. On lake Windigoostigan the men had to take to the water notwithstanding the cold, hauling their boats through the shallow parts. On the 1st inst., however, the expedition had reached Deux Rivieres portage all well, the Quebec Company, one hundred strong, being then in advance. It is believed the greater difficulties had been then overcome, and we may hope to hear in a few days of their safe arrival at Fort Garry. The men are said to have all worked with great vigor and energy; pushing on day and night, notwithstanding the hardship in excellent health and spirits. Owing to many of the steam tugs being frozen in, the boats had to be dragged over the portages by the men. We doubt not when the details of this expedition are made public, it will be found to be one of the most remarkable exploits of its kind.

ABUSE OF PUBLIC MEN.

Judge Pierrepont, of New York, a few days since, alluded to a topic which has attracted a considerable amount of public attention in the United States of late, viz., the unjustifiable attacks made upon public men by their political opponents. This has long been a great source of disquietude to thoughtful Americans, and the ultimate results of it must be to prevent men of refinement and high intellectual attainments from participating in public affairs. This is a subject which is really of very great general importance, intimately connected as it is with the public morality and with the prosperity of any country.

In political affairs as in other matters it has been our pride in Canada, to follow as closely as possible the example of the Old Country. From her we have inherited a respect for law and constituted authority such as does not exist in the neighbouring Republic; from her we inherit a love for fair play even to an opponent, which is one of the most admirable traits of the British character, and from the example of British statesmen and politicians our public men have, as a general thing, learnt to be courteous and respectful to those from whom they differ in political opinion.

But at the present moment it is impossible for any man to close his eyes to the fact that we are placed in the same danger as the Americans themselves, and that, in consequence of the utter unscrupulousness of a few men, Canadian political life and Canadian journalism are likely to be debased and rendered ignominious. Within the past few months we have seen personal charges of an entirely unfounded character brought against our leading public men by the principal organ of the Opposition; we have seen men who have spent their best years in the public service called "resuscitated mummies," "baboons," "howling dervishes" and other abusive names, simply because they were politically opposed to the man who controls that organ. We have in fact seen every public man who was not a Grit, abused, villified and spoken of in a sneering and contemptuous manner by the organ and its imitators, and in all this we have seen indications of an approach to that condition of affairs which right minded Americans regard with so much apprehension and regret in their own country.

What under these circumstances is the duty of public men and journalists who have been and are thus constantly being exposed to abuse and slander? Shall they, smarting under these attacks repay their maligner in his own coin and launch false accusations and foul epithets at the heads of their opponents? Shall they call Mr. George Brown, a "sleuth hound," or, we will not not say "a howling dervish," but, by way of variety, "a blustering bully?" No. Let the Grits at all events enjoy a monopoly of all the reckless attacks and foul language which disgrace public life in Canada. At abuse and slang the *Globe* is far more than a match for the whole Ministeria press combined, and were we to attempt to fight that journal with its own weapons we should most surely be worsted. On our side at all events let British love of fair play, and that candour and generosity which is ever ready to do full justice even to an opponent be ever found. Let us who are members of the Party of Progress fight our opponents sturdily and to the bitter end, but let us fight them like men and with manly and honest weapons. Then, we may rely upon it, that in spite of all their abuse and wilful misrepresentation, in spite of all the filth they may hurl at the heads of our leaders, we shall overcome them as easily as a troop of Life Guardsmen would ride down a howling stone throwing mob, whose arsenal is the gutter and their only argument abuse.

GASPE CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

GASPE BASIN, Nov. 1.

A telegram was received yesterday by the Messrs. Truing & Co., of this place, stating that the schooner *Erata*, of Jersey, and bound for Gaspe with supplies for the different merchants along the coast, was wrecked on Basin Island. Crew saved.

The Department of Marine and Fisheries has placed a large bell on board of the light ship at the Sandy Beach Spit, entrance of Gaspe Harbour—can be distinctly heard at the Basin, a distance of three miles, will be of great service to the shipping entering the harbour in foggy weather. Too much praise cannot be given to the Hon. Mr. Mitchell for the great benefit he has conferred on the shipping interest in the gulf, and more especially for the harbour of Gaspe. The light on the wharf entering the Basin has also been greatly improved this season.

First snow storm of the season to-day.

The sweetest word in our language is health. At the first indication of disease use well known and approved remedies. For dyspepsia or indigestion use Parson's Purgative Pills. For coughs, colds, sore or lame stomach, use Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 9.

Miss McPherson lectured to-night in the Mechanics' Hall before a large assembly on London Gutter Children, and the movement, of which she is the head, for their emigration to Canada.

The annual concert of the Prince of Wales Rifles to-night in St. Patrick's Hall is well attended, many leading citizens taking part.

The ship *Gleniffer*, which only arrived on Sunday, cleared to-day for Liverpool, being the rapidest discharge and loading on record.

Fogs prevail on the river, the Quebec steamer being detained many hours to-day.

Adelaide Vionnette, charged with burning a stable, was yesterday brought up on *habeas corpus*, and admitted to bail.

Appeals against the exorbitant assessment is just now the topic. To-day the Court decided that the Assessors had erred in assessing M. Delisle's property, and reduced it from fifty thousand to twenty nine thousand dollars.

The sky was illumined to-night with Northern Lights of extraordinary brilliancy. The Northern horizon resembled one immense conflagration, extending across the entire arch of the heavens. Hundreds of people were on the streets witnessing the spectacle.

The weather is cold and wet.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, N. S., Nov. 9.

The City Health Officer contradicts the statement that 28 deaths had occurred on board the steamship *Franklyn*, and says only nine occurred. She sailed with a clean bill of health hence yesterday.

The November term of the Supreme Court opened at Sydney, Judge Dodd presiding. The Grand Jury found a true bill for manslaughter against a man named Wayson.

The Supreme Court at Pictou closed on Wednesday. All the cases but one were disposed of.

The Norwegian ship *Nordhewitt*, which was stranded at North Cape, P. E. I., has been repaired at Pictou, and is ready for sea.

The schooner *Express*, from St. John bound to St. Margaret's Bay, was totally wrecked on Monday, near Lockport. Part of the cargo may be saved.

Messrs. Burnstead, Lotnes and Chipman were seriously injured by being thrown out of a waggon with which their horse ran away on Pleasant street last night.

Halifax has lately obtained an unpleasant notoriety in consequence of no provision being made for the reception and care of the dead bodies of suicides, strangers, &c. The City Fathers to-day have taken steps to erect a dead house for this purpose.

A fixed light, showing red seaward and white in the harbor, has been placed on Seaman's Head, Pugwash Harbor.

The Gas Company and the City Council cannot agree about the expense of the street lamps. The latter think the charges too great. An opposition Gas Company would be of great benefit to the citizens, and would pay well at much cheaper rates.

The Bank of Montreal has been for some time drawing all the gold out of the other banks and locking it so close that mercantile affairs begin to suffer seriously from the cessation of discount thus produced.

The *Chronicle* has a strong article on the subject, which is echoed by similar remarks in other papers.

The snow of yesterday is gradually disappearing. The fall was too small to make sleighing.

ST. JOHN.

ST. JOHN, N. B., Nov. 9.

The New Brunswick Government has accepted the proposition of E. R. Burpee and associates to build the River du Loup Railway. The road is to be narrow guage, and the Company is to receive a subsidy of 10,000 acres of land per mile. It is supposed operations will be commenced at Fredericton immediately.

Nearly all stores are closed to day Thanksgiving Day, but the day is not universally observed as a holiday.

PENETANGUISHENE.

PENETANGUISHENE, Nov. 9.

The christening of the ground and turning of the first sod at Mundy's Bay, on which the Midland Railway Company's station is to be built, took place with great *eclat* to-day. It is to be the northern terminus of the line. The place was called Midland City. Several distinguished gentlemen were present from Toronto, Montreal and New York, and other places.

LANARK.

LANARK, Nov. 9.

A man named James Fleming, aged 62, committed suicide here yesterday by hanging himself. Cause—intemperance.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—A swindler giving the name of Charles J. Whittington, 34 John street, New York, has been sending circulars to various parties here offering to supply them with perfectly executed counterfeit notes of the Bank of England at low rates. Several of these circulars have been handed to the London police magistrates, who have telegraphed the facts to the New York police. The *Times* exposes the facts in its city articles this morning. Doubtless, Whittington is one of the operators, who, in return for the money sent by his victims, forwards to them boxes of sawdust only.

The Lord Mayor's show, with its usual display and the procession to Westminster Hall passed off to-day to the entire satisfaction of the multitude, who thronged the streets and filled the windows of Fleet street and the Stand. The weather was exceptionally fine.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The festivities of the Lord Mayor's Day closed with the usual banquet given by the Lord Mayor, which was attended by a brilliant company of Ministers, Members of Parliament, Ambassadors, and other distinguished persons. Among the guests were Gladstone and several Members of the Cabinet, and Hon. Robt. C. Schenck. The toast "The Diplomatic Corps," which was fully represented at the banquet, was responded to by Schenck, who in the course of his remarks made a graceful and feeling allusion to the sympathy shown by England for the inhabitants of Chicago in their great calamity. His speech was loudly and significantly cheered. Gladstone replying to the toast "Her Majesty's Government," said he was thankful to be able to state that at the present moment England had actually no quarrel, fear, or controversy with foreign power anywhere on the wide surface of the globe. England's place in Europe was that of one among many sisters, inseparable from the European family, but he was glad that her peculiar position removed her from the risks of European dissension. Peace was never so certain as now. He believed that the sentiments of friendship and attachment which had been expressed by the Minister of the United States on the part of the American people for their brothers in Great Britain were universally felt in the breasts of both nations. When, said Gladstone with earnestness, the American Minister spoke of the relief of Chicago, the heart of this great hall answered him, America has been equally ready to pour out her treasure for our relief. (Prolonged cheering.) The Treaty of Washington, he continued, not only obviated future controversies, but it was an extension of that international code which was the most remarkable triumph of modern civilization, and might possibly inaugurate the peaceful arbitrament of all disputes among nations. The Premier concluded by declaring that England had little to fear from internal troubles and that the International Society, a source of so much apprehension to her neighbors, caused no uneasiness here.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 9.—A terrible explosion occurred to-day in a coal mine near St. Etienne, while gangs of men were at work. None of the men have yet been recovered alive. Twenty two bodies have been taken out and 30 miners are still in the pit, all of whom are supposed to be dead. The explosion was caused by fire damp.

In the General Council of Eure yesterday Minister Pouyer Quertier said that President Thiers, who had been opposed to making military service oolligatory, was beginning to yield before the necessity of such a measure to bring the army up to its proper standard of efficiency.

The General Councils of Departments throughout the country are considering the subject of compulsory education. Several have already adopted the system, many have declared in favor of it, and there is good reason to believe that they will eventually accept and carry it into practical operation.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 9.—Extensive strikes are announced as taking place at Elbing, an important port of Eastern Prussia, noted for its manufactures, especially its sugar refineries, woollen, and other factories, wherein steam power is extensively used.

SWITZERLAND.

ZURICH, Nov. 9.—The degree of Doctor of Medicine has been conferred upon Miss Dimock, an American lady, by the University of this city. She had completed her studies in the Medical School attached to the University.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 9.—A political league designed to combat the objects and plans of the International Society is in course of formation here. It includes in its programme opposition to the schemes of the Cuban insurrection.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

CHICAGO, Nov. 9.—Last evening as a locomotive on the North Western Railway was approaching Kinzie Street Bridge the tug *McLennan* collided with the bridge, swinging it partially open, and the locomotive was precipitated into the river. There were three persons on the locomotive. Wm. Lee, a clerk, went down with the locomotive, and his body has not been recovered. Edward Price, engineer, was rescued, but severely injured. The fireman escaped injury.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The *Tribune's* Washington special says that correspondents are busy with denials of the statement to the effect that Secretary Fisk's resignation was practically, if not formally, in the President's hands, and that his successor has been selected. It is possible that some one may have authorized, on some technical ground, a denial of this, but the fact remains substantially as stated.

The *World's* special says that President White, of Cornell University, is Fisk's successor, and that the announcement will be made in a few days.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 9.—A letter from Spartansburg, South Carolina says: Last Friday night a squad of cavalry rode out in the direction of Limestone Spring and returned with 11 Ku Klux prisoners.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Nov. 9.—Partial returns from 39 counties so far give Austin for Governor a majority of 55,500. The portions of the State to be heard from are Republican, and will swell the majority considerably.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Martin Frank, counterfeiter, has been pardoned by the President on the recommendation of Col. Whitley, who stated that Frank had been instrumental in bringing counterfeiters to justice.

CINCINNATI, O., Nov. 9.—A passenger train of the Cincinnati, Indianapolis and Junction Railroad, was thrown from the track by a cow east of Liberty, Ind., this afternoon, wrecking the engine, tender, baggage, passenger, cars, and Pullmans sleeping cars. Ten persons are reported seriously injured. The train was terribly wrecked, and it is surprising that no one was killed. No blame is attached to those in charge of the train.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 9.—The *Times* this morning has a leader on the election in New York. It rejoices on the defeat of Tammany, congratulates the electors on the result, and hopes an example will be made of men guilty of corrupt practices.

A boiler exploded yesterday on steamer *Genil*. Five men killed and nine injured.

The Chicago relief fund at the Mansion House now reaches a total of £47,600.

Ex Emperor Napoleon visited the Military Academy, at Chiselhurst, yesterday, and inspected the cadets.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—Arrived the steamers *Tybee* from St. Domingo *Atlantic, Java*, and *Missouri* from Europe.

A Louisville correspondent writes that the accident at the African Baptist Meeting House at Louisville, Ky., briefly reported by telegraph on Tuesday, was a frightful affair. Religious services were being held on the second floor of a two story frame house and a panic originated in consequence of the cracking of the flooring. The only means of egress were two narrow flights of stairs, and when the rush was at its height a cry of fire was raised. People were crazy with fear, and in the eagerness to escape they trampled upon women and children in the most inhuman way. Twelve persons were killed, six or seven seriously injured. About seventy-five others were slightly injured.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 9.—Thomas J. Caldwell, accused of committing rape was killed yesterday in Giles County, while endeavouring to escape from officers.

Marsh Rentrew, of Maurig County, was killed on Tuesday, in a difficulty with a Mr. Weeks. The latter was also mortally wounded.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 8.—Fifteen bags of English closed mail, received from the steamer *Russia* at New York, and intended for Chicago, reached this city to-night, overland. The postmaster will send it back to-morrow.

ST. PAUL, MINN., Nov. 9.—United States Commissioner Spencer has discharged the Fenian Generals O'Neil and Curley on the grounds that although the offence was clearly established, no proof was adduced that the expedition was organized in Minnesota.

DOMINION NOTES.

A large fire occurred in St. Catherine's on Sunday last, by which 19 valuable horses and a number of carriages were destroyed.

A grand celebration will take place on the 15th instant. The Harrisburg branch of the Great Western, the Grand Trunk workshops, and the Water Works are to be formally opened. It will be a day of general jollification.

All persons in Ontario who have lost trunks and valises lately, while travelling on the Grand Trunk Railway, would do well to communicate with the detectives in Toronto at once.

The name of Goldwin Smith has been mentioned of late in certain quarters in connection with the editorship of the Toronto *Telegraph*.

A physician in a Canadian town was called to prescribe for a patient the other day, and inadvertently struck at the root of the disease by knocking a decanter of Hennesey off the sideboard with his cane.

The Brighton *Ensign* says the Messrs. Osterhout are boring for oil about three miles from that village with a good show. For some time back, says the *Ensign*, especially in the Spring, oil has been discovered in different parts of Mr. Darius Simpson's farm, as well as on Mr. Caleb Simpson's, on the surface of the ground, floating on the water. Some parties who have faith in the show of oil are putting down a well, and it is said a party from the Pennsylvania oil region is willing to invest in the enterprise.

The Belleville *Ontario* learns that the Rev. Mr. Preston, formerly of Sterling, has received the appointment of the Cornwall Rectory, made vacant by the removal of the venerable Archdeacon Patton to Belleville.

Scarlet fever is again prevalent among children in Hamilton.

Anne Debay has been found guilty of biganiy in the Supreme Court of Halifax.

Two enormous wild cats have been shot in Ashfield township.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

George Francis Train has set himself up as a candidate for the Presidency. He commences his canvass by a most virulent attack upon President Grant. He said, in his speech at St. Joseph, Missouri, the other night, that Grant is the most gigantic sell ever played off upon an outraged people. He is an ignoramus. He thinks Lafayette came from Germany, and the Hessians from France; hence he sided with a rotten empire against a living republic. I never see the General that I don't feel like saying, "General, I've only five minutes; tell me all you know!" "You might as well try to light a wet squib as to get a popular cheer for the great dead beat, dead head bribe taker."

If Sir Sydney Waterlow will not withdraw his resignation, two citizens of London will be raised to the rank of Alderman. The first requisite for the office is an active liver. An Alderman may determine to be moderate in his eating and drinking, but he must needs gorge. If he does his duty, he has to eat about 200 public dinners in the year, and he must not refuse to take turtle and iced punch. Apart from the dining, the office is very pleasant. There is a profit incident to being one of the chiefs of the richest Corporation in the world. An Alderman is a magistrate, a deputy lieutenant, and his name is inscribed on the Old Bailey Commission. He can oblige his friends with invitations to wonderful feeds. He becomes Lord Mayor, and hobnobs with genuine Royalty and the highest aristocracy. In the eyes of benighted foreigners he is a greater personage than the Emperor of Russia. If he spends his money judiciously, and plays his cards well, he will be knighted, or, if he is lucky, made a baronet. We are not surprised that there is excitement in civic circles; but gentlemen with weak digestions should not seek for the vacant gowns.

New Orleans very kindly offers to relieve Chicago in the hour of woe by doing her business. She advises Chicago merchants to ship their cereals down the Mississippi. But New Orleans should remember that the St. Lawrence is a more desirable route, and our friends of Chicago are well aware of that fact.

A curious instance of the abuse of our boasted English liberty is to be seen in the family of "North Devon Savages," who live on their own freehold estate of thirty acres in Nymet Rowland, Devon. Their dwelling has no doors or windows in it, and there are several large apertures in the thatched roof, which must cause great discomfort to the occupants, especially to the young children—two babies having been recently born to the daughters of the old man and woman who are the heads of the family. Ten or eleven human beings dwell and sleep in this wretched hovel. Their living room—for there is only one in the barn—serves also for a dormitory for the whole. The "bed" is said to be a pit, covered with straw, and here all sleep.

Sir William Thomson's siphon recorder is the great telegraph novelty of the day. The reading of the signals is effected by means of a siphon of capillary glass tube, about two inches long, the shorter end of which dips into a dish of ink, while the larger hangs down, in front of a paper strip moved forward by clockwork. The miniature glass siphon is connected, by a very fine aluminium wire, with a coil suspended between the poles of an electro-magnet, and is moved backwards as it is deflected to the right or the left. To persuade a camel to get through the eye of a needle would, remarks the *English Mechanic*, under ordinary circumstances, not be a more difficult feat than to get ink through the capillary tube under ordinary pressure. But it is actually ejected in a tiny stream from the lower end of the siphon, by the simple and ingenious expedient of keeping the ink electrified to a high tension. It is a well known fact that, when any liquid is electrified, its particles repelling each other, it is enabled to flow through the finest orifice; and this fact, judiciously taken advantage of by Sir William Thomson, has enabled him to produce a frictionless pen point. The electrification of the ink in the reservoir is done by a rotating electrophorus or replenisher, kept in movement by an electro-magnetic machine.

Referring to the evacuation of France, the London *Times* says that "there will be general satisfaction in Europe that, at the last moment, the Emperor and Prince Bismark chose the more liberal policy." By the way, William will not be pleased to see Prince Bismark recognised as his co-partner; and possibly Bismark may be disposed to correct the *Times*, and utter *ego et imperator*. The liberal policy is not costly. Our contemporary says, "If the Prussians desired to re-occupy any part of the ground they had left, there would be no force which could efficiently oppose them. They lose little, therefore, by retiring." We hope France is grateful for the very cheap generosity of William and Bismark; but, in this case, if there is to be any sentiment of gratitude, the mouth of the gift horse must not be examined, so far from losing, Germany will gain by the evacuation. Her army of occupation being recalled, a greater number of German soldiers can be sent to their homes until the next call to arms.

The memoirs of Madame Pasta are about to appear. They have never been written until now. It is said that an English lady living on the Lake of Como, who had always been a great admirer of the mighty prima donna, had left in her will a handsome sum to Pasta's daughter, Madame Ferrante. This lady has just made over the sum as a free gift on condition of the "Memoirs" appearing at once. Strange to say, Pasta, although dead many years since, is not buried yet. Her coffin remains standing on tressels in the chapel, at Bellagio, and the nuns of the convent gather round it every Friday evening and sing hymns. Sometimes these faint, harmonious voices, stealing through the grating of the chapel, float over the lake and fill the soul of the stranger with the deepest awe. "*E'njente le monache di Pasta!*" is the answer of the boatmen to the inquiring gaze of the passenger.

There is only one territory of any size, and never has been but one, occupied by any considerable population, from which woman is absolutely excluded. Yet such a place exists to-day, and has existed for centuries. As far back as history reaches, to all females it has been forbidden ground. This Bachelor's Arcadia is situated on a bold plateau between the old peninsula of Acte, in the Grecian Archepelago, and the mainland. Here, in the midst of cultivated fields and extensive woodlands, dewell a monastic confederation of Greek Christians, with twenty three convents, and numbering more than seven thousand souls, and not one of the monasteries dates from a later time than the twelfth century. A few soldiers guard the borders of this anti female land, and no woman is allowed to cross the frontier.

Mr. Sydney Hall's sketches and articles in last week's *Graphic* are very clever and amusing. His page drawing, "Running the Gauntlet," where the old lady and gentleman are driving their pony carriage down a narrow lane, across which skirmishers are firing, is an actual scene from the late autumn manœuvres. The white feather of the lady is highly suggestive. The same artist has another capital page sketch, "We Pause for a Reply"—an Oxford scene, representing an unfortunate undergraduate undergoing examination in the schools, in the presence, not only of the dreadful examiners, but also of two equally dreadful, though lovely, young ladies. The poor wretch is on the verge of being plucked, although he wears a scholar's gown.

Garibaldi is preparing his memoirs to be published, it is said, after his death. An episode in these memoirs will be the Campaign of the Army of the Vosges.

The Oxford Churchmen's Union offers three prizes to members "On the History of the Reign of Queen Victoria," one of the conditions of which is "that the religious, social, political, and literary movements of the reign" must be included.

The late autumn manœuvres would seem to have given a fresh impetus to the sale of "The Battle of Dorking;" for that (as a historical) pamphlet has reached the sale of nearly 112,000 copies, exclusive of the copies printed in the seven editions of the magazine in which it first appeared.

The Emperor of Brazil has been, during his recent and lengthy stay at Carlsbad, a regular and most attentive listener to the performances of the band there; and, on his departure, he presented a magnificent diamond ring to the conductor as a mark of his esteem.

The *Birmingham Gazette* publishes the following statement in rectification of a paragraph which appeared in its columns a day or two since:—"We are requested to state it is untrue that no further proceedings are contemplated by Sir Charles Mordaunt. Lady Mordaunt having been discharged as sane some months since from the care of the medical men with whom she was placed, and being now with her father, Sir Thomas Moncreiffe."

SIR JOHN MACDONALD AND THE HIGH COMMISSION.

From the Washington Capital.

THE DAILY TIMES—not of London but of St. Catharines, Canada—has made a discovery. It announces that a recent article in the *Capital*, somewhat complimentary to Sir John A. Macdonald, and which was copied into the Canadian papers, "was written by a gentleman of leisure residing not twenty miles from St. Catharines," the aforesaid. Now we wish it to be understood that the articles in the *Capital* are nearly all written by statesmen and gentlemen of leisure residing near the leading cities of this continent and the old world. The confession, we are aware, is scarcely necessary, for the articles speak for themselves. None but statesmen and gentlemen *ould* write such articles as fill our columns. If it is not perhaps transgressing that rule of secrecy which governs well-regulated newspaper establishments, we might be tempted to point out the articles which have graced our editorial columns from the pens of such men as the Right Honorable Mr. Glads—e, the Right Honorable Benjamin Disrae—i, Count Bisma—k, President Thi—rs, &c. We fear that even in giving these faint initials we are verging on an impropriety, and we therefore desist. But we cannot plead guilty to the charge of the St. Catharines paper. No gentleman living in or near St. Catharines (by the way, what part of Canada is St. Catharines situated in?) has the honor of belonging to our editorial staff, already somewhat crowded with home and foreign celebrities, and therefore we are sorry to have to say the *Daily Times* has very naughtily drawn on its imagination for the facts.

But this does not prevent us from again asserting that Sir John A. Macdonald managed his very difficult *role* here as one of the Joint High Commissioners with infinite skill and ability in the interests of his people. Finding that England was determined to trade off Canadian interests for the purpose of securing an adjustment in her favor of the Alabama matter, the San Juan boundary, and the Claims Commission, he did the best he could for Canada, which was to leave all questions purely between the United States and the Provinces to the future action of the Canadian Parliament, unprejudiced by the provisions of the Treaty. The Canadian donkeys who can't appreciate the ability Sir John thus displayed might very naturally be expected to imagine that our paper is edited in Canada, and that Washington is a suburb of St. Catharines.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and checking the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken to season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—An extremely agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks.—By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. d1509 1y

PART OF THE SECRET.—Taraxacum (Dandelion) is slightly tonic, diuretic and aperient and is thought to have a specific action upon the liver, exciting it when anguid to secretion and resolving its chronic engorgement. The diseases to which it appears to be especially applicable are those connected with derangement of the hepatic apparatus and of the digestive organs generally. In congestion and chronic inflamation of the liver and spleen, in cases of suspended or deficient biliary secretion, and in dropsical affections dependent on obstruction of the abdominal viscera." *Vide U. S. Dispensatory.* The extract of Dandelion is one of the active properties of the Celebrated Shoshonees (Indian) Vegetable Restorative Pills. No wonder they are good

A case of chronic rheumatism of unusual severity, cured by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is noticed by one of our exchanges. A large bunch came out upon the breast of the sufferer, and appeared like part of the breast bone.

DIED.

In this city, on Thursday, the 9th instant, John Kilt, aged 62 years.

The funeral will take place from his late residence, Stewart street, at 3 p.m. on Sunday 12th instant. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

NOTICE.

All parties indebted to the firm of A T MILLAR & CO., Chelsea, are requested to call and settle the same at Moore's Tavern, Chelsea, on or before the 20th day of November. All accounts remaining unpaid after the above date will be sued for and costs added.

SIMON HANES, Agent.
November 10th, 1871 1817 1

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ¾ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to
DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817o6lawlm

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The Winter Course of Lectures under the auspices of the above Society will be opened on

SATURDAY EVENING, the 11th Instant,

by an Inaugural Address by the President, E. A. Meredith, Esq., LL. D.

The public are cordially invited to attend. Admission free.

GEORGE KENNEDY,
Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817 2

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has opened his Rooms next to Messrs. England and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

GREAT-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS,

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 29 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds, stoves, &c.

The sale of household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov 10, 1871 1817m1

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7.32 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12.50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1.30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1.40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3.25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7.25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8.15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10.00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1.50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4.35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1.30 p.m., 7.35 p.m. and 8.15 p.m.

LEAVE SAND POINT—5.30 a.m., 7.10 a.m. and 3.45 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same guage as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager
Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781

LOCAL NEWS.

Perth is talking about purchasing a steam fire engine.

POLICE COURT.—The business at the Police Court yesterday was nil.

A SMALL POX Hospital is to be erected at the foot of Cathcart Street, near Rideau River.

SPECIAL MEETING.—A special meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees will be held this evening.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

GOOD.—The Municipal Council of the Township of Gloucester has appropriated $400 as extra pay for the volunteers.

BETTER LATE THAN NEVER.—We believe we may calculate on seeing the crossing near the Russell House completed within three weeks.

OPENING.—The new dining room—a large addition to the accomodation of the Commercial—will be opened to night by Mr. Evans.

The weather yesterday was remarkably beautiful. According to our esteemed contemporary *Le Courrier* it was the first day of Indian summer.

SMALL POX.—Mr. Langrell, Chief of Police, having visited all the houses in Lower Town is preparing a report with respect to small pox.

ACCIDENT.—A man while employed about a threshing mill in Osgoode a few days ago got accidentally caught in the machinery, and had his leg broken. He was taken to the Hospital, Sandy Hill, yesterday.

Remnants of all wool Carpets, 80 cts per yard, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorran s.

MONTREAL, Toronto, Kingston, and Hamilton are enjoying the presence of excellent theatrical companies who deal out amusement to them nightly. It is over two months since a troupe visited Ottawa.

THE UPPER OTTAWA.—Many of the smaller lakes to the north are already frozen over. Considerable snow has fallen up the Ottawa, and we have been informed that it is about 14 inches deep in the woods about Lake Temiscamingue.

DRY.—There is great scarcety of water in Perth and the surrounding country just now. In most places the long spell of dry weather has caused the wells to give out, and great inconvenience is felt by both man and beast. If there is not copious rains before the hard frost sets in, it will not be pleasant.

FALSE RUMOR.—The rumor put in circulation, it is believed, by some malicious person, that one of Mr. McFarlane's (grocer, Gloucester street, Sandy Hill) children was ill of the small pox is utterly false and without foundation. The originators of such false and injurious rumors merit severe punishment.

Call and see the new and beautiful Millinery at Allan, McKinnons & Merrans'.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—E Neil, Burlington, Vt; J B Ross, Montreal; A E Cohen, do; W W Field, Perth; A R Shewan, Montreal; Mrs Kerr, Ogdensburg; W D Downey, Cornwall; J A Young, Montreal; R Bowie, do; S Keefer, Brockville; J S Allan, Toronto; Wm Anglin, Kingston; Mrs Frost, Smith's Falls; Mrs Frost, Chicago.

ENGRAVING.—We desire to call attention to Mr. Alex. Ramsey's advertisement in another column. He is lately out from the Old country and has opened office, over James Hope & Co's store, corner of Sparks and Elgin streets, where he is prepared to receive and execute all orders. He is a plain and ornamental engraver and holds a high place in his profession.

Go to Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's for Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Crumb Cloths, Plain and Fancy Repps, Lace Curtains, Curtain Poles and House Furnishings generally.

"Paying out Rations," a rare and valuable group, by the celebrated American sculptor "Rodgers." A large equestrian statue of "Antiope," two splendid figures of "History" and "Peace," and many other gems of art, will be sold by Mr. Bermingham, at his sale of statuary this evening. This is the largest and finest collection of the kind ever offered in this city, embracing upwards of 500 figures, and every lot must be sold without reserve. This sale is worthy of patronage.

THE AURORA BOREALIS LAST EVENING.—The grandest display of Northern Lights that has been witnessed for some years, we presume, was seen last night. The phenomenon to many, particularly to the ignorant, was an extraordinary one, and no doubt it did partake somewhat of the extraordinary. During a portion of the evening, from about six o'clock until seven, the whole northern horizon was lit up with a rich brilliancy, lurid streams very frequently shooting up to the zenith as though they were the reflections of mighty columns of flame swayed to and fro by the wind. The sight was a remarkable and very splendid one. Hundreds of people came out of their houses to see it, and many residing in Lower Town at first view exclaimed that the Parliament Buildings were on fire, which still some quarters under the terrible apprehension that half the globe was ablaze. From some it brought forth enthusiastic terms of admiration, while to others it was full of evil portent.

PROMENADE CONCERT.—The Promenade Concert of the Ottawa Brigade Garrison Artillery in the Music Hall last evening was a very successful affair. The programme of the evening was very good, and certainly it was executed on all sides with much zeal. We cannot say definitely what the number of couples in the Hall was but we may safely estimate it at one hundred. Full dress was not an inexorable rule, but nevertheless many gentleman in particular were so attired. At about half past eight o'clock the band opened the proceedings by playing a March, "Half Mast High," which they did in excellent style. After some other very fine selections, the more pleasant and enjoyable portion of the programme was reached, forthen we beheld gallant soldiers and, in fact, ladies whirling about in the maizy dance. It is needless to pen out a long comment about "tripping it on the light fantastic toe" &c.; suffice it to say that dancing was kept up with energy and *vim* until the hour was exhausted, when the dance was brought to a conclusion by the playing "God Save the Queen."

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	Provincial N. $ c	Dominion N. $ c	Total. $ c
Notes payable at Montreal	3,484,676 63	2,429,490 00	5,914,166 63
" " Toronto	763,807 50	1,614,577 00	2,372,384 50
" " Halifax	125,163 59	355,280 00	480,443 59
" " St. John	467,108 00	186,000 00	653,103 00
	4,840,755 72	4,585,347 00	9,426,102 72
Fractional Notes			449,724 75
Total circulation			9,875,827 47
Debentures held against circulation			6,400,000 00
Specie held at Montreal		1,626,276 46	3,475,827 47
" " Toronto		1,290,674 18	
" " Halifax		253,500 35	
" " St. John		150,000 00	
			3,320,450 99
Deficiency of Specie			155,376 48

JOHN LANGTON,
Auditor.

N. B.—The returns to October 31 were not received in time to be inserted in the *Gazette* of Saturday last.

Ottawa, November 6, 1871. 1814 5

Continued from First Page.

The original motion was then carried on the following division:

Yeas — Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, and Taillon.

Nays—O'Connor, Bangs, Kehoe, Heney, and Woodburn.

Ald. Featherston introduced a By-Law to raise by way of loan or debentures the sum of fifty thousand dollars for the construction of Bridges.

10. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the By-Law to build Bridges and to repair the Sappers' Bridge be now read a second time. Carried.

11. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Heney, that the By-Law to issue Debentures in the building of Bridges and repairing of the Sappers' Bridge be now read a third time and passed suspending any rule or rules of this Council to the contrary. Carried.

12. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the Finance Committee be instructed to direct the City Solicitor to prepare the Debentures mentioned by the By Law just read, and also to inquire at what price said Debentures can be sold. Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

APPENDIX.

CITY ENGINEER'S OFFICE, CITY HALL,
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1871.

His Worship the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN,—The amount of expenditure for the month of October has been as follows:

Ottawa Ward	273 70
By "	150 00
St. George's Ward	509 77½
Wellington "	508 77½
Victoria "	128 02½
Repairs	73 02½
Drawing plank	72 00
Superintendent	114 40
Total	1,829 70

No. of days workmen, 1,057½.
" work horses, 406½.

I have to request the attention of the Council, to trespasses on Corporation property in the removal of sand, gravel and other material off the streets and squares, and hope measures will be taken to stop the evil, as the cost of the material will be a heavy item in the event of what is now the property of the city being destroyed for private advantage. And also that measures be taken to assert the city claim to property encroached on by individuals.

All which is respectfully submitted,

G. H. PERLEY, C. E.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA in children, whether it arises from teething or from any other cause. Full direction for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers. 25 cents a bottle. Office, 15 Dutton Street, New York, and 493 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP, Having the *fac simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD, and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections. Hence the importance of immediately procuring BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which act like a charm on the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat and will render articulation easy. Being an article of merit, and having proved their efficacy by years of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," is spelled, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes and *fac-simile* of the proprietors, JOHN I. BROWN & SON, on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evils the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

Husband (returned from the village:—Mary, well my dear; I have just returned from town and brought with me your entire list. Tea, Coffee, Sugar, Calico and in short waggon full of—

Wife (hastily) — And forgot the PAIN-KILLER?

Husband:—Oh! no; couldn't forget that; it's the most prominent object in every store in town; and besides, the fences and stones and buildings all have "PAIN-KILLER" painted or pasted on them to remind one of it every minute. The store-keeper says that the PAIN-KILLER should be in every house and where one can put their hand on it in the dark if need be.

Wife:—It must be valuable, else the Parson's wife wouldn't praise it to the skies as she does.

(*To be Continued*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X XX, XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871. 18 5tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET.

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McABE, of about Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands. We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871.

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Heney, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOUNTAIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Finnand & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

WANTED,

From now to the 1st of May next a FURNISHED HOUSE, either within, or not far from, the city limits. Address MR RICE, Russell House. 1811 10

SALESMAN WANTED

At the Regent House. Must speak French and English. Apply to

SINCLAIR, STITT & Co.,
Sparks street.

Ottawa Oct. 31, 1871 1807 tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1700-6m Proprietor.

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department

There purchaser having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, McKINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle. Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. On bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cured bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of a little girl standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

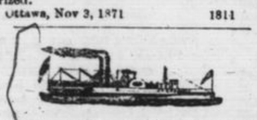
Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J. Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is compared of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 President. 1804 tf

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.
Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1789 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct 23 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Bawlock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m same days.

A connection is made with the Brockvill, and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1:30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 President. 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1871.

L. A. GRISOW,

TIMES Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times*.
" " *Evening Mail*.
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais*.
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole*.
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C. R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 Agent. 1792 y

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.
Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE.

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU W

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

ND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

	Stg		Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year	£1,282,222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums reassured)	£ 110,417 16 3
Being reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0	Norn—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimates, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, out not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 10	Surrenders	7,919 14 4
	£1,282,222 3 2	Annuities	12,232 17 3
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,929 12 9	Commission	9,922 7 6
Considération for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9	Expenses of Management and all other charges	20,980 7 9
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax)	54,725 10 9	Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
	306,715 0 3	Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	36,804 18 9
	£1,588,937 3 5	Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
		Total	£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up £	75 000 0 0	Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom £	500 888 15
Assurance Fund	1,201 911 9 2	Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5	Loans on the Association's Policies (within value).	175,916 19
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2	In British Government Securities	1,235 15 3
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6	Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14
	£1434,090 17 3	Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	239,567 17 8
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27 652 2 4
		House Property	109,159 13 9
		Annuities purchased	25,497 17 4
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	46,535 2 9
		Loans on Personal Security	5,879 10 9
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,575 10 0
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46 491 6 9
		Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
		Agents' Balances	50,338 8 8
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 2
		Outstanding Interest	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,967 1 2
		CASH— On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 5; On Current Bank Account 21,179 15 9; In hand 127 3 9	77,862 6 11
			£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20 ts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual;

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL $10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.'

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under its
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRIDGE & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 2670tf

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa,

PARCEL I.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel M. Leod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty-eight, thence westerly along the said south in limit or side line of the said Lot twenty-eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said lot twenty-eight sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty-eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty-eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty-eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.
Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1866 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment," and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

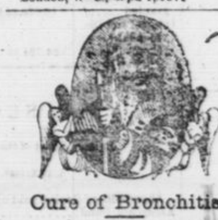
I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very liberally any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying pulious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY
553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m



Cure of Bronchitis.

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

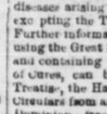
That the GREAT SHOSHONEE REMEDY and PILLS of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSE HUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching cleansive in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles $1 00
Pills per Box 25



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1697tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, which by it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M D, F R C P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart. M D, F. R S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M R C S
SIDNEY RANALD MARTIN F R C S"

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derange ment of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sleeplish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES

B CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
H CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 20s and 40s
S COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c. 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vitalenergy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher v. Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

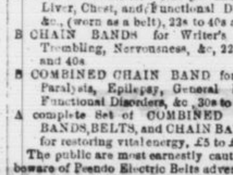
(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W. Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.



Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

FOR ONE READING,

O TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	OFFICE OPEN A.M.	OFFICE OPEN A.M.	OFFICE OPEN P.M.
.....	1 00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	10 00	.....	4.20
.....	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10 00	.....	7.30
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	7.30
9 00	12 00	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9.00	12 00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9 00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	.....	.....	4.20
9 30	.....	4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1 30
9 30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Pieces on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	.....	.....	1 30
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
3:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	7 00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9.30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 3 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 noon, to which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Oct. 30 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

PURVEYORS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT.

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2.00 acres free under Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

W. S. FOSTER & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

TEAS AND WINES.

A HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Manoc, Oct 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a close glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
Curé of St. Johns Church,
Maloc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the city. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI.

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871.

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES ..... $ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED 130
FANNING MILLS 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept 14, 1871 35w

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICH,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings. Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, "TOVER" Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices. Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

REV. A. HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr. Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N. B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1706tf

Medical.

MESS. GABRIELS'

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS

FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING

THE TEETH & GUMS

AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE

BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS.

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS. GABRIEL.

DENTISTS

LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — COBALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial Teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box.

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD.

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Two Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which may not prove satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL

No. 24 Rideau street.

All around ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Moley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Oils, Paints, Glass, Putty &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

DR. ROBERTS

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, red and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 268y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43m

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 41m JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TALLON

V. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 396tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to

The Times

VOL. V NO 1818. OTTAWA, SATURDAY NOVEMBER 11, 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five tears.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, C. E.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.,

Have Receiv

SIX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
3 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Fine, Cotton Hosier
Dark Prints,
Extra Over Bottoms,
1 " Fortnes (express
1 case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Belts
1 " Trimmed Hats
1 " Harcourt's Yarn
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Heavings,
1 Case Linen Drill

CANADIAN GOO

1 Case Tacks a Twe
" Union Twe
1 & 3 Cloth,
Whitby
9 " H. & E.'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " Twilled Sheetings
3 " " " Ticks,

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1871

OTTAWA AND NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4:30 p m, arriving at L'Original at 10 p.m

R W SHEPHERD,

N. B—as the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no Boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s, and 22s. each; and his

PILULE ANTI-SCROFULE OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

HATS HATS,

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything first class. ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HANNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Sideast Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mellow

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Dry and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

DUTCH WHISKIES—

Fine Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex Street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844.
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion
J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.
Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871. 181

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism. Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

"After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau
Montreal, Oct 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct, 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 10, 1871 1800y.

OAKEY'S
SILVERSMITHS SOAP
NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEYS
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTORY
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER, &c.
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD WORKS
172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON

MONTREAL OCEAN
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lech Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN	Saturday,	7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN	"	14th "	"
HIBERNIAN	"	21st "	"
MORAVIAN	"	28th "	"
SARMATIAN	"	4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ..... $70 to $80
Steerage $35

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	12th	Oct.
OTTAWA "	19th	"
ST. DAVID "	26th	"
ST. ANDREW "	2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin $67 25
Intermediate ..... $47 or 44 00
Steerage 28 00

AN experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, Sparks-street

Ottawa, May 6, 1871

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY	D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES	J James, do.
NIGER	W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN	G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 in second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th, 1871.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely: James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tin Pot, Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal.

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Ballifi, *Agent,*
Times Office, Ottawa.

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1792 1y

A SOLITARY ADVENTURE.

A bell, a guard's whistle, and an engine shriek! Hurrah we start again. I am saved—saved—saved! I feel desperately faint, but in time I recover.

Saved, indeed! Poor wretch! I little knew what was in store for me. Slowly and deliberately, I dressed myself in my ex-friend's clothes. Unaccustomed to be decked in gorgeous array, I began, with half-collected senses, to think what a figure I looked.

"Hallo! what's that? What is the train stopping again for so soon?"

I was well acquainted with the line, and knew the express ought not to stop at the next station. Some accident, I thought.

"Tickets, tickets all ready here."

What on earth is the meaning of all this? I drew out my friend's ticket. His is only to F——. I am going to London. Never mind, it is of no consequence, I can pay the difference. Ah, but then I have no purse. *N'importe*, I can draw a cheque at Paddington and, wait till it is cashed.

The door was opened, and I beheld the guard, station master, and two policemen.

"All right," said one of the latter to the station master, "this is our man; directly he is out of the carriage the train may go."

"All *wrong*," said I. "You have made a mistake—I have no intention of getting out here. I am going on to town."

I never saw a policeman on duty laugh before; but over the stern, hirsute face of W. C.—which stands for Wilts Constabulary—No. 1172, there passed something like a grim smile as he replied—

"It is of no use, my man—you must come out at once; you are fairly caught. If you obey us, and accompany us quietly, we will give you no unnecessary pain; but if you hesitate or resist for one moment, we shall at once put on these."

As he spoke, he got on the step of the carriage, and held up before my bewildered gaze a pair of handcuffs which rattled most ominously. Good gracious! what could be the joke in all this? Mechanically, I did what I suppose others would have done. I got out of the carriage. The train moved on. I assumed stern indignation, though ill at ease,

"Now, then," said I, "what the dickens do you mean by all this?"

"Come, come, my man, your swagger won't do with us. You must come along," was the answer of my guardians.

"But what am I charged with? What do you want me for?"

"Well, that is a good joke, and you are a cool hand," replied W. C. 1172. "But now, business is business, my man. We are bound to take you up, and you are bound to come with us, quietly if you will, if not—" Here he again held up the handcuffs. "You are charged with forging a cheque for £970 on the Sandstone Bank; and with half-killing, if not actually murdering, P. C. Smith, of the Somersetshire force. We are going to take you to the lock-up; and to-morrow you will have to appear before the magistrates. I am obliged to caution you that you need not say anything; and that if you do say anything to commit yourself, it will be brought up as evidence against you."

Good Heaven, And so I am a forger and a murderer.

"Well—but, said I, "these are not my own clothes. A gentleman in the carriage changed clothes with me; or rather, he left me alone—ahem!—naked; and I put on his clothes, and then you came, and—and—Confound it, you don't think I am he?"

"Oh, no," said W. C. 1172, "you aint him—not a bit of it, you are yourself. Well, you must think us green, to try and palm that off on us."

And immediately there arose a subdued official chuckle.

Ere long it came to pass that I was obliged quietly to accompany my captors to the police station. Mr. Inspector booked the charge, whereby it seemed that I was really a forger and all-but murderer. It was quite in vain that I protested and vowed that I was not the forging murderer in question, but Edward Brownsmith, of Sunny Villa, near Sandstone. I was cut short in my protestations with—

"You must prove that before the magistrates to-morrow if you can. But first I was searched; and on me, to my disgust, were found a ticket to F——, not to London, where I had said I was going, and a clasp knife slightly stained with blood.

"No use denying it, my man. We have got you, and shall not let you escape?"

I felt half distracted by the position I was placed in.

"Please, Mr. Inspector, may I telegraph to my wife?"

The Inspector was a naturally kind man; and, probably, a momentary dream of my possible innocence flitted across his official mind.

"Well, I hardly know," he said. "However, write down the telegram, and let me see it. I suppose, too, you will want me to lend you a shilling?"

Quickly I wrote—

"From Edward Brownsmith, Police Station G., North Wilts, to Augusta Brownsmith, Sunny Villa, Sandstone.

"DEAREST—I am taken up wrongly on suspicion. Come at once. Bring vicar of parish to prove my indentity."

In an hour's time, a grim policeman handed me the following telegram in reply—

"EDWARD—I am not so easily taken in by your dodge. Come home; take me to seaside; then all forgiven."

Now, I never before, in my recollection, swore at man or woman; but I am afraid that then my mouth did form what I suppose the sapient concoctors of the new Public School Latin Primer" would term a monosyllabic dental word, terminating with the stem N; and they would further describe it as a transitive verb. Thank goodness, my wife cannot understand all that!

Depict the utter wretchedness of that night! I spent locked up in my cell! Before post—but subject to police inspection, and I believe, also police copy—I wrote a most humble imploring letter to my wife. Goodness knows what amount of dirt I eat in that epistle. Next morning about twelve o'clock, I was had up before the magistrates. Everything that you already know was brought up against me; and, moreover, it was sworn that Jabez Gough, dressed as I was, and left Sandstone station dressed in the very clothes I had on had a knife and ticket such as were found on me. My telegram and its answer were brought forward as condemning evidence. It was stated that the reply was supposed to be from an accomplice, and in cipher; and a remand was asked for. I was remanded. One or two of the magistrates seemed slightly to hesitate; but, really, my slangy dress, my worn and harrassed appearance, and circumstances in general, were so much against me that I was not surprised at what happened. Before that court was up, I was again put in the dock before the Bench. To my glad surprise, I saw, about to come into the witness box, my wife, the clergyman of my parish, and two Somersetshire magistrates, one of whom, as afterwards appeared, was known to some members of the North Wilts bench at G——. Quickly it was proved to the semi-omniscient eye of all searching, unpaid justice that I was what I am, and not the notorious forging malefactor, Jabez Gough, who had so many other aliases that I dare not attempt to pick out his real name.

The meeting with his wife and friends, the respectful but not all servile apology of the policemen, my late guardians, the dinner with some of the magistrates who had sat in judgment on me, the journey home next day, the unceasing banter which I everywhere encountered, and the *awful* curtain lectures of my wife, I pass over, and leave to the imagination of my readers; though to me they were stern realities. All I can say is, that if there are many wives who possess the twenty-Candle-horse—I beg pardon, the twenty-Candle-mare power—that Mrs. Brownsmith is gifted with, I am surprised that there are not more suicides per annum that the Registrar General would have us believe.

Of course, I had to take Mrs. B. to the seaside. She put on the inexpressibles there, and has worn them ever since—to the great misfortune of her hen-pecked husband. I hear her gentle voice calling me to roll the grass plot. It's hard work, but—

"Coming, my D-e-a-r, C-o-m ing.

NOTES OF THE DAY.

Preparations for Christmas are going on at the various theatres. The old British legend of "King Arthur" will be treated at Drury Lane, and the Covent Garden will repeat the subject of "Blue Beard."

The Queen still suffers, though in a lesser degree, from the recurrence of the rheumatic attacks, so that, although Her Majesty has for some time driven out daily, she has not recovered sufficiently to join the family circle at meals.

Last week there were 115,388 paupers in the metropolis, of whom 81,883 were receiving out-door relief, and 33,505 were inmates of workhouses. This was a decrease of 14,518 compared with the corresponding period of last year.

Apropos of the question of international copyright. Mr. Henry Kingsley wrote to the *Echo*, as follows:—Mr. Longfellow, in the preface to the volume of poems entitled "Miles Standish," says that to prevent the shameful piracy of American books by English publishers, he had got an English poet to write part of the book, and so, secure copyright in England. Had Mr. Tennyson ever resorted to a similar 'cute ruse?

Dr. Gray, an eminent Oxford physician, has just been writing on the popular subject of smoking, the moderate use of which he approves of. "To quiet nervous unrest, to soothe a ruffled temper, to favour calm and impartial thought, to steady and clear (not to cloud) a confused, overworked brain, to counteract the effects of physical exhaustion"—these, he says, are just the things which tobacco does; and, if it can effect these ends safely and pleasantly, who shall deny it a place among God's good gifts to men?

Mr. William R. Forwood, professor of the Liverpool Chamber of Commerce, has received from Mr. H. Rivett-Carnac, cotton commissioner, the following copy of a telegram to the Secretary to the Governor of India, under date Sept. 28: "Prospects of cotton crop in Western and Central India continue favorable. Rain during fortnight has brought plants forward. In Ganges Valley excessive rain has caused considerable damage, and fine weather is much wanted."

A medical officer of the English army believes that the Asiatic cholera is generated by the monster Hindoo religious gatherings on the banks of the Ganges, cites some significant facts in support of his theory. In the winter of 1866-7, he says, a very strongly accentuated cholera broke out within forty-eight hours of the gathering of an assemblage of this nature, and severe epidemics usually follow them. These ceremonies sometimes bring 300,000 Hindoos together, and the India Government is accused of a want of moral courage in not taking steps to prevent their continuance,

The *Lancet* calls attention to the enormous manufacture of the new sedative drug, chloral. It states that it is sold by tons a week, and quotes a letter from Baron Liebig, affirming that one German chemist manufactures and sells half a ton every week. Of course, no such quantity is used in medicine, and the *Lancet* seems half afraid that it gets into beer; but there is a simpler explanation, as it will find on enquiry. Taking chloral is a new and popular vice, particularly among women, and is doing at least as much harm as alcohol. The drug is kept in thousands of dressing cases, and those who begin its use often grow so addicted to it that they pass their lives in a sort of contented stupefaction. Chloral drunkenness will soon be an admitted variety of the species.

The *Morning Post* (Oct. 14) thinks that too much praise cannot be accorded to President Grant for the promptitude with which he has acted against the Fenians, and the success the precautions which have been take by his Government to prevent the neutrality of the United States being violated by being made the base of operations against the neighbouring Power. Another body of Fenians is reported to have entered Canada at a different point, and if such be the case (the *Post* says) we trust they will penetrate far enough to render retreat impossible. O'Neil and such of his followers can only be dealt with by the American Government for violation of the neutrality laws; but such as fall into the hands of the Canadians will find themselves in a more perilous position. We should be the last to advocate unnecessary harshness, but we really do think that if a few of these freebooters were hanged it would have the effect of preventing a repetition of these senseless attempts to carry war into the Dominion.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton street, New York, and 93 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Auction Sale of Farm Stock, &c.—I B Tackaberry.

Situation as Porter Wanted—D. C.

The Ottawa Times.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 11, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Our contemporary the *Citizen*, accuses us of impertinence because we ventured to enquire who was their clever Quebec correspondent who telegraphed an account of events before they occurred. He shows so much bad temper about the matter that, sorely against our will, we are constrained to believe that the report of the Langevin dinner published by the *Citizen* although said to be "by telegraph" never came over the wires at all. Lectures on journalistic morality certainly do not come with a good grace from a paper which has been guilty of playing such a trick.

PISCATORIAL.

The following is a detailed statement of the number and kind of fish taken during the late season in the Ottawa by the "Lowe Farmer."

Pickerel	625
Bass	291
Pike	21
Perch	*269
Eels	6
Miscellaneous	22
Total	1,234

The above account does not comprise small fry, suckers, catfish or white fish. Of the largest fish taken a pickerel weighed 9¼ lbs., black bass 3½, Oswego bass 1½, Eel 5, Pike 4, Perch 1½, 2 catfish one 15 lbs, the other 8 lbs. The miscellaneous take includes Maskinonge and Sturgeon, small Shad, &c. All taken within a mile of the Queen's wharf.

REGULATION OF THE WATERS OF THE OTTAWA.

In our issue of the 25th ult., we published an article on the above subject, briefly hinting at the great necessity that existed for the immediate improvement of the Ottawa with a view to facilitating navigation, and generally benefitting the lumbering and milling interests. Since then we have heard the opinion of several gentlemen, lumber merchants, expressed as to the practicability and undoubted merit of the plan which we sketched, for the regulation of the waters of the Ottawa.

We look upon the matter as one of great importance, not alone to persons who have extensive interests much dependant upon the improvement of our Grand River; not alone of vital importance to the people or capitalists of Ottawa or the Ottawa Valley, but we believe it is a matter of equal moment to Montreal and its merchants and Quebec and its merchants. And we believe the trade of the Ottawa Valley has assumed proportions too large and too important to tolerate any longer the existence of any obstacles to impede its flow through the channel designed for it by nature. The Ottawa Valley has beyond doubt entered into an era of rapid progress and prosperity; from every quarter capitalists are coming in, and wherever water power is available on the Ottawa river, or any of its tributaries, mills and manufactories are being or have been built, and throughout the length and breadth of this fertile section unusual enterprise seems general. The local papers tells us that the enterprise and advancement is extraordinary, and here in Ottawa what do we see? On every side are symptoms of success. Capitalists realize that money invested in any enterprise in this section of country is well invested. The construction of a half dozen of distinct Railroad lines is being agitated, and where are they to pass? Not by Toronto, Kingston or Quebec, but through the Capital of the Dominion. This section of country really seems to possess almost an unparaleled attraction for capitalists. But we must afford enterprize room, facilities and accommodation, else it will stagnate. Though, we do not pretend to circumscribe the export traffic to the products of the forests, yet we must acknowledge that lumber forms the staple trade of the Ottawa Valley. It employs an immense amount of labor, supports a large number of hardy people and contributes a large quota to the Government Exchequer, and therefore, we consider it deserving of a certain amount of consideration.

We believe the execution of the plan for the regulation of the waters of the Ottawa should be a public work. It would be unjust to allow circumstances to force our lumbermen to undertake and accomplish a work which, while it would undoubtedly confer great benefits on them would also benefit milling and manufacturing along the Ottawa, improve navigation and generally benefit the trade of the river. It would afford the lumbermen facilities to get his timber to market at a reduction of cost and time. The dealer in lumber at Quebec, could consequently have his purchases shipped at an earlier day to the European market, uninterrupted navigation would make transport by water certain and quick, benefiting merchants of Montreal and Ottawa and therefore the general public would indirectly profit; while the keeping back of an immense volume of the Spring freshets would prevent annual destruction of thousands of dollars worth of property.

The lake Temiscamingue is an immense reservoir prepared for this purpose, as it would almost seem by the hand of nature itself. If at a comparatively small expense it can be utilized for the general good as we believe it can be, no time should be lost by those most interested in the matter before taking steps with this end in view.

THE QUEBEC DINNER.

The dinner given to the Hon. Mr. Langevin by the citizens of Quebec, was intended alike to mark their respect and esteem for the honorable gentleman himself, and also for the Government of which he is a member. It was also intended more especially as a recognition of the energy and devotion to the public service which had induced Mr. Langevin not only to visit, but to explore the newly acquired Province of British Columbia, travelling a distance of upwards of 15,000 miles during the time of his absence from the Capital. We are not surprised to hear that the attendance at the banquet was exceedingly large or that the Minister of Public Works met with a most enthusiastic reception. Energy and industry are two qualities which are almost sure to be recognised and appreciated in Canada, and Mr. Langevin, ever since he has been a member of the Government, has given ample proof that he is possessed of both.

Among those who were present, we find that the English commercial classes of Quebec were well represented, a fact not to be wondered at, when we remember how large a number of them signed the requisition to Mr. Langevin a few months since, thereby testifying their approbation of the political course which he has pursued. We congratulate the citizens of Quebec, French as well as English upon the success of the banquet, and we congratulate Mr. Langevin and the Government upon the marks of favour which they have received from the citizens of Quebec.

We notice that in the course of his speech the honourable gentleman alluded at some length to the position which the Government occupied last session with regard to the admission of British Columbia and the construction of the Pacific Railway. Although the people of Quebec are less interested in this matter than we of Ontario are, they are not slow to perceive how wise and patriotic was the line of policy adopted by the Government who, rather than yield to the wishes of the Opposition and risk the loss of the Pacific Colony, preferred to risk their own position and to stand or fall on this question. Mr. Langevin during his visit to British Columbia has had opportunities of seeing what a valuable territory we have thereby acquired, and, let the opponents of the Government say what they will, we may rely upon it that the people of this country, no matter whether they live in Quebec or Ontario, will have confidence in those who carried into effect that great measure of Union against the will, and in spite of the efforts of the Opposition.

WINTER EVENINGS.

A few days ago we published the letter of a correspondent who, in effect, very sensibly observed that public readings need not be abandoned in the future because they had somewhat degenerated in the past. The "drear season" in Canada is undeniably long, and in Ottawa, at least, it is objected to as unquestionably "slow." It is true that we possess the advantages of the capital, but it is true that we rarely feel the sunshine of the court's "Home life" for Ottawa and "Home rule" for Ireland are the questions that we seem to be called upon to study, while "Home, sweet Home" is about the only air that we can either feel, or appropriately sing. It is true that there may be but little melody in our midst, but that again may be ascribed to the fact that there is no mirth in our experience. We have lighted on the reign of dullness, and the influence of dullness seems to pervade our society like a fog. There are but few social gatherings, and scientific ones are but little appreciated. There is no theatre; this however is scarcely a matter of regret, for in the absence of a good theatre it is better to have none. Neither is there a Music Hall worthy of the name. Though in the absence of a worthier one, it is as well to be grateful for what we have and turn it to the best uses we can. One of such uses is the Promenade Concert, and we trust that the gossips are correctly informed who tell us that a series of such concerts by the Volunteer Artillery, under the command of Major Ross, may be looked for during the approaching winter. We don't know in what state of animation the Philharmonic Society may be said to be. Should it be one of chrysalis we trust it will lose little time in displaying the wings of a butterfly and warbling the notes of a bird. What have we besides? Our correspondent mentioned the Young Men's Christian Association. This association is not without its uses and doubtless will attract many. It furnishes at stated intervals and at little or no cost, a mild kind of *eau sucre* entertainment for such as can relish such fare.

There are we are informed Wednesday readings at New Edinburgh, and we are glad to hear them spoken of in terms of appreciation. We have heard nothing as yet of readings in Centre Town. All that has reached us is that the gentlemen who had charge of Gowan's Hall readings complain that they had to deal with so many annoyances during the last season, that they hesitate again to subject themselves to a repetition of such annoyances.

We are glad, however to learn that the mantle of discouragement does not rest equally on all. A few gentlemen, residents in different parts of the city, have formed themselves into a Committee with a view to organize a series of half a dozen readings to be held on the like number of evenings in the course of the coming winter. They are to be known as the "St. Alban's Monthly Readings," and they will be given on the third Tuesday evening of each month, commencing with Tuesday the 22nd instant. As the date last mentioned is the eve of St. Cecilia's day, a day sacred to music and song, there should be, and we believe there will be attractions, if not sufficient to gratify at least to appease the soul of harmony, as represented in this city by some of the faithful and enthusiastic votaries of St. Cecilia.

We are glad to learn that the promoters of the St. Alban's Monthly Readings have resolved that the passages selected for reading shall be chosen from what we may call the English classic authors. In this way the subjects will be thoughtfully determined on, and, it is to be hoped, critically studied. Instruction and amusement, force and pathos, Anglo-Saxon vigour, and Anglo-Celtic humor may be harmonized and combined. Moreover, such combinations should, and doubtless will be perfected without contact with uncomfortable or equivocal surprises—surprises which provoke regrets, even while they excite laughter.

We hear that arrangements will be made for the issue of season tickets, at exceedingly moderate rates, but in this matter, as well as on subjects akin to it, the public will be more fully informed anon.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

The great and irrepressible Zadkiel is at his work of prophecying once more. In his almanac for 1872 he says that during the month of March next the German Emperor will not do so much harm as he might in consequence of Aries squaring Jupiter, which is a satisfactory piece of information as far as it goes. "The old gentleman," writes the Seer, "will be more pacific than in 1870, when he was in close conjuction with the Sun, and stirred him up to deeds of blood at which history shall yet blush. In April we have to apprehend troubles from Ireland; but any one might have prophesied that. Passing over a gulf of the future, we hearken to the voice of the stars for November, and observe that in that particular month the Prince of the Wales will not be in as high favor with the clergy as he has hitherto been. He is also advised to look after his purse strings.

But it is upon the Emperor Napoleon that Zadkiel spends most of his erudition and attention. He claims to have predicted in 1852 the downfall of the Bonapartes. He exhibits the Emperor's nativity, and proves plainly enough that the loss of the throne of France was owing to Saturn in an evil hour having squared Napoleon's Moon. From that moment Napoleon was a doomed man.

Eight hundred steady and industrious working men now occupy the houses erected in London by George Peabody.

An English clergyman advertises in the column of a contemporary for a partner in life, who however must, like Mr. Pecksniff's first wife, "own a small property." Here is the advertisement:

Dwelling on the romantic banks of the River Dart, and within easy access to the sublime heights of Dartmoor, a professional clergy man feels the solitude of a wifeless life, and seeks the sympathy and aid of a lady who is willing to take his name and the better half of his home, and the whole of his heart. He is in stature and comeliness a proper man to make an offer of marriage. He is not young, but he is certainly not old, and the elasticity of his spirits would justify the assertion that he is likely to hold time at arm's length for many a year to come. Any lady who possesses in her own right a moderate independence, and who may be disposed to enter into correspondence with the advertiser, would find that she was treating with a gentleman of honor. He hopes that no lady who has not a serious intention to embrace a good offer, and who could not at the same time bring a reasonable fortune, will answer this advertisement.

A writer in the *Saturday Review* argues that inasmuch as science has within the past few years revealed many phenomena previously regarded as incredible, why should not spiritualism be true? In other words, why should spiritualism be deemed less worthy of belief that electric telegraphy and the power of steam. There are several things connected with spiritualism so called, however, which lead us to doubt. In the first place all its phenomena take place in darkened rooms, and operate in the most capricious manner. Let spiritualism accomplish something besides moving chairs and tables, and perform half as wonderful feats as the telegraph, and the people will begin to have some faith in it.

A Pennsylvania paper gives a strange account of a visit to a nomadic family living near Pittston. The family consists of the father, daughter and one son.

A rude hut, not a mouthful in it to eat, nothing to cook with or eat from, no beds, chair nor stools—the old man was found digging a hole in the ground to get into to keep warm; himself only half clad, his daughter—twenty three years of age, a well formed young woman—entirely naked, not a stich on to hide her shame; the boy half starved and emaciated to death's door; and what makes the matter more inexplicable the father described as a man of extraordinary mental attributes, in reality a walking Biblical cyclopædia, being enabled to refer, with promptness, to any text in the Testament, and recite the major portion of the Bible without hesitation or prompting. This man's name is Wells Parkes. The girl's name is Melvina, and the boy's Billy. When the party arrived on the scene, the girl was on the hillside, among the thistles, picking from them the soft down.

Some revelations concerning the atrocities committed upon prisoners in the Indiana State Prison have lately been made. A poor old one legged soldier who had been imprisoned for a trifling offence, was one of the victims. One morning he complained that he could not work, but was forced to hobble on to his shop as well as he could. Then the following conversation took place between him and his guard:

"Well, sir, didn't make it, eh?" Meaning that he had failed to be excused by the doctor. "Get out of that, now, and go to your work."

"I am sick, and my leg is sore and bleeding. I can't work."

"Can't you? Doctor sent you to the shop and you must work. Get out of that, now, or I'll take you to the office and have you skinned all over."

This was a favorite threat among the guards at that time.

The old man crawled out of the straw and worked for an hour or so, when he accosted the guard in despair:

"I cannot stand," said he; "for God's sake, just let me lie down on the floor; perhaps I will get better."

"No, sir; keep at work. You can't play off on me!"

He worked for a few moments more, and sank down completely exhausted, when his shopmates lifted him over on the straw again. At night he was just able to get to his cell.

"I am dying," said the old man; "can't you leave my cell door open?"

"Die and be d—d!" exclaimed the guard, slamming the door in his face, and throwing the bolt.

No one knows how he died.

Among American poets Richard H. Dana is the oldest having been born in 1787. Mr. Emerson, May 25, 1803, in Boston; Mr. Longfellow was born in Portland, February 27, 1807. On the maternal side he is descended from John Alden, whose amatory achievements he has celebrated in "The Courtship of Miles Standish." He graduated at Bowdoin College in 1825, having for classmates Nathaniel Hawthorne, Franklin Pierce and John S. C. Abbott. Mr. Whittier was born near Haverhill in 1808. He spent his youth on his father's farm, and in 1829 became editor of a tariff paper in Boston. In later life he edited a paper at Hartford, Ct., succeeding George D. Prentice.

Mr. Everts who was lost in the Yellowstone Pass, gives a very interesting account of his thirty-seven days of peril, and describes the vagaries of his mind while starving. We quote:

"My hours of slumber were visited by the most luxurious dreams. I would apparently visit the most gorgeously decorated restaurants of New York and Washington; sit down to immense tables spread with the most appetizing viands; partake of the richest oyster stews and plumpest pies; engage myself in the labor and preparation of curious dishes, and with them fill range upon range of elegantly furnished tables until they groaned beneath the accumulated dainties prepared by my own hands. Frequently the entire night would seem to have been spent in getting up a sumptuous dinner. I would realize the fatigue of roasting, boiling, baking, and fabricating the choicest dishes known to the modern *cuisine*, and in my disturbed slumbers would enjoy with epicurean relish the food thus furnished even to repletion.

THE DINNER TO MR. POPE.

The dinner to the new Minister of Agriculture at Sherbrooke passed off successfully and was largely attended. Among the guests were Sir G. E. Cartier, Sir Francis Hincks, Hon. Joseph Howe, Hon. Mr. Mitchell, Sir A. T. Galt, &c.

In reply to the toast of his health Mr. Pope spoke as follows. He said that he had often failed to express his feelings, and much more difficult did he now find it, surrounded as he was by men from all parts of the country, and by statesmen whose names lived in history, and to whom the country looked up. If he had consulted his own private convenience and interest he would not now be addressing them as a juvenile member of the Government; but there were times when a man was not his own property. He had to consult the interests of his constituents. How should he have looked if he told them that he had been offered such a position, and his private interests had prevented him? He had been referred to as representing the minority in Lower Canada. He felt all the importance of the position, and knew the task it was, even to a man so distinguished as Sir A. T. Galt, yet he did not hesitate because he knew that he had been working shoulder to shoulder with him, a man to whom he had looked up as a boy, one of the leading politicians in Lower Canada who was incapable of doing injustice. Working with Sir Geo. Cartier, who was anxious to do justice to all creeds and parties, he felt he could come before them with any measure, and tell them it had been fairly considered. But he did not enter the Government merely as a representative of the English speaking people, but of all the people of Lower Canada; he desired the British population to throw aside all jealousy, and to march on to form a great nation, to which no injustice would be done. He felt that he must allude to the question of emigration with which he was more immediately connected. The policy of the Government would be one of energy, to attract immigration, and to retain those already here. All, however, did not rest with the Government; they would do everything possible to diffuse information, and agents would be sent abroad for that purpose. If any one Province did not act its part, it could not expect the same results as others. The Province that offered the most liberal inducements would secure the largest share. They were not, it was true, entirely dependent on the Local Governments. There were millions of acres in Manitoba and the North West, although, unfortunately, the means of communication were yet slow. Surveying parties had been sent out, and he trusted they could yet show the people of the country that the best way of settling was to build the Pacific Railway. By this emigrants would be induced to go there. The great hindrance had been want of employment for the first year or two, which this railway would supply, and these men would, at the same time act as militia, and defend the country. What were inducements in the Dominion. In the Maritime Provinces there was fishing, lumbering, and other employments. If they did not stop there, they would find diverse employments in old Canada, and if they did not stop here, they might direct their steps to the broad prairies. He believed that already offers were made to build the line by a grant of land and a small money subsidy, and he believed that would be carried out. Suppose these expectations were realized, They would see that in the North West they were providing the cereals for the East, which in turn was providing manufactures, whilst the Maritime Provinces supplied ships for all. The Constitution of Canada was perhaps freer than any other. These advantages they had to offer to emigrants, and there should be a proud satisfaction that there was friendly rivalry on both sides of the line as to who should best succeed. As to the Washington Treaty he was sure every man in Canada felt complimented when the post of Commissioner was offered to the Premier. He knew the interests of Canada were safe and saw in the provisions of the Treaty the finger of the Premier reserving entire control of the clauses relating to the Fisheries, just as if had not passed. Nor would the rejection of the Fishery articles affect the Treaty. It was complained that the Government did not come down and declare a policy, but he thought they were right. The United States Congress had not yet declared whether they would admit fishing products or not. When they did, that was time enough for the Government to declare a policy. The policy of the Government was a process of improvement and development of the resources of the country, and to these all their efforts were directed. He thanked them on behalf of the Government and himself for the demonstration, and asked for a fair consideration of all questions, not to listen to demagogues, and there being questions of sufficient importance he urged them to forget all questions of race and creed and unite for the common good.

TO THE CITIZENS OF OTTAWA.

Respected Fellow Citizens,—With a view to the better observance of the day set apart by general concurrence of various religious bodies, as our *National Thanksgiving Day*, viz., *Thursday, the 16th instant*, We, the undersigned recommend that, so far as may be practicable, public business be suspended during the hours from 10 a. m. till 1 p. m.

J. T. Ontario,
J. S. Laudes,
H. Pollard,
Wm. Stephenson,
Wm. Moore,
D. M. Gordon, B. D.,
Geo. Ahrs,
B. Lane,
Wm. McLaren,
Arch. A. Cameron,
Edward Ebbs.

Ottawa, 10th Nov., 1871.

A case of chronic rheumatism of unusual severity, cured by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, is noticed by one of our exchanges. A large bunch came out upon the breast of the sufferer, and appeared like part of the breast bone.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evils the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

Great Condition Medicine—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. "Northrop & Lyman," Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 10.

The rapacity of the St. Lawrence tow boat owners has just now united with the twenty foot channel grievance in the paralysing of the shipping interests of the city. Forming a combination, they have doubled their rates, and in cases of ships in distress by grounding, &c., have charged $3 0 a day. Merchants and all classes of ship owners call for the prompt break down of this towing and pilotage monopoly.

Bishop Selwyn, and other English clergymen in their late visit having shown the necessity for ample support in the matter of Diocesan Missions, the Metropolitan at once set on foot a subscription for a Sustentation Fund in that behalf, which to-day reaches over $12000.

The Shamrock Lacrosse Club left this morning for Toronto.

Antoine Foubert fell into the river from the ship *Glenriffer* last night, but was rescued, life being nearly extinct.

John Grey fell over the revetment wall at Longueuil Ferry to-day and fractured his skull.

The lecture of Miss Macpherson last night on Street Arabs creates some comment to day as not having sufficiently touched the point, while her frequent and irrelevant sneers at refined ladies of wealth and her less strong minded sisters generally were considered invidious and subversive of the object contemplated.

Stocks continue firm at yesterday's quotations generally, with considerable transactions. The supply of money for legitimate commercial business is more abundant; borrowers on good paper obtaining 7 per cent discount. Call loans on stocks and other collaterals obtainable at from 7 to 9 per cent.

It is snowing here.

PORT HOPE.

Port Hope, Nov. 10.

A fire broke out at one o'clock last night in the basement of Molson's Mills, and spread with great rapidity to the upper floor, and in a very short time the extensive buildings were in one mass of flames, the great heat of the burning mill causing the buildings across the road to catch fire, all of which were nearly consumed before the engines could be brought to play on them, the distance being nearly a mile from town. There was about 13,000 bushels of grain in the mill. Loss, about $35,000. Insurance, $18,000. This fire is to a certainty the work of an incendiary.

ST. JOHN.

St. John, N. B., Nov. 10.

The receipts of the Government railways in New Brunswick for October is $28,000 against $22,500 for the same month last year, and $17,700 in 1869.

The Survey of the River du Loup road will be commenced immediately.

Miss Rye arrived here last evening.

FRENCHMAN'S BAY.

Frenchman's Bay, Nov. 10.

The schooner *Belle*, of Toronto, loaded with barley for Messrs. Gibbs Brothers, of Oshawa, and bound for Oswego, was driven ashore here this morning. It is understood that both the vessel and cargo are fully insured.

PENETANGUISHENE.

Penetanguishene, Nov. 10.

Snow fell here to-day to the depth of four inches. It is still snowing heavy.

WAUBANSHENE.

Waubanshene, Nov. 10.

Quite a heavy snow storm occurred here to-day.

SOUTHAMPTON.

Southampton, Nov. 10.

Snow fell here this morning.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

London, Nov. 10.—The news of the disasters encountered by the whaling fleet caused an immediate and heavy advance in the price of sperm oil.

It is reported that Ashbury will be a candidate for the representation of Brighton on the next Parliamentary vacancy in that borough.

FRANCE.

Paris, Nov. 10.—M. Thiers paid a visit to the Military School at St. Mars, where he witnessed the examination of the pupils and a review.

The special French Mission to Metz is withdrawn.

ITALY.

Rome, Nov. 10.—State apartments in the Quirinal palace are in course of preparation for the permanent residence of Victor Emmanuel on his approaching arrival at the Italian Capital.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

Chicago, Nov. 10.—Under the influence of the high rates of insurance on grain in this city, the proprietors have determined to purchase each a steam fire engine for their own uses, the whole number to be called out in case of necessity. Each warehouse will have a steam pump connected with pipes radiating throughout the building to be used in the event of fire, thus doing a way with the necessity for insuring warehouses and their contents.

New York, Nov. 10.—The publishers of the *Spectator*, an insurance journal, issued a table showing the aggregate losses of the companies, by States, the number suspended, the number assessed, and the number unaffected by the Chicago fire. The total number of companies in the United States is 335; aggregate capital, $74,939,216; total gross assets, $135,420,426; total losses, $82,821,122; companies suspended, 51; number assessed, 28; number not concerned in the fire, 87; losses of the companies by States—New York, $21,637,300; Ohio, $4,818,657; Massachussets, $4,483,500; Pennsylvania, $2,082,000; Illinois, $33,878,000; Connecticut, $9,325,000; Rhode Island, $2,072,500; California, $2,950,000; Missouri, $575,000; Maryland, $337,165; Wisconsin, $280,000; Michigan, $175,000; Minnesota, $100,000; Maine, $30,000; Kentucky, $6,800; Loss of foreign companies, $5 813,000.

Rumor says that the Bureau of Municipal Reform discovered evidence against Peter B. Sweeney upon which they purpose to ask his arrest. Charles E. O'Connor was reticent upon the subject when questioned this afternoon. It is reported that a number of reform leaders will, immediately upon the assembling of the Legislature ask the removal of Police Justices Ledwith, Dowling, Shanley, Hagan, and Cox.

Members of the Board of Aldermen said they are determined to demand their own reappointment by the Mayor. In the event of his refusal they threaten to impeach him for fraud and incompetency for having affixed his signature to the Keyser and Ingersoll warrants. Ald. Coman denies the latter part of the report, but says he has no intention of vacating his office, and believes that no certificate of election will be issued to the Aldermen chosen on Tuesday.

A German boy named Frank, 14 years old has been arrested for incendiarism in Hoboken.

New York, Nov. 10.—James Irving was before Judge Woodruff this afternoon on an indictment charging him with a violent assault on U. S. Deputy Marshal Dowley. He pleaded "not guilty." An application for bail was opposed by the District Attorney on the ground that Dowley is in a critical condition. A Commission of Physicians was appointed to examine his state. Gen. McDowell was present in Court, and it was determined not to remove Irving to the fort at present. There is no penalty for killing the officer under the United States laws, and in case of Dowley's death, after punishment for assault, Irving must be turned over to the State Courts to answer the charge of killing. Subsequently, on the report of the physicians that Dowley was in danger, but did not think he would die. Irving was admitted to bail in $10,000.

Judge Jay, of Ogdensburg, sitting at Lake George, decided yesterday that he considered the mortgage bonds, amounting to $3,000,000, issued by the Erie Railway Company in September 1870, are valid in every respect. $23,500,000 worth of bonds were to be placed with the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company, to be exchanged for old bonds, and the remainder to be put on the market. The validity was contested by some stock holders, who, according to this decision, failed to prove the allegations impeaching the issue.

Detroit, Nov. 10.—The new iron steamer *India* sunk in Sault St. Marie River. No particulars.

San Francisco, Nov. 10.—The United States Grand Jury of Tuscon, Arizona, make formal charges against the managers of the Indian Reservations on this territory, showing that the Apaches were allowed to leave and go on the war path at will, and specifying numerous murders committed by the Indians directed from Camp Grant, also charging that the Indians are supplied by agents with arms and ammunition and their women made prostitutes by the officers in charge.

Washington, Nov. 10.—It appears from Georgia papers that much alarm has been caused under the apprehension that the President will declare martial law in that State. It may be safely said, however, that such is not his design, there being nothing in the present condition of any part of Georgia to warrant such a measure. A report was published recently that Senator Scott, Chairman of the Ku Klux Committee, had recommended the issuing of a proclamation, but that gentleman himself denies that the report has the least foundation.

Prominent gentlemen attribute the spread of small pox in Philadelphia and other cities to the state of the buffalo robes there taken from the Black Feet and Regan Camps, where the disease prevailed two years ago. At that time they were forbidden to be sold to traders, but several months ago they disappeared from those neighborhoods and found their way elsewhere.

SOUTH AMERICA.

Kingston, Nov. 6.—The steamship *Ocean Queen* for New York takes an enormous quantity of coffee.

Advices from Aspinwall are to the 2nd inst.:

The Spanish war steamer *Toraado*, was still watching the American steamer *Virginia* in that port, and an attempt at capture was apprehended despite the protectorate assumed over her by the Grenada Government and the United States Consul.

Late news from Chili is to the effect that the Government was planning a scheme to effectually occupy the Aurocanian territory.

Peruvian advices represent that small pox is ravaging in Lima.

The Presidential election resulted in favor of General Prado. There were fears that the Government would nullify the election and proclaim Gen. Echenique, temporary President, with the assistance of the army, and subsequently appoint Echeneque's brother Dictator. A revolution was expected in that event. Prado is reported to have 8,000 soldiers at his command, and will, it is believed, begin war if the Government nullifies the vote of the people.

A riot occurred in Lima, during the election, in which six persons were killed and seventy wounded.

Political troubles continue in Guatemala.

The Archbishop and Bishop have been exiled for complicity in the late revolution.

Honduras is also disturbed by political troubles.

The Government of San Salvador prohibits the carrying of coolie emigrants in San Salvador vessels.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

UNITED STATES.

Wilmington, Del., Nov. 10.—Last evening William S. Frost, a young lawyer, committed suicide by shooting himself.

Boston, Nov. 10.—Charles P. Kelly, a freight clerk of the Hartford & Erie Railroad, was knocked down by a gang of ruffians last night, and robbed of his watch and the keys of the safe. His money was overlooked.

New York, Nov. 10.—A Washington special says it is given out at the Treasury Department that the amount of the new loan bonds sent to London is about six million dollars. The general impression is that nearly double this amount has gone.

The *Tribune* says our latest estimates give Scribner, the Republican, 17,000 majority.

The citizens of Brooklyn, without distinction of party, meet this evening to deliberate and act with reference to the monstrous frauds perpetrated in casting and counting their votes at the recent elections.

It is quite evident that the ballot boxes were tampered with at the late elections in that city, at a citizens meeting held yesterday to protest against the frauds, a vigilance committee was appointed to investigate into the circumstances.

THE QUEEN'S MENTAL HEALTH.

The *N. Y. Evening Post* has the following very sensible remarks upon this subject:—

The Queen of England's mental health is so good a selling cry for newspapers that it is sure to be vigorously and "sensationally" worked. What the truth may be few know, and they are the very persons least likely to tell tales.

Amongst the ladies and gentlemen of the Queen's household there reigns an honorable *esprit de corps*, which peremptorily forbids gossip about what it is instinctively felt is not intended to be talked about, and those who have been acquainted with such persons know perfectly well that an attempt to "pump" them on delicate topics would be regarded as a liberty not easily pardoned. The rumors which reach us in reference to this sad subject must therefore, be received with great caution.

In connection with this subject much stress has been laid on the insanity of George III., and it seems to be held by many persons that because Queen Victoria's grandfather unhappily lost his reason, she is also bound to fear his fate. But the truth is that George III.'s malady was far more accidental than inherent. Neither his father, grandfather, nor great grandfather, although in many respects very faulty and unpleasant people, ever betrayed any indications of insanity, and those who are familiar with the early history of George III. of the Bute intrigues, and the perpetual and excessive worry to which the young King was exposed, cannot be very much surprised that a mind not naturally great, and strong, and placed in a position of extreme responsibility, ultimately gave way.

Probably if Farmer George had really been a farmer instead of a King, he would have passed to his grave as sound as any rustic in his dominions. None of his sons or daughters lost their reason, and the only instance of the kind in the family—and be it remembered that it was a very numerous family—was that of the late Lord Munster, eldest son of William IV. and of Mrs. Jordan, the celebrated actress. We think, therefore, that the hereditary presumptions against the Queen are slight.

Her alleged eccentricities connected with the memory of the late Prince Consort really amount to very little, and had she been a private individual would probably have scarcely been noticed. Many of our readers may recall a pretty religious story which had a great circulation some years ago, called "Lancton Parsonage." A prominent character in the tale is a certain Lady Catherine Hyde, who, having lost an adored husband soon after marriage, locks up the suite of rooms which he occupied, scrupulously retaining everything in them precisely as he had left it. The same thing is usually done in Russia, and it is a similar fancy which has brought so much comment upon Queen Victoria.

There is in Scotland, at this very moment, a lady of high rank, sister in-law of a very distinguished nobleman, who goes far beyond her sovereign in carrying out a sentimental whim of this kind, yet no one doubts her competency to control her extensive estates or dreams of saying that the lady is crazy. But then she is not in a position to become interesting as a newsmongers' cry.

Assuming, however, that the Queen's health does give way, we are disposed to think that, notwithstanding Mr. Bradlaugh and his friends—although undoubtedly they have influence—the Prince of Wales will step into her place without much ado.

The English, taken as a whole, are now, even as they were in Cromwell's time, averse to change. The student of English history cannot fail to remark how little subversive was the policy of that great statesman and his friends, and how greatly it contrasts in moderation with the convulsion in France during the next century. Cromwell, for instance, not only retained the House of Lords, but actually himself created patents of peerage. Of course, we are well aware that matters have greatly changed since then, but still the *animus* of the nation remains what we should call conservative. In the large manufacturing towns the Bradlaughs and Odgers have great influence. But these centres are by no means England; still less are they Scotland, which, with all its liberalism, clings fondly to chieftaincies, castles, and that romance surrounding them with which Scott impregnated its atmosphere.

The great farming influence, the graziers of Lincolnshire, the Yorkshire horse-dealers, the sheep farmers of the Cheviots, although perhaps liberals in the sense that Lord Palmerston was—though for that matter none of them would probably have voted for Lord Derby—are not so in the same sense as Mr. Odger.

Again, if the Queen were to resign or die there would be so strong a feeling of regret for her loss that it would go far to blot out any sense of demerit in her successor. And, after all, although the Prince of Wales is the best abused young man in the world, what do his crimes amount to? He has been what we fear that five out of ten wealthy young New Yorkers are at this moment, what is euphemistically termed "rather fast," and so were Cromwell and his friend John Hampden. With money, youth and health, flatterers and tempters around him, he has probably often strayed from the paths of virtue; but

"Hard is his fate on whom the public gaze!
Is fixed forever, to detract or praise."

The sweetest word in our language is health. At the first indication of disease use well known and approved remedies. For dyspepsia or indigestion use Parson's Purgative Pills. For coughs, colds, sore or lame stomach, use Johnson's Anodyne Liniment.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

WANTED,

By a middle aged man, a situation as PORTER in a Provision or Dry Goods Store. Understands French. Address to D. C., TIMES Office.

Ottawa, Nov. 11, 1871 1818 3

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

FARM STOCK,

UTENSILS, AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I B TACKABERRY has been instructed by the Widow of the late Donald Robertson to sell at her residence, West Half Lot No. 14, on the Rideau River, Gore of Gloucester, on

Thursday, 23rd November.

at 10 o'clock, a.m., the following Goods, viz: Two spans well matched Horses, several sets of Double and Single Harness, one Buggy and Cutter, Waggon and Hay Carts, several good Ploughs and Harrows, covered Market Waggon, Double and Single Sleighs, good Mower and Reaper, also Four excellent Milch Cows, a large Boiler, Grind Stones, Axes and Saws, all the Hay and Straw on the Farm, together with a quantity of Cordwood.

The Household Furniture consists of Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Hair and Straw Mattrasses, Parlor Stove and other Stoves and Stovepipes, Cooking Stove and Utensils belonging to Kitchen, all the Dairy Utensils that are required for a large Dairy, and all the Utensils used on a well regulated Farm.

Will be offered for sale at the same time,

200 ACRES OF BUSH LAND,

being Lot No. 16, in the 7th Concession, Township of Gloucester, (Ottawa Front) 8 miles from the city, and two miles from Taylorsville, which said lot will be divided, if required.

Terms easy.

I B TACKABERRY,
Auctioneer.

N. B.—Six months' credit will be given by furnishing approved Joint Notes.

Gloucester, Nov. 11, 1871 1818td

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The Winter Course of Lectures under the auspices of the above Society will be opened on

SATURDAY EVENING, the 11th Instant,

at 8 o'clock, p.m., by an Inaugural Address by the President, E. A. Meredith, Esq., LL.D.

The public are cordially invited to attend. Admission free.

GEORGE KENNEDY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817 2

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with

LOCAL NEWS.

FROZEN OVER.—The water in the Canal was frozen over on Thursday night.

POLICE COURT.—Friday—There was no case again this morning at the Court. Ottawa is certainly becoming a model city.

Call and see the new and beautiful Millinery at Allan, McKinnons & Morrans'.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.—The inaugural address to the course of lectures to be delivered during the winter, under the auspices of the above Society, will be spoken this evening by the President, Mr. Meredith.

BURGLARS AGAIN.—Mr. Pace's jewellery store on Sparks street was burglariously entered on Thursday night by some persons unknown. The entrance was effected by cutting the panels out of the back door. So far as could be ascertained, nothing was taken out of the shop. No clue to the burglars can be obtained.

Remnants of all wool Carpets, 80 cts. per yard, at Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's.

AUCTION SALE.—We call attention to Mr. Takaberry's advertisement in another column. He announces that he will sell by auction on Thursday the 23rd inst., all the farm stock, implements, utensils and household furniture of the late Donald Robertson. The sale comprises — 200 acres of bush land, distant from Ottawa about 8 miles, 2 spans of horses, several sets harness, buggy, cutter, waggons, carts, ploughs, harrows, sleighs, mower and reaper, &c. The sale takes place at Mrs. Robertson's residence, west half lot 14, Rideau river. See advertisement.

THE MARKET.—The attendance on the market yesterday was very large. Pork and beef were very plentiful, and appeared to be of excellent quality generally. Hay was also in good supply.

Pork sold at from $6.75 to 7.50 per 100 lbs.

Beef, $5.50 to 6.50 per 100 lbs.
Turkeys, 60 cts. to $1.00 each.
Geese, 45 cts. to 30 cts. each.
Butter in print, 18 to 20 cts.
Butter in rolls, 17 to 10 cts.
Eggs, 20 to 22 cts. per dozen.
Potatoes, 22 to 30 cts. per bushel.
Home spun yarn, 70 to 80 cts. per lb.
Mess Pork, $16 to 16.50 per barrel.
Flour, double extra, $7.25 per barrel.
Hay, $10 per ton.

Go to Allan, McKinnons & McMorran's for Carpets, Floor Oil Cloths, Crumb Cloths, Plain and Fancy Repps, Lace Curtains, Curtain Poles and House Furnishings generally.

SCHOOL TRUSTEES—SPECIAL MEETING.

At a special meeting of the Board of Public School Trustees held last evening, there were present Hiram Robinson, Esq., Chairman, Messrs. Barber, Alexander, Bronson, Wills, and LeSeuer.

The meeting was called for the purpose of deciding as to what steps should be proper to take with regard to the erection by the Nuns of a fever and small pox hospital, in close proximity to Ottawa Ward Primary School.

A communication was read from Dr. VanCortlandt, with respect to the vaccination of children of the common schools. The peroration of the communication was to the tune of $60.

A letter from Mr. F. Abbott complained of unduly severe chastisement received by his child, a little girl, from Mr. Rathwell, principal of Central School West.

On motion of Mr. LeSeuer, Mr. Abbott's complaint was referred to the School Management Committee and the mover, for immediate investigation.

Mr. Bronson moved, seconded by Mr. Alexander, that Dr. VanCortlandt's communication be received and placed on file, and that the Chairman is hereby authorised to sign a cheque for the amount demanded for his services. Carried.

At this period, Mr. Wills announced to the Board that if there were any more business on hand that it be immediately transacted, as he could not wait much longer.

Moved by Mr. Alexander, seconded by Mr. Barber, that the teacher now employed by the Board be notified by the Secretary that it is necessary for any teacher who may desire reappointment subject to their obtaining the legal certificate of qualification, to apply to the Board at its next meeting. Carried.

On motion of Mr. Alexander the Secretary was authorised to procure a new seal for the Board, the old one having become obsolete.

Mr. Wills then left abruptly destroying the quorum and consequently the meeting adjourned.

GRAND OPENING OF MR. EVANS' DINING HALL.

We had the pleasure last evening of assisting at the opening celebration of Mr. Evans' new Dining Hall. A large number of gentlemen assembled in the Hall by special invitation, though we feel satisfied the number was not as large as he would have wished to have it were their greater accommodation. The Hall is very commodious, and finished off in excellent style, and we have no doubt that when it and the good Host of the "Commercial" become better known, they will be appreciated and patronized as they deserve to be. At about nine o'clock the table, extending the full length of the hall, was surrounded by a congregation of energetic gentleman and the good things provided so liberally and abundantly were done justice to in a quiet and exemplary manner, after which followed the usual list of toasts, "The Queen," followed by a song by Mr. Ford; "The Prince of Wales and Royal Family;" Mr. Sparks' song, "Red White and Blue;" "Governor General."

The health of Mr. Evans and Mrs. Evans was then proposed by Mr. Brodie, and ably responded to by Mr. Evans. "The Army and Navy" was duly honored, and the "Volunteers" was responded to by Capt. De Boucherville, Lieut. Cotton, and Mr. Higman. "The Dominion of Canada" was enthusiastically drank and responded to.

The health of Sir Geo. E. Cartier, coupled with that of Col. Chamberlain, was eloquently responded to by Mr. C. Ryan, who expressed the great pleasure he felt in representing Col. Chamberlain.

"The Memory of the Dead" was drank in silence.

The "Host and Hostess" again brought Mr. Evans to his feet.

The "Press and Ladies" was responded to by the members of the press present and Mr. Sparks.

"The Cricket Club of Ottawa" was then proposed by Mr. Ryan. Mr. Ford replied.

"The Health of the Chairman, Mr. St. Hill" was then drank, and the pleasant ceremony was brought to a close.

We can only say in conclusion that we wish friend Evans every success (for he deserves it) and hope that his new and splendid dining hall may be the means of bringing him additional and increased patronage.

CIRCULATION AND SPECIE.

	Provincial N. $ c	Dominion N. $ c	Total. $ c
Notes payable at Montreal	3,484,676 63	2,429,490 00	5,914,166 63
" " Toronto	763,807 50	1,614,577 00	2,372,384 50
" " Halifax	125,163 59	355,280 00	480,443 59
" " St. John	467,108 00	186,000 00	653,103 00
	4,840,755 72	4,585,347 00	9,426,102 72
Fractional Notes			449,724 75
Total circulation			9,875,827 47
Debentures held against circulation			6,400,000 00
			3,475,827 47
Specie held at Montreal		1,626,276 46	
" " Toronto		1,290,674 18	
" " Halifax		253,500 35	
" " St. John		150,000 00	
			3,320,450 99
Deficiency of Specie			155,376 48

JOHN LANGTON, Auditor.

N. B.—The returns to October 31 were not received in time to be inserted in the *Gazette* of Saturday last.

Ottawa, November 6, 1871. 1814 5

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.
Local Train at 1:40 p.m.
Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.
Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m., 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m.
LEAVE SAND POINT—5.30 a.m., 10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m.

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway.
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.
Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.
Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO PORTLAND, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M.
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M.
8 Express, with Cars " 10:00 P.M.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.
No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M., every morning—Sunday Morning excepted.
No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M.
No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.
Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.
Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.
Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents.
Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.
S. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOKS!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butler's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co.'s, Ottawa
Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1816f

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, 1871 1815wky2m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Orignal.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 125 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands. We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871. y

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov. 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Henry, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

Pickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON, 8, Sparks Street.

1812 tf

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

WANTED,

From now to the 1st of May next a FURNISHED HOUSE, either within, or not far from, the city limits. Address MR. RICE, Russell House. 1811 10

SALESMAN WANTED

At the Regent House. Must speak French and English. Apply to

SINCLAIR, STITT & Co., Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 31, 1871 1807 tf

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON, Proprietor.

1760-6m

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

These purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERIAL

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Haarlem Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

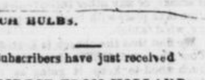
Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. It is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y., and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, Oct. 2?, 1871. 1804 tf

O. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.

Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1789 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.
" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 25 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at ½ o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Haverlock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1871.

L. A. GRIGOR,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Ottawa.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C. R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON, Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.

Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE.

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU W

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

ND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

	Stg	Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year	£1,282,222 3 2	
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 10	
	£1,282,222 3 2	
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,9[illegible]9 12 9	
Consideration for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9	
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax)	54,725 10 9	
		306,715 0 3
		£1,588,937 3 5

	Stg
Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums Reassured)	£ 110,417 16 8
NOTE—Of this sum £31,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Surrenders	7,919 14 4
Annuities	12,232 17 8
Commission	9,822 7 6
Expenses of Management and all other charges	20,880 7 9
Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	96,804 18 9
Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
Total	£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up	£ 75,000 0 0	
Assurance Fund	1,201,911 9 2	
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5	
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2	
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6	
		£1434,090 17 3

ASSETS.	Stg
Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom	£ 500,886 18
Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Loans on the Association's Policies (within value)	175,816 19
INVESTMENTS—	
In British Government Securities	1,238 18 8
Indian and Colonial Government Securities	46,891 14
Foreign Government Securities	— — —
Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	239,567 17 9
Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 2 4
House Property	109,159 18 9
Annuities purchased	25,497 17 6
Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,535 2 9
Loans on Personal Security	5,579 16 9
Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,576 10 0
Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,431 6 9
Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
Agents' Balances	50,835 8 8
Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 2
Outstanding Interest	— — —
Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,967 1 2
CASH—	
On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 5	
On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9	
In hand 127 3 9	
	77,862 6 11
	£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20 cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER, Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Jrts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. COWILL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," rom Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

AUCTION SALE.
OF VALUABLE
IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY of NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.
Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis.

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles..$1 00
Pills per Box..... 25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1637tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN BANDS,
BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N.B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. ERASMUS MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

ULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
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N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantel, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hayhey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c. &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

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Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awky

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered for sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

PULMONARY BALSAM
VEGETABLE — CONSUMPTION
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 48 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
FOR SALE IN CANADA. Sold by the Druggists
FOR COUGHS, COLDS &

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf

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TO THE
UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

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Terms, 40cts. per month.
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Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERY A.M.	DELIVERY A.M.	DELIVERY P.M.
.....	1 00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	10.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9-00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	10 00	...	4.20
.....	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10 00	...	7.30
.....	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	..	7.30
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9-00	12 00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9 00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	.....	.....	4.20
9 20	.....	4:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9 20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	.....	.....	1 30
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.			7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 noon in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

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Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

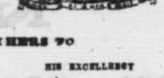
For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Oct. 30 1871

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



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One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
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And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

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On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

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He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tr

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UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers,—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

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IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

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TEAS AND WINES,

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MONTREAL

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churcher, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOURRIDGE,
cumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
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H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE.

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FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

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Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Ontario WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

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MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIELS' CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREPARED TOOTHACHE PILLS BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN THE PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which may not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

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As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

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And other Harvesting Implements.

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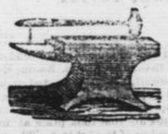

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Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
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Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
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Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c. &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
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Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

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CELEBRATED OINTMENT,
CALLED
"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family operient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet,

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

G. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 6tutf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

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WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TALLON.

A. ETETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltoch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1358y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to

The Times

VOL. V NO. 1819. OTTAWA, MONDAY NOVEMBER 13 1871. PRICE—3

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P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

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CHEAP!

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

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McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

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BARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

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EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
1 " Small Wares,
4 " Pins,
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Cotton Prints,
Dress Print
Fortnis
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Bonnet Bo
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Ribbons,
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Hose,
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CANADIAN GOO

Union Tweeds
Batting,
Wadding
M. S. Paper Collars,
Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " Twilled Sheetings
" " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

Inspection invited

Ottawa, Sept 19, 1871

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HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street,

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

CHAMNETT & HILL,
Solicitors,
Post Office Block

NOTWITHSTANDING what interested parties may say to the contrary,

Messrs. Orme & Son

have now on hand, and WILL ALWAYS have on hand—

DUNHAM,
STEINWAY, and
CHICKERING PIANOS,

in their various styles. Also the celebrate

McCAMMON PIANO

which is so generally coming into use, and for which we are Sole Agents.

Our Show Room is now filled with the largest and best selected

STOCK OF PIANOS

in the Dominion, and we would just say to intending purchasers that we

DEFY COMPETITION
IN
QUALITY, PRICE, and TERMS,

Every instrument guaranteed, and privilege of exchange given within one year, if not satisfactory in every respect.

J. L. ORME & SON,
8, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 5, 1871 1787 1m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND.

It is now an established fact you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Sussex Street.

BRANDIES—
The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—
Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—
Dry and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Bertled

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—
Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—
Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—
Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—
Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—
Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—
Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No. 120, Sussex Street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. CRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871 181

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 34 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

38 GEO. SIMSON LEBEAU Agent.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BURNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.

Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal, Oct 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON POLISHES
FOR MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH.

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS.
172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN	Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871	
SCANDINAVIAN	" 14th "	"
HIBERNIAN	" 21st "	"
MORAVIAN	" 28th "	"
SARMATIAN	" 4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ..... $70 to $80
Steerage $25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday) are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	12th Oct.	
OTTAWA "	19th "	
ST. DAVID "	26th "	
ST. ANDREW "	2nd Nov.	
ST. PATRICK "	9th "	

Fares from Ottawa, Cabin $67 25
Intermediate ..... $47 or 44 00
Steerage 28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY ..... D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES ..... J. James, do.
NIGER ..... W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN ..... G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER ..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN ..... " 19th "
MEDWAY ..... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES ..... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 yer year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th, 1760y

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Ferty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By-Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Moutreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A.D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Plants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1782 1y

THE PERJURY OF THE CLOCK.

BY WILKIE COLLINS IN JARRELL'S "MAGAZINE" FOR OCTOBER.

On a summer evening, some years ago, a man was found murdered in a field near a certain town in the West of England. The name of the field was "Pardon's Piece."

The man was a small carpenter and builder in the town, who bore an indifferent character. On the evening in question, a distant relative of his, employed as a farm bailiff by a gentleman in the neighborhood, happened to be passing a stile which led from the field into the road, and saw a gentleman leaving the field by way of this stile, rather in a hurry. He recognised the gentleman (whom he knew by sight only) as Mr. Dubourg.

The two passed each other on the road in opposite directions. After a certain lapse of time—estimated as being half an hour—the farm bailiff had occasion to pass back along the same road. On reaching the stile, he heard an alarm raised, and entered the field to see what was the matter. He found several persons running from the farther side of Pardon's Piece towards a boy who was standing at the back of a cattle shed, in a remote part of the enclosure, screaming with terror. At the boy's feet lay, face downwards, the dead body of a man, with his head horribly beaten in. His watch was under him, hanging out of his pocket by the chain. It had stopped—evidently in consequence of the concussion of its owner's fall on it—at half past eight. The body was still warm. All the other valuables like the watch, were left on it. The farm bailiff instantly recognised the man as the carpenter and builder mentioned above.

At the preliminary inquiry, the stoppage of the watch at half past eight was taken as offering good circumstantial evidence that the blow which had killed the man had been struck at that time.

The next question was—if any one had been seen near the body at half-past eight? The farm bailiff declared that he had met Mr. Dubourg hastily leaving the field by the stile at that very time. Asked if he had looked at his watch, and owned that he had not done so. Certain previous circumstance which he mentioned as having impressed themselves on his memory, enabled him to feel sure of the truth of his assertion, without having consulted his watch. He was pressed on this important point, but he held to his declaration. At half past eight he had seen Mr. Dubourg hurriedly leave the field. At half past eight the watch of the murdered man had stopped.

Had any other person been observed in or near the field at that time?

No witness could be discovered who had seen anybody else near the place. Had the weapon turned up with which the blow had been struck? It had not been found. Was any one known—robbery having plainly not been the motive of the crime—to have entertained a grudge against the murdered man? It was no secret that he associated with doubtful characters, male and female; but suspicion failed to point to any one of them in particular.

In this state of things there was no alternative but to request Mr. Dubourg—well known in and out of the town as a young gentleman of independent fortune, bearing an excellent character—to give some account of himself.

He immediately admitted that he had passed through the field. But, in contradiction to the farm bailiff, he declared that he had looked at his watch at the moment, before he crossed the stile, and that the time by it was exactly a quarter past eight. Five minutes later—that is to say, ten minutes before the murder had been committed, on the evidence of the dead man's watch—he had paid a visit to a lady living near Pardon's Piece; and had remained with her until his watch, consulted once more on leaving the lady's house, informed him that it was a quarter to nine.

Here was the defence called an "alibi." It entirely satisfied Mr. Dubourg's friends. To satisfy justice also, it was necessary to call the lady as a witness. In the meantime another purely formal question was put to Mr. Dubourg. Did he know anything of the murdered man?

With some appearance of confusion, Mr. Dubourg admitted that he had been induced (by a friend) to employ the man on some work. Further interrogation extracted from him the following statement of facts:

That the work had been badly done; that an exorbitant price had been charged for it; that the man on being remonstrated with, had behaved in a grossly impertinent manner; that an altercation had taken place between them; that Mr. Dubourg had seized the man by the collar of the coat, and had turned him out of the house; that he had called the man an infernal scoundrel (being in a passion at the time,) and had threatened to "thrash him within an inch of his life" (or words to that effect) if he ever presumed to come near his house again; that he had sincerely regretted his own violence the moment he recovered his self possession; and lastly, that, on his oath (the alteration having occurred six months ago,) he had never spoken to the man, or set eyes on the man, since.

As the matter then stood, these circumstances were considered as being unfortunate circumstances for Mr. Dubourg—nothing more. He had his "alibi" to appeal to, and his character to appeal to, and nobody doubted the result.

The lady appeared as witness.

Confronted with Mr. Dubourg on the question of time, and forced to answer, she absolutely contradicted him on the testimony of the clock on her own mantlepiece. In substance her evidence was simply this. She had looked at her clock when Mr. Dubourg entered the room, thinking it rather a late hour for a visitor to call on her. The clock (regulated by the maker only the day before) pointed to twenty five minutes to nine. Practical experiment showed that the time required to walk the distance, at a rapid pace, from the stile to the lady's house, was just five minutes.

Here, then, was the statement of the farm bailiff (himself a respectable witness) corroborated by another witness of excellent position and character. The clock, on being examined next, was found to be right. The evidence of the clockmaker proved that he kept the key and there had been no necessity to set the clock and wind it up again, since he had performed both these acts on the day preceeding Mr. Dubourg's visit. The accuracy of the clock thus vouched for, the conclusion on the evidence was irresistible. Mr. Dubourg stood convicted of having been in the field at the time when the murder was committed; of having, by his own admission, had a quarrel with the murdered man not long before, terminating in an assault and a threat on his side, and lastly, of having attempted to set up an "alibi," by a false statement of the question of time. There was no alternative but to commit him to take his trial at the assizes, charged with the murder of the builder to Pardon's Piece.

The trial occupied two days.

No new facts of importance were discovered in the interval. The evidence followed the course which it had taken at the preliminary examinations—with this difference only, that it was more carefully sifted. Mr. Dubourg had the double advantage of securing the services of the leading barristers in the circuit, and of moving the irrepressible sympathies of the jury, shocked at his position and eager for proof of his innocence. By the end of the first day, the evidence had told against him with such irresistible force, that his own counsel despaired of the result. When the prisoner took his place in the dock on the second day, there was but one conviction in the minds of the people in court—everybody said, "the clock will hang him."

It was nearly two in the afternoon, and the proceeds were on the point of being adjourned for half an hour, when the attorney for the prisoner was seen to hand a paper to the counsel for the defence.

The counsel rose, showing signs of agitation which roused the curiosity of the audience. He demanded the immediate hearing of a new witness, whose evidence in the prisoner's favor he declared to be too important to be delayed for a single moment. After a short colloquy between the judge and the barristers on either side, the court decided to continue the sitting.

The witness appearing in the box, proved to be a young woman in delicate health. On the evening when the prisoner had paid his visit to the lady, she was in that lady's service as housemaid. The day after she had been permitted (by previous arrangement with her mistress), to take a week's holiday and go on a visit to her parents in the west of Cornwall. While there, she had fallen ill, and had not been strong enough since to return to her employment. Having given this preliminary account of herself, the house maid then stated the following extraordinary particulars in relation to her mistress's clock.

On the morning of the day when Mr. Dubourg had called at the house, she had been cleaning the mantlepiece. She had rubbed the part of it which was under the clock with her duster, and accidentally struck the pendulum, and had stopped it. Having once before done this, she had been severely reproved. Fearing that a repetition of the offence the day after the clock had been regulated by the maker, might lead perhaps to the withdrawal of her leave of absence, she had determined to put matters right again, if possible, by herself.

After poking under the clock in the dark, and failing to set the pendulum going again properly in that way, she next attempted to lift the clock and give it a shake. It was set in a marble case, with a bronze figure on the top, and it was so heavy that she was obliged to hunt for something which she could use as a lever. The thing proved to be not easy to find on the spur of the moment. Having at last laid her hand on what she wanted, she contrived so to lift the clock a few inches and drop it again on the mantlepiece so to set it going once more.

The next necessity was, of course, to move the hands on. Here again she was met by an obstacle. There was a difficulty in opening the glass case which protected the dial. After uselessly searching for some instrument to help her, she got from the footman (without telling him what she wanted it for) a small chisel. With this she opened the case—after accidentally scratching the brass frame of it—and set the hands of the clock by guess. She was flurried at the time, fearing that her mistress would discover her. Later in the day she found that she had over-estimated the interval of time that had passed while she was trying to put the clock right. She had, in fact, set it exactly a quarter of an hour to fast.

No safe opportunity of secretly putting the clock right again had occurred, until the last thing at night. She had then moved the hands back to the right time. At the hour of the evening when Mr. Dubourg had called on her mistress, she positively swore that the clock was a quarter of an hour too fast. It had pointed, as her mistress had delared, to twenty five minutes to nine—the right time then being, as Mr. Dubourg has asserted, twenty minutes past eight.

Questioned as to why she had refrained from giving this extraordinary evidence at the enquiry before the magistrates, she declared that in the remote Cornish village to which she had gone the next day, and in which her illness had detained her from that time, nobody had heard of the inquiry or the trial. She would not have been then present to state the vitally important circumstances to which she had just sworn, if the prisoner's twin brother had not found her out on the previous day

had not questioned her if she knew anything about the clock—and had not (hearing what she had to tell) insisted on her taking the journey with him to the court next morning.

This evidence virtually decided the trial. There was a great burst of relief in the crowded assembly when the woman's statement had come to an end.

She was closely cross-examined, as a matter of course. Her character was inquired into; corroborative evidence—relating to the chisel and the scratches on the frame—was sought for, and was obtained. The end of it was that, at a late hour on the second evening, the jury acquitted the prisoner without leaving their box. It was not too much to say that his life had been saved by his brother. His brother alone had persisted from first to last in obstinately disbelieving the clock—for no better reason than that the clock which asserted the prisoners guilt! He had worried everybody with incessant inquiries; he had discovered the absence of the housemaid after the trial had begun; and he had started off to interrogate the girl, knowing nothing, and suspecting nothing, simply determined to persist in the one everlasting question with which he persecuted everybody "The clock is going to hang my brother; can you tell me anything about the clock?"

Four months later, the mystery of the crime was cleared up. One of the disreputable companions of the murdered man confessed on his death bed that he had done the deed. There was nothing interesting or remarkable in the circumstances. Chance, which had put innocence in peril, had offered impunity to guilt. An infamous woman—a jealous quarrel—and an absence at the moment of witnesses on the spot—these were really the commonplace material which had composed the tragedy of Pardon's Piece.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evils the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

I P B S—Thomas Sproule.
Tenders Wanted for Removal of Snow—F Braun.
Government House—Wm H Lee.
Sale of Military Stores—J Bermingham.
Macdonalds' Auction Rooms.

The Ottawa Times.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 13, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

An interesting story by Wilkie Collins will be found on our first page.

Hon. Mr. Howe returned home on Saturday.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell is expected here to-day.

Mr. Smith, Deputy Minister of Marine and Fisheries, has returned from a tour of inspection.

THE MEETING OF THE ONTARIO LEGISLATURE.

Within a month the Ontario Legislature will meet, and then all the doubts and expectations, the hopes and fears, which have been expressed concerning the stability of the Sandfield Macdonald Administration will be definitely solved. Since the last elections the tone of the Opposition press has materially changed. At first they sent up a great shout of triumph, and the public were given to understand that the Opposition would be able to command a large majority and that if the Premier of Ontario had any right minded feeling he would resign at once. Now we find the views expressed by the *Globe* and its followers altered considerably, and the subject of debate is as to the number of the ministerial majority, whether it will consist of two or six, how many "weak kneed Reformers" can be bought up, &c.

When we notice this marked change of tone the question naturally arises what has occasioned this change. How is it that peans of certain triumph have been exchanged for dubios calculations and evident misgivings? To our mind the reason is easy to arrive at. At the last local elections we all know that certain unfortunate circumstances which had occurred in the North West were made use by the Grits for party purposes. Because the leaders of the Opposition felt that if the electors were permitted calmly to judge for themselves as to the merits of the Sandfield Macdonald administration they would be certain to decide upon supporting it; because they knew that it would be ruin to their cause if they allowed the people to judge the Government by their acts and by the successful results of their policy—they raised certain sectarian and sectional cries, imported into the contest issues which in reality had nothing whatever to with it, and thus, in consequence of an appeal to the passions of the people and their being misled into the consideration of questions which were in no way connected with the Ontario Government and their policy, Mr. Sandfield Macdonald's administration was not sustained by as large a majority as it ought to have been. Since that time, however, "a change has come o'er the spirit of the dream." In spite of all the efforts of Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake in their "missionary" tours throughout the country, in spite of the coarse ribaldry of Joe Rymal, in spite of all the misrepresentation and abuse of the *Globe*, public feeling has considerably changed, and what is more *the Grits know it!* Passion has passed away and sober reason has resumed its sway in the minds of the people. And when looking around them from east to west throughout Ontario they see in all directions indications of progress and prosperity, when they see railways and other works intended to develop the resources of this great province being furnished with material aid by the Ontario Government, and yet at the same time find an overflowing treasury, it would be an insult to the intelligence of the people were we to suppose that in the face of facts like these, they would be inclined at the bidding of a demagogue to drive from office those who have accomplished such magnificent results, and place in office a set of men who have never manifested any administrative ability, who are utterly untried, and it may very probably be, incapable men. We may rely upon it, that when the session commences, there will be more than one "Reformer," as the *Globe* absurdly calls every one who has opposed Sandfield Macdonald, who, when he takes his seat in the Assembly, will remember that he has been sent there, not to do the will of Mr. Blake or to promote the ambitious purposes of Mr. Brown, but to represent the wishes and feelings of his constituents, and will find that he can only perform that duty by giving an intelligent support to the Government, so long as their policy continues as heretofore to be a liberal and progressive one. No doubt, that such men will be abused and bullied by the leading Opposition organ if they venture to do this; no doubt, their names will appear in large type in its columns as men who have been "bought up," but they will at all events have the satisfaction of knowing that they have done their duty, and in being exposed to abuse of this kind they are only enduring the same fate to which almost every true hearted and earnest minded patriot in the country has at some time or other been exposed. In fact, so entirely is this the case, that the future historian of Canada when he is making up the nation's "roll of honour," and enumerating those who have done loyal service to the Dominion, can scarcely do better than select the names of those who he will find have been exposed to the abuse of the great Grit organ.

There is no necessity for Mr. Macdonald to try and "buy up" support were he disposed to do so. We are quite sure that a large majority of the people of this province desire to see him and his administration supported, and that all he and his colleagues need desire is, that they should be judged by their acts and by the results of the policy which they have pursued. It is this that the Grits most fear. They know perfectly well that all their talk about "buying up" and "bribery" is nonsense. The people of Ontario are not quite such a corrupt mercenary set as Mr. Brown would have the world believe. But by this style of talk they hope to frighten timorous men, whose consciences incline them to support the present Government, but whose fears lead them to shrink from public abuse and from being charged, falsely though it be, with corruption and dishonesty.

Let the members of the Ontario Legislature when they meet on the 7th of next month, bear in mind that their paramount duty is to promote the well being of the country and not to support any particular man or set of men. Then let them fairly and impartially review the policy pursued in the past by the Sandfield Macdonald Government and consider its results. If after doing so they can find any good or sufficient reason why they should not be sustained in the future, we are quite sure that their opinion will be at variance with that of a large majority of the people of Ontario, who, when not bewildered and led astray for the moment by the "clap trap" of a demagogue, are in the habit of judging of men by their actions and of actions by their results.

Some people are possessed with the idea that anything which savors at all of Republicanism must be remarkable for its liberality and the freedom of thought allowed to the people. A beautiful evidence of this is afforded in the fact that the War Department of the French Republic have forbidden the soldiers to read newspapers on pain of severe punishment.

The International Society seems to have become the subject of universal discussion in England and elsewhere. The London *Times* has had one or two articles showing the evil tendencies of this association. The creed of the International Society is based upon envy and the fact that those who belong to it cannot bear to see any one occupy a superior position to their own. The original purpose of the society appears to be almost entirely lost sight of, and a crusade against property holders seems to be the great ambition and object of the Communists who are the leading members of the International.

A terrible disaster has occurred in British India. The greater part of the town of Jounpur has been destroyed by a sudden inundation. Between 2,000 and 3,000 houses were swept away and about 15,000 persons rendered homeless.

It is computed that during the next three years Chicago will require for building purposes alone, 800,000 tons of iron and $30,000,000 worth of lumber.

Novelty in advertising has long been a *desideratum* in London. The processions of sad and degraded looking men carrying huge placards have long ceased to attract; and advertising waggons and even illuminated hats have lost their charm. But a genius has lately hit upon a new phase of the advertising art. This newest discovery takes the shape of what may be termed an advertising diorama. The front of an upper storey has been knocked out and replaced by a huge revolving illuminated canvas screen, on which are painted in letters that may be read even by swells in eye glasses all manner of interesting and uninteresting intimations. Each intimation is displayed about ten seconds. Of course the law of sequence is totally disregarded. Everything is mixed up in the most incongruous fashion. The "*Daily News*, a high-class Liberal paper," flies into darkness, to make room for an infallible eradicator of vermin; and the "largest circulation in the world" is chased out of sight by baking powder or some such article.

It has been decided by the courts in England that a married woman is entitled to vote at municipal elections if she lives apart from her husband. Of course, single women there who are independent householders have a similar right.

A new machine called the Mahovos, has been constructed by Captain Von Schubersky, and has acquired considerable celebrity in the old world. We learn that after studying the operation of all the principal railways in Europe, it occurred to the inventor to employ the force developed in a train on a descending grade by gravity, in compressing air, with a view to apply the elastic force of the air so imprisoned in overcoming subsequent ascents; but this not satisfying him he determined to try the principle of the fly-wheel, or, more properly, a pair of fly-wheels. The peculiarity of these wheels is that they are singularly heavy. They are provided with an independent truck of their own, which is introduced into the train immediately behind the engine. The truck has three pairs of running wheels, approaching each other very nearly by their circumferences. In the intervals between these wheels are placed two pairs of friction wheels resting immediately on them, as cannon shot are piled upon one another in a magazine, and in the interval between these rests upon their circumferences the large axis of the Mahovos, the huge fly-wheels themselves overhanging the trucks upon the two opposite sides. This pyramidal structure is reduced in height and rendered more stable by giving to the middle pair of running wheels a diameter considerably less than that of their neighbors, and the friction wheels are made of such size as to run close to each other without touching.

The Toronto *Globe* referring to a legal case lately decided in France in which a woman was sentenced to three months imprisonment for trying to corrupt an official says: "If this law were applied in Canada how very soon the two Premier Macdonalds would be locked up." If every breach of the truth and of journalistic decency were punished by imprisonment, the Hon. George Brown would spend the remainder of his days in durance vile.

The London *Advertiser* says: "It is informed that Mr. Sandfield Macdonald has been endeavoring to induce unseated Ministerialists to attend the opening of the Ontario Legislature and vote for the Speakership." The *Globe* started the report and the *Advertiser* repeated it as it is bound to do with all the *Globe's* rhodomontade, but what other confirmation has there been?

A writer in a scientific journal gives the following reasons for disbelieving that the age of our globe is so very great as some geologists would have us believe. It is found that the heat which falls from this sun on to a square foot of the earth's surface exposed to the vertical rays of the sun is equivalent to 83·4 foot pounds per second—or, about seven thousand horse power per second is radiated from every square foot of the sun's surface. If the sun consisted of coal it would be burned up in five thousand years. If—as is scarcely probable—the sun be supposed to have been originally a nubulous mass filling the whole solar system, and an indefinite space beyond it, the total amount of heat produced by the gravitation of the particles into a condensed globe would suffice to maintain the sun's heat for over twenty millions of years, even supposing the particles to be united cold. But, supposing them to be very hot, the heat generated would suffice for more than three times that period. Such a heat could be generated by the collision of two great globes like the sun.

Count Benedetti's pamphlet as to the cause of the late Franco-Prussian war, is about to be followed by the history of Count Palikao's Administration of the War office written by himself. This will certainly be any interesting production.

ST. OCTAVE CORRESPONDENCE.

Since my last letter the weather remained somewhat fine, with little or no frost up to the morning of the 1st November, when the clouds which had been dark, and threatening for a day or two previously, commenced discharging their cold burden, and next day the country was covered with snow to the depth of eighteen inches. In the woods there is a much greater quantity, and the cold north winds are strongly suggestive of winter. On the north shore of the St. Lawrence, I can see the snow gleaming, over the forty miles of dark water.

The ship *Magnolia*, stranded here last month, was hauled off by a large steam tug last Tuesday. Her energetic Captain had made a substantial platform in her hold, and when the hatches thereof were battened down, the vessel floated off. The other ships ashore here however, are not fated to leave these shores, but are condemned to remain here forever. One of these, the *Ologo*, I believe a very fine vessel, and worthy a better fate. The *Princess of Wales*, a large ship lying high and dry opposite my window as I write, has discharged her cargo, and struck her spars; a preparation for long rest. The latter ship came ashore since my last letter, and is simply a confirmation of the opinion therein expressed, that until Little Metis point is properly lighted, such scenes can alone be looked for yearly. Many of these disasters occur, from the proximity of a sailing ship to the shore, urged in by the currents and heavy sea, in thick weather. A sudden change of wind from the north, which almost invariably succeeds easterly gales, leaves the hapless vessels no alternative, but to cast anchor, and endeavor to ride out the storm; but in very few cases is she successful, and her anchors gone, nothing can save her from total, or at least, partial destruction. Now, if a good harbor of refuge existed, the ship thus situated could there obtain shelter, where a light kedge might hold her. Now, if a harbor of refuge is to be constructed, should it not be made in such a portion of the Coast as to be beneficial in such cases, as I have above cited; and I do not think I am wrong when I say, that at no point is such a harbor more required than at Little Metis; while for commerce, safety, and facilities for construction, it is also far ahead of any other on the St. Lawrence.

The great depth of snow threatened must naturally affect the progress of the Intercolonial Railway in this part of the country at least, and I do not think that contractors will work as large a force this winter as last, as it seems now to be an understood fact that winter work cannot be made to pay. Already, most of the contractors have reduced the force to a moiety of what it was a month ago. Quarrying, however, and hauling stones to culverts and bridges will be actively carried on. I do not however, agree with the remarks in a Montreal paper, lately describing the danger of the future route of travel. When the works are complete, I do not think the winter will prove an obstacle to the regular travel of this road. On section 13 part of the work has stopped, but as large a portion as possible will be kept working for a few weeks, that is until the winter has fairly set in. In walking over part of this great section the other day, I was struck with the stupendous nature of the works and could not help thinking, that when in a few years, tourists are whirled through its deep cuttings, and over its lofty banks, they must wonder how human industry and skill could have effected so much, especially in a country where winter lasts eight months out of twelve.

The crops have been good here this season, and are mostly housed; altogether a much more prosperous year is expected than last.

Yours, respectfully,
JOHN R. FERGUSON.
St. Octave, Nov. 6, 1871.

JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE.

(*From the Montreal Gazette.*)

The Ottawa *Citizen* is determined, it would seem, to set an example to the whole Canadian press in the extraordinary despatch with which it can supply the public with reports of distant transactions. In the *Citizen* of the 7th inst., the readers of that journal were favoured with an account of the banquet given *at Quebec* to the Hon. Mr. Langevin, *on the morning of that same day*. It will thus be seen that the *Citizen* has so far outrun the utmost speed of any other journal as to *have* actually published the account, which is also dated at Quebec, long before the event too place! Such enterprise as this has no precedent in the annals of journalism. Nay more, it has distanced by many hours the electric telegraph itself. As if to make the wonder still more wonderful the *Citizen* in which this report appears is dated, on one side at least, Nov. 6th! Really, the *Citizen* staff must have discovered some extraordinary method of taking time by the forelock. Perhaps, however, it would have been more seemly if they had, in this case, taken a little more time.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, or 33 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for
"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"
Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 11.

Hons. Messrs. Mitchell and Howe are in the city.

The steamship *Georgia* cleared this evening for Pictou. This is her last trip of the season. She winters at Quebec.

Another lock was carried away on the Beauharnois Canal. The barge *Energy* from Kingston to Montreal, struck Lock No. 12, tearing it away. Navigation will be stopped two days in consequence.

Rumors in well informed circles state that the Quebec Government is in treaty with the Ontario Government for an amicable settlement of the arbitration difficulties, and that at a recent Conference in Montreal complete initiatory steps were taken in that behalf.

Another Roman Catholic diocese has been constituted in the eastern townships with Sherbrooke as the seat of the new Bishopric.

A number of English sparrows arrived in this city to-day, and were liberated in the various public gardens and the country.

The failure of one of the oldest French newspapers in the city, is reported to-day.

SUNDAY, Nov. 12.

Special sermons were preached in the churches to-day, for the benefit of young men.

Thursday has been appointed by the Metropolitan as Thanksgiving day.

Four cases of small pox are reported to night, and precautions have been ordered to be taken against its spread.

There is heavy frost to night and the snow has nearly all disappeared.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, Nov. 11.

The barque *Seamen*, bound to Glasgow with a cargo of deals, went ashore at the Gut of Canso, in a recent gale, and is expected to be a total loss.

The city marshal is informed by telegram that the cow thief and jail breaker Cook, was captured at Merigonish.

The Y. M. C. Association of this Province have arranged to hold their special annual prayer meeting to-morrow afternoon, in accordance with the decision of the Washington Convention.

The Control Department advertise for tenders for flour and forage for the ensuing year.

Mr. Boyd's lecture last night was a capital affair. Subject: Seeking ones fortune. The hall was crowded and the platform occupied by the boys of the Industrial School and its Committee, to whom the proceeds, two hundred dollars, were handed.

A child of Andrew Gilliats, at Granville, fell into a well and was drowned.

At the stock sale yesterday, bank, insurance, gas and telegraph stocks sold at high prices.

The Governors of Dalhousie College have issued a circular, setting forth the financial condition of the Institution, and inviting contributions to meet the loss occasioned by the removal of the Post Office, and for the proposed improvements in the curriculum.

The Windsor & Annapolis Railroad have purchased the steamers *Scud* and *Express* from Hathaway & Small, of St. John.

Weather cold, with snow falling.

PERTH.

PERTH, Nov. 11.

This morning about two o'clock, the works of the Ontario Tanning Company, located at Christie's Lake, in Bathurst, about ten miles from Perth, caught fire and were burned to the ground. The works were for the purpose of extracting tanning, a preparation used used in tanning leather from hemlock bark and branches. Loss about $20,000, insured for $8,000. The principal shareholders were Hon. A. Morris, Messrs. John Starke, H. D. Shaw, John Hargrave, and James Gray, of Perth, and A. S. Kirkpatrick, M. P., of Kingston.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The Queen's condition has wonderfully improved, and all proposals for a partial regency has been abandoned.

M. Guizot has accepted the position of French Minister to England; Duke de Braglio takes the mission to Austria; Picard, that to Belgium, Fleury, to the United States; and Gaulard, to Italy.

LONDON, Nov. 12.—No information has been received in St. Petersburg from the Russian fleet bearing the Grand Duke Alexis to New York since its departure from Madeira, and a despatch from Hon. A. G. Curtin, United States Minister to Russia to the London agency of the New York Associated Press says the Imperial Court, and the people generally throughout the Empire are in a dreadful state of suspense thereat. News has just reached here from New York, that one of the squadron, the *Abreck*, has arrived at that port and this will go far to quiet the feeling of uncertainty which has prevailed as to the fate of the Russian Prince

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 12.—Information from Corsica is to the effect that all is quiet upon that Island.

The iron clad *Esquadros* still remains in that port.

The French press very generally discuss the recent speech of the English Premier, Gladstone, and deduce therefrom the necessity for France to seek henceforth a Russian alliance.

La France to day says distinctly that the Pope has intimated to Thiers that his intention was to establish a residence in France, and that Thiers made a strong effort to dissuade him of his purpose without success, and has finally placed at his disposal, the Castle Pau.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 12.—Cholera is increasing and many deaths are daily reported.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 12.—The adherents of Zorilla propose on Tuesday next to press a note in the Cortes censuring the Ministry for its course in regard to the International Society.

ITALY.

ROME, Nov. 12.—Duc de Harcourt, French Ambassador, was yesterday received by the Pope and Cardinal Antonelli.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 12.—The Reform Committe appointed in Brooklyn on Tuesday's election frauds, has taken testimony today from a number of witnesses in relation thereto. Its proceedings are secret, but it is known that evidence has been obtained which will lead to the arrest of at least five inspectors of election, and upon which the election in several districts can be set aside. It also appears that the police assisted the repeaters, and that one police sergeant is a notorious repeater.

Judge Benedict, in the U. S. Circuit Court, Brooklyn, to-day, imposed heavy sentences on several counterfeiters. James Quimby, who pleaded guilty of passing counterfeit money was sentenced to five years imprisonment; Wm. H. Rhody, was sentenced to 8 years; and Ernest Kop to two years and six months at hard labor.

The *Evening Post* says; It is now believed on good evidence that Mayor Hall has in his pocket the resignation of Tweed as Commissioner of Public Works, and as a member of the Board of Apportionment.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 11.—The United States and British Claims Commission will meet again on the 14th inst.

QUARANTINE, S. I., Nov. 12.—The Russian clipper *Abreck* Captain Schantz, thirty-two days from Madeira, anchored in the lower bay last night. Captain Shantz says he parted company with the Admiral about twenty seven days ago, and that their arrival here may be expected at any moment. The *Abreck* was boarded by the revenue cutter *Northerner* at seven o'clock this morning.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 11.—J. B. Kimball, of the well known firm of Kimball & Lawrence, died last night of consumption.

The papers report that a company of missionary Mormons are to leave Ogden for the Eastern States, on the 15th.

There is no intelligence from Brigham Young or Orson Hyde.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 12.—The Chinese Consul at Los Angelos is investigating the affairs connected with the late riot. The Chinese property seized at the time of the riot in the name but without the authority of the United States Marshal, has been released to the owners, but none of the money stolen has been returned.

The Wickenburg and Lapase, Arizona, stage, was attacked by about fifty Apache Indians, about fifty miles from the former place. The driver, John Leta, and two passengers with him on the box, were killed at the first fire. Inside were five passengers, three of whom were killed. William K. Ruger and Miss Mallie Sheppard, of Prescott, were wounded, but escaped to Chapparel, and finally reached Wickenburg. The mails and baggage were plundered. One report says the attack was made by highwaymen and not by the Indians. Samsee and the Indian Big Foot, making six thus far of the Sonora County stage robbers, and the murderers have not been captured.

WASHINGTON, NOV. 12.—Accounts from Columbia, S. C., state that twelve more prisoners, charged with Ku-Kluxing, were brought there from Unionville, on Friday night, accompanied by six persons as witnesses. The object of the recent visit of Evarets to Washington was in connection with a business brought before the Tribunal of Arbitration at Geneva. No confirmation has yet been received from Benjamin Curtis as to his acceptance of the tender of appointment as Associated Counsel. A few claims have only been received for presentation to the United States and British Commission which will re-assemble in this city on Tuesday. Mr. Howard, the British agent has been instructed by his Government not to present to the Commission claims of British subjects who have become naturalised citizens of the United States.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—George Botts, the murderer of Peter Holsted, was sentenced to day by Judge Depuis, to be hanged on the 21st December.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 11.—Three highwaymen, belonging to the gang who have repeatedly robbed the stage near Cloverdale, Sonora County, have been arrested. Three more of the same band will be captured.

Forty thousand sheep perished by the recent sand storm in Los Angelos County.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—Prince Chigi Albani, Papal Nunci, had a long interview with Count de Reumsat yesterday. The *Constitutionel* of to-day says they discussed a forthcoming protest of the Pope in which the latter will declare himself sole King of Rome, and announce his determination to hold no official intercourse with any foreign representative at the Court or near the person of Victor Emanuel.

It is stated that Duc D'Harcourt, on his arrival at Rome, will protest against the publication of a portion of the French Ministers confidential correspondence with the Pontifical Secretary.

ITALY.

ROME, Nov. 11.—Prince Humbert will arrive here on the 14th.

The autumn floods of the Tiber have recently done much damage, but the waters are now subsiding.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 11.—The journeymen bakers of Valencia, who have been on a strike for additional wages, attempted to prevent the introduction of workmen and bread from adjoining towns. A body of cavalry, however, dispersed the mob and restored order.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 11.—The Bank of Belgium, to-day, reduced its rate of discount to 4 per cent.

Prince Pierre Bonaparte, notorious for his participation in the assassination of Victor Noir, was married to day at the French Legation in this city to Mlle. Ilfflin.

The *Independence Belge*, in its Paris letter of yesterday, reaffirms the appointment of Jules Ferry as French Ambassador to Washington.

The United States Spanish Commission will proceed to consider the claims brought before it in December. Before this Commission was authorized a large number of claims for spoliations in Cuba were presented to the Department of State. Perhaps not more than nine or ten have so far been presented to the Commission in accordance to the prescribed forms.

Statements were recently made that several Spanish war vessels had left Cuban waters for the vicinity of Port au Prince with the intention of seizing the *Hornet* should that vessel venture out of port. The Government has learned that the statements are untrue, and that the war vessels were sent on a different errand and in another quarter. It is further ascertained that there is only one Spanish man-of-war at or near Port au Prince. The Spanish authorities have already been advised that serious trouble will result should the *Hornet* be seized while she is under the American flag, and especially as it is not known that she has violated the neutrality laws. While it cannot posively be asserted that she is privileged to carry our flag. Her true character, nevertheless, is a question for civil investigation and not to be determined on by the Spanish authorities with the aid of naval force. While the question of the *Hornet* is pending another subject in connection forms the basis of a complaint by the Spanish Government. Not long ago the Spanish Consul at Port au Prince made a demand on the Haytien authorities for the surrender of the *Hornet*, but was refused, our Minister there having uttered a strong protest against it, and also against the Spanish menace. Sometime after these proceedings the Spanish Consul while passing the wharf where the vessel lay was loudly derided by her crew, which is said to consist of about two hundred colored sailors. In consequence of these proceedings the Consul returned to his Consulate, and took down his flag, and the fact of the alleged indignity has been communicated to our Government. Thus the matter now stands with no prospect of immediate settlement.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., Nov. 11.—A fire was discovered this morning at one o'clock, in Fisher & Bros. jewelery store, corner of 8th and Market streets, destroying the square and half of the business portion of the city. The loss is estimated at seventy five thousand dollars, and the insurance is about three thousand dollars. The fire was the work of an incendiary. The city was fired in two other places, but they were extinguished. Fifteen supposed Chicago desperadoes arrived here from Memph is last night, and suspicion points to them. A large number of persons has been arrested for committing robberies.

JACKSON, MASS., Nov. 11.—Sufficient returns were received to indicate with certainty the political compexion of the Legislature. The House of Representatives will have 61 Republicans, 53 Democrats, and 2 Independents. The Senate will have 24 Republicans and 12 Democrats.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Nov. 12.—An accident occurred last Friday on the Northern Missouri Railway, in which two soldiers were killed and thirty one others more or less injured.

ST. LOUIS, MO., Nov. 12.—A horrible murder was commited near Osage Mission, K. S., on the night of the 6th instant. The facts elicited at the Coroner's inquest are as follows: J. P. Flanagan, the perpetrator of the crime, having recently suffered pecuniary losses resolved to despatch himself and family. On the 6th he procured some chloroform. During the night he administered it to his wife and his two little girls, aged two months and two years. About five o'clock in the morning Mrs. Flanagan awoke from the stupor and discovered her husband driving tenpenny nails into the head of one of the children. Flying to rescue her babies she found them expiring from the effects of blows from a hatchet and the nails. She succeeded in disarming her husband, and gave the alarm. Flanagan was taken into custody. A letter was found tacked to the wall of his room addressed to his son and his relatives, in which he states that in consequence of his mind being in such a condition he could not do anything, and had determined to kill himself and family, excepting his son Clarence.

LOUIVILLE, Nov. 12.—This morning a family named Parks was found murdered in their house near Henryville, Indiana. The family consisted of Cyrus M. Parks, his wife Isabelia, his son John, aged 17, and his daughter Ellen, aged 16. The heads of all were terribly beaten and crushed by some blunt instrument.

SATURDAY'S DESPATCHES

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The French Ambassador at Constantinople has protested against the firman according the hereditary sovereignty to the Bey of Tunis.

A new company has been formed to furnish rolling stock for the Atlantic and Great Western Railway. The five million dollars capital stock was subscribed two fold in two days.

DUBLIN, Nov. 10.—Kelly, accused of the murder of High Constable Talbot, has been acquitted after a long and exciting trial. A great demonstration was made by the friends of Kelly in Dublin and Cork, but no disturbance occurred.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 11.—In an interview, President Thiers has authoritatively stated that when the Legislative Assembly meets in the beginning of December, the government will propose to end the Provisional Regime, and establish definitely a republic.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 10.—The Cortes to-night passed a vote of confidence in the existing government. The vote stood 191 yeas to 38 nays. The radical members abstained from voting.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 11.—A great indignation meeting to denounce the Brooklyn Municipal Ring, was held last night at the Brooklyn Academy of Music. The building was crowded from the parquette to the upper gallery. Mayor Kalbfleisch presided. He spoke at great length, proving that a false count of votes had taken place at every recent election, and declared it was necessary to go to the Legislature for a law to require certain qualifications in inspectors of elections. The city government should be changed and commissions abolished. Mr. Tracey said a gang of repeaters went round openly on election day and voted almost in every district and every ward in the city with the connivance of the police. At least ten thousand fraudulent votes were cast in excess of a full vote of the county.

The *World* says, frauds of most brazen complexion were perpetrated in Brooklyn on election day. All honest men seemed powerless in the presence of the bullies who showed their highest regard for the old adage, vote early and vote often, by acting up to it with most persistent fidelity. All over the city indeed, in every election district of Kings County, fraud was rampant.

THE LATE FIELD MARSHAL BURGOYNE.

Alluding to the great soldier's funeral the London *Times* of the 18th ult., says:—

Yesterday was the anniversary—just 17 years ago to the day—that there stood on a mound in a land remote from this, with arms folded and a resolute face, a lithe sinewy old man, watching keenly a scene of a sort which it is not given to many men to see. There lay before him a brilliant city, wide streeted, broad-terraced, with domes and steeples shining in the long ranges of buildings resting on the sea creek, guarded by strong forts, and proud in its array of floating batteries, long lines of crenellated wall, a frowning earthwork, and a white stone tower rising from the covert of its gabioned parapet. From ship and fort, from wall and embrasured defence, redoubt, and tower rolled incessant thunder of cannon, volleying like musketry, and sweeping into a spray of sand and foam of dust the crests of parapets, and riping open the earth with iron teeth. Nearer beneath his eye lay the zigzags and trenches, broken here and there into solid batteries, from which came, increasing in force and power and volume, the answer of our English guns, and, essening in strength and frequency, the reply of our gallant allies. Generals who had seen great service, officers who knew well the import of each incident as it arose, looked at the old man's face and said to each other, "We wonder what Sir John thinks of it. What will Sir John do?" For he was then the presiding mind—the genius of that 17th of October, when the great fact that the Allies must bombard Sebastapol before they could hope to enter it was verified, and no one thought that day of the skill of Generals or the valour of troops, but laid all the stress and anxiety of the moment on the craft of the veteran Engineer. In the trenches, constructed by his care, lay secure the lines of British Infantry, on which he in his turn relied for the consummation of his work, and when at the close of that eventful day the chiefs resolved that no use should be made of their arms and bayonets, the grim old soldier put up his glass and uttered his pithy verdict, "Very well! The more you look at it the less you will like it." And very true it was; true as his instant grasp of the situation when the Allies were ordered to embark, when they had to select a place for landing, when they had to consider how they were to approach the nut, kernel and all, of which they had peeled the husk at the Alma, and when finally they had to sit down before it and hammer all round for the weak place, which he found out at once. He was then an old man. The *Army List* and our columns record his services before he sailed for the Crimea, and there was his last military service in the field.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

A case of chronic rheumatism of unusual severity, cured by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, is noticed by one of our exchanges. A large bunch came out upon the breast of the sufferer, and appeared like part of the breast bone.

SALESMAN WANTED

At the Regent House. Must speak French and English. Apply to
SINCLAIR, STITT & Co.,
Sparks Street.
Ottawa, Oct. 31, 1871 1807 tf

THE QUAKER'S GOLDEN WEDDING.

The snow looks in at the window
In a bold and frolicsome way,
Not lighter the new born snow drifts
Than Ichabod's lock of gray;
Not purer the new-born snow drifts
From worldly taint and sin,
Than the life of Margaret Taylor,
Ichabod's wife, hath been.

'Hither, Margaret, hie thee,
I have a though to tell;
Nay, never mind the shutters,
The night doth please me well.
Margaret, can thee tell me
How many years it is
Since thee and I were married,
On a winter's night like this?

"Think once again, my good wife;
I knew thee never would guess,
The days go by so swiftly
That only are born to bless;
Thy mother-heart will tell thee,
'Tis eight-and-forty years
Since our first-born came to thrill us
With tenderest hopes and fears.

"Yea, Margaret, thee has guessed it;
Full fifty years have sped
So silently and so softly
We scarce have felt their tread;
But, watching the gliding snow-flakes.
The hickory coals, and thee,
The memory of that evening
Comes wandering back to me.

"True, Margaret, we were happy,
Trustful and very glad,
And prouder was I, I fear me,
Than beseemeth a Quaker lad;
Yet, not for the good years vanished,
If the right of choice were given,
Would I change this peace, my darling,
For the pleasures of that even.

"We have had our trials, good wife,
We have shed some bitter tears,
But a sure, dear Hand hath let us
Through all these precious years
He hath kept us long together,
And I've been bold to pray
That our meeting in the New Land
Be a golden wedding day."

The snow looks in at the window
And what do the snow-flakes see
But Quaker Ichabod Taylor
With Margaret on his knee!
The hickory coals in the fire-place
Sleep in their jackets white,
But the love of tried and true heart
Steadly burns to-night.

I. P. B. S.

The Annual General Meeting of the IRISH PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, for the Election of Officers, reception of Annual Reports, and general business will be held on to-morrow (TUESDAY) evening, the 14th inst., in the Temperance Hall, Elgin street, at 8 o'clock, sharp.

A full attendance of all members in the city is earnestly requested.

By order,
THOMAS SPROULE,
Recording Secretary.
Ottawa, Nov. 13, 1871 1819 2

NOTICE.

Mr F WASLEY, Piano Tuner for Messrs A S Nordheimer, of Toronto, is in town, and will be prepared to tune and regulate any Pianos that may be entrusted to him.

Parties wishing to get their instruments tuned will please leave orders with A Petersen, Agent for the above firm, or H & J Gowan, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1819 4

By J. Bermingham.

MILIARY STORES.

For Sale By Auction.

1,000 good White Blankets, 500 good Grey Blankets, 200 Bed Ticks, 500 Linen Sheets, ⅔

Imperial Government Stores to be Sold by Auction.

250 All Wool Horse Rugs, 200 pairs large and ordinary sized Grey Blankets, a consignment from Montreal, damaged, ex ship "Minerve." All to be sold without any reserve.

The subscriber has received instructions to sell the above on

TUESDAY NEXT, the 14th instant,

at the building lately occupied by the Imperial Government and known as the George street Barrack.

The sale will commence at 1 o'clock, p.m., and will be sold in lots to suit purchasers without any reserve whatever.

TERMS—Strictly cash at time of sale.

JAMES BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Nov 13, 1871 1819 t1

MACDONALDS' AUCTION ROOMS.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneer and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, 36, York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819 4m

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 6th day of November, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the authority of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 6, Sec. 4, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the date hereof, the following articles when imported into Canada, or taken out of Warehou

LOCAL NEWS.

VENISON.—There were some very fine looking deer on the market on Saturday for sale.

GOOD SIGN.—Property owners on Mill street, Almonte, are holding vacant lots at $60 per foot front.

Saturday night was very cold and boisterous, but yesterday the sun shone out benignatnly.

THE BOARD OF HIGH SCHOOL Trustees will hold a meeting at 4 o'clock, p.m, tomorrow, in the City Hall.

U. P. B. S.—A meeting of the Unity Protestant Benevolent Society will take place this evening in Gowan's Hall.

JOLLY YOUNGSTERS enjoyed themselves amazingly on Saturday night running the hills with their hand sleghs.

TEMPERANCE.—The Hon. Malcolm Cameron and other temperance advocates, addressed a meeting in the Temperance Hall, Elgin street, yesterday afternoon.

THEFT.—On Saturday morning a woman generally regarded as honest and respectable was detected in the act of stealing about 30 cents worth of sausages. She was let go.

THE MARKET.—Saturday's market was a large one. Meat was in abundant supply, but sold about as at last quotations. Hay was plentiful, and sold at from $11 to 13 per ton.

SLEIGHING.—A few farmers came to market on Saturday with sleighs; we pitty the poor horses that had to draw them home on the bare roads.

Y. M. C. A.—A special meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association took place yesterday afternoon, for the purpose of prayer, in accordance with the decision of the last general Convention that the second Sunday of November be observed as a day of prayer, and thanksgiving for the success attending the efforts of the association.

The progress of general education in England has been very considerably ad of late. The English papers generally admit that the Earl of Derby was guilty of no exaggeration the other day when he said that "no boy of real talent need now be kept back by mere poverty from any chances of distinction."

NEW CHURCH.—We have been informed that the plans and specifications of the St. Andrew's Church, have arrived and will be on view we are told today, at the school room, behind the church. The time for calling in tenders will be made known immediately.

A NOVEL PROCESSION.—A novel procession was seen wending its way into the town of Perth early on Tuesday morning last, composed of about twenty teams, laden with cheese from the Glen Tay Cheese Factory, of the Messrs. Dodds, each waggon containing about thirty cheeses, representing a total value, we suppose, of about $4,000.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—John Amy, Portage du Fort; Henry Usborne, Arnprior; W McDonough, Montreal; A Green, City; D McNaughton, Montreal; D McLaughlin, jr, Arnprior; G B Ferguson, Montreal; G S Page, Kingston; B D McDonnell and Mrs McDonnell, Sorel; Jas R Lowden, Montreal; T Narcisse Cousion, England.

TIMBER MAKING EXTRAORDINARY.—In the week ending 21st October, a gang of timber makers in the *chantier* of M. O'Meara, Esq. Des Joachims, composed of James Cassity and Hugh and James McAuley, scorers, and Walter McDonald and James Grace, hewers, made one hundred and one pieces of white pine timber, of an average of over fifty feet.—*Pembroke Observer.*

POLICE COURT.—Saturday—A liquor case was adjourned until Monday.

Margaret Walsh, an unfortunate creature well known in the annals of the Police Court, wished the magistrate to send her to gaol as she was sick and had no place to rest nor means to procure food. This was not the magistrate's duty and therefore he sent her away.

An assault case was adjourned until Monday.

C. C. R. R. EXTENSION.—The Renfrew *Mercury* says: We understand that the grading on all the sections from Sand Point to Renfrew will be almost entirely completed by the end of this week, and the contractors are consequently beginning to discharge their men; and that the bridges over the gullies are so far advanced that by the end of next week they will be ready for the rails. The track laying is already being proceeded with, some two miles of rails having been laid from Sand Point. We are also informed that by the end of this month the people of the village of Renfrew will hear the whistle of the locomotive.

I. P. B. S.—As will appear by our advertising columns the Annual General Meeting of the Irish Protestant Benevolent Society takes place to-morrow (Tuesday) evening in the Temperance Hall. "Let not thy right hand know what the left hand doeth," has been the motto of this Society, since its formation and the heart of many a widow and orphan has been made glad by the unostentatious charity extended to them by the I. P. B. S. We sincerely hope the Society will continue to flourish in the future as it has done in the past, and that the proceedings of Tuesday evening may place them on a firmer footing if possible than heretofore.

MILITARY.—An extensive sale of white and gray blankets, rugs, sheets, &c., as well as shanty and horse blankets, damaged ex ship *Minerva*, will come off at the George street Barracks, on Tuesday next, at 1 o'clock. Mr. Bermingham instructs us to say that there will be no reserve, as all must be sold. We would therefore advise housekeepers, heads of schools, orphanages, hospitals, and other public institutions, to attend this sale, as it will be the last of such goods this season. It would be charitable in the corporation, (and an act that would meet the hearty approval of the rate-payers), to purchase one or two hundreds of these blankets for distribution among the poor and afflicted of the city, that they may have some covering and protection, in their sickness and and poverty, from the inclemency of the weather.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.—On Saturday evening last the President of this Society, Mr. E. A. Meredith, L. L. D. &c., opened the winter course of lectures by an inaugural address before a large and respectable audience in the Society's rooms. The learned lecturer referred to the progress of the Society and the objects for which it was organized, the dissemination of practical and useful knowledge of a literary and scientific nature. A practical scientific education was becoming indispensibly necessary for the advancement and progress of civilization He referred also to the desirability of establishing schools for the higher education of women. Although Ottawa was in this matter behind Toronto, Montreal and other cities, he had good hopes of being equal with them in a few years. He paid a high tribute of respect to the memony of the late lamented Mr. Bradish Billings a member of the Society, as being one of the most accomplished of naturalists in the Dominion. In referring to the financial condition of the society, he stated that the patron of the society, Lord Lisgar, on hearing that the society were in want of funds, had kindly contributed the sum of fifty dollars, an act of liberality which it was pleasing to record. The president promise an excellent course of lectures, to be delivered by different gentlemen this winter, and it is to be hoped the public will avail themselves of the opportunity of receiving instruction on different subjects. Dr. Hill moved a vote of thanks to the worthy President for his interesting and instructive lecture. Mr. Langton in a few remarks seconded the motion which it is needless to say, was carried unanimously. The chairman Dr. Grant, conveyed the thanks of the audience to Mr. Meredith in a short speech, after which the meeting dispersed.

PRIZE PACKAGE SWINDLERS.

We will not undertake to say whether people should be allowed the opportunity and temptation to squander their money, or whether it is the duty of legislators to provide for the protection of the ignorant, unsophisticated and "green" from the wiles and traps innumerable of unscrupulous and ingenious swindlers. We will be allowed to express our opinion, however, and we certainly think the law should prohibit professional and avowed swindlers, setting up on the market square, or at the corner of the street, and extracting money from the innocent gullibility that congregate about them. These fellows are simply brazen-faced, bold thieves who plunder during the full blaze of day in the most public places instead of prowling about back yards at night. They are a slight improvement on the midnight burglar. They are as bad and as guilty as the forger at all times. For by what means to they succeed in extracting the money from the green one's pockets but by misrepresentation, palpable deception or by leading those about them to believe or suppose that by giving a 50 cts., or whatever it may be, they will be likely to get several times that sum back. They openly tell the people that there are different large sums of money in different prize packages or envelopes, whereas the real fact is, there is not a cent in any of them, or at least if there should be depend upon it, it will never find its way into a poor green horn's pocket. Therefore, we maintain that it is obtaining goods, or cash if you will, on false pretences; they hold out a false hope to inveigle the unsophisticated to try their look. This is the proper view we believe to take of the matter, and if a swindler who plies his trade under the nose of the authorities is to be ignored, it would be just as proper that a person who steals a watch with the knowledge of the authorities should presume upon his bordness for justification. If any portion of a community should be protected, it is the poor and ignorant, and therefore we hope the city authorities will in future prohibit prize package men, &c., the impunity of swindling people, as a blatent genius, and his masculine spouse did during the last week in this city.

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOK!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lad Judith—a tale of two Continents
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co.'s, Ottawa
Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice
Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815tf

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.
JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.
Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky2m

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENRY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGES IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

WANTED,

From now to the 1st of May next a FURNISHED HOUSE, either within, or not far from, the city limits. Address MR. RICE, Russell House. 1811 10

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

WEDNESDAY, 15th NOVEMBER Next,

FOR THE ERECTION OF AN

Agricultural College

in the Township of Etobicoke, County York,

Adjoining the Mimico station of the Great Western Railway, and about six miles from the city of Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department, where printed forms of tender can be had on application.

Tenders to contain the bona fide signatures of two persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.
Department of Public Works, Ontario,
Toronto, Nov. 9th, 1871 1816td

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILL.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.
Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET.

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of. LFRED CASS, L'Orignal.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mount Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,
Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871. y

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov. 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Henry, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Henderson's and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

THE OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of M M Cartier & Dominville, Advocates, in No 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.
Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816ow

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, McKINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Haarlem Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cured bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S N. THOMAS, Phelps, N Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE — *Eclectric* — Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, Oct. 23, 1871 1804 tf

DR. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.
Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1789 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.
" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 23, 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, SMITH & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m, for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS.
President.
Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1871.

L. A. GRISON,

TIMES Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.
Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.
Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE.

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU W

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

ND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," ar ending 5th April, 1871.

		Stg		Stg.
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year		£1,282,222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums Reassured	£ 110,417 16 3
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0		Nota—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 10		Surrenders	7,919 14 4
	£1,282,222 3 2		Annuities	12,232 17 3
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,909 12 9		Commission	9,972 7 6
Consideration for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9		Expenses of Management and all other charges	20,880 7 9
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax	54,725 10 9		Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
		306,715 0 3	Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	34,804 18 9
			Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
		£,1,588 937 3 5	Total	£,1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up £ 75 000 0 0		Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom £	500,688 15
Assurance Fund 1,201 911 9 2		Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Annuity Fund 105,497 12 5		Loans on the Association's Policies (within value).	175,916 19
Total funds as per first Schedule £1,382,409 1 7		INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable 51,621 4 2		In British Government Securities	1,336 15 3
Annuities due, but not applied for 60 11 6		Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14
£1434,090 17 3		Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	229,567 17 8
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 2 4
		House Property	109,159 13 9
		Annuities purchased	25,497 17 4
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	46,535 2 9
		Loans on Personal Security	5,879 10 9
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,575 10 0
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,421 6 0
		Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
		Agents' Balances	50,326 8 8
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 8
		Outstanding Interest	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,967 1 2
		Cash—	
		On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 5	
		On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9	
		In hand 127 2 9	
			77,862 6 11
			£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20 cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual;

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL $10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.
A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Shirts
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa April 11, 1871

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville; valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Original.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship 'Secret,' CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 2 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 2670tf

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY of NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to JONAS AP JONES, Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto, or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.,

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of much very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, this is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be, With great respect, THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis.

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq.—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROCKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN, Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggists in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles $1 00
Pills per Box 25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

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Ottawa May 4, 1871 1657tf

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GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.

EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S

SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

ULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, is the following maladies,

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloureux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

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A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered for sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON, Assistant Commissioner.

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Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, October 27, 1871. 1806tf

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Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS	DUE A.M.	DUE P.M.	DUE P.M.
.....	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8 00	.....	4.20
9,00	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10 00	.....	.....
9,00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	15.00	.....	.....
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9.00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O. R.	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	10,00	.....	.....
9 20	.....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	9.00	.....	1.30
9 30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	8,00	.....	.....
10.30 / 2:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage / Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	8.00	11.00	..... / 7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer: Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6 30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.30	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M

For Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 00 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

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Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

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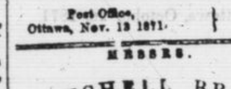
For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m to 4 p.m.

Post Office, Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871. G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

MESSRS.



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Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

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One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

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PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

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He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

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A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

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Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

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NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours, CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE, cumbent of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information. C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex-st, Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & Co

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N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

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SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
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Open Cylinders $30 each.

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Ottawa, sept. 14, 1871 36w

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Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

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N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1736tf

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MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

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MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

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Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which may not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.

May 1, 1871

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Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

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November 30, 1870 1527y

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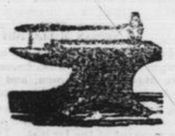

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Do do do Cast do
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Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
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Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

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Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROFHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT, Bridport, Dorset, England.

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September 26, 1871. 29 6m

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D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

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EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

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The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1820. OTTAWA, TUESDAY NOVEMBER 14 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

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Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Destillery under five barrels.

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Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

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Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

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ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the commercial travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commerce Emporium of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interest by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.,

Have Receivd

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
" Cotton Hosiery,
" Dress Prints,
" Indian Gray Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expect
1 case Locos,
1 " Bonnet Satins,
1 " Trimmed Hats
1 " Corsets, assrtd
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 bale Hessians,
1 case Linen Drill

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Gentlemen Tweeds
" Union Tweeds
1 " Satinet,
" Wadding.

D M SILLS'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, Oct 19, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he has received his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Off Block.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and Low Prices.

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Post Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident whatever.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,

Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1871. 181

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Toronto, November 1st, 1871.

NOTICE

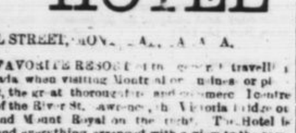
Is hereby given, that the Lots, No. 28, 8th Concession (59 acres), No. 27, (82 acres), and No. 28 (100 acres), in the 9th Concession, in the TOWNSHIP OF STISTED, in the DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA, 241 acres, with a Mill Site thereon, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Department of Crown Lands, AT NOON, ON THE TWENTY-THIRD OF THIS MONTH, the Department reserving to itself the right to make one bid.

CONDITIONS:—One half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest.

The purchaser to erect within one year from the date of sale a good Saw Mill, with one Circular Saw, of sufficient capacity to cut 8,000 feet of boards per day; and, within two years, a Grist Mill, capable of manufacturing a sufficient quantity of good flour, to meet the requirements of settlers, the purchaser to have the right to the Timber on the land for the use of his Mill only.

The patent not to issue until two years after the date of sale, and the conditions have been complied with

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
1813td. *Assistant Commissioner.*



OTTAWA AND RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Mondays and Fridays at 1:30 p m, arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

H. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as a unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,
and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Hardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or

H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

38 INY SIMEON LEBEAU Agent.

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m, and at Sand Point at 8:15 p m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p m 7:35 p m, and 8:15 p m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a m, 10 a m, and 3:45 p m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst, Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains of the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6 30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M, every Morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 10 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 6 50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Secure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

S. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Removal of Snow," will be received at this office until Friday next, the 17th inst., at noon, for the removal of the Snow, &c. from the Walks and around the Public Buildings, Ottawa.

Specifications can be seen at this office, where other information can also be had.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871. 1819 3

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 6th day of November, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the authority of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 6, Sec. 4, entituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the date hereof, the following articles when imported into Canada, or taken out of Warehouse for consumption therein—that is to say: "Spirits and Strong Waters, mixed with any ingredient or ingredients, and although thereby coming under the denomination of Proprietary Medicines, Tinctures, Essences, Extracts or any other denomination, shall be, and they are hereby declared to be chargeable with the duty imposed by the 3rd Section of the Act 33 Vic., Cap. 9, and with no other Customs duty.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

Ottawa, Nov. 13, 1871. 1819 3

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ½ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to

DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.

or to MOS GROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817delawim

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN,
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.

Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal, Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling suppeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 6, 1871 1800y.

SILVERSMITHS SOAP
NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS-PAPER &
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172. BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about ....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....26th "
ST. ANDREW " ..... 2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES .....J Barnes, do.
NIGER.....W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN..... " 19th "
MEDWAY..... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES..... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such treets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Silly Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. } 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Holcombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Balliff,
Agent,
TIMES Office, Ottawa.

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1792 1y

WHERE FAMILIAR QUOTATIONS COME FROM.

"There is death in the pot," is from the Bible—2 Kings, iv. 40.

"Lovely and pleasantin their lives, and in their death they are not divided," is spoken of Saul and Jonathan—2 Samuel i. 23.

"A man after his eye,"—Deut. xix 21.

"A still, small voice,"—1 Kings xix 12.

"Escaped with the skin of my teeth"—Job xxi. 20.

"That mine adversary had written a book,"—Job xxi. 35.

"Spreading himself like a green bay tree,"—Psalm xxxvi. 15.

"Hanged our harp upon the willow,"—Psalms cxxxvii. 2.

"Riches certainly make (not *take*, as it is often quoted) themselves wings,"—Proverbs xxiii.

"Heap coals of fire upon his head,"Ibid. xx. 32.

"No new thing under the sun,"—Ecclesiates i. 9.

"Of making many books there is no end,"—Ibid. xii. 12.

"Peace, peace, when there is no peace" made famous by P. Henry—Jeremiah viii 11.

"My name is Legion"—Mark v 9.

"To kick against the pricks"—Acts ix 2.

"Make a virtue of necessity" Shakespeare's *Two Gentlmen of Verona.*

"All that glitters is not gold"—*Merchant of Venice.*

"Screw up your courage to the sticking place," not *point*—*Macbeth.*

"Make assurance doubly sure"—Ibid.

"Hang your banners upon the outward wall"—Ibid.

"Keep the word of promise to our (not *the*) ear, but break it to our hope"—Ibid.

"It's an ill will turns no good," usually quoted, "It's an ill wind blows no one any good"—T. Tasser.

"Christmas comes but once a year"—Ibid.

"Look before you leap"—Ibid, —and "Look before you leap"—*Hudibras*—commonly quoted "Look before you leap."

"Out of mind as soon as out of sight," usually quoted, "Out of sight out of mind"—Lord Brooke.

"What though the field be lost, all is not lost"—Milton.

"Awake, arise, or be for ever fallen."—Ibid.

"Necessity the tyrant's plea"—Ibid.

"Peace hath her victories"—Ibid.

Though this may be play to you 'tis death to us"—Roger l'Estrange, 1704.

"All cry, and no wool"—not "little wool"—Hudibras.

"Count their chickens ere (not 'before') they are hatched"—Ibid.

"Though thick and thin"—Dryden.

"When Greek join Greek, then was the tun of war," usually quoted, "When Greek meets Greek, then comes the tug of war"—Nathaniel Lee, 1692.

"Of two evils, I have chosen the least"—Prior.

"Richard is himself again"—Colley Cibber.

"Classic ground"—Addison.

"A good hater"—Johnsen.

"My name is Norval"—John Hume, 1808.

"Ask me no questions, and I'll tell you no fibs"—Goldsmith.

"Not much the worse for wear"—"not none the worse"—Cowper.

"What will Mrs. Grundy say"—Thomas Morton.

"No pent up Utica contracts our power"—Jonathan Sewell.

"Hath given hostage to fortune"—Bacon.

"His (God's) image cut in ebony"—Thos. Fuller.

"Wise and masterly inactivity"—Mackintosh, in 1791, though generally attributed to John Randolph.

"First in war first in peace, and first in the hearts of his fellow citizens" "not countrymen"—Resolutions presented to to the House of Representatives, December, 1870, prepared by Gen. Henry Lee.

"Millions for defence, but not one cent for tribute"—Charles G. Pickney.

"The Almighty dollar"—Washington Irving.

"As good as a play," King Charles when in Parliament attending the discussion of Lord Ross' Divorce Bill.

"Selling a bargain" is in *Love's Labor Lost.*

"Fast and loose," "Go snacks,"—Pope's Prologue to Satires.

"In the wrong box"—"Fox's Martyrs."

"To lam"—(in the sense to beat) "King and no king," by Beaumont and Fletcher.

The hackneyed newspaper Latin quotation "Tempora mutantur, et nos mutamur in illis," is not found in any classic or Latin author. The nearest approach to it was, "Omni mutantur"

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

S. H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

New Establishment—Oliver Cote
Agents Wanted—Schuyler Smith
Proclamation—John Rochester
Honey for sale
Social Assembly of No 1 Fire Company
Tenders wanted for Residence and Saloon
New Book List
Furniture for sale

The Ottawa Times.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 14, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Hon. Mr. Mitchell has returned.

Sir F. Hincks arrived here last evening.

Hon. Mr. Tilley went to Montreal yesterday, intending to return on Wednesday.

We are glad to annouce that Sir John Macdonald, who has for some days been suffering from an attack of quinsy, is now much better and rapidly progressing towards complete recovery.

THE RED RIVER EXPEDITION.

We have within the last day or two had an opportunity of reading a number of letters from various members of the North West expeditionary force, all of which confirm the opinion we have before ventured to express viz., that the Militia Department deserve much credit, not only for the energy which they have displayed, but also for the forethought which induced them to make provision against any and all possible obstacles and dangers. We must not, however, while according the praise which we think is only justly due to the Militia Department, forget also to recognise the excellent spirit which has been displayed by the officers and men of the force. The difficulties with which they have had to contend have not been slight, nor have the hardships they have borne been by any means trifling. Winter appears to have set in earlier than usual in the Lake region of the North West, so that what with the cold temperature, tramping through snow and ice, and dragging the boats over the portages, the gallant little band have not had by any means an easy road to travel. Among the other letters we have read is one from Mr. William Aumond, of this city, who writes in good spirits and speaks very favorably of the progress of the expedition. He says that they expected to reach the North West angle of the Lake of the Woods on or about the 10th instant, and the distance from there to Fort Garry would probably be performed in two or three days. We learn that very much credit is due to young Mr. Burton, son of Mr. Burton, M. P., of Port Hope, for the energy and industry he has displayed in pushing the men through, and, as we said before, we believe that every one connected with the expedition, from Sir G. Cartier down to the buglers, has "worked with a will" and is entitled to credit.

"THE MERRY MAIDS OF ENGLAND."

Certain English journals never seem to be happy unless they are bringing charges of some kind against Englishmen or Englishwomen, and inviting the world generally to believe that the race has become desperately demoralized, and in all respects contemptible. We have seen the *Saturday Review* and the London *Telegraph* coming out from time to time with articles concerning Englishwomen, the apparent object of which has been to prove that a virtuous and refined lady was the exception rather than the rule among the mothers and daughters of the Old Land. The last charge brought against them is that they are all drinking themselves drunk with chloral! We do not for a moment believe that there is any real foundation for these attacks upon English womanhood. Because *Anonyma* may drive her ponies up and down the row and court the public gaze, we are not to believe that all English girls of this our period are like her in mind, or that they are desirous of imitating her manners. Nor does it follow because one or two nervous worn out ladies of fashion, may be in the habit of overdosing themselves with ether or chloral, that all the women of England do the same. The writers of the articles in question are probably discontented old bachelors, and they ought to remain so, as they are evidently incapable of appreciating either the virtue or the beauty of the "merry maids of England."

Among the many good results which have sprung from the Treaty of Washington, may be counted the fact that President Grant at once telegraphed permission for Canada to send troops to Manitoba by way of the Sault Ste. Marie canal.

The Fenian chieftain, O'Donavan Rossa, no doubt thought when he came to New York that as a liberated convict who was disposed to hurl opprobrious epithets at the British Lion, he would be considered an unusually eligible candidate for the State Assembly. But not only did the citizens of New York refuse to have anything to do with him, but when he attempted to cast his vote against Tammany, some of his Fenian associates had him arrested and called him "a good for nothing Irish loafer."

Brantford must be going ahead, and we hail the signs of its increasing prosperity with pleasure. We have already alluded to the fact that the *Courier* is published as a daily paper, and now we find that a second well edited and lively looking journal called the *Daily News* has been started there by Messrs. J. T. Kerby and Co. We wish it success, and trust that its hopeful predictions as to the future of Brantford may be fully realized.

The Toronto *Leader* appears to be surprised at the outrageous attack made upon our respected friend Mr. Coffin of the Ordnance Department, by the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe*. The *Leader* says that the charge brought against Mr. Coffin by that person is "an unmitigated lie." Of course it is. But why is the *Leader* surprised at this? Is it not aware that three fourths of what the correspondent in question sends to his paper might with equal propriety be thus characterized?

Yesterday we received a letter from a gentleman in Toronto, from which we learn that the prompt action of the Government with regard to the Welland Canal matter, and their evident determination to remedy any evils which may have existed, have won for them a host of friends in the West.

Stephen Pearl Andrews states clearly enough that "the Absolutoid and Abstractoid Elementismus of Being, echoes or reappears by Analogy, within the Relatoid and Concretoid Elaborismus." Does anyone dare to deny the assertion?

A fearful panic appears to have spread throughout the ranks of the Democratic party in the United States. In the crushing defeat which Tammany has received the Democrats in other States and Cities see an indication of their own approaching fate. Even Detroit which has elected a Democratic city Government for the last twenty years has now elected a Republican Mayor by a majority of 1,200. Not only have the iniquities of the members of the Tammany ring ruined Democracy in New York but they have made the very name of Democracy a by word and a shame.

France has to pay Germany the sum of 650 millions of francs between now and the 1st of May next. A nice little sum.

From reliable sources we learn that 504 lives were lost in the late Wisconsin fires and the amount of damage done to property may be fairly estimated at upwards of $3,000,000.

The inhabitants of several islands on the coast of Alaska, not liking American rule, are petitioning the Prussian Government to take them back and allow them to become subjects of the Czar once more.

Mr. Beecher has written a long letter to Mr. Bonner of the *Ledger* to prove that "legs are a mistake," that in point of fact a man with wooden legs is better off than one with flesh and blood legs, inasmuch as the former defy all sensibility, all fatigue, all bruising, wetting, aches, and all pains. If Mr. Beecher believes this why does he not carry his theory into practice, have his legs amputated and sport a well made pair of artificial limbs?

The "ration" furnished each day by the Chicago Relief Committee for three persons consists of a peck of potatoes, three pounds of pork, one pound of sugar, one pound of cheese, three loaves of bread, one pound of crackers, one bar of soap, one cabbage and two quarts of onions.

We learn that a special dispatch from Washington intimates that the forthcoming decision of the test case on woman's suffrage made up in the District of Columbia will recognize the fact that women are entitled to vote under the Fourteenth Amendment, and that it only needs Congressional legislation to point out how this privilege can be made available in order to have it secured to American women.

Dr. Farr of the British Registry Office says that more people die annually in the United Kingdom from over eating than from over drinking. In Canada we believe however that the contrary is the case, Canadian whiskey being more fatal in its effects than the juice of John Barleycorn.

"Boss" Tweed has left New York for England and has no doubt taken with him some of the many million dollars he has stolen.

Year by year there appears to be a greater dislike to enforcing the death penalty in England, and our impression is that before many years have elapsed Calcraft's occupation will be gone. We notice that last year, although there were one hundred and one persons convicted of murder in England, only six were hanged. As the halter goes out of fashion the lash seems to be growing in popularity, for no less than 659 persons were flogged for various offences last year.

The English papers announce the death of Sir Henry B. Harington, K. C. S. J., a near relative of the Deputy Receiver General. The deceased gentleman was, born in the year 1808, entered the Indian army at an early age and served for many years with much distinction. In recognition of his distinguished services, he, in 1866, received the Order of the Star of India. During the troublous times of 1858, Sir Henry Harington was one of Lord Canning's chief advisers. He died quite suddenly of heart disease at his residence in Hyde Park, London.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

The Mayor has issued a proclamation calling upon the people to observe Thursday next as a holiday. The following is the Lieutenant Governor's proclamation, published in the Ontario *Gazette*:

VICTORIA by the Grace of God, &c.

"Know ye, that taking into our consideration the duty which our loving subjects of our Province of Ontario owe to Almighty God for the manifold blessings which they have received at His hands, and specially for the abundant harvest and the continuance of peace with which He has blessed our said Province during the present year, we have thought fit, by the advice of our Executive Council for our said Province, to appoint, and we do, by this our Royal Proclamation, appoint Thursday, the sixteenth day of November instant, as a day of general thanksgiving to Almighty God for these His mercies, and we do earnestly exhort all our loving subjects in our said Province to observe reverentially and devoutly the said Day of Thanksgiving."

JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE.

(*From La Minerve.*)

The Ottawa *Citizen* is just now a great source of amusement to its English *confreres*. The evening edition of this paper of 7th November contained a rather detailed report of the banquet given to Hon. Mr. Langevin at Quebec, which, however, took place only during the night of the same day. This is what they call journalistic enterprise!

A case of chronic rheumatism of unusual severity, cured by Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, is noticed by one of our exchanges. A large bunch came out upon the breast of the sufferer, and appeared like a part of the breast bone.

THE SMALL POX HOSPITAL.

To the Editor of THE TIMES.

SIR,—This afternoon a number of old and respectable residents of Ottawa Ward, showed me a petition, in course of signature, against the construction of a small pox hospital at the foot of Cathcart street. The petition is addressed to the Corporation of the City of Ottawa. These gentlemen also requested me, with the view of taking time by the forelock, to address you a few lines explaining the action being taken, and to request that the Board of Health will not take any steps towards the erection of the said hospital until the petition in question is brought before the City Council at its next meeting. For my own part, acquainted with the locality proposed for the construction of this hospital as I am, I have no hesitation in pronouncing the measure rather questionable, as a sanitary one. In close proximity to a thickly populated district is certainly not the proper place for the erection of an hospital for the reception of patients afflicted with contagious diseases. An isolated location is assuredly the proper one for such an institution; and, there can be little doubt, should the Corporation refuse the prayer of the people of Ottawa Ward, set forth in the petition in question, that public sentiment—largely preponderating—will come to their assistance, and save them from the contemplated danger of a small pox hospital in their midst.

Your obt. servt.,

W. H. WALLER.

Nov. 13th, 1871.

DOMINION NOTES

On Friday last a destructive fire occurred at Ancaster, four dwelling houses and a barn belonging to Mr. Thurresson being destroyed.

We regret to hear of the suicide of Mr. James C. Nellis of Caledonia. No reason can be assigned other than insanity for the commission of the rash act. He was a son of Colonel Nelles, a U. E. Loyalist, and companion in arms of Brant.

His Excellency the Governor General of Canada has been pleased to appoint the following gentlemen Senators from British Columbia, viz:—Dr. Helmckem, Mr. Carrall. Mr. Cornwall—an English gentleman farmer settled in British Columbia for some years.

The famous Lydia Thompson Burlesque Troupe (the blondes) are in Western Canada, and will probably visit us here.

The seats of the following gentlemen will be contested:—Drs. Lavalle and Robertson, and Messrs. DeBeaugeau, Trudel, and Holton.

An agency of Molson's Bank is to be opened in Toronto, Mr. R. J. Dallas, formerly of the Bank of Commerce is to be manager.

The Hamilton *Spectator* announces that the net proceeds of a recent Roman Catholic Bazaar in that city, was the handsome sum of $4,755. The money received at the door for entrance fees were sufficient to pay all expenses connected with the bazaar.

The erection of an ice house in Kingston has been stopped on account of its close proximity to the powder magazine!

The Rev. Mr. Tilley, of St. John N. B., a son of the Hon. Mr. Tilley, Minister of Customs, has been offered, and will probably accept, the post of Assistant Minister of St. Paul's Cathedral, London, Ont.

The Dominion Government are about to connect Canada with the Storm Signal system of the United States. Meteorological Stations are to be established at Montreal, Kingston, Port Stanley, Toronto, Goderich, Collingwood, Halifax, St. John, and Quebec. At Ottawa, under the charge of the Marine and Fisheries Department, will be opened an office, not for the taking of observations, but for exhibiting the system.

James Kerby, the builder of the Kerby House, Brantford, for several years a resident of Chicago, lost his all in the great fire, and only saved his own and his daughter's life by wading into the lake.

Several new lighthouses have been set in working order on the Lower St. Lawrence the last few weeks, very much to the benefit of the navigation.

Last Friday, an old gentleman named McKee, resident of Wallace, was instantly killed by being caught and whirled rapidly around by the tumbling shaft of a threshing machine.

The St. John *Telegraph* says:—Persons in Fredericton and St. John, who profess to know, assert with confidence that the census of New Brunswick will not show a population of more than 270,000!

The Government have appointed a board of examiners, of Quebec, of masters and mates of vessels, under the recent Act of Parliament.

The following gentlemen compose the board:—Capt. Scott, R. N., Chairman; Commander Ashe, R. N.; Capt Gourdeau S.S. *Napoleon III.*; and Capt. Marmen S. S. *Druid*.

Brantford will celebrate the opening of the Harrisburg branch of the Great Western Railway on the 15th inst. The Grand Trunk workshops will also be opened on the same day.

The Government dredging of Pigeon river is being prosecuted with vigor. The hitherto unutilized waters of this natural outlet to the immense timber interests to the north will afford unimpeded navigation south to Omemee in the spring.

Stephen Michel, of Trenton, who murdered with a pick axe, whilst under the influence of liquor, Michael St. Pierre, has been found guilty of manslaughter, and sentenced to two years in the Kingston Penitentiary.

Dunn and his associates, charged with the murder of the missing man, Secord, tried on Monday, at Ingersoll, and acquitted, as nothing definite could be proven against them.

The fur of the silver fox is very much used for trimming on velvet cloaks and costumes and is very handsome and stylish

The Perth *Courier* mentions the following "on dit:" Rumor saith that the Canada Central and Brockville and Ottawa Railways from Ottawa to Sand Point, and the extension of the former to Renfrew, have been leased to Sir Hugh Allan of Ravenscraig, in the interests of the railway projected between Montreal and Ottawa.

On and after the 13th of November a train will be run from Bangor to St. John over the E. & N. A. Railway in the night, starting on the arrival of the Maine Central train from the West. The way or local mails will be carried on the night trains, while the through trains will be taken on both day and night trains.

Bismark advises the German Parliament to put the Emperor in a position to act on the defensive or offensive.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 93 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 13.

Hon. Mr. Holton returned to Quebec to-night.

Thirteen vessels cleared for sea since last night. There are sixty vessels, taking all sizes, now in port. These include some fine Allan steamships, viz: the *Caspian*, *Corinthian*, *Germany*, *Nestorian*, and *St. David*.

James Johnson, employed in Kyte, Higgins & Co's., printers, had two fingers torn off on Saturday by carelessly handling a press, his hand being dragged between the rollers.

James Lawtan, engineer of the steamship *Tagus*, fell overboard last night in the harbour and was drowned. The inquest which was held to-day rendered a verdict of accidental death.

A lady was robbed of $25 on Saturday morning while returning from market above Beaver Hall Hill. Thieves infest this fashionable quarter now to an alarming extent. Commencing with the Gault outrage highway robberies occur at intervals owing to the total absence of police in this quarter.

A foot race between Kerenonwe and Isaacson for $100, which was run on Saturday and declared a foul, was re-run this afternoon and won by the latter after a close contest.

The committee of the Y. M. C. A. have secured possession of a site for their new building after much difficulty, and work will be commenced forthwith.

Fourteen hundred dollars were contributed at the morning service yesterday in the Unitarian Church of the Messiah for rebuilding the burnt churches in Chicago.

A barge of flour struck the Wellington Bridge over the canal yesterday morning and sunk, seriously obstructing traffic.

Bank stocks on Saturday were again firm, with good demand, the principal transactions being in the Bank of Montreal stock at 244½ to 245; Ontario bank, 113½ to 112; Merchant's bank, 133½. Bank of Commerce, 129½ to 130 and 130½. The market opened to-day firm, but scarcely as strong as on Saturday. Bank of Montreal, quoted at 244 to 245½ without sales; Ontario Bank has sold at 114½, and is procurable at higher rates. City Bank, weak, with sellers at 184; Toronto Bank offering at 192; Merchants Bank changed hands at 134, and the Bank of Commerce 131, the former closing with buyers and latter with sellers at these rates, few shares; Metropolitan Bank brought 106; demand for Jacques Cartier at 116, Eastern Townships at 117; and Quebec 116 but no sellers in the market. In Mining stock buyers of Montreal Mining Consols at 150, and Huron Copper Bays at 30. In Railway stocks a small small sale of Champlain old sold to-day at 30. In the general list the buying quotations of last week were all well sustained, holders in no one case to-day meeting buyers' views. Government bonds are in demand, but sellers only of 5 per cents sterling and for these 99 is asked; city stock, 7 per cent is heavy at 115 and 6 per cent at 102; City and Water Works are offered at 98 with buyers 97 sterling; Exchange strong at 108¾ to 108¾. Gold drafts selling at par.

HALIFAX.

HALIFAX, Nov. 13.

The arbitrators in the matter of the new Provincial Building concluded their duties on Saturday night. They have awarded us the amount due to this Province $70,000, and interest $10,000.

The *Reporter* says that the additional four thousand dollars, the sum claimed being $66,000, was allowed in consequence of the Museum requiring to be removed, so that none other than strictly Dominion offices shall be located in the building. The Local Government will now have to hunt up or insert a new demand, perhaps the impeachment of Dr. Tupper.

The arrivals of vessels at Halifax to-day foot up to 92.

Fourteen inches of snow fell at Canso on Saturday.

Another Centenarian, Mrs. Ammerton, of Dartsmouth, died to day.

C. O'Kell Smith, of Shenemica, has been committed to jail at Amherst to wait his trial for attempting to shoot his son. The body of a man named Peter Walsh, was found in the water near the market wharf to day. He was seen on the street yesterday and is supposed to have fallen in through the wharf being repaired.

Three sudden deaths occurred here yesterday, Thomas Houleham Mrs Fendon and J. Ferres. They were all at their customary employments on Saturday.

Three men at O'Land's brewery, Dartmouth, had a miraculous escape from death on Saturday night. They under took to clean out a large tun which had just been emptied, and had scarcely reached the bottom before they became exhausted from the effects of the carbonic acid. Their situation was accidently observed, and they were got out just in time to save their lives.

The Y M C A annual prayer meeting at in the Temperance Hall, on Saturday afternoon was a very impressive meeting, attended by a great number of people of all denominations.

Weather fine. Snow all gone.

COLLINGWOOD.

COLLINGWOOD, Nov 13.

The steamer *Manitoba* arrived from Fort William, Lake Superior, last night between 11 and 12 o'clock. She brought down one hundred and twenty passengers, two hundred packages of fish, and eighty three barrels of cranberries, besides a lot of other freight. She reports fair weather on Lake Superior. The *Manitoba* leaves after the arrival of the night train to morrow. This will be her last trip to Lake Superior. She is to be laid up at Owen Sound.

PORT ROWAN.

PORT ROWAN, Nov. 13.

The Brig *Saxon*, of Oswego, went ashore on Friday night two miles south west of Long Point light. She was loaded with block stone from Toledo. The vessel is a total loss, but the crew are all saved.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—The city of Bristol has contributed £2,000 for the relief of Chicago.

A fearful explosion of gas occurred today at Leeds. One or two persons were killed and several badly injured.

Pigott, proprietor of the Dublin *Irishman*, has been sentenced to imprisonment for 6 months for publishing articles of an inflammatory nature during the trial of Kelly for the alleged murder of Constable Talbot.

CORK, Nov. 13.—The friends of Kelly, acquitted in Dublin on Friday of the murder of Head Constable Talbot, paraded the streets of this city yesterday, and made other demonstrations in honor of the event. The proceedings were orderly, and no attempt was made by the police to interfere with the procession.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov 13.—Courts Martial are rapidly disposing of the Communist prisoners. Of the accused who have so far been tried, 10,645 have been discharged and 773 convicted and sentenced to various degrees of punishment.

Count Keratry has been appointed Prefect of Marseilles.

Gambetta has completely recovered from his serious attack of illness, and will soon visit Marseilles, Bordeaux and Lyons.

HOLLAND.

The ship *Escort*, from New York, took fire and was destroyed at Antwerp yesterday. The *Escort* was 1,366 tons, built at Georgetown, M. E., and was owned by J. J. Stuart.

SWITZERLAND.

GENEVA, EVE., Nov. 13.—A fire which broke out in this city this morning, continues to night without abatment. The Rue Chone, in which, flames originated, is a scene, a large number of buildings there having fallen victims to the devouring element.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—The Executive Committee of the Evangelical Alliance met at the Bible House this morning. They adopted the report of the Russian deputation, and resolved to give the deputation a public reception after the arrival of the Grand Duke Alexis. They also appointed a committee to consider the expediency of inviting all the allies to hold its next general conference in this country in 1873.

Dr. Reel, the Deputy Health Officer, makes the startling announcement that the German steamer *Franklin* arrived in port with 40 cases of cholera. The steamer stopped at Halifax on her way for water, having 700 emigrants on board. Inquiry was instituted here, and it was ascertained, 28 persons died on the passage from diarrhœa. She was 27 days on the passage and got short of fresh water. The passengers drank water half salt and half fresh. This was the cause of sickness. Strict quarantine has been enforced. Most of the cases serious, and further deaths are probable.

Twenty six patients suffering from cholera were sent from the *Franklin* to the West Bank hospital. The passengers not afflicted were also transferred to the U. S. steamer *Delaware*, lately fitted up as receiving ship by the quarantine authorities.

The *Franklin*, after the transfer of passengers, was ordered to the lower quarantine where she will be thoroughly disinfected.

BALTIMORE, Nov 13—In the U. S. District Court to day the case of Jona W Field (Coloured) against the Baltimore City Passenger Railway, to recover damages in $25,000 was concluded. The plaintiff was ejected from the car of the company. Judge Bond instructed the jury if they found that Field was ejected from the car on account of his color and for no other reason he was entitled to recover damages. A verdict was rendered for plaintiff awarding him $40 damages. In consequence of this decision negroes are now admitted into all the street cars in the city.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 13.—A rich discovery of quicksilver has been made in Monterey Co.

NEW HEVEN, CONN., Nov. 13.—The trial of Mrs. Sherman for murder of her husband appointed for to-murrow has been postponed to the last Tuesday in December. Her Counsel will offer the plea of insanity in her favor—woman suspected of poisoning Sherman, two of his children, two previous husbands and four of her children by Edward Struck.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—A special to the *World* from London says a formidable plot of the Bonapartist generals headed by Fleury to arrest Thiers and proclaim the Empire, has been discovered. The papers of the conspirators are in possession of Thiers, who is confident of the failure of the conspiracy.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

UNITED STATES.

BUFFALO, Nov. 13.—The contest at pigeon shooting between Rogardus of Chicago, and Ward of Toronto, on Saturday, was won by the former, by a score of 85 to 80 birds.

POTTSVILLE, PA., Nov. 12.—Yesterday while three children in quest of coal at Minersville, wandered into an abandoned mine, and being there only a short time when several portions of the gangway in which they were gathering coal, caved in on them, and suffocated all in a few minutes.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 13.—At a signal station on the summit of Mount Washington, last evening the wind was blowing sixty miles an hour from the north, with the thermometer at fifteen degrees above zero, and a light snow falling.

There was quite a frost at Louisville, Ky., last night.

Aurora Borealis was reported to being seen at 12:45 a.m., from Rochester, N. Y., and a small number of meteors were also observed.

The Observatory at Chicago reports that an unusual number of meteors were seen there.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—Arrived, the steamship *Batavia* from Liverpool.

Mr. Beecher last night lashed with unsparing hand on political Corruptionists generally, and those of Brooklyn in particular.

The United States sloop of war *Wabash*, on which General Sherman, Lieutenant Grant, and Colonel Andlenreid, are to depart for their European tour, has not yet arrived. General Sherman says in reference to this trip, that he goes abroad in no official capacity, takes no pay whatever, and unless required before, will return in April. He has never been to Europe, and considers the present a good opportunity. He and Lieutenant Grant will be guests. He says Lieutenant Grant and himself pay their own way.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

NEWS GLEANINGS

Chicago is itself again. The first divorce since the fire has been recorded, and the parties name is Chaffee.

In the Cherokee Territory the youth have to practice firing at pennies in the air until they become perfect marksmen.

The police of Vienna have notified the newspapers that the publication of matrimonial advertisements must be stopped.

The Mormons are making love to their first wives.

Somebody says Americans are the greatest tea drinkers in the world.

One hundred and twenty-five school teachers lost their places by the Chicago fire.

"Very good, but rather pointed," as the codfish said when he swallowed the bait.

Prussian ladies now use orange color underneath their eyes.

The trial of the notoorius Mrs. Wharton, charged with the poisoning of General Ketchum and others, is definitely fixed to take place on the 4th of December next. It is generally considered that the array of legal ability on both sides is formidable, and yet it is understood that additional prominent counsel will be engaged to assist the prosecution.

George Alfred Townsend says that not five per cent of the young ladies who sojourned at Cape May "would fill the measure of a strong man's arms." It is evident that George has a weakness for something that is "fat, fair and forty."

A speaker at the Pittsburgh Woman Suffrage Association remarked that "man is only an imperfectly developed woman.'

Rochefort is writing What He Knows about Napoleon. Now let us hear what Napoleon knows about Rochefort.

The fortune of the Princess de Metternich—between whom and her husband, Prince de Metternich, the Austrian Ambassador to France, a divorce is now pending—is appraised at sixteen million florins. The Prince's own fortune, which was very large, is nearly all gone, it having mostly been spent during his twelve years' residence in Paris as Austrian Ambassador under the Empire. A great part of it was expended in the lavish profusion of the Princess de Metternich while seeking to rival the Empress Eugenie as leader of fashion in the French Capital.

Letters received in Birmingham from Mr. Bright give an encouraging account of the right hon. gentleman's health. It is not, however, considered probable that Mr. Bright will address his constituents this winter.

The *Glasgow Citizen* learns that the Conservatives intend to nominate Mr. Disraeli for the Lord Rectorship of Glasgow University. The right hon. gentleman has been brought forward unsuccessfully on two occasions, but his supporters hope for better fortune this time.

A cashier named *Onions*, in the employ of Messrs. Pickles & Son, stuff merchants, Bradford, has been apprehended on a charge of embezzlement while on his honeymoon. His defalcations are said to amount to £2,000.

The remarkable article on 'Spiritualism and its Recent Converts,' in the newly published number of the *Quarterly Review* is, we understand, from the pen of Dr. W. B. Carpenter.

The Prince of Wales has received the Order of the Southern Cross from the Emperor of Brazil.

BREAKFAST - EPPS'S COCOA - GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—JAMES Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1509 1y

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

QUEBEC FUR DEPOT.

The Subscriber has the honor of informing the Public that he will open in this city a

FUR DEPOT,

containing a large and varied assortment of Furs, which he will sell at prices that defy competition.

The shop will be temporarily opened in the Hon. Mr. Skead's building, corner of George and Sussex streets, known as the George street Barrack, but will be removed in the month of February to the magnificent block of the Union Bank, now in course of construction.

The undersigned specially invites the public to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is persuaded that they will find his goods of first class quality and exceedingly low in price.

Weekly importations will be added to his stock in order to accommodate the tastes of his customers.

Particular attention will be paid to the delivery of Goods bought of him.

He will manufacture and repair all articles in his line of business quickly and at small charges.

For further particulars see posters and circulars.

OLIVER COTE,
Hatter and Furrier,
Sign of "General Wolfe,"

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1830d2m 2a wk

OTTAWA NO. 1 FIRE COMPANY.

First Social Assembly,

GOWAN'S HALL.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21st, 1871.

Tickets admitting Gentlemen and Ladies, 50 cents.

Refreshments by PRODERICK

Members of the Brigade in uniform.

D BEHAN, Secretary, WM McCAFFREY, Captain.

TO BUILDERS,

Separate Tenders are invited for the various works required to be done in the erection of a RESIDENCE and SALOON—Excavations, Masons' and Bricklayers' Work, Carpenters' and Joiners' Work, Plastering, Painting and Glazing. Plans, Specifications, and Conditions may be seen on application to Robert Gilpin, Little Sussex street, until FRIDAY, the 24th instant. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM HODGSON,
Architect.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1830 3

PROCLAMATION.

In accordance with the

Proclamation of His Excellency the Governor General

I hereby request the Citizens of Ottawa to observe

Thursday, 16th Day of November, 1871,

as a day of Prayer and Thanksgiving.

JOHN ROCHESTER, Jr.,
Mayor.

CITY HALL, Ottawa,
November 14, 1871. 1820td

NEW BOOK LIST!

J. Durie & Son,

Prey of the Gods (paper)	$ 30
Froude's Short studies on Great subjects, 2nd series	2 25
Froude's History of England (12 vols. in 6) ½ calf	18 00
Cassell's Popular Educator (6 vols. in 3) ½ calf	15 00
Knight's History of England (8 vols.	20 00
Chamber's Encyclopædia 10 vols. cloth	25 00
" " " ½ calf	35 00
"Cyclopædia of English literature ½ calf	6 00
" Information for the People (2 vols)	6 00
" Book of Days (2 vols) ½ calf	8 00
" Pocket Miscellany (12 vols) in case	5 00
Cassell's Popular Natural History (2 vols) ½ Morocco	15 00
Stray Leaves of Science and Folk-lore by Scoffern	3 00
Modern Scepticism (Christian Evidence Society Lectures)	1 75
Cues from all quarters	1 75
The Book of Authors by W Clarke Russell	1 00
Rustic Adornments for Homes of Taste (Colored Illustrations)	5 50
English Colonization of America in the 17th century by Neil	8 00
Thomas Carlyle's Works, new cheap edition	60c per vol.
Bell's Edition of the Poets	40c "

Douglas Jerrold's Works, cheap editions.
Mrs Brown's (Arthur Sketchley) Books.
Darwin's Origin of Species, $1 75
Darwin's Descent of Man (2 vols), 3 50.
Canadian Pocket Diaries for 1872

J DURIE & SON,
Sparks Street.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820 1

1,000 AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His Church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that enter largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ontario.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents.
Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820tf

FURNITURE,

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

The largest and best selected stock of all kinds of Household Furniture in Central Canada can now be found at Rowe & Annable's Warehouse, No. 5, Rideau street. Parlor Suits in green, drab, and maroon colours, Bedroom Sets with marble tops in black walnut beautifully carved, marble top Sideboard with elaborate game carvings, marble top Bureaus with glass; Centre Tables, Bookcases, &c., Hair Cloth Furniture in great variety, Cane Work in Dining Room and other Chairs, a new style of chairs called the Rush Seat, the only place they can be got in Canada, and an endless variety of common furniture cheap. Remember the place.

ROWE & ANNABLE,
No. 5, Rideau street

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871. 1820tf

I. P. B. S.

The Annual General Meeting of the IRISH PROTESTANT BENEVOLENT SOCIETY, for the Election of Officers, reception of Annual Reports, and general business will be held on to-morrow (TUESDAY) evening the 14th inst., in the Temperance Hall, Elgin street, at 8 o'clock, sharp.

A full attendance of all members in the city is earnestly requested.

By order,

THOMAS SPROULE,
Recording Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov. 13, 1871 1819 2

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOKS!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CHAINE, Orleans P O, Ontario.

November 14

LOCAL NEWS.

THE MARKET.—The attendance on the market yesterday was very small.

Beautiful weather yesterday.

The ground is in good condition just now to receive a heavy fall of snow.

The water will be let out of the canal shortly.

LAID UP.—The steamers *Alexandra* and *Fairy* have gone into winter quarters.

Youngsters have already hazarded their lives, skating on the Rideau Canal and river.

PUBLIC HOLIDAY.—We publish this morning the Mayor's Proclamation commanding the observance of Thursday next as a public holiday for the purpose of thanksgiving.

CITY COUNCIL.—There was no meeting of the City Council called for last evening a announced by our contemporaries.

Sale of military blankets, and blankets damaged ex ship *Minerva* at the George street barrack to day at one o'clock. All in want of such should attend this sale, as they will be sold without reserve, and will be the last this season.

DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.—A full muster of the members of the Field Battery will take place at the Red Lion Hotel to-morrow evening at 7 o'clock, when the successful ones will be presented with the prizes won at the target practice sometime back.

PIANO TUNING.—By reference to an advertisement in another column it will b seen that Mr. T. Wasley, Piano tuner for the celebrated firm of Messrs. A. & S Nordheimer, is in town, and prepared to attend to all orders for tuning pianos or other musical instruments. Coming from the above named firm he requires no other recommendation.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges receipt of the following sums in aid of the institution:

From Hon. Mrs. Thomas McKay, $20.
From Miss C. C. Cameron, $25.
From Mrs. H. F. Bronson, $5.

All donations thankfully received by Alexander Workman, Treasurer.

UNITY PROTESTANT BENEFIT SOCIETY.—The usual monthly meeting of the above Society was held last night in Gowan's Hall, Mr. Trueman, President, occupying the chair. The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed. Sundry other business was transacted, and from the Secretary and Treasurer's monthly report we are glad to perceive that the Society is in a very flourishing condition.

CONCERT.—We believe a gentleman of this city with the co-operation of a number of ladies and gentlemen amateurs is making preparations for a grand concert, to come off shortly in the Music Hall, for the benefit of the Wisconsin and Michigan sufferers. The amateurs will, we are led to understand, appear in costume on the stage. There will be no reserved seats, and but one price of admission. Further particulars will be given in a few days.

"CAMERON LODGE" No. 338, I. O. G. T.—At the last weekly meeting of the above Society the following officers were installed for the ensuing year: Bro. William E Brown, W C T, Sister S A Scott, W V T, Bro Edward McMullan, W T, Bro J F Langgrell, W S, Bro Francis Doll, W A S, Bro Thos Scott, W F S, Bro T A Storr, W M; Sister Sheldon, W D M, Sister M J Atchison, W I G; Bro C O'Dell, W O G; Sister McQuinn, W R S, Sister M J Scott W L S; Bro Arthur Whitesides, Chaplain, Trustees elected for ensuing year: Bros W E Brown, Robt L Boad, and F Hugh Hinds.

CRUELTY TO ANIMALS.—Information was given last week to the Secretary of the Metropolitan Society for the prevention of Cruelty to Animals that a water-carrier named Francois Laliberte, had been using a horse unfit to be driven. Inspector O'Neil and and St. George were sent to examine into the case, and found the horse with a galled shoulder and swollen feet. Mr. Coleman, Veterinary Surgeon to the Society examined the animal, and found it unfit to be worked. Laliberte was accordingly brought before the Police Magistrate, and fined $1 and costs. Although the fine was small as compared with the heinousness of the offence, it will probably serve to deter others from the same violation of law. The fine was made small because Laliberte had a large family to support; but similar offenders in future must not expect the same mercy.

"The Last Shot," "Entirpe," "Paris," "Faust and Marguerite," Venus and Cupid," "The Graces," "Eve," and other large, rare, and valuable figures (just received) will be sold by Mr Birmingham at his Rooms, Elgin St this evening at 7 o'clock. As this will positively be the final sale of Statuary, and the whole balance on hand must be cleared out without reserve, we advise those who have not already supplied themselves to attend this evening.

POLICE COURT.—MONDAY.—Catharine Whelan, charged with drunkenness was sent to gaol for two weeks.

John Stewart, charged with being drunk on the public streets was fined $2 and costs.

Wm. Whelan charged with being drunk and interfering with policeman Durocher while in performance of his duty was fined $2 and costs.

Thomas Alexander, charged with removing sand off the public streets was called, but not appearing a fresh summons was ordered to be served on him.

Jessie O'Neil, charged with being the owner of pigs running at large, not appearing to answer to the charge, the case was adjourned.

Bridget Ryan, charged with a similar offence was fined $1 and costs.

Edward Hewston was charged with driving a cart for public hire without license. It was proven that he was simply working for a licensed carter, and therefore the case was dismissed.

Annie Haubert was charged with leaving boxes and other articles on the sidewalk, fined $1 and costs.

In a similar case the offender was fined $1 and costs.

Mrs. Doulon, charged with using abusive and insulting language to Mr. Frederick, was fined $20 and costs or three weeks in gaol at hard labor.

In another case of impeding the sidewalk the offender was fined $1 and costs.

Francis Laliberte was charged by Mr. St. George, Inspector, with cruelty to a horse. Mr. Coleman swore that the horse had galled shoulders and swollen legs, and was totally unfit for work. Fined $1 and costs.

An adjourned case of assault was dismissed.

Another case was adjourned.

FEARFUL AND FATAL ACCIDENT.

We recorded a few days ago another threshing machine accident of such frequent occurrnce of late. It would be well that some means of protection should be adopted against such accidents, but certainly provision for the proper care and nursing of those injured in that manner should not be lacking. We have a society in our midst for the prevention of cruelty to the dumb brute, and surely a human being, no matter who he is, or from whence he has come, should claim at least equal attention.

James Hawkins, a boy 15 years of age, and only son of a widow mother, was last week horribly crushed by a threshing machine, about 15 miles from this city. We have not learned the exact nature of the accident, but, however, it may have occurred the poor boy had both his thighs and one arm broken, and the flesh of his body otherwise fearfully lacerated. He was brought to the city by the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railroad, and from the Station to the Hospital, Sandy Hill, in a carriage, undergoing severe suffering and hardship the whole way. One medical gentleman was sent for who laboured incessantly and perseveringly for over two hours doing all he could with the poor facilities at his disposal. The unfortunate boy bore all the suffering with patience and courage that astonished the doctor. His poor mother was present and nursed him. But all efforts to save his life proved vain; loss of blood, previous exposure, and want of timely and proper care had exhausted him beyond recovery, and he died. We are informed that the fatal accident was the result of carelessness on the part of the owner of the threshing machine, and if he is not punishable for the death of the boy, at least he ought, if only out af charity assist towards the support of the poor widow during the remainder of her life.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Hogs, per 100 lbs. dressed weight, $6 75 to $7.50.
Beef cattle, $5.50 to $6.50 per 100 lb. dressed weight.
Sheep, $4 to $5each.
Lambs, $3 to $3.50.
Young pigs, 75c to $1 do.
Fowls, 40c to 50c per couple.
Chickens, 25c to 35c do.
Wild ducks, 50c to 70c.
Partridge, 50c do.
Turkeys, 60c to $1 each.
Geese, 45c to 60c each.
Ducks, 50c to 70c per couple.
Feathers, 25c to 50c per lb.
Print do 18c to 22c do.
Roll do, 17c do.
Cheese, 12c to 14c do.
Skim Milk Cheese, 7c do.
Tallow, 10c do.
Honey, 12c to 15c do.
Beeswax, 25c to 30c do.
Swedish Turnips, 25c.
Potatoes, 22 cts to 30 cts per bushel.
Onions, $1 to $1.25 do.
Celery, 40c to 60c per doz.
Melons, 10c to 40c each.
Watermelons, 10c to 30c.
Squash, 5c to 10c do.
Pumpkins, 5c to 10c.
Cabbages, 5c to 10c.
Eggs 20c to 22c per dozen.
Cauliflowers 5c to 10c do.
Beets, 40c to 50c per bush.
Cranberries, 60c per gal.
Apples, 60c to $1 per bush.
Apples per barrel $3 to $3.75.
Grapes, 12½c per lb
Home spun yarn, 70c to 80c per lb.
Home made woollen socks, 30c per pair.

PORK.
Mess Pork, $16 to 16 50 per barrel.
Farmers' mess, $15 50 do
Prime mess none.
Hams smoked, $14.50 per 100 lbs.
Bacon do $10.50 do
Bacon dry salted, $9 do

FLOUR—Retail prices.
Double extra, $7.25 per barrel.
Extra, $7 do
No. 1, $6.50 to 6.75 do
Oatmeal, $6 25 to 6.50 do
Cornmeal, $3.25 to 3.50 do
Cracked wheat, $7 do
Wheat meal, $6.75 do
Provender, $1 40 per 100 lbs.
Cracked corn, $1.60 do
Bran, 80cts.
Hay, $13 to 16 per ton.
Oat straw, $7 to 9 per ton.
Rye straw, $6.

GRAIN.
Buckwheat, 50 to 55cts per bushel.
Oats, 30c to 35c do
Peas, 60c to 65c do
Beans, $1 35 to 1 40 do
Fall wheat, new, $1 40 to 1 45 do
Spring wheat, $1 25 to 1 30 do

HIDES AND LEATHER.
No. 1, Sole, 26cts per lb.
No 2 do 23cts do
Slaughter, 27cts do
Harness leather, 33cts do
Upper do 42cts do
English kipp, 60cts do
French do 80cts do
Common do 55cts do
Canadian calf 70cts do
French do $1.25 do
Splits, 37cts do
Enamelled cow, 21cts do
Patent do 21cts do
Cod oil, 60cts per gallon.
Calf skins, do 10cts per lb.
Sheep pelts, $1 50 each.
Hides, No. 1, $9 per 100 lbs.
Hemlock bark, $4 per cord.

NOTICE.

MR F WASLEY, Piano Tuner for Messrs A S Nordheim r, of Toronto is in town, and will be prepared to tune and regulate any Pianos that may be entrusted to him

Parties wishing to get their instruments tuned will please leave orders with A Petersen, Agent for the above firm, or H & J Gowan Sparks street.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1819 4

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENRY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

WEDNESDAY, 15th NOVEMBER Next,

FOR THE ERECTION OF AN

Agricultural College

in the Township of Etobicoke, County York,

Adjoining the Mimico station of the Great Western Railway, and about six miles from the city of Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department, where printed forms of tender can be had on application.

Tenders to contain the bona fide signatures of two persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario,
Toronto, Nov. 9th, 1871 1816td

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET.

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. y

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov. 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Haney, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the hardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Finnigan & Draper.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

THE OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of MM Cartier & Pominville, Advocates, in No. 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816eow

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearlem Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

NO MISTAKE.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871 1804 tf

D. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.

Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1799 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 23, 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, SCOTT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m. connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS.
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

[Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871.

LE A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*

" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.

Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU W

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

ND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

		Stg		Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year		£1,282,222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums Reassured	£ 110,417 26 3
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0		Nora—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 10		Surrenders	7,919 14 4
	£1,282,222 3 2		Annuities	12,282 17 3
			Commission	9,022 7 0
			Expenses of Management and all other charges	70,890 7 9
			Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,929 12 9		Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	36,804 18 9
Consideration for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9		Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax	54,725 10 9		Total	£1,588,937 3 5
		306,715 0 3		
		£1,588 937 3 5		

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up £	75 000 0 0	Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom £	500,888 18
Assurance Fund	1,201 911 9 2	Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5	Loans on the Association's Policies (within value)	175,916 19
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2	In British Government Securities	1,286 15 8
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6	Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14
	£1434,090 17 3	Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	289,867 17 8
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	27,652 6 4
		House Property	109,189 16 9
		Annuities purchased	35,497 17 4
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,535 2 9
		Loans on Personal Security	5,879 10 9
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	36,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments of Public Rates	11,575 10 0
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,481 6 0
		Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
		Agents' Balances	50,858 0 0
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 6
		Outstanding Interest	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,967 1 8
		Cash—	
		On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 6	
		On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9	
		In hand 127 6 9	
			77,863 0 11
			£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL $10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agency doing business in that city.

NEW SPRING GOODS;

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Jrs
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SPEARMAN.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. COSSELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAGOT.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HENRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 2 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 2670tf

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY of NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty-eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were, at that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 30 6m

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Socotrine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classided and compounded, that it is made the most searching cleansive in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles ..$1 00
Pills per Box 25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
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Ottawa May 4, 1871 1657tf

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These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on slight or unpleasant sensation being experienced, when by it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renews energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N.B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of moral and useful powers."

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, to the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantal, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vitalonergy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hughey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

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Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

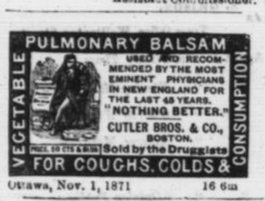
(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq, Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.



Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf

EMIGRATION

TO THE

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ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

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Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE A.M.	DUE P.M.	
.....	12.00	6.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.30
.....	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8.00	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.30
9.00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	10.00	.....	.....
9.30	.....	3.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9.30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
10.30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
5.30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.30	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.30	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9.30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 5 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. F. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

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Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

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PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

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He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

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UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

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IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

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MONTREAL

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptists, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

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FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

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Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI.

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

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THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

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Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanised Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

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Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

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MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1766tf

Medical.

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS.

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64 FLEET STREET, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
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May 11 1871

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As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

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Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

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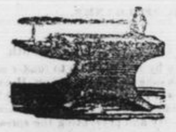

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Do do do Cast do
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Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
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Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

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Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

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Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 26, 1871. 39 6m

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G. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

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ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister at Law, Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

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WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 386tf GEORGE TAILON

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DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, and Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the tre

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1821. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 15 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

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Offers to the trade Godetham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof whi h will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be bold down here from the Distillery under five barr ls.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

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DRY GOODS

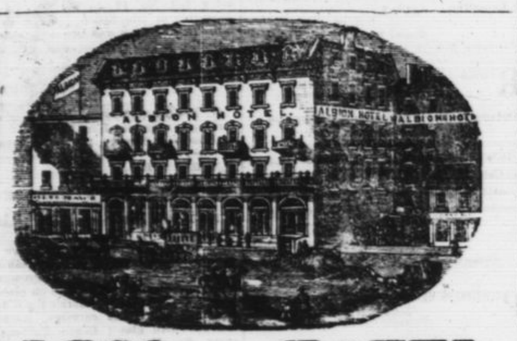
AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOLDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.



ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and mercantile centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest hotels in the Dominion, having small accommodation for 300 guests, which is kept to first class style at the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged in future. The new Bar will contain the best Wines, Liquors and Cigars, and will be found worthy the patronage of the travelling public and citizens visiting Montreal. 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS

GARLAND, McMICHAEL & Co

Have Receive

SIX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustrees,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
" Cotton Tapes
" Jaxe Prints,
1 case Iron Cotton,
1 " Porters (expres
1 " Laces,
1 " Bonnet Buckr
1 " Trimmed Hats
1 " Corset's Satin
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 case Hessians,
1 " Linen Drill

CANADIAN GOO

1 Case English Tweeds
" Union Tweeds,
" Satinets,
" Wadding,
30 M All Kinds Paper Collars,
11 3 bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and will sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, Oct 19 1871

HATS HATS!

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq, or to

CHAMNETT & HILL,
Solicitors,
Post Office Block.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Cream and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, fine of flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's—Suffice to say, Cheap—really good.

SUPERIOR CANDIES, FANCY SOAPS—

Post Toilet "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.,

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident whatever.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 181

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Toronto, November 1st, 1871.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lots, No. 28, 8th Concession (59 acres), No. 27, (82 acres), and No. 28 (100 acres), in the 9th Concession, in the TOWNSHIP OF STISTED, in the DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA, 241 acres, with a Mill Site thereon, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Department of Crown Lands, AT NOON, ON THE TWENTY-THIRD OF THIS MONTH, the Department reserving to itself the right to make one bid.

CONDITIONS:—One half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest.

The purchaser to erect within one year from the date of sale a good Saw Mill, with one Circular Saw, of sufficient capacity to cut 8,000 feet of boards per day; and within two years, a Grist Mill, capable of manufacturing a sufficient quantity of good flour, to meet the requirements of settlers, the purchaser to have the right to the Timber on the land for the use of his Mill only.

The patent not to issue until two years after the date of sale, and the conditions have been complied with

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
1813kd. *Assistant Commissioner.*

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with Sleeping Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:30 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9.20 A.M., every morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No. 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:0 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Are connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamers.

Local Train at 1:40 p.m

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m, :10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, cars loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT
Manager

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Finland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS.

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of Household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817m1

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Removal of Snow," will be received at this office until Friday next, the 17th inst., at noon, for the removal of the Snow, &c. from the Walks and around the Public Buildings, Ottawa.

Specifications can be seen at this office, where other information can also be had.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871. 1819 3

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ¾ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to

DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817dol&w1m

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its rapidity and effective cures of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. On trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau
Montreal, Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling sappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

SILVERSMITHS SOAP
NON MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 5d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER, &c.
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....	Saturday,	7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN.....	"	14th "	"
HIBERNIAN.....	"	21st "	"
MORAVIAN.....	"	28th "	"
SARMATIAN.....	"	4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin.....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....	12th	Oct.
OTTAWA "	19th	"
ST. DAVID "	26th	"
ST. ANDREW "	2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents "Sparks."

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 559tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN..... " 19th "
MEDWAY..... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES..... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London;

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
Or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1765y.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. } 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards.....	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates.....	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps.....	16,000
Pumping Mains extra.....	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk, as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Holcombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753 1y

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky2m

WANTED,

From now to the 1st of May next a FURNISHED HOUSE, either within, or not far from, the city limits. Address MR. LIOE, Russell House. 1811 1d

NEWS

The wheat crop of Great Britain has not turned out near so badly as was at one time announced. The average per acre ranges from 26 to 30 bushels, and the quality estimated to be required from all foreign sources is about 9,000,000 quarters, or 72,000,000 bushels.

During the last fiscal year there were transported between the United States and Europe 649¼ tons of mail matter, more than three fourths of which went to Great Britain.

Of the Irish "patriots" who came to grief in 1848, Mr. Gavan Duffy has certainly been the most successful. He now occupies the important post of Premier in England's most prosperous colonial possession, Victoria, Australia.

Humboldt and Lamartine first met on the top of Vesuvius. It was on the eve of an eruption; but Lamartine descended the crater. For this hazardous exploit Humboldt considered him a fool. And because Humboldt remained at the surface, Lamartine always pronounced him to be superficial.

The ex-Prince Imperial of France will be keenly reminded of the reverses of his parents in Paris, of his boats, velocipedes, and toys, for the benefit of the national treasury.

The Pope has directed to be entered in the records of the Vatican the whole of his correspondence with foreign Courts, and with his bishops in all parts of the world. This is usually done after the death of a Pope.

A fatal and extraordinary accident is reported from Champigny, the scene of the only serious sortie made by Trochu during the siege of Paris. A ploughshare struck against a shell buried in the earth; the shock caused an explosion, and the ploughman and his horses were blown to atoms.

"Praise God from whom all blessings flow" is the way the Buffalo *Advertiser* heads its article on the Republican victory in New York State.

It may not be generally known, (says the London *Globe*) that Mr. Gladstone is a pedestrian of no mean power. We are assured that when returning from his recent official residence at Balmoral Castle he walked the distance from the castle to Clova on foot, (twenty six miles), resting for the night at the village inn, and proceeding to Kirriemuir next day, still in pedestrian fashion.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

TURKEY.

Letters from Constantinople represent the cholera spreading in that city, and the number of deaths from the epidemic increases daily.

UNITED STATES.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 13.—Another race between the "Goldsmith Maid" and "Lucy," came off this evening. The "Maid" won in three straight heats; time 225¼, 219, and 228. Track heavy.

NEW YORK, Nov. 13.—1 30 a.m.—Up to this hour the Grand Duke had not arrived, and not a little anxiety is felt for the absentees; it being a slow vessel the *Abreck* had instructions to make the best of her way to New York, as she would not be waited for. She has beaten fast sailers unaccountably.

NEW YORK, Nov. 14.—The passengers on board the cholera vessel *Franklin*, were Germans, Danes and Swedes, who shipped at the several ports touched by the steamer. The forty who died before reaching Halifax were all buried at sea. The disease was of a malignant type, and the utmost sanitary care was exercised. The doctor is ill with a fever, resulting from overwork. No panic prevailed among the passengers None of the crew, and none of the saloon passengers caught the disease. It is thought the infection was communicated from clothes in a trunk taken on board at Stettin. Additional cases will doubtless occur, and will be sent to the West Bank hospital as fast as developed. Eight Mothers and Sisters went to the hospital with the sick yesterday, as nurses. The strictest measures will be taken to prevent the spread of the disease beyond the Quarantine limits.

The *Tribune's* Washington special says that since the New York elections it has been decided not to make the change in the Department of State at least, until the first of January.

A London special says that the statement to the effect that the Pope has been requesting the privilege of a residence in France, is untrue.

The telegrams which have been received here state that the conflagration in Geneva had already swept away two blocks of houses, and that the Quay and the Hotel Corenne has been destroyed. The greatest consternation prevailed among the inhabitants. Militia had been called out and placed on duty for preservation of order and property.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton street, New York, and 92 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, often incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost immediate relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches" and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

J. H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Servants Wanted—T M Clark.
West End Eating House—Jas H Dunlop.
Notice to Forwarders and Owners of vessels.
Public School Teachers' Examinations—John McMillan.

The Ottawa Times.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 15, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. Walsh, M. P., Chairman of the Intercolonial Railway Commission, is expected here to-day.

Hon. Mr. Pope arrived here yesterday. He was returned member for Compton by acclamation on Saturday last. He will take up his residence here permanently in a few days.

A deputation consisting of Mr. McCreany, Mayor of Oakville; Dr. Buck, Reeve of Trafalgar; and Mr. Barclay, a member of the Oakville corporation, waited on Sir Francis Hincks, and the Hon. Messrs. Mitchell, Aikens, and Morris yesterday, in reference to certain works connected with Oakville harbour.

Our contemporary the *Citizen* is so enraged at the amusement which its little tricks in telegraphing has occasioned in the newspaper world, that it has fallen into its old habit of publishing attacks upon the TIMES in the shape of letters supposed to come from anonymous correspondents.

As we before remarked we are sorry our contemporary should have lost his temper so completely. We are quite sure that if he had not done so, he would not have condescended to make such puerile and contemptible attacks upon us as he has done.

THE NEW MINISTER OF AGRICULTURE.

After having been re-elected by acclamation to represent the county where he is so well known, the Hon. Mr. Pope has come to Ottawa for a day or two, and will we believe before any great length of time has elapsed, take up his permanent residence in the capital. We have already congratulated Mr. Pope upon his becoming a member of the Government, and the country also upon having secured the services of one whom we believe to be in all respects energetic, honest, and capable. When, in tracing the record of his past career, we have shown, as we have done, how thoroughly Mr. Pope has won the respect and esteem, not only of his political friends but also of his political foes, we have simply given a history of bare facts which no one can deny, and in so doing have felt sincere gratification in being able to show the public, that he into whose hands is confided the keeping of one of the most important departments of the public service, is one upon whom they can trust and depend.

In one particular the position to which Mr. Pope has attained is a peculiar one. As the Minister of Immigration, his policy with regard to immigration matters will be watched throughout the country with a narrow and critical scrutiny. If he allows matters to take their chance, he will most certainly bring discredit upon himself and upon the administration of which he is a member; but if, on the contrary, he deals promptly and energetically, as we believe he will do, with this great subject, then Mr. Pope may rely upon it that there will be few men throughout the length and breadth of the Dominion who will enjoy a larger share of popularity than he. More than this, he will have the satisfaction of knowing that he has done something towards promoting the progress and permanent prosperity of Canada, and of his fellow countrymen. But this question of Immigration is one with which we cannot afford to trifle. Now that we have a vast territory to populate and render productive, the Government must not, and we, as a people must not, shrink from the expenditure of a few thousand dollars for Immigration purposes. A merchant might with as much sense refuse to spend money in advertising his wares, as we fear to incur some cost in order to let the people of the Old World know how many hundreds of thousands of acres of rich and fertile lands we have to give away. We believe that Mr. Pope sees and understands this, and assisted, as he will be, by the advice of men who have had a large experience in all matters connected with Immigration, that he will not only be able to devise, but also to carry out a policy which will be acceptable to the people, and will tend to promote the welfare of the whole Dominion.

ABOLITION OF THE PURCHASE SYSTEM.

Although we are not disposed to believe that promotion from the ranks is by any means a good system, at all events in a country like England, we have always regarded the abolition of the purchase system as a move in the right direction. We are quite aware that there is much to be said in favour of purchase, but on the whole we cannot but think that merit and ability will be found better titles to advancement than money alone. The new regulations have recently been made public in England, and, if they are properly carried out, we believe that the efficiency of the British army will be promoted, and that the character and tone of its officers will be elevated and improved thereby. Reservations upon several heads are made in favour of officers belonging to the prewarrant days, and the same generosity is extended to deserving officers too old and too high in rank for examination. They, under certain regulations, are to be as ; but henceforward there is no entering the army, nor passing from grade to grade, without the ordeal of a proper examination and certified deserts. Exchanges are allowed, yet only under rules which forbid any improper advantage being taken of them; and the declarations which will be exacted from officers at each professional movement are such as to render corrupt bargains of any kind virtually impracticable. Appointments are not to be made, or even considered, until vacancies have been gazetted. A man who now enters the army, supposing that the system is properly carried out and no corruption or favoritism allowed to interfere, will have nothing but his own brains and his own industry to depend upon for advancement, and poor but deserving officers will no longer be exposed to the annoyance of seeing men without brains, but possessed of long purses, promoted over their heads.

We learn that Paris has not yet resumed its former appearance of gaiety and fashion, nor indeed is it likely that it will do so for some time. However, light-hearted and frivolous the French may be, they feel the loss of friends and kindred as acutely as other people, and when we bear in mind that there is scarcely a household in Paris that has not lost one from among its number, either during the war, the seige, or the horrors of the Commune, we cannot wonder to learn that a cloud of gloom still hangs over the city. Paris is in mourning, and so are the Parisian dames and demoiselles who used to set the fashion in dress for all the feminine world. The exquisite taste in dress that seems born with all French women remains with them; but the means and the will to gratify it are in a great measure wanting. As an instance of this we may cite the case of a lady belonging to what is called the Boulevard St. Germain society, who is under 25, is very good-looking, and whose husband can boast of an income of at least £4,000 a year. A year and a half ago this lady used to make it a boast that she never went twice in the same dress to a ball, and would rather remain away than be seen there in a gown she had worn before. This year she has a black merino, a black silk, and a black poplin dress. All the rest of her immense wardrobe she has sold and given in charity to the poor.

If Prince Napoleon is allowed to go on as he likes, he will change the drama of Napoleonism from respectable tragedy into very absurd comedy. He lately visited Corsica with a very grandiloquent manifesto in his pocket. The inhabitants however, who have a great respect for the memory of the First Napoleon, would have nothing to do with his degenerate descendant, who consequently left the island without reading the document, and has once more retired into private life. As a public character Prince Napoleon has certainly never been a great success.

We have seldom been more surprised than on reading lately in the *Gazette of India* a statement as to the number of deaths from the attacks of wild beasts which have taken place throughout the country. Within three years no less than 12,554 persons have so perished, while the deaths from snake bites in the same time have been 25,664.

The Prince and Princess of Wales have been visiting Scarborough where they met with a most loyal and hearty reception.

The question as to whether the hostility to a further increase of family displayed by Mr. Ginx, senior, (in *Ginx's Baby*) is unnatural or not, appears to have found a practical solution in the case of a German woman living on Long Island, N. Y. who being already blessed with a family of eight, steadfastly refused sustenance to a ninth baby and deliberately allowed it to die of starvation.

Among all the strange eccentricities to which humanity is heir, what is called "kleptomania" is certainly one of the strangest and most inexplicable. A celebrated European physician says that it is a sure indication of partial paralysis and oftentimes of softening of the brain, and even goes so far as to say that "paralysisis sure to cause stealing in some shape or other." Our attention is called to this subject by the fact that two fashionable ladies in London are at the present time addicted, the to stealing silk stockings and the other to stealing gloves. The son of one of these ladies used to invariably follow his mother to the shops where she had been making purchases, and enquire if she had stolen anything. If she had be paid for it at once. The other lady person ally notified those with whom she had dealings of her evil habit, and requested them to watch her, and whenever they detected her in stealing, to charge the articles to her account. Neither of them however are able to overcome the degrading habit.

JOURNALISTIC ENTERPRISE.

From the Montreal Daily News.

The Halifax *Citizen* clips despatches from the Boston papers, alters the date, and heads them "latest news by telegraph;" the Ottawa *Citizen* publishes the report of a banquet four hours before it takes place. Clever feats of journalism, but too transparent.

EUGENIE'S JEWELS IN PAWN.

A London letter to the Philadelphia *Bulletin* says:

We went to Emanuel's. One of the firm was at Torquay with us, and he recognized us, and after some talk he asked us if we would like to see something nice, and he showed us all of Eugenie's jewels, now there "up the spout," probably not all, but £50,000 worth. As he said, he could not take any more, as she wished to realize on them at once. They are all to be sold, but are not generally shown now, as nobody is in town. He appears to know her well, and says that their entire property consists of about £150,000 worth of jewels, and some property in Spain, which she is now there trying to sell.

This lot that we saw covered a table 2½ x 3½ feet full, and then as cases were opened they were piled up in rather a reckless manner in heaps on this already covered table. There were tiaras, necklaces, two large anchors, of diamonds, and about five inches long; lots of brooches, one being a butterfly, the body of which was a large opal, about two inches long, and the wings set upon springs, and made of diamonds, rubies and emeralds. There was a wonderful necklace, of black pearls—the only one in existence—each being about as large as a marrowfat pea. Also, an emerald cross, quite unique, the emeralds being oblong and set edge to edge, nothing between, and about six inches the long part of the cross, and one each side of the centre to form the arms; this was about four and a half inches long.

Two ear-rings of diamonds, the very purest, but each cut like a drop of water, and hung pendant and swinging from the small end. E. tells us this is a wonderful pair, as the stones match so well, but they must have been cut away terribly to assume the present shape. Several earrings, all large diamonds, six diamond rings, one superb one, worth £400.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 14.

Three fires broke out last night and early this morning, but were extinguished with trifling damage.

The Annual University lecture in connection with the McGill College was delivered to-night in Molson Hall of the College by the Rev. Prof. De Sola on "Early Colleges in Bible Lands," and was well attended.

The ladies of Montreal are sending forward substantial aid in the shape of clothing, &c, to the Wisconsin sufferers this week.

The first of a series of readings and musical entertainments in connection with the Church of St. John the Evangelist occurred last night, and was a complete success.

The convict Lee, who is to be executed on Friday, relinquishes all hope of commutation of his sentence. He has addressed a letter to the Roman Catholic Bishop, thanking him and all for their kindness to him since his sentence. The Bishop issued a circular directing the clergy to hold special services up to the day of the execution. Considerable dispute arises regarding the sepulchre of the body after justice is vindicated.

Henry Jose, aged 50 years, drover, fell dead of heart disease yesterday at Point St. Charles.

It is raining heavily here.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 14.—Scott Russell writes to the papers of to-day giving the history of the so called social movement. He says if Prince Albert had been living he would have been its leader. He states that the movement originated in proposals for a union between the peers and the workingmen. He denies most positively that its objects or methods were political or revolutionary, and strongly advocates perseverance in the effort in the interest of social progress and reform.

The British Government has granted a pension of £300 to the children of Dr. Livingstone. Livingstone, when last heard from, was slowly making his way toward the coast.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov 14.—M. Goulard has been appointed Ambassador of France to Italy, vice Count de Choiseault, whose resignation was announced last week.

Picard, late Minister of the Interior, has been appointed Minister to Belgium.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 14.—The motion for a vote of want of confidence in the Government, which the supporters of Zorilla propose to introduce in the Cortes, will be taken into consideration by that body at the special request of the Ministers themselves.

TURKEY.

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 13.—A firman has been issued by the Sublime Porte directing the Minister of Works to inaugurate a complete system of public improvement in view of the work of railways projected by foreign capitalists in the Ottoman Dominions—harbours are to be improved, rivers made navigable, new roads are to be built, old ones repaired, and every effort will be made to establish lines of connection with the new railway from all parts of the country.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 14.—The Session of the Belgian Chambers opened to day. Prince De Ligne was made President of the Senate.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—It is now positively known, though not officially announced, that Judge R. R. Curtis, of Massachusets, has declined the position of Counsel to the Geneva Arbitration. The names of ex-Attorney General Hoar and Hon. Richard H. Dana are among others, mentioned as under consideration in connection with the vacancy.

SAN FRANCISCO, NOV. 13.—The Pimo Indians in Arizona have made a raid on the Apaches. They killed 25 men and captured 8 children and a quantity of plunder taken the day previous from a white settlement.

ST. PAUL, MINN., 14.—The official returns of the late election are not all in yet, but enough have been received to show that Governor Austin will have a majority of about 1,300. The Legislature stands on joint ballot, 100 Republicans and 46 Democrats.

The first snow of the season fell yesterday to the depth of an inch and a half.

NASHVILLE, TENN., NOV. 14.—Oil was struck last night on a farm in Dickinson county, about 30 miles from Nashville.

NEW YORK, NOV. 14—The *Herald's* Washington special says: Notwithstanding the contrary statements given out, it is highly probable that certain counties in Georgia will shortly be proclaimed under martial law, and the writ of *habeas corpus* suspended. The subject is now under consideration by Attorney General Akerman, and there is no present warrant for any allegation that his conclusions will be against the enforcement of the Ku Klux Act in at least the North Western part of the State. From current indications it is quite possible that the Ku Klux Act will before long be in operation in several other of the insurrectionary States. The great mass of those composing the working force of the Klan read no newspapers and have no intercourse that reaches beyond their own country seat. Consequently the suppressive measures adopted in South Carolina are not felt in North Carolina, Georgia, or Mississippi, and the only way to impress the policy of the Government upon the guerillas of any one section in the South is to let them feel to weight among themselves.

The President, since the New York election, has thrown off somewhat of the reserve which has heretofore characterized his conversation concerning his own canvas for his re-election. He has now said to several persons with perfect distinctness that he no longer has any doubt about his re-election.

A severe rain storm prevailed here all day, and this evening the wind increased to a severe gale and is still rising. Disasters to the shipping are feared.

Up to this hour nothing has been heard from the rest of the Russian fleet, and apprehensions for their safety are increasing.

United States Commissioner White has ordered the Erie Railway Company to prepare 600 certificates of stock, duplicates in every respect of the shares originally placed in the hands of Coleman, receiver, and send such shares of stock to Commissioner White's office on or before 1 o'clock p. m., on the 22nd instant, to be then delivered to the Attorney of Peath & Raphael, unless otherwise ordered.

An accident that might have been attended with terrible loss of life occurred this morning on the Hudson River Railroad at Spuyten Daynet draw-bridge. As the ten o'clock special train from Yonkers to this city was passing over the bridge the second and third passenger cars left the track and narrowly escaped falling into the water. Both cars were filled with passengers and the excitement among them was very great, but fortunately no one was injured. One of the brakesmen jumped into the river, but was rescued. The accident is said to have been caused by the draw-bridge having been imperfectly closed. The tide was high at the time, and had either of the cars fallen into the water many persons must have been killed or drowned.

The City Sanitary Inspector reports eight new cases of small pox in different parts of the city from yesterday noon until today at the same time. This makes ten cases since Saturday noon, and fifty-two cases at present in the city.

The steamer *Franklin*, on which so many cases of cholera came to this port is in the hands of the fumigators at Quarantine. The vessel is expected to be at the pier in this city next Friday. The passengers are on board the hospital ship and doing well, there not having been a death since the one last published.

A train on the New Jersey railway ran into a Hudson City horse car at Newark Avenue crossing this evening. There were on board 18 or 20 passengers, of whom two were fatally and six dangerously injured. The driver jumped from the car, and has not since been heard from. The accident is said to be the result of criminal carelessness on the part of the keeper of the gate at the crossing who has also disappeared.

BOSTON, Nov. 14.—Hon. Charles Francis Adams sailed in the steamer *Tripoli* today to join the Geneva Conference.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., Nov. 14.—The Board of Health report show the number of cases of small pox last week to be 491, showing a falling off from the previous week of 85 cases. The number of cases in 20th Ward show a decrease of 28.

LOUISVILLE KY., Nov. 14.—Last night the citizens of Henryville, Indiana, near were the brutal murder of the Park family occurred on Saturday night last, put a rope round the neck of George Johnson, a colored man, suspected of being implicated in the murder, and demanded to know his accomplices; the negro, thinking all was known disclosed the particulars of the crime. Two colored men, Davis and Taylor, with himself, he said, planned the murder. Johnson watched outside, Davis held a light, Taylor committed the bloody deed. The murder was committed for $550 of church money supposed to be in Park's possession. The murderers got $140. Taylor and Davis have been captured and lodged in jail in Jeffersonville today.

EUROPEAN MAIL ITEMS.

From April 1st to the 28th instant, the total receipts into the Exchequer were 36,231,806l, an increase of more than 1,100,000l, upon the returns in the corresponding period of last year. The expenditure has amounted to 42,981,239l

A telegram from Melbourne announces the arrival there of the crew of the *Megara*.

The London International Exhibition of 1871 has just terminated. There was no closing ceremonial beyond the singing of the National Anthem. The number of visitors was, by season tickets, 1,495; on payment 1s., 14,605; total, 16,100. The total number of persons who visited the Exhibition since the opening in May last was 1,144,154. The *Daily News* says that in a lecture delivered in the Albert Hall on Saturday it was stated that the greatest number of visitors was on Whit Monday, when 24 946 passed the turnstiles, and the smallest on the 18th of August, when there were only 5,400.

Five years' penal servitude for stealing 8d seems a terribly severe sentence, yet it is warranted by the facts of the case. A policeman at Liverpool recently seized a shoeblack boy, threatened to take him into custody, and on reaching a back street exacted 8d. from the lad as the price of setting him at liberty. The recorder said that the offence was about the meanest of which he had ever heard, and he justly added that it would be difficult to exaggerate the seriousness of the crime.

A very fine specimen of the rough diamond, as found at the Cape of Good Hope, was recently offered at a jewelry sale in London. The stone weighed over 23 carats, and appeared to give every promise of becoming, under the cutter's hand, a fine brilliant. It was knocked down, after a sharp competition, at $3,350.

A Communist by the name of Marigot, who appears to have played a very varied role during the insurrection, has just been condemned to death at Versailles. Marigot who was formerly a corporal in the army, was in prison when the revolt broke out; he was forced to join the Commune; he was instrumental in saving the Bank, the Theatre Francais, and several private houses from destruction, and yet he fought with such obstinacy against the regulars that out of the 800 men he commanded, 700 were killed or wounded.

A strange story comes from the Cape of Good Hope. It appears that Her Majesty's steam sloop *Torch* has been for the last twelve months stationed on the West Coast of Africa, and was rarely in communication with any of the other cruisers. Her commander was Louis Geneste, an officer between forty and fifty years of age. His conduct suddenly became strange; he quarrelled with his lieutenants; on one occasion he ordered the boatswain to be put under arrest. The officers met in the ward room, and the surgeon reported that, for the safety of the lives of all on board, it was necessary that the person of the captain should be secured, as he was laboring under insanity caused by undue use of stimulants. The *Torch* was taken to Simon's Bay, where she found the Commodore, who immediately ordered a court martial. Six charges were brought forward by the prosecution, and the commander was found guilty and sentenced to be dismissed from the service.

The *Daily News* has reason to believe that the distinction of the Legion of Honor has been presented to Mr. George Moore, Colonel Stuart Wortley, and Mr. Alfred de Rothschild by the French Government for the services rendered by them in connection with the Mansion House Committee in revictualling Paris after the siege had been raised.

The hearing of the Tichborne case will recommence on the 7th of November. The claimant of the Tichborne baronetcy and estates is in the West of England. At Plymouth he visited an equestrian performance, which is conducted by an old friend of his. He is now staying with a friend in Cornwall. It is alleged by his adherents that the first person he will put into the witness box, on the resumption of the trial, will be Arthur Orton.

The statements which have appeared with reference to the illness of the Commander in Chief at Portsmouth are, we learn, much exaggerated. Sir James Hope has, considering his age, and the fact that the leg which was fractured was the limb in which he was wounded in China, progressed rapidly, and he is now able both to take carriage drives and to walk by the aid of crutches.—*Daily News.*

The Home Secretary has replied to the petition adopted at the last meeting in Phoenix Park in favour of the release of the political prisoners. Mr. Bruce says the Queen is advised to refuse the prayer of the petition on the ground that the persons now in prison are not political offenders; that the soldiers are perjurers, and that the Manchester rescuers are murderers.

The Japanese Government has issued a decree wiping out the position of Daimios. This reduces people who have been rulers for over 300 years to the position of the common people, and immediately annexes their territories to the Government. There is no longer any aristocracy or religion except through the Mikado.—*London and China Telegraph.*

The French journals publish a curious statement, said to have been prepared from authentic statistics, showing that during a year's occupation of Champagne the German army of occupation consumed no less than 2,550,000 bottles of the famous vintage of that country. Of that quantity Rheims supplied 1,884,000 bottles, Epernay 433,000, and Ai 272,200.

The Queen of the Belgians has, says *Galignani*, been summoned by a dress maker to pay her bill, amounting to 67,000f. Her Majesty refuses to discharge it on the ground that the prices are exorbitant.

The Atlantic Telegraph Companies, in addition to their gift of £2,000 to the Chicago Fund, have, the *Observer* says, agreed to send all messages relating to the fund free of charge.

Orders have been issued at Aldershot directing that the troops are to be exercised in route marching during the winter months. The brigades will also be instructed in outpost duties.

OLD COUNTRY GOSSIP.

We obtain the following items of old country news from the letter of a well informed correspondent:

THE NEW ALLIANCE.

The new social alliance between certain skilled workmen and a miscellaneous assortment of adroit Tory Peers (with a Liberal Peer or so and the Queen's son in law thrown in as makeweights) turns out a greater mystery than ever. Nobody can—at any rate nobody will—cut the gordian knot. One by one the noble Lords and Duke who were alleged to have entered into partnership with the leaders of those skilled workmen, have in 'good set terms' repudiated the connection, without, however, denying a knowledge of the connection. The only individuals amongst those who were alleged to form the more august moiety of the high contracting parties who decline to say a word, are Sir John Pakington, Lord John Manners, and Mr. Benjamin Disraeli. Consequently we on lookers have arrived at the conclusion in our minds, that there is more in this alliance than meets the eye. The only man who could, if he choose, set all speculation at rest, that is Mr. Scott Russell, declines to open his mouth. A Mr. Barry has written to the papers alleging that he has "seen the signatures" of the noble lords in question—the signatures to what one would ask—and Mr. George Potter, editor of the *Bee Hive*, and a great gun amongst the working class—has written to say that Mr. Barry's statement was 'unauthorized' by the council of skilled workmen.

THE LATE MR. BABBAGE.

After engaging the attention of the scientific world for fully fifty years, and at the ripe age of seventy-nine, Charles Babbage, M. A., Mathematician and Philosophical Mechanist, "departs this life." His career has been a thoroughly useful, as well as a resplendently brilliant one; which is more than can be said about the careers of many of the Professors of Trinity College, Cambridge. His name will always be associated with that wonderful calculating machine which was commenced in 1821, and, after costing no less a sum than £17 000, the construction of it parsimoniously suspended, and it remains so to this day. In 1833, when this suspension occurred, a portion of the machine was put together, and it was found to perform its work with all the precision that had been predicted of it. It both calculated the sums given into it, and delivered the result perfectly printed at one of its issues. It would compute with 4,000 figures, and calculate the numerical value of any algebraic function, and commence the calculation of a different one. By its aid he prepared his "Tables of Logarithims of the natural numbers," from 1 to 108,000, a work whose facile arrangement and unparalleled accuracy was received with gratitude throughout Europe. Mr. Babbage filled the chair of the Mathematical Professorship of Trinity College, Cambridge, once occupied by Sir Isaac Newton. His most remarkable published work is one entitled "A Ninth Bridgewater Treatise," designed at once to refute the assertion made by the first writer in that series—that ardent devotion to mathematical studies is unfavorable to faith and also to give specimens of the defensive aid which the evidences of Christianity may receive in the science of numbers.

A DISGUSTING FEAT.

Just by the way of a *bonne bouche*, read the following, which I clipped the other day from the *Banbury Guardian*:

"Deddington has been favored with a visit during the last week of a well known Professor of Gastronomy who came from the direction of Dean's gate, and who laid a wager with two sporting gents to eat 20 boiled eggs, and one slice of a quartern loaf, and drink two glasses of ale and one of cider, the whole to be done in twenty minutes. The eggs were boiled, and the professor began and accomplished the feat with ease, having several minutes to spare, after which he announced his intention of going to have his dinner. Another wager is pending that he eats 30 in 15 minutes. After this his retirement from Deddington will be advantageous, as if he stay there will probably be a scarcity of poultry."

THEATRICAL.

Mr. Charles Calvert is producing "The Tempest" at Manchester in magnificent fashion. Nothing like it has been seen in Great Britain since the old Charles Kean days at the Princess'. At the Blackburn Theatre Royal and Opera House a new drama of a screamingly sensational kind has been produced, entitled "Robert Richborne; or the Disputed Title!" I need not say that this audacious production is founded on the notorious Tichborne Case. Cannot the Lord Chancellor or the Lord Chamberlain, or Chief Justice Bovill interfere? The piece, we are told, is in four epochs, the earlier life of Richborne in South America, the Bush in Australia, and the Great Trial. The dramatic personæ are Arthur Onslow, Willie Wanderows, Giles Scroggins, Jean de Castro, Oily Slaughter, Kate Broughton, Jossafa, Lady Richborne, &c. It is rumored that a Tichborne dramatic monstrosity is in preparation for one of the inferior London theatres.

"Fanchette" was withdrawn from the Lyceum boards last week, and on Saturday the critics and friends of Mr. Bateman were admitted to a full dress rehearsal of Mr. James Albery's adaptation of Dickens' "Pickwick." Last night the doors were opened to the public and the play—or comedy—or prolonged farce—went off with undoubted success. Mr. Albery has taken up the *Jingle* episode and sacrificed the text of the book thereto. Mr. Irving is simply a perfect *Jingle*. Indeed we have no better artist on the stage than Mr. Irving, and I hope you may one day have the pleasure of seeing him in America. We are very proud of him, I can tell you. Mr. Belmore made an excellent if quiet Sam Weller; and the Pickwick of Mr. Addison was admirable.

LITERARY NOTES.

Mr. Morris is engaged on a new volume of poems.

The Dean of Norwich is engaged in preparing a work on his cathedral, its history and architecture.

The editor of the new magazine, *Freelight*, has written to the papers denying that the publication will be an organ of "Spiritualism."

A literary phenomenon has arisen at Greenock, in the form of a policeman poet. Mr. Kenneth McLachlin, who was for many years a member of the police in that town, has in the press a volume of verses, entitled "The Beauties of Scotland." Though self-taught, he is said to be a good classical scholar, as well as having pretensions to be a poet.

Robert Buchanan's forthcoming volume, "A Drama of Kings," will contain three separate pieces—the first devoted to Napoleon Bonaparte and the last to Emperor William of Germany and Bismarck, with a reprint of "Napoleon Fallen" coming between.

The Oxford Churchmen's Union offers three prizes to members "On the History of the Reign of Queen Victoria," one of the conditions of which is "that the religious, social, political, and literary movements of the reign" must be included.

Professor Phillip's textbook on "The Geology of Oxford and the Valley of the Thames," will be ready in a few days, and the learned geologist will lecture thereon, and illustrate his discourses by the collections in the Oxford Museum.

We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders given to each stock occasionally during the winter would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

SCENE IN A NEWSPAPER PRINTING OFFICE.

We take the following from the new and popular novel of "Joshua Marvell," for sale by Messrs. Durie & Son. The hero of the tale having obtained the situation of errand boy in a newspaper printing office, enters upon the scene of his new labors.

"Looking as sharp as he could, Joshua walked up stairs, and found himself in the composing room of the establishment. A number of men and boys, decorated with aprons with large bibs, were playing a mysterious game with hundreds and thousands of small pieces of lead, which they clicked with marvelous rapidity, but without any apparent meaning, against an instrument they held in their hands. He looked in vain for the swords which he had heard printers were allowed to wear, and he was covered with confusion at finding himself in the midst of so large an assemblage, who one and all appeared as if they were playing on a number of pianos without any tune in them. Going up to a youth whose head, covered with a profusion of red hair, looked as if it were in a blaze, Joshua asked to whom he should give the proof. 'To Snooks,' was the prompt reply. For which piece of information he received a slap on the side of his head from some person in authority, who, taking the proof from Joshua, directed him to sweep up the room. While performing this task he surveyed the scene before him. There were sixteen men and four boys at work. All the men had the same dissipated look that he had observed upon the countenance of the master. Their faces, otherwise, were very clean: but the tips of the right hand, forefinger and thumb of each hand were black with dirt, caused by the types which they picked up with those extremities from the boxes before them. Not a word was spoken except what appeared to have reference to the business, and the conversation proceeded somewhat in this wise: One of the workmen, walking to a slab of iron placed in the middle of the room, took therefrom a sheet of manuscript, and, looking at it negligently, shouted:

"'Number three!'

"Another voice at the end of the room cried out:

"'Awful collision!'

"Joshua stopped in the midst of his sweeping and waited for the shock. But as none came, he proceeded with his work, and thought that the second speaker was crazy. In the meantime the dialogue continued.

"'Speaker number one: 'End a break.'

"'Speaker number two: 'All right!' with a growl.

"'Speaker number one: 'What type?'

"'Speaker number two, with another growl: 'Minion!'

"At the word 'minion,' which Joshua considered was a term expressive of anything but respect, he expected speaker number one would walk up to speaker two and punch his head. Instead of which the insulted individual went into his corner again and recommenced playing his tuneless piano in the meekest possible manner. The overseer then going to a part of the room where long rows of type were placed in detached pieces, asked:

"'How long will this Dreadful Suicide be before it's finished?'

"'Done in five minutes, sir,' was the reply in a cheerful voice.

"'Who's on the Inquest?' asked the overseer.

"'I am, sir.'

"'Be quick and get it finished; you've been long enough over it. Now, then, how long is this Chancery Court to remain open?'

"'Close it up in two minutes, sir.'

"And Joshua gazed with a kind of wonder at the individual who spoke, as if it were as easy to close the Court of Chancery as to close his hand.

VARIETIES.

As the pearl ripens in the obscurity of its shell, so ripens in the tomb that fame that is truly precious.

A Chinese proverb says:—"A mouse can drink no more than its fill from the mightiest river."

On some countenances (says Richter) is written a history on others merely a date.

The proverbial unhealthiness of low lanes is the reason why sick people are called *valley*-tudinarians.

Why are the Germans the heaviest fellows in the world?—Because they are all Teuton (*two ton*) men.

If a Chinese woman is asked the number of her children, she will give the number of her boys; the girls are of no account.

He has least of all arrived at the ideal of virtue who exacts it most inexorably from others.

What fish would a captain name if he ordered one of his men to lift a lady aboard?—Oyster.

"There's sweet music in dreams," said an old gentleman.—"Yes, there may be," said his wife; but I hear nothing of it, except a snore."

Why would a woodpecker be invaluable in filling a granary?—Because it is always pecking, and four pecks make a bushel.

A fool in a high station is like a man on the top of a high mountain—everything appears small to him and he appears small to everybody.

A Chinese thus describes a trial in the English law courts:—"One man is quite silent, another talks all the time, and twelve wise men condemn the man who has not said a word.

Miss Crabstick, who hates the male sex vehemently, has cut a female acquaintance who complimented her on the buoyancy of her spirits.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Hogs, per 100 lbs. dressed weight, $6.75 to $7.50.

Beef cattle, $5.50 to $6.50 per 100 lb. dressed weight.

Sheep, $4 to $5 each.
Lambs, $3 to $3.50.
Young pigs, 75c to $1 do.
Fowls, 40c to 50c per couple.
Chickens, 25c to 35c do.
Wild ducks, 50c to 70c.
Partridge, 50c do.
Turkeys, 60c to $1 each.
Geese, 45c to 60c each.
Ducks, 50c to 70c per couple.
Feathers, 25c to 50c per lb.
Print do 18c to 22c do.
Roll do, 17c do.
Cheese, 12c to 14c do.
Skim Milk Cheese, 7c do.
Tallow, 10c do.
Honey, 12c to 15c do.
Beeswax, 25c to 30c do.
Swedish Turnips, 25c.
Potatoes, 22 cts to 30 cts per bushel.
Onions, $1 to $1.25 do.
Celery, 40c to 60c per doz.
Melons, 10c to 40c each.
Watermelons, 10c to 30c.
Squash, 5c to 10c do.
Pumpkins, 5c to 10c.
Cabbages, 5c to 10c.
Eggs 20c to 22c per dozen.
Cauliflowers 5c to 10c do.
Beets, 40c to 50c per bush.
Cranberries, 60c per gal.
Apples, 60c to $1 per bush.
Apples per barrel. $3 to $3.75.
Grapes, 12½c per lb.
Home spun yarn, 70c to 80c per lb.
Home made woollen socks, 30c per pair.

PORK.

Mess Pork, $16 to 16 50 per barrel.
Farmers' mess, $15 50 do
Prime mess none.
Hams smoked, $14.50 per 100 lbs.
Bacon do $10.50 do
Bacon dry salted, $9 do

FLOUR—Retail prices.

Double extra, $7.25 per barrel.
Extra, $7 do
No. 1, $6.50 to 6.75 do
Oatmeal, $6.25 to 6.50 do
Cornmeal, $3.25 to 3.50 do
Cracked wheat, $7 do
Wheat meal, $6.75 do
Provender, $1.40 per 100 lbs.
Cracked corn, $1.60 do
Bran, 80cts.
Hay, $13 to 16 per ton.
Oat straw, $7 to 9 per ton.
Rye straw, $6.

GRAIN.

Buckwheat, 50 to 55cts per bushel.
Oats, 30c to 35c do
Peas, 60c to 65c do
Beans, $1 35 to 1 40 do
Fall wheat, new, $1 40 to 1 45 do
Spring wheat, $1 25 to 1 30 do

HIDES AND LEATHER.

No. 1, Sole, 26cts per lb.
No. 2 do 23cts do
Slaughter, 27cts do
Harness leather, 33cts do
Upper do 42cts do
English kipp, 60cts do
French do 80cts do
Common do 55cts do
Canadian calf 70cts do
French do $1.25 do
Splits, 37cts do
Enamelled cow, 21cts do
Patent do 21cts do
Cod oil, 60cts per gallon.
Calf skins, do 10cts per lb.
Sheep pelts, $1.50 each.
Hides, No. 1, $9 per 100 lbs.
Hemlock bark, $4 per cord.

Have you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is a specific remedy, and is also the best pain killer in the world.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully this morning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

WEST END EATING HOUSE,
WELLINGTON STREET,
James H. Dunlop.
Meals at all hours. 18 21 e

WANTED,
Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to
T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.
Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 3

RIDEAU CANAL.

Notice to Forwarders and Owners of Vessels.

It is proposed to keep 3 to 4 feet of water in the Canal Basin after the close of Navigation. Owners of vessels desirous of wintering them therein will govern themselves accordingly.
JAMES D SLATER,
Superintendent Rideau Canal
Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871 1821 4

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

FOR COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The Examination of candidates for Public School Teachers (2nd and 3rd class) will be held in the Central School West, Ottawa commencing on MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER at 2 p. m. The examination for First Class candidates will be held in the same place on TUESDAY, 26th DECEMBER, commencing at 9 a.m. Candidates must send to the Inspector as soon as possible certificates of good moral character, and inform him of the grade of certificate now held, and the grade of that for which they are making application.
JOHN McMILLAN, B. A.
Secretary Examining Board.
Ottawa Nov. 15, 1871 1821wk3

1,000 AGENTS WANTED
TO SELL
The Great Fire in Chicago,
ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS
LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.
By a Chicago Clergyman.
Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a
History of the Great Fires of the Past,
Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.
The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.
The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.
His Church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.
Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house

LOCAL NEWS.

Christmas is coming which no body will deny.

The attendance on the market yesterday was not large.

DANGEROUS.—Boys skating daily on the canal are hazarding their lives.

The work of excavation still continues for the foundation of Mr. Robinson's building, Sparks street.

NEW ORGAN.—The new organ for the Bishop's Chapel is being put in its place. The Chapel will probably be opened next Sunday.

Local news is remarkably scarce, from which we may draw the inference that the city is correspondingly quiet and well behaved.

BENEVOLENT.—Mr. Alex. Taylor and Mr. George Mortimer solicit donations for the widow mother of the boy Hawkins, of whose death we spoke in yesterday's issue. They collected $42 yesterday.

WEATHER. — Yesterday morning the weather was cold and itseemed as if a heavy fall of snow was at hand; about noon, however, it commenced to rain, the afternoon continuing wet and disagreeable.

READINGS.—We understand that Mr. C. B. Brodie whose powers as an elocutionist were so well appreciated in the lower provinces, intends to give Readings in Gow.n's Hall shortly. Mr. Brodie will be assisted by several well known local amateur singers, and the entertainment promises to be well worthy of liberal patronage. A programme will be published shortly.

BURGLARS STILL AT WORK.—On Monday night last Mr. Andrew's stall in the By Ward market was entered by some person or persons who forced out the window to gain ingress. A considerable quantity of meat was carried away. J. W. Proctor & Co's store New Edinburgh, was entered the same night and a few dollars in cash taken from the till. Burglars are still active in our midst.

THANKSGIVING SERVICES at St. Alban's Church to-morrow.

Holy Communion, at 8 a. m.

Morning Prayer, Sermon, and Holy Communion, at 11 a. m.

Evening Prayer, Sermon, at 7.30 p. m.

The Lord Bishop of Ontario will be the preacher at the Evening Service. All the offertories of the day are to be exclusively given to the funds for the relief of the poor.

SADLY DISAPPOINTED.—On Monday evening last the City Hall was beseiged by a large assemblage of ratepayers, who were under the impression that a meeting of the Council was to take place that night. Some gentlemen from the Chaudiere had a petition to present praying the Council to prevent the laying of the branch track of the St. L. & O. R. R. on Broad street, as is intended. The said Broad street it appears is in fact an unusually narrow street.

THANKSGIVING DAY.—As Thursday has been appointed by the Lieut. Governor of Ontario a holiday, the utmost improvement of the day is provided for by the city pastors. All the churches will be open for Divine Worship at 11 a. m. At half past seven p. m. a *Union Service* will be held in the Wesleyan Methodist church, at which the Rev. Wm Moore will preside. Brief addresses will be given by Revds Messrs. Gordon, Ebbs, and Stephenson. Other Ministers will take part in the service. A collection will be taken up in aid of the Protestant Hospital.

POLICE COURT.—TUESDAY.—John Mullin was sent to gaol for two weeks for drunkenness.

An adjourned liquor case was further adjourned.

Wm McGowan was charged with assaulting Thomas Atkins, a young boy from the country. McGowan knocked him insensible with a blow of a whip stock, inflicting a serious gash on his head. The poor boy had to be taken to the hospital, where he received medical attention. McGowan, a stout burly young man, was fined $20 and costs or one month in gaol.

NATIVE TALENT.—No person passes Mr. Hunton's new building, Sparks street, without admiringly viewing its splendidly ornamented front. A gentleman from the old country accosted a second party a few days ago, and directing his attention to the above named building said "is not the sculpture really fine and well executed?" The other of course replied in the affirmative, when John Bull enquired who was the sculptor. On being answered that the sculptor was a young artist of this city, he exclaimed in a voice full of surprise and incredulity "Is that really so?" Being asked to explain the cause of his doubt, he said he thought to get such beautiful work done, the artist would have to be brought from the old country. He is not from the old country, however, nor from the States either; he is Mr. W. H. Burns, of this city, proofs of the exquisite efficiency of whose chisel may be seen in more places than one in Ottawa, as well as in many public buildings of our American neighbors. But he can handle more than the chisel; there is at present on exhibition in the office of this journal a crayon sketch of Charles Dickens by him. It is not only a faithful portrait of the great man, but its execution and finish convince every person who has seen it that the artist has excellent taste and that with the pencil as well as the chisel he is able to win laurels; and we may as well add at once that with the brush he is as efficient as with either of the former. And yet Mr. Burns is a self taught artist an arsist by nature we may say. His sketch of Dickens is a credit to him and as a native of Ottawa he is a credit to the city.

REGULAR ANNUAL MEETING OF THE I. P. B. S.—The regular annual meeting of the above society took place last evening in the Temperance Hall, Elgin street. The attendance was large notwithstanding the very disagreeable nature of the weather. The President, Mr. May, occupied the chair. The Secretary, Mr. T. Sproule, read the Treasurer's report showing that the Society financially was in a very encouraging condition. Mr. Woodburn, as chairman of the Charitacle Committee, read a report showing the relief the Society had given poor persons during the year. A vote of thanks was tendered to the Committee for their very efficient labors during the year. The election of officers for the ensuing year then took place. Mr. May positively declined to accept the office of President, and, on motion of Mr. McCormick, seconded by Mr. Sproule, W. F. Powell, Esq., was elected President. The following gentlemen were elected office bearers.

President—W. F. Powell.
1st Vice President—P. A. Egleson.
2nd Vice President—T. McGarrity.
Treasurer—Henry McCormick.
Recording Secretary—Thomas Sproule.
Assistant Secretary—Joseph Potts.
Corresponding Secretary—Samuel Christie.
Chaplain—Rev. J. S. Lauder, (all Irish Protestant Ministers of the Gospel in Ottawa ex-officio Chaplains of the Society).

COUNCIL.

Messrs. Wm Porter, A Pratt, J S Woodburn, Wm Cousens, J C Brennan, John Stewart, W J Wills, T W Thomson and James Egleson.

AUDITORS.

Messrs. J G Davis and Geo May.

A vote of thanks was then unanimously tendered to Mr. May, to which he responded, after which the meeting broke up.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 6th day of November, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the authority of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 6, sec. 4, entitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the date hereof, the following articles when imported into Canada, or taken out of Warehouse for consumption therein—that is to say: "Spirits and Strong Waters mixed with any ingredient or ingredients, and although they may come under the denomination of Proprietary Medicines, Tinctures, Essences, Extracts or any other denomination, shall be, and they are hereby declared to be chargeable with the duty imposed by the 3rd Section of the Act 33 Vic., Cap. 9 and with no other customs duty.

WM. H. LEE.
Clerk Privy Council.

Ottawa, Nov. 13, 1871. 1819 3

NEW BOOK — NEW BOOKS

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lud Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle*, to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

NOTICE.

Mr F WANLEY, Piano Tuner for Messrs A S Nordheimer, of Toronto is in town, and will be prepared to tune and regulate any Pianos that may be entrusted to him.

Parties wishing to get their instruments tuned will please leave orders with A Petersen Agent for the above firm, or H & J Gowan Sparks street.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1819 4

NOTICE.

The Power of Attorney given by me to Messrs. Purvis and Hagginsteil having been cancelled, these parties have, therefore, no power to act for me in any business whatever. I shall not be responsible for any liabilities contracted on my account without my written order.

HENRY USBORNE,

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815 a

SALESMAN WANTED

At the Regent House. Must speak French and English. Apply to

SINCLAIR, STITT & Co., Sparks street.

Ottawa, Oct. 31, 1871 1807 tf

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co.'s, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815tf

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CHAINE, Orleans P O, Ontario.

November 14, 1871 1820d1w3

TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, will be received until noon on

WEDNESDAY, 15th NOVEMBER Next,

FOR THE ERECTION OF AN

Agricultural College

in the Township of Etobicoke, County York,

Adjoining the Mimico station of the Great Western Railway, and about six miles from the city of Toronto.

Plans and specifications can be seen at the Department, where printed forms of tender can be had on application.

Tenders to contain the bona fide signatures of two persons willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract.

The lowest or any tender will not necessarily be accepted.

JOHN CARLING,
Commissioner.

Department of Public Works, Ontario,
Toronto, Nov. 9th, 1871 1816td

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET.

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. DEARBE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands. We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. y

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov 6th, 1871.

I decline by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Honey, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

Pianos, Organs and Melodeons

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS TERMS.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

THE OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of M M Cartier & Pominville, Advocates, in No. 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816oew

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hazlet. Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 19.

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price, 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE — *Eclectric* — Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871 1804 tf

D. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store, Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.

Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1799 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW

DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods,

millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 25, 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 8, 1871.

L. A. GRISON,

TIMES Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times*.

" " *Evening Mail*.
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais*.
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole*.
" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C. R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.

Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

	Stg		Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year	£1,282,222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums Reassured	£ 110,417 16 9
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0	NOTE—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 10	Surrenders	7,919 14 4
	£1,282,222 3 2	Annuities	12,262 17 8
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,9[illegible]9 12 9	Commission	9,922 7 0
Considération for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9	Expenses of Management and all other charges	20,896 7 9
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax	54,725 10 9	Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,356 0 0
	306,715 0 3	Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	86,804 18 0
	£1,588 937 3 5	Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
		Total	£1,588 937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up £	75 000 0 0	Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom £	500,888 18
Assurance Fund	1,201 911 9 2	Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5	Loans on the Association's Policies (within value)	175,910 19
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2	In British Government Securities	1,288 19 8
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6	Indian and Colonial Government Securities	43,881 14
	£1434,090 17 3	Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	290,567 17 0
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges	37,652 3 4
		House Property	109,189 18 9
		Annuities purchased	38,487 17 6
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,533 2 3
		Loans on Personal Security	6,879 10 0
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,278 10 0
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46,621 0 0
		Office Furniture and Stamps	970 17 11
		Agents' Balances	60,290 0 0
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 8
		Outstanding Interest	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable	18,997 1 0
		Cash— On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 8	
		On Current Bank Accounts 21,779 15 9	
		In hand 127 3 9	
			£1,434,090 17 0

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL $10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY-MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Ditto
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Original.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CORNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," rom Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 1670tf

AUCTION SALE.
OF VALUABLE
IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and undercultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.
Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 29, 1871 1796 f

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, to that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

Cure of Bronchitis.

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEE REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cure the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles	$1 00
Pills per Box	25

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1609tf

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT
GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
SIDNEY RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cramp, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Raphey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, september 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

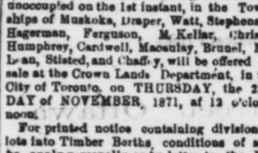
(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq, Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.



Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf

EMIGRATION
TO THE
UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or stamps. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

FOR CHEAP READING,
GO TO
HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,
No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERY A.M.	DELIVERY A.M.	DELIVERY P.M.
.....	12:00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.30
.....	12 00	9-00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	8 00	.....	4.30
9,00	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10 00	.....	.....
9,00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10,00	.....	.....
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.30
9-00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.30
9 00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4 30
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	10,00	.....	.....
9 30	.....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1 30
9 30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	8,00	.....	.....
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	.....
3:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Cushow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	7 00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Cary, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.30	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 3 P.M
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq, of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES
On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers,—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

W. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

HOW AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
Merchant of St. Johns church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE:

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 3, 1871.

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES	$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED	130
FANNING MILLS	22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Disks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR R A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. Prospectus

Medical.

MRS. MICHAEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS, PREVENTING TOOTHACHE AND ALL DISEASES, SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN THE PARTS OF THE WORLD. PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS, 308 K. BILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11 1871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN,

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All around ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries;

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

DR. ROBERTS

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family operient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & HARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Venders.

September 29, 1871. 39 6m

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

MEREDITH & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT MEREDITH. JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Original. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

C. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur. Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLI

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1822. OTTAWA, THURSDAY NOVEMBER 16 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five years.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

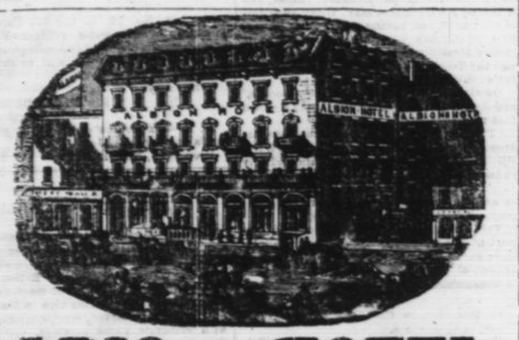
AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.



ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

has for TWENTY YEARS past been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States and Provinces of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
Cotton Hosiery
Turk Prints,
Balmoral Cottons,
Forters (expected
1 case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Border
4 " Trimmed Hats
Ladies' Jaconet Linen
Ribbons,
Parasols,
Hosiery,
Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Kanitoba Tweeds
Union Tweeds
Satinets,
Wadding,
Mill Men's Paper Collars,
11 Bales Chatham Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " Twilled Sheetings
" " " Ticks,

The Lebanon Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. R. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871

HATS HATS!

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq., or to

BARNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Sideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Gold and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Bramble, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Sellitoe Cusp—really good.

STEARINE CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best "Belmont" "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALE—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street

L. A. CRISON,
1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large percentage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion
J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.
Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 181

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Toronto, November 1st, 1871.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lots, No. 28, 8th Concession (59 acres), No. 27, (82 acres), and No. 28 (100 acres), in the 9th Concession, in the TOWNSHIP OF STISTED, in the DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA, 241 acres, with a Mill Site thereon, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Department of Crown Lands, AT NOON, ON THE TWENTY-THIRD OF THIS MONTH, the Department reserving to itself the right to make one bid.

CONDITIONS:—One half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest.

The purchaser to erect within one year from the date of sale a good Saw Mill, with one Circular Saw, of sufficient capacity to cut 8,000 feet of boards per day; and within two years, a Grist Mill, capable of manufacturing a sufficient quantity of good flour, to meet the requirements of settlers, the purchaser to have the right to the Timber on the land for the use of his Mill only.

The patent not to issue until two years after the date of sale, and the conditions have been complied with

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
1813td. *Assistant Commissioner.*

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9.20 A.M, every morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6.15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Close connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS
Managing Director. Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott
Ottawa Oct 26th 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m, 10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Finland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS.

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, Improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 22 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of Household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817ml

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Removal of Snow," will be received at this office until Friday next, the 17th inst., at noon, for the removal of the Snow, &c. from the Walks and around the Public Buildings, Ottawa.

Specifications can be seen at this office, where other information can also be had.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871. 1819 3

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ¾ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to

DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton,
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817d6w1m

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau
Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEYS WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEYS INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS MANUFACTURERS OF EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET GLASS-PAPER & WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS 172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....	Saturday,	7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN.	"	14th "	"
HIBERNIAN.....	"	21st "	"
MORAVIAN.....	"	28th "	"
SARMATIAN.....	"	4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	.....12th	Oct.
OTTAWA "	.....19th	"
ST. DAVID "	.....26th	"
ST. ANDREW "	..... 2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	..... 9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents Sparks-st.
Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class, powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES .....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN .....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER.....	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN....	"	19th "
MEDWAY...	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES...	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
Or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Oct. 19th. 1760y.

BY-LAW

For the constr[illegible] Works in the City [illegible] provide the means [illegible] purpose.

WHEREAS [illegible] provide for the construction [illegible] within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. } 1786 3m

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards.....	$ 38,0 0
Arch Covering.....	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates.....	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps.....	16,000
Pumping Mains extra.....	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Lacombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9 1871 1789 6

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailliff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa

DR LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1751 1y

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky2m

WANTED,

From now to the 1st of May next a FURNISHED HOUSE, either within, or not far from, the city limits. Address MR RIDE, Russell House. 1811 10

GLIMMER'S PICTURE-DREAM.

"You have heard the news, of course? Coming so unexpectedly, it has affected me almost like the loss of a personal friend."

The speaker was my fellow-lodger, Mr. Frederick Grimmer theatrical and musical critic for one of the Sunday papers, translator and adapter of plays for the minor theatres, and writer of tales and sketches for such of the weekly journals as afforded a market for these literary wares. In his more misanthropic moods, which were not infrequent, he was wont to allude to himself with cynical bitterness, or possibly affectation of it, as "a slave of the lamp," "newspaper drudge," "a wretch sentenced for life to the journalistic tread mill, &c., seeming to derive a gloomy satisfaction from contemplating himself in the pathetic character of a victim of the hard heartedness of publishers, and the tyranny of capital.

On the present occasion, he had dropped into my room, for a half-hour's gossip before bed-time, as he often did, on his return from theatre, if he saw my light still burning.

I had been out of the city for several days, and had but just arrived at my rooms, after being in the saddle since morning. During my absence, I had not seen a newspaper, and since setting out on my return, I had scarcely exchanged a dozen words with any civilized being. How should I have heard the news? A general European war might have broken out, without my being any the wiser. I was still busied in removing the traces of travel from my person and clothing, when Glimmer entered. Looking up on hearing his question, and noting the unaccustomed seriousness of his countenance and manner, I asked the nature of the news to which he referred.

"Dickens is dead," he replied, speaking with a degree of agitation which I afterward understood, though it puzzled me at the time. "He went off in precisely the same way as Thackeray," he added, laying the evening paper on my table. "Cerebral apoplexy in both cases. Like enough, too, he left what promised to be his best novel unfinished. We shall have the true solution of 'The Mystery of Edwin Drood.'"

Taking the paper, I glanced at the graphic column, and read the [illegible] of the sad intelligence. The story-teller of our time had [illegible] removed from his work at the [illegible] The fertile brain, that had [illegible] realm of imagination with [illegible] lightful creations, was at rest.

I read the brief despatch. "Why do you say it was cerebral apoplexy?" I asked. "There are no particulars." Glimmer seemed somewhat [illegible] for a moment. Recovering himself, however, he replied, with a mysterious air, that he understood the nature of the case. "It was just Thackeray's case over again. The symptoms clearly indicated cerebral apoplexy."

"But there are no symptoms given," I retorted, somewhat impatiently; "there is nothing but the bare fact of the death."

"All the circumstances of the case sustain my theory," persisted my companion, exhibiting a singular mixture of confusion and dogmatism in his manner as well as in his language. "You may call it paralysis of the brain, if you please; I choose to call it cerebral apoplexy. It's all the same thing. What's in a name? I *ought* to understand it, for I made a special study of it—read no end of medical books on the subject. Its the way I'm going off myself. Fact is, I'm liable to step out at any moment, and only hold on up to this time by a mere concentrated effort of will."

I eyed the speaker narrowly, in doubt whether he had lost his modicum of wits, or had been indulging it too frequent potations during the evening. He divined my thoughts, and, shaking his head, said, with a melancholy smile:

"No, I am neither mad nor intoxicated, I speak positively, because I have given much study and thought to the subject. You remember how Thackeray died, while working hard on his "Dennis Duval"? You remember that he went to bed perfectly well, and was found dead in the morning, having breathed his last at five o'clock, or just before day-break?"

"I know that he retired (at least it was so reported), to all appearance, in his usual health, and that he died during the night. But I am not aware that it has ever been ascertained, or that there were any means of ascertaining, at what hour he passed away, inasmuch as no one occupied the room with him, or saw him during the interval between retiring and being found dead at a late hour in the forenoon."

"I will explain to you at some other time," returned Glimmer, with the same dogmatic and mysterious air as before, "how it is that I am able to fix the hour of his death. At present, I will ask you if you ever have *picture-dreams.*"

I told him that I did not even understand what he meant by the expression.

"I trust," he resumed, with much solemnity, "that it may be long before you will learn what they are from your own experience. But that explanation, too, I must reserve until another occasion; for I am at this moment conscious of certain symptoms which warn me, that, unless I retire speedily I shall not be able to sleep at all until near morning; in which case I shall myself be in danger of one of those fatal visitations, in the midst of whose sinister beauty Thackeray and Dickens passed away."

Having delivered himself of this incomprehensible speech he bade me good-night and departed, leaving me in grave doubt as to whether it would not be my first duty in the morning to present his case to the Commissioners of Lunacy.

I saw no more of my fellow lodger for nearly a week after this conversation. It had quite passed from my recollection, when, one Saturday night, I heard a tap at my door, which I at once recognized as his. As he entered, in compliance with my invitation, I saw that he looked no less gloomy than at our last interview.

"Paul, old fellow," he said, "I want your opinion on a question of casuistry."

"A question of casuistry?" I answered, looking up from my writing, in some surprise.

"Precisely," returned my visitor; "but one that is purely abstract in its character. Still, it interests me, and I want to get your judgment on it."

"Such discussions are rather out of my line," I said, "I never studied at the Sorbonne, and do not even possess the parchment of a Yankee theological seminary. But if you choose to make me your father confessor, you shall have the benefit of such ethical perspicacity as I am possessed of."

"Pshaw!" exclaimed Glimmer, nervously. "I'm not in the confessional. Didn't I assure you that the case is a hypothetical one?"

I told him—not, I fear, without some unintentional show of impatience—to go on and state his question. He seemed hurt at my manner; but, beyond a half-deprecating half-reproachful glance, he took no notice of it. Placing his feet on the front round of his chair, and embracing his knees with his clasped hands—his favorite attitude when about to enter upon any subject which he deemed of more than ordinary importance—he sat, slowly swaying his head backward and forward, with an air of profound reflection.

"This is the point," he said, after a moment's silence, speaking in a low tone, and without lifting his eyes: "If a man find himself in imminent peril of death (without his own complicity or procurement, mind you), and has it in his power to save his life by making an effort, is he to be held chargeable with the suicide in case he declines to make that effort? That is the question—purely an abstract and hy-

pothetical one, you will remember—on which I want your judgment."

The exaggerated solemnity of Glimmer's manner and voice, as he stated this preposterous case of conscience, appealed so forcibly to my sense of the ludicrous, that I experienced no small difficulty in restraining my laughter. I could not help thinking of the argument of the two clowns in Hamlet, on the thesis. "Is she to be buried in Christian burial that seeks her own salvation?" and, for an instant, a parody on the sage conclusion. "Argal, he that is not guilty of his own death, shorteneth not his own life," was on the tip of my tongue. I am very glad now that I did not yield to the temptation to indulge in any such pleasantry.

To be continued.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, March 25, 1871. 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Ottawa & Russell Road Company—Z Wilson.
Ottawa and Montreal Macadamized Road Company—Z Wilson.
Auction Sale of Robes—J Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 16, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. Tilley has returned.

Pope left town yesterday. He a day or two.

all persons connected with nt may participate in this o paper will be issued to-

ested to announce that the have determined that this observed as a holiday in the Public artments.

We are pleased to notice that Mr. James Stewart Tupper, B. A., a son of the Hon. Dr. Tupper, passed his primary examination before the benchers of the Law Society at Toronto.

Sir Hugh Allan is reported to have written the Directors of the Northern Colonization Railroad that English capitalists are prepared to embark in the project of constructing the line, provided Montreal subscribes the proposed one million dollars.

THE CONTESTED TORONTO ELECTIONS.

The evidence in these cases having been given and the arguments heard, decisions will be awarded on Saturday. Mr. Crooks is represented to be in a very shaky condition, and the Hon. G. Brown sees the danger of subscribing $100 to the Corruption Fund. The friends of Mr. Cameron are quite assured of the issue in his case.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

When the mellow light of the Harvest moon is shining over the yellow stubbles, and the last loads of golden grain are being carried to the barn; and when amid much shouting and the sound of many ringing "hurrahs" the Devonshire peasant, as he drains his cup of cider, flings a handful of barley into the air, he is unwittingly perpetuating a custom founded in the days of old Rome, when, to commemorate the festival of harvest, the people were wont to scatter handfuls of grain and fruit before the gateway of the temple of Ceres. And when in Buckinghamshire and the midland counties of England, the farmer and his men pour out a portion of the "nut brown ale" on to the ground as they drink to celebrate their "harvest home," and as each twines a wreath of red and purple corn flowers to deck the head of his favourite lass, a lingering trace of the mysteries which attended upon the ancient worship of Persephone may be found in the simple custom.

In their worship of the mystic all pervading goddess of Nature from whose bounteous hand came fruits and flowers, the Romans and Greeks testified their gratitude for the year's harvest. In these happier and more enlightened days, in a simpler but purer form, we, on occasions like the present, desire to express our thankfulness to Him who we know is the "Lord of the Harvest," for the plenteous reward which has crowned the labours of our husbandmen. And though in the rude and apparently unmeaning customs with which we celebrate our "harvest homes" some remains of the old Eleusinian revels may be traced, yet on a day like this when a whole people lay aside their ordinary occupations and unite together to show their gratitude to the true God, the only author of all good things, for the many blessings with which they are surrounded, something far more sublime, something which speaks to our hearts and to our convictions with greater force than all the splendors of heathen worship could do, raises us for the time being above the cares and struggles of our daily life, and surrounds us with a purer and more healthy mental atmosphere.

Certainly it would be difficult to find in all the world to-day, a people who have greater reason to be grateful than we Canadians have. Not only have we good cause to thank Heaven for the bountiful harvest with which we have been favored, —though that in itself in a country which like this is so dependent upon its agricultural resources is a great boon,—but in a hundred other ways does Canada seem to have been especially favored by Providence of late. Peace has been maintained; while the Treaty of Washington has rendered well nigh impossible a war, which however bravely we might have met it had it come, must have brought woe and desolation in its train. From one end of the country to the other we hear nothing but reports of a continued and constantly increasing prosperity. Our territorial increase during the past few months has been something unprecedented, for without a drop of blood spilt in its capture, and only a comparatively trifling sum of money expended in its purchase, more than one third of this great Western continent has come into our possession. And if it were necessary, and did the space at our command admit of our doing so, we could go on ennumerating the many reasons we have for national gratitude. Doubtless most persons, as upon this day they are naturally led to review the position which Canada occupies, will be disposed to draw a political lesson therefrom, and will not fail to perceive that very much of the prosperity which we enjoy is attributable, humanly speaking, to the wise administration of public affairs by the Government of Canada. This, however, is a subject upon which we do not desire to enter now In this day's rejoicings let us only recognise the beneficent hand of Him from whose bounty comes all that makes life sweet and the earth blessed; and though the harvest moon is no longer shining and Winter is standing at the door, let us with glad and thankful hearts keep our Canadian THANKSGIVING DAY.

THE MINISTER OF PUBLIC WORKS.

A foolish rumor is making the rounds of the press that Mr. Langevin is going to exchange his office as Minister of Public Works, for some other Department.

The story originated somewhere in the Maritime Provinces, and has spread as such stories do.

On enquiry we find, as we anticipated, that there is not a word of truth in the statement.

We are glad for the sake of the Dominion, that it is so, as we are satisfied that its best interests are in his retention of his present office. Mr. Langevin has, since he has been Minister of Public Works, thoroughly established his character as a man of first rate administrative talent.

He is possessed of an untiring industry which, added to great quickness of perception, enables him to master, and to keep up with the complicated details connected with the Public Works of Canada. His firmness of character and logical habit of mind, enable him to deal with the numerous embarrassing questions that arise between his Department and the Contractors employed on the Public Works, while his unvarying courtesy makes him acceptable to all those with whom he is brought in contact. Added to all this, Mr. Langevin has a high opinion of the future destines of his native country, and we feel sure that he will in the future, as in the past, always be found a strong advocate of public improvements, and the development of the material resources of the Dominion.

In this matter he will rather require a curb than a spur.

Several very able men have, since the Union of the two Canadas administered the Department of Public Works, but among them there will not be found an abler man than Mr. Langevin.

THE ECLIPSE OF THE SUN.

On the 11th of next month a total eclipse of the sun will be visible in India, Ceylon, Java, and Australia, and extensive preparations have been made by British *savans* for taking observations. The shadow of the obscuration will be about seventy miles wide, and the totality will last in India two and a quarter minutes, and in Australia for four minutes. In the former country the pathway of the eclipse lies along the lines of railways, telegraphs, and good roads which is, of course, a fortunate circumstance for observers. The most important results, however, are expected to be obtained from the lofty peak of Dodabetta, one of the Neligherry range of hills, which is 8,640 feet above the level of the sea. The Astronomical Society of England have sent an expedition to the island of Ceylon, the Imperial Government having granted the sum of £2,000, and the use of tents and camp equipage to the party of observers, which consists of eight persons in all. The party is under the charge of Norman Lockyer and set sail from Southampton on the 26th of last month on board the P. and O. steamer *Mirzapore*, expecting to reach India on the 27th of November. Ample preparations are being made in Melbourne and Sydney for taking observations and a party of Dutch astronomers will occupy the observing stations in Java.

The question may very naturally be asked, what good end is to be attained, or what important question solved by the observations which are thus to be made at a considerable expenditure of time and money? We believe that the principal object which astronomers have in view, is to solve the nature of the *corona* or luminous circle which has been noticed to surround the blank disc of the moon during an eclipse. It used to be supposed that the *corona* was a sort of lunar mirage, but by the observations made last year, it was discovered beyond a peradventure, that it is in reality a portion of the sun's body, and the object now is to determine its precise connection with that luminary, and the nature of its substance. This knowledge being obtained, astronomers hope to be able to ascertain more about the composition of the sun and of the fixed stars that has yet been known.

The Toronto *Globe* says that Sir John Macdonald "is the peace maker, and a wink or a nod from him makes everything run smoothly." Truly this is high praise from an unexpected quarter. How much better to be a peace maker who makes things run smoothly, than a compound of envy, malice, and blundering obstinacy like the Hon. George Brown.

The following were the questions submitted by the Catholic League of Ontario to the Hon. J. S. Macdonald, and the Hon. George Brown, as the leaders of the two parties in Ontario:

1st. Are you prepared in good faith, to guarantee as far as you are able the support of your party to secure to the Catholics of Ontario their fair representation according to their numbers in the Legislature of the Province of Ontario and Dominion of Canada?

2nd. Name the constituencies in which the influence and support of your party would be exerted for the election of eligible Catholic candidates at the approaching elections.

3rd. The Catholic electors are, it is thought, strongest in the following constituencies, viz:—Essex, Kent, South Perth, North Wellington, Cardwell, Ottawa City, East Peterboro', South Grenville, Russell, Carleton, County of Prescott, East Toronto, Welland and Haldimand.

4th. Will you support a Catholic candidate in each of these constituencies at the approaching elections for Ontario.

5th. If not, name those of them in which you will sustain such candidates.

6th. Give the reasons fully of your ability to succeed in the election of such candidates.

Mr. Sandfield Macdonald refused to have anything to do with the proposed purchase of votes and consciences, though Mr. Brown was willing enough to make a bargain with anyone. We do not imagine however that the Irish Roman Catholics of Ontario will submit to be made merchandize of by Mr. O'Donohue and Mr. Brown

The retirement of Count Beust from the arena of European politics where he had so long distinguished himself, is an event of too much importance to be passed by unnoticed. The Count is only 62 years of age, and although he is said to have retired from private life in consequence of ill health, the impression prevails that this is merely a pretext, and that he is as vigorous and clear headed as ever he was. He was born in Saxony, and entered the service of Austria in 1866. The reconciliation of Hungary was mainly effected through the efforts of Count Beust.

GETTING MONOTONOUS

From the London Free Press.

The following paragraph which appeared in the *Globe* has afforded much glee to the Opposition press! It dates from Ottawa:—

"A good deal of exception is taken by the people here to the administration of Ordnance lands. Mr. Coffin, an employe, is known to have purchased at a very low price, a fine stone building recently put in repair by the Ordnance Department. It is further stated that he is an applicant to lease a valuable property, extending from his house to the Sappers' Bridge. It seems incredible that Senator Aikins would perpetrate such a job for one of his employes; however, such is the talk here."

The *Leader* is authorised to give the above morsel the most unqualified contradiction. Like all the charges of improper practices brought against the Government, it turns out to be false. In fact, this continual lying is getting monotonous. Why not try a little truth, by way of change.

THE RECKLESS OPPOSITION.

From the Halifax Reporter.

The Halifax journals in Opposition to the present Dominion Cabinet, are evidently nearly frantic. They do not know how to oppose the Cabinet in a legitimate way. They are, therefore, driven to the most desperate expedients and compelled to make the most reckless assertions, in order to turn away the people from a calm survey of the practical benefits resulting from having at the head of affairs men of such ability as the present Federal Cabinet have proved themselves to be.

Of late we have had four several attacks made upon the Cabinet, each one of which is characterised by more recklessness than its predecessor. These four are: 1st, the attack upon Dr. Tupper in connection with the Spring Hill Mining area. 2nd, the Campbell affair; 3rd, the Nova Scotia part of the Intercolonial; and 4th, and most reckless of all, the asserted complicity of Dr. Tupper with Post Office Clerk Campbell in letter opening.

Take the latest frantic effort. Dr. Tupper is deliberately charged by the three opposition newspapers of this city with having giving young Campbell "a *carte blanche* to open, suppress, or destroy all letters suspected to be sent by the Local Government to persons throughout the Province, intended to influence the electors, or to have any political bearing." There is the charge. Does any sane man in the Dominion believe the assertion? We will answer, and our answer will be one re-echoed by every honest, self-respecting man in the Province. We say "shame upon the wretches whose malignity is so utterly base, so completely degraded, so unmanly, so devil-like, as to invent and disseminate such a charge, without producing one particle of evidence or one tittle of reason for the assertion." That is the answer that will be sent back from every part of Nova Scotia. The good feeling of the people will everywhere turn with loathing and disgust from the newspapers who would disseminate such malignant trash,—will everywhere hiss any man who will dare to outrage the good sense and manly spirit of Nova Scotians by repeating such a foul slander.

There is not a man in the Province but knows that Dr. Tupper is too plucky, too manly a man to deal with weapons of such an assassin-like stamp. His very faults—if we lay aside his virtues for the time being—would preserve him from such a dastardly mode of circumventing his political foes. His is a disposition so diametrically opposite to that which seeks to stab in the back rather than to slap in the face, that the charge bears its own refutation along with it. It has not been his custom to burrow in dark passages waiting till his foe has put it out of his power to defend himself. His enemies, in making their charge against him, have at last shown themselves in their true colors. They have stripped off all disguises. They appear to every eye as haters of Dr. Tupper, and not defenders of the public morals—such haters too that by descending to the meanest and most loathsome tricks, they have at last raised themselves, not Dr. Tupper, to an unenviable position of infamy.

The charges made against Dr. Tupper, before this last one, have only awakened the ardor of his friends in Cumberland County and scattered his opponents. In this the St. John *Telegraph* said truly—these charges without evidence have but strengthened Dr. Tupper's position in his county. The last spawn of evil hatred will, or we misjudge much the open fair dealing people of Nova Scotia, call to Dr. Tupper's side to support him against last calumny, all the best, the most intelligent, the most honest of the land. There is no man who will openly countenance such low means to degrade a political opponent as has been at last used by Dr. Tupper's haters in their frenzied recklessness.

It's full time this sort of warfare was ended—full time that the reckless assertion and the malignant untruth were both trowned upon by all parties.

Such will be the case. So confident are we of this that we venture to predict that Dr. Tupper is entering upon an epoch in his career as a public man, during which he will be one of the most popular, most trusted and honoured of our public men.

A FAVORABLE NOTORIETY.—The good reputation of Brown's Bronchial Troches for their list of coughs, colds, and throat diseases, has given them a favorable notoriety.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without num ber admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the resp ctable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "prinz poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders given to such stock occasionally during the winter would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 15

To morrow being Thanksgiving Day business will be generally suspended.

The scaffold for the execution of the criminal Lee was erected to day. Owing to his joining the Church since his conviction the Catholic clergy have accorded him a complete ecclesiastical ovation during the week. The Bishop's circular in the *Nouveau Monde* directs the Cathedral bell to toll during the execution, and that he shall have the full honors of an ecclesiastical burial; also, that special prayers in all churches be said for six succeeding weeks for the repose of his soul, dancing and all fetes to be suspended by the faithful during that time.

The University lecture last night, for the third year in succession, was nearly broken up by a few students, ascertained to be of low families from the remoter districts, and chiefly in the Medical Department. Interruptions bordering on a riot, despite the remonstrances of the Professors, characterized the entire evening, ending with the shutting off of the gas. The Faculty have resolved on immediate measures for cleansing the institution of the ruffianly class that now get within its walls with dangerous effect.

Two horses fell into the river off the wharf last night and were rescued, one dying shortly after.

The number of interments during the past week amounts to 69.

It has been snowing, accompanied by rain all afternoon.

The change in stocks is immaterial.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

DUBLIN, Nov. 15.—Kelly, who was acquitted of the murder of Head Constable Talbot, is still held on a charge of firing a pistol at officer Mullen. His trial on this charge, which was to have commenced this week, has been postponed. His friends hope *Nolle prosequi* will be entered.

Jennings Pyatt, editor of the Dublin *Irishman*, now under arrest, is treated with great rigor and placed in that part of the jail assigned to persons accused of high misdemeanors.

LONDON, Nov. 15.—On the *fete* day of the Ex-Empress of the French, a large deputation from Paris arrived here and proceeded to Chislehurst, where they offered their congratulations to Her Majesty. The officers of the late Imperial Guard sent bouquets to be presented on the occasion.

The steamer *City of Brooklyn*, while proceeding up the Mersey, ran into and sank the steamer *Ida*, from Rotterdam. An officer of the latter vessel was drowned, but all the rest of the crew were saved. No damage to the *City of Brooklyn* is reported.

Disraeli has been elected Lord Elector of the University of Glasgow over Prof. John Ruskin, who was also nominated for the honor.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov 15.—The trial of Blanqui will soon begin before the Court Martial at Versailles.

M. Ferry dissolved the Municipal Council at Ajaccio, and left Corsica.

Hundreds of persons attended the feast of Madeleine to-day. The special mass heretofore celebrated for the health of ex Empress Eugenie was not performed. No reason has been assigned for the omission.

GERMANY

BERLIN, Nov. 15.—The *Provincial Correspondence*, a semi official paper, in its issue to day, says the retirement of Count Von Buest from the Chancellorship and Ministry of Foreign Affairs has no effect upon the relations between Prussia and Austria, the friendliness of which is unimpaired.

The German Parliament will conclude its labors on the 25th inst., and the session of the Prussian Diet will open on the 27th.

RUSSIA.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 15.—The Moscow *Gazette* in an editorial article counsels Russia to demand the neutralization of Denmark and restoration of Northern Schleswig to the latter country as a means to counteract the power of Prussia on the Baltic Sea.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 15.—In Cortes to-day Senor Zorilla denied that the first Spanish Ministry formed after the revolution which drove Queen Isabella from the throne had devised or entertained a project for the sale of Cuba to the United States. Much excitement was created in the Cortes by a speech from Senor Figaras, adverting to the relinquishment by Spain of San Domingo, during which the session for the day terminated.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

LONG BRANCH, Nov. 15.—A heavy south east storm set in yesterday. Last night the roof and a part of the piazza of the United States Hotel were carried away. Great damage was done to the beach. At high water this morning the bluff was washed away to the main drive, Ocean Avenue, intersecting Chelsea Avenue. Hundreds of people line the shore this morning witnessing the demolition of the embankment. No damage to the shipping is yet reported. The railroad track at Seabright is considerably damaged.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—Panama dates of the 2nd inst. say there was a very severe earthquake at Iquique on the 5th of October, lasting two minutes. Great confusion and panic prevailed among the inhabitants. In the interior Province several houses fell, and the railway was blocked by stones which fell from side cuttings. In Larapaca many buildings were destroyed, including the Pantheon. The towns of Pica and Matilla are laid in ruins. In the former town the earthquake was followed by a large fire.

The American Association for the Cure of Inebriates passed resolutions this morning affirming that drunkenness was a disease, and recommending the State to erect hospitals for the detention and treatment of confined inebriates.

The *Sun* says that the British Government has nearly concluded negotiations for the purchase of the Atlantic Telegraph Cable. As confirmation, it is said that the Syndicat of London capitalists has lately paid $25,000 for the privilege of purchasing, within ninety days, and at 90 cents on the dollar, $2,500,000 of stock of the New York and Newfoundland Telegraph Company, the wires of which form an extensive connection between the western end of the Atlantic Cable Telegraph system of the United States. Of course if the Syndicat offers 90 cents on the dollar for stock of the Newfoundland Company they expect to get from the British Government a higher price for it. It is said the price will not materially differ from that paid for the stock of the Atlantic Cable Company. The entire purchase will probably cost the Government $12,000,000 in gold by the time it is completed.

The Board of Health held their weekly meeting this afternoon when the City Sanitary Inspector, Morris, submitted a report showing that seven persons have been killed during the past twelve days by cars entering or leaving the Grand Union Depot on 42nd street. He denounced the depot as dangerous to human life, and urged the Board to take action to compel the companies to sink their tracks ten or twelve feet beneath the level of the road; or, to place gates at the street crossings. The report of Dr. Morris shows that only four fatal cases of small pox occurred during the past week.

The storm last night caused great loss in Hudson County, N. Y. The ravages throughout the county were fearful Between buildings blown down and the devastation of other property the losses will reach $100,000. Trees were uprooted, fences torn down, and in the more exposed sections more valuable property was wrecked. Exceeding all others in the amount of loss was the destruction of the car buildings belonging to the North Hudson County Railway Company at Union Hill. The building was seen at one o'clock this morning to be swayed first to one side and then to the other by the gale. An hour later a terrific gust completely wrecked it. It was a frame building. A number of cars stood beneath it, and of these six were almost wholly wrecked. The total loss is estimated at $200,000.

Another Russian frigate appeared in sight from the Highlands. It is, no doubt, one of the remaining vessels of the fleet accompanying Alexis.

A special to the *Evening Post* from Washington says, William W. Everets and Gen. Caleb Cushing, Counsel for the United States before the Geneva Commission, leave for their mission towards the close of next month. The Commission will meet in December, and, after hearing the statements of both sides, will adjourn until April, when the formal argument of the Counsel will be submitted. In view of the fact that additional arguments may be called for by the arbitrators at the last meeting in June, Gen. Cushing and associates will remain abroad until the final hearing, and it is not expected that they will return before July next.

James Fisk, jr., President of the Erie Railway, learning to day that a warrant was out for his arrest on a charge of libel, the complainant being Helen Josephine Mansfield, surrendered himself in the Yorkville Police Court this afternoon. Miss Mansfield charges Fisk with having forced a colored boy named King, working in her employ, to swear to his affidavit charging her and Edward Stokes and a Mrs. Williams with a conspiracy to blackmail him by threatening to publish statements regarding the management of the Erie Railway Company, and also circulated the affidavit of Maggie J. Ward, servant. Miss Mansfield, in her affidavit, swore that Fisk offered her inducements to swear to false affidavits for him. He was placed under $3,000 bonds to answer.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

WASHINGTON, Nov. 14.—The barometer in Washington fell over one inch in 24 hours.

The American and British Commission met to-day, but owing to the absence of Judge Fraser, no business was transacted.

The President appointed Nelson J. Turry, of Ohio, member of the Indiana Peace Commission, in place of Senator Lane, who resigned.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—A special from Matamoras, dated 10th November, says that the telegraph line to Rio Grande has been completed.

Two hundred cavalry has sallied from Sallillo on a foraging expedition, and encountered the rebels forces. The Government forces were driven back with the loss of one half their number. The rebels were exultant. Two regiments of the Government cavalry have arrived at Sallillo.

NEW YORK, Nov. 15.—A storm last night was very severe, one of the most violent that ever occurred in this vicinity. The streets were entirely deserted for a time, it being impossible for stages and street cars to run. Chimney walls, unfinished buildings, and shade trees, were blown down, and it is feared that terrible disasters will be reported along the coast.

Arrived, the steamship Cuba from Liverpool.

THE TANNERIES MURDER.

We learn from the Montreal *Herald* that the prisoner Lee now under sentence of death, and to be executed on Friday, for the murder of Mrs. Foster, at the Tanneries, has determined to die a Roman Catholic, having embraced that faith. He retains the utmost composure, and appears perfectly resigned to his fate. By the R. C. clergy and Sisters of Charity he is constantly attended, and the periods at which he is not waited upon by some one or other of them are very seldom and very brief. Some few days since he was visited by Bishod Bourget; early last week, Lee, being desirous of another visit from his Lordship, addressed the following letter to him:

"MONTREAL PRISON, Nov. 8, 1871.

"My Lord,—All unworthy as I am, to address your Lordship, I venture to beg you will accord me this honour, because I have a great favour to ask you. My good Father Lavallee tells me that you will be in his parish next Sunday, and I would beg you then, my Lord, to have the charity to visit once more the unfortunate prisoner, Lee. I do not merit so great a favour, but I have been so happy since your last visit that I would be very grateful to your Lordship if you would deign to come and see me once more. Your visit would do me more good than I know how to express. I cannot well express to you suitably all my gratitude, having no instruction, but what I do say to you comes from the bottom of my heart. Having to day the happiness of knowing myself a child of the Holy Catholic Church (*le bonheur de pouvoir me faire l'enfant de la Saint Eglise Catholique*), I believe we can aid each other in praying the one for the other; I humbly beg of you, then, my lord, to think of me in your holy prayer, and to recommend me to the remembrances of all the cures of this city during the Holy Communion of Mass, and to ask them to solicit for me the prayers of all the parishioners; especially on the day of my execution. I have but a few days left to live, and I wou'd remember in heaven those who may have prayed for me below. God is a God of mercy towards the greatest of sinners. He has in his goodness cleansed my soul and inspired me with a courage which will enable me to meet this frightful death. His grace, I hope, will sustain me to the end. Counting, then, my Lord, if it is not too much to ask, on the favour of your Lordship on Sunday, I remain, with sentiments of the most profound veneration and of perfect gratitude, your Lordship's most unworthy son in Jesus Christ.

"J. PETER LEE."

In accordance with the dying man's request—for such we may call it—the Bishop published a long circular in the *Nouveau Monde*, in which he prescribes five Paters and five Aves to be said by every priest after each mass between this and Friday next. On the morning of the execution mass will be celebrated in the prison, and as the execution will be private, all good Catholics are directed to assemble for prayer in their various churches at the hour in which it takes place. For this purpose the bells of the cathedral will toll fifteen minutes before the execution. His Lordship also states that all *the honours* of ecclesiastical burial will be granted to the body of the criminal. He also states that at 7 o'clock in the evening, for thirty days after the execution, the bell of the Cathedral will toll to invite the faithful to church to pray for the soul of the departed. It will also notify them to abstain from dancing and from holding the St. Catherine balls usual at this season. The circular adds a few other minor directions, and winds up with a benison and a hope that his wishes will be carrred out.

The scaffold on which the unfortunate man is to suffer the extreme penalty has been already erected on the east side of the gaol yard, behind the guard house, and is altogether out of sight of the public. It consists of a small platform about five feet above the ground with a trap door in the centre, and above which, on two upright posts, six feet high, extends a cross beam in the centre of which is an iron hook, to which the rope when round Lee's neck will be attached. The trap door is arranged so as to work very easily. With the exception of the trap, the upright, cross beam and hook, the construction resembles an ordinary election hustings. Underneath the scaffold, however, has been dug a large hole, about five feet deep, and probably as many feet square, down which, when the bolt is drawn, the wretched man will drop probably to within about two feet of the bottom, will give him a fall of from six to eight feet according to the length of the rope. As a matter of course it is not made known who will adjust the rope and pull the bolt, but the chances are that the job will be assigned to a prisoner in the gaol, several of whom have applied for it.

DOMINION NOTES.

The people of Lindsay were rejoicing in good sleighing on Saturday.

All the gravel roads in Wellington County are now free, the leases of the late occupants having expired at 12 o'clock noon on the 1st instant. This is a boon that travelers will appreciate.

The grading on the Wellington, Grey and Bruce Railway is completed to Paisley, and work on the fourth and last section will be commenced in a few days.

A despatch from Cleveland informs us that the Canadian schooner *Juliette*, Capt. Albert Bassett, was sunk on Friday night off Madison, Ohio, and all hands except the cook was lost. It is not stated to what part of the Dominion the vessel belongs, but she was probably owned in Ontario.

Last week the members of the Loyal Orange Association, Muskoka, presented their County Master, Mr. George F. Gow, with a valuable gold watch as a mark of their appreciation of the services which he had rendered the cause.

The Toronto, Grey and Bruce Railway is progressing rapidly to the lake. Mount Forest has been reached.

The Welland *Tribune*, referring to the contract for the Deep Cut awarded to Mr. George Harvey, of Walterton, at the rate of 17 cts a yard, says:—There are about 300,000 yards of earth to be removed, which at that figure per yard would amount to $51,000. Parliament, it will be remembered, granted $300,000 for the work, so if the contractor can fulfil his contract the country will have saved quite a sum on this one item as estimated. In addition to the mere removal of the earth there are ditches and sluices to be formed for which no extra pay is to be awarded, which will enhance the cost of the work to the contractor somewhat. The opinion of the majority of experienced and practical men is, that it will cost the contractor about 24 cents per yard to do the work.

The unbounded wealth deposited in the silver mines on the north shore of Lake Superior, in the vicinity of Thunder Bay, is commencing to attract the attention of inhabitants of the Dominion to which it belongs, after a score or more of shrewd operators from the neighbouring States have turned their fortunes by opening the mines. A party of Londoners have just returned from the silver region, having secured a rich claim, and design organizing a stock company to operate.

MISCELLANEOUS ITEMS.

An anti communist association of work men has been formed in Paris. The society is said to number 60,000 members, and each member is pledged not to join any section of the International.

The son of the rajah of Etawah has been sentenced to thirteen years' rigorous imprisonment and 3,000 rupees fine for hanging up a native man and woman by the heels and flogging them until the man died.

A man seventy years old in Newport, Wis., had a quarrel with his wife, and taking his shot gun, went out, threatening suicide. He lay down on the grass, fired off his gun in the air and waited an hour for his grief stricken wife and children to come out. When they failed to put in an appearance the old gentleman went back in high dudgeon, and said "he'd show them whether they wouldn't come out when he killed himself."

It is announced in England that Sir Henry Holland has been persuaded to publish, and under an enlarged form a volume entitled, we believe, "recollections of Past Life," of which a few copies only were printed a year or two ago, for his own family and private friends.

The Emperor William, of Germany, is in his seventy fifth year, but his hair and beard alone betray his age. His complexion is still fresh, and his powers of endurance are still great. It is thought he owes his physical powers to his simple, soldier like mode of living, although he comes of a strong and hardy family.

There is in press in London a work, entitled "Mexico under Maximilian," from the pen of Captain Kendall, late of Her Majesty's Forty-fourth and Sixth regiments, and who subsequently held an important command in the service of the late Emperor, by whom he was decorated with the Grand Cross of Guadeloupe, for distinguished service in the field.

EVENINGS AT HOME.

Variety is the first thing needful for amusement, and a little unwritten programme which arranged conversation, music, reading and the round game in their due sequence, would be simply introducing into the family party the same principle which is proved by experience to be essential to the success of any public entertainment. Much again may be done with each of these elements of social enjoyment in themselves. Music, for instance, as it is at present employed in evenings at home, is one of the most irritating and annoying things in the world. It is a mere chance which piece is played, or who the composer is, or what the style of music may be. Imagine a little thought given to the character and a succession of the pieces played, the devotion of five minutes to the arrangement of a dexterous alternation of vocal with instrumental music, or the placing of more scientific pieces at the beginning of the little home concert and a lively glee at the close. We once knew a family where Shakespere was read in character, as it were, and each member of the circle round the home table took a separate personage in the play. Reading of this kind would give a real basis for conversation. There is no reason in the world that good conversation should be so rare as it is, but men and women will only learn really to converse when conversation, in the true sense of the word, is familiar to them at home.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evile the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully this morning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

(*To be Continued*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

Have you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is a specific remedy, and is also the best pain killer in the world.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 93 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, often times incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

DIED.

In this city, on the 15th inst, Mr. Henry Dunn, aged 56 years.

The funeral will take place at 2 p.m. (Friday) from his late residence on Parry street. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

In this city, on the 15th inst., William, fourth son of Mr. Wm. Palen, Builder and Contractor, aged 14 years and 7 months.

The funeral will take place from his father's residence, Maria street, to-day (Thursday) at 2:30 p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

HUDSON BAY COMPANY.

ROBES BY AUCTION.

The subscriber is favored with a consignment of 300 of the above Robes, and is instructed to sell them at Public Auction at his Sale Rooms, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House at One (1) o'clock, on TUESDAY 21st inst. The Robes are fresh from the Hudson Bay Territory, are clean and healthy, and consist of some of the finest of skins. To the Trade this is an excellent opportunity to purchase at home and on easy terms. As this is the first sale of Hudson Bay Co. Robes, they will be sold in lots to suit all purchasers.

TERMS—Under $100, cash; $100 to $250 3 months; and over this amount four months on approved paper.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Nov. 16, 1871 1822td

OTTAWA & RUSSELL

ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A. D., 1871, for the Election

LOCAL NEWS.

The weather was very disagreeable yesterday.

THE CURLING RINK is to undergo improvement shortly.

The streets and sidewalks are in a fearful condition.

THANKSGIVING.—Printers are exceedingly thankful for the holiday.

Some of the mills at the Chaudiere have closed down for the season.

POLICE COURT.—There was no business at the tribunal of justice yesterday.

GOOD.—Broken stone is being put on the principal streets in parts where it is needed.

THE MARKET yesterday was small. Pork sold at from $6.50 to $7.00 and beef at from $5.00 to $5.50.

SOCIAL ASSEMBLY.—No. 1 Ottawa Fire Company give a social in Gowan's Hall on Tuesday next, 21st inst. It will be successful of course.

COUNTY COURT—TUESDAY.—D. M. Grant, Esq., presiding. There was only one case, Peter Tomkins, for abusive language, was fined $10 and costs.

DANGEROUS.—If we do not hear of a case of drowning soon in the canal or By Wash it will not be the fault of youngsters. Parents should caution their children in time.

PLAIN DEALING.—Mr. Cook, residing near the toll gate, had some of his carpenter's tools stolen on Tuesday. This is worse than chiselling; things should be done more on the square.

ST. ANDREW'S CHURCH.—Thanksgiving service will be held in St. Andrew's Church to-day at 11 o'clock. At the close of Divine Service the plans of the new Church will be on view in the school room in rear of the Church.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital, acknowledges the receipt of $50 from Mrs. J. M. Currier, in aid of the institution. Donations thankfully received by Alexander Workman, Treasurer.

ATTEMPT AT BURGLARY.—An attempt was made on Tuesday night to enter Mr. T. W. Bush's store on Rideau street. The burglar had almost succeeded in effecting an entrance by the window when he decamped, probably on hearing some person approaching.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

SALE OF BUFFALO ROBES.—Mr. Bermingham is receiving a consignment of 300 Hudson Bay Companies' Buffalo Robes, which he will sell by Public Auction at his new rooms, Elgin street, on Tuesday next, the 21st inst. The robes are all in excellent condition being directly from the Hudson Bay Territory. This will be a rare opportunity. Purchasers will be accommodated in every respect. See advertisement.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—Wm. Lloyd, Montreal; D S Connor, do; R G Heston, do; S M Taylor, do; Mr Somers, Boston; A McLean, do; J Allan, Montreal; J J C Abbott, do; F Wasley, Toronto; A Prevost, Montreal; W W Crombie, St Catharines; Mr Crombie, Toronto; A N Richards, Brockville; T Coyle, do; S A Gunn, Montreal; Hon A B Foster, Waterloo; H Usborne, Bruesile; D W Burry, Morris; J A Buck, Nowood; Geo A Henshaw, Amherst, N S; R Luttrell, Prescott; Chas Mohr, Moar's Corner; Ira Cornwall (Gazette) Montreal.

LIQUOR, INSANITY AND SUICIDE.—A very unusual and sad occurrence took place in the village of Lanark, on Wednesday week last. A man named James Fleming a laborer, about 62 years old, and who has been drinking to excess and wandering about like an outcast for the past two months, went yesterday to the house of Mr. George Salmonds, where he ate a very hearty dinner, after which he went to the village for the purpose of getting more liquor, but being refused, he again returned to Mr. Salmond and warmed himself for a few seconds at the stove; then walking up stairs, he cut a piece of clothes line from where it was fastened, attached one end to a beam and hung himself. He was discovered about half an hour after the rash act was perpetrated, by Mrs. Salmond. He must have been very determined in his rash act, as both his knees were touching the floor. An inquest was held by Coroner Bowden of Perth, when the following verdict was given: That the deceased, James Fleming, hanged himself while under a temporary fit of insanity, caused by continued and excessive drinking.

OTTAWA FIELD BATTERY—DISTRIBUTION OF PRIZES.

The distribution of prizes to the successful members of the Ottawa Field Battery in the Fall Rifle Match took place last evening in Mr. Gilpin's Red Lion Hotel. The Battery being composed chiefly of young farmers who live in the country, there were not many members present owing to the unfavorable nature of the weather. Col. Wily, who filled the position so often and so well before, again kindly consented to present the prizes last evening. The names were read out by Lieut. Stewart, the gallant captain of course being present to superintend proceedings.

The following are the names of the prize winners:

FIRST MATCH.

1st prize.....Driver Gray
2nd " .....Corpl Leggo
3rd " .....Wheeler Lepine
4th " .....Sergt.-Major Stewart
5th " .....Corpl. Miller
6th " .....Corpl Lowe
7th " .....Assist. Collar Maker Dunette

SECOND MATCH.

1st prize and medal.....Driver Gray
2nd " .....Driver Savage
3rd " .....Sergt. Major Stewart
4th " .....Wheeler Lepine
5th " .....Corpl. Leggo

THIRD MATCH.

1st prize.....Driver Savage
2nd " .....Driver Marlin
3rd " .....Gunner Oswald
4th " .....Driver Gray
5th " .....Gunner Stewart
6th " .....Assist. Collar Maker Dunette

FOURTH MATCH.

1st prize.....Driver Gray
2nd " .....Sergt. Major Stewart
3rd " .....Corpl. Leggo
4th " .....Driver Marlin
5th " .....Corpl. Lowe
6th " .....Gunner Easton

1,000 AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His Church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that enter largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ont.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents.
Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents
Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820tf

MACDONALDS' AUCTION ROOMS.
YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and paintED, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best-situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to.

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneer and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents 38, York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819dm

GOVERNMENT HOUSE, OTTAWA.

Monday, 6th day of November, 1871.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

On the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Customs and under the authority of the Act 31 Vic., Cap. 6, Sec. 4, entitled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered, that from and after the date hereof, the following articles when imported into Canada, or taken out of Warehouse for consumption therein—that is to say: "Spirits and Strong Waters mixed with any ingredient or ingredients, and although the duty coming under the denomination of Proprietary Medicines, Tinctures, Essences, Extracts or any other denomination, shall be, not they are hereby declared to be chargeable with the duty imposed by the 3rd Section of the Act 33 Vic., Cap. 9 and with no other customs duty.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.
Ottawa, Nov. 13, 1871. 1819 3

NEW BOOK.—NEW BOOK!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.
Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

NOTICE.

Mr F WASLEY, Piano Tuner for Messrs A S Nordheimer, of Toronto, is in town, and will be prepared to tune and regulate any Pianos that may be entrusted to him.

Parties wishing to get their instruments tuned will please leave orders with A Peterson Agent for the above firm, or B & J Gowan Sparks street.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1819 4

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

FOR COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The Examination of candidates for Public School Teachers (2nd and 3rd class) will be held in the Central School West, Ottawa, commencing on MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER, at 9 p.m. The examination for First Class candidates will be held in the same place on TUESDAY, 26th DECEMBER, commencing at 9 a.m. Candidates must send to the Inspector as soon as possible certificates of good moral character, and inform him of the grade of certificate now held, and the grade of that for which they are making application.

JOHN McMILLAN, B. A.
Secretary Examining Board

Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871 1821wky3

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion.

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known farm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands. We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,
Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. y

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Sexton, Henry, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the flames from that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of my mill and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814w JAMES SKEAD.

Mckenzie and Sherway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices and on the most advantageous terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and prices sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8 Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOULDINGS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Finlayson & Dupuis.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

THE OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of M M Cartier & Bominville, Advocates, in No 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.
Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816dcw

SALESMAN WANTED

At the Regent House. Must speak French and English. Apply to

SINCLAIR, STITT & Co.,
Sparks street.
Ottawa Oct. 31, 1871 1807 tf

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co's, Ottawa.

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815tf

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CHAINE, Orleans P O, Ontario.

November 14, 1871 1820d1w3

WEST END EATING HOUSE,

WELLINGTON STREET,

James H. Dunlop.

Meals at all hours. 18 21

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.
Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 2

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE AND FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

These purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERIAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle. Firm from whom we purchase last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

NO MUSK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price, 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, Oct. 23, 1871 1804 tf

D. OLIVER MARTIN,

DENTIST,

HAS REMOVED!

his DENTAL ROOMS three doors West, over O'Meara's Store. Entrance—next to Bates', Sparks street, Ottawa.

OLIVER MARTIN.
Ottawa, Oct. 7, 1871. 1780 1m

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW COTTONS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

NEW DRY GOODS EMPORIUM.

The Regent House.

An Extensive Stock of

Fancy and Staple Goods.

Millinery,

Mantles, &c.,

At Most Economical Prices.

30, Sparks Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 23 1871. 1801-y SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst, the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m. connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m, for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.
Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, April, 1871.

L. A. GRISON,

Truss Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times*.
" " *Evening Mail*.
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais*.
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole*.
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.
Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.
Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE.

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

		Stg		Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year		£1,282,222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums reassured	£ 110,417 16 8
Being as reported at balance of 1870	£1,357,386 15 0		Nora—Of this sum £51 631 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances	75,164 11 10		Surrenders	7,919 14 4
	£1,282,222 3 2		Annuities	12,283 17 5
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,919 12 9		Commission	9,822 7 6
Consideration for Annuities granted	16,079 16 9		Expenses of Management and all other charges	20,886 7 9
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax	54,725 10 9		Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
		306,715 0 3	Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders	36,804 18 9
			Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule	1,382,409 1 7
		£1,588 937 3 5	Total	£1,588 937 3 5

SECOND SCEHDULE.

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up £	75 000 0 0	Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom £	580,888 15
Assurance Fund	1,201 911 9 2	Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom	— — —
Annuity Fund	105,497 12 5	Loans on the Association's Policies (within value)	175,916 19
Total funds as per first Schedule	£1,382,409 1 7	INVESTMENTS—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable	51,621 4 2	In British Government Securities	1,236 15 2
Annuities due, but not applied for	60 11 6	Indian and Colonial Government Securities	48,881 14
	£1434,090 17 3	Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks	239,567 17 8
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent charges	27 652 2 4
		House Property	109 159 18 9
		Annuities purchased	25,497 17 4
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses	48,535 2 9
		Loans on Personal Security	5 879 10 9
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company	20,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments to Public Rates	11,578 10 0
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock	46 431 6 9
		Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
		Agents' Balances	50,238 8 8
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity	29,723 17 2
		Outstanding Interest	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable	13,967 1 2
		CASH— On Deposit in Bank £55,955 7 5	
		On Current Bank Account 21,779 15 9	
		In hand 127 3 9	
			77,862 6 11
			£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.

1806 3 P. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
F. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds,
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats,
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Jerseys,
&c., &c.

at Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

All and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa April 11, 1871

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SPRINGER.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAGNET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871. 2670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Flat Bottles $1 00
Pills per Box 25

PULMONARY BALSAM
VEGETABLE — CONSUMPTION
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 45 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
Sold by the Druggists
FOR COUGHS, COLDS &

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

EMIGRATION
TO THE
UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or stamps. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1597tf

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY
533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 29 6m

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY of NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S"

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved by an official report of the Academy de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent docple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 42s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Saphey, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, september 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered for sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W. Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

W. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

8 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERY A.M.	DELIVERY P.M.	DELIVERY EVG.
....	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	....	4.20
....	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8.00	....	4.20
9.00	....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10.00	....	....
9.00	....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	....	....
9.00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	....	4.20
9.00	12.00	....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	....	....	4.20
9.00	....	....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	....	....	4.20
9.00	....	....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	10.00	....	....
9.30	....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	....	1 30
9.30	....	....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	8.00	....	....
10.30 / 5:30	....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.... / 7.00
6.15	....	....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	....	....	7.00
6.30	....	....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original, Grenville, &c.	....	....	7.00
6.00	....	....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	....	....
11.30	....	....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	....	....	6 00
....	....	....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	....	....

Matter to be posted up to 9.30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

MESSRS.

BUTCHERS TO
HIS EXCELLENCY
THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis.

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

FOR CHEADING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconvenience, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
cumbent of St. Johns church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES ..... $ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED 130
FANNING MILLS 22
Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871. 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1729tf

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE AND NEUROSIS. BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN THE PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL DENTISTS 108 GREAT GATE HILL, LONDON EC.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa,

May 11871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All around ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grindstones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

R. ROBERTS'

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family operient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 30 6m

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 365y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 35y

R. R. HATCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GERNILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4ottf JOHN J. GERNILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 459y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TALLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 396tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltech, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray Street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34ttf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fo[illeg

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1823. OTTAWA, SATURDAY NOVEMBER 18 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Worts Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP!

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. COLDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, C. E.

has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velvetees,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
[illegible] Cotton Hosiery,
[illegible] Jute Prints,
1 Bales Brown Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expressly for Canadian trade),
1 case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
[illegible] Corrocora Jackets,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drilling.

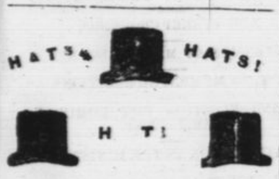
CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Manilla Tweeds,
" " Union Tweeds,
" " Plaid Shirting,
" " Wadding.
1 M BLANKETS Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " " Twilled Sheetings,
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and will sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, Nov 10, 1871



SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

OTTAWA AND ALEXANDRIA NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 1:30 p m, arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m

R W SHEPHERD
Agent.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no trips on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as a unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s 6d., 11s, and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex St. Ottawa.

38 GNY SIMSON LEBEAU Agent.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild,

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

—

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — So little Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

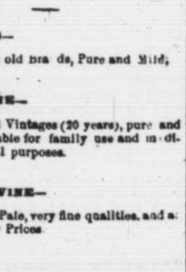
The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident whatever.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,
Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

1809tf

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given, that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at A. Fleck's Foundry and Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844.

Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion
J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871 181

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Toronto, November 1st, 1871.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lots, No. 28, 8th Concession (59 acres), No. 27, (82 acres), and No. 28 (100 acres), in the 9th Concession, in the TOWNSHIP OF STISTED, in the DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA, 241 acres, with a Mill Site thereon, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Department of Crown Lands, AT NOON, ON THE TWENTY-THIRD OF THIS MONTH, the Department reserving to itself the right to make one bid.

CONDITIONS:—One half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest.

The purchaser to erect within one year from the date of sale a good Saw Mill, with one Circular Saw, of sufficient capacity to cut 8,000 feet of boards per day; and within two years, a Grist Mill, capable of manufacturing a sufficient quantity of good flour, to meet the requirements of settlers, the purchaser to have the right to the Timber on the land for the use of his Mill only.

The patent not to issue until two years after the date of sale, and the conditions have been complied with

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

1813 6d.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 3:30 P.M

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M., every morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P M, arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:0 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS.
Managing Director, Ottawa

A. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7.30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m

Through Ottawa Express at 3.25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8.15 p m

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1 50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 pm 7:35 p m, and 8:15 p m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 am, 10 am, and 3:45 p m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Fingland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS,

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of Household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817m1

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ¾ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to

DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817del&w1m

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 3

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal,
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling appeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

OAKEY'S SILVERSMITHS SOAP NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS-PAPER, &c.
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry, and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN	Saturday, 7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN	" 14th "	"
HIBERNIAN	" 21st "	"
MORAVIAN	" 28th "	"
SARMATIAN	" 4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage $25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN,	on or about	12th Oct.
OTTAWA	"	19th "
ST. DAVID	"	26th "
ST. ANDREW	"	2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK	"	9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & O.,
Agents Sparks St.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.
Or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1790y.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this by-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch. City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials. *Agents for Ottawa*—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau st.; Iocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J Smith & Co No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

FOR COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The Examination of candidates for Public School Teachers (2nd and 3rd class) will be held in the Central School West, Ottawa, commencing on MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER at 2 p.m. The examination for First Class candidates will be held in the same place on TUESDAY, 26th DECEMBER, commencing at 9 a.m. Candidates must send to the Inspector as soon as possible certificates of good moral character, and inform him of the grade of certificate now held, and the grade of that for which they are making application.

JOHN McMILLAN, B. A.
Secretary Examining Board

Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871 1821wky3

ESTIMATES.

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 28,000 yards	$ 38,0 0
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order
WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871 1776 1m

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1769 6

R. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ARE MEN TO FLY?

Spectator.

It is, indeed, a somewhat strange circumstance that hitherto so little attention should have been paid to the significant teaching of the storm. Sir John Herschel tells us that air moving in the hurricane, at the rate of ninety-two miles per hour, "produces universal desolation, sweeping away buildings and tearing up trees." The same force which can thus whirl the solid materials of buildings through the air is capable beyond question of supporting contrivances specially adapted for aerial navigation. But in what respect does the air in a hurricane differ from still air save in its rapid motion? and what difference can there be in the supporting power of the hurricane air and the supporting power of still air, when this latter power is called into action by rapid motion through it? The boy with his toy kite can answer this question for us; for in calm weather he can, by running, cause his kite to rise as steadily as though wind were blowing. But the bird answers the question still more satisfactorily; for the same bird which in calm weather can only secure aerial support by flying swiftly, may be watched in the storm resting on almost unmoving wings upon the support furnished by the moving air. If we can only urge aerial machines through the air at the rate of seventy or eighty miles per hour—no matter how this velocity is obtained at starting—we need not fear that either the supporting power of the air will be unequal to the task of sustaining the machine, or there will be any insuperable difficulties in maintaining or increasing that velocity.

We hear, indeed, a great deal about the wonderful strength of birds, and more particularly of the strength of those muscles (the pectoral muscles) by which their wings are worked. But, without entering into a consideration of certain fallacies connected with this subject, it will be noticed by any one who carefully studies the motions of birds that flight is often sustained for a considerable interval of time without any effort whatever—the wings remaining absolutely motionless. Of course, the pectoral muscles are all the while in action, to maintain the spread of the wings; but the statical energy is surely not such as the aeronaut need despair of imitating, so long as "struts and braces" are available Darwin tells us that even in the upper regions of the air, near the summits of the Andes, vultures may be seen floating onwards for miles upon motionless wings. What is the secret of this floatation? Gravitation acts as forcibly on the substance of the bird as on that of the animal. Nor can we believe that there is any buoyancy, properly so called, in the bird's body or wings. Those, indeed, who misunderstand the action of the gas which supports a balloon, and imagine that hydrogen has some inherent capacity for raising heavy bodies, imagine that a sufficiently large quantity of that or some other gas compressed within the body of the bird might give this mysterious power of floatation (for the phenomenon witnessed by Darwin is undoubtedly perplexing). But it need scarcely be said that it cannot be in this way that the birds floats. The rarest hydrogen has a much greater raising power than the most compressed; and a space equal to the whole content of a bird's body, if filled with the rarest hydrogen, and near the sea level where the air is densest, would not be equal to the support of a tithe of the bird's weight.

It was well remarked, at the last meeting of the Aeronautical Society, that Darwin's observation must be regarded as having a most important bearing on the question whether aerial navigation is possible. No explanation was then offered, and, indeed, the phenomenon was dismissed as an inscrutable mystery. Yet it is to the seemingly inscrutable mysteries of nature that the student of science should look most hopefully for instruction. We believe that Darwin's observation can be explained, and that the explanation affords promising evidence in favour of the feasibility of flight. Those vultures which seemed to float steadily through still air must have received support from the air in one or more of three several ways. Either by swift motion acquired before the floating began, and but slowly reduced through the effects of aerial resistance; or by the action of aerial currents through which they were carried; or else, while seeming to float horizontally, they were in reality traversing a slightly sloped descending path. Neither of the two former explan

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,

Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Regent House—Sinclair, Stitt & Co.
Meeting of Shareholders of City Passenger Railway.
Bulk Oysters—J M C Deles Derniers.
Auction, &c., Agency—W H Falls.
Auction Sale of Farm Stock, &c.—W H
Tenders for Removal of Snow—F Braun.

TWO GOOD COMPOSITORS

Wanted immediately at this office.
Ottawa, Nov 15 1871 1821 tf

The Ottawa Times.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

We observe from the War Office *Gazette* of 27th October last that Captain Wykeham Leigh Pemberton of the 60th Royal Rifles, has obtained his promotion of Major by purchase vice Edward Bowles, who retires.

Major Pemberton will, as Captain Pemberton, be remembered by many as having been for some years A. D. C. to Lord Monck, when Governor General.

On Wednesday last the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* telegraphed for the information of the readers of that journal, that "the shiftless policy of the Government leads to the suspicion that the Census returns will not be made public until Parliament meets." Forty-eight hours afterwards the Census returns were published in Ottawa and elsewhere, and a striking instance was thus given to the public of the utter worthlessness and unreliability of the conjectures and prophecies of the correspondent in question when he attempts to prove anything against the Government.

It is very evident that the Anti-Union organs in Nova Scotia have over reached themselves in making their latest attack upon the President of the Council. Its absurdity, and the bitter personal hostility which they display towards Dr. Tupper, attract the attention, and excite the indignation of right minded men everywhere. In referring to the matter the Toronto *Telegraph* very justly remarks:

If the Opposition organs refuse to be convinced of the falseness of their charges, and they seldom have the candour to admit that they have done wrong, we shall expect them to lay a formal information against Dr. Tupper, and bring him before a jury. If he is guilty of helping to rob the post office, those who say so owe it to the public to bring condign punishment upon him. If he is innocent, he owes it to himself and to his colleagues to prove his innocence in a Court of Justice and to brand his accusers as reckless and malignant libellers.

WHAT HAVE THEY DONE, AND WHAT CAN THEY DO?

The Hon. Joseph Howe has a singular propensity for asking questions to which his political adversaries find it exceedingly difficult to reply. For instance the other day at the Langevin banquet at Quebec, in the course of his able and amusing speech, he asked a series of questions in reference to the leaders of the Ontario Opposition, which are well worth consideration. "Has Mr. Brown ever led a Government for a week?" "Has Mr. Mackenzie ever led a Government for an hour?" "Has Mr. Blake ever led a Government for a day?" These are the questions which the Secretary of State for the Provinces propounded, and of course everyone knows what is the answer to them all.

We remember seeing a rather amusing, but, at the same time very puerile article in the *Globe* some time since, in which the Administration were invited to resign office, in order that the members of the Opposition might be afforded the opportunity of testing the machinery of Government, when if everything was found correct and in good order, Messrs. Blake and Mackenzie and their heterogenous crowd of followers would at once make room for Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues once more. A more absurd reason for calling upon a Ministry to resign was never given than this, and that it should have been given is only a significant proof of the difficulty which the Opposition organs have in finding any real foundation for attacking the Government. In order to afford them an opportunity of "balancing the books," Messrs Brown, Mackenzie and Blake, who as Mr. Howe truly said have never led a Government for a single week, who have given no evidence whatever of administrative ability, are to take the place of men of tried and approved statesmanship! What would we thought of one of Sir Hugh Allan's captains, who as he was running his ship among the intricate navigation of the Gulf of St. Lawrence, took it into his head to send his crew of hardy and experienced seamen below, and invite the passengers to try their hands at navigating the vessel, to take an observation and overhaul the log just to see whether everything had been carried out in accordance with maritime rules and regulations? Certainly we should set him down as an idiot or something worse. Yet it something tantamount to this which the people of Canada are invited to do by the Opposition organs. We are quite aware that the same statesmen cannot always govern the country. Time, and the changes which it brings prevent the possibility of this; and men who have never occupied a seat at a Cabinet Council, must, from time to time, be admitted into the Government. But this is a very different thing to turning out at one sweep all the men in the country, or almost all, who are possessed of any administrative experience or ability, and putting in their place others who have no knowledge of the difficulties and responsibilities of office. The Hon. Mr. Brown, it is true, knows something about leadership, for he once contrived to lead a Government for the long space of forty-eight hours or thereabouts. But what of the rest of the Opposition in Ontario? Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake have certainly shown their ability to criticize and find fault, to carp at and bring false charges against the members of the Cabinet. But this is a very different matter to administering the affairs of an immense country like Canada and is far easier. It is not the man who can display the most vindictive and malignant spirit, or who can invent the greatest number of misrepresentations concerning his adversaries who will make the best Ministerial chief. If it were so, the glories of Pitt and Palmerston, of Fox and Gladstone, would pale before the name and fame of the Hon. George Brown!

Before the leaders of the Opposition in Canada or in any other country, can hope to win either respect or success for themselves or for their party, they must have some real ground of dispute with those whom they oppose. Something beyond party or personal hatred or the hope of the "spoils of office," must stimulate their political activities before the people will be likely to place confidence in them, or have faith in their words and actions. Now we deny that the Opposition in the different provinces of the Dominion have any one common ground for complaint against the present Dominion Government. The Ontario Opposition have attacked their policy in some respects, and have grossly misrepresented it in every possible way. In Quebec the Rouges unite with the Ontario Grits, because they are of opinion that the Government of Sir John Macdonald represents the monarchical principle as opposed to Republicanism and Communism. It is not that they love Mr. Brown or Mr. Mackenzie much, but that they hate Sir John Macdonald and Sir George Cartier more. In Nova Scotia those who are hostile to the present administration, are so because they know that without them Confederation would never have taken place, and the Union which they hate would have proved a failure. For this reason, and tempted also by the hope of the spoils of office, Anti-Unionists of the Maritime Provinces unite with Union loving Grits of Ontario in opposition to the Government. We have no hesitation in affirming that an Opposition so constituted, devoid as they are of any bond of Union save hostility to the Government and the hope of office for themselves, are not entitled to the respect of the people of Canada, and, what is more, we are quite confident they will never win public confidence. Men who have done nothing to deserve the respect and confidence of the people, who are battling for no great purpose and are not possessed of any real political "platform" upon which they can stand together, are not likely to have an opportunity afforded them of experimenting in the science of Government.

THE CENSUS OF 1871.

Below we give the official figures for the Census of 1871 together with the Census of 1861, showing the increase in population during the last decade:—

	Population 1861.	Population 1871.	Increase per cent.
Ontario	1,396,091		
Increase	224,751	1,620,842	16.09
Quebec	1,110,664		
Increase	79,841	1,190,505	7.18
New Brunswick	252,047		
Increase	33,730	285,777	13.38
Nova Scotia	330,857		
Increase	56,943	387,800	17.21
Total 1861	3,089,659		
" Increase	395,265		
Total 1871		3,484,924	12.79

IS IT TRUE?

To the Editor of THE TIMES,

Sir,—A statement has appeared in the public papers that a policeman of the city has small-pox in his family, and yet that this man is compelled to do duty in the usual way, and thus come into contact with numbers of people who might take infection from his clothes. Is this true? Is it possible? If it is true, who is responsible for the danger to the community? Is it the Chief of Police, or the Commissioners? The people ought to know.

Yours,
VACCINATION.

Ottawa, Nov 17th, 1871.

DOMINION NOTES.

Mr. Holton wants to abolish the Quebec Legislative Upper House.

The Chatham *Planet* thinks that Mr. Moss, if he have the tenacity to oppose Mr. Lauder in South Grey, will be easily defeated. It says: "Mr. Lauder's majority at the recent election was upwards of 600. Mr. Moss will have to scratch gravel to get over those figures."

Two French halfbreeds, who had joined the Fenian O'Donoghue were committed for trial.

Miss Olive Logan is to make a tour of Canada this winter, and deliver her lecture on "Nice Young Men."

The Toronto *Globe* is suffering from a serious attack of Grand Trunk. This is a species of nightmare, occasioned by political indigestion, a disease which has assumed a chronic form in the case of the Hon. George. The only remedy is a little common sense, but this the patient can't be induced to take.

The Cornwall *Gazette* says, we believe we commit no error in stating that Mr. Donald McInnes, of Hamilton, Ont., with Mr. George Stephen, of Montreal, were here on Saturday last, with the view of making arrangements for the erection of a large cotton mill on the Mattice farm.

Peterboro is bound to have water works. $2,200 was subscribed for that purpose in a few minutes without any effort.

The following is a statement of the imports and the exports at the port of Winnipeg, for the quarter ending the 30th September 1871: Value of dutiable goods, $279,532; Free good, $124,879; total goods imported, $404,449; Goods paying specific duty, $15,603; Duty collected, $3,156; Goods ad valorem duty, $260,329; Ad valorem duty, $10,413; Total duty collected, $13,542.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil, the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

Order and System.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

SAYABEC.

SAYABEC, Nov. 17.

James Vear, well known in Ottawa, was drowned yesterday while crossing Salmon Lake on the ice. His body will be at Pointe Levis on Monday evening for interment near his sister's grave.

Latest News by Telegraph.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 16.—An explosion occurred in a colliery at Wigan at a late hour yesterday. It was heard for miles around. Six men were killed and a number injured.

Heavy gales prevailed all day yesterday and last night around the British coasts.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 16.—A despatch from Sandy Hook at midnight states but one steamship passed in to-night and she proceeded up the Bay. The vessel seen from the highlands this afternoon is supposed to be one of the Russian fleet. She stood off the shore until morning.

At the several municipal meetings held yesterday in this city a want of money for various purposes was the subject of consideration. The Board of Health is unable to continue precautionary measures against the spread of small pox for want of funds. There was a scene in the Board of Supervisors at Brooklyn yesterday. When the late frauds were exposed in one district five hundred fictitious names were said to have been added to the list, and the Democratic members were accused of sanctioning the frauds.

Three more patients have died at quarantine of Cholera, and 12 more cases are reported. The arrival of the *Humboldt*, which is expected in a few days, is looked forward to with interest. She belongs to the same line as the *Franklin*, and comes from the same port. She will doubtless undergo a most rigid overhauling from the quarantine officials, who are now thoroughly prepared for any emergency. The cause of the sudden break out of the disease is said to have been the closing of the hatches in a rain storm.

A Sandy Hook despatch, just received, announces a steamer at anchor outside the Bar, supposed to be one of the Russian fleet.

SANDY HOOK, Nov. 16, noon,—The Grand Duke Alexis is not on board the Russian frigate which arrived this morning. The latter reports she parted with the ship bearing the Duke on the 6th of November in lat 21; long. 70.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 16.—Probable Mr. Dick, a lawyer of this city, will be appointed as successor to Caleb Cushing as counsel of the United States before the American Spanish Commission.

The President began work on his annual message yesterday.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 16.—The German bark *August* has arrived with over six thousand boxes of tea. The cargo goes overland mainly to New York.

NEW YORK, Nov. 17.—The severe gale on the western coast continued to prevail all day yesterday, and a long list of marine disasters and accidents on land resulting from it are reported.

The Russian corvette *Bogatirz*, one of the squadron, commanded by Admiral Passiet, is at anchor inside the Bar at Sandy Hook. When she parted company with the Admiral's flagship containing the Grand Duke ten days ago, at a distance of about eight hundred mile from New York, she was steadily pursuing her course. Her Captain has no fears as to the safety of Alexis, and like everybody else is momentarily expecting to hear from him.

Bill Tweed yesterday filed a demurer in the action brought against him by O'Connor to recover city moneys alleged to have been fraudulently appropriated. He demurs on the ground that the plaintiff has no legal capacity to sue, that complainant does not state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action; and that the complaint is defective by reason of the omission of the Mayor, Aldermen, Commonality and Supervisors of the city.

The withdrawal of Jay Gould from Tweed's bail bond is announced.

NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Upwards of 1000,000 hadjees, or pilgrims, have visited Mecca this year.

A German theatre is about to be opened in Strasbourg.

A Guild of Ladies is proposed to be formed to promote modesty of dress, to do away with extravance and substitute the neatness and sobriety suitable to Christian women. Miss Harrison, of Swanage, Dorset, is acting as organiser of the Guild.

Several French journals repeat the news given by an English paper, that a serious insurrection had broken out in the French possessions in India. "The truth is," says the *Patrie*, "that a company of sepoys mutinied and set fire to their barracks. That partial revolt, caused by a badly applied question of discipline, has no gravity. The mutineers were disbanded, and several of them will be tried by court martial."

A communication from Rome, in the *Journal de Florence*, says—"A troublesome cry has just sprung up amongst the lower classes of the people of this city—'Bread is at 34 sous the ten pounds!" The Ministers will do well to pay attention to that fact. Many people expect a famine, and perhaps this winter the Romans may experience the inconveniences which the Parisians suffered last year—minus, however, the Prussians. But is not hunger more than war.

During the past month (says a Cherboug paper) the passages of the Archipelago have been harrassed by a Greek pirate ship, completely armed *en guerre*, which has already laid violent hands on many merchant vessels. Captain Dobbin, who commands the English gunboat Growler, stationed at Rhodes, has been in close pursuit of her, but, as yet, he has not been able to overtake the pirate. Thanks to her light draught of water, the craft has hitherto found refuge in bays and creeks where the gunboat could not follow her.

The singing master Rubini, has just discovered at Boulogne, a working cooper with a magnificent tenor voice. This man, whose name is Devilliers, was one of the singers at a concert of Orpheonists and their friends, given in aid of the widows and orphans of the victims of the Commune. Rubini chanced to be present, and being greatly struck, proposed to give him a musical education and bring him out on the stage, which of course was naturally accepted.

The Communist refugees in London have started a paper called the *Qui Vive*. It declares to the conversion of the English workingmen to Internationalism to be hopeless.

A cotton mill at Hayfield, Derbyshire, worked by Messrs. Ashton Brothers, of Hyde, has been destroyed by fire. The mill contained 20,000 spindles and 400 looms.

The new title of Lord Dufferin will be Earl of Carlingford; that of Sir Frederick Rogers will be Baron Blackford.

The following advertisement appears in the *Morristown Jerseyman*:—"To whom it may concern.—Whereas Parmelia Bush, a resident of Chester, did promise to marry me on the 19th inst., but instead of doing so did flunk and run off, I brand her as a liar, and a bad character generally.—ED. PRATT."

It is stated that tobacco in any form may be used with great advantage against snakes of all kinds. By pouring a decoction of it in suspected places they are driven away, and this fact is known to both the natives of Hindostan and those of North and South America. If it can be administered to them it is certain death.

The following is an extract from a letter received by the *Delhi Gazette* from Hong Kong, referring to the Corean expedition:—"You ask about the Corean expedition. It was a thorough fiasco, as I have learnt from a private source, which is entirely trustworthy. The Americans when landed went looting and broke away from their officers. They retreated, not from the Coreans, but from their own people, leaving two of their guns behind, and losing a steam launch. They had only four to five men killed, and brought away one wounded man. All this speaks for itself. One of the Admiral's instructions for landing was, 'twenty careful men are to be sent on in front, to destroy all the grog-shops'"

Louis Kossuth has re-appeared in the political arena, and he addressed to the Magyars and Wallachians a manifesto, having for its object the organization of the Danubian provinces as a free Confederation.

The Levant *Herald* contains particulars of the famine in Persia, showing that the deaths are more numerous than ever. In the district around Shiraz numerous villages are depopulated. The insurrection is not very serious, the people being too enfeebled to take part in it.

A communication from Odessa in the *Press* of Vienna says—'Every day fresh fires! In the town of Ruzuluk 800 houses have been burned down. No doubt exists that the Nihilists are not unconnected with these conflagrations."

A native paper says that nearly two-thirds of the inhabitants of several villages in the neighbourhood of the Hindoo Shrine of Tarrekesar have died of cholera, caused, it is believed, by large quantities of rotten bilsa fish sold among the poor people.

While so drunk that he could hardly stand, a man named Perecock went into a Tamworth public house and had "another pint;" next morning he was found drowned in the canal.

A Spanish correspondent informs us that a panic has been caused among the inhabitants of Ronda by some brigands, who have seized the son of a magistrate, and demanded a ransom of $3,000.

The Kensington *News* states that the Right Hon. Mr. Stansfeld, President of the Local Government Board, is a defaulter to the parish of Kensington, and has been summoned for non-payment of his share of both poor and local management rates

The *Italie Financiere* has come to the conclusion that Italy will have to import this year at least six million hectolitres (two million quarters) of wheat to meet the deficiency shown by the agricultural returns.

At a beer house called the Postman Inn, Northgate, Wakefield, a master painter, named Joseph Powell, was 'holding forth' over his cups relative to the approaching municipal election, when, flourishing his arms about, he accidentally hit Jas. Moorehouse, a tailor, who fell on the stone floor, and received injuries that caused his death on the following morning.

A man in Kansas recently fell and dislocated his neck while endeavouring to break a horse. He was standing on the horse's back at the time with a rope around his neck and trying to teach the animal to stand still.

"Gentleman of the jury," said a blundering counsel, in a suit about a lot of hogs, "there were thirty-six hogs in that drove. Please to remember that fact—thirty six hogs; just three times as many as in that jury box, gentlemen." The counsel didn't gain his case.

The trial of Mrs. Sherman for the murder of her husband, appointed for to-day at New Haven, has been postponed to the last Tuesday in December. Her counsel will offer a plea of insanity in her favor. The woman is suspected of poisoning Sherman, two of her children, two previous husbands, and four of her children by Edward Struck.

A curious story is told by the London correspondent of the New York *Times*. It is that Mr. Gladstone has been recently in Scotland, and that while there he, one Sunday, went to an Episcopal Church, acting as curate for Dean Milman, and read the prayers; the next Sunday he went to a Presbyterian kirk and officiated as precentor, that is, led the singing.

"How to see under water" is a problem that has been discovered by an ingenious adventurer. Wishing to examine the bottom of a millpond he constructed a float out of inch plank sufficient to buoy him up. Through the centre he cut a hole, and over this hole he put a blanket. He was able to discover several lost tools which were at the bottom of the pond, and they were picked up. He is so satisfied with the result of his plan that he suggests that it should be tried at sea in searching for lost bodies and ships. With a craft like the Great Eastern, an observatory might be placed at the bottom.

Another Burman Embassy will start for England next month. According to the *Rangoon Times*—"The Ken Woondouk will be despatched to Europe with letters and suitable presents for the Queen. Three viss of gold were given out one day three or four weeks since, to make a necklace for Her Gracious Majesty Queen Victoria. Fancy the Queen wearing an ornament weighing some 9lb or 10lb on her neck. The real ambassador in the present case will be a good specimen of a really clever Burman Minister, who will be able to explain himself through an interpreter to Mr. Gladstone, or to the Queen, or to any person feeling an interest in the affairs of Barmun.

A London correspondent in speaking of the rapid growth of the Roman Catholic Church in England gives the following as an example:—A woman died a few days ago in Manchester, who came to that town when it come priest and eight Roman Catholics. Her family increased the number to seventeen. Manchester has now a bishop, a dozen or more churches, and a Catholic population of one hundred thousand. It is much the same in most of the large towns in England.

The *Army and Navy Gazette* hears that officers have sent in their papers "by hundreds and hundreds." In one cavalry regiment one major and six captains and several subalterns seek to retire. The Dublin Brigade Office is reported to have had 400 applications to retire, and we are afraid to mention the number reported to have been received at headquarters.

Edwin Booth has acted *Hamlet* over 1,200 times.

A Prussian shell recovered from the Seine at Paris was found to contain 1,300 francs in gold.

An Iowa woman recently presented her happy husband with a divorce, which she had procured while on a visit to Minnesota.

A Minnesota paper chronicles a yield of oats on a farm in that State of 333 bushels on three acres, and a potato crop on another farm that averaged a peck to a hill, no potato weighing less than a pound, and some being as heavy as two pounds, whilst the entire yield was 480 bushels an acre.

It is not generally known that the Duke of Meichstadt was in love with Fanny Elisler, the celebrated *danseuse*, and that Louis Napoleon, six or seven years after the Duke's death, intended to marry her in London. Fanny Elisler promptly rejected his proposals. She had been secretly married a year or two previously.

Eighteen British cases have been brought before the Claims' Commission, in session at Washington; but the Americans have not yet prepared any. The Commission will, in December, discuss and decide upon principles of International law for application to the questions which may arise during their deliberations.

Within five months the Rev. Mr. Brock buried his wife, engaged himself to three women, married one of them, was sued for breach of promise by one of the others, got a divorce and married the one who sued him for the breach of promise, was tried by an ecclesiastical council and suspended from conference, then went and joined the Campbellite Church, and he and his third wife were both baptized. It is almost unnecessary to add that this happened in Indiana.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

MR. BROWN AND SECULAR EDUCATION.

From the Kingston News.

Our faith in the gift of prophecy, as possessed and exercised by the Hon. George Brown, has time and again been violently shaken. Now it is gone beyond the hope of recovery. We hasten to communicate to our readers the occasion of this announcement.

The meeting of the General Assembly of the Canada Presbyterian Church, now in session at Toronto, has been looked forward to with a great deal of interest. It was generally known that the important question of Collegiate education would come up, and that upon the Assembly's determination with regard to it, the furthering or the retarding of negotiations for union with the Church in connexion with the Church of Scotland was depending. The question at issue has been made to assume special bearings upon the standing of Queen's College in the United Church, and has been raised solely because in Queen's College there is a complete Faculty of Arts. At the first joint meeting of the Union Committees this fact occasioned no difficulty whatever. It seemed to be regarded rather as an advantage that the United Church was to have Queen's University and College in connection with it. It so happened, however, that this view had the luck—good or bad—of not being in accordance with the peculiar notions of right and wrong entertained by the *Globe*. The "big drum" forthwith pealed out ominous sounds. The idea of the United Church having a University and a College with a Faculty of Arts in connection with it was not to be tolerated. The Canada Presbyterian Church had declared against "sectarian education," and the great majority of its members and adherents were of opinion that it was no part of the business of the church to offer facilities for the sudy of general literature and science. The Kirk Synod, which has never had the fear of the *Globe* before its eyes, at its meeting in June last, unanimously accepted the recommendation of the joint meeting of committees in favor of the maintenance of a University. The Supreme Court of the Canada Presbyterian Church, at its meeting in Quebec, declared, in spite of the *Globe*,—the self-assumed guardian of its honour and interests—that the negotiating churches should bring into the union their *literary* and theological Institutions. In September last, the Union Committees again met in Montreal, and in accordance with these decisions re-affirmed the propriety of connecting both kinds of Institutions with the United Church, and of preserving intact their corporate existence, government, and functions. They proposed—very unwisely and unfortunately, we think—to reduce Queens College to an Arts Faculty, Principal Snodgrass, as was to be expected, dissenting from the proposal. This new scheme, hurriedly agreed to on the last day of the Conference, upon a motion for reconsideration introduced after a good many members had left, had the effect of exposing the College to a succession of causeless and unscrupulous attacks by the *Globe*. Palpable misstatements, insulting deprecation, illogical reasonings, and declamatory assertions were freely and frequently indulged in. Of the defaming articles which appeared it was not believed that George Brown was the author, and many hoped that a personal compearance in connection with this business would show on his part a liberal and conciliatory disposition.

Well, the honourable gentleman put in an appearance. He was present at a meeting of the committee for the endowment of Knox College in the basement of Knox Church Toronto, on the evening of Wednesday last. His well-known diffidence allowed him to address the meeting only after repeated calls. Having delivered himself of a number of sensible and practical observations, he donned the prophet' mantle and relieved himself of sundrys threatening divinations. Next day, he said, there would come before the assembly a matter that would seriously affect the endowment of the Theological Colleges. The consequences that must attach to the Assembly's decision were of vital importance. A consistent testimony in favour of non-sectarian education had been given by the Canada Presbyterian Church. Could the Assembly, *by any possibility*, approve of the resolutions to be proposed, it would be a step in retrogression. It was *impossible* for him to believe that the Assembly *could* give any approval to the scheme proposed. To Mr. Brown the offensive part of the scheme—that part of it the adoption of which he predicted, to be impossible—was the admission of Queen's College into relations to the United Church the same as it now stands in to the Kirk.

The Assembly met next day and the vexed question about which Mr. Brown's mind was evidently much exercised, notwithstanding his confident utterances was brought up for discussion The debate was continued on the following day. What was the result? The Assembly dared to deny the groundless charge of inconsistency, for whatever the church may have said against grants to denominational colleges, it had never declared, and was not prepared now to declare, against denominational education. The Assembly dared to face the serious consequences of concurring in a proposition, the acceptance of which the seer emphatically foretold, would have the effect of retarding the endowment of its own colleges. The Assembly dared to say that it was not to be guilty of retrogression if it recognized the importance and utility of preserving Queen's University and College "as it is and where it is." As we announced yesterday, the Assembly agreed by a vote of *sixty-four to eleven* that, in the event of union, Queen's College shall be part and parcel of the educational machinery of the United Church. We congratulate the Canada Presbyterian Church on this dignified and emphatic assertion of its independence of secular dictation, and of its determination to maintain perfect freedom in the matter of denominational education. As for Mr. Brown,

"Oh! would the seer of earth's doom,
And those that live upon it,
But fumigate the hive within
His Caledonian bonnet."

THE LOSS OF THE MEGÆRA.

THE ADMIRALTY DESPATCHES.

The Megæra despatches were received at the Admiralty through Batavia regarding the standing of the Megæra. They consist of reports from the captain, Arthur Thrupp, and the latest of them is dated St. Paul's Island, July 13. Capt. Thrupp describes the discovery of the leak in a plank which was very much worn, in fact honey-combed from age and wear, and relates how an effort was made to stop the leak by temporary plates lined with India rubber, but without success. Besides the plate that was first discovered defective there were five or six others, and when the ship was pumped out during the attempt to reach land it was found that many of the girders of the ship were eaten through the bottom. The whole framework, judging from the report, was breaking up through age and wear, and the captain, therefore, did the best he could in running for St. Paul's, the nearest land It was doubted whether the vessel would last in the strain of the ocean, but the pumps were vigorously applied and boats and provisions got ready in case the ship should founder. Upon reaching St. Paul's they landed with 13,000 lbs of bread and about six weeks' flour, 13,000 lbs rice, and abundance of rum and other provisions. The men were soon under tent, and arrangements made for supplying them with plenty of fish, and water through the condensing engines. Wild oats were found on the island, a large quantity of mushrooms, some few cabbages, and some potatoes. There were also hot fresh-water springs, not healthy to drink, but well suited to washing, and with a clay adjoining them that lathered well and made excellent soap. While they were on the island a red light was seen at night, and two ships passed, but too far off to be recalled. The captain's report is taken up with an interesting narration of how they were passing their time on the island. Sunday was regularly observed, and during the week they were employed in recovering from the ship all valuable cargo, catching fish, collecting all healthy herbs and vegetables that could be found, and in making their quarters as comfortable as they could be with the materials at their disposal. The last of the despatches, dated July 13, describes the arrival of a Dutch vessel, by which it was hoped intelligence of the crew and ship would be conveyed to Australia. Her name was the Aurora of Amsterdam. She sent a message, promising to take off twenty men; but in the night she disappeared, and never came back She was bound for Batavia, and had on board Lieut. Jones of the Megæra, who, on reaching Batavia had orders to communicate with Singapore, England, and Australia for assistance.

GLIMMER'S PICTURE-DREAM.

(Continued.)

As soon as I felt that I had recovered sufficient command of my facial muscles to trust myself to speak without danger of an explosion, I replied with suitable gravity suggesting as an analogy calculated to throw some light upon the question, the case of a man who stands by, and sees a murder done which he could have prevented if he had chosen.

"I don't know," said Glimmer, after an interval of thoughtful silence, "what it would be before an earthly tribunal. I can't say whether an indictment could be framed upon it as murder, or manslaughter, or homicide, at common law or under the criminal statutes. But I've no doubt whatever that, *in foro conscientiæ*, the spectator in the case you suppose would be guilty of murder, as *particeps criminis*, on the legal principle that he who has it in his power to prevent an act, and does not, consents to it."

"Does not the same principle furnish a solution of your question of casuistry?" I asked.

He uttered a sound between a sigh and a groan, and said he didn't see clearly how he could get round that way of putting it. Then, after sitting a few minutes with his head in his hands, he looked up, and abruptly added:

"I think I promised you, some evenings since, to explain my reason for insisting that Thackeray and Dickens passed away at about five o'clock in the morning."

I nodded assent and he proceeded.

"You have heard of the old-womanish tradition, that dying men find it easier to shake off the bondage of the flesh at the going out of the tide. Medical experience proves, that, in chronic diseases, the greater number of deaths occur just before dawn. This is eminently true of brain diseases, and of all those related cases where death results from an exhaustion of the vital power, through overwork, excessive excitement, or nervous prostration. It is at the hour I have named that the life-force is at its lowest ebb, and succumbs most readily to the assault of epilepsy, or paralysis or of the fatal lethargy that comes in those vividly beautiful picture dreams, for which medical science has as yet found no name, and of which it has taken no sufficient cognizance. Nine-tenths of those who die in this way expire in their sleep. In many such cases, if a friend were at hand to waken the sleeper when the attack comes on or if he were to be awakened by some accidental noise, he might, by the use of a few simple precautions, prolong his life for many years; for the shock which proves fatal to the man wrapped in deep sleep, when the system is passive and relaxed, would be victoriously repelled were it armed with all its waking energies. Men who do brain work and who are on the shady side of forty, should be on their guard against this insidious enemy. They should beware of five o'clock A.M., for it is a perilous hour. Do you find yourself unable to sleep, when you retire for the night, exhausted with your day's work? Do you, in vain, turn from one side to the other? Does your brain persist in working when you would fain have it rest? Do old saws, and scraps of rhyme, repeat themselves in your memory with wearisome iteration, defying your utmost efforts to silence them? Then, I say to you, beware! You will be sure to sleep at last. It is only a question of time; for, soon or late, Nature will assert her right. The bell tolls one and your brain is still feverish and restless; it is still active, and fertile with thronging fancies that never comes by the broad light of day. Two! and your eyelids are not yet weighed down by sleep. Three! and you are composing a story or a poem which you know will have faded from your memory in the morning, as frost-work on the pane vanishes at the rising of the sun. You long for some mental telegraph by which these bright conceptions might be arrested in their flight—for some photographic process by which they might be seized and preserved. Four! and now, at last, you feel the drowsy spell creeping over you. You can sleep, now, if you will but surrender yourself to the influence that is sealing your eyes and numbing your senses. But, beware! The fatal hour of deficient vitality is at hand. Sleep now is fraught with deadly peril. Since you have been wakeful so long, it is wiser and safer to protect your vigil until the shadows of night shall have been chased away, and the golden dots upon your casement, and the golden streaks upon your walls, announce that the life sustaining soul of Nature has despelled the shadows, and is again renovating the vital forces of all animate things. Then you may sleep in safety; but if you yield now, there is danger that you may never wake."

I stared at Glimmer in blank amazement, as he poured forth this strange rhapsody, in a monotonous chant, beating time with his head to the measured cadence of his voice. Whatever lingering doubt I may have had, up to this time, in regard to his mental condition, was now resolved.

"And you don't know," he resumed, after a moment's pause, "what I mean by 'picture-dreams,' I will tell you. Among the earlier symptoms of cerebral disease is the occurrence of dreams in which the most vivid and beautiful pictures of natural scenery are presented to the vision of the sleeper. Scenes more lovely than painter or poet every portrayed, landscapes bathed in the light that 'never shone on land or sea,' pass in panoramic show, as distinct in outline, as definite in color, as any that the waking eye ever rested upon. These picture dreams differ from the normal dreams of health in this, there is nothing vague or confused about them, nothing that wavers and fades as you gaze. Gradually the dreamer is impressed by the unearthly beauty of the scene, and the suspicion dawns upon him that he is dreaming. But at the same time he becomes conscious that he has the power of election whether he will awake or prolong his dream. If the experience is novel to him, and he has not yet learned to suspect the deadly peril of the situation, he declines the effort of volition necessary to dispel the lovely illusion and bring himself back to the world of phenomena which we call 'real.' As he yields himself to the spell his power to break it diminishes, and the consciousness that he is dreaming is lost in the reality of the vision. Such is the beginning of the 'picture dreams,' to which he majority of brain workers, who over tax themselves, become liable at about the age of forty-five. What is the end of it? Suddenly the shining river and the supernal landscape are overshadowed by storm clouds, and enveloped in gloom. Your dream is pervaded by a dim atmosphere of horror, Black, bottomless gulfs yawn at your feet, or you stand trembling at the verge of dizzy heights, or gigantic ogres of hideous aspect, pursue you. The shadows thicken around and over the landscape of your dream. Do you know what that means? It means that the vital force is sucumbing. It means that the last enemy is grappling with you. It means that unless you arouse yourself now by a mighty effort of the will, you will never wake, for these 'picture dreams' are the *avant couriers* of Death."

"And you make so much of a nightmare," I said, "when we know that a late supper, or a fit of indigestion, may produce it." Why do you not write a dream book?"

"Sneer as you may,' returned he, "such a book, written from a philosphical standpoint would be a valuable contribution to human knowledge. Do you remember the saying of Erasmus '*Somnia sunt alia divina, alia diabolica, alia naturalia*'—some dreams come from God, some from the devil, some from natural causes? Resolving the first two categories into the last, and interpreting 'natural causes' in the widest sense, the apothegm of Erasmus is substantially equivalent to that of Goethe, which declares that our dreams that have a certain connection with our spiritual and physical condition, our character and our destiny. But the phenomenon which I have described to you is not night-mare, which has its seats in a disordered stomach; whereas the picture-dream results from an overtaxed or softening brain."

To be Continued.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

MARRIED

In St. James Church, Hull, on Thursday, the 16th November, by the Rev. J. G D McKenzie, brother-in-law of the bridegroom, assisted by the Rev. J. Johnston, Alexander M. Crombie, Esq., of St. Thomas, to Mary Eleanor, fifth daughter of F. P. Rubidge, Esq., of Ottawa.

On the 16th inst., at the residence of the bride's mother, Sparks street, by the Rev. M J Stephenson, Rev. John Wilson, of Arnprior, Ont., to Jennie, youngest daughter of the late Frederick Spears, Esq., of this city.

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,

(lately occupied by D Whelan)

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

EXTENSIVE

AUCTION SALE

OF

Farm Stock, Farming Implements, &c.,

W H. FALLS

begs to announce to the public that he has been favored with instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late WILLIAM CRAHAM, Gloucester,

ON MONDAY, the 27th INSTANT,

the whole of the Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., &c., comprising—4 Span of Horses, one Mare and Foal by the celebrated Horse "Sunshine," 13 splendid Milch Cows, 2 Thoroughbred Bulls, and 14 head of choice bred young Cattle.

Farming Implements, consisting of Reaper and Mower,

LOCAL NEWS.

Beautiful weather yesterday.

The markets were well attended the last couple of days.

TERRIBLE.—An evening contemporary has small-pox—on the brain.

SOCIAL.—A very pleasant social took place in the M. E. Church, York street, last evening.

POLICE COURT.—Friday.—There was only one case at the court this morning; William Edwards for assaulting Ralph Glasgow was fined $10 and costs.

AUCTION SALE.—We refer our readers to Mr. Falls' advertisement in another column. He has been instructed to sell the farm stock, implements, &c., of the late Wm. Graham, sale to take place on the 27th inst.

The question last evening was, where did all the beautiful young ladies come from? The thoroughfares were alive with promenading beauty and fashion. There seemed to be a general preconcerted turn out of our city belles.

ANOTHER ENGINE.—Messrs. Currier & Co., proprietors of the Planing Mills, Door and Sash Factory, at the Canal Basin, have also purchased a steam fire engine similar to the one at Messrs. Wright, Batson & Currier's mills, Hull. With a sufficient length of hose the former will be able to play upon the drill shed, gaol and adjoining buildings.

At a preliminary meeting of the members of the Congregation of the Church of England held last Mondy evening at Gowan's Hall, it was decided that the "Church Readings" for benevolent purposes should be continued the ensuing winter, and that a general meeting be called on Monday, 20th instant, at 7.30 p.m., at the same place, for the purpose of further considering the subject and naming a managing committee.

BISHOP'S CHAPEL.—This Chapel will be re-opened for Public Worship to-morrow, Nov. 19th, service to commence at 11 a.m. and 7 p.m. The Lord Bishop of Ontario will preach in the morning and the Rev. J. S. Lauder in the evening. The seats "will be free" at both services. The offertory during the day will be given to the Building Fund, and we trust the congregation will show by their liberal contributions their approval of the alterations which have been made. There is accommodation for about 700, and the effect of the interior is really good. Great credit is due to the architect for the design and to the committee for so successfully carrying it out.

LAMENTABLE.—A small-pox patient escaped from the Nunnery hospital, Lower Town, on Wednesday night, and wandered about for two or three hours in the rain and cold with scarcely any clothes on his person. He was finally discovered and taken back to the hospital, and we are informed that he died the next morning. We also heard it mentioned yesterday that a man sick with small-pox escaped from some place in Lower Town on the same night and in an almost naked wandered up to Sandy Hill where he was found on Thursday morning lying in a ditch of water and that he has also died; and still, that a woman had escaped from the Protestant hospital with a sheet about her person and that, having stalked about like a ghost for about an hour, she was taken back to the hospital.

"HOW TO ENLARGE the Sphere of Sabbath School Influence," is to be the subject of an address by the Revd. Mr. Cameron, at a meeting of the Sabbath School Association to be held D. V. on Tuesday evening next at 7 o'clock in the Congregational Church. Parents are too often neglectful of their best interests by not sustaining Sabbath School workers in their self-imposed duties. Too often are parents ignorant of the influence brought to bear on their children in such places, from the fact that they take no personal interest in the matter. How much more enlarged might good influences be if the home circle was in continued co-operation with the earnest Sabbath School teacher. We hope to see a large attendance at the meeting on Tuesday night, as the above subject will be ably and intelligently discussed.

THE RIGHT MAN IN THE RIGHT PLACE. Mr. W. H. Falls announces in another column that he has opened office in this city as auctioneer and commission merchant, and real and personal estate agent. We can only say that Mr. Falls is thoroughly competent and qualified in every respect to conduct an agency of the above description in a first class manner, and we can safely predict for him success in his new sphere. He is well known not only in Ottawa but the whole surrounding country, and we feel that we will be sustained on all sides in saying that he has ever shown himself to be honest, honorable and upright in all his dealings, and that he is in every way a gentleman of unimpeachable integrity. He is a gentleman of good business capacity, pushing and enterprising, always sensible and watchful of the interests of any person for whom he may be acting. Therefore we have much pleasure recommending him to the patronage of the public, but he is so well and favorably known that any recommendation from us is needless.

THE COVERING OF BOILERS AND STEAM PIPES.

We learn that in the Chicago water works there were four boilers, two of which were protected by the non-conducting covering made under the Chalmers'-Spence patent, while the other two were covered with hair feltings.

After the fire the two that were covered with the hair felting were so badly burned that they will have to be replaced by new ones; the two covered with the non-conductor were quite good, and are now in use, though the heat of the boiler room was so great that the brass guage cocks were melted.

The Chicago Waterworks committee have since the fire ordered that their steam pipes and cylinders be covered with the non-conductor which work is now being done.

This covering also saved the steam pipes and cylinders at Sand's Brewery and the National Elevator to a great extent. Thus we see that besides considerably diminishing the radiation of heat, and the consequent cost of running an engine the non-conducting property of the Chalmers Spence Covering render it especially valuable as a protection against fire.

We clip the above from the "Engineering and Mining Journal" of New York. Mr. O'Leary, general agent for the Chalmers Co., is now in this city, and will be stopping at the Russell House for a few days.

THANKSGIVING DAY.

Thursday was generally observed through the city as Thanksgiving Day in accordance with the proclamation. The weather was very disagreeable but nevertheless the churches, in nearly all of which service was held, were well attended. At Christ Church the Rev. Mr. Lauder preached, being assisted in the service by the Rev. Messrs. Pollard, Gemmett and May. At St. Andrew's Church, the Rev. D. M. Gordon preached a very able sermon; at the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Metcalf street, the Rev. Mr. Stephenson preached; at Knox Church, Daly street, the Rev. Mr. McLaren preached; the Rev. Mr. Abbs at the York street Methodist Episcopal Church; the Rev. Dr. Bedford Jones at the St. Alban's Church, Daly street; at the Baptist Church, Rev. Archibald Cameron; and at the Congregational Church, the Rev. Mr. Ebbs.

At 7 o'clock p. m., a meeting of the different churches was held in the W. M. Church, Metcalf street, which was very largely attended. There were present the Rev. Mr. McLaren, Rev. Mr, Ebbs, Rev. Mr. Abbs, Rev. Mr. Stephenson and Rev. Mr. Cameron. In the absence of the Rev. Mr. Moore who was out of town, Rev. Mr. McLaren presided over the service. Addresses were delivered by the Rev. Messrs. Ebbs and Gordon.

WRIGHT, BATSON & CURRIER'S NEW STEAM FIRE ENGINE.

We had the pleasure yesterday morning of witnessing the trial of a new steam fire engine at Messrs. Wright, Batson & Currier's mill, Hull. It is known as the Button Engine, from the works of L. Button & Son, Waterford, N. Y., and if we be permitted to express our candid opinion we must say we consider it a decided improvement upon the style of engine in general use. It is comparatively light, when on wheels very portable, and while it is very powerful its construction is simple and its management remarkably easy. The cylinder is 14 inches in diameter with a stroke of 4½ inches, and the pump piston 7½ in diameter with a 7 inch stroke. The engine is placed in a substantial brick building built on a solid pier 24 x 38 feet at base. A well hole 5 x 5 is left in the centre of the pier which is perfectly proof against frost. The suction pipe decends into this well and with about, 4 feet of water in it as at present the suction is 19 feet. The boilers are made of the best iron with copper flues, and warranted to sustain a pressure of over 200 lbs. to the square inch, though only 60 to 80 lbs. is required for ordinary purposes. The engine at Messrs. Wright, Batson & Currier's can throw three streams to a height of about 70 feet, but we shall simply state what we saw it do.

About 10:30 steam was got up, and two hose, one about 50 feet and the other about 100 feet in length adjusted and with 60 pounds of steam, the two streams of water were thrown perpendicular to a height of about 90 feet. The nozzles were 2½ inches in diameter inside, and the nozzles 1 inch each. The steam was constant and the jet magnificent. Every person who witnessed these splendid streams felt that they would extinguish a fire within their reach in a short time.

The second hose was then taken off and with 65 pounds of steam, water was thrown horizontally a distance of 185 feet. Four hundred feet of hose was then put on and taken through the mill until the nozzle was near the foot of the immense chimney over which a drenching stream was thrown with about 65 pounds of steam. The chimney is 120 feet in height.

With so efficient a means of extinguishing fire the Messrs. Wright, Batson & Currier have reason to look upon their fine mill and extensive premises as safe so far as that tyrannical element is concerned.

The mill, it is probably well known, is worked by steam and is about 120 feet in length and 40 in width. It contains five gangs of from 20 to 40 saws, one 5-foot circular and several smaller circulars for various purposes. It gives employment to over 200 men during the summer season.

We may mention that wrought iron pipes are to be laid round the mill and to different parts of the premises with 12 hydrants at convenient points so that water can be thrown, not only on every part of the mill and premises, but the Roman Catholic Church and other property in the vicinity will be within reach of the streams, and thus the engine become a public benefit.

The successful enterprize of the gentlemen proprietors of the mill is as well and widely known as their liberality and though they have seen fit to adopt such precaution as that above noted we hope they will never have occasion to bring the Button Engine into real battle with the flames.

Among those who witnessed the trial were Alonzo Wright, Esq., M. P., Mr. Moylan, Mr. McK. Wright and Philomen Wright.

A FAVORABLE NOTORIETY.—The good reputation of Brown's Bronchial Troches for their list of concerns, colds, and throat diseases, has given them a favorable notoriety.

MACDONALDS' AUCTION ROOMS.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expence) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best illustrated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to.

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneers and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents 36, York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819zm

NEW BOOKS,—NEW BOOKS!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.
Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.
Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET.

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

in 125 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McJABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands. We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No 66, Sussex street,
Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871. y

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov. 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to extender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Henry, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

Dickering and Sei way Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS terms

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOUSSAIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fitzgland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer.

THE OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of M M Cattier & Pominville, Advocates, in No 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.
Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816oew

SALESMAN WANTED

At the Regent House. Must speak French and English. Apply to

SINCLAIR, STITT & Co.,
Sparks street.
Ottawa, Oct. 31, 1871 1807 tf

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co.'s, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Trust Office, Ottawa.

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.
Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1871 1813wkyim

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, McKINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,

TULIPS, LILLIES,

SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,

GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle. Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C & Co.
Ottawa Oct. 10.

EAST END EATING HOUSE,

WELLINGTON STREET,

James H. Dunlop.

Meals all hours. 1842

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President
Ottawa, Oct 25, 1871 1804 tf

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrised.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CHAINE, Orleans P O, Ontario.
November 14, 1871 1820d1w

REGENT HOUSE.

New Millinery.

New Costumes.

New Mantles.

New Shawls.

New Fancy Dress Goods.

New Costume Cloth.

New Satins all colours.

New French Merinos.

New Velveteens.

New Hosiery.

New Fancy Woollen Goods.

New Clouds.

Jouvin Double Button Kid Gloves. Extra Quality in Black and all Colours.

75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES, SPLENDID VALUE—GREAT DEMAND.

Just Received—another lot of the

Will open to-day one case VELVET RIBBONS black and coloured in all widths.

REGENT HOUSE,
30, Sparks street.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1871. SINCLAIR, STITT & CO. 1801y

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m, for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Haverlock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS.
President.
Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

L. A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*

" " *Evening Mail.*

" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*

" " *Minerve*, Montreal.

" " *Semaine Agricole.*

" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.
Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.
Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

IF YOU DESIRE,

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

Life Association of Scotland.

Statements prepared in accordance with the forms required by the "Life Assurance Companies Act, 1870."

FIRST SCHEDULE

Revenue Account of the "Life Association of Scotland," for ending 5th April, 1871.

	Stg		Stg
Amount of Funds at the beginning of the year.....	£1,282,222 3 2	Claims under Policies (after deduction of sums Reassured.....	£ 116,417 20 8
Being as reported at balance of 1870.....	£1,357,386 15 0	Note—Of this sum £51,621 4s. 2d. not being due, was unpaid at 5th April.	
Less, Claims on Policies then intimated, but not payable and since paid; also outstanding sums then receivable, but not since paid, and cross reassurances...	75,164 11 10	Surrenders.....	7,619 14 4
	£1,282,222 3 2	Annuities.....	13,266 17 6
Premiums (less Re-assurances)	£235,909 12 9	Commission.....	6,969 7 6
Consideration for Annuities granted.....	16,079 16 9	Expenses of Management and all other charges.....	20,806 7 0
Interest and Dividends (less Income Tax..	54,725 10 9	Interest on paid up Capital and Dividends to Shareholders	8,250 0 0
	306,715 0 8	Abatements from Premiums and Cash Bonus to policy holders.....	26,996 10 9
	£1,588,937 3 5	Amount of funds at the end of the year, as per Second Schedule.....	1,399,499 1 7
		Total.....	£1,588,937 3 5

SECOND SCHEDULE

Balance Sheet of the "Life Association of Scotland" on the 5th of April, 1871.

LIABILITIES.	Stg	ASSETS.	Stg
Shareholders' Capital paid up £	75 000 0 0	Mortgages on Property within the United Kingdom....£	890,888 18
Assurance Fund.....	1,201 911 9 2	Mortgages on Property out of the United Kingdom....	— — —
Annuity Fund.....	105,497 12 5	Loans on the Association's Policies (within value).	175,916 10
Total funds as per first Schedule £1,382,409 1 7		Investments—	
Claims admitted or intimated, but not yet payable.....	81,621 4 2	In British Government Securities.....	1,098 10 6
Annuities due, but not applied for.....	60 11 6	Indian and Colonial Government Securities.....	69,281 14
	£1434,090 17 3	Foreign Government Securities	— — —
		Railway and other Debentures and Debenture Stocks...	209,567 17 0
		Railway preference or Guaranteed Stocks and Rent Charges.....	27 673 0 4
		House Property.....	109,180 19 9
		Annuities purchased.....	26,497 17 4
		Policies with other Offices and Bonuses.....	48,525 2 0
		Loans on Personal Security..	3,579 10 0
		Special Loan to Directors of a Railway Company.....	20,000 0 0
		Loans on Assignments of Public Rates.....	11,578 10 0
		Loans on Preference or Guaranteed Railway Stocks, Bank Stock, and the Association's Stock.....	46,481 0 0
		Office Furniture and Stamps	976 17 11
		Agents' Balances.....	50,000 0 0
		Outstanding Premiums and Annuity.....	29,786 17 0
		Outstanding Interest.....	— — —
		Interest accrued, but not yet payable.....	18,067 1 8
		Cash— On Deposit in Bank..... £35,955 7 5	
		On Current Bank Account..... 21,779 16 9	
		In hand..... 127 3 9	
			77,862 6 11
			£1,434,090 17 3

25TH JULY, 1871.—The above Statements exhibit a correct Abstract of the Revenue and Expenditure for the year to 5th April, 1871, and Balance Sheet at the close of said year.

WILLIAM WOOD, Auditor; ARCH. HOPE, Chairman; PHILLIP KELLAND, Director; JAS. M. MELVILLE, Director; JOHN FRASER, Manager.

AGENTS—Messrs. J. T. & W. PENNOCK, Ottawa.
1806 3 F. WARDLAW, Secretary.

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game; from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.
Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL.....	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over.....	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over.....	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND.....	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
R. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An Immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Wear
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa April 11, 1871

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. COMMEE.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to call as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m, and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 1670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEE REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore [redacted]

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles $1 00
Pills per Box 25

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa, May 4, 1871 1687tf

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, tha is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be, With great respect, THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, THE TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and undecultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to JONAS AP JONES, Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto, or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, October 27, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
WILLIAM J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 20s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Rapbey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1aeky

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq, Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON, Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co, Omaha, Neb.

W. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERY A.M.	DELIVERY A.M.	DELIVERY P.M.
.....	12:00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.30
.....	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	8.00	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.30
9.00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	10.00	.....	.....
9.30	.....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9.30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	8.00	.....	.....
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
3:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Quyslow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.30	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 2.30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 30 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.

Post Office, Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871. O. F. BAKER, Postmaster.

MESSRS. HELL BROS. BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT.

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

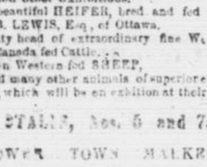
PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1663tf



Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

Brooklyn, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T C. BROWN, Episcopal Methodist Minister.

FOR ONE READING, GO TO HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY, No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.

Books bought sold and exchanged:

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Manoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

Dear Sirs,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconvenience, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain, Most sincerely yours, CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE, Incumbent of St. Johns church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information. C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex-st, Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & Co.

RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN, IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 35w

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICH,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Ontaid WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1726tf

Montreal

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS AND PREPARED TOOTH ACHE ANODYNE. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS. PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL CHEMISTS SURGEONS DENTISTS 418 OXFORD STREET LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white as firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.

May 11 1871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Acts fondly. Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24 Rideau street, Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 23, 1871 d&w

DR. ROBERTS CELEBRATED OINTMENT, CALLED "THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROFULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family opening, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by BEACH & BARNICOTT, Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

Ottawa

GRACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 266y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa 55y

D. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 1040

REES & GREENHILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. Robert Rees. 4aeu John Greenhill.

EDWARD T. DAVIS, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, Office Dentist of Prescott and Russell—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34eu

CHOLLAS & PARKER, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 485y

J. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Armond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MCGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mcagrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MCGROVE. 586tf GEORGE TALLON

L. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 529tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltech, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. KOBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER BARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-Street, Central Ottawa. 24utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fenton's Drug Store Residence 8

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT, NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence—Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES M. HOLT, Sol ctor, Hull. Office at Mr Telmarsh's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull. Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1824. OITAWA, MONDAY NOVEMBER 20 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

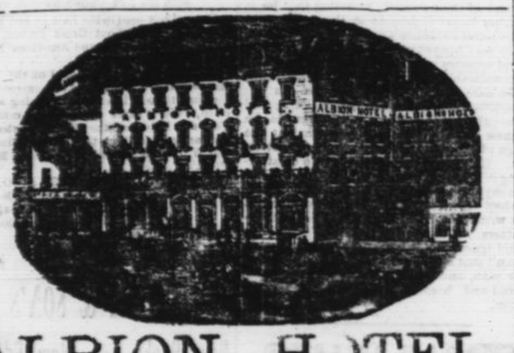
AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.



ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS past been the FAVOURITE HOTEL of the travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal. Its unrivalled position, in the centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, in Victoria Square on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having and accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style, the moderate rate of $2.50 per day will charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their interest by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUCHMORE & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
Cotton Gloves,
Linen Prints,
Linen Sheetings,
Forters Cotton,
1 case Laces,
1 " Scotch Shawls,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
" Morocco's Silks,
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drill.

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Canadian Tweeds,
" Union Tweeds,
" Satinettes,
" Waddings,
A MAGNIFICENT Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell at Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

Inspection Invited

Ottawa, May 19, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to introduce to his friends and the public generally, the his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

38 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1636y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN Esq, or to

RAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Cut and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cresse & Blackwell's — Suitable Cheap—really good.

SWEET CANDIES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

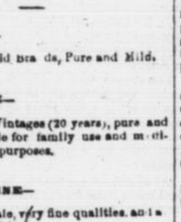
THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec)



This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident whatever.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick street

L. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Henry, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Toronto, November 1st, 1871.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lots, No. 28, 8th Concession (59 acres), No. 27 (82 acres), and No. 28 (100 acres), in the 9th Concession, in the TOWNSHIP OF STISTED, in the DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA, 241 acres, with a Mill Site thereon, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Department of Crown Lands, AT NOON, ON THE TWENTY-THIRD OF THIS MONTH, the Department reserving to itself the right to make one bid.

CONDITIONS:—One half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest.

The purchaser to erect within one year from the date of sale a good Saw Mill, with one Circular Saw, of sufficient capacity to cut 8,000 feet of boards per day; and within two years, a Grist Mill, capable of manufacturing a sufficient quantity of good flour, to meet the requirements of settlers, the purchaser to have the right to the Timber on the land for the use of his Mill only.

The patent not to issue until two years after the date of sale, and the conditions have been complied with

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
1813td. *Assistant Commissioner.*

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL BATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 9, 1871 1815wky2m

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Finland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS.

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of Household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov 10, 1871 1817ml

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. On bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cured bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure on a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

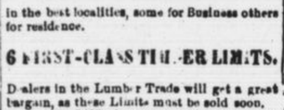
Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years" Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S N THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y, and NORTHROP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m, for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

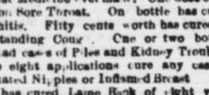
The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m same days.

A connection is made with the Brockvill, and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President

Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1804 tf

THE "OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of M M Cartier & Pominville, Advocates, in No 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816eow

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ½ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to

DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817tdelwlm

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 3

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr, Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

SILVERSMITHS SOAP
NON MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery Packets, 2d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

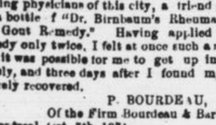
OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER &c.
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON

MONTREAL OCEAN
STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.



1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....Saturday, 7th Oct., 1871
SCANDINAVIAN. " 14th " "
HIBERNIAN..... " 21st " "
MORAVIAN..... " 28th " "
SARMATIAN..... " 4th Nov., "

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about ....12th Oct.
OTTAWA " .....19th "
ST. DAVID " .....26th "
ST. ANDREW " .....2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK " ..... 9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents, 'Sparks-.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES .....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN .....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER ..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN..... " 19th "
MEDWAY... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12 $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1780y.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such treets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise, by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely; in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this by-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. } 1786 3m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer Wellington-st; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st; Lucombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

FOR COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The Examination of candidates for Public School Teachers (2nd and 3rd class) will be held in the Central School West, Ottawa commencing on MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER at 2 p.m. The examination for First Class candidates will be held in the same place on TUESDAY, 26th DECEMBER, commencing at 9 a.m. Candidates must send to the Inspectors as soon as possible certificates of good moral character, and inform him of the grade of certificate now held, and the grade of that for which they are making application.

JOHN McMILLAN, B. A.
Secretary Examining Board

Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871 1821wky3

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards.....	$ 33,000
Arch Covering.....	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates.....	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps.....	16,000
Pumping Mains extra.....	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution in Finding House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

DR. LUGAR,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

CORPORATION OF THE TOWNSHIP OF FITZROY.

MINUTES OF COUNCIL.

Nov. 4, 1871.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment.

Present—Messrs. Mohr, Elliott, MacLaren and Fetherston.

The minutes of last session were read.

Deed from James Riddle to the Corporation was presented.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, seconded by Mr. Fetherston, that the Clerk sign a cheque in favour of B. Harris, Esq., for costs of prosecution of Thomas Howard, for obstruction of highway, amounting to $4.75. Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, seconded by Mr. Elliott, that the by law to authorise the conveyance to the Queen of the land acquired from James Riddell for a drill shed, be read a first, second and third time, and passed, any rule to the contrary notwithstanding. Carried.

By-law No. 212 read first, second and third time and passed accordingly.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. Fetherston, that the Clerk be directed to communicate with Mr. John McEwan relative to the re-building of the bridge at his mill. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that a cheque be given to R. Monforte for $10 for work on road on island in the Mississippi.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. Fetherston, that this Council grant the sum of sixty dollars to pay for cedars to build a bridge on the side road between lots numbers ten and eleven in the first concession, and that Mr. William Latimer superintend the expenditure of the same. Carried.

Moved by Elliott, seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that the Clerk be directed to deliver to Charles Murphy his bonds to this Corporation as Collector. Carried.

Moved by Mr. MacLaren, seconded by Mr. Elliott that the Clerk be directed to notify the Militia Department that the Drill Shed erected by this Corporation, is now completed, and requesting that the same be inspected. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. MacLaren, that the chairman of this Council give an order on the Warden in favour of A. Coburn, contractor, for the sum of $250, being amount of County grant for Drill Shed now completed by this corporation, according to Government plan and specification. Carried.

Moved by Mr. Elliott, seconded by Mr. Fetheston, that this Council do now adjourn until the 23rd day of December next. Carried.

BY-LAW No. 212.

By-law to authorise the conveyance to the Queen of land acquired from James Riddell for a drill shed.

Whereas the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy have acquired from one James Riddell a piece of land in the said Township, for the purpose of erecting thereon a drill shed, which drill shed has been erected thereon by the said Corporation.

And whereas it is necessary to grant and convey the said lands to Her Majesty, the Queen, and her successors, before obtaining the Government grant in aid of the erection of the said drill shed.

Be it therefore enacted by the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy, that Charles Mohr, Esq., the Deputy Reeve of the said Township of Fitzroy, be, and he is hereby empowered and directed for and on behalf of the Corporation of the Township of Fitzroy and in the name of the said Corporation, to grant and convey the said lands to Her Majesty the Queen and Her successors in the usual form adopted by the Militia Department, or in any other form that may be considered necessary, and to affix to such conveyance the Corporation seal of the said Township of Fitzroy.

Given under the hand of the Deputy-Reeve and the seal of the Corporation of Fitzroy, this fourth day of November A. D. 1871.

(Signed,) CHARLES MOHR,
Deputy-Reeve.

W. P. TAYLOR,
Township Clerk.

Glimmer's Picture - Dream.

CONTINUED.

I had perceived, for some time past, that Glimmer, who was naturally of a vivacious and sanguine temparament, seemed to be steadily sinking into a state of morbid dejection. This I contributed mainly to the chagrin and disappointment caused by the rejection of a tragedy—or, more properly speaking, a tragic melodrama—which he had offered, some months before, to the management of our principal theatre. He had bestowed great pains upon this play, and based upon it expectations of the most extravagant character. Nothing could shake his confidence that it would prove a tremendous success; and the copyright of it was to make his fortune. His plan was, to allow it to be first brought out here; after which armed with the splendid notices which it would receive from an intelligent and appreciative press, he would take it East; and command his own terms from rival managers, eagerly competing for the privilege of producing it. When, after months of labour, the finishing touches had been laid on, and Glimmer waited upon the manager with his manuscript, the latter declined even to read it; and when urged to glance over the first act, replied by recommending the author to "take the manuscript he had been accustomed to scribble for." On applying to another manager, he was courteously received, with the promise that his manuscript should be read and passed upon in a few days. At the end of two months, he was informed that the piece would be "a taking one," that it hadn't enough "business in it;" that it wasn't suited to the company, and that it would cost an enormous sum to bring it out. When Glimmer suggested the possibility of making such alterations as would modify these difficulties, the manager shook his head, and frankly declared that he saw no available material in it. This was a terrible blow, from the effect of which the mortified author had never recovered. He was a changed man, from that; the buoyance of his spirit, which had sustained him under many similar rebuffs, seemed to be, at last exhausted. He grew ten years older in a week, and sank gradually into a condition of chronic despondency, the worst feature of which was its quiet meekness. I believe, however, that he still retained sufficient elasticity to recover from the effect of his disappointment. Perhaps I should express myself more accurately, were I to say, I believed his character too volatile to admit of his receiving a lasting impression from any occurrence of this kind, however painful at the time. My knowledge of medical science was not sufficient to inform me whether there was, in fact, any form of cerebral disease characterized by the symptoms he described; but I had little doubt that his notions in regard to what he called "picture-dreams" were merely fanciful, and that his singular disposition to dwell on the subject resulted from a morbid condition of mind, which would soon pass away.

In order to change the subject, I asked him what he was working upon.

"Nothing," he replied, "but my regular weekly drudgery. I shall never attempt anything more ambitious."

"And all because a prejudiced manager refused to read your play." I said.

"You forget the other manager, who read it, and declined it. And I think he was right. I perceive, now, that the play is a failure," he added, with a sigh; and, what is more, that I am

awaken from vain illusions, even so tardily. To know the sober truth about ourselves, is wholesome, however painful.

"You are taking credit to yourself for simply giving away to a morbid mood," I said. "Those two managers do not constitute a tribunal of a final appeal on literary questions. Send your play to New York, before you renounce your own judgment in favor of your churlish critics."

"Their judgment has become mine," he persisted. "My eyes are opened, and now see clearly, though too late, that I made a fatal blunder, when I entered upon a literary career. I had no vocation to it. After pottering away twenty years of my life, what have I accomplished? Certainly nothing that I can recall with complacency. The truth is, that I mistook aspiration for the power of achievement, and rashly inferred, that, because I possessed the taste and sensibility requisite to a vivid appreciation of genius, I must be a genius myself."

This spirit of self resignation seemed to me a more alarming symptom than any I had yet witnessed. Had he asserted himself, and railed against his critics; had he complained of lack of appreciation, as he had used to do, and talked confidently of what he would yet accomplish, his case would have seemed more hopeful. But a broken spirit admits of no cure.

On the Sunday morning succeeding this conversation I slept late, and it was half-past ten o'clock when I issued from my room. As I stepped into the hall, I saw a young man rapping at Glimmer's door. I had heard the sound twice before, while engaged in completing my toilet, and I now recognized in the person knocking, a friend of Glimmer's who was in the habit of calling for him occasionally of a morning, to accompany him to breakfast.

"Can you tell me," he asked, "whether Mr. Glimmer has gone out?"

I replied that I had not heard him; and paused, at the head of the stairs, while he knocked again. There was no answer. We looked at each other, a moment, in grave silence.

"He never turns his key in the lock," I said; "you had better look in." He hesitated. I advanced, and, opening the door gently, entered the room.

"He is not awake yet," said his friend, who had followed me. "We had better let him sleep, for he was up very late last night, and was in very poor spirits; rest will do him good."

He was lying on his left side, with his face turned towards us, perfectly still. I listened a moment, but could not hear his breathing. I approached the bed, and could look at him attentively. His countenance wore a more calm and restful look than I had ever seen there. The shadow of a smile lingered around the slightly parted lips, and gave to the mouth and chin an expression suggestive of a weary acknowledgment of weakness, and an appeal for the charitable judgment of the strong.

His right arm drooped over the side of the bed, from beneath the coverlet. I was about to touch the wrist, when my eyes fell upon a scrap of paper on the small table at the head of the bed, on which I saw my name, in large characters. It ran thus:

"4:15 a. m.

"DEAR OLD PAUL,—I rise to scrawl these lines, to prevent misapprehensions, in case any thing should happen to me. You remember our last conversation, and I want to have you understand that I distinctly agree with you. I have had a bad night and now feel that I shall sleep at last. I feel, too (I can not honestly say I fear,) that I shall have a picture dream. In that case, I shall endeavor to arouse myself, at the first premonition of danger. This is written, that your remembrance of me may not be clouded by a hateful suspicion. I feel deliciously drowsy, and so peacefully. Is there any thing sweeter than rest to the weary?

Yours, "F. G."

I laid my hand upon the forehead, and found it cold. I felt his wrist, and it was pulseless.

"Poor fellow!" sighed his friend, fumbling for his pocket-handkerchief; "what a feverish, unsatisfactory life he had of it!"

"Happy sleeper!" I said to myself, as I glanced once more at the countenance, so expressive of restful content; "he has his wish. He is not to be pitied."

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

New Books and New Editions—Durie & Son
Patent Non-Conductor—Chambers & Co.
Notice to Separate School Ratepayers.

The Ottawa Times.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 20, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Hon. Judge Dunkin arrived in town on Saturday and will remain here a few days.

A. Walsh, Esq., M.P., Intercolonial Railway Commissioner, arrived in town on Saturday.

It seems that the Grits of Simcoe have refused to accept as their candidate, the gentleman sent to them by the Catholic League and the Hon. George Brown.

MORE BLUNDERING.

Another instance of the unreliability of anything which appears in the Toronto *Globe* was afforded by a telegram of its Ottawa correspondent on Friday last. The correspondent telegraphed as follows in reference to the census, which by the way was already published in other papers. "The statement is so freely made here that I think it worth while to give it, that the census return will show that Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have made but a small per centage of increase, that Ontario has about come up to public expectation, but that Quebec exceeds all anticipations of the increase of population. Ontario will be entitled to but three or four additional members in the House of Commons.

This statement is exactly the reverse of the truth. The census returns show that the increase of population is greater in Nova Scotia than in any of the other provinces that it is far smaller in Quebec than was anticipated, and that Ontario will be entitled to six, instead of "three or four" additional members. The sole business of the Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* being to invent stories which will be prejudicial to the Government we are not surprised to read the above string of misrepresentations. We merely direct attention to it as affording evidence of the extreme unreliability of everything which appears in the columns of Mr. Brown's organ. Like the telegram which we have quoted above, almost every political rumour which appears in the *Globe* is also.

UNFOUNDED ATTACK UPON MR. AIKEN.

Foiled in one malignant attempt upon the political reputation of the Hon. Mr. Aiken the *Globe* tries another. It now accuses that gentleman of conniving at an improper attempt on the part of Mr. Coffin, an officer of his Department, to obtain a piece of Ordnance property. We have been at some trouble to arrive at the facts of this case. The piece of rock in question is not Ordnance Land but within the control of the Department of Public Works. Upon applying to Mr. Coffin he showed us at once, with his usual courtesy and frankness, a copy of a letter addressed to the Department of Public Works dated the 5th of October last.

He asks "leave to lease a narrow triangular strip of land lying at his own door."

"This strip is too narrow to be of any practical use. It is now covered with a heap of stones and rubbish, and is a disfigurement."

"If my application is allowed I will level over the heap of rubbish and plant it with young fir trees, thus making it an object pleasant to the eye instead of being an offence."

"I ask for a lease because I want to have it in my power to protect the trees, and to abate nuisances, to which I am subject."

"I will be ready to restore it at any time to the Department if required for public purposes!"

We have yet to learn that because Mr. Coffin is a Government official he is therefore to be denied the privilege accorded to every subject of the Queen, of preferring a modest request in a proper way. So far as the Secretary of State is concerned, it will be seen that he neither directly or indirectly had cognisance of an application which had no more to do with his department than with that of the Marine and Fisheries. Athough we object as a general thing to the use of strong language, we cannot but feel that our contemporary the *Leader* is justified when it calls this very base and groundless attack "a lie."

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY.

It is as well that that the people of this country should not forget the gigantic railway enterprise in which they are now engaged, closely involved as it is with our progress and prosperity in the future. Twelvemonths ago a majority of people regarded the project of a Canadian Pacific Railway as a vague and uncertain dream of an indefinite future. All saw its importance and were conscious of the benefits which its construction would confer. But the project seemed so vast as to be altogether beyond the strength of a people, who had been accustomed, perhaps, to think too meanly of their own powers, and who were not as a rule possessed of any very ambitious dreams in reference to their "manifest destiny." Thus it was that when the Dominion Government, who knew that the matter must be at once dealt with and were possessed of a firm reliance in the future prospects of the Canadian people,—introduced the Pacific Railway project to the House, their opponents were able to obtain the support of many timid men who at first were alarmed at the magnitude of the undertaking. We have no hesitation in saying that very many of those members of the House who united with Messrs. Blake and Mackenzie in opposing, or at all events indefinately postponing the construction of the line, are now very glad that they were defeated, and are as well pleased as any Ministerialist can be with the energy which has been displayed by the Government in pushing on the preparatory surveys. The more attentively we consider the subject the more are we certain to be impressed with the necessity of such a line being built as early as possible, and the more we hear of the surveys and of the country through which the road will pass, the more hopeful and encouraging does the prospect appear. So far we have heard of no important engineering difficulties having to be contended against. Even the barren and much dreaded tract of country lying to the north of Lake Superior, the desolate *Ultima Thule* of which we had heard so much and knew so little, is not found to present nearly so many obstacles as were expected. Manitoba being reached, beyond that point the road will traverse, for nearly a thousand miles, one long flat tract of rich prairie lands, crossing, before the Rocky Mountains are reached, beds of coal which are believed to be large and valuable. With the splendid mineral lands of Lake Superior at one end of the line, coal fields at the other end, and millions of acres of the best agricultural land in the world filling up the intervening space, we cannot doubt that the Pacific Railway will develop the resources of the country as nothing else could do, and will become the means of settling the splendid prairie lands of the North West. While referring to these lands, we may remark that a gentleman who has just returned from the North West and has had ample opportunities for forming a correct opinion as to the resources of that country, assures us that the soil is far superior to that of Minnesota, while the climate is healthy and invigorating to a degree of which we can form but little conception. Under such circumstances we cannot help regarding the result of the vote last session which enabled the Government to go on with the Pacific Railway in spite of the efforts of the Grits, as a most Providential circumstance; fraught as it is with highly important results to Canada and its future.

THE ESCAPED SMALL-POX PATIENT.

An evening contemporary undertakes in its issue of Saturday, at the request of "a gentleman for whom we entertain very high esteem," to "correct" some misstatements which appeared in to-day's (Saturday's) TIMES, concerning the Nunnery Hospital.

Our contemporary, of course, refers to the escape of the small-pox patient on Wednesday night. That he escaped is not contradicted, but it is denied that he came from the hospital or that he has since died.

We did not state that he had died, we simply said we had been informed to that effect; but we shall not mind any of these points for we esteem the good Sisters too highly and consider them as deserving of too much praise to receive censure. But we fail to see where or how we "made so much" of the matter. We stated the plain facts in a few words, and we would have been glad to correct our statement if not true. The gentleman for whom our contemporary entertains "very high esteem" would have proved himself more deserving of it had he come to this office and asked us to make the desired correction, which we would have done with pleasure. Our contemporary would also have shown better journalistic taste had he directed the said gentleman to come and see us in the matter.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—The Princess Louise is reported *enciente*.

LONDON, Nov. 19.—Louis Kossuth, the well known Hungarian Radical, has been elected member of the London branch of the International Society.

General Sherman, of the United States army, is expected to arrive in England in May. The *Observer* contradicts the report that the General is sent to Europe on a special mission, and says his trip is merely one of pleasure.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 19.—The *Constitutionnel* says Duc d'Harcourt, French Ambassador to the Papal Court, has sent a telegram to Count d'Reumsat, Minister of Foreign Affairs, stating that the Pope has expressed his intention of leaving Rome when a Bill is passed convening the Italian Parliament in that city.

Gambetta, Louis Blanc, and Victor Hugo have issued a card soliciting subscriptions for the relief of the Communist prisoners.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—The trial by court martial of parties accused of the assassination of Gens. Thomas and Lecomte has ended. Nineteen of the prisoners were pronounced guilty. Verdaguer and seven others were sentenced to suffer death, one to imprisonment for life at hard labor, and ten to various terms of imprisonment.

The re-organization of the French army is making rapid progress.

By the end of the year the strongest strategetic positions on the eastern frontier will be occupied by completely reconstructed and thoroughly equipped *corps d'armee*.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 18.h.—The movements of the radical members of the Cortes have resulted in the defeat of the Ministry upon a test question, and a Cabinet crisis has occurred. The Debates at Friday sittings were intensely exciting and the session did not break up until 7 o'clock this morning. During the discussion on the proposition to censure the Government brought forward by the adherents of Zorilla a counter motion was submitted by Achoa providing for the granting of entire liberty to religious societies throughout Spain and the suppression of the decrees of the provisional Government, of which Zorilla was a member, relative thereto. Pending this a motion was made to declare the sitting of Cortes permanent. A spirited discussion followed. The government eventually demanded its rejection as a Cabinet question, but their opponents have the majority, for upon a division of the house the motion was found to be adopted by a vote of 173 to 118. Admiral Malchampp, President of the Council of State and head of the Ministry, at once mounted the tribune and read a royal decree proroguing the sitting of the Cortes without delay.

The King to-day summoned to his presence the Presidents of the two houses for consultation as to the grave aspect of political affairs. It has since became known that the Ministry have resigned in a body, but the belief is expressed in high quarters that with some modifications, they will continue in office.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 19.—The Russian frigate *Sutland*, with the Grand Duke Alexis on board, arrived last night, and anchored off the light ship. All well on board. The following is the officers report:

The Russian steam frigate *Sutland*, Captain Kreamer, Vice Admiral Posset, Chief of squadron, 3,090 tons, mounts 10 guns, 360 horse power, from Madeira, Oct. 10th, experienced strong head winds and heavy seas nearly the whole passage. The officers on duty made immediate inquiry of other vessels if the Russian fleet had yet reached port and where informed that they had immediately communicated the intelligence to those on board the *Sutland*. It was received with hearty cheers.

There was one death of cholera to-day in quarantine. Forty cases are now in hospital at West Bank, all doing well. Examination of the accounts of the Guardian Savings Bank by the receiver and Clerks shows that there were $57,000 deposited to the credit of the city while the Bank held no city or country bonds or securities. Mr. Roche, one of the Vice Presidents has given bonds covering the amount deposited to the credit of the Foundling Asylum.

The Bank holds about $220,000 in real estate, bonds and mortgages.

A special detective of the United States Sub-Treasury left yesterday for Europe to secure the arrest of Andrew J. Garvey.

The civil and military reception to the Grand Duke will take place to-morrow unless the weather should prove stormy.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 19.—The agricultural report says that the returns indicate a larger crop of cotton than expected in October.

CHICAGO, Nov, 19—The charred remains of John McDevitt, the celebrated billiard player, were found this afternoon under the ruins of the *Tribune* building. He was last seen on the morning of the fire in front of the building, somewhat intoxicated, and he refused to make his escape when urged by a friend, declaring that he was not afraid of being burned.

OMAHA, Nov. 19.—A Bill for the repeal of female suffrage is now before the Wyoming Legislature.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 19.—A mob last night at Brookville, Ind., forced the jail and attempted to take out McDonald Check, confined for the murder of his father-in-law at Lawrenceburg, Ind., a year ago, with the supposed intention of lynching him. Check knocked down the first man who came into his cell, and taking a revolver from him defended himself bravely. Many of the mob were hurt. The jailor in the meantime escaped and rang the fire alarm, which brought a number of citizens to his aid, whereupon the mob scattered, but many were recognized notwithstanding their disguise. Check was tried and sentenced to be hanged last October, but the Supreme Court granted a new trial, and it is feared that his sentence will be light—hence the action of the mob.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Nov. 18.—The Government continues to make arrests of persons more or less implicated in the rebellion. The prisoners are sent to the Island of Pines to avoid the agitation and disturbance likely to be caused by their trial in the Courts of this city.

The Consul of Sweden has been banished charged with acting as the agent of Senor Aldama and other well known Cuban refugees. A Spanish war steamer has been sent to Hayti.

MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO 11th via HAVANA Nov 19th.—The testimony in the case of the American bark *Brothers*, signed by the Mexican authorities near Tabasco, is a conflicting that Nelson, the United States Minister, has determined to send his Secretary of Legation to make a thorough investigation into the facts, and a change in the existing Government is expected before New Year's. The country never was in such a unsettled condition. The State of Oaxaca has pronounced in favor of the revolutionists, and General Poriferio Diaz is at the head of a formidable army. The States of Aguas, Calientes, Durango, Saccatacas and Coahuila, have also pronounced in favor of the revolutionists, and are moving in the revolutionary cause. Governors are resigning, and general alarm prevails everywhere. Disaffection exists in the army and Generals and Colonels, with their commands, are joining the revolutionists.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 18th.—A despatch was received from the State Department at Washington, thanking Consuls of the United States in England and the continent for their efforts in behalf of the inhabitants of Chicago. The circular says the American Government is gratified to see in the liberal response to the appeals of its representatives abroad unusual evidences of international sympathy.

The first Roman Catholic mission ever despatched from England to America sailed to-day. The party consists of four priests whose duty it will be to labor exclusively among the colored people of the United States. After the celebration of Mass previous to their departure Archbishop Manning addressed the missionaries. He said this mission had been established by the church in England because this country had imposed slavery on America and it was fitting that Englishmen should be the first to move for an amelioration of the condition of the newly emancipated race.

News has been received of a collision at sea between two supposed American vessels *Ella Marton* and *Agnes Campbell*, the latter being sunk. No further particulars.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—A decree has been issued suspending the publication of the newspapers *Lavenier* and *Le Pays* for printing articles insulting to the government. Several additional courts martial have been created, the more rapidly to dispose of a large number of cases of Communist prisoners still remaining to be tried.

Gambetta made his expected speech at Quentin last night—his tone was moderate, and his speech has an excellent effect on public opinion. He assures his hearers there was no danger of the present menaced existence of the Republic, but informed them it was necessary to confirm it. The citizens should take more active interest in political affairs, and make their influence felt in the government. He advocates the formation of a national republican party, and set forth in detail a plan of organization based in many respects upon the American system.

GERMANY.

FRANKFORT, Nov. 18.—An explosion took place this morning in the fortress Ehrenbreichtein, opposite Coblentz, on the Rhine. Some cartridges ignited in the military laboratory, and a large quantity of the ammunition exploded. The building was badly shattered, three soldiers killed, and many wounded. The immense magazines of the fortress, where a supply of powder is stored sufficient for a ten years' siege, escaped.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 18th.—The Committee of the Cortes on the Budget have agreed to report in favor of the tax on the interest of the Spanish bonds held at home and in foreign countries.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—The Treasury Department has received a despatch from Assistant Secretary Richardson announcing that seven millions of 5-20s have been redeemed at the London financial agency of the United States for the proceeds of the sale of the new five per cents, and that by the 1st of January the amount of 62 bonds cancelled would reach $2,000,000.

Judge Bernard has appointed J. Quinlan receiver of the Guardian Savings Bank on Chatham street, of which Wm. M. Tweed is President. The affairs of the bank will probably have to be wound up, but it has ample securities, and all its depositors will be paid within sixty days.

This morning a run began on Bowling Green Savings Bank. The run was precipated by the announcement of the failure of the Guardian Savings Bank. The number of depositors is very large, and among them are many poor laboring men who appear almost crazed at the prospect of losing their hard earnings. The president and officers of the bank are earnestly endeavoring to raise funds sufficient to meet the demand, but little hopes are entertained that they will be successful.

A legal process was served upon Peter B. Sweeney this afternoon, Miss Mansfield demanding the surrender of papers in his possession said to implicate certain parties to the Erie schemes. It is said Mr. Sweeney destroyed the papers alluded to.

The Bowling Green Savings Bank suspended payment at 3 o'clock this afternoon having exhausted all the money, amounting to $50,000, on hand. The bank expects to meet all cheques on Monday.

Nine new cases of small pox are reported to-day.

LITERARY NOTES.

Tennyson's new poem. "The Last Tournament," will appear in December, and will make a book of several hundred lines."

Mr. William J. Rolfe's third contribution to Shakespearian criticism will shortly appear in the shape of a carefully annotated edition of "Henry the Eighth."

The great work of Monsieur Henri Taine, his "History of English Literature," has at last been translated into English, and is in the press of Holt & Williams.

"The Life of Charles Dickens," by John Forster, is announced for publication by J. B. Lippincott & Co., who have purchased the advance sheets of the English edition.

The arrant and hasty bookmaker, Mr. Hepworth Dixon, will soon add another work to the many he has compiled, entitled "The Condition of Education in Switzerland."

The *Revue des Deux Mondes* emerges from the smoke and ruins of Paris with all its original brightness. The number for October 15th contains many interesting articles, the first two of which, "The Two Empresses of the East," and "The City of Intelligence and the City of Revolutions," are quite delightful.

A new translation of the "The Venerable Bede," who wrote an ecclesiastical history of England in A. D. 731, is out in London. It is a book which very few have read, but well worth the reading by any one who would see what changes fourteen centuries have brought about.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Dailey's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Dailey's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & So. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont, proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA.—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks,—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London." d1509 1y

DOMINION NOTES.

The Royal Canadian Bank open an agency in Belleville.

Mr. Samuel Nordheimer and Miss Edith Alice Boulton, of Toronto, were joined in marriage on Wednesday last.

Two vessels bound from the Mediterranean to Halifax, with fruit are out nearly two months, and fears for their safety are entertained.

Mr. Edward Carter, Q. C., has been elected member for Brome, in the place of Judge Dunkin.

The Kingston *News* says: Major Futvoye, the Deputy-Minister of Militia and Defence, arrived in town this afternoon from the west, and is staying at the British American Hotel. The gallant major will remain here for a day or two.

Disasters to shipping are reported from Collingwood, Owen Sound, Niagara, and Kincardine.

The *Globe* reports an accident on the Northern Railway thus:

"Through the reported carelessness of a watchman, the express south, on the Northern Railway, yesterday morning, was allowed to run off the main track on the siding at Harriston, coming into collision with the wood train which was standing there. Fortunately no person was injured and little damage was done further than the breaking of a few couplings. The express train was delayed two hours."

The "ethereal mildness" of this is perfectly enchanting, as compared with the robust "smash-ups and crash-ups" of less favored institutions.

Quite a number of the men of the 78th have become attached to Halifax, and ten purchased their discharge.

The steamer "City of Halifax" has arrived from Newfoundland. The papers there report that the agricultural and fishing returns are abundant and the island is enjoying a season of general prosperity. A terrific storm raged northwest of St. John last week, doing much damage to small crafts along the coast.

We regret to observe by the Brantford *News* that the Rev. Wm. B. Moffat was present at a vestry meeting of Grace Church, Brantford, a few evenings ago, in a state of intoxication. The Bishop of Huron was present, and desired Mr. Moffat to withdraw which after some time he did. There is little doubt of his suspension.

GOSSIP FOR THE BREAKFAST TABLE.

Mrs. Yelverton is lecturing in China.

St. Paul now reports a population of 25,000.

Sewing machines are soon to be introduced in the public schools of the State of North Carolina.

Alexander II, the Emperor of Russia, is said to have signed the temperance pledge, at the request of his wife.

Mr. Peter Barry, who, after Mr. Scott Russell, appears to have been the most active promoter of "the new British social movement," made an address on the 27th ult., at Huddersfield. Speaking of the seven now celebrated resolutions, he said they had been carefully sifted out of twenty-four. Mr. Scott Russell had met him accidentally and suggested the movement, and those who had signed the document had pledged themselves to find 1,000,000 homes for 1,000,000 skilled laborers. The lecture was illustrated by magic-lantern views, showing the condition of laborers all over the world. A charge was made for admission, and there was a very small audience, very few of those present being workingmen. No interest whatever was shown in the matter, and more than half the audience left before the address was finished.

The Moscow *Gazette* in an editorial article counsels Russia to demand the neutralization of Denmark and the restoration of Northern Schleswig to the latter country, as a means to counteract the power of Prussia on the Baltic Sea.

One more unfortunate! At Lowell, Mass., the Rev. Mr. Smith alias the Rev. Mr. Seymour is in custody charged with forgery of an order for a railway ticket to Detroit. According to his own story, he is a graduate of Hamilton and of Union Colleges, a school teacher a licensed minister broken in health—poor but honest! He has been raising money on false pretences solely "from straitened circumstances, and infatuation from the controlling power of a young lady."

The loss of the Gloucester fishing fleet during the present season is larger than during any previous season of the year, and the number of lives lost exceeds that of any other year except 1862. Twenty-two vessels have been wrecked, sunk or abandoned and 136 fishermen have lost their lives.

A cable telegram announces the elevation to the peerage of Mr. Walter, proprietor of the *London Times*.

The Pope intends soon to publish a protest against Victor Emmanuel, in which he will declare himself to be sole King of Rome, and will announce his determination to hold no official intercourse with any foreign representatives at the court of that monarch.

Darwin's new book, on the "Facial Expression of Animals," will be freely illustrated and will endeavor to prove that dogs and monkeys can laugh, smile, sneer, look cross, or throw a deep pathos into their speaking countenances. It will probably not appear till next spring.

One of the gift books in preparation for the coming season is called "Sun Pictures," which will contain twenty beliotypes illustrating ancient and modern art, by specimens from the works of seven old masters and twelve modern artists, foreign and English, H. R. H. Princess Louise being among the latter.

Captain Hall, of the Polaris, says an American paper, was the recipient of many presents prior to the departure of his expedition. One of those was a tin carefully sealed and labelled, "Not to be opened until the Polaris has reached the Arctic seas." But on its passage to the navy-yard, or being shipped, it met with an accident, and the secret leaked out. It was a can of patent axle-grease, with which Captain Hall or his survivors were affectionately requested by letter to lubricate the axle of this slow-going world if found at the pole.

The French journals, in view of the recent speech of the English Premier, Mr. Gladstone, think that France henceforth should seek a Russian alliance.

The Right Honorable Benjamin Disraeli has been elected lord rector of the University of Glasgow, a much coveted honor, over Professor John Ruskin, who was also nominated.

Rumors thicken about the chances of collision between Russia and Germany, and there are not a few who think such an event both certain and close at hand. The Gastein Conference, it is now hinted, was made the occasion of a secret treaty between Austria and Prussia, covering an offensive and defensive alliance, and contemplating the restoration of Poland as an independent nationality. If Prince Bismarck really entertains so bold a design, it is plain that he will have a better chance to carry it out while France is prostrate than after she begins to recover herself.

Thomas Daken, formerly Lord Mayor of London, has been knighted.

Despatches from Arizona mention that the Indians who butchered the Wickenburg stage passengers left the greenbacks belonging to the party scattered on the ground, and did not even take the gold coin from the dead bodies of some of the victims. This is regarded as a full confirmation of the belief that the marauders were savages and not white highwaymen in disguise. Active pursuit of the Indians is being made.

Sir William Jenner writes to the *British Medical Journal* to contradict the statement that the Queen's recent illness was the result of revaccination. He says there is not a shadow of foundation for the rumour. The Queen's illness did not commence till many months after the revaccination, and there was no connection, direct or indirect between the two. He would not have taken the trouble to contradict so unfounded a statement had he not heard that, in consequence of the positive terms in which the assertion was made, it had received a certain amount of credence, and was causing harm to the public health.

Victor Hugo and Garibaldi salute the "second birth" of the Red Republican *Rappel* in the turgid style which these eminent personages seem to consider as a sort of literary dress suit—to be worn when the eyes of the world are supposed to be upon them. Not to be behind its correspondents, the *Rappel* indulges in fights like this:

"O wretched old man of Chiselhurst, be hopeful! See that your boy is well tended; buy a dress for your wife; teach your eagle to present its claw; get ready! If the Assembly is not dissolved, you have a chance. You may hope to return again, you may hope to see again the Paris that you massacred and the France you have dishonored. Get ready, for the Legitimists are preparing your chamber and the Orleanists are warming your bed."

The Relief Funds at the Mansion House now reach the following amounts:—For Chicago, £48,300; for Antigua, W. I., £4,780; for Persia £1,758. T. J. Morgan & Co. received a total of £23,125 for Chicago, and £1,161 for the sufferers by the forest fires in America.

The sequel of the history of Madeline Smith, the young girl in Scotland, whose famous trial, some years ago, for poisoning a young Frenchman, her lover and paramour, will be well remembered, is thus told by a writer in the Cincinnati *Gazette*:

As might be expected, this terrible ordeal ruined the family. The father, a proud man, was no longer able to hold up his head, and fell into obscurity. His son Captain in the Royal Engineers, threw up his commission and emigrated to California. The second daughter died of a broken heart. As for Madeline Smith, she accepted the offer of a home made to her by a gentleman residing in the south of England. He had witnessed, with admiration, her heroic bearing during the trial, and resolved if she were acquitted to give her another chance in life. She changed her name, lived in privacy at her new home until 1860, then married a clergyman who was fully acquainted with her history, and now, lady of the rectory of a pleasant rural parish, and mother of a family of happy children, resides, respected and beloved, in an inland township of West Australia.

EXPLOSION IN THE SUN.

A PILLAR OF FIRE 56,000 MILES HIGH.

Mr. C. A. Young, the astronomer and observer at the head of the astronomical department of Dartmouth, has communicated to the Boston *Journal of Chemistry* an interesting paper on an explosion on the sun which occurred about noon on the 7th of September last:

There appeared an enormous protuberance or hydrogen cloud on the eastern limb of the sun on the 6th, which remained until noon of the 7th, described as "a low, quiet looking cloud, not very dense or brilliant, nor in any way remarkable, except for its size." It was about 100,000 miles long by 56 000 miles high. The observer was called away at 12.30, and returning in about half an hour found that there had been a grand disruption.

The whole thing had been blown to shreds by some inconceivable upheaval. The air seemed to be filled with debris, "a mass of detached fusiform filaments," rapidly ascending. When first noted, after returning to the observation, some of them had reached a height of 100,000 miles, continuing to rise with a motion almost marked by the eye until in ten minutes the uppermost were more than 200,000 miles from the solar surface.

The filaments gradually faded as they rose, and at 1:15 only a few flimsy wisps, with some brighter streamers lower down, remained to mark the place. Mr. Young noted near one end of the cloud a nebulous mass similar to our terrestial cloud known as a thunder-head, which presented a wonderful change. It became active and enveloped in a mass of rolling flame apparently, crowded down at first towards the surface of the sun, then shot up pyramidally 50,000 miles in height, when its top was drawn out into long filaments and threads, which were curiously rolled backwards and downwards like the volutes of an Ionic capital.

This faded away like the other, and at 2:30 had disappeared. The whole phenomena had the appearance of an explosion beneath the extraordinary prominence, spending its force mainly in an upward direction, somewhat outward in all directions, followed by an inrush as though a vacuum had been created.

THE TICHBORNE CASE.

Now that the Tichborne case has again come up for trial before the English courts, it may be interesting to our readers to know what is the real nature of the points at issue, and what progress it has hitherto made. In form, it is an action of ejectment brought by a person claiming to be Sir Roger Charles Doughty Tichborne, baronet, against a Col. Lushington, a tenant on the property, to recover possession of the Tichborne house and grounds; in substance, it will have the effect of deciding who is the rightful owner of the whole Tichborne estates, the annual rental of which is £50,000. The question is simply one of identity and turns upon the point as to whether the plaintiff is really Sir Roger Tichborne, or one of the most consummate impostors of modern times. If his statement is true, the estates are his, his nephew, the defendant, being the son of Sir Roger's deceased youngest brother; if he is not Sir Roger the defendant retains the estates.

The facts of Sir Roger's history known to his friends and admitted by the defence are these:—The eldest son of the late baronet was born in Paris about the year 1830, and was partly educated there. He was subsequently sent to Stoneyhurst, a Roman Catholic College in England, to finish his education. Here he spent three years until 1849 when he was admitted into the British Army, and joined the sixth dragoon guards. Being of a roving disposition he could not long endure the monotony of a soldier's life in time of peace. He soon resigned his commission, and in the early part of 1858 embarked for South America, where he wandered about for a year or so in search of adventure. Thence he took passage in the ship *Bella* from Rio Janeiro to New York. From this time his history is involved in mystery. His friends, after careful inquiry, became satisfied that he was drowned on this voyage as the ship was wrecked before she reached New York, in fact was never heard of after leaving South America. The plaintiff, on the other hand, states that after the *Bella* had sprung a leak the crew took to the boats and were picked up by the ship *Osprey* bound for Melbourne, Australia, which place they reached in July 1854. Proceeding up the country, he resolved to gain his own livelihood, and engaged in various occupations, such as breaking horses, butchering, stock-driving, and stage-driving, having assumed the name of Thomas Castro. Under that name he married an uneducated woman in the beginning of the year 1862. Towards the end of that year he heard of the death of his father, which had taken place in 1862. Forthwith he wrote his mother for money to take him home, with which request she immediately complied. Arriving in England in 1867, he at once proceeded to Paris, where he was immediately recognized by his mother Lady Tichborne as her long lost son. During his absence his father had died in 1862, and was succeeded by his second son Alfred, who also died in 1866, his wife giving birth to a child after his death, who is now four years old, and is the defendant in the present suit. It seems that his mother had all along refused to believe in her eldest son's death and after the death of her second son offered a reward of £1,000 for information regarding him.

This supplementary history of Sir Roger, the defence of course utterly deny, asserting that he was drowned at sea, and that the plaintiff was an impostor, his real name being Arthur Orton, the son of a London butcher. A host of witnesses are summoned on both sides. On behalf of the plaintiff, various old acquaintances of his, many officers and men who were his friends in the Carbineers, and others, testify in the most explicit terms as to his identity, some of them roundly asserting that he is either Roger Tichborne or the devil. The strongest evidence against him so far as the case has yet gone, comes from himself, and appears in a most extraordinary and inexplicable lack of memory concerning the details of his early life. He can remember nothing whatever of Paris, and though French was the only language he knew when he was sent to England at the age of sixteen, he has entirely forgotten it. He admits that he learned a smattering of Hebrew, Greek and Latin at the Stonyhurst school, but he cannot now tell, when shown a copy of Virgil, whether it is written in Hebrew, Greek or Latin characters. If this is the result of stupidity and ignorance, it is strange on the other hand that he should have had the audacity to plan, and the capacity to carry out so bold and hazardous a scheme of imposition.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully this morning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, or 92 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a po

LOCAL NEWS.

PEMBROKE is agitating for a public library.

The weather was dull and doubtful yesterday.

There was no business at the Police Court on Saturday.

The Sapeurs' Fire Company will give a ball on the 27th inst.

The prize package professional swindler holds forth still in this city.

CITY COUNCIL.—A regular meeting of the City Council will be held to-night.

No. 1 Ottawa Fire Co's Social Assembly takes place to-morrow evening in Gowan's Hall.

TURKEY shooting was indulged in on Saturday, on the Montreal road, so was bad whiskey.

THE Temperance Meeting in the Temperance Hall, Elgin street, was well attended yesterday.

MASONIC HALL.—The new Masonic Hall over the Union Bank will not be completed before the 1st of May next.

PRESENTATION.—Chief Langford of the Fire Brigade will be presented with a splendid gold watch and chain on Tuesday evening next.

Grocers and provision merchants report a good business doing in Ottawa at present, and are looking for a much better trade when sleighing comes.

A LIGHT QUESTION.—We are requested to ask why the gas was not lit in the streets last night. We hope the moon was not expected to make its appearance.

RAILROAD NEWS.—The traffic on the St. L. & O. R. R. is unusually large at present, so much so that there is scarcely rolling stock sufficient to accommodate it.

SOCIAL ASSEMBLY.—The Central Hook and Ladder Company will give their 18th Annual Social Assembly in Gowan's Hall on Friday evening next. A good time may be expected by those who attend.

AUCTION SALE OF BUFFALO ROBES.—We desire to remind the public of the sale by auction of Hudson Bay Buffalo Robes, to take place on Tuesday next at one o'clock, in Mr. Bermingham's auction rooms, Elgin street.

TO SEPARATE SCHOOL RATEPAYERS.—We desire to call the attention of Separate School ratepayers to the notice in another column. All Separate School taxes must be paid up before the 1st of December, after which date any amounts due will be collected by the bailiff.

NEW BOOKS AND NEW EDITIONS.—We refer our readers to the advertisement of Messrs. Durie & Son in another column. They present the public with a rich list of new books and new editions. Among others is a neat little volume containing several magnificent colored sketches of grand Californian scenery. Price only 25 cts.

CORRECTION.—In Saturday's issue we stated that a woman had escaped from the Sandy Hill hospital on Wednesday night. It appears however that we were wrong in our statement, and we can only attribute the mistake to our informant. Every person knows that Mr. Sadlier performs his duty efficiently and satisfactorily, and we should be very sorry to in any way impugn his management of the Protestant Hospital.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of ten dollars from Messrs. G. H. Preston & Son. Also ten dollars from an anonymous friend, one half to be applied to the use of the hospital the other half to the benefit of Mrs. Hawkens. Mrs. Hawkens' son died in the hospital and she has returned to her home. Subscriptions thankfully received by Alexander Workman, Treasurer.

17th November 1871.

ST. PATRICK'S ORPHAN ASYLUM BAZAAR.—The Ladies of the St. Patrick's Orphan Asylum at the close of their annual bazaar have much pleasure in returning thanks to the public generally for the generous support given to their work of charity; to the Hon. James Skead for having generously placed at their disposal free of charge the use of his fine building on Sussex street, and to the city press for their kind notices. They likewise beg to acknowledge the following donations, from Lord Lisgar, $30; Sandford Flemming, Esq., $20; Thomas Reynolds, Esq., $10; Alonzo Wright, Esq., $10, and J. M. Currier, Esq., $4. The Ladies also take this opportunity of announcing that the sum of $2 441 was realized.

THE MARKET. — The attendance on the market on Saturday was pretty good.

Hay was very plentiful and sold at from $12 to $15 per ton.

Wood sold at from $3 00 to $3.50 per cord.

Potatoes, 25 cts to 30 cts per bushel.

Beets, 40c per do.

Turnips, 30cts do.

Oats, 30cts to 35c do.

Fall Wheat, $1.30 to 1.40.

Spring Wheat, $1 20 to 1.30.

Peas, 60cts do.

Butter, 18cts to 20cts per lb.

Eggs scarce at 30cts per dozen.

Fowl sold from 30cts to 50cts per pair.

Geese, 50cts to 60cts each.

Turkeys, 75cts to $1 each.

Pork was scarce and unchanged in price.

ANOTHER VICTIM OF INTEMPERANCE.—The Upper Ottawa *Observer* says: In our last issue we informed our readers that an Indian had been killed on the Mattawan River, at first supposed to have been murdered by his squaw. We now learn that the man who was killed, was a half breed named Hyacinthe St. Denis, who lived at the head of Lake Tallon. He was said to be a man of intemperate habits; he leaves behind him a wife and four small children. The immediate cause of his death, as ascertained by the examination held, was a fall on a stove, while under the influence of liquor. Fortunately, the Stipendiary Magistrate, John Doran, Esq., happened to be at Mattawan, holding his court, who on receiving the information of the man's death, and the supposed cause, started next day for Lake Tallon, a distance of thirty miles from Mattawan, up the Mattawan River, taking with him Dr. Roche, of Mattawan, and Rev. Father Guegueen, Indian Missionary. Next morning the body was disinterred and examined by the Doctor, and after a thorough examination of all parties knowing anything about the unfortunate occurrence, the Stipendiary Magistrate concluded that death was caused as above stated.

INTERVIEWING BRADLAUGH.

The following clever take off of the New York *World's* London correspondent's style is from *Figaro*.

London, Nov. 31st, 1876.

Notwithstanding my previous intimacy with that cousing Cromwell, who has come at last, and that conversation of mine with him over the big claret glasses, whose publication made such a sensation four years ago in the miserable *soi-disant* liberal papers of the time, I must confess that it was with some trepidation that I rang the bell of the East London Vestry Hall, where the republican chief of England has taken up his official abode. But, nervous although I felt, I had certainly anticipated that my card would have proved a passport at least to a few minutes' chat with the great man. So I was not at all prepared for the disgust with which that innocent piece of pasteboard was received by the dustman who officiated as messenger. "Oh, furriner, are yer?" he grunted, when I explained who I was and what was my errand, "Lucky y'are, that's all I can say."

"But why? I ventured to ask.

"Becos, if yer wasn't, yer'd probable be tried for neglectin' the new orders in council, what puts down all 'decency, morality, religion, and civilization,' as crimes agin the republic. Cards is civilization," the grimy man went on to explain. "But there, how should you know? 'Ere, Bill! just give this party a admission form to fill up."

The said form was a wonderful document, and seems to show that red tape can live under a republic as well as a monarchy. In it I had to answer an extraordinary series of personal questions. Among others—"do you believe in a Deity?" and "Are you prepared to state that all religion is humbug?" This I filled up in what I thought would be a satisfactory manner, and after a long delay, my dustman friend allowed me to pass on.

I should hardly have recognized the attorney's clerk in the republican chief. His hair is longer than ever. He has forsworn the use of brush and comb as an unworthy tribute to decency, and he now drops all his "h's"—it is said because they remind him of what he calls "beastly culture." He looks, I need hardly say, more like a monarch than ever, did not stir when I came in, except to throw a boot at the head of the retiring dustman, and motioned me to remain standing by the door. His manner, however, thawed when I reminded him of our last interview—and he said that he respected me for my want of veracity on that occasion. I asked him at once what were his views upon things in general, and the revolution in particular, and gleaned the following information: Cromwell is, on the whole, satisfied with the work which his sixty eight clubs have effected, and is especially pleased that they have justified his old boast about their readiness to pull down Westminster Palace. "By George, sir," he exclaimed, gleefully, "the noble fellows have actually pulled down the Abbey, too, and set fire to the whole neighborhood; they hadn't forgotten the way their deputation used to be snubbed at Whitehall by old Gladstone and Lowe." The mention of those ministers' names reminded me of Mr. Bright, and I asked Cromwell why his followers were so particularly bitter against that statesman. It appears that Mr. Bright is considered to be a redhot Tory—which shows how little one understands of foreign politics, after all. After this the conversation naturally drifted towards the present Ministry, and I inquired how it was that the once famous Codger was only made Under-Secretary for the Colonies. Cromwell positively laughed at me, and placed his fingers in a knowing manner at the end of his remarkable nose. "Don't you see the dodge," he whispered, confidentially. "Dear, respectable old Codger is played out, and I fancy he wishes himself back with his boots in Boomsbury. You see, he believes in all sorts of rot—education, trades-unionism, churches, and goodness knows what. So I've given him the colonies, don't you see?" And he chuckled again.

I was obliged to confess that I didn't see; when Cromwell pointed out that it wouldn't be long before the colonies would be shunted altogether. What did England want with such drains upon her resources? And then, of course, Codger would retire into private life.

Just as I was leaving the apartment I asked what the foreign policy of the Republic would be—rather a vague question, I admit; but it obtained anything but a vague reply. "D—— the foreign policy," observed Cromwell; "we don't go in for those exploded reminiscences of monarchy. Hang it, sir, what does a man want with a policy at all, when he has thirty thousand men at his back ready to follow him to the devil? I have abolished marriage, I have proscribed all religious works, I have ordered that all churches and chapels shall be turned into public houses, and I have taken away the votes of all who have any obvious way of earning a living—I have done all this as first President of the Republic of roughs, and if I am not in a position to do without a policy, I should like to know why not?"

At this I was afraid that Cromwell would get personal, so, as he is a powerful man, and had thick boots on, I withdrew.

FAVORABLE NOTORIETY—The good reputation of Brown's Bronchial Troches for the relief of coughs, colds, and throat diseases, has given them a favorable notoriety.

Have you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is a specific remedy, and is also the best pain killer in the world.

We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders given to such stock occasionally during the winter would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil, the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

TO BUILDERS.

Separate Tenders are invited for the various works required to be done in the erection of a RESIDENCE and SALOON Excavations' Masons' and Bricklayers' Work, Carpenters and Joiners' Work Plastering, Painting and Glazing. Plans, Specifications, and Conditions may be seen on application to Robert Gilpin, Little Sussex street, until FRIDAY, the 24th instant. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM HODGSON,
Architect.
Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1810 3

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,
(lately occupied by D Whelan)
Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

EXTENSIVE

AUCTION SALE

OF

Farm Stock, Farming Implements, &c.

W H. FALLS

begs to announce to the public that he has been favored with instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late WILLIAM CRAHAM, Gloucester,

ON MONDAY, the 27th INSTANT,

the whole of the Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., &c., comprising—4 Span of Horses, one Mare and Foal by the celebrated Horse "Sunshine," 13 splendid Milch Cows, 2 Thorough Bred Bulls, and 14 head of choice bred young Cattle.

Farming Implements, consisting of Reaper and Mower, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Horse Rake, Wagons, Carts, Sleighs, Cutters, Buggies several sets of single and Double light and Heavy Harness, together with Lumbering Appliances, Farming Utensils, &c., &c. Also,

60 Tons of Prime Hay,

a large quantity of Potatoes, Turnips, &c. About

300 Cords of splendid dry Cordwood

The whole to be sold without reserve.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Terms—Cash.

Further particulars will be given in catalogues obtainable upon the premises, at J. Graham's, Union Hotel; W. Champness', British Lion; F. Champness', St. Lawrence, W. Graham's City Hotel; R Elliott's Commercial Hotel, Ottawa; A. Graham, Billings' Bridge; and of the Auctioneer at his Auction and Commission Rooms, No. 43, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871 1823td

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

FARM STOCK,

UTENSILS, AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I B TACKABERRY has been instructed by the Widow of the late Donald Robertson to sell at her residence, West Half Lot No. 14, on the Rideau River, Gore of Gloucester on

Thursday, 23rd November.

at 10 o'clock, a.m., the following Goods, viz: Two spans well matched Horses, several sets of Double and Single Harness, one Buggy and Cutter, Waggon and Hay Carts, several good Ploughs and Harrows, covered Market Waggon, Double and Single Sleighs, good Mower and Reaper, also Four excellent Milch Cows, a large Boiler, Grind Stones, Axes and Saws, all the Hay and Straw on the Farm, together with a quantity of Cordwood.

The Household Furniture consists of Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Hair and Straw Mattresses, Parlor Stove and other Stoves and Stovepipes, Cooking Stove and Utensils belonging to Kitchen, all the Dairy Utensils that are required for a large Dairy, and all the Utensils used on a well regulated Farm.

Will be offered for sale at the same time,

200 ACRES OF BUSH LAND,

being Lot No 16, in the 7th Concession, Township of Gloucester, (Ottawa Front) 8 miles from the city, and two miles from Taylorsville, which said lot will be divided, if required easy

I B TACKABERRY,
Auctioneer.

N. B.—Six months' credit will be given by purchasing approved Joint Notes.

Gloucester, Nov. 11, 1871 1818td

FURNITURE,

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

The largest and best selected stock of all kinds of House hold Furniture in Central Canada can now be found at Lowe & Annable's Warehouse, No. 5 Rideau street. Parlor Suits in green, drab, and maroon colours, Bedroom Sets with marble tops in black walnut beautifully carved, marble top Sideboards with elaborate game carving, marble top Bureaus with glass; Centre Tables, Bookcases, &c. Hair Cloth Furniture in great variety, Cane Work in Dining Room and other chairs, a new style of chairs called the Grab Sit, the only place they can be got in Canada, and an endless variety of common furniture cheap. Remember the place.

ROWE & ANNABLE,
No. 5, Rideau street.
Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871. 1820tf

J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

HUDSON BAY COMPANY.

ROBES BY AUCTION

The subscriber is favored with a consignment of 300 of the above Robes, and is instructed to sell them at Public Auction at his Sale Rooms, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House at One (1) o'clock, on TUESDAY, 21st inst. The Robes are fresh from the Hudson Bay Territory, are clean and healthy, and consist of some of the finest of skins. To the trade this is an excellent opportunity to purchase at home and on easy terms. As this is the first sale of Hudson Bay Co. Robes, they will be sold in lots to suit all purchasers.

TERMS—Under $100, cash; $100, to $250 3 months; and over this amount four months on approved paper.

J BERMINGHAM,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Nov. 16, 1871 1822td

THE SEASON COMMENCED

BULK OYSTERS.

Just Received H. M. ROWE'S celebrated

BULK AND CAN

OYSTERS,

$1.80 ..... PER GALLON,

AT

The Italian Warehouse.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.

RIDEAU CANAL.

Notice to Forwarders and Owners of Vessels.

It is proposed to keep 3 to 4 feet of water in the Canal Basin after the close of Navigation. Owners of vessels desirous of wintering them therein will govern themselves accordingly.

JAMES D SLATER,
Superintendent Rideau Canal.
Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871 1821 4

OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY Co.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A.D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SUTTEES,
Secretary.

Office of O C P R R Co,
New Edinburgh, Nov. 11, 1871. 1823 2awtd

MACDONALDS' AUCTION ROOMS.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneer and General Commission, House-Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents 36, York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819 6m

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENRY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A. D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company

Z WILSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, Nov 16 1871 1822 3

OTTAWA & MONTREAL

macadamized Road Company.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the Stock Holders of the above named Company will be held at the ALBION HOTEL, on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, on

Monday, the Eleventh Day of Dec., A.D. 1871.

at half past Two of the Clock in the afternoon, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer.
Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 1822 3

CAUTION

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOK!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

SALESMAN WANTED

At the Regent House. Must speak French and English. Apply to

SINCLAIR, STITT & Co.,
Sparks street.
Ottawa, Oct. 31, 1871 1807 tf

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co's, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 9, 1871 1815tf

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chast patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Children's, Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS!

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, McKINNONS & M'MORAN
Successors to
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Haarle. Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst Four Trains will Run each way on this line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
8 Express, with Sleeping Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 Express connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M., every Morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Secure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

NOTICE.

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MOODIE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, [illegible]

CHINA WAREHOUSE

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles.

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Orignal.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,
No. 66, Sussex street,
Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871. y

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices and on the most advantageous terms

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Disper'.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1 55 p.m., and, connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5.30 a.m, :10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

IF YOU DESIRE,

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS.

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
S. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY; Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

A. GRISON,
Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve,* Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1871

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

59 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An Immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Frieze,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Wear
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

All and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF.
Ottawa April 11, 1871 O'MEARA & CO.

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

Just Received—another lot of the

75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES,

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SPEARMAN.

The steamer Queen Victoria leaves her wharf, foot of Nicholas Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time) arrives in Montreal at 5.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Particulars of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at reduced rates.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Original.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 29, 1871. 2676tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable Ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, true Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching creative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula, the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all disease arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles $1 00
Pills per Box 25

PULMONARY BALSAM
ESTABLISHED
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 45 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
Sold by the Druggists
FOR COUGHS, COLDS & CONSUMPTION.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871. 16 6m

ENIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or stamps. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudière near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Brick, now finishing—Rent from $8 to $10 a Month.

Apply to

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I feel most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I closed the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were, as that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will dwell to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying pulous imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz. 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., 8 pt. 1, 1871. 39 6m

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa,

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said south ern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa
Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871 1805 td

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall,
October 21, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18 1871 1669tf

TO BE LETT,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely effectious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N.B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic "Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for "Medical Purposes are of great importance to "Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled "to the consideration and support of every "one disposed to further the advancement of "real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s
B. COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Rapbey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cartwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W. Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS B. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

S. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

TEAS AND WINES,

HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE. A.M.	Noon	P.M.	MAILS.	DELIVERY A.M.	A.M.	P.M.
	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00		4.20
	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	8.00		4.20
9.00		9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10.00		
9.00		9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00		
9.00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00		4.20
9.00	12.00		Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.			4.20
9.00			North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway			4.20
9.00			Osgoode, Russell, &c	10.00		
9.30		3.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00		1.30
9.30			The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	8.00		
10.30		4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	
5.30			Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c			7.00
6.15			Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal, Grenville, &c			7.00
6.30			March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00		
6.00			Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays			6.00
11.30			Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30		

Matter to be posted up to 9.30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
For Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

MESSRS. BATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business. He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis.

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq.—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

FOR OUR READING,

OUTS

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The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged;

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MCKERIDGE,
cumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICK,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

MRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS, PREVENTING TOOTHACHE AND ALL DISEASES OF THE GUMS, SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS.

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S: "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S: CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S: ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S: WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S: OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S: ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which may not prove satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

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As a family Remedy it is well and favorably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing, in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J F Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

Alt round ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs.
Hay Rakes, straight and bent,
Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

R. ROBERTS

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, red and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore bleeding piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROFULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family opertant, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & HARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
September 28, 1871. 39 6m

GRACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and Clark streets, Ottawa. 3681

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex Street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 5

H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Incedionly, opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 4311

KER & CERMILL, Barristers, Attorneys & Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
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EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 48y3

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 48y3

C. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Armond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

OSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mesgrove's Buildings Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 366tf GEORGE TALLON

TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 490tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Bearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherston's Drug Store. Residence S

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence Hull next the Post Office. 1733y

CHARLES M BELL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetreau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

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Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street Ottawa.
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The Times

VOL. V. NO 1825. OTTAWA, TUESDAY NOVEMBER 21 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

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P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. COLDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, C. E.

This for TWENTY YEARS has been the FAVORITE RESORT of commercial travellers and public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged to hereditors. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velvet Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
" Cotton Tapes
" Pins Prints,
" Jean Frez Cott n's
" Porters (cx)
1 case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Belts
4 " Trimmings
" Torrogon's
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drill

CANADIAN GOO

1 Case Gentlemen's Tweeds
" " Union Tweeds
1 " Satinets,
" " Satinettes
3 " Men's Fancy Cottonades,
11 Bales Fancy Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Shirting Ticks,

☞ The London Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to this Market. G & M are Agents for Ottawa, and the Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

☞ Inspection invited.

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871

HATS! HATS!

HATS!

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that he has received his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

☞ Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

☞ OPPOSITE THE OLD STANDARD.

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y.

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq., or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

OTTAWA & ST. LAWRENCE NAVIGATION COMPANY.

THE NEW STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER.

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 1:30 p. m., arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS.

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex St. Ottawa.

38 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU Agent.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

☞ *It is now an established fact* you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — S. Illin Cheap—really good.

SUPERIOR CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet "London" make, to order On trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

☞ Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

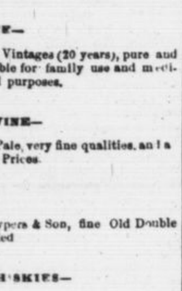
THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)



This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex Street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. CRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792w

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov. 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Heney, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the brevity of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Toronto, November 1st, 1871.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lots, No. 28, 8th Concession (59 acres), No. 27, (82 acres), and No. 28 (100 acres), in the 9th Concession, in the TOWNSHIP OF STISTED, in the DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA, 241 acres, with a Mill Site thereon, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Department of Crown Lands, AT NOON, ON THE TWENTY-THIRD OF THIS MONTH, the Department reserving to itself the right to make one bid.

CONDITIONS:—One half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest.

The purchaser to erect within one year from the date of sale a good Saw Mill, with one Circular Saw, of sufficient capacity to cut 8,000 feet of boards per day; and within two years, a Grist Mill, capable of manufacturing a sufficient quantity of good flour, to meet the requirements of settlers, the purchaser to have the right to the Timber on the land for the use of his Mill only.

The patent not to issue until two years after the date of sale, and the conditions have been complied with

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
1813td. *Assistant Commissioner.*

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky2m

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Fingland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS,

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov 10, 1871 1817m1

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cured bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure on a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

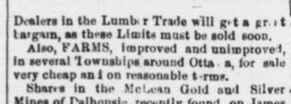
Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for External use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont, Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 14th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m. connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Hawkesbury on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville, and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1:30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1790 f

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President

Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1804 tf

THE "OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of M M Cartier & Pominville, Advocates, in No 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816oew

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe, Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ¾ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to

DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817tf&w1m

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 3

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism. Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau
Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct, 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr, Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 30, 1871 1800y.

SILVERSMITHS SOAP NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS MANUFACTURERS OF EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER &c. WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS 172. BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....	Saturday,	7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN.	"	14th "	"
HIBERNIAN.....	"	21st "	"
MORAVIAN.....	"	28th "	"
SARMATIAN.....	"	4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about		....12th	Oct.
OTTAWA	"	.....19th	"
ST. DAVID	"	.....26th	"
ST. ANDREW	"	..... 2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK	"	.. .. 9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

☞ An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & Co.,
Agents "Spencer."

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599 f

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....	D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES	J James, do.
NIGER.....	W. Nisbett, do..
SEVERN.....	G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER.....	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN....	"	19th "
MEDWAY..	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES...	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London;

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
Or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this by-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr St Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. } 1786 3m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Holcombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

FOR COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The Examination of candidates for Public School Teachers (2nd and 3rd class) will be held in the Central School West, Ottawa, commencing on MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER at 2 p.m. The examination for First Class candidates will be held in the same place on TUESDAY, 26th DECEMBER, commencing at 9 a.m. Candidates must send to the Inspector as soon as possible certificates of good moral character, and inform him of the grade of certificate now held, and the grade of that for which they are making application.

JOHN McMILLAN, B. A.
Secretary Examining Board

Ottawa Nov. 15, 1871 1821wky3

ESTIMATES

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D, 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards.....	$ 33,000
Arch Covering.....	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates.....	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps.....	16,000
Pumping Machinery extra.....	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871 1776 1m

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

R. LUGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

THE NEW "PROVINCIAL" BUILDING.

From the Halifax Express.

We are happy to be able to announce to our readers the settlement, beyond all question, of the dispute between the Dominion and Local Governments in reference to the so-called "New Provincial Building." The Arbitrators, John Boyd and James Duffus, Esqrs., handed in their award, on Saturday evening last, whereby eighty thousand dollars are awarded to the Local Government, and the Dominion to have in future possession of the whole of the building. This will necessitate the removal of the museum. In starting, we learn that the Arbitrators took a new basis for the settlement of the claims. They conjointly ignored the pleas of the Dominion, and the pleas of the Local Governments.

What the basis was, we are not just now in a position to state; but that it was a wise one is evidenced by the fact of the Arbitrators arriving at such a speedy solution of the kindly points. We hope the Local Executive will make the conditions of the award known at an early day by publishing the text in full. We believe by so doing it will effect much good.

And now that the last bone of contention between the Dominion and Nova Scotia is settled, we hope that that harmony which should exist between the two Governments will be brought about.

Certainly the gentlemen acting as Arbitrators, have endeavoured to effect such. in the selection of Mr. Boyd the Dominion showed much discrimination, and we can say the same for the Local Government, in the appointment of Mr. James Duffus. It is highly gratifying to know that gentlemen approached each other in a spirit of manliness and honourable dealing. Their labours were very harmonious, while their "conclusions" were such as must commend them to the right thinking men of all parties. Justice and peace appeared to have truly kissed each other in this instance.

JUVENILE COMMUNISTS.

One of the most affecting incidents in Victor Hugo's *Miserables* is the death of Le Petit Gavroche. This typical representative of the gamin of Paris follows to a barricade a student who during an *emeute*, had won his heart by tearing a poster from the walls. The revolutionists ran short of ammunition, and the daring little scamp, procuring a hamper, proceeded to fill it with cartridges which he found on the bodies of dead soldiers lying in front of the barricade, thus making himself a conspicuous target for the fire of the troops. At last a bullet struck him down; but presently he rose again, the blood flowing from his wound and, looking in the direction whence the shot had come, was singing gaily when a second shot from the same marksman pierced him, and "this little great soul had fled away." The Communist trials revealed the fact that the race of Gavroches is not yet extinct in Paris, After the women had been disposed of fifteen small boys, or varying from six to eleven, were arraigned with all due formality to answer for their share in the proceedings of the Commune. The scene in court is described as very amusing. There were the seven grave and reverend Judges, with the Judge Advocate on their right and the Registrar on their left, all in uniform; two rows of gendarmes carrying bayonets fixed; other soldiers scattered about the hall, and the usual motley audience. Fif

P HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa.
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Card of Thanks—Superioress Roman Catholic General Hospital.
Gowan's Hall.
Dancing and Maintien.
St. Alban's Monthly Readings.
Auction Sale of Horses—J. Bermingham.

The Ottawa Times.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 21, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Hon. Judge Dunkin leaves town this morning.

Hon. Mr. Pope will not take up his abode here until next week.

Messrs. Belford, Gregg, and Kingsmill, three well known and highly esteemed Canadian journalists, are in town.

We do not think much of the Toronto *Globe*, and have no sympathy with it or with him whose organ it is, but we cannot help pitying Mr. Brown now that the *N. Y. Tribune* has announced that the *Globe* is "the semi-official organ" of the Dominion Government.

The irrepressible Gloucester fishing schooner *Lizzie A. Tarr* has again turned up. She is reported as wrecked near Mingan, in the Gulf of St. Lawrence where it is presumed she was engaged fishing in our inshores. Her value is rated at $7,300 and she was insured for $6,888. This is the identical vessel which was seized and sold last year at Quebec for fishing within the prohibited limits. Her owner then bought her for about $2,000, and she was afterwards said to be heavily insured and run ashore in broad daylight on the coast of Nova Scotia. Failing to recover the insurance on that venture, we suppose the present one is to be a better case. Who suffers? The Gloucester people ought to immortalize her owners.

THE CENSUS.

We have no doubt that the census returns which we published on Friday last, and the full details of which we will give shortly, will generally be received with feelings of disappointment. During the past few years Canada has been prospering so greatly, we have seen so many indications of enterprise and industry on every side, that we have, not unnaturally, been disposed to form a somewhat exaggerated idea as to our progress in population. We are not the only people who have fallen into an error of this kind. We have seen our neighbours in the United States within the past few months suffer a similar disappointment, their census returns falling short of their expectations by some millions. But although political feeling in the American Republic is carried to an extreme, we do not remember to have heard of any charges of "fraud" and dishonesty having been brought against the Government because there did not happen to be so many people in the country as had been anticipated. We are not surprised however to find the leading Opposition organ in this country already attacking the Dominion Government with regard to the census. The Grit cause just now is in a precarious condition and wants bolstering up very badly. The results of the census, as we said before, have no doubt caused a feeling of disappointment throughout the country, and the Grit leaders hope to trade on and make capital out of that disappointment. So, at Mr. Brown's command, the members of the present administration are charged with "fraud" and "swindling," and men who in honesty and capacity are as far superior to that unsuccessful trickster as light to darkness, are accused of crimes which he is well aware they have never committed.

The principal accusation is to the effect that the Government, for some reason or other which is not clearly defined, have conspired to cheat Ontario out of her proper share of representation. Because the gain in population during the ten years ending 1851 was a hundred per cent., and said to be nearly fifty per cent. in the ten years ending 1861, it is claimed that it must of necessity have been as large during the ten years which have just closed.

In the first place we are disposed to believe that for several reasons the gain in population during the past ten years has not been so large as has been generally imagined. In the second place, from what we know of the manner in which the census of 1861 was taken, we cannot help regarding it as somewhat untrustworthy, and, casting aside all prejudice, as not entitled to the same amount of credence and reliability as that of 1871.

The Census of 1861 was taken, if we mistake not, under the supervision of a Board. The appointments in the different counties, provinces and districts were made by the Commissioners and not by a responsible Minister of the Crown, neither was the organization of the Census staff anything like so perfect as that of 1871. Furthermore the enumerators were paid in proportion to the number of persons whose names they obtained; a system which was certainly fraught with temptation to needy and unsuccessful men, who might very possibly be inclined to draw upon their imaginations for a few extra names and so add a little to their pay. The appointments made by Mr. Dunkin were, we firmly believe, with very few exceptions, wise and judicious ones. The *Globe* says that "both Ministers and their organs will doubtless endeavour to shield themselves by making the retired Minister the scapegoat of the occasion." We are quite sure however that they will do no such thing, and that every man who has any personal knowledge of the Hon. Mr. Dunkin, will unite with us in saying that there is no one whose strict integrity and well known honesty of character could afford a surer guarantee against anything in the shape of fraud being perpetrated or even attempted.

It is a mistake to suppose that the prosperity which Ontario now enjoys, and the increase in business enterprise which we see on every side, are certain indications of a large gain in population. There has been a marked difference in the class of immigrants who have arrived here during the past decade as compared with those of the preceeding twenty years. More capitalists have taken up their abode in Ontario, and, a larger amount of capital having been invested here our business prosperity has increased in proportion. But it is idle to close our eyes to the fact that, during the first part of the decade more especially, a large number of our people emigrated to the Western States, and that this exodus was so considerable as to have had a material effect upon the increase of our population. Happily we believe this state of affairs is now at an end. Thanks to the general prosperity which now prevails in Canada, the wise administration of public affairs, and the fact that we now have a North West of our own to populate and develop, the people of Ontario are not likely to do much towards increasing the population of the neighbouring Republic, unless some who are foolish enough to believe the *Globe's* statement to the effect that the men who rule this country are "swindlers" may be frightened out of it. Those who have given any real attention to the question of immigration to Canada must be aware that from 1860 to 1867 it was very trifling indeed. As to 130,000 immigrants having remained in Canada as the *Globe* asserts, we do not believe that anything like that number have remained in the country. It is only since Confederation that the tide of emigration from the old world has been turned in this direction, or that a majority of those emigrants who have landed in Canada have taken up their abode here.

If then we take into consideration that it is only during the last four years of the past decade that there has been any considerable amount of actual settlers come to Canada; that during the previous six years, of those who landed on our soil few remained; that during those years there was a considerable exodus to the States; that there is good reason to believe that the census of 1861 was exaggerated and that therefore instead of an apparent increase of 16.9 per cent in 1871 there is in reality a much larger one, we can certainly see but little reason why we should feel disappointed or surprised at the result.

As we have before remarked it is a noteworthy fact that all the prognostications of the Grit organs in reference to the census have proved incorrect. Doubtless the *Globe* must be somewhat taken by surprise now that it finds that it has been misled as usual by its Ottawa correspondent; that Quebec instead of showing such an unexpected increase in population is far behind all the rest, and that Ontario instead of being entitled to only three additional members is entitled to no less than six. After blundering about the census as he has done, no doubt Mr. Brown considers it is about time that he mounted his high horse and gave vent to his chagrin in a long tirade of abuse against the Government. In commenting upon the census his organ fails to point out that the increase in population in Ontario during the past ten years has been considerably larger than in the prosperous States of New York and Ohio. While the whole Dominion shows an increase of population of nearly thirteen per cent, the States of Michigan, New York, Ohio, Maine, New Hampshire, and Vermont have gained in all during the ten years rather more than fifteen per cent. Such being the case, and the number of settlers in Canada during the first six or seven years of the decade having as we all know been but small, there is certainly nothing in these census returns which can be regarded as improbable or unreliable. But if the increase of population in Ontario, instead of having only equalled that of some of the most prosperous States in the Union, had been double what it has been, Mr. Brown's organ would have had to find fault; would have had to accuse his successful political rival of "fraud" and "swindling," and to indulge in language which, however well adapted to the columns of the *Rowdy Journal* immortalized by Dickens, is utterly unworthy of a man who aspires to rank as a statesman, or who desires to find a place among the ranks of respectable journalists.

FROM FORT GARRY TO OTTAWA.

John Holmes, Esq., M.P., has returned from Fort Garry and we are glad to be able to say he looks well after his visit to the young province. Mr. Holmes left Fort Garry on Friday, the 17th inst. and made the trip to Ottawa via St. Paul in eight days. The military expedition had arrived at the north west angle of the Lake of the Woods previous to his departure. Teams were sent out to bring in the troops and it was expected they would be in Fort Garry by Monday or Tuesday following. Mr. Holmes speaks in very flattering terms of the country, and promises us, later, important information and facts relative to the agricultural and other features and qualities of the province.

Particulars respecting Manitoba would in any shape be highly interesting to the public of Canada, but coming from Mr. Holmes, a gentleman whose veracity, integrity, and intelligence are so well known, and so deservedly appreciated by the sturdy yeomen of his native county, it will be read with very great interest. His judgment in agricultural matters will not be disputed by any person, and therefore his opinion respecting the soil of Manitoba must be eagerly looked for.

WINTER EVENINGS.

A few days ago we informed our readers, in speaking on the subject of winter evenings in Ottawa, that a series of monthly readings, to be held in the school room of St. Albans' Church, would be commenced on Tuesday, the 21st instant. By referring to our advertizing columns the public will learn that the first of such course of readings will be given this evening when we trust that a full attendance may be looked for. All the readings on this occasion will be given by Mr. Charles B. Brodie whose taste and elocution have been spoken of in terms of unusual compliment by gentlemen who at all events may be regarded as scholarly critics.

Several ladies and gentlemen well known in our social circles as among our most talented amateurs have kindly consented to take part in the entertainment. This is as it should be, for apart from the general interest which attaches to such festivals, it should be borne in mind that this evening is the eve of St. Agnes' Day, a day from time immemorial consecrated by the laws of harmony to a banquet of song. The advertisement will supply the rates of charge, &c.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 20.—It is reported from Liverpool this a. m, that two ships in the Mersey collided and sunk with all on board, no particulars.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 20.—The National Savings Bank, Yorkville Savings Bank and the Manhattan Savings Bank, which were reported to have failed, are officially stated to be solvent.

A special to the *Times* from Washington says that the sub-committee of the Ku-Klux investigating committee which returned here last week, found a shameful state of affairs in Georgia. Many witnesses were examined who testified to the existence of the Ku-Klux organization in every part of the state. The testimony also showed that 154 murders had been committed in Jackson County since the war. All unpunished.

The Alexis' reception to day is expected to be a grand affair. Twenty-two regiments of infantry, numbering eight or nine thousand men are to take part in the parade. On his arrival at the Clarendon Hotel, the Grand Duke will review the troops.

The weather promises to be unpleasant, it is now raining hard.

DOMINION NOTES.

The Winnipeg trappers have been baiting their traps with strychnine, and the result is that the furs taken from the animals caught soon shed their hair and are valueless.

At a convention of Reformers of North Simcoe, Mr. McKonkey, M. P. P., declined a nomination for either House. Mr. Robt. Ramsay was thereupon unanimously nominated for the Ontario Legislature, and Dr. Hamilton for the House of Commons.

The Quebec *Mercury* says:—Circulars have been issued to the Roman Catholic clergy of that diocese, asking them to favor an emigration of Lower Canadians to the Province of Manitoba.

At the Court of Queen's Bench recently held at Joliette, the Hon. Mr. Justice Monk presiding, the learned Judge was presented with a pair of white gloves, there being no cases in the docket.

The North York election case, which was on trial for two days in Markham, was closed on Friday evening. Mr. Boultbee (Ministerial) being duly elected. The charges alleged could not be substantiated. Hon. John McMurrich was the contestant.

The Guelph *Advertiser* says that whilst a party of men were engaged in raising a building near Verona, the staving gave way whilst they were putting on the plates, and the building fell to the ground with a fearful crash, killing two men instantly, and severely wounding several others.

The St. John *Telegraph* gives the following account of a fight with an eagle: A large black eagle, which measured seven feet between the tips of the wings, tempted by hunger and determined to secure a chicken, descended into the poultry yard of Mrs. Donald Campbell, of Bridgewater, East River, Pictou. Mrs. Campbell happened to be standing at the door opening towards the yard at the time, and when the great bird made an attack on her poultry, she, with true Scottish pluck, made an attack on him. After she had wafted a good sized stone with uncomfortable effect against his ruffled feathers, his eaglership turned on Mrs. Campbell, who, finding stones as she wanted them, defended herself bravely, and soon found that the king of birds was in her power. She then gave him one or two additional shots from closer quarters, and had the satisfaction of seeing him give his last kick with legs feathered to claws with which it is a wonder Mrs. Campbell's eyes were not torn out.

THE NEW YORK FAGINS.

From the New York Times.

Dickens' Fagin was not unnatural or overdrawn. Fagin played his role in the drama of life, and played it well; as a trainer of thieves he reached as near perfection as human nature can hope to attain, and dying, left his mantle behind him to be divided among those who followed closely after him in the same path. Many there are who saw in his school, its teachings and results, but the grotesque conceptions of an inventive author, and admired the skill with which Fagin and virtue were placed in the light of contrast. Few are they who realized that Dickens but dragged from its hiding place a phase of crime which even he recoiled from characterizing—a phase which all large cities develop, and one not less dangerous because it lurks far out of sight.

Even here, in our immaculate metropolis, the great author might have found the the type he selected as strongly impressed as he impressed it, and had he passed his time in New York, as he often did at home—as amateur detective—he would have lost all fear, if he ever had any, that New Yorkers, who know their city, would ever sneer at "Fagin" as the offspring of a wondrous imagination.

In that maelstrom of poverty, misery, and their attendant crime, the Five Points, not as had now as it was once, but still a sickening blot upon our fair city, there thrive the traffickers in the crime of others. These children, whose few years of life have been spent in constant contact with iniquity, until they see in it nothing but fascination, are sent out into their little world, bounded by evil-doing. The examples of those by whom they have been surrounded have strongly tinged their impressionable natures, and their ambition rises only to the emulation of those whose deeds are but of darkness, and too often they are lamentably successful. The results of their labors are Fagin's harvests; he reaps the benefits of their crime, standing by and looking on with greedy eyes while they work, chuckling while he thinks that it is for him, and when detection and punishment over take his dupes, retire within himself, congratulating himself upon his own personal safety. For, notwithstanding the rigorous laws against his trade in human souls, he is safe. Rarely indeed, is he caught, and though his class is as numerous as the falling leaves in Autumn, yet so perfect their system and so guarded their movements, that one is very seldom discovered and never punished.

The broken, untidy, reeking streets of the Five Points are graced on every hand with Fagin's "stores." The devices he uses to conceal his real business from all except the initiated do credit to an inventive power worthy of a better object. His is a narrow, dingy den, sometimes replete with every variety of cast off clothing exposed in a manner to tempt the unwary, clothing supposed to have done all the State the service that could reasonably be expected of it, renovated boots, shirts of every material and texture, hats and caps of all known shapes, ages and state of repairs. Sometimes crockery, household utensils of every nature and most all descriptions; not unfrequently he keeps a "jewellery store," diffusing pinchbeck trinkets among his vulgar neighbors. Call for whatever you will in Fagin's establishment and he will produce it, or something akin to it, and will eagerly convince you by ready arguments and solemn asserations that it is exactly what you want. A thin customer enters in search of a coat, and straightway he is incarcerated in a garment at least twice too large for him. Placed before a miniature looking glass, he is called upon to admire the perfect fit, while the "clothier" stands behind him gathering up handsfull of surplus material in the small of the back, positively assuring the purchaser that it fits like the "paper on the wall." Ask for jewellery of any kind and the jeweller has an article, "pure gold, solid." Or for crockery or hardware, and it is furnished staightway. But it is the smaller room back of the store that Fagin transacts his most profitable business. To this sanctum he only admits those who have little articles to dispose of—articles not shown until the room is reached and the heavy door locked and bolted.

Never does Fagin ask from whence they are procured. He assumes the right of ownership to be in the one who bring them to him. In the bargain, Fagin, who well knows the habits and wants of the seller, and trades more on that than the value of the goods offered, succeeds in winning his best opinion of himself, for though he gives "three times what they are worth," still he leaves a margin of three times what he gives for them. He naturally shuns a man or a strong minded woman. He is fearful of them, and though he will buy from any one if forced to it, yet his predilections run in favor of children. He will direct boys and girls in the best channels for stealing, will carefully instruct them in the best manner for conducting their operations, and if they return to him with their goodly spoil, will swindle them mercilessly in the purchase. But woe betide the unsuccessful boy or girl who brings him nothing in return for his training. He never is cruel to the luckless one. Fagin knows too much of life for that, but accomplishes with taunts and jeerings what beatings could never effect. He will lead the more diligent in the presence of the unfortunate, and, working upon the spirit of competition, actuates the one to greater exertions and the other to efforts that insure success.

CHOLERA IN NEW YORK HARBOR.

The steamship *Franklin*, one of the Baltic Lloyds' fleet, commanded by Captain Dreyer, sailed from Stettin on the 10th of October, Copenhagen on the 12th, and Christiansland on the 15th. At Christiansland she had 22 cabin passengers and 611 steerage passengers, Germans, Danes and Norwegians, a superior class of emigrants. The health of all was fully up to the standard on emigrant ships until they had been out ten days. Then a case of what was thought to be diarrhœa appeared; but it was cholera, and was followed by other cases with fearful rapidity until about 100 of the steerage passengers were affected, and 40 died before the ship reached Halifax last week, short of coal.

It was said that from this point the passengers were obliged to drink brackish water, the condensing apparatus having given out, and that this was the cause of the sickness. But this was not the case. The *Franklin* arrived at Quarantine on Saturday morning having had one more fatal case on the way from Halifax. When she was boarded it first became known that she brought cholera, and even then the extent of the horror was not known, as only fifteen persons were reported dead.

When Dr. Muther boarded the vessel he found eleven passengers in different stages of cholera. Some months ago Dr. Carnochan predicted cholera, and, to be ready for it, provided for the stationing of receiving ships at Quarantine for use in emergency. Chief Engineer Haswell, of the Quarantine department, was sent to Washington to get the vessels, and the *Delaware* and *Albany* were placed at Dr. Carnochan's disposal. They have since been fitted up. On learning the nature of the disease on the *Franklin* Dr. Carnochan ordered the transfer of the well passengers to the *Delaware*. The work was begun on Saturday afternoon, and completed yesterday.

The eleven who were sick on the arrival of the steamer were transferred to the ambulance boat, Governor Fenton, and sent to the Quarantine Hospital at West Bank, in the lower Bay. To this number were added at different stages of the transfer ten more, who showed symptoms of the disease. They were taken to the Bank yesterday afternoon.

Difficulty was experienced in getting the names of various of the sick ones, their relatives having died. In the case of the children, both father and mother had died. There also accompanied the sick, eight persons in good health, mainly women, who went to attend husbands, wives, or children who were among the sick. Of those at the West Bank hospital, Sor Neilson is in a precarious condition, and his wife and child are thought to be beyond recovery. Eight others are dangerously ill.

MURDER IN A PENITENTIARY.

One of those hideous tales of torture in a penitentiary which sometimes occur as if to prove to us that criminals are often less vicious than their keepers, comes in the Columbia, S.C., papers, in recording the death of Jefferson Brown, a convict there in the State Penitentiary. Thus the *Union* says:—"From what we have been able to learn of the testimony given at the inquest the following seems to be the facts of the case: A square box high enough for a man to stand up in, with a place above for the water to fall through, comprises the shower bath. On the sides of this box are holes, opposite each other, and at convenient distance, through which a bar is thrust to keep the man's face turned, is the bar running beneath the chin. It appears that Brown was placed in the box with his face fastened up in the manner before stated, and five or six buckets of water were let on to his face, at the end of which performance the bar broke and Brown fell in the box. Endeavors to stand him up again were fruitless, and the captain of the prison guard with other assistants, had a rope placed about the man's neck, the end of the rope passing through one of the augur holes above the man, and the men pulling on the rope while the others in front helped to raise him, when it was discovered that he was dead. Dr. Gibbes, who made a post mortem examination of the body, was of the opinion that the man died from congestion of the lungs, the effect of the showering, but was not willing, if we understand the matter rightly, to positively swear the rope had no effect in causing death."

RUSSIA AND GERMANY.

It is stated that a war may possibly break out between Germany and Russia. Although we do not ourselves see any probability of this, it is well to know what force the northern empire will have on hand in case of emergency. This organization, though by far the strongest of European armies in point of regiments, is only prospectively so in point of men. In case of war no more than 783,000 men, with 1,572 guns, could, according to present arrangements, be concentrated on the western frontier. As a considerable portion of these would be required for garrison duty and frontier service, no more than from 500,000 to 600,000 would remain available for campaign service. As Germany has a million of men at least, Austria 800,000, and Turkey 700,000, that is by no means a formidable force for so colossal an empire. The defect will, however, be remedied, and a just proportion between area and army established by the army organization sanctioned last year and now in progress. By this means the regular available army will be soon increased to 1,234,460 men, with 2,488 guns, exclusive of fortress and depot garrisons, marching detachments to relieve the active troops and the whole army of the Caucasus. The marching detachments are calculated at 255,000 men, the remainder of the army at 1,603,000 men, and the militia and reserves available in time of war would swell this force to the colossal number of 3,500,000.

THE QUEEN'S HEALTH.

The latest accounts from Balmoral state that the Queen has greatly improved in health. Three weeks ago Her Majesty went to the Glassalt Sheil for three days, and returned to Balmoral on the 28th, much refreshed and strengthened by the change of air and scene. The Queen was accompanied by the Princess Alice and Prince Leopold. On the 29th Her Majesty dined with the Royal Family downstairs for the first time since she has been at Balmoral. Her Majesty had previously attended Divine service in the Castle. On the 3rd Her Majesty held a council at Balmoral, and it is believed that the Court will leave for the south about the middle of November. Mr. Foster is the minister now in attendance upon Her Majesty. Sir William Jenner, writing in the *British Medical Journal*, gives, an unqualified contradiction to a report which has been widely circulated that the Queen's recent illness was the result of revaccination. There is, Sir William says, not a shadow of foundation for it in facts.

SERVICE TO THE CROWN.

A curious ceremony was celebrated on the 31st October, which is thus described in the London *Times*:—Yesterday the City Remembrancer, the City Solicitor and Mr. Under-Sheriff Crossley attended the office of the Queen's Remembrancer, 58 Chancery Lane, to perform certain services due from the corporation of the city of London to the crown. The ceremony consisted of proclamation being made:—'Tenants and occupiers of a piece of waste ground called "The Moors," in the county of Salop, come forth and do your service.' Mr. City Solicitor then cut one fagot in half with a hatchet and another with a bill-hook. Proclamation was next made thus:—'Tenants and occupiers of a certain tenement called "The Forge," in the parish of St. Clement Danes, in the county of Middlesex, come forth and do your service.' Mr. City Solicitor thereupon counted six horse-shoes and sixty-one nails and announced the number to the Queen's Remembrancer, who said 'Good numbers.' This ceremony, which dates many centuries back, was formerly performed in the Court of the Exchequer before the Cursitor Baron, and more recently before the Barons of the Exchequer on the occasion of the presentation of the Sheriffs of the City of London and the Sheriffs of Middlesex elect for the approval of the Crown, but it is now performed before the Queen's remembrancer, pursuant to the 43rd section of the Act 22 and 23 Victoria, cap. 21."

TRANSPLANTING TREES.

A Paris item notes as something wonderful that the Bois de Boulonge—at least the small part of it that has been destroyed, for the real damage has been greatly overrated—is to be repanted with forest trees of eighteen years growth. Nothing is more common now-a-days. The trees set on each side of the Mall in Central Park, New York city, were at least that age when they were transplanted, and other trees of even older growth have been moved from one place to another in the park. It is only a question of cost. The time has gone by when men must wait for their shade trees to grow. Equally at an end is the boast of the nobleman who viewed his ancestrial oaks with pride, and thanked heaven "that money could not make these," for the Duke of Devonshire moved several full-grown oaks from a distance to the grounds of Chatsworth, at the cost, it is said, of £1,000 a tree; and the newly-rich Birmingham and Manchester men have beautified their freshly-bought estates with trees, "regardless of cost."

NOT SO EASILY TRICKED.

The English lady who was supposed to have been duped to the extent of ten shillings by the self-appointed agent to collect moneys for the temporary relief of the Empress Eugenie, is justly indignant at the sly jokes that have been poked at her through the newspapers. The insinuation that she had made the gift without having a suspicion of the real character of Mme. D'Armanville is very forcibly dispelled in the following letter to the editor of one of the London dailies:—

"As I understand that you have considered a begging letter transaction in which I was concerned worthy of notice in your paper of Tuesday last, I venture to request you, in justice to my character for common sense, to state, in some equally conspicuous manner, that, instead of being taken in, I myself placed the case in the hands of the police, and that the money order for ten shillings was sent by me to the so-called Mme. Louise D'Armanville, at the Chief Commissioner's own request, for the express purpose of detection. It is poor encouragement for others to follow my example, if, through the careless manner in which the evidence was given by the police, I am to be held up to ridicule as a dupe."

MISPLACED MEN.

There are various popular sayings which affirm the extreme importance of distributing to every man duties according to his talents. The too's to him who can handle them, as Mr. Carlyle puts it, is undoubtedly a most respectable aphorism. Nor can it be doubted that, like most popular sayings, this contains an important, if a tolerably obvious, truth, from the neglect of which we have suffered and shall continue to suffer much. It is only too common to see edged tools entrusted to persons who only use them to cut their fingers, and we have often reason to wish ardently, but unavailingly, that men to whom the highest national interests are entrusted might find more congenial employment in lecturing to young ladies, or even, it may be, in training race-horses. These evils we may safely leave in the hands of political philosophers; nor will we encroach so much upon the moralist's province as to point out the weight of unavailing regret which often embitters the latter years of a man who has been doomed by circumstances to the waste of fine abilities. We merely undertake for the present the humbler task of pointing out that even to this rule there are some very wide exceptions. The popular theory seems to be that every man comes into the world, not exactly bridled and saddled, or with whips and spurs, but ticketed with a label indicating his proper position in life. One man is destined by nature to be a squire, another to be a lawyer, and a third to be a parson; and if we had learnt to decipher the rather illegible handwriting, it would be our duty to distribute the parts accordingly, and to enable every man to follow his bent. We should then have a perfect division of labor, and save the fearful waste of good brains which ensues under existing arrangements.

Thus, to take a common case, the dislike which is naturally felt for one particular misapplication of the raw material of humanity is indicated by the term "sea lawyer." The simple naval mind has an inexpressible aversion for the lad whom Providence had destined to be a small attorney, and whom fate or family interest has unfortunately sent to sea. We may admit that such a person is exquisitely disagreeable; and in other walks of life a similar transformation is far from uncommon. The legal habit of mind in its worse or its better forms is widely distributed amongst other professions. Everybody, for example, knows clergymen who show in every action of their lives that they ought to have worn a wig instead of mounting a pulpit. If they take to theology, they delight in the more dry and technical dogmas; but, as a rule, they devote themselves to studying those questions which lie on the borderland between theology and legal or political discussions. One of the most brilliant of many such persons was, for example, Sydney Smith. The one blemish in his character was that he had unfortunately undertaken duties which were obviously distasteful to him. He was an admirable pamphleteer, a charming companion, and a man of the most fresh and healthy nature. His keen common sense and delightful humor would have qualified him to make an excellent Attorney General under a Whig administration. He was an advocate to the backbone, and would have fought the battles of his party with a combination of good temper and vigor that would have been inestimable to his friends. Unluckily he was trammelled by his gown. He was utterly defective in that spiritual sense which a clergyman is especially bound to possess. His judgements of religious questions are distinguished by a perfectly curious absence of any perception of the issues really involved. In such matters he was as a deaf man pronouncing upon music. His one distinctive peculiarity was a hearty contempt for enthusiasm, whether manifesting itself in the shape of Methodism or of its antithesis. All enthusiasm produces certain symptoms which shock a quick sense of humor, and he could not understand that what was superficially ridiculous might be due to an underlying current of the strongest feeling. From all which it is generally inferred that a good lawyer or political partisan was spoilt, and a very indifferent clergyman made, when Sydney Smith was ordained. And yet it is impossible to read the proceedings of any clerical assemblage without wishing that a little more of the Sydney Smith element was present. The weakest point of the clerical mind is in its tendency to neglect altogether those common-sense considerations for which he had a special capacity. Men, we are frequently reminded, have sou's as well as stomachs; but it is sometimes to retort that they have stomachs as well as souls. A clergy composed of Sydney Smiths would undoubtedly be a body of men utterly incapable of appealing to the loftiest emotions of their congregations. But a clergy from which the Sydney Smiths were entirely excluded would be a body of fanatics who would speedily develop the worst peculiarities of sacerdotalism. They would scorn political economy, repudiate common sense, and widen the gap between themselves and the secular part of mankind, until their rule would become intolerable. It has, in fact, been a distinguished merit of the Church of England that it has included within its clergy at all times so many able men who have been in thorough sympathy with the tendencies prevalent amongst the laity. Its clergy, that is, have not been rigidly drawn from persons of the true sacerdotal type; or, in other words, they have been frequently composed of men who, on a strict interpretation of the rule we are considering, would be distinctly in the wrong place. The vagaries to which their position inevitably inclines them have, therefore, been checked from within, instead of from without; and no unprejudiced person can doubt that a great increase of stability has been the result. If it were desired to ruin the church as speedily as possible, the best plan would be to exclude from its service all young men who had not a marked natural fitness for the clerical profession, and then carefully to seclude the remainder from the influences of the outside world. A due sprinkling of men who retain a large admixture of other tastes beneath their surplices is the best possible guarantee for preserving the due harmony between priests and their flocks.

LOUIS NAPOLEON.

Louis Napoleon is spoken of by the *Saturday Review* in the following terms:

Two pretenders, so to say, to authority in France have lately addressed the French people. An ex-Emperor has talked to a correspondent of the *Times*; an ex-Dictator has written a letter to a cohvenient friend. Napoleon III. is chiefly anxious to convince the world that the Bonapartists are not conspiring. Why should they? he says in effect. "It is only parties who feel themselves in the minority who have recourse to occult practices." This reasoning is perhaps more conclusive to the Emperor Napoleon's own mind than it will be to the minds of his followers. He has told everybody so often that he is the elect of eight millions, that he has possibly come to believe it himself. If so, it is not much credit to him that he "preserves the sentiment of his dignity, the conviction of his rights, and casts away from him the low intrigues which degrade those who have recourse to them." If the great majority of Frenchmen are Bonapartists, the restoration of the dynasty is only a question of time. But the Imperialists may not be so sanguine on this point as the ex-Experor. Many of them have been concerned in managing the plebiscites on which the Empire rested, and, instead of arguing that they cannot have recourse to occult practices, because they do not feel themselves to be in a minority, they may be disposed to say, We did have recourse to occult practices, and consequently we must be in a minority. It is not at all improbable that Napoleon III is only in part made acquainted with what is going on under the same roof with him. He has no longer the strength of body and the versatility of character which go to make an active conspirator. The best thing he can do is to furnish his associates a presentable *raison d'etre* for their plot. It might be embarrassing to have to tell the public that the real object of their endeavors to set France by the ears is the refilling of their own pockets. Loyalty to a dethroned sovereign is too respectable a sentiment not to be worth counterfeiting. The reputation of the ex-Emperor will be best consulted by his disassociating himself from all overt schemes for recovering his Crown; and as his reputation may be useful to his followers hereafter, they and he have a common interest in arrauging that any "occult practices" to which it may be necessary to resort shall be carefully kept from his knowledge.

THE NEW ARMY WARRANT.

The text of the new army warrant has been published in full in the London journals. It is too long for us to reproduce, but we shall endeavour to give the prominent points. A commission as sub-lieutenant may be given to a successful candidate at a competitive examination held for this purpose; a student from the principal universities who has passed "responsons" at Oxford or a corresponding test at the other institutions; Queen's cadets, Indian cadets, and pages of honour, and non-commissioned officers recommended for promotion. They must serve for twelve months, and then go through a professional examination. A lieutenant of militia may be transferred to the army undercertain conditions. For promotion to lieutenant one years' service will be required; to captain two years; and major six years. Vacancies from death, becoming supernumerary, being promoted to another regiment or corps, or to the rank of major-general, shall be filled by seniority; from other causes by selection. Lieutenants must pass their examination for captain within five years of joining their corps, or they will be removed. Majors or lieutenant-colonels are to be appointed for five years: if not re appointed, they shall be put on half pay. The foregoing clauses do not apply to the Royal Artillery or the Royal Engineers. Exchanges between officers of the same rank are permitted. Supernumerary officers may be retained in certain cases. Mr. Cardwell published also several explanatory notes, defining the warrant.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

'Trocuses,' so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

REGENT HOUSE.

New Millinery.

New Costumes.

New Mantles.

New Shawls.

New Fancy Dress Goods.

New Costume Cloth.

New Satines all colours.

New French Merinos.

New Velveteens.

New Hosiery.

New Fancy Woollen Goods.

New Clouds.

Will open to-day one case VELVET RIBBONS black and coloured in all widths.

REGENT HOUSE,
30, Sparks street.

SINCLAIR, STIFT & CO.
Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1871. 180ly

Jouvin Double Button Kid Gloves.
Extra Quality in Black and all Colours.

Just Received—another lot of the
75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES,
SPLENDID VALUE—GREAT DEMAND.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1871.

A FAVORABLE NOTORIETY—The good reputation of Brown's Bronchial Troches for the relief of coughs, colds, and throat diseases, has been them a favorable notoriety.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil, the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully thismorning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

(*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

THE SUPERIORESS

OF THE

Roman Catholic General Hospital

gratefully acknowledges the receipt of Ten Dollars from

Mr. G. H. Preston & Son

in behalf of the establishment

General Hospital, Nov 18, 1871 1825 1

GOWAN'S HALL.

Mr. C. B. BRODIE will read selections from standard authors in the above Hall on

MONDAY EVENING, 27th NOV.

Messrs F F GOURDEAU, N W McLEAN and J A CLAYTON have kindly consented to sing during the evening

Doors open at 7:30 o'clock
Overture from "Fra Diavolo," by Gowan's Band, at 8 o'clock.

Single Ticket.....50cts
Ticket to admit Lady and Gentlemen..75

Ottawa, Nov 21, 1871 1825td

ST. ALBAN'S MONTHLY READINGS.

The first of a series of six monthly

READINGS

will be given in the basement of St. Alban's Church on

THIS (TUESDAY) EVENING,

commencing at 8 o'clock.

The Readings on this occasion will be by Mr. CHARLES B BRODIE, and the Musical selections by leading Amateurs of the city.

The Committee of Management is composed of the following gentlemen:

Rev T Bedford Johnson, L L D; Lt-Col Coffin; E A Meredith, L L D; Mr Fennings Taylor; Mr Grant Powell; Mr Robert Sinclair; Mr N W McLean—from whom Season Tickets of Admission can be procured at the following rates

LOCAL NEWS

To be Resumed.—The Christ Church and Chapel readings are to be revived shortly we understand.

He is Dead.—Paul Leblac, who escaped from the Lower Town small-pox hospital on Wednesday night, last *did* die the next morning, notwithstanding the contradiction by a contemporary.

St. Patrick's Readings.—The readings will be resumed in St. Patrick's Hall on Thursday evening next. The programme will be an excellent one, and we hope to see a good attendance on the opening night.

Police Court.—Monday.—One Burns, charged with being drunk on the public streets, was dismissed.

One Alexander, charged with removing sand from Corporation property, was fined $1 and costs.

Houses for Sale by Auction.—To-day at 12.30 Mr. Bermingham will sell four horses at his sale rooms, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, and previous to the sale of the Hudson Bay robes. The horses are fit for farm, shanty and family uses, and will be sold without reserve.—See advertisement.

Hudson Bay Robes by Auction.—This sale will come off to-day at one o'clock, at Mr. Bermingham's rooms, Elgin street. This is the first sale of Hudson Bay robes here by auction, and all should profit by it. The inducements to the trade are commendable and should secure a large attendance of city and country buyers. All purchasers will be accommodated, as they will be sold in lots of one dozen, or one hundred, as may be required. This sale should be patronized extensively, so as to secure one yearly.

Explosion.—A destructive explosion of gas took place about 11 o'clock yesterday in the British Lion Hotel. A strong smell of gas was experienced in the bar room during the morning, and it being finally supposed that gas was escaping in the cellar, the bar tender lit a candle and proceeded to make an investigation. The moment he opened the cellar door, however, a fearful explosion took place. Two gentlemen who were standing in the bar at the time witnessed the effects of the explosion, and miraculously escaped injury. The bar room floor was almost completely torn up, a 600 pound stove being hoisted nearly to the ceiling. The glass in the windows was shattered, and the plaster knocked from the wall and ceiling. In fact it made a woeful wreck of everything about the room while it did more or less damage to the whole ground flat of the house. The bar tender who very unwisely ventured down the cellar with the light had his face pretty severely burned, but the wonder is that he was not seriously, if not fatally injured. The escape of the gas was, we believe, due to carelessness.

Patrick and Science.—A few days ago an Irishman's inordinate curiosity drew him into the premises of Gowan & Son's store Sparks street, to see the magnificent paintings, &c. He went about from painting to painting and from place to place seemingly wonderfully pleased with all he saw, a few sketches of old Ireland in particular producing an affectionate grin of sentimental pleasure on his rough countenance. Approaching the stove however a "heat figure" or "grinder," supported on a wire projecting from the stove pipe caught his eye. The "grinder" pegged away incessantly with remarkable energy. Paddy looked at it, and looked at it again and again, from every side. He made the circuit of the stove four or five times, but failing to solve the mystery he drew up and gazed at the indefatigable "grinder" in mute astonishment. Patrick at an end, but he was determined not to leave the store until he should learn the secret of the "grinder's" perpetual motion. He finally accosted Mr Gowan who undertook to explain to him that it was the action of the ascending caloric on the circular fan that produced the motion. Paddy began to "gird up his loins" and asking his obliging instructor if he saw any "green in his eye" told him he had better not try to fool him with his garn about *perpetuum mobile*. Surrounded by paintings and mirrors Mr. Gowan did not consider it prudent to attempt persuasion when incredulity was so strongly opposed. Paddy in the meantime kept casting his eyes about inspecting every crevice in the stove and every joint of the pipes. At length his countenance flashed bright, his optics opened out benignantly, he drew a long breath and pointing to a quantity of wire used to secure the pipes he exclaimed: "Ah! you thought you'd fool me; them is the things that drive the affair, ha! ha! ha!" and he made his exit in self accorded triumph.

Money to Lend.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

CITY COUNCIL.

At a regular meeting of the City Council last evening there were present His Worship the Mayor; Alds. Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, Woolburn, Rowe, Featherston, McDougall, Kehoe, Heney, Martineau, Mosgrove, Taillon, and Lapierre.

Several petitions and communications were received and referred to the several Boards.

A communication from the Department of Justice respecting the removal sand and gravel from Ordnance lands on South East of Canal Basin and intimating that steps would be taken to recover damages was referred to the Board of Works.

His Worship the Mayor had made enquiry of the City Engineer who said no gravel had been removed from the Government property.

Ald. Featherston said the Corporation had not taken one load of earth from Government property for every five hundred given to the Government by the Corporation.

A petition for the opening of Bridge street, and one against the laying of the branch of the St. L. & O. Railway on Broad street were referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Mosgrove desired to hear his Worship's opinion with respect to the laying of the track on Broad Street, but His Worship declined to give any explanations.

A petition signed by the Bishops of Ottawa and Ontario, and about 500 citizens against the erection of a small pox hospital on Cathcart Street, was referred on motion of Ald. Featherston to the Board Health.

Ald. Featherson expressed the opinion that no danger would arise from the erection of an hospital on Cathcart Street. He did not think there was any necessity for removing it outside the city. The transporting of small pox patients three or four miles over rough roads would likely tend to aggravate their illness and much more to the spread of the infection than if the hospital were conveniently situated in the City. Hospitals in England for patients of infectious diseases were not three or four miles outside the city limits; on the contrary, one was close to Buckingham Palace, and the finest in London was just across the Thames from the Parliament Buildings, and yet neither the Queen nor the Commoners were afraid of infection. The ratepayers who signed the petition had cases of small-pox on every side of them throughout Lower Town and yet they did not seem to dread them. All that was necessary was that the hospital should be isolated from other houses and that it be properly conducted.

Ald. Taillon spoke in support of the petition.

Ald. Cunningham followed in approval of Ald. Featherston's remarks, and thought it would be extremely cruel to take poor sick creatures in a van out to a clapboard hospital in the country of a cold frosty night.

After remarks by a few other gentlemen, on motion of Ald. Martineau Dr. Van Cortlandt was requested to give his opinion in the matter, viz: whether an hospital placed within the city limits would be a source of danger and contagion.

Dr. Van Cortlandt thought that if the Hospital were properly isolated and well fenced in there could be no danger dreaded. A positive and absolute quarantine should exist in every Hospital. He thought the Nuns' property on Sandy Hill near the Rideau River was the most eligible site in the city for the proposed hospital. The fence was already built. The Protestant hospital occupied a similar site, and it was a very good one.

Ald. Featherston, after repeated endeavors, failed to get a direct answer from the Doctor as to whether the site on Cathcart street was objectionable.

The 21st report of the Board of Works was received and adopted.

In answer to a question by Ald. Cunningham, Ald. Featherston said he did not know much about Broad street. He believed it was only 33 feet in width, whereas it should be 66 feet. The street should be made 60 feet wide, to do which parallel property will have to be purchased from the owners. Until the road was widened he did not think it would be proper to allow the St. L. & O. Railroad to lay their branch track on it.

The 3rd report of the Board of Health was read. It recommended certain sanitary steps, the appointment of a health officer, and a public vaccinator for each ward.

On motion of Ald. Martineau, the clause referring to the appointment of a health officer was struck out.

The 2nd report of the Market Committee was received and adopted.

On motion of Ald. Lapierre the Finance Committee were instructed to raise money by borrowing or by mortgaging the fees of the market to cover the expense of the by Ward market extension.

A by-law to prevent the conveyance of patients of infectious or contagious diseases in regularly licensed vehicles was introduced and read a first, second and third time and passed.

On motion of Ald. Featherston, the City Solicitor was instructed to obtain authority from the Lieut. Governor for the city to raise $50,000 for the construction of bridges.

A motion by Ald. Lapierre asking for liberty to introduce an Act empowering the Corporation to plant any streets they may desire with shade trees if the residents neglect to do so, in such a case taxing the latter for the expense, was carried.

The city clerk was authorized to give notice that application will be made at the next session of the Legislature for an amendment to the Street Railway charter.

Ald. Mosgrove moved, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the City Clerk be instructed to prepare return of the expense of printing for each year during the last seven years and to whom paid.—Carried.

Ald. Mosgrove moved, that the Act for the construction of Water Works be received, and that 100 copies be printed and that the Council meet again on Tuesday to consider it.—Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

Every one says he or she never sprains? Have neither rheumatism nor any form? Have you stiff joints, aching backs, have you rheumatic pains? If so, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is sure to relieve, it is the best pain killer in the world.

MONTREAL.

QUEBEC FUR DEPOT.

The subscriber has the honor of informing the Public that he will open in this city a

FUR DEPOT

containing a large and varied assortment of Furs, which he will sell at prices that defy competition.

The shop will be temporarily opened in the long Mr. Skead's building, corner of George and Sussex streets, known as the George street Bar room, but will be removed in the month of January by the magnificent block of the Union Bank, now in course of construction.

The undersigned specially invites the public to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is persuaded that they will find his goods of first class quality and exceedingly low in price.

Weekly importations will be added to his stock in order to accommodate the tastes of his customers.

Particular attention will be paid to the delivery of Goods bought of him.

He will manufacture and repair all articles in his line of business quickly and at small charges.

For further particulars see posters and circulars.

OLIVER COTE,
Hatter and Furrier,
Sign of "General Wolfe,"

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871. 1820d2m 2a wk

1,000 AGENTS WANTED TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

A full account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and colored to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His Church being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the burned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to their relief by the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that entER largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ontario.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents.

Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871. 1820tf

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,

(lately occupied by D Whelan)

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

EXTENSIVE

AUCTION SALE

OF

Farm Stock, Farming Implements, &c.

W H. FALLS

begs to announce to the public that he has been favored with instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late WILLIAM CRAHAM, Gloucester,

ON MONDAY, the 27th INSTANT,

the whole of the Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., &c., comprising—4 Span of Horses, one Mare and Foal by the celebrated Horse "Sunshine," 13 splendid Milch Cows, 2 Thorough Bred Bulls, and 14 head of choice bred young Cattle.

Farming Implements, consisting of Reaper and Mower, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Horse Rake, Waggons, Carts, Sleighs, Cutters, Buggies, several sets of single and Double light and Heavy Harness, together with Lumbering Appliances, Farming Utensils, &c., &c. Also,

60 Tons of Prime Hay,

a large quantity of Potatoes, Turnips, &c. About

300 Cords of splendid dry Cordwood

The whole to be sold without reserve.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a.m. Terms—Cash.

Further particulars will be given in catalogues obtainable upon the premises, at J. Graham's, Albion Hotel; W. Champness', British Lion; F. Champness', St. Lawrence, W. Graham's City Hotel; R Elliott's Commercial Hotel, Ottawa; A. Graham, Billings' Bridge; and of the Auctioneer at his Auction and Commission Rooms, No. 43, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871 1823td

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

FARM STOCK

UTENSILS, AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I B TACKABERRY has been instructed by the Widow of the late Donald Robertson to sell at her residence, West Half Lot No. 14, on the Rideau River, Gore of Gloucester, on

Thursday, 23rd November.

at 10 o'clock, a.m., the following Goods, viz: Two spans well matched Horses, several sets of Double and Single Harness, one Buggy and Cutter, Waggon and Hay Carts, several good Ploughs and Harrows, covered Market Waggon, Double and Single Sleighs, good Mower and Reaper, also Four excellent Milch Cows, a large Bolting Grind Stones, Axes and Saws, all the Hay and Straw on the Farm, together with a quantity of Cordwood.

The Household Furniture consists of Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Hair and Straw Mattrasses, Parlor Stove and other Stoves and Stovepipes, Cooking Stove and Utensils for Baking in Kitchen, all the Dairy Utensils that are required for a large Dairy, and all the Utensils usual in a well regulated Farm.

Will be offered for sale at the same time,

200 ACRES OF BUSH LAND,

being Lot No 16, in the 7th Concession, Township of Gloucester, (Ottawa Front) 8 miles from the city and two miles from Bayswater, which said lot will be divided, if required by purchasers.

TERMS—Cash.

I B TACKABERRY,
Auctioneer.

N. B.—Six months' credit will be given by furnishing approved Joint Notes.

Gloucester, Nov. 11, 1871 1818td

FURNITURE,

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

The largest and best selected stock of all kinds of House-hold Furniture in central Canada can now be found at Rowe & Annable's Warehouse, No. 5 Rideau street. Parlor Suits in green, drab, and maroon colours, Bedroom Sets with marble tops in black walnut beautifully carved, marble top Sideboard with elaborate game carvings, marble top Bureaus with glass; Centre Tables, Bookcases, &c. Hair Cloth Furniture in great variety, Cane Work in Dining Room and other chairs, a new style of chairs called the Rush Seat, the only place they can be got in Canada, and an endless variety of common furniture cheap. Remember the place.

ROWE & ANNABLE,
No. 5, Rideau street

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871. 1820tf

Sealed Tenders, addressed to the undersigned, and endorsed, "Tender for Removal of Snow," will be received at this office until Monday next, the 20th inst., at noon, for the removal of the Snow, &c., from the Roofs of all Buildings, Outbuildings, Walks, Avenues or Roads, &c., at Rideau Hall.

Specifications can be seen at this office, where other information can also be had.

The signatures of two solvent and responsible persons, willing to become sureties for the due fulfilment of the contract, must be attached to each tender.

The Department will not be bound to accept the lowest or any tender.

By Order,

F BRAUN,
Secretary.

Department of Public Works,
Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871. 1819 3

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co's, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815tf

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WEST END EATING HOUSE,

WELLINGTON STREET,

James H. Dunlop.

Meals at all hours. 18 21 a

OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY Co.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A.D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SURTEES,
Secretary.

Office of O C P R R Co,
New Edinburgh, Nov. 11, 1871. 1823 2awtd

MACDONALDS' AUCTION ROOMS.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son,

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to.

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneers and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, 36, York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819 4m

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENEY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A. D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company

Z WILSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w39 3

OTTAWA & MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the Stock Holders of the above named Company will be held at the ALBION HOTEL, on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, on

Monday, the Eleventh Day of Dec., A. D. 1871.

at half past Two of the Clock in the afternoon, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w 39 3

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOKS!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

TO BUILDERS.

Separate Tenders are invited for the various works required to be done in the erection of a RESIDENCE and SALOON Excavations' Masons' and Bricklayers' Work, Carpenters and Joiners' Work Plastering, Painting and Glazing. Plans, Specifications, and Conditions may be seen on application to Robert Gilpin, Little Sussex street, until FRIDAY, the 24th instant. The lowest or any tender not necessarily accepted.

WM HODGSON,
Architect.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1810 5

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,

TULIPS, LILLIES,

SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,

GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Haarle. Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

THE SEASON COMMENCED

BULK OYSTERS.

Just Received H. M. ROWE'S celebrated

BULK AND CAN

OYSTERS,

$1.80.....PER GALLON,

AT

The Italian Warehouse.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO FORONTO, AND MONTREAL.

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Express leaves Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 3:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6:30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9:20 A.M., every morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. y

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X, XX, XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAW

Between Howell and Finlay & Draper

E J DUBIN, Manufacturer

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8.15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5.30 a.m, 8:10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1791 y

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS,

" " PILLOW COTTONS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

L. A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*

" " *Evening Mail.*

" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*

" " *Minerve,* Montreal.

" " *Semaine Agricole.*

" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. H. JOHNSON,
Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds

Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Vests
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A O'HAINE, Orleans P. O, Ontario.

November 14, 1871 1826d1w

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SPRINGS.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 1670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore [illegible].

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, true Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles ..$1 00
Pills per Box.... 25

PULMONARY BALSAM
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 45 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
VEGETABLE — CONSUMPTION
PRICE 25 CTS. A BOTTLE. Sold by the Druggists
FOR COUGHS, COLDS &

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 8, 1871 1597tf

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY
553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY OF NOVEMBER, A.D 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa,

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa

Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, October 27, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to MRS. R. STEWART, Willbrod-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 29, 1871 1805 2

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.

"EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.

"SAMUEL J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cataleptic, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Rapbey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq, Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON, Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co. Omaha, Neb.

E. E. FOSTER & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE ON ARRIVAL A.M.	DUE ON ARRIVAL A.M.	DUE ON ARRIVAL P.M.
.....	12:00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	8.00	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	16.30	.....	.....
9.00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9.00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	10.00	.....	.....
9.30	.....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9.30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	8.00	.....	.....
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9.30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
For Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

MESSRS. BATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J D. Lewis, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET.

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS, PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and tock it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN, Episcopal Methodist Minister.

FOR ONE READING, OR TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged;

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Incumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 24
Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

OTTAWA BRASS FOUNDRY,

THEODORE FRIEDRICH,

BRASSFOUNDER, PLUMBER, GAS-FITTER, &c.,

RIDEAU-ST., OTTAWA.

Manufacturer and Dealer in

STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

The Trade supplied at Montreal prices

Mr. F. calls particular attention to his Outside WELL PUMPS (new construction), warranted not to freeze or to go out of order, and will lift Water any height.

Ottawa, May 5, 1871 1658 2m

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th Inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1726tf

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE AND TEETH ACHE. BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS. PARTS OF THE WORLD. PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c, &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

HARDWARE! HARDWARE

HARDWARE!!!

SCYTHES, SCYTHES, SCYTHES

And other Harvesting Implements.

AT THE SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau street.

All round ready for use.

Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel.
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
Do do, Red Rover solid Steel.
Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
Do do, King of the Field.
Scythe Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs, Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding stones, weighing from 30 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

Together with every article that is to be found in a well stocked Retail Store. Also, Paints, Glass, Putty, &c., &c.

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24 Rideau street, Sign of the Anvil.

Ottawa, June 26, 1871 d&w

DR. ROBERTS CELEBRATED OINTMENT, CALLED "THE POOR MANS FRIEND," is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS, confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by BEACH & HARNICOTT, Bridport, Dorset, England, and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

Law.

GRACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 268y

O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. B. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. 425m

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4ott JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st, opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 4by

E. A. HARA, Architect. Office—Armstrong's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 905y

MOSGROVE & TALLON, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 364tf GEORGE TALLON

TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Maltech, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 138ly

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist.

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1826. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 22 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

RAILWAY.

E OF TRAINS.

n of Speed.

ow Running on al Trains.

Next, 5th JUNE, Montreal as under

nd Inter-

..... 6.00 a.m
..... 9.00 a.m
at..... 9.00 p.m
at.....11.00 a.m
Brock-
..... 5.00 p.m
Island
tations, at 7.00
where du
..... 8.30 a.m
nd, Port-
..... 2.00 p.m
nd Pond,
.....10.30 p.m
attached to the Montreal and Riviere —From Montreal mi Saturdays re- oup on Mondays,

RYDGES, Managing Director. 1490tf

next, the 1st o run the Pullman on Montreal and ficent coaches will press train leaving run through be om and Sleeping attached to each to Montreal arrangements will the 1st of June, o ven RDGES, ging Director. 1657tf

WLING ALLEY

TTAWA.

CAMERON has establishment free prepared to re- rade. Their table best of Eatables best quality. premises. N & CAMERON 1683 3m

AY.

celebrated waters, summer retreat ome at DU REP

otel has been en- red, and is now the Every attend- tors, and no pains n comfortable

BERGER, Proprietor. 1680tf

HOUSE

OF

RENCES-ST.,

A.

pecially announce the travelling pub opened the above hing no expense said hopes by a ordered establish with the best the Bar with the best that constituted with ead him to hope for e specially solicits the Ottawa Valley

FFRI, minion House rand River Hotel 1665 6m

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HOSE,

HER, &c., &c.,

made in the Pro

s, on application

GLAREN, st, James-st., Montreal, Q. 1613y

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and the United arks, Industrial rs, &c., register- es of Laws, Cir- ree on applica- copied. States Patents everal valuable

RSOLLES, 1524tf

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BLISHMENT

ENTRAL

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and will be by

, Proprietor

et, Ottawa.

AWA.

Proprietor.

Sale, Whole

CCASINS

E.

REDUCED

1740tf

ublished by AND PUB- Office, Lot Street, (late entre Town, Managing

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be had down here from the Distillery under five years.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, C. E.

Has for TWENTY YEARS past been the FAVORITE RESORT of the commercial travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged at present. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

MELLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Plus,
Cotton Hosiery
Dark Prints,
1 Bales Grey Cottons,
" Fortnis (expect
1 case Laces,
" Bonnet Border
4 " Trimmed Hats
" Horrocks's Shirtings
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
" Union Tweeds
" Homespuns,
" Satinets,
30 M BRICKS Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the newest goods made or imported to Canada. J. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and I sell with prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

HATS HATS!

HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN, Esq., or to

HAMNETT P HILL, Solicitor, Post Office Block.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

WAYS ON HAND

It is a established fact you want any first-class WINES or WINES, and the best GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Sellin Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

"Best Toilet," London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMer ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a.m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4:30 p.m., arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Kardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
otal,	11,100

Apply to

P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon

Or

H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCASSINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

88 SNY SIMEON LEBEAU Agent.

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Fingland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS,

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of Household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov 10, 1871 1817m1

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years" Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this."

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S N. THOMAS, Phelps, N Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont, Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE — *Eclectric* — Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m. connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and Intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m. for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Alison Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and Intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1804 tf

THE OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY.

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of A M Cartier & Fontinville, Advocates, in No 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD, Secretary O V & M R R.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816oew

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ½ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to

DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817dela&wtm

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK, Royal Insurance Company.

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1821 3

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau
Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling sappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy
Montreal, Oct. 26, 1871 1800y.

OAKEY'S SMITHS SOAP NON MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS MANUFACTURERS OF EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER &c. WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS 172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....	Saturday.	7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN.	"	14th "	"
HIBERNIAN.....	"	21st "	"
MORAVIAN.....	"	28th "	"
SARMATIAN.....	"	4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about.....	12th	Oct.
OTTAWA "	19th	"
ST. DAVID "	26th	"
ST. ANDREW "	2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO., Agents 8 Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES .....J James, do.
NIGER.....W Nisbett, do.
SEVERN .....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN ...	"	19th "
MEDWAY ..	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES...	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 yer year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $5 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE, Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By-Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered and privileged and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts; and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Plants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

FOR COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The Examination of candidates for Public School Teachers (2nd and 3rd class) will be held in the Central School West, Ottawa, commencing on MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER, at 2 p.m. The examination for First Class candidates will be held in the same place on TUESDAY, 26th DECEMBER, commencing at 9 a.m. Candidates must send to the Inspector as soon as possible certificates of good moral character, and inform him of the grade of certificate now held, and the grade of that for which they are making application.

JOHN McMILLAN, B. A.
Secretary Examining Board

Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871 1821wky3

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards.....	$ 38,000
Arch Covering.....	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps.....	16,000
Pumping Plant extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

CARD OF THANKS.

Messrs. KEARNS & RYAN beg to tender their thanks to the Queen Insurance Co. for their promptitude in settling up with them, and also to their Agents here in Ottawa Messrs. O'Connor and Waller, for their just and gentlemanly conduct throughout.

KEARNS & RYAN.

Ottawa, Oct. 9, 1871 1789 6

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 93 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

'Troches,' so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

A FAVORABLE NOTORIETY—The good reputation of Brown's Bronchial Troches for the relief of coughs, colds, and throat diseases, has even them a favorable notoriety.

We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "staring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders given to such stock occasionally during the winter would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

BREAKFAST.—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—"By a very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, "By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the digestion of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. d1509 1y

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

New Crop Teas—Hardy and Bros.
By-law No. 311.
Wanted—F. M. A.
Moulders Wanted—Flett, Miller & Scott.
Public Meetings—Francis Jones.
Sale of City Property—A Rowe.

The Ottawa Times.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

We have now direct telegraphic communication with Fort Garry. A despatch from Lt. Governor Archibald, and His Excellency's reply, will be found in another column.

In another column will be found the Census returns in full.

Lt. Colonel French arrived in town yesterday from Kingston.

Mr. Jones, M. P., for Leeds and Grenville, was in town yesterday.

Judgment in the Toronto election case has been postponed until Saturday next.

As will be seen by reference to our advertising columns Mr. Jones, M. P. for Leeds and Grenville is about to hold a series of meetings among his constituents.

A strange fatality has lately attended upon almost every statement made by the Toronto *Globe*, and especially upon those furnished by its Ottawa correspondent. They are invariably the exact opposite of the truth. All its prognostications in reference to the census proved incorrect, while just as soon as the correspondent in question had intimated that the North West expeditionary force were blocked up in the ice, we had the pleasure of announcing the safe arrival of the troops at Fort Garry.

Elsewhere we gladly give room to Mr. Holmes's communication, and knowing Mr. Holmes as an intelligent gentlemen of good sound judgement in agricultural matters, we look upon the information given in his communication about Manitoba as exceedingly valuable and reliable, and especially to person intending to emigrate westward, his candid, simple statement of facts must be very encouraging. As he states, Mr. Holmes travelled over the whole Province, and therefore whatever he says relative to the country is the result of personal experience. He gives nothing from hearsay.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* telegraphs to that paper that "there are said to be serious disagreements among the Superintendents of the Census; that these men begin to throw the blame on each other;" and that in the "Census Bureau the Quebec Census is admitted to be incorrect." We have the best reason to believe that this precise allegation is without a shadow of foundation. There is no disagreement among the Census Superintendents; they are not blaming each other; the Quebec Census is not admitted to be incorrect, but on the contrary everybody connected with the Census, and who knows the care with which it was taken, and has been compiled, has the greatest confidence in its accuracy, and believes that it will remain a statistical monument and credit to all concerned, long after petty attacks upon it are forgotten.

THE TREATY AND THE PREMIER.

At the dinner lately given to the new Minister of Agriculture at Sherbrooke, Sir Francis Hincks made some remarks in reference to the Treaty of Washington and to the Premier's position in connection therewith, which were very much to the point, and cannot be too widely made known. We know that Sir John Macdonald has been attacked and abused in the most disgraceful manner by his political enemies in relation to the Treaty. In the first place his position on the Commission has been misrepresented. He has been blamed for accepting a place upon the Commission; and, more than all has he been villified for having affixed his signature to the Treaty. Sir John Macdonald, as the Finance Minister stated, was asked by cable telegram to accept a place upon the Commission, and it became necessary for him to accept or refuse the honour at once. It is easy enough to imagine the motives which actuated him in acceding to Her Majesty's desire. Supposing all the British Commissioners to be Imperial statesmen, men who, however true to their Queen and to the Empire, have comparatively little sympathy with Canada, and whose paramount object must have been to arrange matters in such a way as should render peace secure between the Empire and the Republic, there would have been no one there to represent the interests of Canada or to say one word in our behalf. Does any one suppose that under such circumstances we should have been allowed to decide with regard to the fishery question, or that our right of ownership to the fisheries would have been admitted as it now has been and as it never was before? Thus in consenting to become one of Her Majesty's Commissioners, Sir John Macdonald did what was best for Canada and was most likely to promote its interests. Of course the position could not have been accepted conditionally. He could not have said "promise that the treaty shall in every respect be exactly what I and the people of Canada desire it to be, and then I will accept the post." Having consented to become a Commissioner in order that some one who was familiar with Canadian affairs and was deeply interested in the welfare of this country should be on the Commission, Sir John Macdonald was placed on exactly the same footing as his colleagues and was responsible to the Imperial Government and was bound to act in accordance with their instructions. Under such circumstances it is no small honor to Sir John Macdonald, that matters were so arranged, that while in other respects the Treaty of Washington became a fixed fact, those clauses of it which more directly affect the interests of Canada can only come into effect after their ratification by the Canadian Parliament. Briefly summed up, the Premier's position with regard to the Treaty is, that after having loyally done his duty both to Canada and the Imperial Government as a member of the High Commission, he is still free to act in reference to the Fishery clauses in such a manner as may seem most likely to promote the interests of the country at large, and this privilege is enjoyed by every other Canadian. His enemies may attack and abuse him, may call him a "traitor" and shoot the arrows of their petty malignity against him; but among all the many and great services which Sir John Macdonald has rendered to this country, there is none which in after years will be more gratefully remembered, none which will more highly redound to his credit as a patriot and statesman, than the position which from first to last he has occupied in reference to the Treaty of Washington.

THE NORTH WEST EXPEDITION.

We have very much pleasure in announcing the arrival of the North West expeditionary force at Fort Garry on Saturday last. We received a telegram yesterday morning announcing the fact, together with other important intelligence connected with the affairs of Manitoba. It is certainly most gratifying to find that the force traversed the distance between Thunder Bay and Fort Garry in twenty-three days, and that they did this in the face of many difficulties and impediments. The fact speaks volumes in favor of the efficiency of our Militia Department, and bears testimony also to the "pluck" and good discipline of the men composing the force. The Government have been charged with not having done anything to improve the means of communication between Ontario and the North West. If they have not done something, how is it that the force under command of Major Scott traversed the same distance in twenty-three days, which Colonel Wolseley's command was more than ninety days in accomplishing. The route has been made available, thanks to Mr. Dawson's industry and energy, and in spite of the attacks made on him by the Grits.

THE NORTH WEST.

To the Editor of the OTTAWA TIMES,

SIR.—As stated in your issue of this morning, I have arrived here from Fort Garry after an unprecedentedly short trip of eight days, having left the capital of the new Province on the 17th inst. In compliance with my promise and for the benefit of my constituents and the public generally I give you briefly the result of my experience in Manitoba. I was three months in the Province and during that time travelled over nearly its whole extent which by the way was not a very difficult feat to accomplish.

Leaving Pembina I went to Lake Winnepeg and from thence to Lake Manitoba, making it my special business on the way to study the climate and to obtain a knowledge of the capabilities of the soil, in order that on my return to Carleton I might be in a position to answer honestly and intelligently any questions respecting the Province, and might be able to inform my friends of the Ottawa Valley, and more particularly those whom I have the honor to represent in the Dominion Parliament, whether or not it is advisable or wise for any of them if disposed to migrate to go to Manitoba; whether it is a country where a full and adequate reward is received for labor, and whether there they could make a happy, plentiful and prosperous livelihood.

I reached Manitoba on the 17th of August after a journey of sixteen days from Ottawa. Around Winnepeg I saw fields of grain which could not be surpassed in any respect by the best crops in any part of Ontario, the wheat, oats, barley, and peas being perfectly luxuriant. The root crops were equally good, potatoes, turnips and carrots were excellent, and the grasses, natural and cultivated, as fine as could be seen any where in Canada. The luxuriant growth was not peculiar to any one place, but wherever I went the same rich and abundant growth met my view, and yet the system of cultivation could in no way compare with ours in Canada. Cultivation, draining and manuring were almost unknown and apparently unnecessary as the rich ground yielded abundantly without any such process. Harvesting commenced about the same time as in Carleton or rather a little earlier. Spring wheat is put in at the end of April or the first week in May. I did not see any fall wheat, but some Canadian farmers whom I met, said they intended to sow this fall and felt satisfied they would reap a good crop in due time.

In conclusion, I have no hesitation in recommending Manitoba as an agricultural country, and to any of my friends who may desire to emigrate Westward, I should say go to Manitoba.

Yours, Respectfully,
JOHN HOLMES.

THE BATTLE OF SEDAN.

The description of this famous victory was some time ago translated into Sanscrit by a German lieutenant of hussars, who in private life occupied the position of a teacher of that language. The account having reached India has been published, with comments, in the "Nur-ul-Absar," or "Light of the Eyes"—a Sanscrit journal. The editor of that newspaper, in his remarks on the German victories, insinuates that they were the result of the cunning with which the German warriors, being well acquainted with the Eastern tongues, had made use of the magic formulas found in the fourth book of the "Vedas," and represents King William as seated in the centre of the battle field, with a lotus flower in his hand, and calmly awaiting of the fight. The editor, however, seems to sympathize with the French, and recommends the generals of that nation to study the English language, and thereby obtain from the "Purans" and "Sutras" more potent spells than those employed by the Germans. A Calcutta paper sarcastically remarks that the study of an essay on artillery practice would prove efficacious.

The *Opinion Publique* says that, according to American official tables, the number of French Canadians who emigrated to the United States during the year ended 10th June, 1871 was 26,766.

Have you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is a specific remedy, and is also the best pain killer in the world.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

THE NORTH WEST EXPEDITION.

ARRIVAL OF THE TROOPS AT FORT GARRY.

ONLY 26 DAYS FROM COLLINGWOOD.

NOT A SINGLE ACCIDENT ON THE WAY.

THE TELEGRAPH OPEN TO FORT GARRY.

(*Special to the Times.*)

FORT GARRY, Nov. 20.—

The troops arrived here on Saturday morning all well and in good spirits. Not a single accident of any kind occurred on the way. They were enthusiastically recieved by the people.

The General Court adjourned until to-day. Witnesses who were at St. Paul are expected here to-day to go before the grand jury respecting the indictment against the three French half breeds who were engaged in the late raid, and who are now in prison here.

COPIES OF DESPATCH

Received from LT. GOV. ARCHIBALD TO LORD LISGAR *on the opening of telegraphic communication with Fort Garry, and of* LORD LISGAR'S *reply.*

FORT GARRY, Nov. 20th, 1871.

THE RIGHT HON. LORD LISGAR,
Governor General of Canada,
Ottawa.

The first telegraphic message from the heart of the continent may appropriately convey on the part of the people an expression of devout thankfulness to almighty God for the close of our isolation from the rest of the world. This message announces that close as its receipt by Your Excellency will attest, the voice of Manitoba uttered this morning on the banks of the Assiniboine will be heard in a few hours on the bank of the Ottawa, and we may hope before the day closes that the words of Your Excellency's reply spoken at the capital of the Dominion will be listened to at Fort Garry. We may now count in hours that which used to occupy weeks. I congratulate Your Excellency on the facility so offered to the discharge of your high duties so far as they concern this Province, I know I can better discharge my own when at any moment I may appeal to your Lordship for advice and assistance.

(Signature,)
ADAM G. ARCHIBALD.

LORD LISGAR'S REPLY.

OTTAWA, Nov. 20th, 1871.

LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR ARCHIBALD,
Winnipeg, Manitoba.

I received your message with great satisfaction. The completion of the telegraphic line to Fort Garry is an auspicious event. It forms a fresh and most important link between the Eastern Provinces and the North West, and is a happy augury for the future, inasmuch as it gives proof of the energy with which the Union, wisely effected, of Her Majesty's North American possessions enables progress and civilization to be advanced in different and far distant portions of the Dominion.

I congratulate the inhabitants of Manitoba on the event and join heartily in your thanksgiving.

(Signature,)
LISGAR.

MONTREAL.

Montreal, Nov. 21.

Dixon, the incendiary, has arrived from Toronto in custody of Constable Lamontagne, and was remanded this afternoon for further examination.

The annual type setting match in connection with the printer's festival commenced this morning at 11 o'clock in St. Patrick's Hall, and lasted two hours, the prize being, a silver composing stick. The following are the names of the competitors and the number of ems set by each at the first match:—J. Berthiaume *Minerve*, 2,784; A. Mondou, do. 2,781; M. Corcoran, *News*, 2,759; Humphries, *Gazette*, 2,716; Wilson, do. 2,445; Ratelle, *Minerve*, 2,617. The prize was awarded to Berthiaume. The ball takes place to-night, and a number of the craft will be present.

The expropriation laws have been lately strained to such an alarming extent for individual purposes that a petition is being largely signed to the Quebec Legislature to abate the grievance; also that a Bill granting the Roman Catholic Fabrique of Montreal the right to expropriate property from certain persons in the vicinity of Cote de Neiges cemetery be not passed, as it gives powers dangerous to public welfare.

Edward Beaupre fell into the dry dock, old canal, this morning, sustaining fatal injuries.

Movements were initiated to-day for subscriptions to the famine sufferers in Thiras, Persia. Ministers of several denominations in the city have agreed to commence the work among their congregations forthwith.

William Bartlett, aged 15, employed in the Grand Trunk works, got entangled in a locomotive this morning when the train was in motion, and had his right leg crushed to pieces with other injuries.

The twentieth anniversary meeting of the Young Men's Christian Association was held to-night, and was well attended. The report showed the prosperous state of the institution, and successful efforts made in pushing forward the new building.

A Quebec telegram to-night says that the Allans have sold their steamers to the Grand Trunk, and that Sir Allan offers to build the Pacific Railroad. The former part of the report is alleged here to be incorrect.

It is raining heavily.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 21st.—The report of the sinking of two vessels in the Mersey with all on board is confirmed. The vessels are identified as the bark *Mary Baker*, of Boston, bound from Liverpool for Bermuda, and the British ship *Arrow*, from Sierra Leon for Liverpool.

Count Von Beust, the newly appointed ambassador of Austria to Court of St. James, is expected to arrive this week.

The bark *Charles Aberdeen* is reported wrecked and six of the crew drowned.

The ship *Hepsiback* is ashore on the Isle of Wight.

It is reported that the bark. *Guiseppe* was wrecked in the Gulf of Otranto.

A telegram from Hong Kong says that the ship *Yang Tseers*, Capt. Smith, from Foo Chow, for New York, was lost on a reef near Paracels Island, in the Chinese sea. The Captain and four of the crew were drowned.

The *Court Circular* in the evening papers announces the sudden indisposition of the Prince of Wales.

LIVERPOOL, Nov. 21.—There was an explosion of gas on the steamship *Samara* last night. Several persons were slightly injured but little damage done.

The *Gazette* this evening announces the transfer of Donohoe from the British consulate at New Orleans to that of Baltimore, and the appointment of Mr. Foublanque, British Consul at New Orleans.

Magistrates at Torquay have refused bail in the case of John Gribble, who publicly accused the Queen of intoxication.

It is said the Dublin Jury who acquitted Kelly intend to prosecute the London *Times* for libel.

A special despatch from Versailles says a commission for the abrogation of the *Alabama* claims will assemble at Geneva on 12th of December, and that sittings will continue all winter. About 500 cases will be presented to the consideration of the commission.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—The Government has resolved to support the motion for the return of the seat of Government to Paris at the next session of the Assembly.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 21st.—In Parliament today on the second reading of the Navy Estimates Bill, Minister Von Roon, declared that it was the purpose of the Imperial Government to establish a naval power only second in rank. The Bill provides that the pay of officers in the navy be raised 16 per cent.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Nov. 21.—The change in the Ministry of the Empire, and the failure of Baron Von Keller-perg, renders necessary the reorganization of the Council of Ministers for Austria proper. It is probable that Prince Adelpha Auresperg will now be called to form a new Cisleithan Cabinet.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 21.—The session of the Cortes is prorogued until February, 1872, until which time it is probable that the present Ministry will continue in office. In the meantime the decision of many important questions now pending is postponed until the reassemblage of the Cortes. It is announced that among other measures the Government has resolved to defer the imposition of the tax of 15 per cent. on the interest of Spanish bonds until it has been approved by the Cortes.

MADRID, Nov. 21.—Senor DeBlas has been nominated to the Ministry of Foreign affairs. The Government of Havana has been superseded.

ITALY.

Rome, Nov. 21st.—The King of Italy and the President of the Senate, Signor Deferreri are expected to arrive in the city to-day.

Emanuel made his entry into Rome today. He was met at the gates by Prince Humbert, Minister of the Crown, and a large body of the National Guard of the city. The populace filled the streets in immense numbers, and greeted the King with enthusiasm during his progress to the Quirinal, where he has taken up his residence.

DENMARK.

COPENHAGEN, Nov. 21st.—The King of Denmark has gone to Greece to visit his son King George.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—At 11:45 the Russian Minister and suite arrived on board the *Mary Powell*, when the moorings were cut loose and the steamer started. On arriving near the *Scotland* the Grand Duke entered his boat and was rowed to the *Mary Powell*, and came on board, the band playing the Russian National hymn. The Grand Duke was received with enthusiastic cheers. Gen. Dix welcomed him in a brief address in the name of the citizens of New York to the United States. He said, it is great gratification to us to see within our harbor the gallant squadron which has brought you to our shores. It is a still greater gratification to us to receive among us one of the Imperial family of Russia, whose illustrious chief has done so much for the cause of civilization, and in whose hands the possession of power has, under the guidance of Providence, been devoted to the noblest of uses—the social and especial elevation of those who come within the sphere of its exercise. The long and uninterrupted friendly relations which have existed between Russia and the United States have naturally created a strong sympathy on our part in all that concerns her welfare, and has caused us to regard with deep interest her steady but slow progress East ward, shedding at every advance the lights of Christianity and civilization over the regions which have been buried for ages in comparative darkness. Your Imperial Highness will no doubt find much in our country which is novel to a European and which will be remembered as a source of useful suggestion in political societies, and in the names of the citizens on whose behalf I speak I tender you a sincere welcome.

The Grand Duke replied:

GENERAL DIX, LADIES, AND GENTLEMEN,

I beg to express my warmest thanks for the manner in which I have been received. The feeling which exists between Russia and the United States is as strong as it is lasting, and nothing can disturb it. I shall pass rapidly through New York to pay my respects to the President, whose high character is greatly appreciated everywhere; but on my return I shall have pleasure in accepting your hospitality so kindly extended to me.

At the close of the above reply the members of the Committee and their ladies were severally presented to the Grand Duke. The Admiral and officers of the Russian flagship accompanied the Duke on board the *Mary Powell* in which they then proceeded to Pier No 1, North River, where the illustrious guests disembarked and proceeded to the Clarendon Hotel in carriages provided specially for the occasion. On landing the Grand Duke received an enthusiastic ovation. The National Guard assembled there presented a most imposing appearance. The line of march was formed shortly after the Prince's landing. A detachment of police headed the line of march and was followed in succession by various regiments of the National Guard to the number of about 7,000 men. To-morrow the Duke will go to Washington to pay his respects to the President.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—The bark *D. C. Murray*, from Honolulu, brings another instalment of the crews of the whaling vessels wrecked this season. The United States steamer *Pensacola* will sail next week for Honolulu to relieve the shipwrecked steamers of the Arctic fleet, over seven hundred of whom have been assisted by the American Consul.

The Grand Jury of Los Angelos County have found a number of indictments against persons charged with participating in the butchery of the Chinese in the late riots in the town of Los Angelos. Most of the accused, not already in jail, have fled from the county.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 21.—The first of three match games of billiards of 500 points for $500 a game was played last night between Joseph Dion and Henry Miller. Dion gives Miller 150 points on the games. One hundred innings were played, which resulted, Dion, 500; Miller, 479.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—The human remains found last evening in the basement of the *Tribune* building have been identified as the body of J. B. Stubbs, reporter on the *Tribune*.

The Investigation Management by C. C. P. Holden, of the relief funds has developed the fact that he turned over to the Treasurer all money in his hands when received. This fully exonerates him from the charge of misappropriation.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21st.—The ninth regiment band serenaded the Grand Duke tonight at the Clarendon Hotel. Over 5,000 persons assembled. Alexis attended by his suite presented himself on the balcony, and was enthusiastically received.

A great number of the small lakes in the counties north of Ottawa are frozen over, and the wild ducks have left them.

Canada Census, 1871.

POPULATION BY CENSUS DISTRICTS.

STATEMENT OF THE POPULATION BY CENSUS DISTRICTS IN THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO.

Census Districts.	
Essex	32,697
Kent	26 836
Bothwell	20,701
Lambton	31,994
West Elgin	12 796
East Elgin	20,870
West Middlesex	20,195
North Middlesex	21,519
East Middlesex	25,055
London	15,826
South Norfolk	18,370
North Norfolk	18,393
South Oxford	23,678
North Oxford	24,559
South Brant	20,766
North Brant	11,493
Haldimand	29,091
Monck	15,130
Welland	20,573
Niagara	3,693
Lincoln	20,673
South Wentworth	14,638
North Wentworth	16,245
Hamilton	26,716
South Huron	27,149
North Huron	29,016
South Bruce	31,332
North Bruce	17,183
South Perth	21,145
North Perth	25,377
South Waterloo	20,995
North Waterloo	19,256
South Wellington	14,347
Centre Wellington	24,459
North Wellington	24,484
South Grey	29,366
North Grey	30,029
Halton	22,606
Peel	16,369
Cardwell	16,500
South Simcoe	23,671
North Simcoe	33,719
North York	24,262
West York	16,250
East York	19,360
West Toronto	31,223
East Toronto	24,869
South Ontario	19,923
North Ontario	28,967
West Durham	18,316
East Durham	19,066
South Victoria	19,244
North Victoria	10,956
West Northumberland	17,328
East Northumberland	21,757
West Peterborough	11,789
East Peterborough	14,633
North Peterborough	4,073
Prince Edward	20,336
West Hastings	14,365
East Hastings	17,392
North Hastings	16,607
Lennox	16,396
Addington	21,312
Frontenac	16,310
Kingston	12,407
South Leeds	20,716
Brockville	10,475
South Grenville	13,197
North Leeds and Grenville	18,530
Dundas	18,777
Stormont	11,873
Cornwall	7,114
Glengarry	20,524
Prescott	17,647
Russell	18,344
Ottawa City	21,545
Carleton (Ontario)	21,739
South Lanark	19,190
North Lanark	13,830
South Renfrew	14,099
North Renfrew	13,875
South Nipissing	943
North Nipissing	843
Muskoka	5,400
Parry Sound	1,519
Manitoulin	2,011
East Algoma	977
Centre Algoma	2,177
West Algoma	1,853

CENSUS DISTRICTS IN THE PROVINCE OF QUEBEC.

Census Districts.	
South Pontiac	14,572
North Pontiac	1,219
West Ottawa	23,794
Centre Ottawa	5,244
East Ottawa	9,559
Argenteuil	12,806
Two Mountains	15,615
Laval	9,472
Terrebonne	19,591
L'Assomption	15,473
Montcalm	12,742
Joliette	23,075
Berthier	19,804
Montreal Centre	5,264
Montreal East	46,291
Montreal West	55,670
Hochelaga	25,640
Jaques Cartier	11,179
Vaudreuil	11,003
Soulanges	10,808
Beauharnois	14,757
Chateauguay	16,166
West Huntingdon	8,834
East Huntingdon	7,470
Laprairie	11,861
Napierville	11,688
Saint John's	12,122
Chambly	10,498
Vercheres	12,717
Richelieu	20,048
Saint Hyacinthe	18,310
Bagot	19,491
Rouville	17,634
Iberville	15,431
Missisquoi	16,922
Brome	13,757
Sherford	19,077
Maskinonge	15,079
South St. Maurice	10,658
North St. Maurice	466
Three Rivers	8,414
South Champlain	13,885
North Champlain	8,167
Yamaska	16,317
Nicolet	23,262
Drummond	14,281
Arthabaska	17,611
Richmond	11,214
Wolfe	8,823
Sherbrooke	8,516
Stanstead	13,138
Compton	13,665
Portneuf	22,569
Quebec County	19,607
West Quebec	13,206
Centre Quebec	18,188
East Quebec	28,305
Montmorency	12,085
Charlevoix	15,611
Chicoutimi	17,493
Saguenay	1,788
Labrador	3,699
Levis Town	13,021
Levis County	11,810
Lotbinere	20,606
Megantic	18,879
West Beauce	10,260
East Beauce	16,993
West Dorchester	9,564
East Dorchester	7,215
North Bellechasse	12,117
South Bellechasse	5,520
Montmagny	13,555
L'Islet	13,517
Kamouska	21,254
Temiscouta	22,491
West Rimouski	14,460
East Rimouski	12,958
Bonaventure	15,923
West Gaspe	2,983
Centre Gaspe	5,278
South Gaspe	7,296
Magdalen Islands	3,172

CENSUS DISTRICTS IN THE PROVINCE OF NEW BRUNSWICK.

St. John, N. B.	52,303
Charlotte	25,871
Kings, N. B.	24,593
Queen's, N. B.	13,847
Sunbury	5,824
York, N. B.	27,140
Carleton, N. B.	19,938
Victoria, N. B.	11,641
Restigouche	5,575
Gloucester	15,810
Northumberland, N. B.	20 116
Kent, N. B.	19,101
Westmoreland	29,335
Albert	10,672

CENSUS DISTRICTS IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Hants	21,802
King's, N. S.	21,509
Annapolis	18,121
Digby	17,037
Yarmouth	18,550
Shelburne	12,417

CENSUS DISTRICTS IN THE PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

Queen's	10,554
Lunenburg	23,834
West Halifax	37,008
East Halifax	19,955
Cumberland	23,518
Colchester	23,331
Pictou	32,114
Antigonish	16,512
Guysborough	16,555
Inverness	23,415
Victoria, (Nova Scotia)	11,346
Cape Breton	26,454
Richmond, (Nova Scotia)	14,268

THE APPROACH OF WINTER.

BY THE LOWE FARMER.

For THE TIMES.

The *avant-garde* of Winter comes amain
From the bleak realms o'er which the ice king reigns;
Their icy fetters bind the spreading plain,
On river's marge are laid their icy chains.

They bring the north winds' fierce resistless might,
And shimmering snow-flakes, hurtling on the gale;
Nature succumbs, and flies th' unequal fight,
And hides, forlorn, beneath her silv'ry veil.

Taught in thy school, mysterious Nature, they,
The summer birds, more prescient than men,
Have taken wing, and now are far away:—
The bear, forewarned, seeks out his winter den.

How desolate!—No flower dares lift its head,
The busy hum of insect life is gone;
The spectral trees have all their glories shed,
And hearts are chilled, and rural mirth has flown.

E'en thou, bright orb, that rules the sparkling day,
Feels the benumbing power: wan, pale, and dun,
Through leaden skies, comes down thy slanting ray;
Through murky clouds thy short'ning course is run.

But Nature is not dead! in gentle sleep,
Unheeding winter's storms and freezing grasp,
She lies; soon into life once more to leap,
Strike the dread victor down, and all his chains unclasp.

Remorseless Winter! mighty as thou art,
Thy turn will come ere long: bright flowers of Spring
Shall smile upon thy tomb, and, with blithe heart,
Sweet summer birds thy welcome requiem sing.

Loud praise to Him who bade the seasons be,
That 'tis not Winter all: a brighter time
Wakes up the fields and groves; and Man, for thee,
Spring blooms eternal in another clime.

DOMINION NOTES.

The Government engineer has reported that the draining of the swamps in Drummond, County Lanark, (20,000) is practible.

A locomotive to Port Perry reached that village on Thursday week, securing now, beyond peradventure, the line of the Whitby and Port Perry Railway to the latter place.

The Bruce *Reporter* says that on last Tuesday morning, at 9 o'clock, Kenneth McAulay and Smith, in returning from the Fishing Islands, left Southampton in a fishing boat, for their home at Bayfield. Yesterday morning their boat was found drifted ashore a few rods below the south pier of this harbor, right side up, and containing a trunk with a quantity of fishing tackle, and half of a fish. There is every reason to fear that these unfortunate men have perished in the storm. Mr. Kenneth McAulay was half brother to Mr. John McLean, carpenter, of this town.

The Hamilton *Times* of the 15th says:—The *City of Montreal*, Captain Macaulay, owned by Mr. James McKay, of this city, arrived with a general cargo at this port yesterday afternoon from Montreal. While unloading last night an accident occurred by which the mate of the vessel received severe injuries, and several of the hands narrowly escaped death. It seems that Mr. McKay has suffered considerable inconvenience during the season owing to the inefficiency of the crane, which broke last night when a crate of crockery was being hoisted, with the result stated. Under the treatment of Dr. O'Reilly the injured man is in a fair way to recover.

We understand that the Royal Canadian Bank intend immediately to open an agency in Belleville, arrangements having been made for the renting of suitable buildings for the purpose.

The opening of new railways is bringing increased business to Halifax, and the papers are calling for additional hotel accommodation to meet the expected large demand next summer.

Mr. Jones, M.P. for North Leeds, has issued a handbill announcing that he will publicly address his constituents on political and other questions in the month of December.

The brigantine *Empress* arrived at Halifax from St. John's, Newfoundland, in sixty hours, the shortest passage made by any sailing vessel, and beating the steamer *City of Halifax* three hours.

The tenders for 6,000 cords of wood for the Canadian Navigation Company for the season of 1872, are to be given in before the 20th inst. The wood is to consist of hard maple, birch, beach, hickory and iron wood.

The Quebec *Gazette* says that on Saturday morning last, a little girl named Louisa Maud, daughter of Mr. P. O'Regan, St. John street, agent for Molson's Montreal Ales, put her hand as far as the elbow into a pail of hot water which had been prepared to wash the kitchen floor. The shock which she received so prostrated her that she died at five o'clock this morning. She was nine months and four days old, and was a fine promising child.

The Kincardine *Review* says that on Friday last Mr. John Elliott, a resident of Huron Township, heard his dog making more noise than common in the bush a few yards from his house. When he went to where the dog was he saw from the manner in which he was mangled that he had fought a hard battle. Looking up into a tree close by he observed a large fierce looking animal. He immediately proceeded to the house, took up his gun and shot it. The animal proved to be a wild cat weighing 25 lbs.

Bufford still boasts of being the fastest place on record. There lives and loves a gay old Lothario whose hair is white as the driven snow, with the frost of nearly four score winters; his hat has been adorned for nearly three months with a badge in honor and remembrance of his third partner, and yet his breast burns with youthful fires. East week he waited on the father of a damsel of the mature age of fifteen years (the girl is fifteen, the father more) and proposed matrimony. The father urged the incompatability of 'May and December,' but the aged wooer would brook no restraint. The mother favored the love-sick swain, the Church and Minister opposed (for the old boy has been a deacon for forty years) the neighborhood howled, and so the matter rests at present; when the denoument comes our readers shall know.

REGENT HOUSE.

New Millinery.

New Costumes.

New Mantles.

New Shawls.

New Fancy Dress Goods.

New Costume Cloth.

New Satines all colours.

New French Merinos.

New Velveteens.

New Hosiery.

New Fancy Woollen Goods.

New Clouds.

Jouvin Double Button Kid Gloves.
Extra Quality in Black and all Colours.

75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES,
SPLENDID VALUE—GREAT DEMAND.

Just Received—another lot of the

Will open to-day one case VELVET RIBBONS black and coloured in all widths.

REGENT HOUSE.
30, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Nov. 18. 1871. SINCLAIR, STITT & CO. 1801y

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer, &c.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

Improved City Property.

The Subscriber has been instructed to sell by Public Auction on the ground on

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1871,

that valuable Brick House and Lot situated on the corner of Bank and Albert streets, being Lot No. 36, Albert street, south. The Lot will be divided and sold in two separate equal parts, 49½ feet on Bank street by 66 feet deep. The corner Lot with Brick House two stories high, with Brick Kitchen. The house is well finished and in good repair. There is an excellent well of water in the yard on the south half. There is a Foundation and a quantity of Building Material on the lot that will go with it. This is a valuable property, being a corner lot; and title first class, being the Sparks Estate.

Sale at 12, noon.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Nov 22, 1871 1826td

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Mr. Francis Jones, M.P.,

will be happy to meet his friends and the generally, at the following times and places, for the discussion of Political and other subjects, viz.:

Heckston, Monday, Dec 4, at 6 o'clock p.m.
Oxford Mills, Tuesday, Dec 5 at 6 o'clock, p.m.
Patterson's Corners, Wednesday, Dec 6, at 6 o'clock p m.
Bishop's Mills, Thursday, Dec 7, at 6 o'clock p m.
Easton's Corners, Friday, Dec 8, at 6 o'clock p m.
Toledo, Saturday, Dec 9, at 3 o'clock p m.
Frankville, Saturday, Dec 9 at 6 o'clock pm.
Lake Eloida, Monday, Dec 11, at 6 o'clock p m.
Lambard's Corners, Tuesday, December 12 at 6 o'clock p m.
Merrickville, Wednesday, Dec 13, at 6 o'clock p m.
Burritt's Rapids, Thursday Dec 14, at 6 o'clock p m.

Opposing Candidates, if any, Requested to Attend

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.
November 14, 1871 1826 3 39 3

GOWAN'S HALL.

Mr. C B. BRODIE will read selections from standard Authors in the above Hall on

MONDAY EVENING, 27th NOV.

Messrs F P GOURDEAU, N W McLEAN, and J A CLAYTON have kindly consented to sing during the evening.

Doors open at 7:30 o'clock
Overture from "Fra Diavolo," by Gowan's Band, at 8 o'clock.

Single Ticket.....50cts
Ticket to admit Lady and Gentlemen..75
Ottawa, Nov 21, 1871 1825td

WANTED,

MOULDERS accustomed to Machinery work To good hands constant employment and highest wages given.

FLETT, MILLER & SCOTT.
Almonte, Nov. 20 1871 1826 2

WANTED,

By a young man who has two or three hours to spare in the evening, some literary or book work, either at or from home. Address F. M A., Postoffice, Ottawa. 1826 3

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.
Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w39 3

JUST ARRIVED,

New Crop Teas!

New Crop Teas!

—AT—

HARDY & BROS.,

238 WELLINGTON STREET.

It is fast becoming an established fact that the

TEAS

sold at HARDY & BROS. are the best anywhere to be had in the city, and having now added to our formerly large assortment of well selected Fall Stock of the

CHOICEST PICKINGS

in the market, we

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. Birmingham's sale of buffalo robes yesterday was well attended.

Mr. Ross has removed his popular tobacco shop to the Rajotte Block.

Sudden Death.—A man named James Connors died suddenly on Monday evening, it is believed of heart disease.

St. Andrew's Day.—The St. Andrew's Society are making energetic preparations for the concert on the eve of St. Andrew's day.

T. A. Rowe will sell by auction on Tuesday, 5th December, a valuable brick house and lot, &c., on Albert street.—See advertisement.

Ottawa Field Battery.—The members of the Ottawa Field Battery will receive their ration money at the drill shed this evening.

County Court.—A man was charged yesterday by Judge Armstrong with building a house on the concession line between the Canada Central Railway and the macadamized road. Mr. Lapiere appeared for the defence. Mr. O'Gara who presided adjourned the case until Saturday in order to give the offender time to remove the obstruction.

Police Court.—Tuesday.—In a case of drunkenness the offender was fined $2 and costs.

Thomas Alexander, for removing sand from Corporation property, was fined $1 and costs.

A man from Montreal charged with larceny pleaded guilty and was sentenced to two months' imprisonment.

Grand Social.—It was our agreeable duty to attend a very pleasant gathering last evening in Gowan's Hall under the auspices of the Ottawa No. 1 Fire Company. Between sixty and seventy Firemen with their wives and sweethearts met together for the purpose of having a hearty dance, and if we may be allowed to judge, a right jolly time they had of it. Dancing commenced about nine o'clock to the inspiring strains of Gowan's Band and was continued until shortly after eleven, when the Company adjourned to another apartment where a splendid repast awaited them served up by Mrs. Proderick. After supper dancing was resumed and kept up till an early hour. Captain McCaffrey, assisted by Messrs. Devlin and Donoghue, did their utmost to make everything agreeable, and we must say that the affair was a decided success.

At a large meeting representing the Congregations of Christ's Church, Bishop's Chapel and St. Alban's Church, held in Gowan's Hall, on Monday evening last, for the purpose of organizing the readings for this winter,

On motion of Rev. Mr. Lauder, seconded by Rev. Mr. Pollard, the chair was taken by A. C. Kelty, Esq., Mr. John Hodgins was appointed Secretary, and W. Wright, Treasurer.

On motion of Wm. Spragge, Esq., seconded by Chs. Magee, Esq., it was resolved that the readings be resumed for the benefit of the Church of England poor, and that Friday be the night of meeting, at Gowan's Hall, and also that the following gentlemen be appointed a committee of management, viz.: Messrs. Tilton, Dr. Hill, Spragge, Colonel Wily, George May, McGarity, McGee, Walsh, Fennings, Taylor, Kelty, White, Cambie, Horace Wickstead, Whitcher, Neil McLean, Adamson, and that the clergy of the three churches be "ex officio" members of the above committee.

The committee held a meeting the same evening when John Tilton, Esq., was unanimously appointed chairman, and it was agreed to commence the readings on Friday, the 1st of December. The opening night admission ten cents.

A musical committee was appointed composed of the Rev. Dr. Jones, Dr Hill, Messrs. Tilton, Spragge, McLean, R Sinclair and Alfred Todd.

St. Alban's Readings.—The entertainment last evening in the basement of St Alban's Church, consisting of readings and singing, was superior to anything of the kind we have had the pleasure of attending for some time in Ottawa. The Chair was taken at 8 o'clock by the Hon. Mr. Tupper, who opened the proceedings by a few amusing remarks and a complimentary reference to Mr Brodie. There was a very good audience present, ladies being vastly in the majority. The price of admission was 25 cts., and we feel satisfied that no person who had the good fortune to be among the audience last evening would hesitate to give double that amount for the pleasure of another such entertainment. We will not undertake to criticise Mr. Brodie's reading. We will, however, say that as an elocutionist he is very successful, and all who have heard him must say the same. He read tragic, sentimental and comic selections, and in all three his rendering was very good. His articulation is clear, his voice moderately sonorous, and the expression of his countenance always governed by the nature or spirit of the subject he is reading. He is exceedingly interesting throughout, and the attention of the audience is constantly rivetted. In the comic he is exceedingly comical and last evening he did full justice to "A True Story" by Hood. He was loudly applauded at each reading. Mr. Brodie will give a reading in Gowan's Hall on Monday evening next, and we have no doubt the hall will be crowded on the occasion.

The singing by the ladies and gentlemen formed a very pleasant portion of the evening's programme. Miss Lilly Coffin sang very prettily and was encored.

The following was the programme:—

PART I.

1.—Solo—Piano.
2.—Reading—"The Dream."—Byron. Mr. Chas. B. Brodie.
3.—Glee—"Hait for the Bugle-sound." Bishop.
4.—Reading.—"The death of Little Nell."—Dickens. Mr. Chas. B. Brodie.
5.—Song—"The Haunted stream," Mrs. Patterson.
6.—Reading.—"A True Story."—Hood. Mr. Chas. B. Brodie

PART II.

1.—Song.—"The Moon has raised her lamp above."—Lily of Killarney. Mr. N. W. McLean.
2.—Reading—"Scene from Henry VIII." Shakspeare. Mr. Chas. B. Brodie.
3.—Song.—"The Swallow."—Ciro Pinsuti.—Miss Lily Coffin.
4.—Reading.—Selection from "The Lady of the Lake."—Scott. Mr. Chas. B. Brodie.
5.—Quartette—"Sweet is the hour of rest."—Mercadante.
God Save the Queen.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

There was an average attendance on the market yesterday. Prices are as follows:

Hogs, per 100 lbs. dressed weight, $6.75 to $7.50.
Beef cattle, $5.50 to $6.50 per 100 lb. dressed weight.
Sheep, $4 to $5each.
Lambs, $3 to $3.50.
Young pigs, 75c to $1 do.
Fowls, 40c to 50c per couple.
Chickens, 22c to 35c do.
Wild ducks, 50c to 70c.
Partridge, 50c do.
Turkeys, 60c to $1 each.
Geese, 45c to 60c each.
Ducks, 50c to 70c per couple.
Feathers, 25c to 50c per lb.
Print do 18c to 22c do.
Roll do, 17c do.
Cheese, 12c to 14c do.
Skim Milk Cheese, 7c do.
Tallow, 10c do.
Honey, 12c to 15c do.
Beeswax, 25c to 30c do
Swedish Turnips, 25c.
Onions, $1 to $1.25 do.
Celery, 40c to 60c per doz.
Melons, 10c to 40c each.
Watermelons, 10c to 30c.
Squash, 5c to 10c do.
Pumpkins, 5c to 10c.
Cabbages, 5c to 10c.
Eggs 20c to 22c per dozen.
Cauliflowers 5c to 10c do.
Cranberries, 60c per gal.
Apples, 60c to $1 per bush.
Apples per barrel. $3 to $3.75.
Grapes, 12½c per lb
Home spun yarn, 70c to 80c per lb.
Home made woollen socks, 30c per pair.

Pork.
Mess Pork, $15 50 to 16 00 per barrel.
Farmers' mess, $15 50 do
Prime mess none.
Hams smoked, $14.50 per 100 lbs.
Bacon do $10.50 do
Bacon dry salted, $9 do

Flour—Retail prices.
Double extra, $7.25 per barrel.
Extra, $7 do
No. 1. $6.50 to 6.75 do
Oatmeal, $6 25 to 6.50 do
Cornmeal, $3.25 to 3.50 do
Cracked wheat, $7 do
Wheat meal, $6.75 do
Provender, $1.40 per 100 lbs.
Cracked corn, $1.60 do
Bran, 80cts.
Hay, $13 to 16 per ton.
Oat straw, $7 to 9 per ton.
Rye straw, $6.

Grain.
Buckwheat, 50 to 55cts per bushel.
Oats, 30c to 35c do
Peas, 60c to 65c do
Beans, $1 35 to 1 40 do
Fall wheat, new, $1 40 to 1 45 do
Spring wheat, $1 25 to 1 30 do

Hides and Leather.
No. 1, Sole, 26cts per lb.
No. 2 do 23cts do
Slaughter, 27cts do
Harness leather, 33cts do
Upper do 42cts do
English kipp, 60cts do
French do 80cts do
Common do 55cts do
Canadian calf 70cts do
French do $1.25 do
Splits, 37cts do
Enamelled cow, 21cts do
Patent do 21cts do
Cod oil, 60cts per gallon.
Calf skins, do 10cts per lb.
Sheep pelts, $1.50 each.
Hides, No. 1, $9 per 100 lbs.
Hemlock bark, $4 per cord.

The following are the prices paid for prime peltries:

Mink, each	$ 3.50	to	$ 4.00
Martin	1.50	to	2.00
Otter	6.00	to	7.00
Beaver, per lb	1.50	to	1.75
Muskrat, each	.08	to	.10
Red Fox	1.00	to	1.25
Silver Grey	25.00	to	30.00
Black Fox	40.00	to	50.00
Wolf	1.25	to	1.50
Bear	4.00	to	10.00
Racoon	.15	to	.40
Wolverin	1.00	to	1.50

BY-LAW NO. 311.

To prevent the carriage of persons affected with Small-Pox or other contagious diseases in Licensed Vehicles within the City of Ottawa, and for other purposes therein mentioned—

The Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa hereby enacts and ordains as follows:—

1. From and after the passing of this By Law it shall not be lawful for the owner, driver, or person in charge of any carriage, waggon, cart, or other description of vehicle licensed for the carriage of passengers or loading from place to place within the limits of the City of Ottawa, for him to carry or convey in any such carriage, waggon, cart, or other description of vehicle so licensed as aforesaid, any person or persons affected with Small-Pox, Typhoid Fever, or any other contagious disease dangerous to the public health, or the body or bodies of any person or persons who may have died of Small Pox, Typhoid Fever, or other contagious disease.

2. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons other than the owner, driver or person usually in charge of any such carriage, waggon, cart, or other description of vehicle so licensed as aforesaid, to carry or convey under any pretext whatsoever in any such carriage, waggon, cart, or other description of vehicle so licensed, any person or persons affected with Small Pox, Typhoid Fever, or other contagious disease, or the body or bodies of any person or persons who shall have died of any of the diseases herein mentioned.

3. Each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of this By law shall, upon conviction thereof before the Police Magistrate or any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in the matter, forfeit and pay a fine of not less than *five dollars* nor more than *fifty dollars*, in the discretion of the Court convicting, together with the costs of prosecution; and in default of payment thereof the same shall be levied by distres, and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach, and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, *with* or *without hard labor*, and for such period, not exceeding *twenty-one days*, as the Court convicting shall adjudge unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, twentieth day of November, A. D., 1871.

(Signed,) JOHN ROCHESTER, Jr., Mayor.
(Certified) W. P. LETT, City Clerk.
Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1871 1826tf

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON-CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large percentage of Fuel and Labor at the Water Works of the Parliament and Departmental Buildings, City Gas Works, Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills, A. Fleck's Foundry &c., &c.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844.
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion
J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.
Ottawa, Nov. 20, 1871. y

"THE JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
1760-6m Proprietor

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,
(lately occupied by D Whelan)
Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

EXTENSIVE

AUCTION SALE

OF

Farm Stock, Farming Implements, &c.

W H. FALLS

begs to announce to the public that he has been favored with instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late WILLIAM CRAHAM, Gloucester,

ON MONDAY, the 27th INSTANT,

the whole of the Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., &c., comprising—4 Span of Horses, one Mare and Foal by the celebrated Horse "Sunshine," 13 splendid Milch Cows, 2 Thorough Bred Bulls, and 14 head of choice bred young Cattle.

Farming Implements, consisting of Reaper and Mower, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Horse Rake, Waggons, Carts, Sleighs, Cutters, Buggies, several sets of single and Double light and Heavy Harness, together with Lumbering Appliances, Farming Utensils, &c., &c. Also,

60 Tons of Prime Hay,

a large quantity of Potatoes, Turnips, &c. About

300 Cords of splendid dry Cordwood.

The whole to be sold without reserve.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a.m. Terms—Cash.

Further particulars will be given in catalogues obtainable upon the premises, at J. Graham's, Albion Hotel; W. Champness', British Lion; F. Champness', St. Lawrence, W. Graham's City Hotel; R Elliott's Commercial Hotel, Ottawa; A. Graham, Billings' Bridge; and of the Auctioneer at his Auction and Commission Rooms, No. 43, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871 1823td

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

FARM STOCK,

UTENSILS, AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I B TACKABERRY has been instructed by the Widow of the late Donald Robertson to sell at her residence, West Half Lot No. 14, on the Rideau River, Gore of Gloucester, on

Thursday, 23rd November.

at 10 o'clock, a.m., the following Goods, viz: Two spans well matched Horses, several sets of Double and Single Harness, one Buggy and Cutter, Waggon and Hay Carts, several good Ploughs and Harrows, covered Market Waggon, Double and Single Sleighs, good Mower and Reaper, also Four excellent Milch Cows, a large Boiler, Grind Stones, Axes and Saws, all the Hay and Straw on the Farm, together with a quantity of Cordwood.

The Household Furniture consists of Sofas Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Hair and Straw Mattresses, Parlor Stove and other Stoves and Stovepipes, Cooking Stove and Utensils belonging to Kitchen, all the Dairy Utensils that are required for a large Dairy, and all the Utensils used on a well regulated Farm.

Will be offered for sale at the same time,

200 ACRES OF BUSH LAND,

being Lot No 16, in the 7th Concession, Township of Gloucester, (Ottawa Front) 8 miles from the city and two miles from Torbolton, which said lot will be divided, if required.

TERMS—CASH.

I. B TACKABERRY,
Auctioneer.

N. B.—Six months' credit will be given by purchasing approved Joint Notes.

Gloucester, Nov. 11, 1871 1818td

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

The largest and best assorted stock of all kinds of House hold Furniture in Ottawa can now be found at Allan & McKinnon's Warehouse, No. 5 Rideau street. Cane Seating rocking, and ma ogany colonial sofas with marble tops in black walnut beautifully carved, marble top Sideboards with elaborate game carving, marble top Washstands with glass; Centre Tables, Book Cases, &c. Hair Cloth Furniture in great variety, cane Work in Dining Room and other halls, a new style of chairs called the Rob Roy Seat the only place they can be got in Canada, and an endless variety of common furniture cheap. Remember the place.

ROWE & ANNABLE,
No. 5, Rideau street.
Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871. 1820tf

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.
Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

WEST END EATING HOUSE,

WELLINGTON STREET,

James H. Dunlop.

Meals at all hours. 19 ly

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

QUEBEC FUR DEPOT.

The Subscriber has the honor of informing the Public that he will open in this city a

FUR DEPOT,

containing a large and varied assortment of Furs, which he will sell at prices that defy competition.

The shop will be temporarily opened in the Hon. Mr. Skead's building, corner of George and Sussex streets, known as the George street barrack, but will be removed in the month of February to the magnificent block of the Union Bank, now in course of construction.

The undersigned specially invites the public to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is persuaded that they will find his goods of first class quality and exceedingly low in price.

Weekly importations will be added to his stock in order to accommodate the tastes of his customers.

Particular attention will be paid to the delivery of Goods bought of him.

He will manufacture and repair all articles in his line of business quickly and at small charges.

For further particulars see posters and circulars.

OLIVER COTE,
Hatter and Furrier,
Sign of "General Wolfe,"
Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820d2m 2w wk

OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY Co

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A.D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors,
ROBERT SURTEES,
Secretary.

Office of O C P R R Co,
New Edinburgh, Nov. 11, 1871. 1823 2awtd

MACDONALDS' AUCTION ROOMS.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to.

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneer and General Commission, Horse Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents 36, York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819dm

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENRY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

OR

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

NEW BOOKS,—NEW BOOKS!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cumine's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butler's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.
Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

1,000 AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His Church being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that enter largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ontario.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents
Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents
Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820tf

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co's, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815tf

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, choice patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

THE SEASON COMMENCED

BULK OYSTERS,

Just Received H. M. ROWE'S celebrated

BULK AND CAN OYSTERS,

$1.80.....PER GALLON,

AT

The Italian Warehouse.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M, every Morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Are connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa

B. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.
Ottawa Oct 20th, 1871

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,
No. 66, Sussex street,
Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. y

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X, XX, XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the most ADVANTAGEOUS terms

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street

LONG AND SHORT MOUNTAIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howard and Finnigan & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m, arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8.15 p m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1 50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p m. 7:35 p m, and 8:15 p m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a m, :10 a m, and 3:45 p m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.
Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS,
" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

LA A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. H. JOHNSON,
Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1871 Agent 1788 y

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

59 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Ware
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa April 11, 1871

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A. CHAINE, Ottawa P. O., Canada.
November 21, 1871 1806-2m

75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES,

Just Received—another lot of the

eas!

eas!

ROS.,

EET.

KINGS

RUITS!

Cods.

Proof

RAISINS,

RAISINS

& FRUITS

Street.

Street.

Street.

Street.

& CO.
1801y

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY.

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," rom Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles . . $1 00
Pills per Box 25

PULMONARY BALSAM
VEGETABLE — NON-POISONOUS
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 45 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
PRICE 50 CTS & $1.00 Sold by the Druggists
FOR COUGHS, COLDS &c.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

EMIGRATION
TO THE
UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa, May 8, 1871

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

AUCTION SALE.

OF VALUABLE

IMPROVED FARMS IN THE TOWNSHIP OF NEPEAN.

By virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a certain Mortgage which will be produced at the sale on WEDNESDAY, the TWENTY-SECOND DAY of NOVEMBER, A.D. 1871, at the Union House Hotel, City Hall Square, in the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 1.

Lot Twenty-eight in Concession A and the broken Front thereto belonging (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean containing two hundred acres, more or less, reserving thereon so much of the said premises as has been already conveyed by John Ring to one Daniel McLeod. Also fifty-seven acres, more or less, composed of part of Lot twenty-eight in front of the first concession fronting on the river Rideau in the said Township of Nepean, more particularly described as follows: Commencing at the south west angle of the said Lot twenty-eight in the limit between Lots twenty seven and twenty eight, thence northerly along the concession line or allowance for road between the said first concession and broken concession A to the part of said Lot Twenty-eight, formerly sold and conveyed by one John Ring to one Robert Taylor, thence easterly along the division line of said land sold to the said Robert Taylor, as aforesaid, to that part of the said Lot twenty-eight formerly sold by the said John Ring to the late Donald McLeod, thence southerly along the Division line of said last mentioned land sold to Donald McLeod to the southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight, thence westerly along the said southern limit or side line of the said Lot twenty eight to the place of beginning. And also, all that parcel of land reserved off the front one hundred acres of the said Lot twenty eight so sold by the said John Ring to the said Donald McLeod aforesaid on the south side thereof as and for an allowance for road, being sixty six feet in width measuring from the southerly side of said Lot twenty eight extending back from the front of said lot to the said parcel of the said Lot twenty eight hereinbefore described. Lot twenty eight in front of the first concession, Rideau front, is otherwise known as Lot twenty eight in Concession A and B, Rideau Front. The soil on this parcel is said to be loam and clay with about 170 acres cleared and under-cultivation with Log Houses, Log Barns, Stables, and other outbuildings. It is well situated as to road and markets, being five miles from the City of Ottawa.

PARCEL 2.

One hundred acres more or less composed of Lot 26 in the Third Concession (Rideau Front) in the Township of Nepean. The land is said to be nearly all bush covered with Hardwood, Cedars and Mixed Wood, and the soil clay loam.

TERMS—One tenth of the purchase money to be paid down on the day of sale; for balance, terms will be made known at the sale.

For further particulars apply to
JONAS AP JONES,
Solicitor, Masonic Hall, Toronto,
or to J. G. BELL, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Oct. 27, 1871 1805 td

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

READING, ELOCUTION,
WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.
Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871 1825 2

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely effectious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D. F. R. S.
"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
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A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

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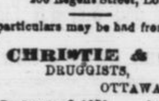
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1swky



DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq, Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

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3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

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ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE PM A.M.	DUE PM P.M.	DUE PM
.....	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.30
.....	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8.00	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.30
9.00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	10.00	.....	
9 30	.....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1 30
9 30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	8.00	.....	
10.30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
3:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Coulow, by steamer, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original' Greenville, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6 30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6 00
11.30	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

The New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
For Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

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On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

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Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

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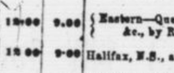
Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

MESSRS.

BATCHELL BROS



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One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq, of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,
LOWER TOWN MARKET.

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
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PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
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Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
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HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconvenience, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
curabant of St. Johns church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

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Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

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N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 35w

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STEAM, WATER and GAS BRASS FITTINGS, BEER and WATER PUMPS, and GARDEN ENGINES.

Plumbers, Gasfitters and Bellhangers and Locksmith's Furnishings, Lead and Iron Pipes and Fittings, Brass Copper and Zinc, in Tubes, Sheets, Wire and Ingots, Ingot and Strap Tin, Solder, Galvanized Iron, Copper Bolts, Crucibles, STOVES, Stove Polish, Stove Pipe Varnish, Sad Irons, Sinks, Scales, Iron Bedsteads, Galvanized Tin Pails, Dishes, &c.

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N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

Medical.

GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE, &c. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN THE PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL DENTISTS 103 CHEAPSIDE HILL, LONDON.

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MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

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MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

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Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

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And other Harvesting Implements.

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Grass Scythes, Blood's German Steel.
Do do do Cast do
Do do do Silver do
Do do Whitney celebrated Silver Steel
Do do, Harwell solid steel, very good and cheap.
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Do do, Pride of the Meadow.
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Sc, the Snaths, Grain Cradles, Grape Vine and Muley Hay Forks, 2 and 3 prongs. Hay Rakes, straight and bent, Scythe Stones, &c., &c.

Also, a large and nice assortment of Grinding Stones, weighing from 20 to 150 pounds each; just received direct from the Quarries.

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is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

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Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
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and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
September 28, 1871. 39 6m

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VOL. V. NO 1827. OTTAWA, THURSDAY NOVEMBER 23 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

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Offers to the trade Godderham & Worts Highwines, Old Rectorat Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

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The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and afte

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 1:30 p m, arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as a unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d, 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. ach.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE.

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St, Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 38 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

38 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU Agent.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and a Low Price.

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's — Stilton Cheese—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Fair Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

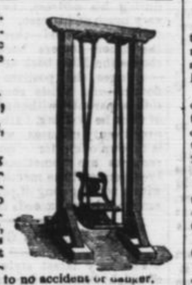
The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Heney, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Toronto, November 1st, 1871.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lots, No. 28, 8th Concession (59 acres), No. 27, (82 acres), and No. 28 (100 acres), in the 9th Concession, in the TOWNSHIP OF STISTED, in the DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA, 241 acres, with a Mill Site thereon, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Department of Crown Lands, AT NOON, ON THE TWENTY-THIRD OF THIS MONTH, the Department reserving to itself the right to make one bid.

CONDITIONS:—One half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest.

The purchaser to erect within one year from the date of sale a good Saw Mill, with one Circular Saw, of sufficient capacity to cut 8,000 feet of boards per day; and within two years, a Grist Mill, capable of manufacturing a sufficient quantity of good flour, to meet the requirements of settlers, the purchaser to have the right to the Timber on the land for the use of his Mill only.

The patent not to issue until two years after the date of sale, and the conditions have been complied with

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
1813td. *Assistant Commissioner.*

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL BATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815wky2m

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Fingland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS.

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov 10, 1871 1817ml

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years" Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S N THOMAS, Phelps, N Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont, Sole Agents for the Dominion.

Nova — *Eclectric* — Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 14th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rochesterville and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Hawkesbury on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville, and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1 3 p.m., and down trip at 7 a m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President

Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1804 tf

THE "OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of A M Cattier & Rossinville, Advocates, in No 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816eow

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested to settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN,
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr, Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 2, 1871 1800y.

SILVERSMITHS SOAP.
NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S
INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S
WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET & GLASS PAPER
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172. BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN.....	Saturday,	7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN.	"	14th "	"
HIBERNIAN.....	"	21st "	"
MORAVIAN	"	28th "	"
SARMATIAN	"	4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:
Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamer of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Friday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday) are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about		....	12th Oct
OTTAWA	"	.....	19th "
ST. DAVID	"	.....	26th "
ST. ANDREW	"	.....	2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK	"	.....	9th "

Freight from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599f

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES .....J James, do.
NIGER.....W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN .....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN ...	"	19th "
MEDWAY ..	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES...	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 yer year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 to second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
Or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures herein after mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Silly Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this by-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Silly Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON-CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam pastes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at the Water Works of the Parliament and Departmental Buildings, City Gas Works, Rochester & Co's Steam Mills, A. Fleck's Foundry &c., &c.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844.
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.
Ottawa, Nov. 20, 1871 y

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m, arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:3 p m, connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8.15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5.30 a.m, 10 a.m, and 3:45 p m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

Estimate

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards.....	$ 38,000
Arch Covering.....	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates.....	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps.....	16,000
Pumping Mains extra.....	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution from Ding House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

CITY COUNCIL.

CITY HALL,
November 20th, 1871.

Present His Worship the Mayor; Alds. Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, Kehoe, Heney, Martineau, and Taillon.

His Worship the Mayor presented the petitions of Edward Gurry, respecting taxes, referred to the Assessment Committee; the letter of William Graham asking for a coal oil lamp at Rear street, referred to the Fire and Light Committee; the letter of Alex. Burritt, City Registrar, respecting the new Registry Office; and letter of Col. Bernard in reference to an alleged trespass by men in the employ of the Corporation, referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Baldwin presented the petition of John Cowan and others, for the opening of Bridge street; and that of Hamnett Hill and others against the laying of a railway track on Broad street. Referred to the Board of Works.

Ald. Rowe presented the petition of the Churchwardens of the Bishop's Chapel for two gas lamps, near said chapel. Referred to the Fire and Light Committee.

Ald. McDougal presented the petition of J. R. Audy and others for the opening of a grate on Daly street.

1. Moved by Ald. McDougal, seconded by Ald. Martineau, that the Board of Works be, and are hereby authorized to take immediate action on the petition just read. Carried.

Yeas—O'Connor, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, McDougal, Kehoe, Heney and Martineau.

Nays—Baldwin, Bangs, Woodburn and Rowe.

Ald. Kehoe presented the petition of the R C. Bishop of Ottawa and others, praying that small-pox hospitals be excluded from the city limits.

Ald. Lapierre entered.

Ald. Cunningham presented the petition of John Orrell, praying for aid to purchase furniture instead of what he alleges was sold for taxes. Referred to the Finance Committee.

Ald. Martineau presented the accounts of the General Hospital, and Thomas Birkett. Referred to the Finance Committee and Board of Health.

2 Moved by Ald. Martineau, seconded by Ald. Taillon, that the petition of the Bishop of Ottawa and others, just read, be received and referred to the Board of Health, with instructions to make arrangements to place the small pox hospital outside the city limits. Lost.

3. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Rowe, in amendment, that the petition of the Bishop of Ottawa and others be received, and referred to the Board of Works. Carried.

Yeas—Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston Cunningham, McDougal and Heney.

Nays—Taillon, Kehoe, Lapierre and Martineau.

Ald. Featherston presented the letter of the Secretary of the General Protestant Hospital. (See Appendix).

Ald. Featherston presented the 21st Report of the Board of Works.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

The Board of Works submit their 21st Report.

In reference to the petition of Thomas Reynolds, Esq. Vice-President of the St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway Co., and also to that of Messrs. Bronson Weston & Co., in favor of said petition, your Board submit that, it is expedient to aid all Railway extension that will tend to facilitate the commerce of the city of Ottawa; and are of opinion that it is desirable to grant the prayer of the said petitioners, but before a Bylaw is ordered for that purpose recommend that a Report be obtained from the City Solicitor as to the width of Broad street and that the City Engineers be instructed to assist as may be required in preparing the same.

In reference to the letter of H. Alexander, Public School Trustee, your board respectfully report that no office accommodation can be had

McDougal, Taillon, Kehoe, Lapierre, Heney and Martineau.

Nays—Bangs, Woodburn, Featherston, Rowe and Cunningham.

Ald Lapierre presented Report No. 2 of the Market Committee.

To the Corporation of the City of Ottawa:

Your Market Committee in this their second Report beg leave to present that the plaintiffs in the suit of Campbell against the Corporation, respecting the Victoria Ward Market lots have, through their attorneys given the city solicitor to understand that they would, perhaps, consent to a compromise of their suit, and Your Committee would therefore ask of your honourable body power to treat with them through your solicitor to effect a compromise, if an advantageous one could be arrived at.

Your Committee have the honor to prevent you four awards made in the matter of the By Ward Market extension; they are the awards respecting the amounts to be paid for the purchase by your Corporation of lots 8 and 9 on the south side of York street, and lot 8 on the North side of George street. Your Committee would recommend that the By-law Committee be instructed to prepare the necessary by-law to adopt and confirm the said awards.

Some difficulties having arisen respecting the titles of lots 9, and the west half of lot 10 on the north side of George-St and the west half of lot 10 on the south side of York street, the arbitrators have not yet been able to make the awards, but your Committee hope that before long they will be able to overcome all the difficulties respecting the lots and complete the whole of the By Ward Market extension

Your Committee further recommend that your Finance Committee be instructed to borrow a sum sufficient to cover the probable cost of the said market extension either by mortgaging your market fees or otherwise.

All which is respectfully submitted,

H. LAPIERRE, Chairman.
CHAS. B CUNNINGHAM,
WM. KOWE,
J. R. O'DONNER,

Ottawa, Nov. 20, 1871.

7. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the second report of the Market Committee be received and adopted, and that the said Committee have full power and authority to compromise the suit of Campbell against the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, if they should find it desirable.—Carried.

8. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the By-law Committee be instructed to prepare the necessary By-laws for adopting, and confirming the awards already made respecting the purchase of the lots necessary for the extension of the By-ward market.—Carried.

9. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the Finance Committee be and they are hereby authorized to borrow a sum of money, sufficient to cover the probable cost of the proposed Byward Market extension either by mortgaging the City Market Fees, or otherwise as they may deem most expedient.—Carried.

10. Ald. Lapierre introduced By-law No. 311.

Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Taillon, that the By law to prevent the carriage of persons infected with small pox, &c., in licensed vehicles, &c., be now read a first time.—Carried.

11. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Taillon, that the By law to prevent the carriage of persons infected with small Pox, &c., in licensed vehicles, &c., be now read a second, and third time and passed suspending all rules to the contrary.—Carried.

12. Moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the City Solicitor be instructed to prepare a memorial to be submitted to the Lieut Governor in Council, praying that this Corporation be allowed to issue debentures to the extent of fifty thousand dollars for the purpose of building bridges in accordance with the by-law relating thereto, passed at the last meeting of this council, and that His Worship be authorized to sign the same on behalf of this Corporation, and to forward the same to the Lieut. Governor in Council.—Carried.

13. Moved by Ald. Woodburn, seconded by Ald. Bangs, that the City Clerk be instructed to communicate with the City Solicitor, asking whether it is competent for this council to allow the Trustees of the High School to issue debentures for the raising of money to enable the said Board to purchase land for the erection of a building for the use of the High School of this city. Carried.

14. Moved by Ald. Lapierre, seconded by Ald. Cunningham, that the By Law Committee be instructed to cause to be prepared an Act for the next sitting of the Ontario Legislature, giving power to this Corporation to compel the inhabitants of the city of Ottawa to plant trees in front of their property on such streets as the Council may by by-law name, and for the Corporation to have power to cause such trees to be planted when neglected by owners of property, and to charge the cost of the same to such owner and collect the same with the current year's taxes in the manner in which the taxes are collected. Carried.

Yeas. His Worship the Mayor, Ald. Woodburn, Rowe, Mosgrove, Featherston, Cunningham, Taillon and Lapierre.

Nays.—Ald. Baldwin, O'Connor, Bangs, McDougal, Kehoe Heney, and Martineau.

15. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald Rowe, that the Clerk of the Corporation is hereby instructed to give notice that this corporation will apply at the next sitting of the Legislature of Ontario, for an Act to amend the charter of the Ottawa City Passenger Street Railway Company. Carried.

16. Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Featherston, that the City Clerk, at the next sitting of this Corporation, do make a return to this Corporation of the amount paid during each year for the last seven years for printing, and to whom the same was paid. Carried.

17 Moved by Ald. Mosgrove, seconded by Ald. Lapierre, that the Act for the construction of Water Works be received, and that there be printed one hundred copies of the same, and that this corporation do meet on Tuesday evening, 28th inst. for the purpose of considering the same. Carried.

The Council then adjourned.

APAENDIX. NO. 1.

Ottawa, Nov. 18th. 1871.

To the Mayor and Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

GENTLEMEN:

I have to inform your honorable body that the following resolution was passed at a meeting of the Directors of the General Protestant Hospital:

"That the board of directors do receive the sum of five hundred dollars granted by the Corporation of the City of Ottawa and they agree to receive patients under the terms of the Board of Health report in accordance with the By-law of the hospital.

I have the honor to be,
Your obedient servi,
GEORGE MAY.
Secretary.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hard & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders given to such stock occasionally during the winter would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

PAPER HANGINGS.

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Acknowledgment—J W Ryan.
Hardware—Thomas Birkett.
Notice—A. Campbell.

The Ottawa Times.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. D. D. Calvin, M. P., is in town.

Captain Dick of Toronto, arrived here yesterday.

Hon. Senator Macpherson arrived yesterday at the Russell House.

We are glad to see our contemporary, the *Kingston News*, rapidly improving in all respects under its new proprietorship.

THE CENSUS AND MR. BROWN.

Speaking in round numbers, thirty-five hundred men in this Dominion of Canada, or at all events about two thousand men in this Province of Ontario, are perjured knaves, if the statement of the Hon George Brown's organ is to be believed: Not only must Sir John Macdonald and the Hon. Judge Dunkin be "swindlers" as the organ intimates, but all the Census Commissioners, enumerators, &c., must have proved false to the oath which they were required to take. If the gigantic conspiracy which Mr. Brown tries to make the people of Ontario believe was perpetrated had really been undertaken, if the extraordinary system of Census-taking which on one side of the river Ottawa would multiply and on the other side diminish the population, had actually been put into operation, every census clerk and enumerator would have had his share of the work to perform. The wrong done to Ontario could not have been perpetrated in one or two localities only; throughout the entire Province a certain per centage would have to be deducted from the actual population, in order to carry out the nefarious project which Mr. Brown wishes the people to believe that the administration have had in view. So when the *Globe* and its satellites charge the Premier and the late Minister of Agriculture with being swindlers, they at the same time charge the whole census staff from the Chief Commissioner down to the least important of the enumerators, not only with being guilty of swindling but of perjury also.

"This Canada of ours" would be a nice place to live in if it and its people were what Mr. Brown and the *Globe* try to make the outer world believe that it is. Certainly if the principal object of that gentleman's life were to bring the country into disrepute and to drive emigrants from its shores, he could not adopt a course more likely to attain his end than that which he has of late pursued. If the people of Great Britain or of the United States were to read the *Globe* and to accept its statements as trustworthy and as affording a correct idea of Canada and Canadians, they would most assuredly have but a very poor opinion of us. Naturally they would say to themselves "what sort of people must these be a majority of whom have faith in and admiration for a set of "howling derviches," and "resuscitated mummies," and entrust the conduct of their affairs to men who are "swindlers" and in all respects corrupt? What sort of a country must it be when a journey upon its principal line of railway is nothing but one long series of smash ups and crash ups; when every man who holds a position of public trust and confidence is dishonest and impure, and all political virtue and honesty is concentrated in the person of the Hon. George Brown and one or two others, of whom the people think so little that they will not confer upon them any public office." These are the reflections which must of necessity force themselves upon the mind of any foreigner, who, devoid of any real knowledge of Canadian affairs, regarded the *Globe* as their true exponent.

We do not imagine however that the Canadian public will be inclined to believe that every man connected with the taking of the late census is a swindler and a perjurer as Mr. Brown, the universal defamer of everything Canadian, would have them to do. Nor will they be disposed to believe either that Sir John Macdonald, a man whom the *Globe* when it suits its purpose to do so, represents as a very Mephistophiles in cunning and shrewdness, would have cared to place his personal and political position and reputation at the mercy of a number of census clerks and enumerators. If this gigantic fraud which the *Globe* talks about has really been perpetrated, if by a deliberate scheme, as that journal has dared to assert, Ontario has been "swindled" out of her rights by the man who hitherto has been Ontario's truest and most devoted servant, surely some one or more of the many who must have been cognizant of and concerned in the operation, can be induced to come forward and expose the plot. Men who have been guilty of swindling and perjury will not hesitate to accept a Grit bribe, and a splendid opportunity is thus afforded of covering the members of the present Government with confusion and dismay. We call upon Mr. Brown to produce his witnesses. He has charged Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues with being swindlers, he has also in effect accused the thousands of honest and respectable men who have been engaged in the census work, of perjury. Now let us have proof of the correctness of these charges. If Mr. Brown fails to produce it, we brand him as a cowardly maligner, who, actuated by the most disreputable of motives, seeks to injure his successful political rivals, and as such he will be regarded by the people of Canada, who we fancy have had about enough of his unjustifiable denunciations and contemptible fabrications.

Upon a future occasion we shall enter into a careful analysis of the census returns.

PRINCE ALEXIS AND THE BRITISH LION.

We should be sorry to say anything which might appear to savour of disrespect in connection with the delightful *entente cordiale* now existing between the Russian Bear and the American Eagle. We sincerely hope that the visit of Prince Alexis to the United States may be in all respects an agreeable one, and that friendly feelings may continue to exist between two nations who claim to have so much in common. The people of the British Empire have not of late years been warm sympathizers with Russia. The growth of free and liberal sentiments has, to a considerable extent, prevented us from feeling any vast amount of admiration for an ambitious despotic power, but there is no reason in the world why the Americans should be blamed for fraternizing with Russia if they choose to do so. We cannot however help deriving some amusement from the hysterical performances of some of our American contemporaries, who in the visit of Prince Alexis to the United States, see, or fancy that they see, an indication of all kinds of wonderful and impossible events. The British Lion is said to "be looking on with horror and dismay," while the whole world, it is asserted, can scarcely fail to stand in awe, when President Grant and young Alexis, are seen smoking the pipe of peace, or rather some of the former's choice Havannahs, together under the portico of the White House. Doubtless the world will be properly impressed by the awful spectacle, but we have our doubts about the British Lion. Speaking on behalf of that much abused but still highly respectable animal, we venture to assert that the British Lion is "not such a fool as he looks" in the abominable caricatures which from time to time appear of him in *Harper's Weekly*. The British Lion keeps his eyes and his ears open; in fact, to use a somewhat slangy expression, he is "up to snuff." He knows that the Americans are a very enthusiastic and a very hospitable people, and that the honors which are now being paid to Prince Alexis have in their turn been bestowed upon Japanese "Tom my," and in the year 1860 were actually lavished upon the representative of the British Lion himself. The British Lion is also aware that there is in reality far more sympathy and unity of feeling and purpose between the people of Great Britain and the people of the American Republic than can possibly exist between the latter and the subjects of the Czar. So the good natured animal does not look on with horror," he does not even indulge in a single disagreeable growl, but looks tranquilly on without a movement of any kind, unless occasionaly he raises one of his paws for a moment, to wipe away a tear from his honest old eyes as he thinks of those who suffered at Chicago.

WHAT WOULD THEY DO WITH IT.

(*From the St. Catharines Journal.*)

In the simplicity of their hearts and loyalty to the dictum of the autocrat at Toronto, the Grits imagine that if they can by any means, fair or foul, secure a majority in Ontario next election, the control of the Government and of the purse strings (dearest of all) will fall into their hands. They never made a greater mistake in their lives, a mistake which any one with half an eye can see at once. The object of all party political organization—the ostensible use at least—is to secure power, and through that the recognition and enforcement of the principles or opinions which have brought and bound the party together, and thus to secure to the country more economical and better government. What are the principles of the Opposition? What great measures do they advocate, what grievances do they propose to redress? The most astute, the closest observer of political events in Canada, will be puzzled to find an answer It is true that all sorts of political crimes are charged against the present Ministry, but when proof of the charges is asked for, none is forthcoming. And the great majority of the people now see that the whole trouble with the gentry of the Opposition is that they have not the handling of the purse strings.

But suppose for the nonce that the Opposition did succeed in securing a majority in the Commons for Ontario, what could they do with it? Could they make use of it to cross the floor and take possession of the Treasury benches? We think not, and any candid man who is capable of comprehending the political situation of the country must agree with us. The manager of the Opposition—the great Grit Chief at Toronto,—who holds the conscience of the party in his hands, and who tells it to take this course, and it humbly obeys, to oppose this or that measure, and forthwith they commence to howl more venomously and ravenously than a pack of wolves when the "boss" wolf has given the signal to fall on and devour the helpless victim—the chief of the party, we say, in whose breath they live, and by whose command they speak or are silent, has managed, for the purpose of increasing the notoriety and sale of his paper, to alienate the affection and esteem of all parties in all the Provinces, save and except the annexationists of Nova Scotia and Quebec, and with these the Opposition dare not ally themselves—not even for the sake of office and spoils. The best minds and best men of Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, Manitoba and British Columbia thoroughly and heartily approve of the policy of the Dominion Government so far, and until there is some more cogent reasons than those urged by the Grits for opposing that Government they will continue to support it. It follows, therefore, that in voting for a member of the Opposition the elector is, in fact, voting for the disruption of the Confederation before the experiment of Colonial Union on this continent has had a fair or proper trial And a dissolution of the existing union means absorption by or annexation to the neighboring Republic, whose people are cursed with bad laws, a ruinous tariff and the greatest thieves the world ever saw! The true policy for all well wishers of the country, for all lovers of honest and good government, is to support the Ministry, and to wait until there is evolved from the womb of time some great question upon which parties can be legitimately arrayed against each other.

Of course, every body knew that the *Globe* would carry out the policy it has long indicated, and denounce the Census as a conspiracy and a fraud. That the results have taken an unusually long time to prepare and collate, most people will admit, but this delay arose from the determination of Mr. (now Judge) Dunkin to verify everything for himself In doing this he undertook an almost herculean task, but just such a one as his highly scrupulous character would lead him to. To connect the name of Judge Dunkin with a conspiracy or a fraud is little else than a libel on society, so upright are his instincts, so unimpeachable his name.

And now, then, we have the results. And what do they prove? That we are not quite so big a people as we took ourselves to be! That is not an unusual occurrence. Others have fallen into the same error of thinking of themselves more highly than they ought to think, a recent illustration of which was given in the result of the last census in the States, which fell to a point some three millions less than had been anticipated.

The very latest style in wedding cards is very long and narrow, of heavily glazed pasteboard, with a monogram or crest stamped in silver.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 22.—The rowing match for the championship of the Tyne was won by Taylor's crew, who beat Renforth's by three lengths.

Preparations are making for a mass meeting in London next week, at which Sir Charles Dilke will be the principal speaker.

QUEENSTOWN, Nov. 21.—The steamer *Calabria* from New York for Liverpool has arrived.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—The Grand Duke Alexis attended the Russian Church at three o'clock. The grand ball is fixed for Wednesday night, Nov. 29th

A special from Honalulu, dated the 1st of November, says the last ship from the Arctic Ocean is in, and the last ship of the wrecked men has landed without any casualty.

A seaman recently here who confessed to having committed the murder to obtain money from a shipmate, to whom he told the particulars believes him to have been concerned in the murder of Nathan in New York.

A special to the *Herald*, from Matanzi, dated November 20th, says that General Rocha with a strong division of troops is marching to the relief of Satillo, which place is still held by the Government troops.

Querroga, the late celebrated Imperialist chief, has joined the rebels, and is entrusted with the command of the Lower Rio Grande.

Rumors to the effect that Gen. Cortina has pronounced in favor of the rebel Government are afloat of late He has not obeyed the orders of the Government, and is falling back on this place. On his arrival a conflict is expected between him and General Palacio for command of the city.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Among the latest developments is the appointment of an entirely new department of Public Works.

Calls for Tweed's resignation are growing unanimously loud.

Further ramifications of the Brooklyn frauds are developing.

The Grand Duke will leave for Washington this morning to pay his respects to President Grant.

He will be accompanied by Minister Catacazy and his own and the Ministers suite.

His return to New York will depend upon the time which the President may appoint for the formal reception. As soon as that ceremony is over he will come back to New York.

THE MINISTERS OF THE CROWN AT THE LATE BANQUET.

From the Quebec Budget.

The banquet to Mr. Langevin, of which our readers have already seen our account, was one of the most remarkable gatherings of public men ever seen in this Province. Nothing could have been more thoroughly English, in the best sense of the word, than the entire entertainment. It was magnificent, and the dishes which were excellent and exhibited in the Messrs. Russell's own style were not more John Bull like in their appeals to the palate than were the speeches in their appeals to the national sentiments of all sons of the Dominion and the Empire then present. The speech of Mr. Langevin, practical and sagacious to the last degree, was the very thing this community wants He cried hope and encouraged effort, and made in substance and in happier terms than ours the very statements in reference to the real and substantial influence of Quebec, which we have repeatedly made in this paper. Mr. Langevin is a Quebec man, born and bred in this good old city, it has his heart and his affections, and where its interests are in question, his best efforts and his warmest zeal may be relied on by his and our fellow-citizens. He is eminently the man not only of the hour but of the future, ever reliable, efficient, clear-headed and industrious he is precisely the man to the metropolis of this Province, should and does confide its interests. He is moreover just the man to train and direct the band of young members, most of them young men who have been but recently admitted to the honor of appearing in the grave and important character of representatives of the people. Mr. Langevin entered public life young, he became mayor for the city when young for the post, he became member of Parliament when young for a Legislator, he became Minister of the Crown when still younger for a statesman. He is utterly free from pretension and pomposity. He is able to sympathize with young beginners in the stormy career of politics. His own career has been so brief in time and varied in events that he can address his juniors with the double advantage of a near retrospection and a large experience. From this happy combination of circumstances Mr. Langevin is exactly the man to manage the new elements in the Legislature, to curb the forward, to encourage the timid and to set to all an example of one who possesses all the energy of youth with none of its indiscretion. The manufacturing interests of Quebec should take courage from the speech of Mr. Langevin, in him it is clear they have a firm and faithful friend and patron. Different in tone from that of the Local representative and different in its topics as might naturally be expected was the spirit stirring speech of Sir George E. Cartier, in which in fervid language he appealed to the patriotism and loyalty of the people of all parts of the Dominion, while the humorous address of Mr. Howe looked as if all must be serene at last in the granite and grind-stone Province of Nova Scotia. One of the most satisfactory addresses of the evening was that of the Hon. Peter Mitchell, that gentleman described a triumphof the confederation at the east, almost equal to that achieved by Mr. Langevin at the western end of the Dominion. To have overcome by no other means than by good government, the stubborn discontent of the once numerous malcontents on the shores of the Atlantic is no small triumph for the Cabinet of the Dominion. Time was when the Governor of New Brunswick said that every man in the colony was a rebel. Very different is the destiny of Mr. Mitchell as to the temper and disposition of the contented, happy and prosperous New Brunswick of to-day. Highly important was the speech of Sir Francis Hincks who looked not an hour oldet than he did when he left our shores for the West Indian Islands some eighteen years ago. Sir Francis made one of those speeches which are eminently his own; "there was railway in the ring of it" and scrip and dividends in its every cadence. The recollections of the speaker appeared to be of a most kindly nature towards Quebec and it is evident that in the able, skilful and veteran financier, old Stadacona is sure of a valuable and effective patron. The career of Mr. Langevin is not only an encouragement to the young and especially a bright example to the youth of his native city, but it is also a tacit rebuke to the grumbler whose constant query is, can any good thing come out of Galilee. Formerly to belong to Quebec was to be despised to Quebec, and to be young was looked upon as worse than a crime, unhappily this sentiment is not yet extinct amongst us, but it is not so rampant as it was when Mr. Langevin encountered and overcame it. The adders of malignant old Fogyism lay thick in his path, they bit at his heels, they twined around his ankles, they stooped to besline his garments and endeavored to hiss him into madness. He walked on and never minded them, and to-day he stands on a pinnacle which they cannot assail.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

RICARDO'S BENEFIT.

CONTINUED.

"Ricardo, The Champion Athlete of Europe, in his wonder-inspiring evolutions, Ricardo, the Unequaled Acrobat, in his Marvelous, unrivaled performance on the vibrating wire for the Benefit of the Infirmary of this town."

I read the glaring letters rather more thoughtfully than I would have cared to confess, but my eyes rested longest on the one large real line in the centre of the long poster—

"NINETTE, THE EQUESTRIAN QUEEN."

Did Ninette, the star of the Royal Cirque d'Afrique, ever stop, as I did, to read the words that were so familiar? Did she ever feel as I did, a thrill of pride at seeing our two names the chief attractions in the list? Did she ever feel, as I did, that we two, who were connected so closely—

"Signor Ricardo," cried a gay, clear voice behind me, "does it feel like looking at yourself in a glass?"

I turned quickly to Ninette, the gladness of my heart shining to my eyes as I met hers. And well might my heart and eyes be glad to see Ninette. Ah! so plainly can I recall, as I write of her, the little figure beside which I walked so happily that day—that day, for the last time. The slight, small, supple form whose every movement had a free, light grace which was like the unconscious grace of a little child. The bright, small face whose white skin never needed paint. The big, blue, restless eyes, and the short fair curls which lay flat on the low, white forehead. With the brilliant look of perfect health on her face; with the arch glance in her merry, mischievous eyes; with the tasteful, picturesque dress which she always chose, Ninette was a picture to gladden any heart indeed!

"I see it is a grand new programme on purpose for to-night's performance," I said, as we walked on; "and I see, too, that I am intended to eclipse you all."

'Or rather to eclipse yourself, Ricardo. You surely cannot imagine it would be possible for you to eclipse the Equestrian Queen?'

As Ninette spoke, we passed a high wall on which blazed a huge coloured picture representing a girl in an unnatural costume, standing in an unnatural position, on the neck of a most unnatural horse. I turned away my eyes, for this was supposed to be Ninette.

'What a look of repugnance, Ricardo!' she said, with her young, musical laugh, 'Don't you think it like me?'

'As much like you,' I answered, 'as the bare, sanded circus ring is like a sunlit meadow of sweet flowers.'

Looking at her as I spoke, I saw the colour mount in her soft, bright cheeks. Not for a moment did I imagine that my words had called it there, and looking for the cause I noticed that a gentleman who met us had raised his hat to Ninette with a long look of admiration. And then I walked on beside her still more thoughtfully.

'You seem very cross, Ricardo,' said Ninette, presently, glancing coquettishly into my face; 'I mean crosser even than usual.'

'Who was that gentleman, Mademoiselle Ninette?'

'I'm not quite sure about his name,' she answered, with a cool slowness. 'He is a Captain in the militia here, and he admires the Equestrian Queen immensely.'

'I suppose so.'

'Yes; he admires me very much indeed,' she continued, carelessly; 'so he comes to every performance.'

'It is well, Ninette, that you win admiration,' I said, with quiet coldness; 'you love it so dearly.'

'Don't be grand, Ricardo,' she laughed, saucily; 'just because you do not win it—nor love it dearly, Why, of course, I love admiration. Stars always do.'

'Do they?' I said, my eyes full of it as I turned to read her brilliant little face.

'The sort of admiration I like,' answered Ninette, with complacency, is 'Captain—O what shall I call him?—Capt Attendant's; it has a charming halo of mystery and romance about it. And the sort of admiration I don't care at all for, is that I win from our own company; your own, Ricardo, for instance; it wearies me beyond all words.'

'You tell me this very often,' I said, speaking unsteadily; 'but I cannot help it's being yours through all.'

'Why don't you give it to Josephine?' inquired Ninette, with nonchalance, 'or to one of the other girls?'

'Such an idea is simply ridiculous,' I answered, in passionate scorn. 'My love was won from me before either you or I could prevent it; now it must be yours forever. You know this through all your treatment of me. Whether you are kind in this treatment, your own heart may tell you.'

'Thank you, Signor; but my own heart is very comfortable. I will not disturb it by unnecessary questioning. I wish you were as comfortable for your own sake. How are you to get through your marvelous and unrivaled performance on the vibrating wire, O Champion Athlete. If you make yourself uneasy over trifles? Remember what is expected of you to-night. Monsieur says' (we always spoke of the manager as Monsieur) 'that every seat will be filled, and that we shall have a grand night. He almost seems provoked about it, because he reaps no benefit; but I say if we do profess to aid the Infirmary, let our aid be worth accepting. I wish I was going to do something great in such a cause, Ricardo, as well yo you.'

'It was given me to do,' I put in, sullenly: 'I didn't offer.'

'Never mind that. You will help in a good cause; and I should like (in the same cause) to have ridden as I learned to do in Morrocco. I would have performed what Monsieur announced there as my Moorish feat if he would have permitted it.'

'Oh, no!' I cried, quickly. 'Never again, I trust, Ninette.' For once I had seen Ninette make the daring leap, standing on one foot on Black Hawk's neck, and my heart beat with fear at the very mention of it now.

'Oh! I would,' she laughed; 'and yet I do believe I'm glad I'm not going to do it. I only feel I ought to have insisted upon it, for I expect Monsieur merely waited for that. As it is, the chief honour of this benefit night devolves upon you, Signor Ricardo, and I am jealous.'

'You know as well as I do, Ninette,' I answered, rather hotly, 'that you are always the one great attraction of the circus—Monsieur knows it too—and that your name standing alone is a more powerful magnet to the public than mine is with all my feats emblazoned after it.'

'Yes, I know it,' she returned, laughing coolly. 'Now, good-bye. I'm going to drink tea with Monsieur.'

With a quick little nod she ran into the manager's lodgings, and I walked on to my own, with my thoughts still full of hers. How I loved her! So oddly, too, that sometimes my own love almost bewildered me; its persistency having no hope in it, yet its hopelessness having no despair. It was a love that never was moved by her indifference or scorn, and never weakened by her contempt. She was proud of her own beauty and of her power over us all, and she never attempted to hide this—never domineering over the female performers, who were all older and plainer than herself, but domineering most despotically over every male performer in the circus. But she did it so prettily and bewitchingly that I was the only one who had laid his love at her feet to be trampled on at her girlish pleasure. I had but poor health even then, and this was one source of Ninette's merry sarcasm.

To be Continued.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favorite The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London.

THE CENSUS.

From the Toronto Telegraph.

At the commencement and at the conclusion of every Government work, the Opposition organs swear that the country is to be or has been robbed. This is the case with the census just completed. We condemn as heartily as any of our Grit friends the long delay attending this important matter, and bemoan as much as they do the red-tape and rust which have clogged the machinery of the Department of Statistics; but we certainly cannot say with them that Sir John A. Macdonald and his colleagues have deliberately tampered with the enumerators' lists in order to cheat the country out of an increase of representatives. That accusation is absurd on the face of it. If the Government has falsified the returns, surely half a dozen clerks, at least, out of the one hundred and odd employed in compiling them must know of the forgery, and it will be a new era in human life if some one or other of them cannot be persuaded to turn informer. If the Government ordered the enumerators to make false returns, cannot our Grit friends bring two or three of them to the stand to prove the Government's crime? They make no effort to do that. They know perfectly well that a Government cannot be dishonest in the matter of a census without throwing themselves on the mercy of a multitude of subordinates; and if Sir John A. Macdonald possess half the craft attributed to him by his enemies, we fancy he would not be ass enough to hang his tenure of office, his reputation and honor on the secrecy of a $500 clerk. It does not suit the purpose of our Grit friends to do anything toward establishing their charges. In all matters, Intercolonial Railroad, Northwest affairs, Public Works, &c., in which they charge the Government with corruption, they invariably prefer generalities to pointed, direct, proveable accusations. Their cry is everlastingly "corruption!" but they never can drive home an explicit, unquestionable nail of proof. If Ontario has been swindled barefacedly in this census, there must be many clues to the swindler, many avenues by which swift justice can reach him In the army of enumerators and scribes connected with Mr. Pope's Department are there none who can be bought over to expose the Government's infamy to brand them as forgers, disgrace them before the world and open wide the door of office to their opponents? Once satisfy the country by plain facts and unvarnished testimony that the party now in power has been guilty of the crimes and misdemeanors imputed to it in this census matter, and the Treasury benches will remain in the accusers' hands and become heirlooms to their followers after them. No better chance of ousting the Government ever presented itself. The Grit organs, one and all, declare that a gross fraud has been perpetrated to the country's detriment; let them prove it and the shady side of the House knows them no more forever.

MR. BEECHER AT HOME.

No matter who comes or goes in Brooklyn, what strangers preach or stars shine, Plymouth church is always crowded. Mr. Beecher has opened his season with unusual health and spirit. His great lecture room, plain as a Plymouth barn, is full from week to week. And even the parlors adjoining have to be opened to accommodate the throng. A great many people attend the Friday night meeting from other churches, who do not hear Mr. Beecher preach. The Friday night meeting is unique, and unlike anything on the continent. It is crisp, sparkling, and entertaining. The singing is hearty and full. Four hymns are usually sung. There are no omissions, but the hymn is sung straight through. Two brethren are called upon to pray between the singings and ten men do all the praying. One of ten is invariably called upon year after year. Why the circle is not enlarged it is difficult to tell. The Scriptures are not read. At the conclusion of the third hymn Mr. Beecher gives his "Talks." He sits in his chair during his address, never rises, but is very much at his ease. He holds his hymn book in his hand—throws one leg over the other—teeters back in his chair—shoves the Bible back and forth nervously—changes the position of his vase of flowers—and twists round from side to side, apparently without the slightest idea of what he is doing. His talks are seldom over twenty minutes, when the meeting is thrown open for "question." A few remarks are sometimes made by the brethren, and the meeting is then closed with a rousing song of praise. The whole service seldom exceeds one hour.

FASHION GOSSIP.

The very latest style of note paper is of a light brown color to be written with green ink.

It is proposed, as good advice, that when beaux become "loose" in their habits young ladies should give them the "sack."

Plaited, bright-colored satin waists, with bow and catch ends to match, are worn for dinner toilette, with a rich black silk skirt.

Crimson silk parasols, with black lace covers and red coral handles, are the correct things to carry in full dress, at this season of the year.

White silk scarfs, trimmed with large tassels, are worn for dinner dress, tied closely round the throat, and taking the place of a collar or ruche.

Very pretty ornaments for the neck are crosses or locks of velvet, on which a monogram is embroidered in gilt thread or gay colored floss.

Fashion has buried round hats with all the due ceremonies, and street bonnets have been resurrected from the grave to which they have so long been consigned.

The strings of bonnets for this winter are of the material of the bonnet, cut bias and bound and made long enough to tie under the chin, or at the side, according to the taste of the wearer.

A new style of ornaments for the hair are large beetles and butterflies made of grey colored velvet with wings of spangled mother of pearl and jewelled eyes. The effect by gas light is very dazzling.

A cynical writer says that if a woman knew how much she lost by forever smiling in a man's face she would quit it altogether. More men are won by a little pretence of quiet sadness than by the sunniest smiles that were ever seen.

FUN AND MISCELLANY.

Staff work—Making lace collars.

Paper cuffs—Newspaper attacks.

How to get a long well—Dig it deep.

Elevated buildings—Castles in the air.

The four seasons—mustard, salt, pepper and vinegar.

People do not die often in healthy Scotch villages—Only once.

What part of a rifle is like an assault? The breach of the piece.

Is a duelist a paradox because his first consideration is for the second?

Does a cow's tail resemble a swan's breast—Yes for they both grow down.

"How many regular boarders have you, madam?" asked a census-taker of a lady. "Well, really I can't say as any of them is any too regular. They stay out." "I mean, madam, how many steady boarders have you?" "Well, really, out of nineteen, there's not more'n two that I'd call steady."

A Scotch minister in a strange parish, wishing to know what his people thought of his preaching, questioned the sexton. "What do they say of Mr.—?" (his predecessor.) "O," said the sexton, they say he is not sound." "What do they say of the new minister?" (himself.) "O," replied the sexton, "they say he's all sound!"

A FAVORABLE NOTORIETY—The good reputation of Brown's Bronchial Troches for the relief of coughs, colds, and throat diseases, has won them a favorable notoriety.

REGENT HOUSE.

Jouvin Double Button Kid Gloves.
Extra Quality in Black and all Colours.

75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES,
SPLENDID VALUE—GREAT DEMAND.

Just Received—another lot of the

New Millinery.

New Costumes.

New Mantles.

New Shawls.

New Fancy Dress Goods.

New Costume Cloth.

New Satines all colours.

New French Merinos.

New Velveteens.

New Hosiery.

New Fancy Woollen Goods.

New Clouds.

Will open to-day one case VELVET RIBBONS black and coloured in all widths.

REGENT HOUSE.
30, Sparks street.

SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1871. 1801y

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evils the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effects with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 115 Fulton street, New York, or 1 92 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

SORE THROAT, COUGH,

LOCAL NEWS

Snow commenced to fall about noon yesterday. The prophecy of a "Green Christmas" will scarcely prove true we fear.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENT.—The managers of the St. Andrew's Society beg to acknowledge with thanks, the receipt of a handsome donation of fifty dollars in aid of the charitable fund of the Society, from His excellency, Lord Lisgar.

PIANOS, &c.—The branch establishment of the Nordheimer firm of Toronto will be opened in a few days in Ottawa under the management of an obliging gentleman, Mr Petersen. A complete stock is being received from Boston and New York before opening.

ARRIVALS AT THE RUSSELL HOUSE.—J. Gasquoine, M. C. Boston; P. Guma, Montreal; J. Chalmers, do; A. H. McIntosh, do; S. Woods, do; Capt. Thomas Dick, Toronto; D. D. Calvin, M. P. Kingston; C. P. Gildersleeve, do; A. Lavingston, do; John Hargrove, Perth; G. Cook, do; M. L. Kelsey, Montreal; A. Rush, England; J. Briggs, Montreal; J. W. Macdougall, do; R. Luttrell, Prescott; D. McDonald, Toronto;

AMENDE HONORABLE.—It appears after all that Paul Leblanc who escaped from the Nunnery small pox hospital is not only living, but near well. We make this correction in justice to the good Sisters who are so deserving of the thanks of the community. The statement that he was dead was made on receiving information to that effect from persons who are generally relied upon in matters of that kind.

POLICE COURT.—Mary Ann Neville found guilty of drunkness and vagrancy, was sentenced to one month's imprisonment at hard labor. A couple other unimportant cases were properly disposed of.

TEA SOCIAL.—A tea social will take place this evening in the basement of the Congregational Church. These little meetings are always very pleasant and well attended and we have no doubt that of their evening will be no exception.

We regret to have to announce the death of Mrs. William Graham relict, of the late William Graham, Waterford farm Gloucester. She died suddenly yerterday at 2 o'clock. p. m., of enlargement of the liver it is believed. She was the daughter of Mr. Harvey Little, a native of Ottawa, and much beloved by all who knew her, and we feel that her sudden and untimely death will be much lamented. She was in the bloom of womanhood, being only 35 years of age. She leaves to lament their bereavment a family of six children.

RYDYTHM.—On Tuesday night last a young man named Frank Dey received a fearful beating from some rowdies on Sparks street. It appears he had been drinking with others in the McKenna house, and while under the influence of liquor was roughly ejected. Finding himself locked out he undertook to revenge himself by breaking the windows. He was not permitted to accomplish much damage however; in a moment he was set upon by a couple of parties and received a fearful push over the left eye. The person who inflicted this wound is known, and no doubt will be brought to justice.

VALUABLE DISCOVERY.—A very valuable quarry of freestone has been discovered on the farm of Robert Skead, Esq., Gloucester. It is said to be fully equal to the best Ohio stone, which now costs $15 per cubic yard for transportation alone. No material tends more to beautify and ornament a building than good freestone, some fine buildings of which are at present in course of completion in this city. We heartily congratulate Mr. Skead on this valuable discovery, and certainly Ottawa has reason to congratulate itself on having a quarry of such ornamental and durable building material so convenient. We may now hope to see elegant freestone structures more common in Ottawa.

STEEL, IRON, BRASS, COPPER, TIN &c.,—At the sign of the anvil No 24 Rideau street, any person who wants any first class article in the hardware line, goes, for it is well known that Mr Birkett keeps the best stocked hardware store in Ottawa. Every person who has dealt with him finds it to his advantage to continue dealing with Mr. Birkett. This of coures is owing to the fact that his goods are of a superior quality and that his prices are uniformly reasonable, or as low as they can be reasonably expected to be. He has at present an immense stock of new hardware on hand, and we advise all intending purchasers to give him a call; we assure them that in any dealings at the sign of the Anvil they will recieve the full worth of their money.

GRAND SOIREE.—The opening *soiree* to a series of entertainments to be given during the winter took place last evening in the Canadian Institute. The Hall was crowded with ladies and gentlemen, His Lordship the Bishop of Ottawa being also present. The programme of the evening was an excellent one and consisted of vocal and instrumental music, an address by the president, Mr. Drapeau, and a nice little comedy entitled, "Le Dessapoir de Jocrisse." Mrs. McCarron presided at the Piano with that splendid ability which she is known to possess. A string band was also in attendance and played some very fine selections. The President's address was very eloquent and was listened to with interest. This very pleasant entertainment was terminated by singing the National Anthem.

WHERE TO GO FOR GROCERIES, TEAS, &c—We would call the attention of the public to Messrs. Hardy & Bros. advertisement in another column, their establishment becoming known as one of the best grocery stores in Ottawa. Their custom in the city and from the county is very large and very deservedly so for their groceries are without exception of excellent quality. Their store itself is attractive owing to its cleanliness; and in all their dealings they are strictly honorable and obliging. Their present large stock consists of choice teas, black, green, Japan, &c, liquors of superior brands, fine fruits, such as new currants, raisins, figs, &c., fish of all kinds, syrups, &c., &c. We have much pleasure in recommending the Messrs. Hardy & Bros. to the patronage of the public. We guarantee satisfaction to all.

RESURRECTED — Paul Leblanc presents his compliments to his "numerous friends and the public generally," and desires us to inform them that he is again alive. He emigrated from this world on two distinct occasions, but, he says that, being at all times an ardent lover of his native country, "absence made the heart grow fonder" of his Canadian home, and, therefore, he again returned to enjoy the pure and free air of Lower Town. Small-pox he said did not exist in any of the etherial regions, he visited in fact that they were entirely free from epidemic of any kind; but then the ways of the people were disagreeable to him, living as they did in innocent nudity, which is attributable no doubt to the fact that they grow no apples in their Eden. Our hero being shocked at their lack of modesty contemplates another excursion, on which occasion he will take with him a barrel of the best fameuse, for he feels satisfied that if he could only bring them to wear clothing, he would enjoy a lucrative monopoly in the tailoring line, he being of that profession. He also says that such a thing as a newspaper is unknown, and he considers that a young *Globe* might answer his purpose instead of the barrel of apples, while it would be much easier of transport. But we would advise him against importing a curse of corruption and falsehood among those innocent etherials. Corrupt not the innocent.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

OTTAWA MARKETS.

Hogs, per 100 lbs. dressed weight, $6 75 to $7.50.
Beef cattle, $5 50 to $6 50 per 100 lb. dressed weight.
Sheep, $4 to $5each.
Lambs, $3 to $3.50.
Young pigs, 75c to $1 do.
Fowls, 40c to 50c per couple.
Chickens, 25c to 35c do.
Wild ducks, 50c to 70c.
Partridge, 50c do.
Turkeys, 60c to $1 each.
Geese, 45c to 60c each.
Ducks, 50c to 70c per couple.
Feathers, 25c to 50c per lb.
Print do 18c to 22c do.
Roll do, 17c do.
Cheese 12c to 14c do.
Skim Milk Cheese, 7c do.
Tallow, 10c do
Honey, 12c to 15c do.
Beeswax, 25c to 30c do.
Swedish Turnips, 25c.
Onions, $1 to $1.25 do.
Celery, 40c to 60c per doz.
Melons, 10c to 40c each.
Watermelons, 10c to 30c.
Squash, 5c to 10c do.
Pumpkins, 5c to 10c.
Cabbages, 5c to 10c.
Eggs 20c to 22c per dozen.
Cauliflowers 5c to 10c do.
Cranberries, 60c per gal.
Apples, 60c to $1 per bush.
Apples per barrel $3 to $3.75.
Grapes, 12½c per lb
Home spun yarn, 70c to 80c per lb.
Home made woollen socks, 30c per pair.

PORK.
Mess Pork, $15 50 to 16 00 per barrel.
Farmers' mess, $15 50 do
Prime mess none.
Hams smoked, $14 50 per 100 lbs.
Bacon do $10.50 do
Bacon dry salted, $9 do

FLOUR—Retail prices.
Double extra, $7.25 per barrel.
Extra, $7 do
No. 1. $6.50 to 6.75 do
Oatmeal, $6 25 to 6.50 do
Cornmeal, $3 25 to 3.50 do
Cracked wheat, $7 do
Wheat meal, $6.75 do
Provender, $1 40 per 100 lbs.
Cracked corn, $1.60 do
Bran, 80cts.
Hay, $13 to 16 per ton.
Oat straw, $7 to 9 per ton.
Rye straw, $6.

GRAIN.
Buckwheat, 50 to 55cts per bushel.
Oats, 30c to 35c do
Peas, 60c to 65c do
Beans, $1 35 to 1 40 do
Fall wheat, new, $1 40 to 1 45 do
Spring wheat, $1 25 to 1 30 do

HIDES AND LEATHER.
No. 1, Sole, 26cts per lb.
No 2. do 23cts do
Slaughter, 27cts do
Harness leather, 33cts do
Upper do 42cts. do
English kipp, 60cts do
French do 80cts do
Common do 55cts do
Canadian calf 70cts do
French do $1.25 do
Splits, 37cts do
Enamelled cow, 21cts do
Patent do 21cts do
Cod oil 60cts per gallon
Calf skins, do 10cts per lb.
Sheep pelts, $1 50 each.
Hides No 1, $9 per 100 lbs.
Hemlock bark, $4 per cord.

The following are the prices paid for prime peltries:

Mink, each	$3 50	to	$4.00
Martin	1.50	to	2.00
Otter	6.00	to	7.00
Beaver, per lb	1.50	to	1.75
Muskrat, each	.08	to	.10
Red Fox	1.00	to	1.25
Silver Grey	25.00	to	30.00
Black Fox	40.00	to	50.00
Wolf	1.25	to	1.50
Bear	4.00	to	10.00
Racoon	.15	to	.40
Wolverin	1.00	to	1.50

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer, &c.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE OF

Improved City Property.

The Subscriber has been instructed to sell by Public Auction on the ground on

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1871,

that valuable Brick House and Lot situated on the corner of Bank and Albert streets, being Lot No. 36, Albert street, south. The Lot will be divided and sold in two separate equal parts, 49½ feet on Bank street by 66 feet deep. The corner Lot with Brick House two stories high, with Brick Kitchen. The house is well finished and in good repair. There is an excellent well of water in the yard on the south half. There is a Foundation and a quantity of Building Material on the lot that will go with it. This is a valuable property, being a corner lot; and title first class, being the Sparks Estate.

Sale at 12 noon.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1871 1826td

LONG AND SHORT MOUTAIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAW

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON, Proprietor

1760-6m

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,

(lately occupied by D Whelan)

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

EXTENSIVE

AUCTION SALE

OF

Farm Stock, Farming Implements &c.

W H. FALLS

begs to announce to the public that he has been favored with instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late WILLIAM CRAHAM, Gloucester,

ON MONDAY, the 27th INSTANT,

the whole of the Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., &c., comprising—4 Span of Horses, one Mare and Foal by the celebrated Horse "Sunshine," 13 splendid Milch Cows, 2 Thorough Bred Bulls, and 14 head of choice bred young Cattle.

Farming Implements, consisting of Reaper and Mower, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Horse Rake, Waggons, Carts, Sleighs, Cutters, Buggies, several sets of single and Double light and Heavy Harness, together with Lumbering Appliances, Farming Utensils, &c., &c. Also,

60 Tons of Prime Hay,

a large quantity of Potatoes, Turnips, &c. About

300 Cords of splendid dry Cordwood

The whole to be sold without reserve.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Terms—Cash.

Further particulars will be given in catalogues obtainable upon the premises, at J. Graham's, Albion Hotel; W. Champness', British Lion; F. Champness', St. Lawrence, W. Graham's City Hotel; R Elliott's Commercial Hotel, Ottawa; A. Graham, Billings' Bridge; and of the Auctioneer at his Auction and Commission Rooms, No. 43, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871 1823td

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE OF

FARM STOCK,

UTENSILS, AND HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

I B TACKABERRY has been instructed by the Widow of the late Donald Robertson to sell at her residence, West Half Lot No. 14, on the Rideau River, Gore of Gloucester, on

Thursday, 23rd November.

at 10 o'clock, a.m., the following Goods, viz: Two spans well matched Horses, several sets of Double and Single Harness, one Buggy and Cutter, Waggon and Hay Carts, several good Ploughs and Harrows, covered Market Waggon, Double and Single Sleighs, good Mower and Reaper, also Four excellent Milch Cows, a large Boiler, Grind Stones, Axes and Saws, all the Hay and Straw on the Farm, together with a quantity of Cordwood.

The Household Furniture consists of Sofas Chairs, Tables, Bureaus, Bedsteads, Feather Beds, Bolsters and Pillows, Hair and Straw Mattresses, Parlor Stove and other Stoves and Stovepipes, Cooking Stove and Utensils belonging to Kitchen, all the Dairy Utensils that are requisite for a large Dairy, and all the Utensils of a well regulated Farm.

Will be offered for sale at the same time,

200 ACRES OF BUSH LAND,

being Lot No 16, in the 7th Concession, Township of Gloucester, (Ottawa Front) 8 miles from the city and two miles from Taylorsville, which said lot will be divided, if required.

Terms easy

I B TACKABERRY, Auctioneer.

N. B.—Six months' credit will be given by furnishing approved Joint Notes.

Gloucester, Nov. 11, 1871 1818td

FURNITURE.

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

The largest and best selected stock of all kinds of Household Furniture in central Canada can now be found at Lowe & Aumond's Warehouse, No. 5 Rideau street. Parlor Suites in green damask, and mahogany colours, Bedroom Sets with marble tops in black walnut beautifully carved, marble top Sideboard with elaborate game carvings, marble top dressing cases with glass; Centre Tables, Book cases, &c. Hair Cloth Furniture in great variety, Cane Work in Dining Room and other chairs, a new style of chairs called the Bush Seat, the only place they can be got in Canada, and an endless variety of common furniture cheap. Remember the place.

ROWE & ANNABLE, No. 5, Rideau street

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871. 1820tf

WEST END EATING HOUSE,

WELLINGTON STREET,

James H. Dunlop.

Meals at all hours. 18 21 w

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

QUEBEC FUR DEPOT

The Subscriber has the honor of informing the Public that he will open in this city a

FUR DEPOT,

containing a large and varied assortment of Furs, which he will sell at prices that defy competition.

The shop will be temporarily opened in the Hon. Mr. Skead's building, corner of George and Sussex streets, known as the George street Barrack, but will be removed in the month of February to the magnificent block of the Union Bank, now in course of construction.

The undersigned specially invites the public to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is persuaded that they will find his goods of first class quality and exceedingly low in price.

Weekly importations will be added to his stock in order to accommodate the tastes of his customers.

Particular attention will be paid to the delivery of Goods bought of him.

He will manufacture and repair all articles in his line of business quickly and at small charges.

For further particulars see posters and circulars.

OLIVER COTE, Hatter and Furrier, Sign of "General Wolfe,"

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820d2m2w wk

GOWAN'S HALL.

Mr. C B. BRODIE will read selections from standard Authors in the above Hall on

MONDAY EVENING, 27th NOV.

Messrs F F GOURDEAU, N W McLEAN, and J A CLAYTON have kindly consented to sing during the evening.

Doors open at 7:30 o'clock

Overture from "Fra Diavolo," by Gowan's Band, at 8 o'clock.

Single Ticket.....50cts
Ticket to adult Lady and Gentlemen...75

Ottawa, Nov 21, 1871 1826td

OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY Co

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A.D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SURTEES, Secretary.

Office of O C P R R Co, New Edinburgh, Nov. 11, 1871. 1823 2wtd

MACDONALDS' AUCTION ROOMS.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to

JOHN MACDONALD & SON, Auctioneer and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents 36, York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819dm

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENRY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOK !

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lad Judith—a tale of two Continents
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or 5 Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Lacombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS FOR COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The Examination for candidates for Public School Teachers (2nd and 3rd class) will be held in the Central School West, Ottawa, commencing on MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER at 2 p.m. The examination for First Class candidates will be held in the same place on TUESDAY, 26th DECEMBER, commencing at 9 a.m. Candidates must send to the Inspector as soon as possible certificates of good moral character, and inform him of the grade of certificate now held, and the grade of that for which they are making application.

JOHN McMILLAN, B. A. Secretary Examining Board

Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871. 1821wk; r3

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chast patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearies Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave us satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

THE SEASON COMMENCED

BULK OYSTERS.

Just Received H. M. ROBERTS' celebrated

BULK AND CAN OYSTERS,

$1.80 .....PER GALLON,

AT

The Italian Warehouse.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M., every morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871.

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES.

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs McJABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. 7

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

JUST ARRIVED,

New Crop Teas !

New Crop Teas!

—AT—

HARDY & BROS.,

238 WELLINGTON STREET.

It is fast becoming an established fact that the

TEAS

sold at HARDY & BROS. are the best anywhere to be had in the city, and having now added to our formerly large assortment of well selected Fall Stock of the

CHOICEST PICKINGS

in the market, we feel confident in calling particular attention to our large and varied stock consisting of Black, Green and Japan Teas of all grades.

WHISKIES.

Irish, Scotch, Rye and Proof Whiskies,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE,

☞ All warranted.

HARDY & BROS., 238 Wellington Street.

NEW FRUITS! NEW FRUITS!

NEW CURRANTS,
NEW VALENCIA RAISINS,
NEW MUSCATEL RAISINS,
NEW SULTANA RAISIN
NEW FIGS & FRUITS

of all kinds for the Holidays.

HARDY & BROS. 238 Wellington Street.

FISH,

Dry and Green Cods.

HERRINGS, NO. 1 LABRADOR, in barrels and half-barrels.

WHITE FISH in half-barrels and SALMON and MACKEREL.

All of First Quality.

On sale at

HARDY & BROS., 238 Wellington street.

Genuine Fruit Syrups

SUPERIOR QUALITY

LEMON SYRUP.
STRAWBERRY "
RASPBERRY "
SARSAPARILLA "
GINGER "

HARDY & BROS., 238 Wellington street.

☞ Stock at all times extensive and complete, and all goods warranted to give satisfaction.

HARDY & BROS., 238 Wellington street.

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1871

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND GO TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL.....$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over..... 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over..... 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND..... 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

L. A. GRIGNON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d' Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

☞ Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Vests
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

A LOT OF MONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CHARLES, Orignal, C. W.

1823dwtf

75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES,

Just Received—another lot of the

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CORBELL
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.: thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 29, 1871 1670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEE REMEDY AND PILLS, of the celebrated Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?!

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, False Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicines, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonee Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles $1 00
Pills per box 25

PULMONARY BALSAM
VEGETABLE — NONPOISONOUS
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 45 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
Sold by the Druggists
FOR COUGHS, COLDS &c.

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.
Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 3

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged:

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying purious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY
533, Oxford street, (c to 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

$1,000 AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His Church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that enter largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, *Prescott*, or London, Ontario.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents.
Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents.
Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1830tf

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ¾ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to
DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817delw1m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa
N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18, 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.
Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1905 2

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies.

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloureux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.

Spasms

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 32s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Gastrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c, 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vitalenergy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Rapbey, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1swky

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th Instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq, Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co
Omaha, Neb.

W. FOSTER & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE P.M. A.M.	DUE P.M. A.M.	DUE P.M. P.M.
.....	12:00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.30
.....	12 00	9-00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8 00	.....	4.30
9,00	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10 00	.....	.....
9,00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10,00	.....	.....
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.30
9-00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.		.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway		.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	10,00	.....	
9 30		3130	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1 30
9 30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the R. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	8,00	.....	
10,30	.....	6.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Quebec, by steamer, &c.		.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6 30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
8,00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.30	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11,30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 6 P.M.
For Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only prepaid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 18 1871.

MESSRS.

BATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J. J. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to testify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROCKLIN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or stamps. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconvenience, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble has we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
curabant of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
25 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

Pickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa May 4, 1871

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

MR E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

Medicines.

CARVICK'S CELEBRATED PREPARATION FOR THE TEETH AND GUMS

PREPARED ONLY BY

DENTISTS

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S

"SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S

CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S

ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S

WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S

OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S

ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box.

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which may not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.
May 11871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favorably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramp in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W H Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

DR. ROBERTS

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

(CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROFHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family opening, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
September 28, 1871. 39 6m

OTTAWA & MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the Stock Holders of the above named Company will be held at the ALBION HOTEL, on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, on

Monday, the Eleventh Day of Dec., A. D. 1871.

at half past Two of the Clock in the afternoon, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer.
Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w 39 3

OTTAWA & RUSSELL

ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER A D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company

Z WILSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w39 3

Legal.

GRACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—immediately opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. 43m

LEES & GREENHILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 4 9m JOHN J. GREENHILL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 485y

E. A. HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 344tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 399tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1368y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherston's Drug Store Residence 8

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence—Hull next the Post Office. 1735y

CHARLES MERCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street Ottawa.
W McLAY WRIGHT 12y F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House Ottawa.

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c, &c
Ottawa, May 1, 1871

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE,

BARRINGTON-STREET,

HALIFAX, NOVA SCOTIA,

Established 1851.

Permanent and transient boarders accommodated, and every attention paid to their comfort.
969y JOHN ROMANS, Proprietor.

BICKWICK HOUSE,
Corner James and King-sts.,
Opposite the Court House and Public Offices, ST. CATHARINES, Ont.
T. HOUGHTON, Proprietor,
(Late of Houghton's Dining Saloon.)

A spacious sample-room for commerc

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1828. OTTAWA, FRIDAY NOVEMBER 24 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $2.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
" " Pins,
4 " Cotton Hosiery,
" " Dark Prints,
3 Bales Grey Cottons,
2 " Forfars (expected still),
1 Case Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats,
" " Horrock's Skirtings
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS.

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
1 Bale Batting,
" Wadding,
300 MILLS'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " " Twilled Shootings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

Inspection Invited.

Ottawa, May 16, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

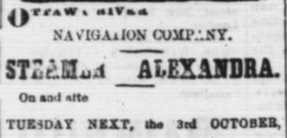
33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND.

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN Esq., or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.



OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4:30 p.m., arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	160 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
Total,	11,160

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE, at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my sample before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

38 tfNY SIMEON LEBEAU Agent.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild,

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

GIN—

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Fin Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to Order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov. 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Easton, Heney, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Toronto, November 1st, 1871.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lots, No. 28, 8th Concession (59 acres), No. 27, (82 acres), and No. 28 (100 acres), in the 9th Concession, in the TOWNSHIP OF STISTED, in the DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA, 241 acres, with a Mill Site thereon, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Department of Crown Lands, AT NOON, ON THE TWENTY-THIRD OF THIS MONTH, the Department reserving to itself the right to make one bid.

CONDITIONS:—One half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest.

The purchaser to erect within one year from the date of sale a good Saw Mill, with one Circular Saw, of sufficient capacity to cut 8,000 feet of boards per day; and, within two years, a Grist Mill, capable of manufacturing a sufficient quantity of good flour, to meet the requirements of settlers, the purchaser to have the right to the Timber on the land for the use of his Mill only.

The patent not to issue until two years after the date of sale, and the conditions have been complied with

THOS. H. JOHNSON,
1813td. *Assistant Commissioner.*

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky2m

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Fingland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS.

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov 10, 1871 1817m1

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont, Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE — *Eclectric* — Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

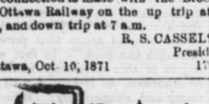
The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havelock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.30 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS.
President.

Ottawa, Oct 10, 1871 1791tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 2, 1871 1804 tf

THE "OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of M M Cartier & Pominville, Advocates, in No. 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816o3w

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED.

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Times Office, Ottawa.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BURNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism. Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling suppeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

WILKINSON'S SWORD NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS MANUFACTURERS OF EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER, &c. WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS 172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN	Saturday, 7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN.	" 14th "	"
HIBERNIAN	" 21st "	"
MORAVIAN	" 28th "	"
SARMATIAN	" 4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows:

CORINTHIAN, on or about	12th	Oct.
OTTAWA "	19th	"
ST. DAVID "	26th	"
ST. ANDREW "	2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents "Sparkes."

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES.....J James, do.
NIGER.....W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN.... " 19th "
MEDWAY.. " 2nd Nov.
THAMES... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
Or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at the Water Works of the Parliament and Departmental Buildings, City Gas Works, Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills, A. Fleck's Foundry &c., &c.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,

Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 20, 1871 y

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m, 7:10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

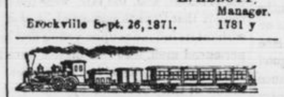
Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO PORTLAND, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH:

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa	at 9:30	A.M
" 4 Express " "	12:45	P.M
" 6 Accommodation " "	10:20	A.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars "	10:00	P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M., every Morning—Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6.15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 33,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1716 1m

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Mr. Francis Jones, M.P.,

will be happy to meet his friends and the public generally, at the following times and places, for the discussion of Political and other subjects, viz.:

Hickston, Monday, Dec 4, at 6 o'clock p.m.
Oxford Mills, Tuesday, Dec 5 at 6 o'clock, p.m.
Patterson's Corners, Wednesday, Dec 6, at 6 o'clock p m.
Bishop's Mills, Thursday, Dec 7, at 6 o'clock p m.
Easton's Corners, Friday, Dec 8, at 6 o'clock p m.
Toledo, Saturday, Dec 9, at 3 o'clock p m.
Frankville, Saturday, Dec 9 at 6 o'clock pm.
Lake Eloida, Monday, Dec 11, at 6 o'clock p m.
Lombard's Corners, Tuesday, December 12 at 6 o'clock p m.
Merrickville, Wednesday, Dec 13, at 6 o'clock p m.
Burrit's Rapids, Thursday Dec 14, at 6 o'clock p m.

Opposing Candidates, if any, Requested to Attend

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN,

November 14, 1871 1826 3_3d 3

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Last Trip of Steamers—R S Cassels.
Teachers Wanted—John McKercher.
M & O Junction Railway.
To Builders and Contractors—G E Elliott.
The Wisconsin Concert.
Coco-Glycerine.
Dancing and Maintien.

The Ottawa Times.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 24, 1871.

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

The Ottawa correspondent of the Toronto *Globe* telegraphs that errors have been discovered in the compilation of the Quebec Census. We find on enquiry that this statement is entirely untrue. We believe the mode of checking that has been employed in the compilation has been such as to prevent the possibility of error.

MONTREAL AND OTTAWA CITY JUNCTION RAILWAY.

We have received a copy of Mr. Legge's report on the survey of this important line of railway. Those who are acquainted with Mr. Legge and with his thorough theoretical and practical knowledge of all things connected with railway engineering, will not be "surprised to learn" that it is a very comprehensive one and is in all its details complete and easy to understand.

On more than one occasion we have referred, as we have considered it our duty to do, to the great importance of this railway project. We know of none which, so far as our judgement goes, is more likely to exercise an immediate influence upon the prosperity of this city than it. The interests of Montreal and Ottawa, the political and commercial capitals of the Dominion, are identical in this matter and both should work and act together according to their means.

We shall at an early day refer to this subject again. At present we cannot do better than furnish our readers with an extract from the descriptive portion of Mr. Legge's very comprehensive report:—

The proposed line "says the report" leaves the Grand Trunk Railway 1,300 feet west of the station, at Copeau Landing, and from thence it runs in a straight course for a distance of eight miles, or on a line about midway between the Villages of St. Polycarpe on the left, and St. Justine on the right, entering the Parish of Newton on the farm of Francis Ouimet, and forms a junction with the second branch road, which leaves the Grand Trunk Railway at River Rouge Station, running from thence, in a straight line, through the Parish of Soulanges, crossing the southern corner of the Parish of Newton, and entering the adjoining Parish of Longueuil; a total length to its point of junction with the Coteau branch of about nine and one-half miles.

From thence onward, the joint line passes through the western corner of the Parish of Newton, skirting the western slope of the St. Justine Hill, about one and one-half mile from that village, and curving northerly, crosses the road between the 4th and 5th Concessions, passing over Lots 3, 2, 1, and letter A in the 1st Concession of Lochiel, it crosses the Alexandria Road between the 1st and 2nd Concessions of that Township, and enters the south-west corner of J. Fraser's farm, there curving southerly, it proceeds westerly, parallel with, but about six hundred feet north of the Alexandria Road, to Lot No. 33. From this point, by easy curves, the line is carried in a north-westerly direction, intersecting the Military Road between Lots 37 and 38 on the northern limits of the Village of Alexandria.

This place is one of the points selected for connection, and is a flourishing village, with a population of about 800 souls. It is the centre of a large local trade and possesses a considerable amount of water power, a portion being utilized for several mills and factories but with a surplus easily available for additional manufacturing establishments.

Before proceeding further with the description, it may be well to refer to attempts made to straighten the line near the Province Boundary.

From a point opposite the Village of St. Justine, a route was explored in the direction of Lot No. 8, in the second Concession of Lochiel. A survey of the intervening country was abandoned when it was discovered that extensive cuttings of over fifty feet in depth were encountered. A second attempt to shorten the line, after entering the Province of Ontario, was abandoned for a like reason, and it therefore, became necessary, in order to avoid very heavy work, to carry it into the 2nd Concession of Lochiel on the track indicated.

An exploration along the rear of the 2nd Concession of Lochiel was also made, with the view of carrying the railway more northerly, or in a more central course through that Township. Leaving the surveyed line at J. Fraser's, and striking to the rear of the Concession, a very level route can be had, but principally through timber land. If this line curve south, for the purpose of coming into Alexandria, it will be about three-quarters of a mile longer than by the one in front; and, if we suppose that in the rear to continue straight on and intersect the one surveyed on Lot 4, in Kenyon, it will still be one-quarter of a mile longer than its rival, and at the same time, nearly three-quarters of a mile from the village. The front line, to a considerable extent, passes through cleared country, and saves the expense of clearing and grubbing; this on the rear will be considerable. The track in front also cuts through fine gravel hills of great value for ballasting; while, on the rear, as it passes over level ground, and of an earthy character, the ballast would probably require to be brought from the front. As the branch line to Hawkesbury passes through the back Concession of Lochiel, that section of the Township will be served by it to a great extent.

Taking everything therefore in consideration, it is thought that public interests, as well as those of the road and of the through traffic, will be best considered by placing the Railway as indicated on the plan.

Returning to Alexandria, we resume the description of the course followed:

Curving slightly to the north, the line passes into the Township of Kenyon, and proceeds in a north-westerly direction through Concessions 3, 4, 5 and 6, passing in its course about one-fourth of a mile north of the Town Hall. It then enters the Indian Lands on the 18th Concession, crosses the 19th and south-west corner of the 20th Concession, about one-fifth of a mile south of the Congregational Church, and striking the south-west corner of the 8th Concession, Roxborough, thence in a north-westerly direction over the 9th and 10th Concessions, it enters and crosses the rear west corner of the Township of South Plantagenet and the Gore of Roxborough, coming into the Township of Cambridge, at the 6th Concession, traversing it in a westerly course, and crossing the Nation River at a point about nine hundred feet above the High Falls.

An improvement in the course of the line may be made from the boundary between Indian Lands and Roxborough, by continuing in a direct course from that point, southerly to Lot 13, in the 9th Concession of Roxborough, and from thence to a junction with the surveyed line at High Falls, in case no difficulties are encountered, which can only be ascertained by instrumental examination.

The place selected for bridging this river is considered to be a very favourable one, and was adopted, after very considerable examination below the Falls had demonstrated that, owing to deep gullies to be crossed, no cheap line could be had in that direction.

The High Falls, or Casselman, is also a point, which, both in the interests of the road and surrounding country, should be touched by the rail. At this place, we find a very considerable water power, caused by the passage of the Nation River over a fall of forty-five feet in a short distance. This power is now partially used, but could be so to a much greater extent.

It is in contemplation by the Ontario Government to construct a feeder, leading from the River St. Lawrence, below Prescott, into this stream, so as greatly to increase the flow of water. With this improvement in operation, the available power at High Falls will be much augmented, and the manufacturing establishments it would call into existence, in connection with the Railway, will create much freight.

At the present time, about 2,000,000 feet of lumber are cut per annum, and sent to Montreal, by rafts, *via* the Nation and Ottawa rivers. With the road in operation, Colonel Casselman informs me, he will be prepared to saw 4,000,000 feet per annum, and transport the same to market by rail.

For a distance of eight miles above the Falls there is navigation in slack water while for a length of thirty-two miles below, or to the far-famed Plantagenet Springs, the same thing obtains with great depth. Indeed, it is now in contemplation, to place a small steamer on this long reach during the summer months making it a pleasant route for tourists or invalids in going to or leaving that place of resort. It would also prove a good feeder for the Railway in the conveyance of freight to the depot from the country bordering on the river.

With these facilities for traffic in operation, and the increased manufacturing operations resulting therefrom, together with the centrality of the position in a country possessing a rich and fertile soil, it does not require much prophetic knowledge to predict for Casselman a prosperous future, and as such it will prove a valuable adjunct to the Railway.

In view of these considerations, it was thought desirable to deviate slightly from the air line in a southerly direction; thereby avoiding a considerable number of gullies, that would have been encountered had the line followed a more northerly course.

From the Nation River, the line still pursues a westerly direction through the 5th and 6th Concession, and enters the Township of Russell on Lot No. 10, in the 10th Concession, where it curves to the left, and runs to a point about one and three-quarter miles north of Duncanville, having passed over Concessions 10, 9, 8, 7, 6, 5, 4 and 3. At the intersection of the side road between Lots 15 and 16, near the boundary road of the 2nd and 3rd Concessions, the line turns to the right and heads in a direct course for Ottawa City, passing through Concessions 2 and 1, and entering the Township of Osgoode, near the division line between Lots 8 and 9, in the 10th Concession, crossing, in its direct course, the western Lots, and striking the south-east corner of Lot 4, Concession 9, of the adjoining Township of Gloucester.

From this point, the line, still proceeding in a direct course, passes over Concessions 8, 7, 6, 5, 4 and 3, meets the intersection of the west side road, Lot 27, with that between the 2nd and 3rd Concessions, afterwards crossing Lot 13 and intervening Lots to No 8, it curves to the left, and crosses the "St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway" on a level, striking the Rideau River at the Rifle Ranges, and, inclining slightly to the left, passes over the Rideau Canal at a high level, to obviate a swing bridge, and enters the City of Ottawa on the line of Biddy Street, or at Cartier Square, a central point where a grand Union Depot may be placed, and an easy connection obtained with the Canada Central, or any other road entering the City.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphites and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evils the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London 41509 1v

COCO-GLYCERINE removes dandruff

THE CANADIAN "BATTLE OF DORKING."

BY A CONVERTED GRIT.

You ask me to tell you my children something of that great struggle which occurred here in the year 1872 and resulted in the complete overthrow of that political party with which I as a young man was allied, and in the fortunes of which I took so deep an interest. Old as I now am—and though more than a quarter of a century has elapsed since the events to which you allude took place, it is not an agreeable task for me to recall the errors and misfortunes of my youth, but inasmuch as the story may be of use to you and may serve to warn you against forgetting patriotism and the welfare of your country for party's sake, I will endeavour, as briefly as I can, to give you an outline of what then transpired.

As you are aware, from what you have read in history, the various provinces which now comprise this great Dominion were at the first disunited, and although all owing allegiance to the Throne of England, were not possessed of one central Government as now. We had then no railroads West of Sarnia; the great Pacific railway which now traverses the continent had scarcely been thought of; Ottawa had not more than 20,000 inhabitants instead of nearly 100,000 as at present; Manitoba and the flourishing provinces which lie West of it were uninhabited save by a few trappers and roving bands of Indians, and of all the towns and cities which now are seen upon the banks of the Saskatchawan and Assiniboine rivers not one existed. Up to the time of Confederation one great misfortune of this country had been, that its people were divided by bitter hostility arising out of certain political questions to settle which was one of the great objects of the proposed Union. So soon as Confederation was accomplished Sir John Macdonald (whose name you my children have all been taught to love and venerate as that of one who did more than any other man to establish the prosperity which we now enjoy,) declared that the old questions which were now settled should no longer be debated, and that Canadian parties in future must be based upon the living issues of the present and future. Then it was that my troubles commenced, and those evil deeds of which I have repented with so much sorrow were perpetrated by me and others like me. At that time there lived in Ontario, the same Province where I resided, a man named George Brown who had attained some prominence as a party leader, but who, though not altogether devoid of courage and ability, was cursed by a spirit of personal ambition and envy which worked much evil in Canada for the time. He was the proprietor and chief editor of a daily paper then published in Toronto, called the *Globe*. You can, if you wish, see a few copies of this atrocious sheet which are still preserved as curiosities in the Ontario Museum. At that time, however, it had a large circulation, and as it was filled day after day with the most wrecthed calumnies and misrepresentations against the men whom I afterwards learnt, alas, too late, were the truest friends that Canada possessed, it was not without its influence upon young and inexperienced men, who like myself were foolish enough to believe its utterances. By means of this sheet and by continual appeals to the prejudices of former times, Mr. Brown managed to delude too many of us, and induced us to unite under his leadership in an attack upon those able and patriotic men, who were wearing out the best years of their lives and taxing their energies to the utmost, in order to promote the welfare of the Dominion. Men who had in former times held the same opinions as Mr. Brown upon questions which had been for ever settled, were assailed in the bitterest manner possible if they did not unite with him now in an onslaught upon Sir John Macdonald and his colleagues. Our leader sent his recruiting sergeants, Blake, Mackenzie, and Joe Rymal, far and wide throughout Ontario beating up for recruits, and while the two former bewildered the people with long speeches of which they could understand little, and which were in fact only intended to mystify them,—the latter excited their mirth by his ribald jokes. Stories of the most disgraceful character were from time to time invented and put into circulation respecting the objects of Mr. Brown's dislike, and a spy was kept at Ottawa for the express purpose of manufacturing stories and telegraphing them through the country as though they were facts. The people were invited to believe that the men to whom they had trusted the reins of office were "howling dervishes," "resuscitated mummies," "worn out debauchees," "swindlers," "Corruptionists" and the like. I quote these terms of opprobrium as among those which were most popular among the ranks of the "Grits" (as we were called) at the time. When I look back now and call to mind all the absurd and childish stories by which we were beguiled, I sigh to think that I could ever have been led astray by them, and never cease to wonder that so many of the people of this country should have listened to and believed them. But it is impossible to calculate the amount of harm which may be done, even in an intelligent community, by an ambitious demagogue who scruples at nothing and has at his command abundant facilities for the dissemination of false stories and ideas. Let this my dear children be a warning to you and if ever there should arise in the land a man who like him of whom I speak lures you to destruction for his own bad purposes, remember the events of 1872 and avoid him as you would one of those rattlesnakes of which you have heard me speak, and which in my younger days used to be found in Canada.

Time passed on and it at length became evident that a great struggle was approaching. On both sides were heard the sounds of preparation. More frequently than ever did Brown and his two followers Mackenzie and Blake, now promoted to the rank of Lieut. Generals under him, pass through our ranks inspecting us and imploring us to "stand firm." Our organization was better than that of the enemy in many respects. The "sinews of war" were not wanting, Mr. Brown himself having subscribed the sum of $100 for the purpose of corrupting the people of Toronto and inducing them to act contrary to their convictions. Advances were made to a certain party in Nova Scotia with whom we had formerly been "at daggers drawn," and who were pledged if possible to destroy the Union which we desired to see successful and to sever our connection with the Mother Country which we hoped to see maintained. Some of us murmured a little at this, but Mr. Brown declared it must be, and threatened to "read any man out of the party" who dared to say a word. Party discipline prevailed, and much to our disgust we presently found ourselves forming in line with these Anti Union Annexationists. Nor was this all. At that time there lived in the Province of Quebec, persons who, although at that time there were only 3,500,000 persons in the Dominion instead of more than ten times that number as at present, desired that we should declare ourselves "independent," their real object being to betray the country into the hands of the Americans. We in Ontario saw through their scheme and distrusted them accordingly, but inasmuch as these "Independents" offered to take up arms against Sir John Macdonald and his Government, we were forced to receive them into our camp and to salute their officers as though they were our own. All this was very galling as you may imagine, but so thoroughly had we been impaled upon, and so much did we dread the crack of Brown's whip, for he did not hesitate to apply the lash pretty severely at times, that few of us had the spirit to rebel.

The contest commenced with some skirmishing in Ontario, in which both sides claimed the victory, but, which, as events turned out, resulted advantageously to the enemy. About this time Brown had recourse to a scheme which was characteristic of the man, and certainly was entitled to credit for its impudence and originality. For many years, in fact ever since he had taken any part in political affairs, it had been his custom to abuse and insult all persons who belonged to the Roman Catholic faith. He was never tired of making game of them, their religion, and of the members of their priesthood, and, indeed one of his charges against Sir John Macdonald had always been that he was too much inclined to show favour to the Roman Catholics. You my children who knew nothing of this man Brown and can form no conception of his trickery and unscrupulous impudence, will be startled when I tell you, that he wrote a letter to the Roman Catholics of Ontario inviting them to join his ranks, and assuring them that although for years past he had done nothing but villify them and stir up public prejudice against them, he was at heart their friend and desirous of serving them. A few of them believed him, and formed themselves into a League which by a general order was incorporated with our army. A majority of them however refused to kiss the hand that had so long been smiting them, and treated Brown and his officers with scorn and contempt.

At length the day of battle came. The sun rose brightly and serenely, and before the morning dew had passed away the strains of martial music filled the air as the various divisions took their respective positions. The key of our position was held by us Ontario Grits, commanded by Mackenzie and Blake, who acted under the immediate supervision of Brown who had made himself general in chief. On our left was the Quebec "Independent" corps, while again to the left of it were the Annexationists of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, commanded by Anglin, Annand, and Jones. One of our great difficulties arose from the fact that we had not been able to agree upon a battle cry, or a device for our colours, and the natural result was that many of us did not know what we were fighting for. However, General Brown told us that when we made a charge we were to shout "Down with the Coalition," a Coalition being the name for those who having been formerly opposed to one another, had now forgotten old differences and united together in the cause of Union. There was no difficulty in ascertaining what our foes were fighting for. The old Union Jack, beneath which our Nova Scotia allies had refused to march, was seen flying all along their ranks, while from every division, brigade and regiment, rang out the cry of "UNION AND PROGRESS."

The fighting commenced early in the day and soon became general. At first everything seemed to be going on well with us, and I for one believed that we should win the day. How shall I describe the fierce tumult of the scene! The shouts, the oaths, and execrations which were heard upon our side, mingling with the loud "hurrahs" of our opponents, as each party struggled manfully by the weight of numbers to hoist its leaders up to the top of the "polls," as the elevated position was called which it was the object of both armies to carry. The "infernal machines" invented by General Brown himself and his Ottawa spy, and manufactured in the *Globe* arsenal, were principally intended to be used against Sir John Macdonald and his staff, and were expected to do great execution. They proved to be miserable failures however, firing very wildly and generally doing more execution among our own ranks than among those of the enemy. The Unionists on the contrary whose weapons we had despised, and whose organization we had been disposed to sneer at as miserably defective, to our great astonishment came into action provided with excellent weapons and the best of ammunition. One large breech loader in particular which was constantly being loaded almost to the muzzle with "facts," a kind of ammunition the use of which we had never attempted, did fearful execution in our ranks. A battery of *mitrailleuse* which we had forged out of materials brought from Manitoba was taken from us early in the day and was turned against us. Several of our leaders fell hopelessly wounded towards noon and were carried to the rear, and I noticed to my dismay that our ranks were becoming disordered. Then came the rumour that our Quebec and Nova Scotian allies were giving way on all sides, that the Union division belonging to the former province was advancing in solid phalanx, that the Union forces from Manitoba and British Columbia were coming down upon us, that in fact we were out flanked on both side and that the day was lost! Then we heard a great shout go up from the ranks of the Union army, and, resistless as a wave of the sea, we saw their whole line advance! Never shall I forget the agony of that moment. For a few seconds only we struggled manfully, though fully impressed with the conviction that all was lost, and then we broke on all sides, General Brown himself leading the retreat. Never was overthrow more complete than ours. In every part of the field the Union forces carried the day. The enemy treated us generously and kindly, and an amnesty was granted to all those who, expressing regret for their past crimes against the State, would enlist beneath the banner of the Union. Many of our best men did so and have since attained to positions of trust and honor. But George Brown steadfastly refused to acknowledge himself beaten, and for some time maintained a sort of predatory warfare. At last however,—but I need not harrow up your feelings by describing his ultimate fate. As for me, rendered nearly imbecile by the quantity of mental poison with which I had been regularly drugged so long, and with my constitution destroyed by the bad whiskey I had been compelled to drink during the campaign, for some time I sank into a condition of almost total idiocy. From this at length I rallied by slow degrees to find myself a prematurely old man, a sort of political Rip Van Winkle. You, my children, are now enjoying some of the glorious results which have sprang from the Union triumph gained over the Grits in the year 1872. Had we triumphed then, had we been able to compel the people of Canada to sacrifice their best interests and all their hopes of progress in the coming time for the sake of party and a party cry, you would not be blessed as you are today with the prosperity which crowns your industry and rewards your toil. My course is well nigh over, the sands of my life are nearly all run out, and as I look back with poignant regret upon the wicked and unpatriotic part I was persuaded to play in 1872, my only comfort is derived from the knowledge that we were defeated, and that the friends of Union and progress so signally triumphed over us. I trust that my sincere regret for the folly of my earlier days, and the fact that I did not sin wilfully, but was duped by Brown, may be accepted as some palliation for my fault, and that you my children will not think unkindly of me when I am gone.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 23rd.—The indisposition of the Prince of Wales still continues. His physicians still think the symptoms are those of typhoid fever. He passed an uncomfortable night, and this morning his case shows no sign of improvement.

FRANCE.

Late advices state that the French Government has drawn up a bill, to be introduced into the House, for the exile of the Imperial family. Entry into French territory is interdicted to every member of the Imperial family, and no member of the Imperial family is to be elected to any public function whatever.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 23.—The *Herald's* Washington special says that the Grand Duke Alexis bears a high reputation at home as a statesman and accomplished diplomatist, he has a thorough knowledge of the policy of the Russian empire, and is charged with a mission of an important and delicate character to our Government, being nothing less than a proposal for an alliance offensive and defensive between the two nations. The Russian Government believe that President Grant will favor such an alliance. An European war is apprehended, and Russia believes that with the active aid of the United States, or assisted by an extensive privateering fleet, under Russian letters of marque, she could defy all Europe. Duke Alexis is prepared to offer an alliance to President Grant, comprehensive in its character, and looking to future operations on a gigantic scale in Asia as well, and co-operation is at present anticipated.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 23.—The Grand Duke will be received here by the President and Ministers just the same as Prince Arthur, between whom and the Prince of Wales, as heir apparent a distinction was drawn.

MR. DRAPEAU'S ADDRESS AT THE INSTITUTE.

The following very eloquent address was delivered at the opening seance at the Canadian Institute on Wednesday evening by the President, Mr. Drapeau. The speaker was frequently interrupted by loud applause. The address did not appear in yesterday's issue owing to want of space.

I.

My Lord, Ladies and Gentlemen,—To borrow the language of a great and brilliant writer, "How beautiful, great and salutary, the idea which brings us together in this place! Within these walls everything speaks to the heart and from amid the aspirations evoked arises that pure joy which refreshes the soul!" In fact what is the object of this ravishing festival, so full of emotions, so freighted with sweet harmony and songs of joy? Wherefore, this display of flags and banners, side by side with that national ensign, within whose folds are treasured so many deeds of heroism, so many claims to immortality? Why those splendid legends written upon our walls—recalling in fitting language to the minds of those present the duties which are commanded by religion and patriotism? And this superb effulgence of light, supplied by industry and art—to illuminate the decorations of our temple of study—chanting in its own language of flame the praises and fecundity of the human mind? And that general radiance which overspreads this audience to-night and makes the scene before me so inspiring and gratifying—what is it?

Ah, I understand it all. This is the feast of Letters and the Fine Arts! Banquet full of charms, where the useful and the agreeable meet hand in hand, and fill the soul of man with that love of knowledge and enthusiasm of application which embellish the mind while humanizing the heart!

In the literary course which begins this evening poetry, history, literature, the sciences and the arts will succeed each other at regular intervals; each in turn illustrating the marvels and grandeur of creation, and aiding to enkindle in the human mind that sublime spark of faith, hope and patriotic sentiment, which distinguishes the men of good.

What more pleasing, in fact, than the study of that history, which reveals to us the heroism of those intrepid missionaries who first unfurled the standard of civilization and faith amid the sombre forests of Canada!

The annals of those heroic times teach us also, that it was those missionaries who trained the early French settlers of this country, from whom we are descended, and at the recital of their trials and sufferings, who does not feel impelled to kneel at their glorious tombs, thence to obtain the courage and strength necessary in the fulfilment of the fine and noble mission which they left us? namely, to preserve intact the institutions founded at the cost of so many trials and sacrifices, and to love and serve, nay, to die for our country, even, should it be necessary!

In like manner our hearts swell with pride at the recital of the deeds of our ancestors, whether we see them founding cities and homesteads, or, animated by that thrill of patriotism which makes heroes, we behold them flying to defend their soil under the shadow of a flag already dyed with the blood of so many illustrious personages.

Then it is that the Canadian may sing in proud accents and with all the fervor of which his soul is capable, the beautiful lines of Isidore Bedard,

"Canadian soil, O cherished land,
"Whose bounds by heroes peopled were;"

yes, the oftener we read her history, as is so well said by a young writer of merit, the better do we love our country, with its glorious martyrs, its great bishops, its immortal colonists, and its valiant soldiers.

III.

Without further evoking the past, let me express to you ladies and gentlemen, and that under the influence of emotion which I find it difficult to control—how attractive to me is the spectacle afforded this evening by the presence here in such numbers of the industrial and working classes of Ottawa. And let me add that this demonstration of your sympathy for the Canadian Institute does you the greatest honor, for it measures the value of your patriotic support of a national work, while illustrating your desire for useful knowledge.

Gentlemen, let us not forget that genius is to be found in every rank and condition of life, and that we have all need to work and acquire the knowledge necessary for our occupation. It is by ministering to this necessity that the Canadian Institute may become a great tree, which, by the vigor and sap of its trunk, the extent of its branches, and the freshness of its foliage, shall disseminate, in the family circle the taste for good and agreeable reading, and among the young respectfulness, admiration for sound teaching love of industry and the arts, and all that which may develop those qualities of the heart which distinguish the true and honest citizen.

A marked example of pure flame of patriotism recently been given towards Institute, by a man of exalted position and highly versed in statesmanship and the study of political economy. Inspired by that sacred zeal which enobles his truly national character, and with marks of esteem and gratitude that honor in an eminent degree this institution, this truly great Canadian has authorized us to inscribe his name on our register of active membership. This great and patriotic Canadian is the Hon. Sir George Etienne Cartier!

From this fact it will be seen that the sun of prosperity shines at this moment with marked brilliancy upon our Institute; and let us hope that its rays will not be withdrawn until every French Canadian residing in Ottawa has been enrolled in its membership.

My Lord Bishop, permit me to recall to mind here the eloquent words addressed by your Lordship to the members of the Institute on the occasion of our inaugurating the Literary Course of last winter. Your Lordship then said:—"By strengthening the Institute, by supporting its efforts, you perform a good and beautiful action. Therefore, I earnestly ask you to attend these soirees which we are inaugurating this evening. Make it a point to belong to this Institute and to encourage it."

This kind appeal, my Lord, then addressed to an audience consisting of about a hundred members and their families, reached the public heart and contributed to swell the members' roll of the Institute to the number of 170 during the course then opened. And I am sure, my Lord, you will learn with interest and satisfaction that to-night the Canadian Institute of Ottawa numbers above 400 active members, thanks to the exalted patronage extended towards it, and to the zeal of its promoters during the year,

IV.

During last winter the Institute appealed to the generous aid of persons whose gifts and talents were so highly appreciated by the members; and I am happy to be able to state that the same kind assistance will be afforded during the present season, as well on the part of those ladies and gentlemen who cultivate music as on the part of those excellent amateurs whose dramatic performances lent such eclat to last year's course.

The gentlemen invited to lecture have also, for the most part, promised to lend their valuable assistance; and everything leads to the belief that the labours of this year will prove both agreeable and profitable to the persons attending the literary course of our family circle.

Therefore, ladies and gentlemen, beginning with this evening the hall of the Institute will be open each Wednesday to members if provided with a ticket of admission; and all these entertainments during four months are to be gratuitous, with the exception of a few public nights which are to be organized and given for the benefit of the Institute.

And from all this we may fairly hope, ladies and gentlemen, that our efforts will be crowned with success, and that the elements of intellectual progress which are being developed in our midst with so much promise will have the result of stimulating our ardour and leading a larger portion of persons to more thoughtful study.

That beautiful language of France which was planted on this soil in the beginning of the seventeenth century by her intrepid colonists, gave birth to French Canadian nationality. And to-day that nationality is mistress of its destiny, and may pursue in peace, within the circles of its own aspirations and impulses, the sublime mission of intellectual, artistic and scientific development, which constitutes the higher glory of every people.

Ireland, land of generous hearts, though forced to struggle daily for the preservation of the few noble relics of past institutions so dear to her, presents to the gaze of an astonished world her quota of vigor and serious effort in the culture of letters and defence of the immortable principles of her religious faith.

England and Scotland, whose genius for commercial and industrial pursuits can not be denied, offers also to our gaze illustrious names which reflect a large share of glory on their respective nations.

Italy, though paralysed and stupified by the bleeding sorrows of that afflicted land, still she is floods of light from her genius and artistic culture; still leads the the schools of art and science.

France, almost without a government and in chains, still maintains amid her misfortunes the first rank in letters, science and art, and reflects even to these shores, rays of her poetic fire which have given birth in our midst to some choice of Canadian art and native beauty.

And as to Canada, constituted as it is of various peoples, it may fairly found solid hopes upon the efforts which are being made within its limits from the Atlantic to the Pacific. The races which now commingle and commemorate Wolfe and Montcalm, whom a common glory and mutual death have placed side by side in the same tomb, cannot fail to perpetuate and reproduce the traditions and intellectual triumphs of their respective countries; and to diffuse over the Dominion, in the calm of Peace and Justice, those lights derived from study and reflection, which shall be for all mankind as the rainbow of harmony or the aurora of a brilliant future.

DOMINION NOTES.

The people of Halton has voted $75,000 to aid the Credit Valley Railway.

There is a man in Belleville who claims to be so well posted on the sweet sound of railway whistles that he can distinguish the number of any freight engine run on the section by the peculiarity of its whistle.

A lot of disbanded volunteers are airing their grievances through the newspapers.

The conductors on the Grand Trunk who have hitherto had their headquarters in Brantford are under orders to remove to Stratford.

The Montreal *Gazette* says;—"A pink envelope, subscribed in a lady's handwriting, has just passed through the post, addressed to some cavalier at "Robert Caygeon, Ontario." The presumption is that that fair lady's note is intended for the village in the County of Victoria, vulgarly named Bobcaygeon, and the letter has been so forwarded, but the maidenly delicacy in shrinking from the Bob forming the initial syllable of this interesting locality cannot be too much admired.

The dead body of an infant was found on Nelson street, Montreal, with an ugly scar across the forehead. It was found by some women, at 8 o'clock, and was probably placed there during the night. The affair is in the hands of the police, who are endeavoring to trace out the unnatural parent.

REGENT HOUSE.

Jouvin Double Button Kid Gloves.
Extra Quality in Black and all Colours.

Just Received—another lot of the
75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES,
SPLENDID VALUE—GREAT DEMAND.

New Millinery.
New Costumes.
New Mantles.
New Shawls
New Fancy Dress Goods.
New Costume Cloth.
New Satines all colours.
New French Merinos.
New Velveteens.
New Hosiery.
New Fancy Woollen Goods.
New Clouds.

Will open to-day one case VELVET RIBBONS black and coloured in all widths.

REGENT HOUSE
30, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1871. SINCLAIR, STITT & CO. 1801y

Have you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is a specific remedy, and is also the best pain killer in the world.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

No toilet table should be without COCO-GLYCERINE, 25 cents per bottle.

We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders given to such stock occasionally during the winter would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN, whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 92 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully this morning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

" (*To be Continued*)

Sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

DIED.

At Ottawa, of croup, on the 23rd inst., at the age of 4 years and 10 months, Agnes Evaleen, youngest daughter of Mr. John O'Reilly.

The funeral will take place from her father's residence, Church street, on Sunday, 26th inst., at 3 o'clock p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

At Waterford Farm, Gloucester, on Wednesday, the 22nd inst., Mrs. William Graham, aged 36 years, widow of the late William Graham.

The funeral will take place on to-day Friday, at 2 o'clock, p.m., from her late residence to the place of interment, Sandy Hill. Friends are respectfully requested to attend without further notice.

THIS EVENING.

Dancing and Maintien.

Mr. Andrews classes are now open in Gowan's Hall, and meet every Tuesday and Friday.

JUVENILES at 5 p.m.; ADULTS at 8 p.m.

P. O. Box 15
or HOUSE, New Edinburgh.
Ottawa, Sept. 8, 71. 1780

MONTREAL & CITY OF OTTAWA
JUNCTION RAILWAY

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors of this Company, Stock Books will be opened on Friday, the 1st December, 1871, at the following places, viz:

In the city of Montreal at the Ontario Bank.

In the city of Ottawa, at the office of E McGillivray, Esq.

In the village of Alexandria, at the office of D A Macdonald, Esq., M. P.

By order,

W BRISTOW,
Secretary.
Lancaster Nov 18, 1871 1828 2a

THE WISCONSIN CONCERT,
SCENIC AND IN CHARACTER.

The Lady and Gentlemen Amateurs of Ottawa beg to announce that a Concert in Aid of the Sufferers by the Great Fires which lately swept through the North Western States will take place on

Tuesday Evening, 5th December Next,

IN THE

Rink Music Hall.

This Concert in aid of the sufferers of the North Western States, amongst whom so many of our countrymen who had settled in those parts are now destitute and suffering for want of food, shelter, and fuel, will offer a great attraction to the Public besides the inducement of doing a charitable action. The Lady and Gentlemen Amateurs of Ottawa having gone to the trouble of getting up Expensive and Brilliant Costumes, and rehearsing the acting of the different Musical pieces as described in the following Programme, trust that a numerous audience will crown their efforts with success.

PROGRAMME.

PART FIRST.

Overture of "The Somnambula," by Gowan's Orchestra, and Chorus by Twenty Amateurs.

SOLO.

"Sounds so Joyful".....From the same Opera By a lady in the character of Lisa.

SOLO.

"While this heart its joy revealing," sung by a lady in the character of Amina.

DUO.

"Take now this Ring," sung by Amina and a gentleman in the character of Elvino.

SOLO.

"As I view these Scenes so charming.....From the same Opera.....By a gentleman in the character of Rodolpho.

The assembly will repeat the Opening Chorus in Piedmontese peasant dresses between each of the above pieces.

SOLO.

"Largo al Factotum".....From Rosini's Il Barbiere. ....By a gentleman in the character of Figaro.

DUO.

From "La Fille du Regiment".....Donizetti .....By a lady as La Vivandiere, and a gentleman as the old Sergeant of the Regiment.

PART SECOND

Overture and Chorus of "La Dame Blanche,"..... Boildieu ....By the Orchestra and Am

LOCAL NEWS.

Canadian coins, counterfeit, are said to be in circulation.

Odd Fellows.—An Odd Fellows Lodge has been organized in Ottawa.

A New sidewalk is being laid in front of Mr. Roberts' block, Rideau street.

New Trial.—A new trial has been granted in the case of the Corporation vs. G. H. Preston.

The weather yesterday was clear and bracing. The roads are said to be in good condition for sleighing were there sufficient snow.

Police Court, Thursday.—There was only one case for trial this morning; a young woman charged with being drunk and disorderly on the public streets was fined $5 and costs or three weeks in gaol.

Union Forwarding Co.—By reference to our advertisements elsewhere it will be seen that the steamers "Jessie Cassels," "Prince Arthur," and "Sir John Young," will make their last trip of the season on Saturday, 25th inst.

Protestant Hospital.—The Board of Managers of the Protestant Hospital have decided to erect a new building to be used solely for the accommodation of patients afflicted with infectious and contagious diseases. This is a very good resolve and we hope the erection of the building will be delayed as little as possible.

The Market.—There was a small market yesterday:—

Pork was up in price and sold at from $6.00 to 6.50.

Beef remains the same.

Mutton 7cts. to 8cts. per pound.

Fresh Eggs sold for 20cts. a dozen.

Butter 17cts. to 20cts. per pound.

Oats 37cts. to 38cts. per bushel.

Wood scarce and sold at from $3 to 4.50 per cord.

Money to Lend.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

Escape of Gas.—One of the men engaged in digging the drain on Rideau street last evening ignited escaping gas whilst he was in the act of lighting his pipe. It is well known that gas has been escaping about that locality for some time, but the waste was not considered to be so serious as it really is. It issued from the ground about two feet from the surface, and from the side of the excavation for the drain. The flame covered a space of over a foot in width, and the gas seemed to make its way through the hard earth in a plentiful stream. It is difficult to say how many thousand feet of gas has escaped in this locality during the last few months and it is still more difficult to say who have been saddled with the cost of the company's carelessness.

COCO-GLYCERINE is delightfully perfumed.

ST. PATRICK'S HALL READINGS.

An excellent programme opened the series of readings to be given during the Winter at St. Patrick's Hall. Last Winter and the Winter previous, the weekly entertainments of this kind in St. Patrick's Hall, were deservedly termed "popular readings," and we have no doubt that, under the management of the able and energetic President, W. H. Waller, Esq., they will, during the present season, still uphold their claim to that distinction. If last evening's entertainment may be taken as a criterion by which to judge of what is to follow, we can safely predict a series of very interesting and instructive *soirees* at the Hall during the season. The audience last evening was large and very respectable, and the order throughout was all that could be wished. The ladies, as usual were largely in the majority, a fact for which we cannot account, unless it is that harmony and beauty are always found side by side. Certainly both were profuse and charming last evening.

The worthy President, Mr. Waller, performed the duties of chairman in his usual very able manner, while gentlemen of the management committee attended to the comforts of the audience.

The first thing on the programme was a solo by Mrs. McCarron, who presided at the piano during the evening. This lady's remarkable ability as a pianist is so well known that it is almost superfluous on our part to say that she performed the solo with charming exquisiteness, which brought down a shower of applause. If not asking too much, we should like to see Mrs. McCarron presiding at the piano on every such future occasion.

Mr. French's reading would have been much better had his voice not been so low.

Mrs. P. A. Ryan sang very prettily and was loudly encored.

Mr. C. Broodie read an extract from Pickwick in a manner which proves him to be an elocutionist of high order. He was listened to with delight by the whole audience. We hope to have the pleasure of listening to Mr. Broodie again in the St. Patrick's Hall.

Mr. McLean sang with his accustomed ability, and was encored when he sang "The Harp of Tara's Hall," retiring amid loud applause. The remainder of the programme was executed in a splendid manner, and we must pronounce the whole entertainment as a decided success.

The piano used on the occasion is from the establisment of Messrs. Nordheimer, Sparks street, and certainly, if it is to be looked upon as a sample of the instruments sold by that firm we do not wonder that A. & S. Nordheimer have become so celebrated in their business.

COCO-GLYCERINE nourishes the hair.

PRESENTATION.

Last evening was made the occasion for the presentation of a gold watch to Mr. John Langford, Chief of the City Fire Brigade, by the French Canadian portion of our population, in appreciation of his zeal and ability as Chief of the Ottawa Fire Brigade. The presentation took place at the residence of Deputy Chief Favereau, where a bountiful spread was prepared for those who had the pleasure of being invited. Among those present we noticed Ald. Martineau, Lapierre, Taillon, Cunningham, Rowe, Woodburn, McDougal, Heney and Kehoe, the captains of the various fire companies, E. P. Dorion, President of the St. Jean Baptiste Society, and many leading citizens.

Mr. Dorion made the presentation and read the following

ADDRESS:

To John Langford, Esq., Superintendent, Ottawa Fire Brigade.

Respected Sir,—Your French Canadian fellow-citizens and members of the Ottawa Fire Brigade gladly avail themselves of this occasion to offer you a hearty and public expression of their confidence, respect and esteem.

They beg, therefore, that you will be pleased to accept, as the spontaneous expression of these sentiments, this modest gift, trusting that the cordiality with which it is offered, may render it in some degree a fitting acknowledgment of your indefatigable zeal and energy in protecting the homes and property of your fellow citizens.

Permit them, in conclusion, to give expression to their earnest prayer, that Providence may long preserve you to enjoy the esteem and affection you so truly deserve, and grant you many happy years in the bosom of your family.

(Signed), E. P. Dorion,
Pres. Soc. St. Jean Baptiste, of Ottawa,
J. B. Guerard,
J. B. Cantin, pere,
Hilaire Pinard,
Xavier Groulx,
J. Rajotte,
Dr. St. Jean,
Ed. Millotte,
J. B. Parent,
Paul Favreau.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1871.

To which Mr. Langford replied:

To E. P. Dorion Esq., J. B. Guerard and and others.

Gentlemen,—

I thank you most sincerely for the handsome and unexpected mark of confidence and esteem with which you have been pleased to honor me.

I have always endeavoured in the discharge of the public duties connected with my position in the Fire Brigade of the City to act with impartiality and to the best of my judgment; and it is very gratifying to me to feel that my humble efforts have been so spontaneously and handsomely appreciated by my French Canadian fellow citizens.

Gentlemen I thank you for your kind wishes for myself and family, and beg to say that nothing shall be wanting on my part to perpetuate the good feeling and friendship at present existing between the citizens, the members of the Fire Brigade and myself.

Ottawa, 23rd Nov. 1871.

(Signed) John Langford,
Superintendant,
Ottawa Fire Brigade.

After which toasts, speeches and songs whiled away the hours until midnight, when all separated well pleased with the evening's re-union.

Congregational Tea Social.—Last evening another of those pleasant meetings took place in the Basement of the Congregational Church. Every seat was occupied. The refreshments were provided at the expense of Mrs. Gallagher and Mrs. Jarvis—the proceeds going towards the funds of the church. After tea was served the programme was varied by music, vocal and instrumental, by Mrs. Stiff, Miss Lamb, Miss Gallagher, Miss St. Hill, Mr. James Lamb, and Mr. Bigman on the violin. The whole affair was very successful and delightful.

COCO-GLYCERINE — something new for the hair.

Great Condition Medicine.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

COCO-GLYCERINE, the most elegant hair-dressing.

Acknowledgment,

The undersigned begs to acknowledge satisfactory settlement by the Queen Insurance Company of its proportion of the loss incurred in the removal of his goods on the occasion of the late Sussex street fire.

And he thinks he but performs a duty to the public in stating that the Provincial Insurance Company, in which he was also insured, repudiated, on some petty quibble, its liability to pay him its small share of the loss sustained by the fire in question.

J. W. RYAN.

Ottawa, Nov 23 1871 1827 3

Notice.

It is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Grocers and Liquor Merchants in the city of Ottawa under the name and firm of "Campbell & Co," has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, the business to be hereafter continued by Mr. Campbell alone, to whom all debts due are to be forthwith paid, and by whom all liabilities will be settled.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1871.

A. CAMPBELL,
Jos. Sleeman.

In reference to the above I beg to thank the public for their liberal patronage heretofore extended to the above firm, and to inform them that I have now on hand a much larger stock than usual, and am in a position to fill all orders in my line as cheap and to as great an advantage as any person in the same trade, and beg to solicit the orders of our old customers and the Public in general, guaranteeing them perfect satisfaction.

A. CAMPBELL.

Ottawa, Nov 23, 1871 1827tfw1

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer, &c.

Important Auction Sale

of

Improved City Property.

The Subscriber has been instructed to sell by Public Auction on the ground on

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1871,

that valuable Brick House and Lot situated on the corner of Bank and Albert streets, being Lot No. 36, Albert street, south. The Lot will be divided and sold in two separate equal parts, 49½ feet on Bank street by 66 feet deep. The corner Lot with Brick House two stories high, with Brick Kitchen. The house is well finished and in good repair. There is an excellent well of water in the yard on the south half. There is a Foundation and a quantity of Building Material on the lot that will go with it. This is a valuable property, being a corner lot; and title first class, being the Sparks Estate.

Sale at 12, noon.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

A. ROWE,
Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1871 1826td

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOKS!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871, 1815y

Auction, Commission, Real and Personal Estate Agency.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,

(lately occupied by D Whelan)

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

Extensive

AUCTION SALE

of

Farm Stock, Farming Implements, &c.

W H. FALLS

begs to announce to the public that he has been favored with instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late WILLIAM CRAHAM, Gloucester,

ON MONDAY, the 27th INSTANT,

the whole of the Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., &c., comprising—4 Span of Horses, one Mare and Foal by the celebrated Horse "Sunshine," 13 splendid Milch Cows, 2 Thorough Bred Bulls, and 14 head of choice bred young Cattle.

Farming Implements, consisting of Reaper and Mower, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Horse Rake, Waggons, Carts, Sleighs, Cutters, Buggies, several sets of single and Double light and Heavy Harness, together with Lumbering Appliances, Farming Utensils, &c., &c. Also,

60 Tons of Prime Hay,

a large quantity of Potatoes, Turnips, &c. About

300 Cords of splendid dry Cordwood.

The whole to be sold without reserve.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Terms—Cash.

Further particulars will be given in catalogues obtainable upon the premises, at J. Graham's, Albion Hotel; W. Champness', British Lion; F. Champness', St. Lawrence, W. Graham's City Hotel; R Elliott's Commercial Hotel, Ottawa; A. Graham, Billings' Bridge; and of the Auctioneer at his Auction and Commission Rooms, No. 43, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871 1823td

Furniture,

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

The largest and best selected stock of all kinds of Household Furniture in Central Canada can now be found at Rowe & Annable's Warehouse, No. 5 Rideau street. Parlor Suits in green, drab, and maroon colours, Bedroom Sets with marble tops in black walnut beautifully carved, marble top Sideboard with elaborate game carvings, marble top Bureaus with glass; Centre Tables, Bookcases, &c., Hair Cloth Furniture in great variety, Cane Work in Dining Room and other Chairs, a new style of chairs called the Rush Seat, the only place they can be got in Canada, and an endless variety of common furniture cheap. Remember the place.

ROWE & ANNABLE,
No. 5, Rideau street.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871. 1820tf

West End Eating House,

WELLINGTON STREET,

James H. Dunlop.

Meals at all hours. 18 21 a

New Establishment.

QUEBEC FUR DEPOT.

The Subscriber has the honor of informing the Public that he will open in this city a

FUR DEPOT.

containing a large and varied assortment of Furs, which he will sell at prices that defy competition.

The shop will be temporarily opened in the Hon. Mr. Skead's building, corner of George and Sussex streets, known as the George street Bar rack, but will be removed in the month of February to the magnificent block of the Union Bank, now in course of construction.

The undersigned specially invites the public to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is persuaded that they will find his goods of first class quality and exceedingly low in price.

Weekly importations will be added to his stock in order to accommodate the tastes of his customers.

Particular attention will be paid to the delivery of Goods bought of him.

He will manufacture and repair all articles in his line of business quickly and at small charges.

For farther particulars see posters and circulars.

OLIVER COTE,
Hatter and Furrier,
Sign of "General Wolfe."

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820 4tm 2a wk

Gowan's Hall.

Mr. C B. BRODIE will read selections from standard Authors in the above Hall on

MONDAY EVENING, 27th NOV.

Messrs F F GOURDEAU, N W McLEAN, and J A CLAYTON have kindly consented to sing during the evening.

Doors open at 7:30 o'clock

Overture from "Fra Diavolo," by Gowan's Band, at 8 o'clock.

Single Ticket.....50cts
Ticket to admit Lady and Gentleman..75

Ottawa, Nov 21, 1871 1818td

Genuine

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 4, 1871.

Public School Teachers' Examinations

FOR COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The Examination of candidates for Public School Teachers (2nd and 3rd class) will be held in the Central School West, Ottawa, commencing on MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER at 2 p.m. The examination for First Class candidates will be held in the same place on TUESDAY, 26th DECEMBER, commencing at 9 a.m. Candidates must send to the Inspector as soon as possible certificates of good moral character, and inform him of the grade of certificate now held, and the grade of that for which they are making application.

JOHN McMILLAN, B. A.
Secretary Examining Board

Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871 1821wkys

Ottawa City Passenger Railway Co.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A.D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SUTHERS,
Secretary.

Office of O C P R R Co,
New Edinburgh, Nov. 11, 1871. 1823 2awtd

Macdonalds' Auction Rooms.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best-situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to.

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneer and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, 36, York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819tm

Latest City Topics.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENEY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

JUST ARRIVED,

New Crop Teas!

New Crop Teas!

—AT—

HARDY & BROS.,

238 WELLINGTON STREET.

It is fast becoming an established fact that the

TEAS

sold at HARDY & BROS. are the best anywhere to be had in the city, and having now added to our formerly large assortment of well selected Fall Stock of the

CHOICEST PICKINGS

in the market, we feel confident in calling particular attention to our large and varied stock consisting of Black, Green and Japan Teas of all grades.

WHISKIES.

Irish, Scotch, Rye and Proof Whiskies,

IN WOOD AND BOTTLE,

All warranted.

HARDY & BROS.,
238 Wellington Street.

NEW FRUITS! NEW FRUITS!

NEW CURRANTS,
NEW VALENCIA RAISINS,
NEW MUSCATEL RAISINS,
NEW SULTANA RAISIN
NEW FIGS & FRUITS

of all kinds for the Holidays.

HARDY & BROS.
238 Wellington Street.

FISH,

Dry and Green Cods,

HERRINGS, NO. 1 LABRADOR, in barrels and half-barrels.

WHITE FISH in half-barrels and SALMON and MACKEREL.

All of First Quality.

On sale at

HARDY & BROS.,
238 Wellington street.

Genuine Fruit Syrups

SUPERIOR QUALITY

LEMON SYRUP.
STRAWBERRY "
RASPBERRY "
SARSAPARILLA "
GINGER "

HARDY & BROS.,
238 Wellington street.

Stock at all times extensive and complete, and all goods warranted to give satisfaction.

HARDY & BROS.,
238 Wellington street.

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1871 39 3m

Allan, McKinnons & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply, all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN
Successors to
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
No. 20, Sparks street.

Dutch Bulbs.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearle... Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

THE SEASON COMMENCED

BULK OYSTERS.

Just Received H. M. ROWE'S celebrated

BULK AND CAN OYSTERS,

$1.80.....PER GALLON,

AT

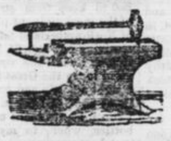
The Italian Warehouse.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.

—24—

Hardware—Hardware.

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau Street

The subscriber having just completed his Fall Stock he is now prepared to furnish any article in the above line at prices to suit the purchaser.

The following articles are constantly kept in stock:

Bar, Bundle and Sheet Iron
Bar and Sheet Tin
Bar and Sheet copper.
Sheet Brass, &c, &c
Sleigh Shoe Steel all sizes from 1x½ to 4x½
Oast and Blister Steel
Proof Chain all sizes
Broad Axes
Narrow Axes single and double steel
Cut Saws, Grind Stones, Oils, Putty, Glass, Paints all colors
Stoves—Box, Double, and Cooking

Also, an endless variety of Shelf Hardware and House Furnishing Goods, &c., &c

P. S.—A call is respectfully solicited

All goods delivered free to any part of the city

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,

Ottawa, Nov 23, 1871 d&w

The "Junction Hotel,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor.

1760-6m

China Warehouse.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Orignal.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871. y

Kearns and Ryan

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

Chaudiere Steam Mills.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

Important Notice.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not eat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

Manufactory—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAW

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

Hours—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

Wanted,

By a young man who has two or three hours to spare in the evening, some literary or book work, either at or from home. Address F. M. A., Postoffice, Ottawa. 1826 3

Wanted,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.

Montreal, Oct. 16, 1871 1798tf

Alexander Ramsay,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co.'s, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1815tf

Dr. Logan,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

Royal Insurance Company,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

L. A. Grison,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Ottawais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

Canada Central Railway

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble.

Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1798 y

NEW SPRING GOODS,

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c, &c

Together with a large assortment of Ready Made Clothing, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Vests
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

A lot of honey,

First quality, for sale. Address to A. CHAINE, Orleans P O, Ontario.

November 14, 1871 1820tfy3

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAGUAY.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," rom Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.
May 20, 1871 2670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEE REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, Prime Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter for what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles . . $1 00
Pills per Box 25

PULMONARY BALSAM
VEGETABLE — CONSUMPTION

USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 45 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
FOR COUGHS, COLDS & CONSUMPTION
Sold by the Druggists

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.
Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 3

FOR CHEAP READING,

O TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged!
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

1,000 AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His Church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that enter largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ontario.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents.
Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents.
Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820tf

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES . . . . . $ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED 130
FANNING MILLS 22
Open Cylinders $30 each.
WM. ABBOTT.
Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.
City Hall,
October 27.1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager
Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ¾ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to
DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 16, 1871 1817d6t&w1m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.
Ottawa, May 18. 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.
Ottawa, Oct. 29, 1871 1825 2

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonising pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause, Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies,

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 21s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 32s to 42s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hapley, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.
Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS B. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers,—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

WM. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

IN

TEAS AND WINES,

HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE A.M.	DUE A.M.	DUE P.M.
.....	12:00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	8 00	.....	4.20
9,00	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U. S.	10 00	.....	.....
9,00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	16,00	.....	.....
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4,20
9·00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9 00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	10,00	.....	.....
9 20	.....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9 20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	8,00	.....	.....
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c	.....	.....	700
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to—9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

The New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Pos Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq, of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.
Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.
Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better. She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churcher, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
cumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

Pickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price,

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.
Ottawa May 4, 1871 1676tf

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS, PREVENTING TOOTHACHE, BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS. PARTS OF THE WORLD. PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL, DENTISTS, LUDGATE HILL, LONDON, EC.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.
May 11871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

DR. ROBERTS

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.
September 28, 1871. 30 6m

OTTAWA & MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the Stock Holders of the above named Company will be held at the ALBION HOTEL, on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, on

Monday, the Eleventh Day of Dec., A.D. 1871.

at half past Two of the Clock in the afternoon, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer.
Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w 39 3

OTTAWA & RUSSELL

ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A. D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.
Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w39 3

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 356y

D'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT LEES. 45utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARKELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal.

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 489y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.
WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

NETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Featherston's Drug Store Residence . . S?

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MACRIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrault's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street Ottawa.
W McKAY WRIGHT 18y F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House Ottawa.

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a completed assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do

The Times

VOL. V. NO 1829. OTTAWA, SATURDAY NOVEMBER 25 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be bid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. GOULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

This FAVORITE RESORT has been for TWENTY YEARS PAST the favorite resort of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel has been refitted throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interest by patronizing the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal. 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, McCHARLES & Co.

Have Receiv

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Robbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Shawl Wools,
1 " Plus,
Cotton Hosiery
Dress Prints,
Gray Cottons,
Fortins (expanders)
Laces,
Bonnet Buckles,
Trimmings
Morocco's Surtings
Ribbons,
Parasols,
Gale Hessians,
Other Linen Crash.

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Canadian Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
Satin Jeans,
Satinets
2 M BLANKETS Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell at prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Ottawa, Mar 10, 1871

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, the his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1629y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild,

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Old and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

J. DeKuyper & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's.—Sellin Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

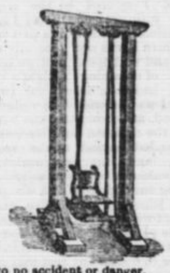
The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871



THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

OF E LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street

L. GRISON,

1809tf Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NAVIGATION COMPANY.

ALEXANDRA

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings every TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a.m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 1:30 p.m., arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—as the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept, 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres,
In Hardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price. Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex Street, Ottawa.

38 INY SIMEON LEBEAU Agent.

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

R McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Freeland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS.

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 29 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of Household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817m1

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S N THOMAS, Phelps, N Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers of the line for Rocher Capitaine and intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Havlock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.3 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct 10, 1871 1791tf

UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President

Ottawa, Oct. 2?, 1871 1804 tf

THE OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of A M Cartier & Pominville, Advocates, in No. 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816ow

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,
Agent,
Trust Office, Ottawa.

NOTICE.

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MACEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria square, Montreal.

Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr, Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

SILVERSMITHS SOAP

NON-MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S

INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF

EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS-PAPER &c.

WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS

172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD, LONDON

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lough Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland the intended route despatches from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Sailing at St. John's, N F

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN	Saturday.	7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN	"	14th "	"
HIBERNIAN	"	21st "	"
MORAVIAN	"	28th "	"
SARMATIAN	"	4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ..... $70 to $80
Steerage $25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	12th	Oct.
OTTAWA "	19th	"
ST. DAVID "	26th	"
ST. ANDREW "	2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin $67 25
Intermediate ..... $47 or 44 00
Steerage 28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents "Sparks."

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY ..... D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES ..... J Jones, do.
NIGER ..... W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN ..... G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER ..... " 5th Oct.
SEVERN ..... " 19th "
MEDWAY ..... " 2nd Nov.
THAMES ..... " 16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
Or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th, 1769y.

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at the Water Works of the Parliament and Departmental Buildings, City Gas Works, Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills, A. Fleck's Foundry &c., &c.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844½.
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 20, 1871. y

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5.30 a.m, 10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M.
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M.
" 8 Express, with Cars " 10:00 P.M.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains of the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 7.0 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9.20 A.M., every morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4 10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M.

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6:15 A.M., every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Secure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 33,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 17-6 1m

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Mr. Francis Jones, M.P.,

will be happy to meet his friends and the public generally, at the following times and places, for the discussion of Political and other subjects, viz.:

Hockston, Monday, Dec 4, at 6 o'clock p.m.
Oxford Mills, Tuesday, Dec 5 at 6 o'clock, p.m.
Patterson's Corners, Wednesday, Dec 6, at 6 o'clock p.m.
Bishop's Mills, Thursday, Dec 7, at 6 o'clock p.m.
Easton's Corners, Friday, Dec 8, at 6 o'clock p.m.
Toledo, Saturday, Dec 9, at 3 o'clock p.m.
Frankville, Saturday, Dec 9 at 6 o'clock pm
Lake Eloida, Monday, Dec 11, at 6 o'clock p.m.
Lombard's Corners, Tuesday, December 12 at 6 o'clock p.m.
Merrickville, Wednesday, Dec 13, at 6 o'clock p.m.
Burritt's Rapids, Thursday Dec 14, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Opposing Candidates, if any, Requested to Attend

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

November 14, 1871 1826 3 3

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of construeting the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the same place, for By Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Reilly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

BY-LAW NO. 311.

To prevent the carriage of persons affected with Small-Pox or other contagious diseases in Licensed Vehicles within the City of Ottawa, and for other purposes therein mentioned—

The Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa hereby enacts and ordains as follows:—

1. From and after the passing of this By-Law it shall not be lawful for the owner, driver, or person in charge of any carriage, waggon, cart, or other description of vehicle licensed for the carriage of passengers or loading from place to place within the limits of the City of Ottawa, for him to carry or convey in any such carriage, waggon, cart, or other description of vehicle so licensed as aforesaid, any person or persons affected with Small-Pox, Typhoid Fever, or any other contagious disease dangerous to the public health, or the body or bodies of any person or persons who may have died of Small Pox, Typhoid Fever, or other contagious disease.

2. It shall not be lawful for any person or persons other than the owner, driver or person usually in charge of any such carriage, waggon, cart, or other description of vehicle so licensed as aforesaid, to carry or convey under any pretext whatsoever in any such carriage, waggon, cart, or other description of vehicle so licensed, any person or persons affected with Small Pox, Typhoid Fever, or other contagious disease, or the body or bodies of any person or persons who shall have died of any of the diseases herein mentioned.

3. Each and every person who shall be guilty of any infraction or breach of this By-law shall, upon conviction thereof before the Police Magistrate or any Justice of the Peace having jurisdiction in the matter, forfeit and pay a fine of not less than *two dollars* nor more than *fifty dollars*, in the discretion of the Court convicting, together with the costs of prosecution; and in default of payment thereof the same shall be levied by distress, and sale of the goods and chattels of the offender; and in case of non-payment of the fine inflicted for any such breach, and there being no distress found out of which the same can be levied, such offender shall be imprisoned in the Common Gaol of the County of Carleton, *with or without hard labor*, and for such period, not exceeding *twenty-one days*, as the Court convicting shall adjudge unless such fine and costs be sooner paid.

Given under the Corporate Seal of the City of Ottawa, twentieth day of November, A. D., 1871.

(Signed,) JOHN ROCHESTER, Jr.,
Mayor

(Certified) W. P. LETT,
City Clerk

Ottawa, Nov. 22, 1871 1826tf

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant rel

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa

Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Auction Sale of Horses.
Ottawa Literary and Scientific.
Anniversary Celebration—D Robertson.
Gold Watch and Chain Lost.
Medal Lost.
Free Exhibition—R M Charlton.

The Ottawa Times.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 25, 1871

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Dr. Girdwood, of Montreal, was in town yesterday.

Chief Justice Armstrong, of St. Lucia, is here. He leaves for the West Indies on Tuesday next.

We regret to hear the death of Mr. Edward Burstall, late of Quebec, which occurred yesterday near Uxbridge, England.

The *Globe* says that Judge Dunkin was desirous of shirking the responsibility of the Census. Yet it is his name and not that of Mr. Pope which appears in the extra *Gazette*.

The comparative tables of the population of the City of Ottawa which we publish elsewhere, clearly indicate the correctness of the census taken by the Dominion Government. The total numbers approximate very closely, while the difference in the respective wards is explained by the fact that on the 1st of May, between the time of the two census being taken, people were changing their places of habitation.

We learn that Dr. Gossip, the Inspecting surgeon at the Port of Halifax was suspended on the 22nd inst., pending an inquiry relative to the introduction of cholera at that port. The Assistant Inspecting Officer has been ordered to take his place during his suspension. We are also given to understand that a proclamation has been issued bringing the Dominion Health Act into force in Nova Scotia, and appointing a Board of Health in that Province.

Mr. Grievson, an English gentleman who lately visited this country, has written a letter to *Herapath's Journal* in which he expresses the surprise he felt on finding the Grand Trunk Railway in such good order. He says that the travelling throughout was very fair, and that over those sections laid with steel rails it was excellent. The Grand Trunk is being rapidly improved at the cost of revenue, and soon will be one of the best paying as well as one of the most comfortable lines to travel upon on this continent. When we remember what persistent efforts are being made to damage the Grand Trunk Railway and to drive traffic from it on to the American lines, it seems to us that it is the duty of every true friend of Canada to do as Mr. Grievson has done, and, so far as lies in their power, make the truth known.

REGULATION OF THE WATERS OF THE OTTAWA.

Our previous article on this important question—all important to the Ottawa valley in particular—has we are glad to say received due appreciation, and produced in great part the effect desired, viz, of rousing, not the lumbermen only, but every business man of the Ottawa valley to a proper sense of the fact that the scheme which we have undertaken to advocate must be carried into execution without unnecessary delay.

We are glad to be able to say that the scheme we have advanced has met with the heartiest approval of the mill owners of the Chaudiere and Hull, and of extensive merchants, while the lumbermen have unanimously expressed themselves in corroboration and approval of it; that some such work would have to be performed and that they will take action in the matter as soon as possible. This is gratifying, but it will be a still greater pleasure to us if we succeed in bringing about the accomplishment of a work that will specially benefit our great staple trade, and consequently advance the welfare and prosperity of the Ottawa Valley generally. Of course we all know that the lumber trade is the main spring of our prosperity in this section. But for it what would the Chaudiere and Hull be to-day? Instead of being the sites of mammoth mills and factories, instead of being a flourishing hive of busy industry, can any person doubt that each would be a wild and uncultivated spot. What has brought capital from other countries to improve and utilize the magnificent water power at those places; what has caused those immense manufacturing establishments to rise in quick succession; what employs the hundreds of barges and steamboats that ply the Ottawa River during the season of navigation; from whence has came the means to build some of the most ornamental structures of Ottawa City and County; why is it that railroads are being built and are to be built to Ottawa. To all and each of these questions every person unhesitatingly gives the same unqualified answer, —THE LUMBER TRADE. No person can deny or wish to deny the fact. But for the lumber trade, Ottawa, instead of boasting a population of 22,000 as it does to-day, would probably be a small insignificant town, unknown and unhonored with a population of a few thousands. Then we would ask is it not a trade that should be fostered and accomodated, and one whose interests should never be ignored? If it is one on which we are floating on to prosperity and prominence, shall we jeopardize ourselves by allowing it to be stranded on shoals or shattered on rocks? Certainly not. The old adage "Fortune in the hands of a fool is a great misfortune" will never be applicable to Ottawa we feel satisfied. We have too many shrewd, intelligent business men in our midst to allow the interests of Ottawa to lie neglected for any time; persevering energetic, men who have the will, the brain and the means to accomplish whatever they undertake, and we feel satisfied that if the Ottawa River does not undergo the necessary improvements in a short time, it will not be owing to any lack of exertion on their part. Every person familiar with the River Ottawa, and who has given any attention to the plan advanced in this journal for the regulation of the waters of the Ottawa, not only pronounces it feasible so far as construction is concerned, but as exceedingly practicable in every way to produce the desired effect. The construction of a dam at the Long Sault, is easy and can be done at a small expense; Lake Temiscamingue is an immense reservoir which only requires the above dam to make it a great boon to the lumber merchant, the mill owners, and particularly to the owners of steamboats, &c. Timber will then be taken to the Quebec market in half the time that it now occupies and at half the present cost; mills will run longer and do more and there will be no complaints from any quarter of "low water." Great results may be expected for a small outlay, and no time should be lost in taking steps towards the performance of the work.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The second meeting of this society will be held this evening at the society's rooms, Sparks street, when Mr. Langton will read a paper on "Popular Errors and Prejudices."

The subject selected by Mr. Langton is an interesting one, and the well known ability of the lecturer is a sufficient guarantee that it will be vigorously and skillfully treated.

The Popular Errors of the day are "Legion" and we expect to see some of them exposed with that severe and pitiless logic which the lecturer commands. We intend to be present ourselves and expect an intellectual treat, which we trust there may be many to enjoy with us. All are invited.

Census of the population of the City of Ottawa for the year 1871, as per assessment rolls, compared by Dominion Government:

Wards.	No. of Pop. as per Asst. Rolls, 1st May 1871.	No of Pop. as per Gov. Returns. 1871.
Victoria	3,237	3,156
Wellington	4,419	4,039
St. George	3,565	3,474
By	4,790	5,138
Ottawa	5,588	5,738
Total	21,599	21,545

THE GREAT TICHBORNE CASE.

This case was resumed in London on the 7th instant, at the Westminster Session House. The correspondent of the New York *World* says:—

On the bench with Lord Chief Justice Bovill was Earl Granville, Sir William Codrington, and sir Charles Adderley. Among the other persons present were Professor Anderson, "the Wizard of the North," Boyle, the negro servant, and Mrs. Radcliffe, *nee* Kate Doughty, the cousin of Sir Roger Tichborne. I was near this lady when the claimant—the man who claims to be her cousin and her seducer—rose from the seat which he occupied near his solicitor, Mr. Spofforth, and walked out of the court-room. His eyes met those of Mrs. Radcliffe, and each looked the other full in the face. I would give something to know the thoughts of these two persons. They alone, of all the persons interested, can really know the truth of this case. The man, of course, knows whether he is the person he claims to be, whether he is Tichborne or Orton, and the lady must know whether he is her cousin, the lover of her youth, and her betrayer. She will go upon the witness stand before the trial is over, and what she says there, and the way she says it, will have great weight with the jury and the judges. When the claimant passed out of court he came by another lady, a mere spectator, who scanned him very closely and then said to me, "I have seen the little boy—the present possessor of the estates—and the resemblance between him and the claimant is really wonderful." But this, too, may be only one more of the strange coincidences with which this case is crammed.

The trial began with the reading of a deposition from the superintendent of the Victoria Water Police, setting forth that in 1854, the year when Sir Roger arrived in Australia in the *Osprey*, the number of vessels arriving in the Hobson's Bay was unusually large, and that, as a run, the crews deserted as soon as the ships came to anchor. The object of this evidence, and of other testimony like it, was to show how it might have happened that the arrival of the *Osprey*, and the fact of her having on board the rescued crew of the *Bella*, was not recorded either in the newspapers or on the books of the custom house.

The first witness was a venerable gentleman, with white hair and an erect carriage, named Wilbraham Liardet. In 1854 he was mail contractor at Hobson's Bay, the port of Melbourne, and took the mails from and to the ships. He clearly remembered the arrival in that year of two American shipwrecked vessels, both called the *Osprey*; he saw the crew on board of one of them, and something was told him about there being some shipwrecked sailors on board. This *Osprey* was a three masted schooner of between four and five hundred tons, and she came from some South American port. Ordinarily the fact of a shipwrecked crew on board would have been mentioned in the local press; but "there was great excitement at the time, and the reporters may have been lax in reporting every such incident just then." There was an American consul in Melbourne, but no institution for the relief of shipwrecked seamen at that time.

The son of this witness testified that he also remembered the arrival of the Osprey. He went on board of her and was told she had picked up some shipwrecked people. The next witness, Ninian Lockhart, a flax-spinner, said that in 1854 he was in Australia, and saw upon a steamer coming from Williamstown to Melbourne, ten or twelve sailors whom he was told were the rescued persons from the Bella.

A much more important witness then took the stand. This was John Moore, the body servant of Roger Tichborne. His father was for twenty-five years a servant in the Doughty family; he himself became servant to Roger in 1852, and went with him to South America. His examination-in-chief ended in June last, and his cross examination now began. He said: "Since my last examination I have never spoken to the plaintiff, but I often saw him during his examination, and I have seen nothing to alter my opinion that he is my old master." The witness then went on to tell various things concerning his voyage with Sir Roger on the Pauline, the vessel that took them to Valparaiso. Some he had forgotten until the claimant reminded him of them; then he remembered them perfectly. He had kept a sort of diary, which in 1867 he had given to the lawyers on the other side, believing then that the claimant was an impostor. This book was now produced, and the witness was questioned concerning various entries in it. The ordeal through which he was made to pass was a severe one, but, on the whole, he came out of it tolerably well, and this ended Tuesday's proceedings.

Yesterday Moore was again put on the stand and kept there for an hour. It was elicted that the witness during his travels with Sir Roger had kept not only the diary above mentioned but two other somewhat similar records, of which the diary seemed to be a sort of transcript. He swore that he had never supplied the complainant with copies or extracts from these records, nor with any other information to make out his claim. A great deal of time was taken up by questions concerning the photographs of Sir Roger which Moore had taken in South America and sent home, but the facts brought out were not important. The Attorney General, in his eagerness to discredit this witness, went so far as to bring down on his head a very sharp and unusual reprof from the judge, who first asked the Attorney General, to retract some of his "unfair" insinuations against the witness, and on his refusing to do so, then told the jury that what the Attorney General had said "was not a true or fair representation" of the facts.

The next witness was George Bingley, a gentleman now living in the Strand. In 1853 he was residing in the English hotel at Santiago, and there he saw Roger Tichborne, and was with him constantly for several days. Then they parted, but met again at Santiago a few months later. They again separated, and did not see each other until 1868 when the claimant came to the witness's house in Warwickshire, and witness at once recognized him as Tichborne. On this occasion they were together three hours, and although the personal appearance of Tichborne was greatly altered, the witness had no doubt he was the same individual.

Then came Joseph Mantton, formerly sergeant-major in Roger Tichborne's regiment, and well acquainted with him. He now believes the claimant to be the same person. "There was the same peculiar turn about the eyes; the nerves seemed to be constantly in motion and twitching; there was the same peculiarity in his walk, a trembling in one leg before he put it on the ground; and the same peculiar accent in his speech."

DOMINION NOTES.

We regret to notice the death of Mr. Goslin of the Toronto *Globe's* editorial staff.

A pair of locomotives for the Canada Southern Railway reached London on Thursday evening, and are to be placed upon trucks and taken to St. Thomas at once, for the purpose of being used in pushing the work of construction more rapidly to completion.

On Wednesday last a suspicious looking character, answering closely to the description given in the papers of the scoundrel who committed the diabolical outrage on the person of Mrs E. Parsons, near Guelph, was arrested in Brantford Township, about three miles from town, and conveyed to the lock-up. He has the identical limp, the same crutch, the same carpet bag, the same beard, and the same wicked-looking eyes. He was remanded yesterday for eight days for identification. He gave his name as John Watson. When so many have been arrested as likely to having been concerned in this outrage, it is highly probable, as it is to be hoped, that the guilty party will be brought to that justice which he so richly deserves.—*Brantford Courier.*

SNOBS.

The English snob never thinks of according anything but contemptuous indifference to those whom he considers are the least bit below him in the social scale. It is just possible that he may condescend to take some slight notice of such a one under peculiar circumstances, but then he does not object to cut him when it suits his purpose to do so. He may know him, perhaps, when he meets him upon a dark night, but only regards him with a contemptuous stare in the broad daylight. The test of respectability, judged by the English snob's standard, is money. With him gold covers every sin—except, of course, that of keeping a shot. The English snob sets up a number of distinctions which no one can appreciate but himself. The result is that, instead of there being three classes in England, there are half a dozen, or a dozen. The tradesman in a large way will not speak to the tradesman in a small way; the merchant who owns a fleet will take no notice of the merchant who does not; and the farmer who lives upon his own estate can do nothing but regard with contempt he who rents his farm. All this can be verified from one's every day experience. The result is that social and healthy intercourse receives a severe check, and men are induced to regard each other with hate and suspicion. How can anybody entertain respect for a man who treats you with contempt because he can show a hundred pound note to your fifty, especially when there is more than a probability that he has obtained what he possesses by sharp practices? There may be some excuse for the *hauteur* with which the aristocracy regard those beneath them. But there is none for the man who merely assumes a position because he has money. It is often debated in men's minds whether, upon meeting an associate, they shall "see" him until he "sees" them. They know very well that, unless he is a tried and known friend, it is by no means a remote contingency that he will cut them. And a cut is about the bitterest pill a man can be asked to swallow. If similar motives are actuating both parties, it is evident that they will not be brought together. They may not be snobs, and may be calculated to become firm friends. But they cannot do so. This is one of the vile effects which the snob induces.

The snob, if insolent to those beneath him, is the veriest lick-spittle to those above him. Many a purse-proud merchant, who has, perhaps, sprung from the gutter, would give ten years of his life to secure the notice and be asked to the house of a nobleman. It is from such as he that people get their erroneous ideas of the vulgarity of the middle classes. He is mean spirited, sycophantish, and would not, for worlds, dare to express an opinion opposite to one enunciated by any great man in whose company he was. He is not ashamed, however, to hint at his wealth and importance. He has no objection to let it be known that money is his god, and ostentatious show his great weapon. There is no town more disagreeable for a stranger to enter than an English one. He is looked coldly upon, and carefully avoided until he produces his credentials, in the shape of cash or evidence of social position. It is not that English people are, at heart, inhospitable. It is that people are afraid to recognise a man for fear of what other people will say. It is, in short, another evidence of the evil influence of the snob.

The snob instructs his child in the art of snobbery at an early age. His boys are not allowed to play with boys whose fathers are not as rich and important as himself. They are led to understand that it is evidence of good breeding to be insolent to those beneath them, to stigmatise as 'cads' those of their school-fellows who cannot procure as much pocket-money as they can. The snob, also, deems it rather creditable than otherwise that his son should evidence incipient "fastness" when a young man. He cheerfully assists him out of all scrapes, and provides him with money to get into more. It is fashionable for rich men's sons to be "fast," and like an obedient slave, the bows to his god-fashion. He likes his son to dress as a fop, and the bright cub is by no means averse to indulge his father's propensity to an unlimited extent. Thus is the race of snobs perpetuated. It is an unerstood thing that the snob must scoff and jeer, upon all occasions, at all talent in whatever way it is evidenced. Of course, however, when it achieves an undeniable success, he is prepared to be like the rest of the world, and worship it. He mistakes sneering for criticism, and has no sympathy with anybody or anything out of his own narrow "set."

BREAKFAST - EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks, —"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. d1809 1y

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 24th.

The Tug *Victory*, owned by T. Tait, sprung a leak yesterday, and sunk in the canal, near the dry dock.

One Papin, who was sent to gaol by the Recorder for gambling in a tavern has just been brought before Judge Drummond, on *habeas corpus*, and released. The Judge ruling that the Act of Confederation did not authorize the Local Legislature to grant City Corporations power to pass a by-law bearing on the question. Should appeals to the higher courts fail, the Imperial Parliament should be applied to for the amendment to the Act in the premises.

The press throughout complain of the non-delivery of Postal Cards at the post office.

The wife of John McMillan, provision merchant, was arrested to day for obtaining $2,000 with intent to defraud. She was bound in heavy bail to appear on Tuesday.

Snow has fallen all forenoon, and it is possible we may have sleighing.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 24.—The subscriptions to the Chicago Relief Fund at the Mansion House during the present week swell the total of £49,000.

John Ruskins has been elected Rector of the University of St. Andrews.

The *Times*, in a leading editorial declares its belief that Grant's re-election to the Presidency is certain, because he has brought about the reconciliation of the United States with England, and effected a reduction of the national debt. It continues in terms of the highest praise of President Grant and declares that his consent to hold office is a benefit to his country and effects a million and a half votes in his favor at the presidential election.

A Fenian demonstration took place in Cork last night in honor of the martyrs of Manchester. There was a procession and meeting in the evening. Some eight thousand people took part in the proceedings. The police, though in force, had no occasion to interfere.

It is now certain that eight persons lost their lives by the explosion at Wigan on the 15th inst.

The ship *Nonpareil*, which left Bombay on July 12th for New York, foundered at sea, and all but three of the crew were drowned.

Queen Victoria has returned to Windsor Castle from Balmoral.

The condition of the Prince of Wales is no better. Apprehensions of an unfavorable turn are expressed without disguise, and it is remembered that Prince Albert died of a similar complaint after a sudden attack and brief illness. Rumors on change are that the case is worse than the published bulletins represent.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 24.—The specie in the Bank of France increased three hundred thousand francs during the past week.

President Thiers received a Chinese Embassy yesterday evening. The chief ambassador expressed the hope that the treaty between France and China would be maintained, to which Thiers replied,—"Your Government must give proofs that our missionaries and consuls are respected. This is absolutely necessary for the preservation of peace between France and China." The President's tone was emphatic and the ambassadors withdrew deeply impressed.

A large number of sympathizers with the ex Emperor Napoleon to-day made a demonstration in his honor. They traversed the Faubourg St. Germain with shouts of "Vive Napoleon". No attempt was made by the police to interfere.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Nov. 24.—Prince Auersperg has succeeded in forming a new Cislithan Ministry. The Cabinet is now complete, and is as follows:—President of the Council, Prince Adolphe Auersperg; Minister of the Interior, Lasers; Minister of Commerce, Priexis; Minister of Agriculture, Bankaus; Minister of War, Chlumetzki, Minister of Justice, Glaser; Minister of Instruction and Worship, Streymer; Minister of Finance, Glener. The announcement of these names is well received.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 24.—The action of the Chamber of Representatives yesterday in voting to support the Government point, viz: DeDecker, as Governor of Limburg, gave rise to another exciting debate today, during which the members of the Left demanded that the Ministry tender their resignation.

The *Independence Belge* to-day says it has reason to believe that France has notified England of its intention to terminate the International Commercial Treaty.

The Chamber finally adjourned until Tuesday next. Subsequently a mob assembled before the residence of M. Nathomb, a member of the Right, who made himself particularly obnoxious in supporting the appointment of M. De Decker, and became very disorderly, their actions culminating in smashing the windows in his house. Serious disturbances are feared.

SPAIN.

MADRID, Nov. 24.—The *Correspondence* says answers which have been made to recent private inquiries show that Great Britain is ready to receive favorably from Spain proposals for the restitution of Gibraltar.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 24.—The Commission on the Budget to-day reported to the Reichstag a scheme for the maintenance of the army. They estimate the annual expenditure for the regular troops, based upon a force of 401,569 men exclusive of officers, at about $90,350,000, and recommended the appropriation of $225 per head for that number of enlisted men for the ensuing three years. Parliament has not yet taken action upon the subject.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—After hearing the District Attorney in the case of Haggerty and Baulch, the alleged voucher thieves, Judge Bedford said he would reserve his decision for a few days.

A special from Washington to the *Evening Post* says that the President to-day is busily engaged on his Annual Message, but he will not complete it until after all the departmental officers have sent in their reports.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 24.—It has been reported that when the Grand Duke was presented to the President Minister Catacazy shook hands with the Executive This is untrue. It was intimated to Minister Catacazy that on the occasion of the visit of Alexis, he must confine himself to the official act of presenting the Grand Duke. Further than this, he was admonished not to address the President, and he did not offer his hand.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 24.—Forty-five coloured persons passed through this city yesterday *en route* to Lawrence, Kansas, being the advance guard of about 5,000 who will soon follow.

NORWICH, Ct. Nov. 24.—Boats have been dredging the river all day near the wreck of the steamer *City of New London*, and more bodies have been recovered. Four missing deck hands have reported, reducing the number known to have been lost to 17. Of these 16 bodies have been recovered. The body of W. T. Horton, of this city, a passenger, is the only one not secured. A diver will be employed to-morrow to search for the body of Mr. Horton.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Alexis and suite arrived at 10.30 to-night, and proceeded quietly to the Clarendon Hotel. The Grand Duke will remain in New York until about December 5th, when he will visit Boston, Albany, Montreal, and thence proceed West. After which he will visit some of the Southern States.

NEW YORK, Nov. 24.—Three young men who had sisters in the public school at Hunter's Point, and who were opposed to having the Bible read, attended the school and prevented by physical force the Principal from ejecting a scholar who refused to join in the usual exercise of reading the Bible. The young men have been arrested by the police. Great excitement prevails over the affair. The greater part of the patrons of the school are Roman Catholics.

A motion was made this morning in the Court of General Sessions to quash the indictment against Haggarty and Baulch for burglary and grand larceny of vouchers for a million dollars from the Comtrollers office, on the ground that sufficient cause had not gone before the Grand Jury to warrant them in the indictment.

"SPLICING THE MAIN BRACE" WITH THE "MEGÆRAS."

A correspondent who has "interviewed" some of the *Megæra's* men, and has "spliced the main brace" with them, gives the following report of the account by one of the crew:

We knew the ship was leaking. "The leak and the rotten plates were bad enough; but perhaps worse was to come. The girders or ribs—I see you know little about a ship, sir—are the frame or skeleton of the ship, the iron plates bolted on to them, and to one another, being the skin. A ship is just like an open umbrella, the whalebones are the girders or ribs; the silk"—"Gingham it may be, sir," puts in the "silent member" rather disparagingly, as it seemed, as to my familiarity with a silk umbrella—"the silk is the skin. These girders are about 18 inches apart. On four of them rests the step of the mast—in other words, on these four girders, two forward and two aft of the step, there comes nearly the whole weight of the heavy mast, with all that belongs to it. This weight is so distributed as to spare any one single girder—for it is, I tell you, a severe and sudden trial when a ship is suddenly taken aback, and then the downward push of the mast on to its bed is very great. Well, sir, one of the leading stokers—on the 18th June, I think, this was—found that these four girders, instead of supporting the step of the mast, as they should have done, had decayed and rotted away for a good distance all round the step, so that the mast actually rested and leant all its weight, not on the ribs of the ship, but on its thin and weak skin. You see that there pillar, sir. Well, I reckon, if you were to cut away the flooring you'd find it resting upon a good sturdy cross beam; or maybap, its weight distributed over three or four. But suppose there were no cross beams—or that they were all rotten, and that the pillar rested its own weight and all the weight it supports on the thin planking of the floor, I reckon you'd neither care about being upstairs or downstairs. Well, there ain't any downstairs at sea, only the bottom—and how we are here to-night instead of there has amazed me more than tongue can tell ever since I saw the step of that mast." "It licks me hollow, sir, as I may say"—put in the silent member. "With all that weight on these rotten plates," continued the other "what possessed the mast that it did not go right slap through, I can't ever tell; if the ship had been taken aback it must have gone through just as a circus rider jumps through a paper hoop. But as it was the weight, although it had not made a hole, had borne so on the plates that the bottom had bulged down, and gone clean away from the rotten remnants of the girders. The man that discovered this state of things was a very quiet, cautious fellow, who didn't like putting himself forward, so he got hold of a chap named C——, a noisy, blabbing kind of chap, who he was sure would have it all over the ship in no time. 'What d'ye want?' says C——. 'Come and look at this,' says the other. C—— went, and after a bit of a look we heard his roar, 'By G——, the bottom's gone from the girders!' C—— makes a rush for the chief engineer. 'Where's this d——d place?' asked he, when, puffing and blowing—he is stout, is the chief engineer—he got down. He was shown it, and the quiet man told him about having found it, and got a jacketing for not having come direct and reported it at once. 'Do you wish us all to go to the bottom at any minute?' was the question of the chief engineer. The captain was fetched, and made a close examination. I once knew a chap so bad in consumption that he said he was spitting himself bodily away as he walked. Blessed if the Megæra warn't, after a fashion, spitting herself away as she steamed. The action of the pumps was like the poor fellow's cough; it fetched pieces of the rotten girders up the pumps, and so out into the sea. But the fragments of her pretty well choked the pumps at last, for the old man found them obstructed with a lot of the old iron that had not gone up the spout. Ten minutes after the inspection was over the ship was condemned.

"You'll search the navy over, sir, before you'll find a better seaman or a truer officer than our Old Man." "By——, sir, he's in the right on't there," interpolated the silent member. "You should have heard him reading prayers that Sunday forenoon. There wasn't a shake in his voice, no more than if he were going below presently for a glass of sherry, instead of having it on his mind to tell his ship's company that his ship might go down at any moment. He aint much of a speaker, aint the Old Man; but his words got pretty nigh men's hearts that day. He told us how that the ship's bottom was literally dropping out,' and then bade us go in with a will like men and British sailors. We gave him three cheers, and then we went at it, and started out a considerable lot of grub that Sunday afternoon and evening.

"But with the night came dirty weather. She began dragging her anchors, and at length they parted two of them, and we had to get up a full head of steam to keep the ship off the rocks. The wind was so strong that the old ship—she was always a cribbed awkward——at minding her helm—once yawed right round, and was going stem on upon the breakers. The captain got her out of this trouble by going full speed astern, but there she was, right out of hand, only one anchor left, and deep water under her, where not a soul could have been saved had she foundered. Boats? the boats could not have lived over the bar. And what a lot of boats she had! Why, sir, some of them were as old as herself, and there was not accommodation in them for above two-thirds of those on board.

"So the skipper give the word to run her on shore, and chance it. It was the afternoon of the 19th, about half-past one, that the word was given. 'All hands on deck,' and the ship's head slewed round to the landward. The hands were ordered on deck so as to give them a chance should she strike the bar as every body feared. Half the crew were on the topgallant fok'sle, half aft, every man ready for a spring if she should break her back. Between the rollers and the sharks, I fear it would have been hard with them. Where was I? Oh, below, for somebody had to keep the steam on. The stokers were forced together below. At least it wasn't altogether force, but duty, sir, for we never thought to see the deck again. Orders were to get on a very strong head of steam. The glands were leaking, and I thought every minute the steampipe would go." "Hain't we got souls to be saved like the rest?" struck in the silent member. "They never so much as asked us to drink, but stuck us in the dangerousest place in the whole ship, and left us there to take our chance. My hair I know, was standing straight on end."

"Why, don't own that you funked it, old chap," said the other, an then, turning to the writer, continued. "But it was an anxious moment. We talked down there about things sailors don't often talk about. The engineer contended that as we were down below on duty, and for the common good, we should be pretty sure of Heaven if the burst-up should come. Then as we neared the bar, we shook hands and parted, each man turning his face to the wall.

"She cleared the bar, and took the ground beautiful. She went on the rocks as smooth and easy as if she had been an empty egg-shell. If she had been a sound, strong ship her masts would have gone by the board with the shock, but she was so rotten that there was no shock, and the rocks came up through her as if her bottom had been of pie-crust.

"Most of the Marines went ashore on the 19th, but the general landing day was the 20th. That night everybody slept on sod, wet as all were—in water. No mistak'—officers and men went in manfully together. There was no favouring the rank, that their time for the rank scorned to be favoured. All fared alike, and fared thundering rough too, I can tell you. We began to be rationed on the short allowance on the 20th, 6oz. biscuit, ½lb. salt meat, half allowance on the sugar and cocoa, and half a gill of 'squaro.' Afterwards the bread ration was reduced to 4oz. In a day or two tents of one kind or other began to be rigged up, and some night's shelter was to be had. Working day and night, it was trying to have but a pint of water a day for the whole of the first week. Of the goats killed the officers had a share as well as the men. The messman had a good quantity of stores of various kinds, which the men during the voyage might have of by purchase, but on the island he was not allowed to dispose of any more. By the way, these stores are left on the island, and we might as well have had a share of them. But then, it is true, the Old Man was not to know that we should be there for so short a time; and I don't doubt, as you say, sir, that he did everything for the best. I haven't an ill word to say against any officer of the ship.

"After we had been there about a month the first ship came—the Dutchman, in which Lieutenant Jones went to Batavia. The next ship was also a Dutchman, which took off some of the officers and boys. Some of the boys lost their kits, and there was a subscription for them among the men to buy them new ones. I think we ought to be repaid that there by Government, sir. Then came an English ship which gave us some flour, and afterwards the Taunton, followed by the Malacca and the Rinaldo. Then came a severe gale, in which both the Malacca and Rinaldo were blown off, but the Rinaldo was blown further. The embarkation in the former was going forward when the latter reappeared and signalised that all hands should embark on the Malacca, which we did, and sailed from St. Paul's amid three rousing cheers from the Rinaldo. The Old Man was the last to leave the Megæra. And now, sir, I must leave you, for our orders are to muster at 9, and I want a couple or three hours sleep before then. The Malacca took us to King George's Sound, then we came by the Geelong to Point de Galle, and so home. The P. and O. people treated us like princes, nothing was too good for us—beef and beer to the mast head."

COCO-GLYCERINE, the most elegant hair-dressing.

AMONG THE COMMUNISTS.

The terrible scenes and sufferings that we had all gone through had deprived many of our number of their reason, which added yet more to our misery, for some were dangerous, and made attempts on the lives of their companions; others did nothing but shout and scream both day and night, though some were harmless and quiet enough. One of these lunatics, having gone too near a glass door which we were forbidden to approach, was fired upon by the sentry posted on the outside, and killed on the spot. I had thought that nothing could exceed the misery of the first night, but it was as nothing compared to what I endured on the second. Together with my countryman I had gained permission to remain in a part of the gallery where it was not generally allowed to pass, and we hoped that we had a good chance of obtaining a night's rest; but, after I had been asleep for two or three hours, I was aroused by a violent blow on the head, and found that the most dangerous of the madmen was standing over me. I defended myself to the best of my power, and my companion, having been awakened by the noise, assisted me in keeping our opponent at a distance. But he was joined by four or five more lunatics, and we were forced to leave our comfortable place, and seek another spot to lie down in. But it was absolutely useless to hope to obtain any rest that night; for though we changed from one place to another four or five times, yet the maniacs were everywhere, and, having seen us walking about, followed us, and would allow us no repose. I counted that night forty-four men, entirely bereft of reason, roaming about, and attacking others in the same way as they had done us, till at last very many got up, like ourselves, and walked about till daybreak. To our inexpressible delight, we succeeded the next morning in being among the very first ranks of those who were to start that day; but our names were inscribed at half past eleven in the morning, and we did not leave the Orangerie, to march to the station till half-past seven in the evening; thus remaining eight hours in the ranks awaiting, every instant, the order for our departure. When it did come, every one seemed to brighten up and become more cheerful. What our destination was, or what our future treatment would be, was to us unknown. The general impression (whence derived I know not) was that we were to go to either Brest or Belleile, but there was not a man of our number but was glad to quit the place where we had suffered such misery, and we were unanimous in agreeing that it would be impossible for us to be worse off than we had been. We were marched, escorted by the Infanterie de la Marine, to the railway station at Versailles. I suppose that the inhabitants of the town had by this time become well accustomed to the sight of poor wretches like ourselves, for we passed through the streets uncommented upon, and almost without being looked at, to our great relief. The train in which we were to travel was waiting for us, and accordingly no time was lost in getting us arranged in it. There were first-class carriages for the officers, second class for our guards, and beast waggons for us, into which forty of us were packed. There was no ample supply of bread placed in the waggon for our use, but only four large cans of water, each containing, I should think, about eight litres, so that all we had to drink for seven-and-twenty hours, which was the time our journey lasted, was not quite a quart of water for each man, and this for men who were cooped up together in a small space, with berely enough air to keep them alive admitted into their place of confinement! I wonder that one of us survived. However, as all evils must have an end, so had our journey; and at midnight we were deposited on the quay at Brest. We were put on board several large boats and tugged out into the harbour to one of the dismantled ships, where we were to be confined. It was three o'clock in the morning of Sunday, June 4th, when we were enabled to lay ourselves down on the hard deck, and snatch a few moments' real repose. Our condition, though still miserable enough, was greatly ameliorated. We had better food, airy lodging, hammocks to sleep in, but, above all, we were given a clean shirt apiece, and were enabled to wash ourselves, the comfort of which was very great.

COCO-GLYCERINE — something new for the hair.

COCO-GLYCERINE is delightfully perfumed.

REGENT HOUSE.

New Millinery.

New Costumes.

New Mantles.

New Shawls

New Fancy Dress Goods.

New Costume Cloth.

New Satines all colours.

New French Merinos.

New Velveteens.

New Hosiery.

New Fancy Woollen Goods.

New Clouds.

Jouvin Double Button Kid Gloves. Extra Quality in Black and all Colours.

Just Received—another lot of the 75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES, SPLENDID VALUE—GREAT DEMAND.

Will open to-day one case VELVET RIBBONS black and coloured in all widths.

REGENT HOUSE.

30, Sparks street.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1871. SINCLAIR, STITT & CO. 1801y

Have you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is a specific remedy, and is also the best pain killer in the world.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years, until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without number admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

No toilet table should be without COCO-GLYCERINE, 25 cents per bottle.

We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders given to such stock occasionally during the winter would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

COCO-GLYCERINE nourishes the hair.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully this morning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

(*To be Continued*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

DIED

On Friday, 24th inst., at her father's residence, Clarence street, Mary Ann Stairs, aged 4 years.

The funeral will leave her father's residence at 3 o'clock p.m., Sund y, the 26th instant. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice.

At Ottawa, of croup, on the 23rd inst., at the age of 4 years and 10 months, Agnes Evaleen, youngest daughter of Mr. John O'Reilly.

The funeral will take place from her father's residence, Church street, on Sunday, 26th inst., at 3 o'clock p.m. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend.

FREE EXHIBITION.

ARCHER'S NON-BURSTING IMPROVED WATER CONDUCTOR,

Patented September 25th, 1871.

One of the most useful inventions of the present age—cannot possibly burst by ice; does not rust; can be made of galvanized iron, tin, or wood; highly recommended by practical men.

COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SAL

LOCAL NEWS

ANOTHER snow storm yerterday.

Up the Ottawa the snow is deep and sleighing good.

LOST, A MEDAL, advertized elsewhere and will be thankfully received at this office from the finder.

POLICE COURT.—FRIDAY.—There was only one case before the court this morning; a young boy was charged with the larceny of some cigars found on his possession and remanded.

During the last couple of months several gangs of men have left Ottawa for the West to work in shanties. They are induced thither by the prospect of better wages.

COMPLIMENTARY.—Mr. Joseph Sleeman, late of the firm of Campbell & Co., is to receive a complimentary supper from his numerous friends on Wednesday next.

The Rev. W. Stephenson intends treating the young people of Ottawa, to-morrow evening, with a sermon on the "Samsons of this age as they lie in the lap of their Delilahs." A full house may be expected.

BURGLARY AGAIN.—Some time on Thursday night, Mr. O'Gara's Grocery store Lower Town, was entered by burglers and a small amount of money and groceries were taken away. A couple of notorious youngsters are suspected.

The Rev. Father Malloy, whose indefatigable and eminently laudable labors in the cause of charity are so well known, has written two little tracts, on "True Happiness" and "Perseverance," respectively, which are on sale at Messrs. Kearns & Ryan's and Wm. Joyce's, Rideau street, the proceeds of the sale to go to the benefit of the Catholic House of Refuge.

GOLD WATCH LOST.—By referring to a notice elsewhere it will be seen that a lady's gold watch and chain has been lost on Wellington street, which the finder is requested to leave at Young & Radford's.

ARRIVALS AT RUSSELL HOUSE.—J. Armstrong, Montreal; Dr Gudwood, and Mrs. Gudwood, do; H C Lloyd, do; Angus McDonald, Dunsville; M A Smith, do; L Baker, Montreal. A Gear, Toronto; M K Dickinson, Monotick; W J Mck Maguire, Quebec; J Octavious Macne, Hamilton; Dr McLachlin, jr., Arnprior; G Dawson, England; A C Crawford, Brockville.

BANK STREET CHURCH.—The social reunion last evening held in the basement of Bank street Church was a great success in attendance, refreshments, music, and the speeches delivered by the Revs. Messrs. Moore, McLaren, and the Hon. Malcolm Cameron. Mr. Workman conducted the musical portion of the programme with great ability, assisted by Misses Berry, Grafton, Hutchison, and Workman. The piece "I'll meet thee darling Katie by and bye" was delightfully rendered. Mr. McLaren's speech on the union of the Presbyterian Churches in Canada was the most unique, lucid and effective that could have been delivered on the subject in the same space of time. The Hon. Mr. Cameron referring to it, afterwards said that he believed no minister of the Church could have given a more succinct or clear history of the question.

CARLETON PLACE.—The Carleton Place *Herald* in an article on the progress of the village, gives us to understand that it is in a very flourishing condition, and that it has advanced in material prosperity to a very encouraging degree during the last twelve months. It should be thus, for the situation of this village is certainly very good. It has not only the advantage of being in the centre of a rich farming country, surrounded by a hardy, intelligent, and industrious class of people, but has also the benefit of good water power. It is built on either side of the Mississippi River towards whose head waters are rich pine forests from which excellent timber is annually taken, the greater portion of which is converted into sawn lumber at Carleton Place, and from thence transported by rail to American markets. It is at Carleton Place that the C. C. R. R. connects with the B. & O. R. R., both lines of course contributing incalculably to the welfare of the village. It has some very enterprising men among its inhabitants, and we have no doubt that in the course of some years—not many—Carleton Place will emerge into considerable prominence.

ARCHER'S IMPROVED WATER CONDUCTOR.—We would call special attention to Mr. R. M. Charlton's advertisement in another column. It is well known that buildings unprovided with some means of carrying off the water from the roof are subject to much damage every spring and fall, and in fact at all seasons of the year. It is also a fact that the ordinary conductor in common use does not answer the purpose satisfactorily. In the early part of winter the water freezes in it and it generally bursts, necessitating extra expense in the spring. In fact, speaking plainly it is almost useless. We are glad to be able to inform the public, however, that a new conductor has been invented which is deserving of the term "non-bursting," and which is therefore proof against frost and cold.

In another column Mr. R. M. Charlton advertises "Archer's non-bursting improved Water Conductor," patented Sept. 25 1871, and which took the first prize at the Quebec Provincial Exhibition last summer.

While it is infinitely superior to anything of the kind in use, it costs no more than the old style.

In a circular before us we see several very reliable testimonials all testifying in unqualified terms to the great superiority of the improved conductor. Our principle object in giving this notice is the hope that the many handsome structures in course of completion in this city will receive the benefit of this means of saving the walls from annual damage. See advertisement.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP for children teething, is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA in children whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton Street, New York, and 93 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

RICARDO'S BENEFIT.

CONTINUED.

"The Champion Athlete has not an athletic appearance," she used to say. "I fear the Signor is weak in every way." And then, with her eyes full of radiant health, she would demurely recommend me a winter in the South—just because the winter was coming on, and we were in the North. 'I *must* laugh at you, Ricardo,' she would sometimes say; "I get so dreadfully tired of you unless I turn you into ridicule."

And I knew she spoke the truth. I was thinking, as I ever was, of this love of mine, and wondering how Ninette would choose to treat me to-night, when, with my great coat over my performing dress, I entered the manager's anteroom. I was late, for I had not been well enough to hasten, and all the company had assembled, lounging or bustling about, according to their appointed tasks.

"Late O Monarch of the Virbrating Wire," said Ninette, as I hesitated before her, looking at her half enthralled and half amused. She was leaning against the table, in her crimson velvet cap, with its white feather, set coquetishly on one side of her bright, fair curls.

"You look," she continued, saucily, "as if you had risen from a sick bed to perform for the sick. How interesting!"

I moved into the dimly-lighted building which surrounded the tent, and looked in at the performance.

"The circus is crowded," Ninette whispered, as she sauntered out with me. "I hardly ever remember our having such a crowd, Ricardo."

"And I hope we never shall have it again," I panted unbuttoning my coat. "The place is stifling."

"Oh, I hope we shall," she laughed merrily; "I should like to see hundreds turned away from the doors, and no room left even for one child more."

"Ah! Ninette, how soon you were to have your wish fulfilled!

"We shall have a splendid gift for the hospital," she continued; "but Ricardo, what do you think? A clergyman here, who was going to have a service in his church on Sunday especially for the Infirmary, has declined to do so now because we have taken up its cause. He thinks—he says' Ninette's voice was low and puzzled here, and her eyes angry; "he says if it will except money earned—so, his conscience does not allow him to give it money from God's house. Why don't you answer?" she went on impetuously, as I paused. "Why don't you say something angry?"

"It isn't worth speaking of," I replied though I think my heart was as hot as her own. "It is only worth laughing over."

And then Ninette, looking searchingly into my face, did laugh, her clear, happy laugh, though the puzzled look still shone in her bright excited eyes.

"Yes; we shall send a worthy present to the hospital, I hope, and trust, and believe," she continued, slowly, "but our help is only to lower it—or, at least," she went on, as I tried to interrupt her in hasty dissent, "good men think so."

"One man—and who ought to be good," I put in contemptuously.

"One man," she rejoined, the puzzled look deepening again, "speaking for many who think as he does, and who understand this as we cannot. And yet—and yet—Ricardo, look at that mass of eager, expectant faces. Why do they come to see us—why do they encourage us—if we sin in what we do? Why doesn't the world show us so in the only way which there would be no withstanding? Look—this thought bewilder you too, Ricardo?"

It had bewildered me many and many a time, but I could not tell her so, for the very shadow of the fear that this life in which we were so much together might be wrong, made me shiver coldly. Her earnestness, which had been almost appealing, vanished suddenly. "Never mind," she said, with her quick laugh, tossing back the bright little head in its velvet cap "all lives have their aching, troublesome moments, I suppose. There, they are waiting for your first feat and your greatest. Go on, Signor, and prosper."

With her pleasant words in my ears I went in amid the deafening applause of the crowd, and bowing slightly, walked coolly across the ring. I thought nothing of the mass of faces rising in rows, but I remembered that Ninette could see me, and that she had said I was helping in a good cause. I felt that I performed as I hardly ever performed before, and the long applause was again and again renewed as I left the ring. What would Ninnette say? Would she congratulate me? Passing through the dimly lighted building outside the tent, where the horses waited, I caught sight of two figures standing aside in the shadow.—Ninette and the gentleman whom we had met that morning, talking low and earnestly. I had often noticed him in the circus, and noticed his admiration of Ninette, (but then did not everyone gaze at her in admiration? still I had never seen him out there among us before) and I started as I come up to them in the gloom. Ninette carelessly turned her eyes upon me for a moment, then went on talking; languidly and flippantly, it seemed to me. I took her horse from the man who was bringing it forward, and myself led it toward her.

'Are you ready, Mlle. Ninette?' I asked my voice trembling against my will.

'Ready? Why? she inquired, with slow contempt

'Allow me. O, pray allow me, Mademoiselle, exclaimed the stranger, starting forward. And Ninette, smiling, put her foot into his hand.

Seating herself in the saddle with the utmost ease she carelessly, as it seemed, tucked Black Hawk against me. 'Signor Ricardo,' she said, haughtily, 'is this the spot where the gentlemen of our company usually rest between their exercises in the ring?' An ironical answer rose to my lips, but I withheld the words.

'Stand back, if you please, Signor. Must you always follow me? always haunt me? Stand back.'

With a quick change of voice and a bright shy smile, she bent to take her little gilded whip as the officer handed it to her.

'Thanks, Monsieur le Capitaine.' And while she bent gracefully, and seemed to be only stroking the neck of the splendid black horse, she reined him in, skilfully and imperceptibly, until he touched my shoulder.

'Gently! gently, my hawk,' she said, feigning utter unconsciousness of my presence, 'would you fly too soon?' Then, with a most demure little face, she cantered through the opening in the canvas.

'Almost proud and bewitching little equestrian queen,' said the young officer, appearing much amused by my discomfiture, 'but, like old Rome, I suppose you can well bear the pride of whom yourself are proud.'

I turned away without answering; and for the first time Ninette performed without my eyes following her graceful motions. The strange gentleman moved to the opening into the tent, but when she rode back, flushed and triumphant after her success, he came forward again eagerly. She drew up her handsome little figure with a dash of old pride, and turning Black Hawk rapidly side, sprang to the ground unassisted. Her part was played for that night and, while the loud clapping within was continued, she walked slowly out into the darkness; her long crimson habit over her arm, her little cap pushed from her bright excited face, and her eyes raised to the young officer who walked besider her.

Thus I watched them going together under the awning out into the night, and then I went back to complete the 'wonder inspiring evolutions?' which the crowd waited for; while my heart seemed breaking in its jealousy.

After that all is a burning confusion in my brain until one evening when I woke to consciousness in the hospital for which I had been performing, and heard the physicians (who had seen me fall, and had attended pityingly upon me ever since) whispered that all would be well in time.

'Ricardo, dear fellow,' said Monsieur, coming forward softly, ahd bending to whisper to me 'Thank God all will be well. The worst is over.'

I hardly know hen the knowledge dawned upon me, or how; but as I lay there—my old companions clustering round me—I knew that I had performed among them for the last time. I knew that life had most wonderfully and mercifully been spared me; but that I should never walk again. I do not remember that the knowledge came with any sharp or bitter pain; I think it was a quiet, hopeless conviction from the first. They had given me a small room in the hospital to myself; partly to spare others the sight of my suffering; partly perhaps, as Monsieur said, because I had hurt myself in their cause.

(To be Continued.

COCO-GLYCERINE removes dandruff

GOWAN'S HALL.

Mr. C B. BRODIE will read selections from standard Authors in the above Hall on

MONDAY EVENING, 27th NOV.

Messrs F F GOURDEAU, N W McLEAN, and J A CLAYTON have kindly consented to sing during the evening.

Doors open at 7:30 o'clock
Overture from "Fra Diavolo," by Gowan's Band, at 8 o'clock.

Single Ticket..... 50cts
Ticket to admit Lady and Gentleman. 75
Ottawa, Nov 21, 1871 1825td

THE WISCONSIN CONCERT,
SCENIC AND IN CHARACTER.

The Lady and Gentlemen Amateurs of Ottawa beg to announce that a Concert in Aid of the Sufferers by the Great Fires which lately swept through the North Western States will take place on

Tuesday Evening, 5th December Next,

IN THE

Rink Music Hall.

This Concert in aid of the sufferers of the North Western States, among-t whom so many of our countrymen who had settled in those parts are now destitute and suffering for want of food, shelter, and fuel, will offer a great attraction to the Public besides the inducement of doing a charitable action. The Lady and Gentlemen Amateurs of Ottawa having gone to the trouble of getting up Expensive and Brilliant Costumes, and rehearsing the acting of the different musical pieces as described in the following Programme, trust that a numerous audience will crown their efforts with success.

PROGRAMME.

PART FIRST.

Overture of "The Somnambula," by Gowan's Orchestra, and Chorus by Twenty Amateurs.

SOLO.

"Sounds so Joyful" .....From the same Opera By a lady in the character of Lisa.

SOLO.

"While this heart its joy revealing," sung by a lady in the character of Amina.

DUO.

"Take now this Ring," sung by Amina and a gentleman in the character of Elvino.

SOLO.

"As I view these Scenes so charming.....From the same Opera.....By a gentleman in the character of Rodolpho.

The assembly will repeat the Opening Chorus in Piedmontese peasant dresses between each of the above pieces.

SOLO.

"Largo al Facotum".....From Rosini's Il Barbiere. ....By a gentleman in the character of Figaro.

DUO.

From "La Fille du Regiment".....Donizetti ..... By a lady as La Vivandiere, and a gentleman as the old Sergeant of the Regiment.

PART SECOND

Overture and Chorus of "La Dame Blanche,".... Boildieu .....By the Orchestra and Amateurs

SOLO.

"Ah! Qu'il plaisir d'etre Soldat".....From the same Opera.....By a gentleman in the character of a French Officer.

SOLO AND CHORUS.

"D'iel voyez ces beaux domaines".....From the same Opera.....Sung by a lady as a Scotch Peasant and the Chorus of Amateurs.

SCENE.

"The Maniac".....By Russell.....Sung by a gentleman in character.

DUO.

"Don Pasquale".....By Donizetti.....Lady and gentlemen Amateurs in character.

SOLO AND CHORUS.

"Stride la vampa".....Il Trovatore—Verdi..... By a lady in the character of The Gypsey, and The Anvil Chorus by all the Amateurs, with Anvil and Orchestral accompaniment.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

Mr. Gowan's full String Orchestra will accompany the Choruses.

The magnificent Steinway Piano to be used on this occasion is kindly and gratuitously furnished by A. & S. Nordheimer & Co.

Reserved seats to all parts of the House, 75 cents.

Doors will be opened at 7:30; the Concert to commence at 8 o'clock, sharp.

Tickets may be procured at Nordheimer's new establishment, Lajoie's Block, 26 Sparks street.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1828 3

CARPENTER AND CONTRACTOR.

Tenders are requested for the various Carpenter's works necessary in the erection of the new St. Patrick's Church, corner of Wellington and Bay streets, Ottawa, Ont.

The plans and specifications can be seen and information obtained, on and after MONDAY, the 20th inst., at the School Room in rear of present church.

Sealed Tenders will be received up to MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of December, addressed to the undersigned either for the whole of the work or any one of the various trades.

Security will be required for the due and proper performance of the several works.

The committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

By order of the Building Committee,
G E ELLIOTT,
Chairman.
Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1828td

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOKS!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.
Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Grocers and Liquor Merchants in the city of Ottawa under the name and firm of "A. Campbell & Co," has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, the business to be hereafter continued by Mr. Campbell alone, to whom all debts due are to be forthwith paid, and by whom all liabilities will be settled.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1871
A. CAMPBELL,
JOS. SLEEMAN.

In reference to the above I beg to thank the public for their liberal patronage heretofore extended to the above firm, and to inform them that I have now on hand a much larger stock than usual, and am in a position to fill all orders in my line as cheap and to as great an advantage as any person in the same trade, and beg to solicit the orders of our old customers and the Public in general, guaranteeing them perfect satisfaction.

A CAMPBELL.
Ottawa, Nov 23, 1871 1827tfw1

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,
(lately occupied by D Whelan)
Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

AUCTION SALE
OF
HORSES.

W H FALLS will sell by auction opposite the Lower Town Market on

TUESDAY NEXT, 28th INST.

at 10 o'clock a.m., several very fine Horses.
Ottawa, Nov 25, 1871. 1829td

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

EXTENSIVE
AUCTION SALE
OF
Farm Stock, Farming Implements &c.

W H. FALLS

begs to announce to the public that he has been favored with instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late WILLIAM CRAHAM, Gloucester,

ON MONDAY, the 27th INSTANT,

the whole of the Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., &c., comprising—4 Span of Horses, one Mare and Foal by the celebrated Horse "Sunshine," 13 splendid Milch Cows, 2 Thorough Bred Bulls, and 14 head of choice bred young Cattle.

Farming Implements, consisting of Reaper and Mower, Ploughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Horse Rake, Waggons, Carts, Sleighs, Cutters, Buggies, several sets of single and Double light and Heavy Harness, together with Lumbering Appliances, Farming Utensils, &c., &c. Also,

60 Tons of Prime Hay,

a large quantity of Potatoes, Turnips, &c. About

300 Cords of splendid dry Cordwood.

The whole to be sold without reserve.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a.m.
Terms—Cash.

Further particulars will be given in catalogues obtainable upon the premises, at J. Graham's, Albion Hotel; W. Champness', British Lion; F. Champness', St. Lawrence, W. Graham's City Hotel; R Elliott's Commercial Hotel, Ottawa; A. Graham, Billings' Bridge; and of the Auctioneer at his Auction and Commission Rooms, No. 43, Rideau Street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871 1823td

MACDONALDS' AUCTION ROOMS.
YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneers and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents 36, York street, Ottawa.
Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819dtw

BRULÉ

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,
Metcalfe Street,
Telegraph Co.'s Building
Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENEY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

MONTREAL & CITY OF OTTAWA
JUNCTION RAILWAY

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors of this Company, Stock Books will be opened on Friday, the 1st December, 1871, at the following places, viz:

In the city of Montreal at the Ontario Bank.

In the city of Ottawa, at the office of E McGillivray, Esq.

In the village of Alexandria, at the office of D A Macdonald, Esq, M. P.

By order,
W BRISTOW,
Secretary.
Lancaster Nov 18, 1871 1820

Allan,
McKinnons
& McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE
AND
FANCY DRY GOODS
IS NOW
Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

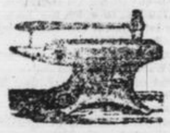
Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN
Successors to
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
No. 20, Sparks street.

—24—
Hardware—Hardware.
SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau Street

The subscriber having just completed his Fall Stock begs to be prepared to furnish any article in the above line at prices to suit the purchaser.

The following articles are constantly kept in stock:

Bar, Bundle and Sheet Iron
Bar and Sheet Tin
Bar and Sheet copper.
Sheet Brass, &c, &c
Sleigh Shoe Steel all sizes from 1x¼ to 4x¼
Cast and Blister Steel
Proof Chain all sizes
Broad Axes
Narrow Axes single and double steel
Cut Saws, Grind Stones, Oils, Putty, Glass, Paints all colors
Screws Box, Double, and Cooking
Ale, an endless variety of Shelf Hardware and House Furnishing Goods, &c., &c

P. S.—A call is respectfully solicited

All goods delivered free to any part of the city

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street.
Ottawa, Nov 23, 1871 d&w

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hearles. Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.
Ottawa Oct. 10.

OTTAWA CITY
PASSENGER RAILWAY Co.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A.D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors.
ROBERT SURTEES,
Secretary.
Office of O C P R R Co,
New Edinburgh, Nov. 11, 1871. 1823 2awtd

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,
And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Orignal.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McJABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad. a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais'
Family Grocery,
No. 66, Sussex street,
Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871. y

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan
Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.
Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S
NEWLY-DISCOVERED
VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be
Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not hat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane, Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer Wellington-st; John Hill, Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Iocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer Mr. N. E Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,
May 22, 1871 1671 1y

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,
7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA
Between Howell and Finnand & Draper's.
E. JOBIN, Manufacturer

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20 cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor
N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.
Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

WANTED,

By a young man who has two or three hours to spare in the evening, some literary or book work, either at or from home. Address F. M A., Postoffice, Ottawa. 1826 3

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor
1760-6m

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.
Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co's, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice
Ottawa, Nov 9, 1871 1815tf

IF YOU DESIRE,

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.
Ottawa, October 26, 1871

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,
FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL.....$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over..... 4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over..... 9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND..... 6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.
A. PERRY; Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

L. A. GRISON,
Times Office, Wellington Street,
Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d' Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.
Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble.

Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.
Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1792 y

NEW SPRING GOODS
—AT—
O'MEARA & CO.
50 SPARKS STREET,
OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cashmeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds

Linens,
Prints,
Cottons,
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Vests
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.
Ottawa April 11, 1871

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.
CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.
1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CHAINE, Orleans P O, Ontario.
November 16, 1871 1836dtw6

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CONNELL
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-grass Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton N.S :—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10,00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, false Aloes, Capsicum, &c, &c,) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles	$1 00
Pills per Box	25

PULMONARY BALSAM
VEGETABLE — CONSUMPTION.
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 48 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
PRICE 50 CTS & $1 Sold by the Druggists
FOR COUGHS, COLDS &

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 3

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged :

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUPLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, the sale to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying purious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz. 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

1,000 AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His Church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that enter largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ontario.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents.
Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820tf

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES	$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED	130
FANNING MILLS	22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ½ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to
DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817d6t&w1m

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to
MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2*

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N.B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER'S recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.

"SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.

"SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.

"SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academy of Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies,

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
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N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
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B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Rapbey, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

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200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Hagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered for sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grassing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

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IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

CAPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE A.M.	DUE P.M.
.....	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	4.20
.....	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John. N.B	8.00	4.20
9.00	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10.00	.....
9.00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....
9.00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	4.20
9.00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	10.00	.....
9.20	.....	3.30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	1.30
9.20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	8.00	.....
10.30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00
5.30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	.....	7.00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq, of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tr

Cure of Bronchitis.

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 16 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited. Address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churcher, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
cumbent of St Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
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Ottawa May 4, 1871 1587tf

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B.—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1728

Medical.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS. PREVENTING TOOTHACHE AND GOUT. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS. PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which may not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

DR. ROBERTS

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

(CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family operient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

OTTAWA & MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the Stock Holders of the above named Company will be held at the ALBION HOTEL, on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, on

Monday, the Eleventh Day of Dec., A.D. 1871.

at half past Two of the Clock in the afternoon, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w 39 3

OTTAWA & RUSSELL

ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A. D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w39 3

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 366y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 35y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 43tf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTELL, Barrister, Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 46y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

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WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 566tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Mallock, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, last end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fenton's Drug Store Residence 57

J. C. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MERCER, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetreau's, N P; private residence in rear of French cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

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Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street Ottawa.

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J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House Ottawa.

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST.

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

Hotels and Saloons.

W

The Times

VOL. V NO 1830. OTTAWA, MONDAY NOVEMBER 27 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

...ers to the trade Godsham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five years.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

IF YOU WANT

CHEAP

DRY GOODS

AND

CHEAP CLOTHING,

JUST STEP INTO

J. M. COULDEN'S,

No. 100 Sussex Street.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the commercial travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

CARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

Have Receiv...

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
1 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
1 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
1 " Cotton Hosiery,
... Prints,
... Grey Cottons,
2 " Fancy (extra well
... Laces,
1 " Bonnet Borders,
4 " Trimmed Hats
... Morrison's patterns;
... Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 " Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds
3 Bales Shirtings,
... Wadding,
30 M BLUE'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
2 " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and will sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Ottawa, May 19, 1871

HATS HATS HATS HATS

SPRING IMPORTATION

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN Esq, or to

HARNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

OTTAWA and Hull

NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAMER ALEXANDRA.

On and after

TUESDAY NEXT, the 3rd OCTOBER,

the above Steamer will leave L'ORIGNAL for OTTAWA and intermediate Landings on TUESDAYS and FRIDAYS at 5 a. m., arriving in Ottawa at 10:30 a m. Returning—will leave Ottawa on Tuesdays and Fridays at 4:30 p m, arriving at L'Orignal at 10 p.m.

R W SHEPHERD.

N. B—As the ALEXANDRA takes the place of the Steamer FAIRY there will be no boat on Mondays and Saturdays.

Ottawa, Sept. 29, 1871 1781

DR. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROPHULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

WILD LANDS

FOR SALE,

On advantageous terms, by the

CANADA IRON MINING AND MANUFACTURING COMPANY

In Templeton	100 acres.
In Eardley	9,500 "
In Hull	1,500 "
Total,	11,100

Apply to
P. S. ROSS,
10 Grey Nun St. Mon
Or
H. J. COLE,
Ironsides, near Ottawa.

Ottawa, May 11, 1871, 1667 3m

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 88 Sussex street, Ottawa.

38 tNY SIMEON LEBEAU Agent.

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild;

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Gold and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

J. DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Still the Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

Also—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

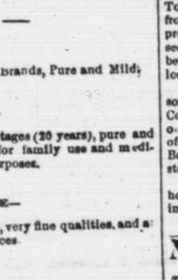
THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)



This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street.

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov. 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Henry, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS.

Toronto, November 1st, 1871.

NOTICE

Is hereby given, that the Lots, No. 28, 8th Concession (59 acres), No. 27, (82 acres), and No. 28 (100 acres), in the 9th Concession, in the TOWNSHIP OF STISTED, in the DISTRICT OF MUSKOKA, 241 acres, with a Mill Site thereon, will be offered for sale at Public Auction, at the Department of Crown Lands, AT NOON, ON THE TWENTY-THIRD OF THIS MONTH, the Department reserving to itself the right to make one bid.

CONDITIONS:—One half of the purchase money to be paid at the time of sale, and the balance in two equal annual instalments, with interest.

The purchaser to erect within one year from the date of sale a good Saw Mill, with one Circular Saw, of sufficient capacity to cut 8,000 feet of boards per day; and, within two years, a Grist Mill, capable of manufacturing a sufficient quantity of good flour, to meet the requirements of settlers, the purchaser to have the right to the Timber on the land for the use of his Mill only.

The patent not to issue until two years after the date of sale, and the conditions have been complied with

THOS. H. JOHNSON,

1813td. *Assistant Commissioner.*

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KISNY,

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky3m

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Firgland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS,

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 22 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of Household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817m1

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

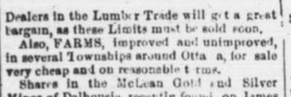
Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more." Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years" Rev J Mallery, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S N THOMAS, Phelps, N Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

ROYAL MAIL LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

On and after THURSDAY, the 12th inst., the steamer "Jessie Cassels" will leave Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, a.m connecting with Steamers at the line for Rocher Capitaine and Intermediate ports.

The steamer "Pontiac" leaves Pembroke daily (Sundays excepted) at 1 o'clock, p.m., for Des Joachims; returning, leaving at 6 o'clock, a m., connecting with steamer "Jason Gould," which leaves Pembroke Landing at 2 o'clock, p.m. Passengers arriving at Portage du Fort same evening.

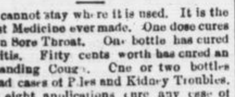
The steamer "Prince Arthur" leaves Portage du Fort daily (Sundays excepted) at 7 o'clock, a.m., connecting with steamer "Jessie Cassels" for Aylmer.

The steamer Sir John Young leaves Haveslock on Tuesdays and Fridays for Chapeau Village and intermediate Ports at 7 o'clock a.m.; returning, leaves Chapeau Village at 1 o'clock p.m. same days.

A connection is made with the Brockville, and Ottawa Railway on the up trip at 1.3 p.m., and down trip at 7 a.m.

R. S. CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 1791tf



UNION FORWARDING AND RAILWAY COMPANY.

"ROYAL MAIL" LINE.

CHANGE OF TIME.

The JESSIE CASSELS leaves Aylmer daily (Sundays excepted) at 8 o'clock, connecting with other steamers of the line as per advertisement.

R S CASSELS,
President.

Ottawa, Oct. 25, 1871 1804 tf

THE "OTTAWA, VAUDREUIL, AND MONTREAL RAILWAY COMPANY."

Heretofore known as "The Vaudreuil Railway Company."

NOTICE.

A General Meeting of the Shareholders of the said Company will be held in the office of M M Cartier & Rouinville, Advocates, in No. 43, St. Vincent street, in the city of Montreal, on TUESDAY, the TWELFTH DAY of DECEMBER next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, for the election of new Directors, and for the transaction of other business of the said Company.

A C de LOTBINIERE HARWOOD,
Secretary O V & M R R.

Montreal, 8th Nov. 1871 1816oew

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailliff,
Agent,
TIMES Office, Ottawa.

NOTICE

All Persons indebted to the Undersigned are requested settle the same at their Office Elgin-St.

MAGEE & RUSSELL.

Ottawa, 1st August, 1871.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism. Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.
30 Victoria Square, Montreal.
Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal Oct 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr, Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling sappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife-Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS
MANUFACTURERS OF
EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET GLASS PAPER &
WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS
172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Lochfoyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN	Saturday,	7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN	"	14th "	"
HIBERNIAN	"	21st "	"
MORAVIAN	"	28th "	"
SARMATIAN	"	4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80
Steerage $25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	12th	Oct.
OTTAWA "	19th	"
ST. DAVID "	26th	"
ST. ANDREW "	2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25
Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00
Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,
Agents "Sparks-."

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES .....J James, do.
NIGER.....W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN .....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London;

Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 yer year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,
Montreal.
Or
T. M. CLARKE,
Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

CALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large percentage of Fuel and Labor at the Water Works of the Parliament and Departmental Buildings, City Gas Works, Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills, A. Fleck's Foundry &c., &c.

CHALMERS & CO,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1871. y

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p m 7:35 p m, and 8:15 p m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a m, :10 a m, and 3:45 p m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway,

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO PORTLAND, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M. arriving in Ottawa at 9.20 A.M., every Morning—Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M, arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car arriving in Ottawa at 6.15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Sure connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa,

R. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Mr. Francis Jones, M.P.,

will be happy to meet his friends and the public generally, at the following times and places, for the discussion of Political and other subjects, viz.:

Heckston, Monday, Dec 4, at 6 o'clock p.m

Oxford Mills, Tuesday, Dec 5 at 6 o'clock, p.m.

Patterson's Corners, Wednesday, Dec 6, at 6 o'clock p m.

Bishop's Mills, Thursday, Dec 7, at 6 o'clock p m.

Easton's Corners, Friday, Dec 8, at 6 o'clock p m.

Toledo, Saturday, Dec 9, at 3 o'clock p m

Frankville, Saturday, Dec 9 at 6 o'clock pm

Lake Eloida, Monday, Dec 11, at 6 o'clock p m.

Lombard's Corners, Tuesday, December 12 at 6 o'clock p m.

Merrickville, Wednesday, Dec 13 at 6 o'clock p m.

Burrit's Rapids, Thursday Dec 14, at 6 o'clock p m.

Opposing Candidates, if any, Requested to Attend

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

November 14, 1871 1826 3 3 3

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Moutreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Reilly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,
October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

BY-LAW NO. 311.

To prevent the carriage of persons affected with Small-Pox or other cont

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

COCO-GLYCERINE is delightfully perfumed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Mortgage Sale—Lewis & Pinhey.
Tenders—Thomas Wily.
Notice—Philemon Wright.
Plumbers and Gas-fitters—Roche & Kelly.
Genuine Liquors—K. Arnoldi.

The Ottawa Times.

MONDAY, NOVEMBER 27, 1871

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

The Hon. Mr. Pope has arrived.

Fifteen new post offices were established in Canada on the 1st instant.

Mr. Paterson, Secretary of the Montreal Board of Trade visited the city on Saturday.

The Dominion Board of Trade will hold its annual meeting here on the third Wednesday in January.

Captain Cotton of the O. B. G. A. has received permission to join the Gunnery School at Kingston.

No one has been appointed to the position of Inspecting doctor in Nova Scotia. Dr. Wickwire was the assistant inspector, and naturally was instructed to act in the room of his superior, when the latter was suspended.

An extra of the *Canada Gazette* authorises the appointment of a Central Board of Health in Nova Scotia, to which we referred on Saturday last. Sir William Young, Chief Justice of the Province, Hon. Mr. Vail, and the Hon. Mr. Flynn are members of the Board, which consists in all of ten persons.

The *Globe* having charged "blundering, incompetence and political partiality" against those who had charge of the census business in Toronto, is called upon for proof, by the Census Commissioner for East Toronto. We will now see if "the organ" has manliness enough to produce evidence to sustain its charge.

The Antis of Nova Scotia appear to be terribly disappointed at the census. They have so long been declaring that the province was being depopulated in consequence of Confederation, and they have laboured so earnestly to drive all the young men across the border into the States, that the fact of Nova Scotia's population having increased in a larger ratio than any of the other Provinces is a grievance indeed to the "ruin and decay" party. Cannot their friends and allies, the Grits, administer a little consolation to them?

The Brantford *Daily News* is desirous of ascertaining what it is that the Hon. Geo. Brown really wants. It says:

"What is his platform? or rather did he ever claim that he had a platform? Does he want offices any more than he wants checks for Geo. Brown? Would he pat and pet the Grand Trunk for $20,000? What does Brown want? Did he ever wish the same thing, excepting money, for two consecutive days? Does the Reform party need a man who cannot or will not explain what he wants? George's editorials are like circles because they have no end. They are remarkable for length of sentences, which have no meaning. What law or policy did Geo. Brown ever applaud that he did not afterwards condemn? What policy did he ever condemn that he could not be induced to praise?"

THE SPEAKERSHIP.

Opposition journals appear to be sorely troubled about the Ontario speakership. The office is a very honorable one; yet strange to say there is nothing they appear to dread so much as one of their own friends obtaining it. If a rumour becomes current to the effect that a man who has been reckoned upon as a Grit is likely to accept the speakership, what a frightful howl of mingled rage and fear goes up! Instantly he is threatened with all kinds of terrible punishments. He will be "read out of the party," he will be "black-lettered in the *Globe*, he will ever after be looked upon as "a traitor" and a perjured man, if he dares to accept that honourable position. What does all this mean? Is a Grit by nature disqualified to act as Speaker, or are the Opposition, after all their boasting, so badly off for votes that they cannot afford to lose one? We have our own ideas as to who will be Speaker, and if the man whose name we have heard mentioned as likely to fill that important post should really consent to do so, we are quite confident that he will be found competent to perform its duties ably and impartially.

SIR CHARLES DILKE.

American journals are making a great fuss over Sir Charles Dilke's speech against the Monarchy. But after all there is nothing very remarkable about it. It is just what we might have naturally expected from him. He has always been republican in his views, as those who have read his works must know. The most prominent feature in his character however, is his abundant self conceit. He rushed through the United States at railway speed, paid a flying visit to Canada, and all his ideas on the two countries having been formed before he left home, he sat down and wrote a work extolling Republican America and abusing monarchical Canada. He may be, and, no doubt, is a far more educated and well informed man than either of his friends Odger and Bradlaugh, but he is no more likely to revolutionize England, or mislead the people by his twaddle about monarchical institutions than they are. We are glad to see that all the leading English journals including the ultra Liberal ones, unite in condemning Sir Charles Dilke's very uncalled for and untruthful speech.

Hon. Mr. Tilley has promised to lecture on temperance at Oshawa sometime next month.

JOHN GRIBBLE.

John Gribble of Brixham of whom the world never heard before has suddenly become famous. John Gribble might have held the even tenor of his way along the cool sequestered way of Brixham life like his father and grandfather before him, had he chosen to do so, but he preferred notoriety and he has got it. In other words John Gribble the Secretary of the total abstinence society of Brixham chose to make a blackguard of himself, and his name will long be remembered as that of one who brought a false charge of drunkenness against one of the most virtuous of Englishwomen and the best of English queens. John Gribble is at present we believe in jail but will probably escape with a light sentence. He may thank his stars that he is not in Canada for here he would certainly not escape so easily. A thing, for we will not call John Gribble a man, who is capable of getting up in a public meeting and defaming an absent woman, no matter what her rank may be, deserves sharp treatment. Let the name of Gribble be remembered in future as indicative of all that is cowardly and contemptible.

STORM ON THE LAKE.

There has been some severe storms on Lake Ontario during the past few days. The Kingston *Whig* of Friday last says:

The storm to-day is fearful. The high wind, accompanied by a blinding snow storm, will, it is feared, be disastrous to vessels. Agents and owners are very anxious for word of the safety of their crafts, and anticipate some bad news. We expect that to-morrow's despatches will tell it.

The steamer "Corinthian" is lying over here. She is bound upwards on her last trip, intending to return here and go into winter quarters. The propellors "Schickaluna "Mary Ward" and "St. Lawrence" are also weather bound.

The schr. "Mary O'Gorman; ashore near Charlotte, is still in a bad situation.

Some anxiety is felt for the Schooner "Annie Falconer, of Kingston, Captain Taylor, left Toronto for Oswego several days ago, and has not since been heard from. It is hoped that she has run into some out out of the way harbor, and being kept there by the late heavy stress of weather.

THE GLOBE AND THE CENSUS.

To the Editor of THE TIMES,

SIR,—The Toronto *Globe* is undoubtedly conducted with a great deal of ability; but its unfairness to political opponents is equalled only by that ability. Even in its fits of unfairness, this one feature is always exhibited; when it turns Calcroft, it does it well. Last Saturday, it was in one of these fits, in regard to the Dominion Census just issued. In that irate article, it howled and raved like an eastern Derish; but in its storm of madness, there was method, and so well directed as to carry some of its readers away in the direction of the blast. Ontario has a smaller population than was anticipated, and is robbed of her expected increase in the representation in the Parliament of the Dominion. I confess that the blast caught me too; I was sorry for the small increase in the population of my own province. But upon reading more dispassionately the *Globe's* article, and quietly considering all the facts of the case, I think I have reached more rational conclusions than your Toronto contemporary.

We have passed through a decade of very great prosperity—especially in its later years; and it was quite natural, that, like our southern neighbors, we should have formed very high expectations of a great increase in our population; and like them also, we are most grievously disappointed. This woful disappointment has now found utterance in the columns of a journal whose untiring aim is to damage the present Dominion Government by its persistent efforts to make it the author of every untoward event that befalls our wide spread country. Whether the clouds pour down their liquid contents upon us, or withold them—to our sad detriment, it is all the same; Sir John and his Associates are the cause of all our misfortunes and the curse of this country.

But in the present instance, if our population does not come up to our high expectations, it is difficult to see how the Government is fairly chargeable with that. Have Sir John and his Colleagues been these years back vending some cursed filters of the olden times to check the fecundity of the people of Ontario? One would think so from the *Globe's* irate article. The British Government was charged with being the cause of the Irish famine of 1847. The *Globe* has this chosen his companions; very well, let him keep them.

But, seriously, all this is mere childish puerility, on the part of those who conduct so influential a journal, as that of your Toronto contemporary. Does the *Globe* really mean to say, that the Government of the Dominion suborned the five Census Superintendents for Ontario, the 90 Commissioners, and the 1,250 Enumerators engaged in taking the census in that Province? These men were all under oath to do their duty *honestly*; and yet the *Globe's* article unmistakably implies, that they were suborned to act *dishonestly*, and become wicked, blind traitors to the high interests of their own country! In Tuesday's issue, he endeavors to wriggle out of this vile charge, because "we did not say so," in just so many words; but he might as well deny that the sun shines, when his rays are upon us.

Now, were there any truth in this charge, surely, some one among these 1345 persons would divulge so diabolical an act. Besides, some of these men were staunch Reformers—the *Globe's* own avowed friends. Is there not one honest man among even these, who would make a clean breast of it, and bring the wicked suborners to justice? A committee of the House of Commons can easily settle this matter. Will the *Globe* get any of his friends to try the case? If not, let him cease to give utterance to a scandalous crimination of a large body of men, many of whom are among the most respectable and moral in Ontario.

But I am not defending the Government; if they are blame worthy, *prove it*, and then mete out strict justice to them, as they deserve.

I have said that perhaps I had reached more accurate conclusions than the *Globe*, and I think I can prove it. Quebec, it may be said, has received, in the last ten years, no increase from immigration; and your Toronto contemporary's charges imply, that large numbers of its people, living in the United States, have been entered in the Census books. For the sake of argument, let this be granted; and even with all these included, its entire gain is only 80,000 on a population, in 1861, of 1,111,000. The great fecundity of the French people in Canada, where they have the comforts of life in fair abundance, is admitted on all hands. The people of Ontario will probably not very greatly exceed them in this respect; and taking the same ratio of increase, she would gain 100,000 on her 1,396,000 in 1861. This taken from 224,000, her actual increase, as given in the present census, would leave 124,000 for immigration; which differs but little from the *Globe's* assumed (not proved) number of immigrants, 130,000; and is probably quite as near the truth.

Now, admitting the 30,000 additional persons, claimed by that paper, but without proof, these would be fully canceled by the very considerable emigration from Ontario to the United States, British Columbia, &c., all which the *Globe* very conveniently passes by altogether. So then, with the same rate of increase as the "favoured" province (Quebec), for which so many iniquities have been perpetrated, and with the *Globe's* figures for the immigrants into Ontario, she (Ontario) could have no greater population than is given her in the census.

But there is another consideration in this case; the American war occurred during the last census decade; and the American authorities admit that fully 3[illegible],000 of our people entered their armies. Ontario contributed at least 20,000 of that number; and very few of them can now be found among our people. These, with their natural increase, had they remained with us, would give Ontario at this time a total increase of 240,000, which is 17-20 per cent. of increase, or nearly two and a half times that of Quebec, and very nearly equal to the increase in Nova Scotia, which the *Globe* so scornfully holds up as "a ludicrous illustration."

Then again, to show the utter absurdity of the *Globe's* charges of foul play, in the interests of Quebec, the people of Montreal, the most prosperous city of Canada, fully expected that the census would give them a population of at least 130,000. But it gives Montreal *proper*, although the commercial capital of the "favored" French province, only 107,000! So cruel and unyielding is the census, and so heartless the logic of figures!

That some of the people of Quebec, even permanently residing in the United States, may have been included in the census, is quite possible; but, in all probability, an examination of the schedules would show, that the same could be said of Ontario; and in both cases, in consequence of not strictly adhering to the very definite directions laid down in the book of instructions given to the Enumerators, which was the same for all the provinces.

With regard to the remarkable increase in our population in the decades ending in 1851 and 1861, it evidently was the result of an immense immigration during the preceding years. The growth now claimed for our cities and many of our towns, is fully set forth in the census just published; and though not so great as was unwisely expected, it is in most cases very gratifying. This growth however is very much at the expense of the surrounding old frontier counties, some of which, in consequence, appear to have actually diminished in population; others, through emigration to newer sections, have remained nearly stationary; while the remote new counties show a healthy, vigorous increase, as was quite natural, and to be expected under the circumstances. To this subject I intend to return as soon as I can find time.

FIAT JUSTITIA.

OFFICIAL GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, Nov. 25.

The following appears in the General Orders to day:

Lieut.-Col. Atcherly, having returned from leave of absence, has resumed the command of Military District No. 4.

Lieut.-Col. Duchesney, Brigade Major of the 7th Brigade Division, takes over the duties of the 8th Brigade Division, in addition, during the absence on leave of Lieut. Col. Lamontagne.

Capt. W. H. Cotton, Ottawa B. G. A., and First Lieut. J. G. Holmes, of St. Catharines G. A., are authorized to join the School of Gunnery at Kingston, on probation, for a three month's course of instruction, from the first instant.

"B" Battery, and School of Gunnery, Quebec.—To be Commandant, with the rank of Lieut.-Col. in the Active Militia: Capt. Thomas Bland Strange, Royal Artillery, late Gunnery Instructor, School of Gunnery, Shoeburyness, England. Lieut.-Col. Strange will take rank, precedence, and command in the Militia with Deputy Adjutants General of Military Districts, from the date of his appointment, 13th September, 1871.

Leave of absence is granted to the following officers:

Lieutenant-Colonel Lamontagne, Brigade Major, 8th Brigade Division, for four months, from the 16th of December next, to proceed to Europe on private affairs.

Major M. Grant, commanding the Quebec Provisional Brigade of Garrison Artillery, for four months, from the 25th instant, to proceed to England on private affairs.

Lieutenant F. Montizambert, Gross Isle Detachment Q. G. A., for three months, from the 7th instant, to proceed abroad on private affairs.

The periodical inspection of all militia batteries of artillery and companies of engineers in the Province of Quebec will be made by Lieutenant Colonel Strange, who will also report annually to headquarters on the state of the forts, armaments, warlike stores, field artillery, and engineer equipment, &c., in that Province.

Aylwin Infantry Company—The formation of an Infantry Company at Aylwin, County of Ottawa, is hereby authorized.

To be Captain, provisionally, J. C. Chamberlin, Esq. To be Lieutenant, provisionally, Robert McAffee, gentleman. To be Ensign, provisionally, B. N. Reid, gentleman.

DOMINION NEWS.

Bradford had a grand gala day on Thursday over the opening of the Harreshiry branch of the Great Western line and the Grand Trunk works.

The Free Masons of British Columbia have formed themselves into a Grand Lodge. Dr. Powell, the Grand Master, is a Canadian and a brother of the Deputy Adjutant General of Militia.

A person who gave his name as Charles Murch, was sentenced at Stratford on Monday last, to six months' imprisonment, at hard labor. A week or ten days ago he made his appearance in the town as a canvasser for a history of the late Franco-Prussian war. He made the Crown hotel his headquarters; and before leaving helped himself to a new overcoat, worth $20, a pair of pants, vest, &c.

The Sarnia *Canadian* speaks of a case of great inhumanity which has just occurred in Petrolia. It is stated that when young Murdoch, who was killed by the explosion of a boiler last Thursday, was lying unconscious at the dead hour of night, without a soul near him, a young friend of his named Thomas Thomson, who was running an engine close by, came to his assistance, rendering him all the aid and comfort in his power, and remaining with him until the dying boy was taken to his mother's house. On returning to his work his employer dismissed him from his service. Great indignation is said to exist in the village owing to this exibition of heartlessness.

In justice to the City of Kingston, it must be stated that when the census of 1861 was taken there were seven companies of Royal Canadian Rifles, besides about 200 artillerymen stationed there. These, with their wives and families, mustered altogether about 3,350 souls. Instead of decreasing, therefore, the *Whig* claims that Kingston has, by the present census, actually increased in population.

A deliberate and wilful murder was committed on Thursday morning in East Gwillinsbury, near Mannsville, Ont. A respectable farmer named John Johnson, of Gwillinsbury left his house in company with a young man named John Travish in a sleigh. As the children were going to school they noticed a runaway team; they stopped it, and found Johnson laying dead in the sleigh. On examination it was found he was shot through the neck. Travish was suspected of the crime and was soon arrested. He confessed his guilt. The cause for the dreadful act is supposed to be because Johnson traduced Travish's character to the family of a young girl he was courting. The unfortunate man is now in Newmarket gaol.

The Amherst *Gazette* says that Mr. Wm. Ripley, of that place, on breaking a partially burned lump of coal in the stove, was surprised to find there had been imbedded in it a cannon ball of about four pounds' weight. It is said the coal came from the Acadia mine at a depth of upwards of one hundred feet from the surface.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 25th.

Hon Mr. Holton arrived from Quebec to-night.

Both Richelieu Company's Quebec steamers have gone into winter quarters at Sorel.

The Ottawa steamers lay up on Monday.

The four hundred and fifty yard race for $200 a side, this afternoon, between Keraronwe and Isaacson was won by the Indian in 50 seconds after an exciting contest.

The fur store of R. C. Cowan, St. Joseph street was entered by burglars this morning, and $100 worth of furs carried off.

Raining.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 26.—The physicians in attendance on the Prince of Wales issued a bulletin last evening stating that all was going on well, and that his strength continues good. To-day, however, the Prince suffered severely from the fever.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—President Thiers and Gen. Cissey made a trip to Rouen to-day, and visited the site proposed for the military establishment.

The decision of the Commission of Pardon in cases of condemned Communist prisoners is still kept secret. There is great anxiety to learn the fate of General Rossel. His father has just had an interview with Thiers in which he begged that the life of his son might be spared. Rossel has written a letter to Thiers saying that he is ready to die, but imploring that he may be spared military degradation. The General displays great firmness and works in prison indefatigably. He has just finished the second volume of his work on the re-organization of the army.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—The Emperor of Germany has consented to act as arbitrator between the United States and England upon the San Juan question. George Bancroft, Minister to Germany, will be invited to present the Emperor on the 10th of December, a memorandum on the matter from the State Department at Washington. The argument of the English Government is expected to be presented shortly.

BERLIN, Nov. 26.—The Bill introduced in the German Parliament by a Bavarian Minister, which provides for the criminal prosecution of clergymen who abuse the privileges of their office, has been read a second time in the Reichstrag.

The Federal Council, or first branch of the Parliament has approved of the Bill reported by the Budget Commission fixing the army for three years at 401,659 men at a cost of $90,373,275.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 26.—The populace continue to manifest their disapproval of the course of the Government in appointing Decker to the Governorship of the Province of Limburg. Crowds of angry people gather in the streets, but they are speedily dispersed. No serious disturbance has yet occurred.

LATER.—Owing to the disorders, and in order to allay their excitement, Decker has offered his resignation.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—Up to this evening Connolly had not obtained bail, and remains in the custody of Deputy Sheriff Jarvis.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—It is ascertained from an official source that there is no truth in the statement that Minister Schenck will be recalled and that Secretary Fish will succeed him in London.

The President has finished the draft of his Annual Message, and the usual care is taken to prevent a premature exposition of its contents, nor will he risk the printing of it in advance of the delivery of the document to Congress. All the copies therefore, will be in manuscript.

The following is collected from dispatches received this evening from the signal office. A light fall of snow took place this afternoon at Chicago, Ill., and Leavenwork, Kansas, with a fall in the thermometer at the latter place of 23 deg.

NEW YORK, Nov. 26.—It is rumored that Hall will be arrested in the morning.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 26.—The reported loss of life by the late snow slides in the Canons is far more serious than stated yesterday. Quite a number of persons are missing, and are supposed to be lost. It is storming again to-day in the mining districts of Wasatch, and an unusually hard winter seems inevitable.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 26.—There were 60 deaths from small-pox in this city last week.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 26.—Seasonable rains are falling throughout the state.

The grapes are nearly all gathered, and the vintage is the largest and finest ever produced in the State.

Gen. Orloff will simply act as *charge d'affaire* of Russia until the successor of Chatacagy shall be appointed, the functions of the latter having ceased.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 25.—A despatch from Arizona states that one hundred Government cattle were run off with by Apache Indians in Ville d'Chene, near Prescott, the troops and citizens pursuing the Apaches who murdered the Wickenburg stage passengers trailed them directly to Date Creek reservation. The people of Prescott raised Volunteers with the determination of killing every Apache in the reservation, but finally consented to leave the matter with Gen. Crook.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 25.—The third match game of billiards was played last evening between Jas. Dion, of New York and Henry Mills of this city. At the conclusion of the game the score stood—Dion, 500; Miller, 118. Six innings were played. The largest run by Dion was 107 while his opponent's was only 11.

SATURDAY'S MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—A special despatch from Paris to the *Standard* asserts that the appointment of Jules Ferry as Minister to Washington is sure to be made.

Ashbury yacht *Livonia* arrived at Cowes yesterday.

Mr. Jessel the Liberal candidate has been returned to Parliament from Dover.

The sudden and severe coldness of weather causes great distres among the unprepared poor.

The police returns show that within the city limits 17 deaths have resulted from extreme cold since ice first appeared. Measures are being taken to provide fuel and clothing for the suffering.

A colliery explosion occurred yesterday near Bromwick while the men were at work. Eight minners are known to have been killed. A similar accident is reported in a coal mine near Havesford, by which twenty men were injured, but as far as has been ascertained no one was killed outright.

An accident happened to the Scotch Express train on the North Western Railway last night. The cars were badly wrecked and seventeen persons were seriously injured. No deaths reported.

LONDON, Nov. 25.—The official bulletins of the physicians attending the Prince of Wales, state that symptoms in the case have assumed a more favourable appearance. In the course of the day yesterday there was a slight abatement in the fever, and the patient was easier, but after dark the fever increased and the Prince passed a restless and uncomfortable night.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—The publication of the *Rappel* has been suspended by an order from the government.

The commission of pardons have rejected appeals from Ferre Rossel and other leading Communists.

PRUSSIA.

BERLIN, Nov. 25.—An order been sent to the Navy Yard at Kiel to fit out three men of war for Brazil. It is understood the purpose of the expedition is to demand satisfaction for the maltreatment of a German naval officer, and two cadets in a fight at Rio Janeiro.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Nov. 25.—The newly appointed members of the Cirleithan Cabinet, took their oaths of office to-day. The Reichsrath is convoked for the 21st December.

ITALY.

ROME, Nov. 25.—Geo. P. Marsh, Minister of the United States has arrived and established an American legation in this city.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 25.—The rioting here has been suppressed, but great excitement exists and another outbreak is possible at any moment. Fresh troops arrived to-day. The athorities are firm and are taking efficient steps to quell further attempts at violence and disorder.

UNITED STATES.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., Nov. 27.—The excitement in Clark County, Ind., on account of the Park tragedy has not died out. A suspicion that white men instigated the murders is undergoing a secret investigation. Numbers of negroes are leaving the county. The wife of negro Squire Taylor, who is now suspected of being the one who struck the fiendish blows, has gone to Chicago. The grand jury will meet on the 1st of December, when it is probable some of the lynchers of the negroes engaged in the bloody affair will be indicted. Two negroes were admitted yesterday to practice in the Kentucky courts.

The *Herald's* Washington correspondent telegraphs that there is now no doubt that Minister Schenck will soon retire from the English mission, and be succeeded in that important place by the present Secretary of State Fish.

Small-pox is still spreading in this city. Eight deaths are reported since Thursday, and since Saturday last 52 cases have been reported to the City Sanitary Inspector; Vaccination is strongly urged by the Health Department.

Deputy Sheriff J. Jarvis received late yesterday afternoon a new order of arrest for Ingersoll. Woodward, and Garvey, issued by Judge W. L. Learred, at Albany, Nov. 22. This order requires the accused to be held in five hundred thousand dollars bail each. Mr. Ingersoll, it is again reported he will appear in the city to-day and surrender himself to the Sheriff, who will accept bail, which Ingersoll will offer. He is still staying at the Orange, N. J., and was seen yesterday at Taylor's Hotel in Jersey City. Woodward is believed to be in Toronto, Canada, and Garvey is probably in England. The order issued by Judge Learned, extending the time for the justification of Tweed's bail, twenty days, was based on affidavit made by Elisha Root, one of Tweed's lawyers, wherein the deponent declares that defendant Tweed has been advised by his counsel to move and in good faith intended to move for a reduction of the bail, or to vacate the order of arrest. The property of A. J. Garvey is offered for sale at 40 per cent, of what was paid for it, but finds no buyers, owing to the supposed insecurity of the title. Sheriff Brennan and Judson Jarvis of the Order of Arrest Department waited upon Ex Controller Connolly at 12 o'clock to day and arrested him on a charge of fraud similar to that of Tweed. The bail required is a million dollars, and Connolly is now in consultation with his friends for the purpose of securing the amount. Mr. Connolly had just appeared in the new Court House, when Mr. Jarvis approached him and exhibited an affidavit which had been made by Mr. Breckham charging him with participation in money received by Woodward, Clerk of the Board of Supervisors. The amount said to be obtained by Woodward and shared, as alleged with Connolly was $3[illegible],000, and it was made up of certain portions of Ingersoll and Garvey's moneys.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 25.—Regular Mormons repudiate those claiming to be of their faith who proposes to send away their plural wives. They were Mormons, but are now cut off from the church, among those who have resolved to give up polygamy in obedience to laws, is Lawrence of the old mercantile firm of Kimball and Lawrence.

A despatch from Little Cottonwood tonight reports snow, sleet, hail, rain, thunder and lightning and a terrific wind. Snow slides have done much damage. Several lives lost. It is still snowing and blowing fiercely with no signs of abating. Snow is from five to six feet deep on a level and is badly drifted.

Mining operations are brisk despite the bad weather.

Receipts of bullion this week amount to nearly one million dollars.

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 25.—Charles E. Vetts, a German milk pedlar, living two miles north of Meriaden, murdered his mother this afternoon, by cutting her throat, and afterwards committed sucide by cutting his own throat. The trouble was on account of his mother's opposition to his marriage.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—A special from London says that a distinguished Cardinal asserts positively that the Pope will not leave Rome unless compelled to do so by physical force or personal violence.

A special to the *Herald* from Mexico, dated the 12th inst., says the Government force under command of General Folentine, have been entirely routed by the Revolutionist sunder command of Guerra, in Durango.

The steamship *Donan*, from Bremen, has arrived.

The *Herald's* Alexandria Egypt special says, a terrible catastrophe has just occurred in the harbour of this port, in consequence of a collision between two steamships, carrying passengers and the mails. The vessels met with great force, and the shock and sinking resulted in the death of seventy-five Algerine pilgrims by drowning. The men were overburdened with gold, the weight of which rendered their efforts to swim unavailing, indeed impossible.

The *Herald's* Berlin special says that a state of general uneasiness prevails in the public mind here, and is extending to the neighboring capitals on the subject of more immediate results of the diplomacy which were maintained by the German Empire towards France. Prince Bismarck engages himself in privately advocating a continuance of the system of military preparation for war. The recent action of the members of the Prussian Reichstag, looking to the prolongation of the military budget on a war estimate for a space of three years contemplates, it is said, a speedy re-occupation of the six departments of France which were hostaged to the Germans at the termination of the war. Bismarck advocates this important improvement for the reason that he sees that the tenure of authority by the Thiers Government is very precarious.

No toilet table should be without COCO-GLYCERINE, 25 cents per bottle.

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

RICARDO'S BENEFIT.

CONTINUED.

So the days and nights passed on; and slowly, slowly brought me a little ease at last.

One morning Monsieur, entering my room with a brighter face than usual, told me Ninette had come to see me. I felt the blood rush into my wan face as I took her little warm hand in both of my own.

'Oh! you are so much better, Ricardo,' she said, her small lips trembling a little as she looked at me. 'We shall soon have you back in your place among us.'

I shook my head slowly, 'Never again, Ninette.'

'Why?' she asked in feigned astonishment.

'I shall never walk again anywhere, I think, Ninette, certainly not on the vibrating wire. I know I must be a—be lame all my life; and I'm trying, as I lie here to get accustomed to the thought, and feel prepared.'

'No! no!' she cried, quickly. 'Don't try to get accustomed to it Ricardo. Try to think of getting well, and that will help you to do so.'

'Will it? Then I will try," I answered, struggling with my sadness. 'When do you leave here?'

'Leave here? O, I don't know. Not till you are well, I should think. 'Why, Ricardo,' she added, as I smiled incredulously, 'don't you know that to-night we are all going to perform for your benefit? You've not heard, you say? I wish I could have brought you one of the enormous bills, headed 'Ricardo's Benefit,' in letters as large as myself. You always were fond of reading your own name in the bills, weren't you?'

'Yes—with yours,' I answered, intently watching the bright face.

'Well you would have seen mine, too, to-day, in letters almost larger, for I am going to ride.'

'Of course,' I answered, with a faint smile, while I wondered a large at the sudden change in her voice. 'What audience would there be if you did not, Ninette?'

'None,' she laughed. 'You must wish me success before I go away. But here's Monsieur come to dismiss me. I've been telling Signor Ricardo,' she added, as the manager joined us, 'various particulars of his Benefit. How very willingly we all give our services. How all the town is patronizing us.'

'And did she tell you,' asked Monsieur, with a pleased and excited look, 'how I offered to double the price of admission if any one would promise a novelty? and how she herself immediately proposed to perform her Moorish feat? I'll show you one of the hand bills. Here it is: 'Allie, Ninette,' the Equestrian Queen, on her magnificent steed *Black Hawk*, will——'"

'O, no no! you must not let her,' I exclaimed, in hasty fear. 'Oh! Monsieur, is it most rash and dangerous.'

Monsieur smiles, as he put the handbill back into his pocket, and Ninette arose with a vexed glance across at him.

'Do forbid her to do this,' I cried again.

'Mlle. Ninette is such a surperb horsewoman,' the manager said, 'that, if she feels she can accomplish it safely and brilliantly, I feel it too. And it will make to-night's performance an unrivaled success. She has done it before, you know; and a gorgeous and unprecedented triumph it was.'

'It is a willful risking of life,' I faltered, the tears starting in my weakness. 'I shall be miserable.'

'I shall not,' laughed Monsieur, rising. 'I have too much confidence in Ninette.'

'Don't think about it at all, Ricardo,' Ninette said, giving me her hand as she prepared to leave. 'I should never have told you myself, because I know how invalids worry themselves about the safest and most trifling thing. I have made up my mind to do it, and *Black Hawk* understands that same entirely.'

'Oh! do not venture it Ninette,' I whispered, appealing to her in bitter earnestness. 'Say you will not.'

'No—for I *must*,' she answered, laughing lightly, though she spoke with odd, steady quietness.

Then I covered my eyes with my feeble hands, and let the tears flow on.

'I shall come in and see you before the performance,' Ninette said, after a little dismal pause.

'Will you, Ninette? I asked eagerly, as I battled with my cowardice. 'Will you come in just as you go?'

'I hardly know about that,' she answered, with a quaint, smile; 'I have a startling costume in which you will not recognize me.'

Monsieur had left the room then, and Ninette was standing opposite me, about to follow him

'Ninette,' I said, slowly, as I feasted my eyes on her sweet face, 'when I saw you first you wore an old black habit, quite rusty, I remember; and you had a hat in your hand, with a long scarlet plume almost touching the ground. And however I have seen you since, you have always been to me as you were that day—and you always will be, dear.'

'I remember that old velvet habit,' she laughed. 'It is a superannuated article now; and—what did you think of me then, Ricardo?'

'Just what I think now.'

She laughed again, but her step was soft and lingering when she left me.

Until evening I lay and thought of her; picturing the beautiful little figure that would come to me in its gorgeous theatrical dress. The twilight glided slowly into my silent room, and then I lay and listened breathlessly, for I knew she must come soon now. Yet so noiselessly she entered at last that even my waiting ears could scarcely catch the light step. Without a word she shut the door behind her. Then she stood looking at me; her red lips parted with an irrepressible smile, and her eyes brimming over with fun. But she was clad in no gay, unusual dress, she stood there holding up in one hand the old black habit, from the other dangled the little hat with its scarlet plume and her head was only crowned with its bright fair curls.

'Ninette,' I said, breaking my wondering silence, 'seeing you so, I feel as if, through all the years that I lie helpless, I could dream that you have been to me all that I wildly dreamed you might be when I saw you so for the first time. Thank you for coming as you are, but you will have to change your dress again, you ride in such a different costume.'

The color rushed to her cheeks, and her eyes grew hot and dry.

'Yes, very different; but cannot yo think of me always as you see me now Ricardo—as you saw me first? The people are passing the hospital gates in crowds,' she went on, turning and looking through the window; 'I expect a fuller house than we have ever had in England. It is for your sake, Signor.'

'I wish I thought so,' I said very earnestly; 'I wish I did not know they go to see your wild and daring leap, Ninette. How terrible it will be to witness—for those who love you!'

She laughed a low, quick laugh, but did not turn to me.

(To be Continued.)

STRANGE MODE OF TREATMENT.

A Hollander named Stupemeyer, lately living in Detroit but now probably dead there, was lately attacked by chills and fever, and, with his wife's assistance, set about to cure himself. A neighbor calling at his house found him holding a bag of hot ashes in one hand and a cup of cold water in the other, his theory being that his fever would be absorbed in the ashes, and then, at the right moment, he could dip the bag into the cup and quench the heat, thus preventing its return to his body. A day or two afterwards the chill came on, and then the wife put hot bricks at his feet, a cold cloth at his head, and a plaster on his stomach, the object being to drive the chill into the plaster. As this had no perceptible effect the patient was made to rise from bed, pace between two chairs twice around them, kneel twice, and then return to bed. He was permitted to drink all the water he wanted, but at every draught his wife took three pebbles from his cup, wiped them dry and dropped them back again. He ate boiled cabbage and bread soaked in cold water. He would not hear of the presence of a physician, but sought aid from his wife, who dressed him and carried him five rods on her shoulders in the open air. He became very sick indeed, and then more curious antics were performed, which make one think of the dirty fetish worship of the native Africans.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215, Fulton Street, New York, and 93 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

COCO-GLYCERINE nourishes the hair.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil, the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

BREAKFAST—EPPS'S COCOA—GRATEFUL AND COMFORTING.—The very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London. d1809 1y

COCO-GLYCERINE — something new for the hair.

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and clearing the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical

LOCAL NEWS

Unpleasant weather yesterday.

THE SOCIAL of the Centrals takes place on Friday next.

A special meeting of the City Council takes place to-morrow evening.

LAST TRIP.—The steamer Queen Victoria, made her last trip, as far as Thurso on Saturday.

The Union Forwarding Co's. steamer *Monitor* was drawn up on slides out of the water at Aylmer Saturday.

SALE OF HORSES—Remember the sale of horses to-morrow on the market by Mr. Falls, Several fine animals are to be sold.

SOCIAL.—The eighth annual ball of the Sapeur Fire Company takes place this evening in the St. Patrick's Hall. As usual it will be a pleasant and successful affair

GO AHEAD!—Three new stores have been opened in Renfrew within the last month A fourth will soon be added to the number, Mr. Smith having rented his cut-stone building next to the Exchange Hotel to an Ottawa merchant, who will open out immediately after the arrival of the cars.

LECTURE.—We would remind our readers of the lecture to be given to-morrow evening in the College Hall, by the Rev. Father Pallier. Subject "Spiritualism and its Phenomena" With his extensive knowledge and great ability the Rev. lecturer will, we have no doubt handle the subject in an able and interesting manner.

C. C. R. R.—The extension of the C. C. R. R. is going on rapidly. The track is laid nearly to Castleford—almost half the distance between Sand Point and Renfrew; and as the bridges over the gullies are now ready to receive the ties, more rapid progress is likely to be made in laying the remaining portion of the track.

POLICE COURT, SATURDAY.—Jules King charged with being drunk on the public streets was fined $5 and costs or three weeks in gaol at hard labor.

Madame Angeline Pioulx charged with using abusive language to Francis Laroque was fined $10 and costs or three weeks in gaol at hard labor.

THE KIND OF WINTER EXPECTED.—A cold winter without deep snow is predicted by the weather wise. Others who are equally wise talk of heavy rains, sharp frosts, and sunny days as being our prospect. This fall is said to exactly resemble one we had some years ago, which introduced just such a winter as is noted above.

ST. ANDREW'S BANNER.—The new Banner of the St. Andrew's Society has just been completed, and excels anything, we apprehend, of this kind in Canada. It speaks volumes for home manufacture. It is the handiwork of the Grey Nuns and is very artistically designed. It will be on exhibition on Monday evening in the splendid show window of the dry goods firm of Russell & Watson.

GOWAN'S HALL, THIS EVENING.—Mr. B. C. Brodie as will be seen by our advertisement in another column, gives readings from several standard authors this evening, at Gowan's Hall. Mr. Brodie's well known ability and taste render it unnecessary for us to add a word in his favour. We would recommend all who wish to enjoy a rich intellectual treat to go. Mr. Brodie will be assisted by gentlemen amateurs of well known ability.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

BAZAAR.—The Bazaar in Gowan's Hall on Saturday evenidg last in aid of the Protestant House of Refuge was very successful. The young ladies who got it up for so worthy an object deserve great praise; for now that the cold weather is at hand every possible assistance is required towards the support of the poor and unfortunate. The Bazaar was conducted under the directions of the Misses Johnson, Misses Himsworth and Miss Kirby, and very nicely indeed was everything arranged.

ARRIVALS AT RUSSELL HOUSE.—Hon. J. H. Pope, Cookshire; Jame A Sadlier Montreal; D. L. Heyde, Burlington; M schwob, Montreal; R. Philps, Bowmanville; W J Patterson, Montreal; G E Reed, do; Jabob Weart, Jersey City; R Luttrell Prescott; J C Dursant, New York; D W Browne and wife, Ogdensburgh; John Watson, Ayr; A B Foster, jr., Montreal; John Blackie, Sand Point; Jesse Thoyler, Toronto; James Lamont, Chatham; Geo B Ferguson, Montreal; F Henry Joell and wife, Toronto; William Slater, London, England; Wiliam W Welch, Northfield Farm, Gatineau

ACKNOWLEDGMENT.—The Treasurer of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital acknowledges the receipt of the following sums in aid of the institution:

Mr. Robert McKay, Montreal, per	
Mr. McKinnon	$10.00
T. Bedford Jones, L. L. D	5.00
Wesleyan Methodist church per Mr. Pennock collection on Thank-giving morning	35.25
Also at the Union Service in the evening same day $81 75 less $4 paid by Mr Pennock for printing	77.75
Mr. James D. Slater	5.00
St. Andrew's Church Presbyterian collection on the 13th instant	86.25
Captain Allan Fraser, Fitzroy	5.00
Congregational Church, Ottawa	10.00
	$279.25

Ottawa, 24th November 1871.

Donations thankfully received by the Treasurer.

ALEXANDER WORKMAN, Treasurer.

SCOTCHMEN IN MANITOBA.—On Tuesday the 7th. inst, a meeting of Scotchmen and sons of Scotchmen took place at Winnipeg with a view to the organization of a society. The meeting was numerously attended. D. A. Smith, Esq., M. P. occupied the chair and after some short speeches, all persons present put down their names as members and the following gentlemen were elected officers for the ensuing year:

President—D. A. Smith Esq., M. P.; Secretary—Mr. John F. Bain; Treasurer—Mr. J. J. Hargraves; Chaplain—Rev. John Black; Piper—Mr. John Hackett; Executive Committee—Messrs. McMicken, McGregor, Webster, Cunningham, McTavish, and Sinclair.

It was arranged that St. Andrew's day next should be observed by the Society attneding church in the morning and by a dinner in the evening.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

On Saturday evening last a large audience enjoyed the pleasure and benefit of listening to an eminently able lecture in the Mechanic's Institute, delivered by Mr. Langton under the auspices of the "Literary and Scientific Society," the subject being "Popular Errors and Prejudices" We candidly acknowledge that we have listened to few lectures with greater interest, pleasure and profit, and we feel satisfied that every person who had the good fortune to be present will join with us in paying a high tribute of praise to the ability of the very talented lecturer. His *expose* of many popular errors and prejudices was cleverly accomplished. One after another they were disposed of in quick succession by the lecturer, who with most unmerciful lashes of his whip of sarcasm sent them speeding on their way to the realms of Bœotia. Sarcastic wit, sound logic, much research, and extensive knowledge characterized Mr. Langton's lecture.

Traditional and superstitious errors and prejudices, those idols of the ignorant, were shattered into ridicule by the iconoclastic exposures of the lecturer. A covey of newborn absurdities met the same exterminating fate, and though, it is our firm belief that many among the audience placed a certain amount of credit in the efficiency and reliability of some of the erroneous practices and beliefs, yet when they were brought under the analytic test of the lecturer, they appeared so absurd that the said persons laughed ridicule loud and often at what they now consider the fruits of ignorant credulity. We all laugh as the lecturer stated at the prejudices and errors of earlier ages, and we wonder how it was possible that human beings should submit to such absurdities, but a contrast between the errors of ancient times and those of the 19th century certainly leaves nothing for this age of progress and advanced Christianity to boast of. Every age has had its new fabricated errors and the present is not without its legion. Impostors ply their profession as lucratively to-day as their predecessors did centuries ago, and quack medecines composed of transparent fraud are popular panaceas

At the conclusion a vote of thanks was tendered Mr. Langton.

The President then announced that meetings in future would take place on Thursday evenings; that a meeting of persons desirous of joining a debating club to be established in connection with the society will be held on Wednesday evening next, and that the lecture to be given in Gowan's Hall during the winter months under the auspices of the society will be by Drs. Grant, Sweetland, Henry and Hill.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully thismorning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

(*To be Continued*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

TWENTY-FOURTH

1847 1871

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION

Scotchmen and descendants of Scotchmen in the city of Ottawa and its vicinity are particularly requested to assemble at the Albion Hotel on

THURSDAY, NOV 30, A.D. 1871.

to walk in procession to St Andrew's church where the usual annual Sermon will be preached by the Rev D M Gordon, B.D., Chaplain of the Society. A collection will be taken up in aid of the funds of the Society

N B.—Members and others are particularly requested to wear badges, which can be procured at the Hotel from the Secretary

A GRAND CONCERT

will take place in the evening in the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

By the kind permission of the officers the splendid band of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery has been secured for the afternoon and evening.

The Society's Highland Pipes will also be on hand to duly honor the occasion.

Mrs Sanderson, of Montreal, together with the best Vocal and Instrumental talent of the city, have promised their assistance.

A GRAND COMPETITION

in Scottish Violin Music, for a GOLD and SILVER MEDAL, will also take place during the evening.

N B.—The Piano for the occasion will be supplied from the Music Store of J. L. Orme & Son.

J MERCER.....Conductor.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 7½.

Admission—Parquette, 50 cents; children under 12, half price; gallery, 25 cents.

To be had at the usual places and from members of the Committee.

God Save the Queen.

By order,

DUNCAN ROBERTSON, Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1829 5

THE SEASON COMMENCED

BULLS OYSTERS

Just Received H. M. ROWE'S celebrated

BULK AND CAN OYSTERS,

$1.80.....PER GALLON,

AT

The Italian Warehouse.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.

PUBLIC SCHOOL TEACHERS' EXAMINATIONS

FOR COUNTY OF CARLETON.

The Examination of candidates for Public School Teachers (2nd and 3rd class) will be held in the Central School West, Ottawa, commencing on MONDAY, 18th DECEMBER, at 2 p.m. The examination for First Class candidates will be held in the same place on TUESDAY, 26th DECEMBER, commencing at 9 a.m. Candidates must send to the Inspector as soon as possible certificates of good moral character, and inform him of the grade of certificate now held, and the grade of that for which they are making application.

JOHN McMILLAN, B. A.
Secretary Examining Board

Ottawa, Nov. 15, 1871 1821 wkys

FREE EXHIBITION.

ARCHER'S NON-BURSTING IMPROVED WATER CONDUCTOR,

Patented September 25th, 1871.

One of the most useful inventions of the present age—cannot possibly burst by ice; does not rust; can be made of galvanized iron, tin, or wood; highly recommended by practical men.

COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned will be at the

RUSSELL HOUSE, OTTAWA.

from the 24th to the 2nd December, where he will exhibit the Conductor in operation from 9 to 12 a.m, and from 2 to 6 p.m

Call and see it.

All communications addressed Postoffice, Kingston, Ont., will receive prompt attention.

R M CHARLTON.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1871 1829a

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer, &c.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

Improved City Property.

The Subscriber has been instructed to sell by Public Auction on the ground on

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1871,

that valuable Brick House and Lot situated on the corner of Bank and Albert streets, being Lot No. 36, Albert street, south. The Lot will be divided and sold in two separate equal parts, 49½ feet on Bank street by 66 feet deep. The corner Lot with Brick House two stories high, with Brick Kitchen. The house is well finished and in good repair. There is an excellent well of water in the yard on the south half. There is a Foundation and a quantity of Building Material on the lot that will go with it. This is a valuable property, being a corner lot; and title first class, being the Sparks Estate.

Sale at 12, noon.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

A ROWE, Auctioneer.

Ottawa, Nov 22, 1871 1826td

THE STEAMERS

Jessie Cassels, Prince Arthur, and Sir John Young.

will make their last Trips on

Saturday, 25th inst.

R S CASSELS, President.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1828d

MORTGAGE SALE.

There will be offered for sale by Public Auction, at 12 o'clock, noon on the FIFTH DAY OF DECEMBER Next, at the premises hereinafter mentioned, under the powers of sale, contained in two several mortgages thereof from William Smith and Catherine Smith, his wife and John Smith, to James D Slater, town lot number thirty six in the city of Ottawa above all subject to a mortgage thereon to Mrs Slater for the unpaid purchase money thereon and interest.

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

Vendor will covenant only that he has done no act to incumber.

Title to be accepted as it existed at the execution of the said several mortgages to the said James D Slater.

All conveyances, searches, &c., to be at the purchaser's expense.

ARCHD ROWE, Auctioneer. LEWIS & PIPHEY, Vendor's Solicitors,

Ottawa, Nov 25 1871 1830 3

FURNITURE,

FURNITURE! FURNITURE!

The largest and best selected stock of all kinds of House hold Furniture in Central Canada can now be found at Rowe & Annable's Warehouse, No. 5 Rideau street. Parlor Suits in green, drab, and maroon colours Bedroom Sets with marble tops in black walnut beautifully carved, marble top Sideboard with elaborate game carvings, marble top dressers with glass; Centre Tables, Bookcases, &c. Hall Cloth Furniture in great variety, Cane Work in Dining Room and other chairs, a new style of chairs called the Rush Seat, the only place they can be got in Canada, and an endless variety of common furniture cheap. Remember the place.

ROWE & ANNABLE, No. 5, Rideau street

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871. 1820tf

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Tenders are required for the various Artificer's works necessary in the erection of the new St. Andrew's Church, corner of Wellington and High streets, Ottawa, Ont.

The plans and specifications can be seen, and information obtained, on and after MONDAY, the 20th inst. at the School Room in rear of present church.

Sealed Tenders will be received up to MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of December next, addressed to the undersigned, either for the whole of the works or for any one of the various trades.

Security will be required for the due and proper performance of the several works.

The committee do not hold themselves to accept the lowest or any tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

By order of the Building Committee,

G E ELLIOTT, Chairman.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1829d

NEW BOOK.—NEW BOOKS!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Grocers and Liquor Merchants in the city of Ottawa under the name and firm of "Campbell & Co," has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, the business to be hereafter continued by Mr. Campbell alone, to whom all debts due are to be forthwith paid, and by whom all liabilities will be settled.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1871

A. CAMPBELL,
JOS. SLAEMAN.

In reference to the above I beg to thank the public for their liberal patronage heretofore extended to the above firm, and to inform them that I have now on hand a much larger stock than usual, and am in a position to fill all orders in my line as cheap and to as great an advantage as any person in the same trade, and beg to solicit the orders of our old customers and the Public in general, guaranteeing them perfect satisfaction.

A CAMPBELL.

Ottawa, Nov 20, 1871 1827tfw1

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,

(lately occupied by D Whelan)

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSES.

W H FALLS will sell by auction opposite the Lower Town Market on

TUESDAY NEXT, 28th INST.

at 10 o'clock a.m., several very fine Horses.

Ottawa, Nov 25, 1871 1829td

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

EXTENSIVE

AUCTION SALE

OF

Farm Stock, Farming Implements &c.

W H. FALLS

begs to announce to the public that he has been favored with instructions to sell by Public Auction, at the residence of the late WILLIAM CRAHAM, Gloucester,

ON MONDAY, the 27th INSTANT,

the whole of the Farm Stock, Agricultural Implements, &c., &c., comprising—4 Span of Horses, one Mare and Foal by the celebrated Horse "Sunshine," 13 splendid Milch Cows, 2 Thorough Bred Bulls, and 14 head of choice bred young Cattle.

Farming Implements, consisting of Reaper and Mower, 4 loughs, Harrows, Cultivators, Horse Rake, Waggons, Carts, Sleighs, Cutters, Buggies, several sets of single and Double light and Heavy Harness, together with Lumbering Appliances, Farming Utensils, &c., &c. Also,

60 Tons of Prime Hay,

a large quantity of Potatoes, Turnips, &c. About

300 Cords of splendid dry Cordwood

The whole to be sold without reserve.

Sale to commence at 10 o'clock, a.m.

Terms—Cash.

Further particulars will be given in catalogues obtainable upon the premises, at J. Graham's, Albion Hotel; W. Champness', British Lion; F. Champness', St. Lawrence, W. Graham's City Hotel; R Elliott's Commercial Hotel, Ottawa; A. Graham, Billings' Bridge; and of the Auctioneer at his Auction and Commission Rooms, No. 43, Rideau Street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871 1823td

MACDONALD'S AUCTION ROOMS.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneer and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents 36, York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819ym

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENEY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

MONTREAL & CITY OF OTTAWA

JUNCTION RAILWAY

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors of this Company, Stock Books will be opened on Friday the 1st December, 1871, at the following places, viz:

In the city of Montreal at the Ontario Bank.

In the city of Ottawa, at the office of E McGillivray, Esq.

In the village of Alexandria, at the office of D A Macdonald, Esq., M. P.

By order,

W BRISTOW, Secretary.

Lunesbr Nov 18, 1871. 1818 2a

OTTAWA

LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

The next regular meeting will be held in the Lecture Room on SATURDAY, the 25th NOVEMBER, instant, at 7:30 p m

At 8 o'clock a paper will be read by John Langton, Esq., M. A. Subject—"Popular Errors and Prejudices,"

The public invited. Admission free.

G KENNEDY, Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov 23, 1871 1729 1

TWO TEACHERS WANTED.

A Male Teacher holding a first class Certificate and a Female holding a Second or Third Class Duties to commence 1st day of January 1872. Applications stating salary with testimonials, received until 20th December by

JOHN McKECHNAR,

Hawkesbury, Ont., Nov 24 1828 3

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, McKINNONS & M'MORAN
Successors to
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
No. 20, Sparks street.

—24—

Hardware—Hardware.

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau Street

The subscriber having just completed his Fall Stock he is now prepared to furnish any article in the above line at prices to suit the purchaser.

The following articles are constantly kept in stock:

Bar, Bundle and Sheet Iron
Bar and Sheet Tin
Bar and Sheet copper.
Sheet Brass, &c, &c
Sleigh Shoe Steel all sizes from 1x¼ to 4x¼
Cast and Blister Steel
Proof Chain all sizes
Broad Axes
Narrow Axes single and double steel
Cut Saws, Grind Stones, Oils, Putty, Glass, Paints all colors
Stoves—Box, Double, and Cooking
Ale, an endless variety of Shelf Hardware and House Furnishing Goods, &c., &c.

P. S.—A call is respectfully solicited

All goods delivered free to any part of the city

THOS. BIRKETT, No. 24 Rideau street.

Ottawa, Nov 23, 1871 d&w

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,

TULIPS, LILLIES,

SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,

GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Haarlem Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

OTTAWA CITY

PASSENGER RAILWAY Co.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A.D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SURTEES, Secretary.

Office of O C P R R Co, New Edinburgh, Nov. 11, 1871. 1828 2awtd

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on hand

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion.

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 125 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. y

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their now

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET.

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not hat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 beside numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20 cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER, Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

WANTED,

By a young man who has two or three hours to spare in the evening, some literary or book work, either at or from home. Address F. M A., Postoffice, Ottawa. 1826 3

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON, Proprietor

1760-6m

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.

Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co's, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871. 1815tf

IF YOU DESIRE,

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS,

" " PILLOW CLOTHS,

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $735,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

LEE A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON, Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12 1871 1792y

NEW SPRING GOODS

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED.

An Immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Casimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c.,

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Ware
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Ottawa April 11, 1871

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1742 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CHAINE, Orleans', Ontario.

November 14, 1871 1820 3t eo

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SPERRAD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5.30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Calédonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. CONNELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAQUET.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under, for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 20, 1871 2670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?!

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophylium, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Flat Bottles ..$1 00
Pills per Box.....25

PULMONARY BALSAM — VEGETABLE — CONSUMPTION. USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 45 YEARS. "NOTHING BETTER." CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON. Sold by the Druggists FOR COUGHS, COLDS &

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to T M CLARK, Royal Insurance Company.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 3

FOR ONE READING, O TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month. Books bought, sold and exchanged: Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be, With great respect, THOMAS HOLLOWAY.

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

1,000 AGENTS WANTED TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His Church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that enter largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ontario.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents. Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820tf

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, October 27, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ¼ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn. JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton. or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817deiawlm

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbud-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1805 2

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, reanimating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received:

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. Pulvermacher's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medecine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism.	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms,	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.
B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Control, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hughes, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Sagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W. Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON, Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co. Omaha, Neb.

H. POOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE A.M.	DUE A.M.	DUE P.M.
.....	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8.00	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.20
9.00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c.	10.00	.....	.....
9.30	.....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9.30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
10.30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.30	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9.30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

MESSRS. SATCHELL BROS BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis.

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq.—This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN, Episcopal Methodist Minister.

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or stamps. Correspondence solicited, address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1774 2

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Madoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours, CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE, cumbent of St. Johns church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to "CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex-st, Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & Co.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

Pickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

in every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON, 1812 tf 8, Sparks Street.

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1657tf

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings. 1798tf

Medical.

DR. MARCO TRIBE'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS. PARTS OF THE WORLD. PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON EC.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth. Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD. Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model on the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER.

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramp in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus, Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

DR. ROBERTS' CELEBRATED OINTMENT, CALLED "THE POOR MANS FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by BEACH & BARNICOTT, Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

OTTAWA & MONTREAL Macadamized Road Company.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

of the Stock Holders of the above named Company will be held at the ALBION HOTEL, on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, on

Monday, the Eleventh Day of Dec., A.D. 1871.

at half past Two of the Clock in the afternoon, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON, Secretary Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w 39 3

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A. D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON, Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w39 3

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 365y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43tf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa. 4tatf JOHN J. GEMMILL. ROBERT LEES.

EDWARD T. DARTELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 452y

A. MARA, Architect. Office—Armond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 962y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa. WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 365tf GEORGE TAILLON

TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a.m. to 4 p.m.

N.B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fenton's Drug Store Residence St

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT, NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MERCIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetreau's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull. Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLENNOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec. Offices over Durie's Book Store, Sparks street Ottawa. W McKAY WRIGHT. 783 F. J. CLENNOW

S. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law & Attorney, &c., opposite the Russell House Ottawa.

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS. R. HIGMAN. CHEMIST, &c., SPARKS ST, Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c. Ottawa, May 1, 1871

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, SARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX,

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1831. OTTAWA, TUESDAY NOVEMBER 28 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

Alphonse Todd 2 copies Librarian

REGENT HOUSE.

New Millinery.

New Costumes.

New Mantles.

New Shawls.

New Fancy Dress Goods.

New Costume Cloth.

New Satines all colours.

New French Merinos.

New Velveteens.

New Hosiery.

New Fancy Woollen Goods.

New Clouds.

Will open to-day one case VELVET RIBBONS black and coloured in all widths.

REGENT HOUSE

30, Sparks street.

SINCLAIR, STIFF & CO.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1871. 1801y

Jouvin Double Button Kid Gloves. Extra Quality in Black and all Colours.

75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES, SPLENDID VALUE—GREAT DEMAND.

Just Received—another lot of the

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GAGLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.,

Have Receiv

SX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Pins,
" Cotton Hosiery,
" Dark Prints,
1 Bale Grey Cottons,
1 " Furlets (expected sell,
1 case Laces,
1 " Bonnet-Borders,
" Trimmings
" Merrock's Sterling
1 " Ribbons,
1 " Parasols,
1 Bale Hessians,
1 Case Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS

1 Case Manitoba Tweeds,
1 " Union Tweeds,
1 Bales Batting,
" Wadding,
10 M McKEE'S Paper Collars,
11 S Lobster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " Twilled Sheetings
1 " " Ticks,

The Lobster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED

Ottawa, May 10, 1871

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new; ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1626y

MONEY TO LEND ON REAL ESTATE, From $100 to any amount, on approved security

BUILDING AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent, Times Office, Ottawa.

DR. ROBERTS'S CELEBRATED OINTMENT, CALLED THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND, is confidently recommended to the Public as a unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts, piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s. and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BLANNICOTT, Bridport, Dorset, England, and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J. Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this.

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newmarket, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—Eclectric—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto Globe, Leader and Telegraph, Montreal Gazette and Witness, Kingston Whig, Hamilton Spectator and Times, Ottawa Citizen and Times, Quebec Mercury and Chronicle to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALES—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—Try them.

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Henry, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BURNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.

30 Victoria square, Montreal.

Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,
Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,
Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN	Saturday,	7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN	"	14th "	"
HIBERNIAN	"	21st "	"
MORAVIAN	"	28th "	"
SARMATIAN	"	4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ..... $70 to $80
Steerage $35

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	12th Oct.
OTTAWA "	19th "
ST. DAVID "	26th "
ST. ANDREW "	2nd Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	9th "

Fares from Ottawa, cabin $67 38
Intermediate ..... $47 or 44 00
Steerage 38 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO., Agents Sparks-.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY	D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES	J. James, do.
NIGER	W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN	G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW, Montreal.

Or

T. M. CLARKE, Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENRY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE,

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs, Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Furs, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not hat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Harman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot, Rideau-st.; Holcombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1871 1y

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASINS

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Fingland & Draper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at the Water Works of the Parliament and Departmental Buildings, City Gas Works, Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills, A. Fleck's Foundry &c., &c.

CHALMERS & CO.,
Richardson st., Montreal,
P. O. Box 844,
Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,
General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 20, 1871. y

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 7:35 p.m. and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m, :10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT, Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO PORTLAND, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M.
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M.
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M.
" 8 Express, without Cars " 10:00 P.M.

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3,50 P.M

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M., every Morning—Sunday Mornings excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Close connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS, Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL, Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution (excluding House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, September 4, 1871. 1716 1m

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Mr. Francis Jones, M.P.,

will be happy to meet his friends and the public generally, at the following times and places, for the discussion of Political and other subjects, viz.:

Rockston, Monday, Dec 4, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Oxford Mills, Tuesday, Dec 5 at 6 o'clock, p.m.

Patterson's Corners, Wednesday, Dec 6, at 6 o'clock p m.

Bishop's Mills, Thursday, Dec 7, at 6 o'clock p m.

Easton's Corners, Friday, Dec 8, at 6 o'clock p m.

Toledo, Saturday, Dec 9, at 3 o'clock p m.

Frankville, Saturday, Dec 9 at 8 o'clock pm.

Lake Eloida, Monday, Dec 11, at 6 o'clock p m.

Lombard's Corners, Tuesday, December 12 at 6 o'clock p m.

Merrickville, Wednesday, Dec 13 at 6 o'clock p m.

Burrit's Rapids, Thursday Dec 14, at 6 o'clock p m.

Opposing Candidates, if any, Requested to Attend

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

November 14, 1871 1826 3 99 3

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sully Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforessid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this by-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sully Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"TROCHES," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully this morning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

(*To be Continued*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY and DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton street, New York, and 93 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for "MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP." Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evils the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels and by all druggists.

RICARDO'S BENEFIT.

CONCLUDED.

'You are thinking of Captain Attendant, I dare say, Ricardo? But you need not, for I have never spoken to him since the night you fell; and I never shall again.'

A wild, proud joy sprang up in my heart. 'Ninette,' I cried, 'my darling, turn your face to me. I am so helpless here and shall so soon lose the face I love. Come to me for these few precious moments.'

Very gently she came up to me, and laid her cool hand upon my forehead.

'This excitement, of course, is bad for you, Ricardo,' she said, tenderly: 'and I know it is bad for me, just now; it unnerves my heart and hand.' I think,' she added with a little sigh, 'that everything that comes naturally to us seems as if it was to be bad for us. Do you—do you remember what the clergyman here said when we performed for this hospital? O, I should so like to know if that could be true.'

Can it be true dear, when our Father's mercy is as wide as heaven?"

"Hush, Ricardo!" she interupted, with a quick breath; "you and I do not understand that kind of thing, and we may be hoping without foundation. He said—said it and wrote it, and published it—that no modest English girl would do what—I do, and that no noble and pure-minded man would make himself a spectacle, and wilfully risk his life as—as—you did. O, Ricardo, was it true?"

"No." I said firmly and quietly.

"I know I've been thoughtless and flippant," she went on, very low. "I know I haven't tried as I might have tried to make my life noble; but I don't feel that my heart has been different from the hearts of English girls; and, indeed—indeed—my life has been more full of temptation than that of any girl who has a quiet guarded home."

She bent her head and as I laid my weak fingers on the soft curls, one deep sob shook the little kneeling figure, but when she rose her eyes were bright behind their glistening lashes. She did not say a word of farewell to me. With a strange, brave, struggling smile, which would have vanished with a word, she hesitated a moment, her cheeks flushing and her lips wistful. Then quite suddenly, with just the slight gesture with which she acknowledged the plaudits of the crowd she left him.

I lay and listened as the carriages rolled past the infirmary gates, and presently across the river, I could hear our own band strike up merrily. I could follow in fancy the whole performance as I lay with the programme before me and the well-known airs to guide me. At last with a quickened beating of my heart, I felt the time was come for Ninette's appearance. I knew the very tune with which the band would greet her. Ah! there it was; but drowned almost in a loud, almost prolonged applause. Then—knowing she was performing—I lay there quivering in every limb.

It was just as one of the hospital physicians and a nurse came into my room that a great shout rose on the other side of the river and rolled joyously across to me. My blood burned in my veins.

"That is to greet her after her leap," I said, speaking aloud and rapidly in my intense relief. "Thank God it is over."

"I, too, am glad it is over," said the physician gravely, "such a

PAPER HANGINGS,

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Prices as low as any house in the city.

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Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Temporary Premises—T Hunton, Son & Co.
Dissolution of Partnership—Thos Hunton.
Mortgage Sale—W A Ross.
Sale of Brick Terrace—A Rowe
Bachelors' Hair Dye.
2,500 Acres of land for sale—A Rowe.
Court Notice—W P Powell.
Auction Sale of two wood Houses—A Rowe.
Mink Skins Wanted.
Public Notice—James Seiveright.
Notice to Creditors and others.

The Ottawa Times.

TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 28, 1871

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Hon. Mr. Langevin is expected here to-morrow.

Mr. R. Stephenson, M.P., left last night for the West.

The *Canadian Battle of Dorking* in pamphlet form can be obtained at the TIMES office, or at Messrs. Lunie & Cranie.

Mr. Dixon, English Immigration Agent, who has been in Toronto for the past few days will probably be here to-day.

The meetings which Dr. Schultz has been holding lately against Governor Archibald and his Government have proved unsuccessful.

Both the Toronto contested election cases have been decided against the petitioners. Consequently the Hon. Mr. Cameron and Mr. Crooks take their seats.

Mr. Hugh Macdonald, son of the Premier and a student in Messrs. Lewis & Pinhey's office in this city, passed his examination as a fourth year law student at Osgoode Hall last week.

The full report of Dr. Meredith's very interesting address to the members of the Literary and Scientific Society has laid over for a greater length of time than we intended. It will be found in another column, and will well repay perusal.

A COWARDLY ATTACK.

As our readers are of course aware, Sir John A. Macdonald has lately been confined to the house by a severe attack of quinsy. Although restored to health it was not considered prudent that he should venture out of doors on one or two of the cold, wet days which we had last week. Consequently on those days he transacted business at his private residence. The *Globe's* Ottawa correspondent makes this the subject for an ungenerous and unjust attack upon the Premier. Certainly we do not envy the man the nature of whose connexion with the *Globe* compels him from time to time to engage in such unmanly work, neither do we imagine that the influence of a journal which publishes such attacks can long amount to much however great may be its enterprise, and, however well conducted it may be in a business point of view. Canadians like fair play, and a manly stand up fight when fighting has to be done. These miserable attempts to take advantage of a statesman's ill health in order to damage his political reputation are disgusting to every right minded man.

BATTLEDORE AND SHUTTLECOCK.

The Halifax *Chronicle* and the Toronto *Globe* are, and have for some time been, engaged in a game which in its nature somewhat partakes of the character of "battledore and shuttlecock." One of the two starts a story which is immediately repeated by the other in somewhat different form, then copied back into the former, and so falsehoods and misrepresentations are flung backwards and forwards from one to the other with the greatest regularity and dispatch. For instance, the *Chronicle*, without attempting to bring forward any proof of the truth of its assertion, makes a certain charge against Dr. Tupper. It is immediately reproduced by the *Globe*, and the people of Ontario are invited to receive it as an undoubted fact. Then the *Chronicle* copies the *Globe's* remarks on the subject, and so the Nova Scotian organ of Annexation and anti-Unionism and the Ontario organ of Britism, go merrily on together. In the same manner any incorrect statement made by the *Globe* in reference to Sir John Macdonald or his colleagues is reproduced by the Halifax *Chronicle*, and of course eagerly swallowed by all the latter's anti-Union readers.

THE PACIFIC RAILWAY AND IMMIGRATION TO THE NORTH WEST.

A few days since we spoke of the proposed Canadian Pacific Railway, of the benefits which would spring from its construction, and of the general satisfaction which has arisen from the energy displayed by the Government in pushing on the work. As a link of union between the eastern and western portions of the Dominion and as the shortest route between Great Britain and North Eastern Asia, our Canadian Pacific Railway is indeed an important enterprise, but it is also likely to be of great use to us as a means of encouraging immigration to the North West. Teeming as our North West territory is with agricultural and mineral resources, and filled as it is with promise to every industrious able bodied man, we cannot shut our eyes to the fact that the first thing we require in order to bring about any extensive flow of immigration to that country, is some source of occupation for the immigrant so soon as he arrives there, which will render him an immediate return. An old countryman arriving there may at once find himself the proprietor of real estate to the extent of one hundred and sixty or more acres, but if he has no capital to fall back upon, no means of supplying his wants for the first twelve months at least, he will be as likely to starve there as if he were in the East end of London. The demand for labour in Manitoba from private sources is we are aware at present considerable, but the arrival of a few hundreds of immigrants would speedly put an end to it.

We do not call attention to these facts with a view of discouraging immigrants, but simply for the purpose of showing how the question of immigration to the North West and the construction of the Pacific Railway, are connected with and interwoven together. No doubt the Government have recognized this fact, and in pushing on the Pacific Railway survey with so much dispatch, have been actuated not only by a desire to keep faith with the people of British Columbia, but also by a determination to provide means of access to the North West as soon as possible, and a source of employment for those who will eventually become settlers there. It was a recognition of these facts, which the short-sighted leaders of the Opposition were unable to understand or appreciate, which induced the Dominion Government last session to persist so strongly, in spite of all the opposition offered by the Grits, in the introduction of the Pacific Railway scheme. People are now beginning to understand this throughout the country, and to see how necessary it is to the ultimate prosperity and thorough development of the North West country, that this great railway enterprise should be carried into effect as soon as may be. When Messrs. Mackenzie and Blake and those who voted with them opposed the construction of the Pacific Railway, they were doing all that lay in their power to defer the settlement of the North West territory and to prevent British emigrants from being attracted there. Let the public bear this in mind when these men have the impudence to find fault with the Government for not having done more than they have done to encourage immigration, and to charge them with a desire to keep British immigrants out of the country. It is easy enough to find fault and to indulge in a constant howl against the Government, but let it not be forgotten that when a measure was introduced, the passage of which was essential to the settlement of the North West and the attraction of British emigration thither, the Ontario Grits and their allies voted against it. Let it also be borne in mind that any measure introduced by the Government, no matter how necessary to the prosperity of the country, would in like manner be opposed by them, and then let the public judge as to the worth of their patriotism.

SPECULATIVE IDEAS.

Mr. Louis Figuier has lately published a work entitled, *The To-morrow of Death*, which contains some interesting though decidedly "Frenchy" speculations:

M. Figuier premises that there are three elements in man; first the body, a material substance; second life, the vital force; and third, soul, the inner source; the life is perishable, while the soul is immortal; death separates the two—and as a sort of introduction to the statement and development of his theory he endeavors to impress his readers with the insignificance and incompetency of this life. From these conditions he concludes that it is utterly impossible that a state so anomalous should be a defective one, and then he proceeds to investigate what follows it:

"We believe that, after death, the human soul passes into a new body, to be incarnated in another organism, and constitute a being greatly superior to man in usual power, and ranking next above the human species in the hierarchy of nature. This being, above man in the scale of the living creatures who people the universe, has no name in any language. Only the angel that the Christian religion honors and worships, can convey to us an idea of this being. * * * Let us, however, waive the word, and give the name of Superhuman Being to this improved creature. * * * After the dissolution of the body—after life is extinct, the soul, then freed from the material bonds which attached it to the earth, goes to feel, to love, to conceive, to enjoy freedom in a new body, endowed with faculties more powerful than those which belong to humanity. It goes to constitute what we call the Superhuman Being."

Where does the Superhuman Being live, is the next question. M. Figuier says its dwelling place is the ethereal fluid which succeeds an atmosphere and fills a space. That this is inhabited he regards as proved by the fact that life overflows on this earth, in the water and the air. M. Figuier explains that this fluid, which astronomers and naturalists call ether, begins at an elevation from thirty to forty leagues (120 to 160 kilometres) above the earth, where the atmosphere terminates. It is a real fluid, a gas analogous to the air which surrounds us, but infinitely more rarified and thinner. It is distributed not only about the earth, but about the other planets. It is, moreover, in all space; it fills the intervals which separate the planets. In fact the planets, including this globe, move in ether, and the comets, in their immense journeys through space circulate in ether. The chemical composition of planetary ether is unknown. Astronomical phenomena have taught us that there is such a fluid, but nothing is known of its component parts. We may conclude, however, that ether can contain no oxygen. It is not improbable that it is composed of hydrogen gas excessively rarified; that is, of a gas extremely light of its own nature, and infinitely subtilised by the absence of all pressure. This ether, M. Figuier concludes, is "Heaven."

M. Figuier believes that the planets are all inhabited, and that the sun is Heaven. Upon reaching the sun the purified soul divested of all material substance and carnal alloy becomes a flame, a breath, an absolute soul. There dwelling in the centre of the nature and comprehending all its mysteries, they enjoy perfect happiness and knowledge that has no bounds.

SHADE TREES.

At the last meeting of the City Council Ald. Lapierre, moved that an Act be prepared for the sanction of the Ontario Legislature at its next session, giving power to the Corporation of Ottawa to compel the inhabitants to plant trees in front of their property on such streets as the Council may direct. The resolution at first created much merriment among the Aldermen, some of whom ridiculed the idea of so despotic a use of power, but we were glad to see that when the vote was taken the intelligent majority voted "YEA." In the eyes of some of our worthy Aldermen it seemed a huge abuse of their municipal qualification to seek for an Act in virtue of which the Council would be able to *impose* good upon their independent electors. It would be a terrible thing indeed to put money into a poor unthinking man's pocket by force of law. We totally fail to perceive anything but commendable vigilance for the welfare of the city and citizens. What are Aldermen appointed for, or what is the object of the existence of our Municipal Council. Surely they were elected to see to the proper Government of the City, and the welfare of its inhabitants.

In yesterday's issue of an evening contemporary appeared a communication on the subject which we can only characterize as a composition intended to tickle the popular ear—cheap food for the stagnant portion of our citizens. To talk about "Constitutional Government," "Absolute Monarchy," "Magna Charta," in the case in question, is simply a most absurd argument—a comparison of a mountain with a molehill

The correspondents argument would seem to be, that no law should be enacted unless it was with the pleasure of the popular will. This is no doubt the case to a certain extent, and in cases of great and general importance. But if every thing were left to the popular vote we fear the country would be in an untoward state. In every community there are blind people who must be led, and, still worse, obstinate, ignorant people who must be driven. Our Aldermen are supposed to be intelligent men, capable of directing, leading, and, when necessary, driving those unfortunate people.

Every person will acknowledge that shade trees in the streets of a city are not only ornamental, but greatly enhance the value of property. If people are so remarkably neglectful of their own interests as to refuse to benefit themselves when offered a premium for doing so, we really think it is the duty of men in power to oblige them to do at the full expense when they neglected to do under the former circumstances. Is a whole city to be injured in order to avoid "trampling on the corns" of a few retrogressive individuals? Common sense answers, no! Ottawa is the capital of the Dominion of Canada, and let us make the city appear worthy of the honor conferred on it, by the hand of royalty. Trees are an ornament, a pleasure and a profit in a city, and let our fine trees be beautified with them.

U. S. Consul General Dart arrived at the Russell House last evening.

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INSTITUTE.

We have been requested to publish the following report of Dr. Meredith's address at the first meeting, this season, of the Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society. A short synopsis of the address appeared in these columns at the time, but we have no doubt that the following more extended report will be read with pleasure:

The President opened his Address by referring to the Greek proverb which warns us of the danger of repetitions, and stated that the ordinary difficulty attending the task imposed on him that evening, was greatly increased from his having had to perform a similar duty on the opening of each of the two preceding Sessions of the society.

He then briefly adverted to the position and prospects of the society, and to its claims to public encouragement and support. He spoke of the extraordinary efforts which the Council had made during the past two years to keep up the society, of the large additions made to the library, the improvement of the museum and reading-room, &c., and concluded by saying that all the efforts of the Council would be unavailing, unless the public at large was prepared to extend to the society, in future, a more liberal support than it had hitherto enjoyed, and that the public must therefore decide whether the society should increase and prosper, or in a few days be counted amongst the things that were—

The President reminded the audience that the Council had decided to raise $1000 by the addition of 20 life members, each paying the usual fee of $50, and stated that notwithstanding the efforts of of the Council, the entire number of twenty members was not yet quite made up.

A portion of the fund thus raised had been expended in paying for the unique collection of colleoptera made by the late distinguished Naturalist, Mr. Bradish Billings, a native of Ottawa; and $500 had been, or was to be employed in purchasing Standard Books for the Library. He called attention to the first instalment of the books received, amounting to upwards of 200 volumes, and which included some of the best modern works in literature, science and art.

The President then referred to two novel features in their programme for the winter. One being the establishment of a debating class, intended mainly for the benefit of the junior members of the society, and the other, the delivery of an extra course of public lectures on matters connected with hygiene or public health and human physiology.

With reference to the debating class, he said that it could hardly be necessary to insist upon its great value to the younger members, and especially to those of them who were about to devote themselves to the study of the Law, or who aspired to take part in public affairs—"Poeta nascitur orator fit," was he said a trite but true maxim, and all who knew anything of the literature of their country must be aware that a large proportion of the men who gained distinction at the English or Irish Bar, or in the House of Lords, or Commons had made their first essays in oratory in the debating societies connected with the world renowned Universities, "where" in in Sir Robert Peel's words "they slaked the first thirst of early ambition."

He then specially referred to the "Historical Society" connected with the University of Dublin, and pointed out that that Society had become famous for the number of orators who had there first practised and studied the oratorical art. Grattan, Flood, Plunket, Bushe, in former days;—and in our own time the Bishop of Peterboro, the most eloquent of the living Peers of Great Britain, being among the number.

With reference to the course of lectures on Public Health and Physiology, the President remarked that there are subjects of which the cultivation is confessedly of paramount importance to society, and to individuals, but which are nevertheless habitually neglected because the study of them does not pay. Hygiene or Public Health, and Human Physiology are emphatically in this category. He argued that it was one of the functions of Public Societies, such as the Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society, to promote and encourage as far as possible the cultivation of these important but neglected branches of social Science, and that influenced by that feeling the society had resolved to make the experiment of a special course of lectures on public health and human physiology.

The President then referred to the important subject of "practical scientific education," a subject he reminded them which he had discussed at some length in his opening address last winter. He argued that it had been demonstrated both by reasoning and experience that without so educating a people, it was not possible for them to attain success in mining, metallurgy, practical chemistry, mechanical engineering; or in any of the arts of life which involve the practical application of science, in other words that national scientific education was the necessary ground work and guarantee, the condition precedent of national industrial success.

The President stated that since the delivery of his last address the cause of science education had made rapid headway in Canada. The Legislature of Ontario during the last session appropriated $50,000 to the establishment of a school of technology, and with a portion of that sum a commodious building had been purchased in Toronto, with the intention of establishing classes at an early day. Again in the University of McGill College at Montreal, thanks to the indefatigable exertions of the Principal, Dr. Dawson, a Department of Practical Science has been established and already several competent Professors have been appointed to the principal chairs. I cordially congratulate Dr. Dawson, Mr. Meredith continued, on this result. No one, assuredly, in the Dominion, has labored so earnestly, so ably, and so perseveringly as he has done in the cause of scientific education. In his annual address delivered before the McGill University last winter, Dr. Dawson reminded the audience that from 1855, when he first addressed a Canadian audience, up to that hour he had not ceased, in season, and out of season to urge the subject on the attention of the friends of education in Canada, as one of the pressing wants of the country, being himself persuaded even at that early day, after a careful study of the reports of the University Commissioners in England, and after mastering the details of the Prussian system of Education, that "the improvement and extension of "Science Education was the greatest educational movement of the age." Dr. Dawson concluded his able address with a strong expression of his feelings of despair lest the great work for which he had striven so long and so earnestly should not be accomplished during his life. I rejoice that he has been more fortunate than he then anticipated, and that his zealous labours have at last borne fruit. "He that "goeth forth weeping, bearing precious "seed, shall doubtless come again rejoicing, bringing his sheaves with him."

There is another important educational movement of the present day on which I would say a few words, I mean the movement in favour of "Higher education for women." Of this movement as of all others in the interests of Education, Dr. Dawson is found an earnest supporter. Nor can I do better than quote from an address delivered recently at Montreal at the opening of the course of lectures instituted in that city by the "Ladies Educational Association." We are not alone, says Dr. Dawson, "nor are we indeed in the van in this great work." I need not speak of the United States where the admission of ladies to the magnificent Vassar College, Cornell University, the University of Michigan, and others, have marked strongly the popular sentiment as to the education of women. In Canada itself, Toronto, and even Quebec and Kingston, have preceded us, though I think in the magnitude of our success we may hope to excel them all. In the mother country, the Edinburgh Association has afforded us the model for our own; and the North of England Educational Council, the Bedford College in London, the Hitchin College, the Cambridge Lectures for Ladies, the Alexandra College in Dublin, the admission of ladies to the middle-class examinations of the universities, are all indications of the intensity and direction of the current. On the continent of Europe, Sweden has a state college for women. The Victoria Lyceum at Berlin has the patronage of the Princess Royal; the University of Paris has established classes for ladies, and St. Petersburg has its university for women. All these movements have originated not only in our own time, but within a few years, and they are evidently the dawn of a new educational era which, in my judgment, will see as great an advance in the education of our race as that which was inaugurated by the revival of learning and the establishment of universities for men in a previous age. It implies not only the higher education of women, but the elevation, extension and refinement of the higher education of men. Colleges for women will, as new institutions, be free from many evil traditions which cling about the old seats of learning. They will start with all the advantages of our modern civilization. They will be animated by the greater refinement and tact and taste of woman. They will impress many of these features upon our older colleges, with which, I have no doubt, they will become connected under the same university organization. They will also greatly increase the demand for a higher education among young men. An Edinburgh professor is reported to have said to some students who asked ignorant questions—"Ask your sisters at home; they can tell you." A retort which, I imagine, few young men would lightly endure; and so soon as young men find that they must attain to higher culture before they can cut a respectable figure in the society of ladies, we shall find them respecting science and literature almost as much as money, and attaching to the services of the college professor as much importance as to those of their hairdresser or tailor." Many of you will remember that some twenty years ago our greatest living English poet spoke, or made one of his characters speak in mocking strain of possible Colleges, whose halls would be paced by

"Prudes for Proctors, dowagers for Deans,
"And fair girl graduates, with their golden hair."

In the short interval that has elapsed since Tennyson wrote these lines, the jest of the poet has become a matter of sober earnest—his dream a reality.

The Capital of the Dominion has as yet made no attempt to secure for her fair denizens the advantages now enjoyed by their sisters in Montreal, Toronto, Kingston and Quebec.

It would be a libel on the ladies of Ottawa to suppose that there is not amongst them a large number who would rejoice to see such a movement inaugurated here and who would be glad to profit by and competent to direct it. It is enough for me here to commend the subject to their consideration, for with them it rests to take the initiative in the movement.

The lecturer then took a very rapid review of the progress of Scientific discovery during the past year. Noting particularly the great addition to our knowledge in the departments of chemistry, electricity, and the kindred sciences. He pointed out the sudden and wonderful insight obtained into some of the hitherto mysterious properties of matter, and especially into the properties of that mystic point the "atom" itself. He then referred at some length to the subject of "spectrum analysis" giving a summary of the recent discoveries effected "through the stupendous power of this most subtle and delicate test" and continued that if the last ten years have been singularly marked by brilliant scientific discoveries they are perhaps almost equally marked by extravagant scientific speculations and wild and visionary theories. The scientific discoveries properly so called, it should be our delight and our duty reverently and thankfully to welcome. The scientific speculation or scientific theories, on the contrary, we are bound to view with distrust, to analyse with caution, if not to reject with contempt. We ought not perhaps to be surprised or rather we might have expected that an age illustrated by splendid discoveries would also be marked by wild and unscientific speculation, as it is the most brilliant light which ever casts the deepest shadow.

Among the most plausible of the new scientific theories is, that propounded by Tait and adopted by Professor Thomson, in reference to the much vexed question of the nature of comets. Tait maintains that comets are in fact groups of meteoric stones, and that they are made self luminous in the nucleus by reason of the collision among the constituent elements. This startling and novel theory appears to derive some confirmation from the observations of the Director of the Observatory at Milan, who shows that the elements of the orbits of certain meteoric groups correspond with the known elements of the orbits of certain comets.

But notwithstanding this seeming corroboration of the new theory, we must still regard it not as an established scientific fact, but at best as a plausible and curious scientific conjecture.

Even though we may be willing to accept the theory which assigns to meteoric stones, this very unexpected cometary character, we shall, if I am not mistaken, hesitate very much before we give our assent to Professor Thompson's hypothesis that these same meteoric stones are also the source and origin of vegetable life upon this globe. At the close of his inaugural address at the recent meeting of the British Association Professor Thompson propounded the amazing theory that vegetable life on the earth may have originated from the moss grown fragments from the ruins of another world. This singular theory of the origin of vegetable life upon the earth will hardly I think commend itself to the common sense of mankind, sanctioned though it be by the name of so distinguished a naturalist as Professor Thompson.

But the most amazing of all the pretended scientific discoveries of the day are undoubtedly those connected with the phenomena of the new spiritual force or 'Psychic Force,' as it is called; and yet many of even these phenomena are vouched for by men of established reputation. By means of this psychic force we are told an accordeon placed in a cage under a dining room table was made to play a "well known and plaintive melody which it executed in a very beautiful manner." But this is a mere trifle! By the same spiritual force, Mr. Home, the spiritualist, was recently "lifted into the air and carried through a small aperture in a window," and on another occasion a lady in London was carried through the air a considerable distance from her residence and placed on a table in the midst of a "large company! It is added that she arrived" (as indeed she well might) "in a state of *deshabille*, "with a bank book in one hand and a pen "with the ink still wet on it in the other."

Some of these wonderful performances of this new force are attested by men of scientific reputation as Crookes and Higgins. But notwithstanding this we believe that no sane non-scientific person can regard them as any thing but a simple outrage on science and common sense.

It is impossible to attempt any review, however cursory, of the leading events in the domain of science during the past year without being reminded of some of the losses which science has sustained during that period. Within the last few months Babbage and Sir Roderick Murchison have passed away, and somewhat earlier in the year Sir John Herschel rested from his labours. All these men died full of honours. All were intimately connected with the progress of science in several departments for nearly half a century. All were contemporaries, being born in the same year 1792, having thus exceeded by nearly ten years the psalmists allotted period of three score years and ten. Again all three were distinguished by ardent love of science, by great genius and by patient persevering industry. Murchison will ever be gratefully remembered by his arduous researches in geology and especially for the years of labour expended by him in investigating and establishing the Silurian system. The published works of Babbage on scientific matters, but more especially mathematics comprise in all upwards of 80 volumes. But to the outside world he is perhaps best known as the inventor of the famous calculating machine; a marvel at once of mechanical skill and mathematical ability. Babbage and Sir John Herschel were, I believe, class mates and competitors at Cambridge, but even then as in after life the star of Babbage is said to have paled in the presence of the still brighter light of his illustrious rival. Herschel was not only the brightest star in that glorious constellation which set in the firmament of science during the past year, but he was indeed the bright particular star of that firmament during the present century. Under these circumstances I shall be pardoned, I am sure, if I venture to refer very briefly to some of the most remarkable scientific labours of this largely gifted man, and invite you to reverentially contemplate the spirit which animated and directed those labours. Herschel was distinguished in many departments of science, but in astronomy genius seemed to find especial delight, and it is on his astronomical labours and coveries that his fame, like that of illustrious father, mainly rests.

I gladly avail myself here of some passages of the eloquent sermon delivered in Westminster Abbey, by Dean Stanley, on the Sunday following the day, when the mortal remains of Herschel were laid in that pantheon of English worthies, by the side of his mighty master, Newton. Of Herschel (said Dean Stanley) "if of "any it might be said that he lived among "the celestial luminaries.

"Born under the giant shadow of his illustrious father's telescope," inheriting from him his aspiring tastes, and his unconquerable genius, the stars from his earliest years were his constant companions. "Light," he used to say, "was his first love." For him was reserved the task which the Book of Job describes as of superhuman magnitude the exploration for the first time of the "wonders without number," not only in the familiar regions of the North, but in "the secret chambers of the South"—that Southern Hemisphere, whose marvels he has himself so eloquently described—"where a new heaven as well as a new earth is laid open to the gaze of the astronomer "Where are thy beams, O sun, and whence thine everlasting light?" seemed to those who knew him best the motto engraved as it were over his study door.

"It was his peculiar privilege to combine with those more special studies such a width of view, and such a power of expression, as to make him an interpreter, a poet of science, even beyond his immediate sphere. It is this which justifies and demands the development of a somewhat larger range of instruction from his career than it else would have been allowed. (1) First let us speak of that which at once appeals to the ordinary life of all. The effects of science on our common instincts. Filled as he was with a passionate love of abstract truth, yet from that very love of those high subjects he longed to diffuse the knowledge of them as far and as wide as he could find eyes to see or ears to hear them."

Again, he, if any of his generation, taught us with unabated confidence the hope which science teaches, no less than religion, but which, whether in science or religion, the natural man so shrinks from receiving, the endless prospect of improvement set before mankind in its onward progress. It is the scientific version of the Apostolic text, "Forgetting" those things "which are behind, and reaching forth "towards those things which are before." Great as is the duty of humility to the student of science and to the student of Theology, equally needed and often equally missed in both, yet not less needed for both, is the duty of hope of boundless trust in the inexhaustible resources which the giver of all good things has stored up in man and in nature. "The character of the true philosopher" as Sir John Herschel himself says, "is to hope all things not impossible and to believe all things not unreasonable."

Shall I then be charged with exaggeration, when I add that Herschel seems to me to realise as nearly as any man has done the ideal of a Christian philosopher. In him we see the loftiest genius animated by the highest motives, and directed steadily and perseveringly to some of the noblest objects which the mind of man can contemplate. In him too, philosophy presents itself in its most attractive aspect. Herschel was, as Dean Stanly remarks, a poet as well as a philosopher, and as we study his delightful writings but especially his Discourse on natural Philosophy we are constrained to exclaim with Milton—

"How charming is divine Philosophy
"Not harsh and crabbed as dull fools suppose,
"But musical as is Apollo's lyre
"And one continual feast of nectarred sweet,
"Where no crude surfeit reigns.

It is given to but few men in any age to climb with Herschel the starry heights or to soar with him into the highest regions of scientific speculation. It is given to few to comprehend as he did the wonders of the celestial mechanism, or like him to sound as with a plummet the very heavens themselves, but all even the humblest may admire and imitate his patient industry, his humility, his confidence in the onward progress of mankind and his unceasing desire to further that progress.

Speaking of this last and very marked feature in Herschel's moral character, Dean Stanley says; We are told that "in "his early college days Herschel with two "or three of his friends vowed that they "would put their shoulders to the wheel "and leave the world better than they "found it."

And nobly did Herschel fulfill his early vow. Few indeed can hope to influence, as he did, the world at large by their labours. But we shall be acting in the spirit of Herschel's life if it be our aim, and endeavour so far as in us lies to advance the interests and better the condition of the community in which we live.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL

MONTREAL, Nov. 27th

By telegram it is announced this evening that the Grand Duke Alexis will visit Montreal on or about the 7th proximo.

Prayers were offered for the recovery of the Prince of Wales in all the Protestant Churches yesterday; also in the Jewish Synagogues on Saturday.

In the East Ward election Rolland was 45 ahead of Ouimet at the close of the poll to-night.

Burglars are again actively infesting the city. The clothing store of Mr. J. Kennedy, Notre-Dame street, was entered through the shutters early this morning, and a considerable quantity of apparel extracted.

Only four sea going vessels are now in port.

The wife of John McMillan, arrested on Friday for fraud, and admitted to bail, was again arrested to-day by J. L. Morris for fraudulently obtaining from him a checque for $2,000. Bail was accepted.

The fall trade is over. The city is clear of buyers.

It has turned suddenly intensely cold. The streets are a sheet of ice after yesterday's thow.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 27.—The physician's bulletin this evening states that the Prince of Wales has been quieter to-day. There has been no change, however, in the symptoms of the disease.

Some rioting is reported to have taken place in Dover yesterday. The disorder was easily suppressed by the local authorities.

The *Standard* is informed that Russia has undertaken special armaments on a gigantic scale. She is forming two fortified camps, each to hold 180,000 men, one being established on the Solenesk and the other will probably be located on the Galician frontier. The *Standard* has reason to believe these military preparations are directed more particularly against Austria, because the appointment of Count Andressy, to the head of the Imperial Council is regarded at St. Petersburg as unfavourable to Russia.

The Paris *Figaro* says there are in England 68 clubs devoted to Republicanism.

A collision occurred last night off the Irish coast between the ships *Marmion* and *Oscceola*. The latter sank very soon after she was struck. Several of their crew escaped, but nine men are missing. It is hoped they saved themselves in one of the boats.

A despatch from Lucerne, Switzerland, announces that Count Gingueto, son-in-law of ex-Queen Isabella, has committed suicide in that city.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov. 27.—Bishop Dupanloup publishes a letter severely criticising the sentiments expressed by Gambetta in his speech recently delivered at St. Quintin.

ITALY.

ROME, Nov. 27.—For the first time since the occupation of Rome the Italian Parliament met in this city to-day. The opening speech was delivered in person by Emmanuel. He alluded to the events connected with the occupation of the city and said that Italy restored to herself had reconquerred her place in the world. He was convinced Rome would remain the seat of the Pontificate. The relations between Italy and all other nations were friendly, and peace would continue; but he warned Parliament they would be held to strict account in the future if they neglected to perfect a thorough reorganization of the military and naval force of the kingdom.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, Nov. 27.—Rudolf Brestal, formerly of the Cisleithan Cabinet, has been appointed Minister of Finance for the whole Empire.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, Nov. 27.—The session of the Prussian Diet was opened to-day by the King in person. The speech from the throne points to the financial prosperity of the country, proposes a general increase of official salaries, and recommends the encouragement by the Diet of railway enterprises. The speech was well received and the King loudly cheered by the members of the Diet.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 27.—The Ministry has been engaged to-day in discussing the resignation of DeDecker as Governor of Limburg. It is not yet known what action was taken.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The *Herald*, which claims to have obtained an outline of the President's Message, says the leading subject will be—Internal taxation, tariff, finances, Washington Treaty, Indians, and Ku Klux, and correspondence in the South on the question of internal taxation. The Message will recommend the abolition of internal taxes except on spirits, malt liquor, tobacco in form, and stamps.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—The estimate of the supply of cotton from all ports of the world for the year ending Sept. 30th, 1871, from the most reliable source is 6,479,000 bales.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 27.—A party of English capitalists, who have been visiting California for the purpose of examining the Luly lands in Sacramento and San Joaquin Valleys with a view to entering in a reclamation project, reports favorably. They will start for London *via* New York, to-morrow.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—A special to the *Evening Post* says that the sub-Ku Klux Committee, which was sent to Mississippi and Alabama to investigate the operations of the Ku Klux in those States has sent their testimony taken to the Committee in session here. The Committee finds that in Mississippi the Ku Klux are operating chiefly against the educational system, having burned nearly all the school houses in the State and driven the teachers off.

Advices from Charleston report that Wade Hampton has arranged a Ku Klux Defence Committee for the purpose of raising $15,000 as a fund to pay the Counsel for the Ku Klux prisoners.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 27.—Reports from Cottonwood this evening says, the storm has not in the least subsided. The Sun has not been visible since the 9th. Work is generally suspended. Slides are momentarily expected, especially on Emma Hill. Since the slides of Friday last no teams have passed up or down the Canon. Another slide is now reported by which four men lost their lives.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Nov. 27.—Last Thursday afternoon a number of medical students of the Royal University jumped the walls of the University and proceeded to demolish the grave of Gansacho Ganstano, and committed other excesses. The cases were turned over to the Court and six members of a class were found guilty and sent to prison. The volunteers assembled in groups yesterday, and loudly demanded the lives of the students concerned in the desecration of the grave. This morning a Court Martial composed of officers of the regular and volunteer forces assembled to try the prisoners, and is still in session. The city is quiet, the volunteers continue guarding the fort awaiting the result of the trial.

COCO-GLYCERINE nourishes the hair.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the *best in the world*. The only True and Perfect Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tint or unpleasant odor, Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes and washes. Produces immediately a superb Black or Natural Brown, and leaves the hair *clean, soft and beautiful*. The genuine signed W. A. Batchelor's. Sold by all Druggists. Factory, 16 Bond Street, N. Y. 1831y

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $50 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signature of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

BIRTH.

On Saturday, the 25th instant, the wife of the Rev. Doctor Bickford-Jones, of a son.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

200 MINK SKINS.

Highest cash price paid. Apply at

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Ottawa, Nov 28, 1871 1831 6

Temporary Premises

T. Hunton, Son & Co.

Are shewing Novelties in

DRESS GOODS, MANTLES, MILLINERY,

"DIRECT PER EXPRESS."

SILKS,

☞ In all the New Coluring. ☜

EVENING GOODS.

☞ LONDON MADE DRESSES,
☞ FRENCH APPLIQUE DRESSES,
☞ FLOWERS, WREATHS, ETC.

BLACK SILKS, from 75c. to $7.50,
SATINS, Moire Antiques, &c,
PIM BROS. POPLINS, &c.,
(all colors.)

LACES.

Real Lace Overskirts
Collars, Barbs, &c, in
Honitan, Maltese, Brussels, Point, &c.

SHAWLS.

Fine Colors in Roman Squares,
Fancy Cordilla Shawls,
Rainbow Fringed Shawls,
&c., &c., &c.

Porter's Block and Gateway,

SPARKS STREET,

T. HUNTON, SON & CO.

Ottawa, Nov. 28, 1871. 1731y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between us, the undersigned, THOMAS HUNTON, WILLIAM SHOOLBRED and FREDERICK HOUGHTON HUNTON, as Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Merchants, at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, under the names, style and firm of "T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO." was on the first day of November, instant, dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the same William Shoolbred, who on that day retired from the concern; and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm, will be received and paid by the said Thomas Hunton and Frederick Houghton Hunton.

As witness our hands this first day of November, A.D. 1871.

THOS. HUNTON,
WM. SHOOLBRED,
FRED. H. HUNTON.

Witness:
P. PENNOCK, Jun.
Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all parties indebted to the estate of the late Donald Robertson are requested to pay the same to the trustees, James Seiveright and Daniel McLaurin, Gloucester, and all parties having claims against the estate are requested to hand them to the trustees at once.

JAMES SEIVERIGHT,
DANIEL McLAURIN,
Trustees.
Ottawa, Nov 28, 1871 1831 d 6—w1

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer, &c.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

Improved City Property.

The Subscriber has been instructed to sell by Public Auction on the ground on

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1871,

that valuable Brick House and Lot situated on the corner of Bank and Albert streets, being Lot No. 36, Albert street, south. The Lot will be divided and sold in two separate equal parts, 49½ feet on Bank street by 66 feet deep. The corner Lot with Brick House two stories high, with Brick Kitchen. The house is well finished and in good repair. There is an excellent well of water in the yard on the south half. There is a Foundation and a quantity of Building Material on the lot that will go with it. This is a valuable property, being a corner lot; and title first class, being the Sparks Estate.

Sale at 12, noon.

Terms and conditions made known at time of sale.

A ROWE,
Auctioneer.
Ottawa, Nov 22, 1871 1826td

MORTGAGE SALE.

There will be offered for sale by Public Auction, at 12 o'clock, noon, on the FIFTH DAY of DECEMBER Next, at the premises hereinafter mentioned, under the powers of sale, contained in two several mortgages thereof from William Smith and Catherine Smith, his wife and John Smith, to James D Slater, to wit lot number thirty six in the city of Ottawa aforesaid (subject to a mortgage thereon to Mrs Slater) for the unpaid purchase money thereon and interest

Terms and conditions made known at the time of sale.

Vendor will covenant only that he has done no act to incumber.

Title to be accepted as it existed at the exec

LOCAL NEWS.

THE CHAUDIERE mills are shut down.

BALL.—The annual ball of the Sapeur's fire Company came off last night in the Canadian Institute.

WEATHER.—Early yesterday morning the weather changed suddenly and became very cold with a bitter north wind blowing. The coldest degree of temperature during the day was 3 above zero.

OUR readers are referred to the advertisement of Mr. Rowe's auction in another part of our paper. As will be seen he offers a large quantity of real estate for sale. Some of it is situated in the best part of our city, and a quantity of farming lands and mill sites in the vicinity of Fitzroy. As Mr. Rowe is so well known in the vicinity of Ottawa that it would be but folly on our part to puff his advertisement, the public are simply asked to read his notice.

No toilet table should be without COCO-GLYCERINE, 25 cents per bottle.

POLICE COURT.—MONDAY.—Samuel Rogers was charged with being the owner of a dog that bit a child. The case was dismissed.

John Henry was charged with breaking down a fence belonging to the Corporation. Mr. Henry simply cut his way through the fence into his sand lot. Case adjourned until Wednesday.

Mrs. McKenna was charged with selling liquor without license. The defendant asked for and obtained an adjournment of the case.

Frank Dey, charged with being drunk and disorderly on the public streets, and breaking the windows of Mrs. McKenna's house, was fined $20 and costs or three weeks in gaol.

A FORESTER'S FUNERAL.—On Sunday last the remains of the late John Martin, a native of England, were interred in the General Protestant burial ground, Sandy Hill, with the honours of Forestry. The deceased leaves a wife and four children, who are in England, to mourn their loss. Though far away from his family it must have been very consoling to the dying man to know that he was surrounded by Forester friends, who attended to him and his wants with the affection of brothers. The Ancient Order of Foresters is a purely benevolent organization—non-sectarian, and knowing no nationality. Its object is mutual benefit. The Order in Ottawa will no doubt soon number among its ranks a large proportion of the mechanics and artisans of the city.

COCO-GLYCERINE removes dandruff

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.—By reference to advertisement in another column it will be seen that the partnership which hitherto existed between Thos. Hunton, Wm. Shoolbred and Frederick Houghton Hunton as wholesale and retail dry goods merchants, under the style of T. Hunton, Shoolbred & Co. was dissolved on the 1st day of November by mutual consent, and that the business will henceforth be carried on by T. Hunton, Son & Co. In relation to this change we have much pleasure in informing our numerous readers that this firm have at present on hand the largest and most varied stock of dry goods to be seen at any establishment in the city. In fact so well known is the enterprise of the Messrs. Hunton that it is needless for us to say a word in their favor. They are the oldest dry goods merchants in the city and so widely known is their business integrity and uprightness that day by day their extensive patronage increases and the fame of their establishment spreads farther and farther. Honest and just dealing invariably secures and procures customers, and the great success of the Messrs. Hunton is a sufficient guarantee as to their strict integrity in their dealings. They have at present on hand an immense fall stock, and persons requiring goods of any description should give them a call. We assure them satisfaction in every way.

COCO-GLYCERINE — something new for the hair.

ACCIDENT ON THE ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

As the train from Prescott was approaching the level crossing over the Montreal road last evening a farmer with his wife attempted to cross the line in his waggon and notwithstanding the repeated whistles of the locomotive persisted in doing so. The consequence was that the engine struck the waggon, which it completely destroyed, killing the horse, and knocking the man and his wife into the ditch. Wonderful to relate they escaped without injury. No blame appears to have attached to the Company's servants.

AMATEUR READINGS AND CONCERT.

We had the good fortune last evening of being present at the reading in Gowan's Hall given by Mr. C. B. Brodie, interspersed with vocal music by favorite amateurs. Mr. Brodie's ability as a reader and elocutionist has now become so generally recognized in Ottawa that we need scarcely tender him any of the praise he so well merits. The audience was large and comprised many of our leading citizens. Mr. Brodie read several selections, humorous and sentimental, in a most interesting and able manner, receiving loud applause and being frequently encored. His voice as usual was remarkably clear and distinct, so that in every part of the large hall he was easily heard.

It is indeed a treat to listen to Mr Brodie's reading, and we only hope he will give us the opportunity of doing so several times during the winter. The singing was very good, and when we say that Gowan's band played an overture to open the proceedings the public will be satisfied that there was a musical treat.

DOMINION NEWS.

The people of Port Hope are very much alarmed at the frequency of fire from incendiarism in that town and have organized a vigilance committee, which promise to hang the first person caught under suspicious circumstances.

Mr. R. Henwood, of Port Hope, has received the mournful intelligence that his son John was drowned from a wrecked vessel on Lake Superior on the 15th inst. Only two were saved of the ill-fated vessel—his brother William and another man.

A strange story, worthy of novelistic treatment at the hands of a Marryatt, comes from Newfoundland. In Chance Cove, a secluded nook in that somewhat secluded island, dwell a little company of fishermen, one of whom, who rejoices in the name of Barnacle Bill, has long been an object of suspicion on account of his unsociable and hermit-like life. His hut was situated remote from the others, upon a peak overlooking a dangerous reef called Gilliceddy Breakers. These circumstances combined to fasten upon Barnacle Bill the suspicion that he had a *penchant* for wrecking operations, and after the recent loss on the reef of the schooner Albion, none of the crew of which were subsequently discovered dead or alive, it was determined to search the afore-mentioned hut.

Accordingly a detective having been procured, together with the requisite legal papers a large deputation made an early call upon Barnacle Bill, and found that worthy in bed. Inasmuch as he declined to get up and open the door for his surprise party, they let themselves into the house when an appalling sight met their gaze. Fingers, wrists and ears, cut and torn from the bodies of women, evidently to procure the rings and other jewellery, were strewn around. Two soiled silk dresses were folded beside the bodies. In all there were nine corpses, only one of which has been as yet identified. The inhuman wrecker, after being taken into custody, confessed that he took the bodies from the wreck of the Albion and conveyed them on a fish barrow to his cliff before dawn.

COCO-GLYCERINE, the most elegant hair-dressing.

TWENTY-FOURTH

1847 1871

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION

Scotchmen and descendants of Scotchmen in the city of Ottawa and its vicinity are particularly requested to assemble at the Albion Hotel on

THURSDAY, NOV. 30, A.D. 1871.

to walk in procession to St Andrew's Church where the usual Annual Sermon will be preached by the Rev D M Gordon, B.D., Chaplain of the Society. A collection will be taken up in aid of the funds of the Society.

N B.—Members and others are particularly requested to wear badges, which can be procured at the Hotel from the Secretary.

A GRAND CONCERT

will take place in the evening in the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

By the kind permission of the Officers the splendid band of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery has been secured for the afternoon and evening.

The Society's Highland Pipes will also be on hand to duly honor the occasion.

Mrs Sangster, of Montreal, together with the best Vocal and Instrumental talent of the city, have promised their assistance.

A GRAND COMPETITION

in Scottish Violin Music, for a GOLD and SILVER MEDAL, will also take place during the evening.

N B.—The piano for the occasion will be supplied from the Music Store of J L Orme & Son.

J MERCER.....Conductor.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 7.30.

Admission—Parquette, 50 cents; children under 12, half price; gallery, 25 cents.

To be had at the usual places and from members of the Committee.

God Save the Queen.

By order,

DUNCAN ROBERTSON,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1829 3

WHEREAS default has been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a Mortgage Deed made by HENRY WAIT of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, Yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Esquire, since deceased, (to which Mortgage MARY WAIT, the wife of the said HENRY WAIT, was made a party for barring dower merely,) of the South Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the Township of Nepean, from the [illegible], containing One Hundred Acres more or less.

And whereas a decree of this Court in the cause in Chancery of the said HENRY WAIT, Plaintiff, and MARGARET MALLOCH, (sole Devisee and Executrix of the last will and testament of the said EDWARD MALLOCH, deceased), defendant, for redemption of the said premises has been made by dismissal of the plaintiff's Bill.

Notice is hereby given that the said South Half of said Lot Number Sixteen, in the fifth Concession, from the River Rideau, in the said Township of Nepean, (excepting that part thereof mentioned in a certain agreement made between the said HENRY WAIT, and SAMUEL HILL, of the said Township of Nepean, weaver, dated on or about 6th May, 1864, and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, on the 26th March, 1864, as numbered 2.8S, which part is described as follows, that is to say, lying and being between the front of the said Lots and the River Goodwood, where the said River crosses the said Lot nearest to the front thereof, containing twenty acres, be the same more or less), will, under and in virtue of all the powers and authorities vested in the said MARGARET MALLOCH, be sold by Public Auction, at the Law Office of

SCOTT, ROSS & STEWART,

Barristers, Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of December next, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale or previously to the sale by application to said SCOTT, ROSS & STEWART.

W. A. ROSS,
Solicitor for the said
1731 8 Margaret Malloch.

MONTREAL & CITY OF OTTAWA

JUNCTION RAILWAY

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors of this Company, Stock Books will be opened on Friday the 1st December, 1871, at the following places, viz:

In the city of Montreal at the Ontario Bank.

In the city of Ottawa, at the office of E McMillivray, Esq.

In the village of Alexandria, at the office of D A Macdonald, Esq., M.P.

By order,

W BRISTOW,
Secretary.

Lancaster Nov 18, 1871 1828 2a

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND OTHERS

The creditors of Samuel Dickson, late of the Township of Pakenham, in the County of Lanark, Esquire, deceased, who died on or about the sixth day of December, A D, 1871, are on or before the

Eighteenth Day of January, A.D., 1872,

to send by post, prepaid, to, or leave with, the undersigned Executors of the Last Will and Testament of the said Samuel Dickson, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of their security (if any) held by them; otherwise the assets of the said Samuel Dickson will, after the said date, be distributed without regard to any claims not then made.

All persons indebted to the said Samuel Dickson are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated at the Village of Pakenham this 24th day of November, A. D. 1871

Executors { DANIEL HILLIARD, YOUNG SCOTT, ROBERT DICKSON.

40td

FREE EXHIBITION.

ARCHER'S NON-BURSTING IMPROVED WATER CONDUCTOR,

Patented September 25th, 1871.

One of the most useful inventions of the present age—cannot possibly burst by ice; does not rust; can be made of galvanized iron, tin, or wood; highly recommended by practical men.

COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned will be at the

RUSSELL HOUSE,
OTTAWA.

from the 24th to the 2nd December, where he will exhibit the Conductor in operation from 9 to 12a.m, and from 2 to 6 p m

Call and see it.

All communications addressed Postoffice, Kingston, Ont., will receive prompt attention.

R M CHARLTON.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1871 1829a

NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that a Power of Attorney executed by me in favour of one Daniel Lannigan, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, has been and is hereby revoked by me. All matters made and done under the said Power of Attorney, after this date by the said Daniel Lannigan, I hereby declare to be null and void.

PHILEMON WRIGHT,
By his Attorney
SARAH WRIGHT.

Dated at Lanark in the county of Renfrew, this twenty fourth day of November, A D., 1871 1830 3

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned until

Noon, 10th December Next,

for the undermentioned articles of condemned or obsolete stores now in the

MILITIA STORES AT OTTAWA,

viz: Blankets, gray, 335; Boots ankle pairs, 1908; Boots, beef pairs, 26; Muskets, percussion, 178; Fur Caps, 42; Percussion Cap Pockets, 1796; Brass Jags, 569; Side Belts and Slings, buff, 58. Pouch Belts and Pouches, 38; Knapsacks and Straps, 33; Box Stoves, 6; Greatcoats, 15.

THOMAS WILY, Lt.-Col.,
Director of Stores, &c

Ottawa, Nov 27, 1871 1830 a

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price.

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my samples before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms, No. 33 Sparks Street, Ottawa.

33 tNY W. H. CHEAL, Agent.

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

QUEBEC FUR DEPOT.

The Subscriber has the honor of informing the Public that he will open in this city a

FUR DEPOT.

containing a large and varied assortment of Furs, which he will sell at prices that defy competition.

The shop will be temporarily opened in the Mansion, Mr Skead's building, corner of George and Sussex streets, known as the George street Barrack, but will be removed in the month of January to the magnificent block of the Union Bank, now in course of construction.

The undersigned specially invites the public to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is convinced that they will find his goods of first class quality and exceedingly low in price.

Weekly importations will be added to his stock in order to accommodate the tastes of his customers.

Particular attention will be paid to the delivery of Goods bought of him.

He will manufacture and repair all articles in his line of business quickly and at small charges.

For further particulars see posters and circulars.

OLIVER COTE,
Hatter and Furrier,
"Sign of "General Wolfe."

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1829d3m 3m wk

THE SEASON COMMENCED

BULK OYSTERS.

Just Received H. M. ROWE'S celebrated

BULK AND CAN

OYSTERS,

$1 80.....PER GALLON,

AT

The Italian Warehouse.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Tenders are requested for the various Artificer's works necessary in the erection of the new St. Andrew's Church, corner of Wellington and Hugh streets, Ottawa, Ont.

The plans and specifications can be seen, and information obtained, on and after MONDAY, the 20th inst., at the School Room in rear of present church.

Sealed Tenders will be received up to MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of December next, addressed to the undersigned, either for the whole of the works or for any one of the various trades.

Security will be required for the due and proper performance of the several works.

The committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

By order of the Building Committee,

G E ELLIOTT,
Chairman.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1828td

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } TO WIT.

Public Notice is hereby given that the COURTS of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on

Tuesday, the 12th day of December, 1871,

at the hour of Ten of the clock, A. M., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to Take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W. F. POWELL,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
November 27, 1871. 1831td

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country.

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,

(lately occupied by D Whelan)

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer, &c.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSES.

W H FALLS will sell by auction opposite the Lower Town Market on

TUESDAY NEXT, 28th INST.

at 10 o'clock a.m., several very fine Horses.

Ottawa, Nov 25, 1871 1829d

Roche & Kelly,

PLUMBERS, GAS-FITTERS,

BELL HANGERS, &c.

Every description of Work in our line PROMPTLY executed, and personally attended to.

All work guaranteed.

RIDEAU STREET, Opposite the Tea Pot, OTTAWA.

HENRY ROCHE. JAMES KELLY

Nov. 27, 1871. 1830-3m

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S

INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

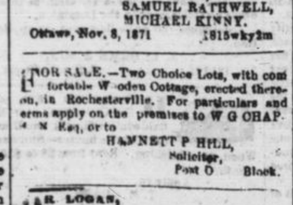
In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 6d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF

EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER &c.

WELLINGTON MILLS, BLACKFRIARS ROAD, LONDON.



NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOK!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 6, 1871. 1815y

TWO TEACHERS WANTED.

A Male Teacher holding a first class Certificate and a Female holding a Second or Third Class. Duties to commence 2nd day of January 1872. Applications stating salary, with testimonials, received until 20th December by

JOHN McKECHNAR,
Hawkesbury, Ont., Nov 24 1828 a

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J MOSS
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.

Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

LOST

Between Mosgrove and O'Connor streets, a SILVER MEDAL with initials C N D. The finder will confer a favour on one of the scholars of The Congregation de Notre Dame to leave the Medal at the Times Office, or at school of The Congregation, on Wellington street 1829

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky2m

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPMAN Esq, or to

HAMNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1753 1y

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co's, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 8, 1871 1818tf

Allan,
McKinnons
& McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCEES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY. DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

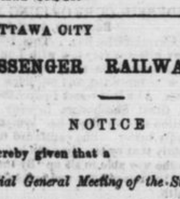
Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN
Successors to
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.
No. 20, Sparks street.

—24—

Hardware—Hardware.

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau Street

The subscriber having just completed his Fall Stock is now prepared to furnish any article in that very line at prices to suit the purchaser.

The following articles are constantly kept in stock:

Iron, Bundle and Steel Iron
Bar and Sheet copper.
Sheet Brass, &c., &c
Sleigh Shoe Steel all sizes from 1x1 to 4x4
Cast and Blister Steel
Proof Chain all sizes
Broad Axes
Narrow Axes single and double steel
Cut Saws, Grind Stones, Oils, Putty, Glass, Paints all colors
Stoves, Box Double, and Cooking
Also, an endless variety of Shelf Hardware and House Furnishing goods, &c., &c

P. S.—A call is respectfully solicited

All goods delivered free to any part of the city

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,

Ottawa, Nov 23, 1871 d&w

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERIAL

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Harlem Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

OTTAWA CITY

PASSENGER RAILWAY Co.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A.D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors

ROBERT SURTEES,
Secretary.

Office of O C P R R Co,
New Edinburgh, Nov. 11, 1871. 1829 2awtd

MACDONALDS' AUCTION ROOMS.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to.

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneer and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents 38, York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819zm

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Finglad and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

6 FIRST-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS.

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of Household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817ml

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 125 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais'
Family Grocery,
No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. y

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS!

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's Saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20 cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor

760-6m

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

L. A. GRIGNON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871. 1801tf

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency.

Orders promptly attended to. C. C. R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. H. JOHNSON,
Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871. 1792y

NEW SPRING GOODS

—AT—

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods,
&c., &c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Ware
&c., &c.

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO.

Ottawa April 11, 1871

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CHAINE, Orleans' Ont. 3o

November 14, 1871. 1820tfwk

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY, (SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA, CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES, CAPT. R. W. SPRINGS.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS

Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret," CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia," CAPT. COWEN.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe," CAPT. BAGLEY.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra," CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Pictou, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Pictou, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Pictou, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.: thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Pictou with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra," will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Pictou, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to W. MOORE, Manager.

HERRICK & CROMBIE, Agents, No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 2670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine here before.

WHY?!

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles . . $1 00
Pillsper Box. 25

PULMONARY BALSAM — VEGETABLE — CONSUMPTION — USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 40 YEARS. "NOTHING BETTER." CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON. Sold by the Druggists FOR COUGHS, COLDS &

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 16 6m

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK, Royal Insurance Company.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1821 3

FOR ONE READING, GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month. Books bought, sold and exchanged: Ottawa, June 8, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were at, to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying pulious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz. 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be, With great respect, THOMAS HOLLOWAY

533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand), London, W C, Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

1,000 AGENTS WANTED TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His Church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that order largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ont.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents. Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820tf

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES . . . . . $ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED 130
FANNING MILLS 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT, City Clerk.

City Hall, October 27, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD, Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with ¾ of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn. JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton. or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817d0i&wlm

READING, ELOCUTION, WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to MRS. R. STEWART, Wilbrod-st., Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871. 1689tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 28, 1871 1829 3

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F. R. C. P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F. R. S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F. R. S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M. D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J RANALD MARTIN, F. R. C. S."

ULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent deciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies:

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloureux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 18s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c, 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantrl, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5. to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hapley, M. R. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER, Galvanic Establishment, 200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO., DRUGGISTS, OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Sagerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W Lount, Esq; Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON, Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of 12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS, Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co. Omaha, Neb.

W. D. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE A.M.	ARRIVE P.M.
.....	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.20
.....	12 00	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B.	8 00	...	4.20
9,00	.....	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10 00	...	...
9,00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10,00	..	....
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4,20
9·00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.20
9·00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	...	4.20
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	10,60	.....	
9 20	.....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9 20	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	8,00	.....	
10;30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	.....
5:30	.....	.....	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by steamer, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6.15	.....	.....	Lower Ottawa, by steamer; Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Orignal' Grenville, &c.	.....	.....	7.00
6 30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	9.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.50	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	...

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

The New York close every Monday at 8 P.M.
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office, Ottawa, Nov. 13 1871.

MESSRS. SATCHELL BROS BUTCHERS TO HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq, of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7, LOWER TOWN MALKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET, Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROCKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He sold her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN, Episcopal Methodist Minister.

EMIGRATION TO THE UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1714 2

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

Manoc, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co, OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) shewed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain.

Most sincerely yours, CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE, Incumbent of St. Johns Church, Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 Sussex-st, Ottawa, H. MEADOWS & Co.

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

Chickering and Steinway Pianos,

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

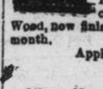
In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON, 8, Sparks Street.

1812 tf



HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to T. M. CLARK, Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1657tf

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

Medical.

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS. PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESSRS. GABRIEL DENTISTS LUDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer:

A CHRISTIE & Co., Druggists, Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

DR. ROBERTS CELEBRATED OINTMENT, CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT, Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

OTTAWA & MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the Stock Holders of the above named Company will be held at the ALBION HOTEL, on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, on

Monday, the Eleventh Day of Dec., A.D. 1871.

at half past Two of the Clock in the afternoon, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON, Secretary Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w 39 3

OTTAWA & RUSSELL ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A. D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON, Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w39 3

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 358y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, L'Original.

ROBERT LEES. 43utf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARTELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Original. 34-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 48y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 902y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

N. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 396tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chandiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL, Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherston's Drug Store Residence S.

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT, NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence—Hull next the Post Office. 1725y

CHARLES MORIN, Advocate, Hull, Office at Mr Telmo's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLELOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c, &c, for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book Store, Sparks Street Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT. 18y F C CLELOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law Attorney, &c., opposite the Russell House Ottawa.

GARDEN —AND— FLOWER SEEDS. R. HIGMAN, CHEMIST, &c., SPARKS ST.

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Caimphor for preserving Furs, &c., from Moth.

Physicians' prescriptions and family receipts carefully and faithfully prepared.

Patent Medicines, Perfumery, &c., &c

Ottawa, May 1, 1871

Hotels and Saloons.

WAVERLY HOUSE, BARRINGTON-STREET, HALIFAX, NOVA SCO

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1832. OTTAWA, WEDNESDAY NOVEMBER 29 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

REGENT HOUSE.

New Millinery.

New Costumes.

New Mantles.

New Shawls.

New Fancy Dress Goods.

New Costume Cloth.

New Satines all colours.

New French Merinos.

New Velveteens.

New Hosiery.

New Fancy Woollen Goods.

New Clouds.

Will open to-day one case VELVET RIBBONS black and coloured in all widths.

REGENT HOUSE.

30, Sparks street.

SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

Ottawa, Nov. 18, 1871. 1801y

Jouvin Double Button Kid Gloves.

Extra Quality in Black and all Colours.

75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES.

Just Received—another lot of the SPLENDID VALUE—GREAT DEMAND.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL.

Has for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVORITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 500 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interest by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co,

have Recd by

EX LATE STEAMERS,

Case Velveteens,
" Velveteen Jackets,
" Velvet Ribbons,
" Black and Colored Fringes,
" Fancy Dress Goods,
" Black Lustres,
" Small Wares,
" Plus,
" Cotton Hosiery,
" Dark Prints,
Bales Gray Cottons,
" Forties (expressly adapted),
" Laces,
" Bonnet Bindings,
" Trimmings,
" Harrison's Sewing Silk,
" Ribbons,
" Parasols,
" Table Heritings,
" Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS.

Case Manitoba Twills,
" " Union Twills,
" Balmoral Skirts,
" Wadding,
" McALPIN'S Paper Collars,
11 Bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " Twilled Sheetings
" " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made of imported to Canada. We are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new in ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 23, 1871 1620y

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $100 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff,

Agent,

Times Office, Ottawa.

R. ROBERTS'

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as a unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts piles, &c, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1687 1m

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cured bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure of a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this."

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—Eclectric—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED.

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle* to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street

BRANDIES—

The best old Brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (20 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Gold and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices

DeKuypers & Son, fine Old Double Berried

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Islay Malt

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

TEA TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant.—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Crosse & Blackwell's — Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet, "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov. 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Easton, Honey, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BERNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism, Gout, wandering pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.

30 Victoria square, Montreal.

Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,

Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, Oct. 2, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM. McKAY, Teacher,

Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1800y.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. SUMMER SERVICE. 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN	Saturday, 7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN	" 14th "	"
HIBERNIAN	" 21st "	"
MORAVIAN	" 28th "	"
SARMATIAN	" 4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin .....$70 to $80

Steerage.....$25

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be despatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows.

CORINTHIAN, on or about	12th	Oct.
OTTAWA "	19th	"
ST. DAVID "	26th	"
ST. ANDREW "	2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin.....$67 25

Intermediate.....$47 or 44 00

Steerage.....28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO., Agents Sparks-st.

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful Iron steamships:

MEDWAY.....D. Harris, Commander.

THAMES.....J James, do.

NIGER.....W. Nisbett, do.

SEVERN.....G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN....	"	19th "
MEDWAY..	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES...	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London; Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 per year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,

Montreal.

Or

T. M CLARKE,

Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENEY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite harmless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not hat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot Rideau-st.; Slocombe & Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh J. W. Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. N. E. Cormier; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J Smith & Co., No. 1 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Finnegan's Drugs.

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON-CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at the Water Works of the Parliament and Departmental Buildings, City Gas Works, Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills, A. Fleck's Foundry &c., &c.

CHALMERS & CO.,

Richardson st., Montreal,

P. O. Box 844½.

Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,

General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 20, 1871 y

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1:50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m., 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5:30 a.m, 10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,

Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO PORTLAND, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at		9:30	A.M
" 4 Express "	"	12:45	P.M
" 6 Accommodation "	"	10:20	A.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars "		10:00	P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 1:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3.30 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9.20 A.M., every Morning—Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:00 A.M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6.15 A.M., every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Close connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments,

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,

Managing Director, Ottawa.

R. LUTTRELL,

Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D, 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards.....	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates.....	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps.....	16,000
Pumping Mains extra.....	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,

City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,

September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Mr. Francis Jones, M.P.,

will be happy to meet his friends and the public generally, at the following times and places, for the discussion of Political and other subjects, viz.:

Hockston, Monday, Dec 4, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Oxford Mills, Tuesday, Dec 5 at 6 o'clock, p.m.

Patterson's Corners, Wednesday, Dec 6, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Bishop's Mills, Thursday, Dec 7, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Easton's Corners, Friday, Dec 8, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Toledo, Saturday, Dec 9, at 3 o'clock p.m.

Frankville, Saturday, Dec 9 at 6 o'clock pm

Lake Eloida, Monday, Dec 11, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Lombard's Corners, Tuesday, December 12 at 6 o'clock p.m.

Merrickville, Wednesday, Dec 13, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Burrit's Rapids, Thursday Dec 14, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Opposing Candidates, if any, Requested to Attend

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

November 14, 1871 1876 9 33 3

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By-Law at length, as the same is intimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Moutreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the overal places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Silly Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein, at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Silly Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely:

James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,

City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,

October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Troches," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully this morning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

(*To be Continued.*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton street, New York, and 93 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins" on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil, the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

NEWS AND GOSSIP.

Tennyson is at work on a new Arthurian poem, entitled "The Last Tournament."

A subscription has been started in London for the widow and daughter of Mark Lemon, the late editor of *Punch*.

Ledru Rollin, who left France with the *coup d'etat*, returned a few days ago to pass the rest of his life in Paris—provided the Imperial specter does not assume reality.

Mrs. Francis Bartlett de Oviedo, the bride of the famous diamond wedding in New York, several years ago, contributed $100 to the Chicago relief subscription taken up in Havana.

The Czar is very shrewd. In the extensive system of railways that he is now building he uses a different gauge from any adjoining country. Prussia ran her own cars and locomotives to the very walls of Paris.

The Tichborne case is said to have become tedious since its recent resumption. The claimant's funds are evidently giving out, as he has declined to take his share of the expense of the short-hand reports of the evidence.

The Yellowstone Valley is the region where it is generally believed the Sioux, the most warlike tribe of Indians will make their last stand against civilization. They object to the building of a railroad through the valley.

A boy squirrel-hunter in Wisconsin recently came across two buck deer with their horns so locked together that they could not separate, and shot them both. Since the animals were killed it is found that the horns cannot be parted without breaking them.

A Swiss geologist lately met his death in a singular way, while geologizing over the Alps. He stopped to pat a tame kid, which bounded off, and as he stooped to resume his work, dislodged a pile of rocks upon him from a ledge above, killing him instantly.

The Russian alphabet has thirty-six letters. Many of them are like the Greek letters. The Greek delta is the Russian D, P expresses R, lamda is the tumbled L, B expresses N; N turned over (Z) is E; G is the Greek gamma or Yankee L turned over thus, ⅂. A Greek scholar can read and pronounce almost every word of the signs in St. Petersburg.

A Mrs. Skelton, of London, has recently invented a street lamp, with strips of looking glass arranged in its roof, somewhat after the manner of a Venetian blind. He thus reflects into the street rays of the light which would otherwise have gone over the houses. The results of experiments on this lamp, it is said, show that the street receives three times as much light as would fall upon it from lamps of the ordinary kind.

The London Crystal Palace aquarium is 400 feet long and 70 feet broad, and the total capacity of all the tanks is 200,000 gallons of water, weighing a million pounds. Of sea-anemones alone there are already in the aquarium over three thousand specimens. These flower like animals, being deprived in their captivity of the ocean currents which bring them their food, have to be fed at frequent intervals, each having given to it a morsel of food suited to its size.

From microscopic examinations of irons and steels, Mr. Schott, of Washington infers that he can thus determine their various physical qualities; the height of the crystal pyramids, relatively to the sizes of their bases, and the arrangement of these crystals differing in different specimens.

The London *Daily News*, of a recent date, thus speaks of the defeat

caresses of his master leaped up and licked his lips. Beetson put him gently away and thought no more of the occurrence until evening, when the dog began to show signs of great disturbance, giving rise to the suspicion that he was mad. Beetson then remembered that he had a crack on the lip, and becoming anxious, watched the dog carefully. Two or three days after his fears were too fully confirmed, and though he tried to laugh off the anxiety of his wife, she insisted on having the dog destroyed by poison. A few days more elapsed and the man experienced severe headache, followed by unmistakable symptoms of rabies. His horror of water was extreme, and liquids of any kind could only be administered by covering his eyes. Dr. Hogan was called in, and he summoned in consultation Drs. Savage and Finnel, who administered opium, hydrate of chloral, and other remedies, but their efforts proved unavailing, and the unfortunate man died on Friday in great agony.

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 18, 1871 1825 y

COCO-GLYCERINE is delightfully perfumed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

One Dollar Reward.

Ottawa Literary and Scientific Society—C Kennedy.

Notice—Alexander Workman and others.

The Ottawa Times.

WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 29, 1871

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. Gordon Brown, of the Toronto *Globe*, intends to spend the Winter in Italy. We regret to hear that his health is still in an unsatisfactory condition.

Mr. Dixon, English Immigration Agent, arrived yesterday from the West. He had an interview with the Minister of Agriculture in the afternoon.

THE GRAND DUKE ALEXIS.

We understand that the Grand Duke Alexis has intimated his intention of visiting Montreal on the 11th December, and we also learn that he will arrive in Ottawa on the 13th. While here he will be the guest of His Excellency the Governor General.

THE PREMIER AND THE TREATY.

The Toronto *Globe* makes a violent attack upon Sir Francis Hincks and the Ottawa Times, because we in common with the Finance Minister, ventured to express an opinion in regard to the Premier's position in reference to the Treaty of Washington which is not in accordance with that of the Hon. George Brown. Of course the usual amount of violent and vituperative language is indulged in by our contemporary, who, as the public are aware, is too much in the habit of mistaking abuse for argument, and of making brazen assertions do duty in the place of facts. Mr. Brown's organ is naturally indignant with anyone who dares to think that Sir John Macdonald is entitled to the gratitude of the Canadian people or that his presence at Washington was in any way beneficial to this country. We may say, however, that what the *Globe* reproduces, as a report of Sir Francis Hincks' speech, is, in fact, an extract from the Times article, for which the Finance Minister is in no way responsible. Yet we have not the slightest doubt that in spite of all that the *Globe* may say, a large majority of the people of Canada think as we do upon the subject. Without desiring to make any charge against Imperial statesmen, we have no hesitation in saying, that the question of the Canadian fisheries is one which they would have been likely to have regarded as an insignificant one compared with the great object of the Commission, viz., the establishment of friendly relations between Great Britain and the United States. In its efforts to prove that Sir John Macdonald could not by any possibility have performed any service to Canada, the *Globe* goes too far and contradicts itself. It says that the Commission could have done nothing in reference to Canadian questions without the consent of the Canadian Parliament, and yet it declares that Sir John Macdonald was appointed a member of the Commission in order that our interests might be represented. If there was no possibility of our rights and interests being overlooked, why was he appointed to represent them, and if those rights were protected, and supposing that, as the *Globe* itself asserts, it is perfectly open for the Parliament of Canada "with all loyalty to Great Britain firmly to refuse its assent when that assent is solicited," why is the Treaty of Washington to be termed a "shameful compact," and Sir John Macdonald to be called "base and treacherous" because he signed it as a member of the Commission? In another place Mr. Brown's organ says, "The people of Canada have the right of pronouncing their verdict upon the Treaty, and their representatives are entitled to refuse or accept it." And yet while thus acknowledging that not a single Canadian right has been sacrificed, Sir John is called a "traitor," because he signed the Treaty.

Without now entering into a discussion of those clauses of the Treaty which have to be disposed of by the Dominion Parliament and the U. S. Congress, we are sure that we have as a people abundant reason to congratulate ourselves upon the ratification of the Treaty by the Imperial and United States Executives. Let Mr. Brown ask the capitalists and monied men of Toronto, in fact of the whole Dominion, whether their interests have not been promoted thereby. Let him inquire of almost any business man throughout the length and breadth of Canada, and he will find that the prosperity of the country has been greatly enhanced, and every enterprise encouraged, by the sense of security and the certain hope of future peace and tranquility which has been one grand result of the Treaty of Washington. And bearing these facts in mind, and remembering also, that, as the *Globe* itself tells its readers, to the Canadian people is left "the right of pronouncing their verdict" upon the fishery clauses, is there the slightest ground for asserting that Sir John Macdonald failed in any one particular to do his whole duty as a member of the Joint Commission? Supposing when this right of pronouncing a verdict had been secured to Canada the Premier had refused to affix his signature to the Treaty and thus had brought the Commission to an abrupt termination, rendering the chance of adjusting all vexed questions between the two countries less than they were before, and increasing the feeling of uneasiness as to our future which existed in the public mind,—supposing, we say, he had done this what a howl of virtuous indignation would have gone up from the entire Grit press! Mr. Brown's organ would have declared that Sir John Macdonald was not only "a traitor" to Canada but to the entire human race; inasmuch as when the treaty left Canadian questions to be settled by the Canadian Parliament he had unnecessarily risked the peace of the world as well as the prosperity of this country. It is easy to imagine the line which Mr. Brown would then have pursued. With what fury would the Premier have been assailed, and with what touching eloquence would our contemporary have treated of the beauties of international brotherhood, and of the necessity of peace to the future progress of Canada! But now, the peace secured under the provisions of the Treaty, secured be it remembered without the sacrifice of a single Canadian right, is a matter of no consequence according to the *Globe*, and the Canadian statesman who helped at all events to bring about so satisfactory a condition of affairs is not only to be refused any credit for his labours in his country's cause, but is to be called "a traitor" and other opprobrious epithets. And why is this? Simply because Sir John Macdonald is an able statesman who enjoys the confidence of the Canadian public, while the Hon. George Brown is a disappointed politician whose mind is filled with the venom of envy, malice, and petty spite. Whether the Premier is entitled to thanks or not is however a matter of small consequence, compared with those great and important questions connected with the Treaty the discussion of which has been studiously avoided by the *Globe*. The fact is that that journal is so much occupied with the performance of Mr. Brown's dirty work, so busily engaged in abusing that gentleman's personal foes, that it has no time to employ in the discussion of public questions upon their real merits.

MUNICIPAL HARMONY.

Our worthy Aldermen have finally, we are glad to be able to state, realized the truth of the old maxim "a house divided against itself, &c." Though some little opposition and diversity of feeling were displayed in the early part of the meeting last evening we were happy to notice towards the close a disposition on all sides to bury and forget past troubles and work harmoniously in the matter of Water Works. Judicious opposition is good, but factious opposition can serve no good purpose. Now that the Council is in harmony on the great municipal question of the day, we may hope that the Council at least will get through its share of the work in the matter at the next meeting. We congratulate the Chairman of the Water Works Committee on the cordial support which these municipal conversions have brought him.

SHADE TREES.

To the Editor of THE TIMES,

SIR,—A newspaper which fulfils its vocation has other and higher offices than the distribution of *news*, among which, we may give a prominent place to the cultivation of a *style* which may be read and studied with advantage by all who are desirous of improvement. The manner in which your evening contemporary performs this portion of its functions may be seen by the perusal of a letter placed in the most conspicuous position, which appeared in its columns yesterday, on the subject of "Shade Trees." Surely such insufferable trash should not be foisted upon us. You, yourself, are not free from blame in giving it extended publicity by your notice this morning. I am not about to criticise this precious production. Some things are above, this is utterly *below* criticism. It must—borrowing the heading of some of our old ballads—be sang to its own agreeable melody" There are one or two points, however, which will strike everybody: for instance, who could read the little story about the eagle quill and not be reminded of the lion's skin, and still more, of the animal that encased himself in it. Another reflection occurs, and it saddens me, for I have to blush for my country.—I allude to the fact that the concocter of the shade tree letter, and numerous other absurdities, has been elevated into a position which makes him almost a representative man among my countrymen in Ottawa.

I am, Sir,
Truly yours, &c.,
AN IRISHMAN.

Ottawa, 28th Nov. 1871.

LIFE IN DEATH.

Over in Brooklyn there is a young girl who seven years ago was thrown from a horse. Her back, if not absolutely broken, was at least so injured that her body ceased to perform its functions, her heart ceased to beat, and she was dressed for the grave; but about her face there lingered so much of life that her guardian, an aunt, refused to allow her burial. After a few days, wonderful as it may seem, she recovered the use of an arm, she breathed, and to thisday she lies, her body perfectly helpless, the faculty of swallowing entirely destroyed, life maintained by injections, and weekly surgical operations enable this unhappy young creature to remain on earth. One hand is tightly closed, the other she uses with an almost natural freedom. She is partially blind, and can only faintly utter a few broken words. Her body is wasted till it is the size of a child of six or seven, but her face is still pretty, and bears no sign of her fearful experience. She inserts a knife in the closed hand and cuts sheets of wax into proper shape, moulds it, colors it, and makes very beautiful wax flowers, lying upon her back with a raised shelf swung across her breast. She has taken no food in the natural way since her injury and is the most wonderful case probably in this country. As her parents left her well off, and she has an aunt whose devotion admits no mercenary thought, this young lady is comparatively unknown. But what a fate has befallen her—a living death—who can tell what may be the action of her mind, for she is incapable of writing much, or speaking but a few words, and withal seems to have developed an unknown sense, for when her aunt enters the room with a letter she herself cannot read in the gloom of the apartment, the half-blind creature, lying per haps turned quite away from the letter utters a strange noise and faintly speaks the name of the person from whom the letter comes.—*Letter in St. Louis Republican.*

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 28.

Three hundred dollars worth of jewellery was yesterday stolen from the shop of J. Meyers, on McGill street. A portion of the property has been found in the possession of one Jules Beaumont, a friend of Meyers', who has been committed to-day for trial.

The barge *Rudolf*, belonging to Antoine Labbe, with grain, struck Wellington Bridge in the canal last night, and sunk immediately.

Rolland was elected to-night for East Ward by over 50 of a majority.

The people at Sorel are crossing the Richelieu River on the ice, which is frozen as far as Isle aux Noix.

The annual concert of the Protestant Benevolent Society took place to-night with a crowded house.

The thermometer stood at 6° below zero at 5 p. m.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The *Court Circular* announces that the Queen yesterday gave audience to Sir Edward Thornton, Minister to the United States.

A cogus telegraphic despatch recently, announcing an amalgamation of the leading railroad lines, had a very disturbing effect on domestic railway shares for a few hours, and a large number of dealers were deceived by it. The author of the telegram has not yet been discovered. The Directors of the Midland Railway Company have offered a large reward for the detection and arrest of the perpetrators. The newspapers comment on the transaction in unqualified terms, and cite many similar acts of deception perpetrated on the American press. It is suggested that all news despatches to be sent by telegraph should undergo special registration at the telegraph offices where they are received, and that the parties sending them be required to give a guarantee of good faith or evidence of their authority to send news despatches.

FRANCE.

PARIS, Nov 27.—Up to a late hour last night there was much agitation over the expected execution of Rossel and other leaders of the Commune. This morning it was still thought doubtful that Rossel would suffer the extreme penalty, but all doubt was dispelled by a despatch from Versailles officially announcing that the execution had taken place, and that Rossel and two of his companions had been shot.

PARIS, 10 a. m., Nov. 28.—At six o'clock this morning the prisoners Rossel, Ferre, and Bourgeois were taken from their cells and brought to the camp of Satory, thence they were escorted by a large force to the place fixed upon for their execution in the outskirts of the camp. On arriving there a hollow square was formed by the troops, at one end of which the prisoners were placed. The behavior of the three men was most courageous. When the soldiers approached to blindfold them, Ferre refused to allow the bandage to be placed over his eyes, declaring that he should look his executioners in the face. At seven o'clock the company detailed for duty advanced, and, levelling their muskets, at the word of command fired. Rossel fell at the first discharge. He was instantly killed. The others were not so fortunate. The bullets did not take immediate effect, and as they were writhing on the ground some soldiers of the shooting party, in obedience to instructions, came up with pistols and gave the *coup de grace*. The bodies were then placed in plain coffins and immediately removed. The execution took place in the presence of 3,000 troops. A profound sensation was produced throughout the country by the details of the execution. The death of young Rossel is lamented, even by those who felt it was demanded by justice and the best interests of the country.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 28.—The agitation against the Ministry continues unabated. Petitions to the King for the dismissal of the Ministers are pouring in from all parts of the country. An immense mass of people is assembled in front of the *Palais de la Nation*. The appearance of the multitude is threatening, but a strong force of troops is on they round, and although they do not attempt to disperse them they have so far succeeded in preventing violence to persons or the destruction of property. Cries of "resign," "resign," are heard on every side of the *Palais*. The temper of the people is dangerous, and the position critical. The impression is that the Ministers will yield, as did De Decker, and tender their resignation to the King.

CUBA.

HAVANA, Nov. 28.—Eight of the medical students tried by the Court Martial for violating the grave of Gen. Castonon were sentenced to death this morning and executed this afternoon. They met their fate with resignation, and expressed sorrow for committing the act for which they died. All the students shot were over 18 years of age. The other prisoners are sentenced to six month's imprisonment. Great excitement prevailed throughout the city during the day, and business was suspended. All is now quiet. Captain General Valmaseda is expected to arrive in Havana during the afternoon. He publishes a proclamation to the volunteers, promising that the guilty shall be punished, and charging the recent events to the machinations of the laborantes.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—A special from Havana says there was intense excitement after the military parade on Sunday. The volunteers assembled in groups of from 100 to 200 and marched through the streets assuming a threatening attitude. Hundreds collected around the palace of the Captain General, and another large body of men near the Tacon Theatre. But the largest and most violent crowd assembled around the jail, demanding the immediate execution of the students accused of having desecrated the grave of Gonescalo Castonon. Crowds of volunteers in the streets were ordered to join their companions, and all shouted "death to traitors." The inhabitants were greatly alarmed, and fled in terror to their houses. Captain-General Valmeseda being absent on a tour through the Island, his Deputy Acting Captain-General Crispo refused to deliver his prisoners, but ordered a Court Martial to be formed, which met at 2 o'clock yesterday morning to try 47 medical students accused. By 11 o'clock at night order had been restored by the officers, who got the volunteers under full control, battalion after battalion marching toward the jail. The Court comprises one Captain of each volunteer battalion and six officers of the regular army, presided over by a Colonel. Senor Crispo has issued an address to the volunteers, asking them to await quietly the results of the trial. The law, he declared, would be inexorable in punishing the delinquents. Last evening business was entirely suspended, but the city was quiet. Volunteers are guarding the jail. A Captain of volunteers was killed by two negroes, who were shot immediately without trial.

SALT LAKE, Nov. 28.—In Court yesterday the case of Brigham Young was called up, and, upon motion of the prosecuting Attorney, was ordered for trial next Monday. Hempstead, for the defence, protested against this order on the ground that it would be impossible to have his client at such short notice. He voted for two weeks, which request was refused.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—The Principal of Hunter's Point, L. I., Public School yesterday expelled 40 Roman Catholic pupils. It seems that, hearing a report that further trouble was intended by those objecting to the reading of the Scriptures, he determined to forestall any attempt to cause trouble. He consequently sought advice of Superintendent Palmer, and of the Commissioners, and was authorised by them to expel from the school every one who refused to abide by the rules and regulations. He requested of the Police Department a sufficient force to protect him in the discharge of his duty, which was accordingly furnished. The Principal then requested all who objected to the reading of the Bible to arise. Forty pupils arose, all Catholics, and were immediately expelled amid considerable confusion. The news spread and the excitement became great. The question has assumed such proportions that a settlement will be almost impossible. The Roman Catholics demand either the Bible to be forbidden in schools, or that they obtain their due proportion of the taxes to establish separate schools.

CHEYENNE, N. Y. Nov. 28.—The Bill for the repeal of female suffrage in Wyoming passed the Council yesterday, the vote being 5 yeas to 4 nays.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 28.—Reports from the Northern Pacific Railway say the thermometer is down to 23 degrees below zero, and heavy winds are prevailing. The trains are stopped by the drifting snow, and the telegraph wires are broken in a number of places.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Mrs. Mansfield has objected to two of Fisk's sureties, and they are being examined. Fisk's bail is $25,000.

Thirteen cases of small-pox are reported since noon yesterday. Medical authorities say the cooler the weather the more danger of the disease becoming an epidemic. Although the Board of Health at a meeting two weeks ago appointed eighteen additional Health Inspectors for the purpose of general vaccination throughout the city, they have not done anything yet.

An indignation meeting of the depositors of the Stuyvesant Bank was held at the Sinclair House to-night. Mr. Callamere admitted that $368,000 was loaned to a Mr. Hartman on a security of $38,000. A committee of six persons was appointed to report on the condition of the bank next Tuesday evening.

MEXICO.

MATAMORAS, Nov. 27, via Brownsville, Texas 28.—The Governor of Tamaulipas calls for a loan of $20,000 to place the State on a war footing. A National Guard is to be organized at once. The people are opposed to the loan.

Cartina Juarez, commander of the line, and the rebel generals Previne and Quiraga had an interview a few days ago at Ceralvo. The former agreed to await the result of the attack on Saltello, commenced on the 24th inst.

Commander Palachisay, of Matamoras, reports Gen. Rocha with 4,000 Government troops close to Saltello. A portion of the Government troops at Camarago revolted and disbanded three days ago for want of pay. Commander Cartina received the money and did not pay the men.

Gen. Cartina no longer reports to the commander of Matamoras, who, being isolated, has called upon the Government for additional troops to sustain him in holding the city. The commander reports a relief of 400 men by sea from Vera Cruz and Temisco.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

LONDON, Nov. 28.—The journals this morning reflected uneasiness, which is concealed by no one, with regard to the condition of the Prince of Wales. Some gave rumors, represented current at Windsor, that the Prince was worse, and that much alarm was felt at the Castle. It is coupled with an announcement that the Queen would probably remain all day to day at Sandringham, the residence of the Prince. The strengthened impression is, that the crisis of the fever was at hand, and the danger the greatest; but the latest bulletin of the physicians is unexpectedly reassuring, and tends to relieve anxiety. It states that the Prince was able to sleep during the night, and that the fever is leaving.

It is announced that the illness of the Princess Alexandra is not serious.

NEW YORK, Nov. 27.—The Grand Duke Alexis and *suite* attended the opera at the Academy of Music to-night, where Faust was being performed, and were enthusiastically received by the audience.

Connolly has only procured $900,000 bail.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—A special to the *Herald* from Madrid says that General Sickles was married to Miss Creach yesterday, and started for New York immediately. His visit is the subject of mystery at present.

A special from London dated the 27th, says that Colonel Rossel was to have been shot to-day by a party of the engineers, and Ferre also by a party from the 8th regiment.

MATAMORAS, Nov. 27.—The Revolutionists under General Trevino, attacked Saltillo on the 5th. Fighting is yet going on. General Rocha is a short way from San Luis, and Poloesia with strong Government forces, is within aiding distance. Trevino is reported to be short of ammunition. Communication is entirely cut off beyond Mier. Three hundred remforcements for Matamoras are expected by sea from Vera Cruz.

The *World's* Washington special says that last week mention was made in despatches that an important diplomatic correspondence was in progress with the authorities at Madrid, with regard to the non-fulfilment of promises made by the Spanish Government, for the protection of the rights of American citizens in Cuba. It has progressed so far as to show that Spain, instead of heeding its promises, has violated them in a bold manner. There is the best reason to believe that this Government has taken a most important step, which, if not met by an apologetic spirit, may lead at once to the gravest consequences. Indeed, our naval fleet, much larger than is required to protect the inoffensive *Hornet* at Port au Prince, will suddenly appear in Cuban waters.

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE.

This splendid Hair Dye is the *best in the world*. The only True and Perfect Dye. Harmless, Reliable and Instantaneous; no disappointment; no ridiculous tint or unpleasant odor, Remedies the ill effects of bad dyes and washes. Produces immediately a superb Black or Natural Brown, and leaves the hair *clean, soft and beautiful*. The genuine signed W. A. Batchelor's. Sold by all Druggists. Factory, 16 Bond Street, N. Y. 1831y

GREAT CONDITION MEDICINE.—As a condition medicine for horses "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy" has no equal. Its effects in this respect are astonishing; many horses that were supposed to be broken down and almost worthless have, by the use of a few packages, been restored to a healthy and sound condition, all traces of the disease having been completely removed, and have been sold for from $40 to $75 more than they would previously have brought; when you want a horse medicine get "Darley's Condition Powders and Arabian Heave Remedy." We know you will be perfectly satisfied with the result. Remember the name, and see that the signatures of Hurd & Co. is on each package. Northrop & Lyman, Newcastle, Ont., proprietors for Canada. Sold by all medicine dealers.

ORDER AND SYSTEM.—In every branch of cultivation—whether in the field, the orchard, the vineyard or the garden, there must be order and system to insure successful results, and this truth is firmly established by actual experience. Another great truth has also been established by the same means, which is: That as a preventative medicine, or a medicine for the cure of colds, coughs, rheumatism, and summer complaints, the "Canadian Pain Destroyer," is the most reliable. For sale by all Druggists and country dealers. Price, 25 cents per bottle.

COCO-GLYCERINE nourishes the hair.

DOMINION NOTES.

Toronto is about to build a new Mechanics' Institute.

A case of wife poisoning is reported in the County of Dorchester.

The Great Western Railway is to have a thousand additional freight cars.

We are glad to hear that Dr. Tache has so far recovered from his recent illness as to warrant his early resumption of the duties of his office.

The Governor-General has commuted the sentences of death passed upon Charles Blaney and Thomas Jenkins, at the late York Assizes, to imprisonment in the Penitentiary for seven years.

Mr. St. John, late of the *Globe*, in conjunction with Mr. Scott, of Montreal, has written a drama called "The Revolt of the Commune," which is having a very successful run in Montreal.

The 60th regiment it was that planted, in 1759, the British standard on the plains of Abraham; and it was the 60th regiment that lowered that ensign of power from the citadel of Quebec, one hundred and twenty years later.

THE NATHAN MURDER.

A ship has recently arrived at Honoluiu from the spot where were wrecked the entire whaling fleet. This vessel brings the last of the shipwrecked sailors. These men are now being cared for by the authorities. One of the shipwrecked seamen, who died at the United States Hospital two days ago, has made a statement which has created a sensation. While on his deathbed he was visited by a shipmate, to whom he confessed the startling fact that he was a murderer. Being asked what had led him to the commission of such a crime, he avowed it was for the purpose of obtaining money. He was pressed by his shipmate to disclose the full details of the horrible affair, and thus ease his conscience. He confessed some particulars which led directly to the belief that he was either the principal actor or else an important accomplice in the atrocious massacre of Mr. Benjamin Nathan, in New York, last year.

EXPLORING LAPLAND.

While Dr. Livingstone is reported to be making his way slowly back to the African coast. M. Du Chaillu, the discoverer of the gorilla, has been spending the summer and fall among the Laplanders, shooting Polar bears and travelling with reindeer. English papers announce his safe return to Stockholm, where he has been received and entertained by the King of Sweden and welcomed by the nobles. Private letters received from M. Du Chaillu inform us that he has had an adventurous and interesting experience among the Laplanders, has visited the extreme northern point of Europe and borne the cold of the Polar regions as well as he did the torrid heats of Equatorial Africa. He was to sail for New York in the steamer which left England on the 9th of November, and will consequently be welcomed by his friends of the Geographical Society in a few days. He will hardly bring another animal as curious as the gorilla for the naturalists; but his adventures and explorations in the little visited country of the Laps will no doubt be recounted in a book of travels.

HARD WORK.

It cannot be too often repeated that it is not hard work that saps a man's health and brings him to early death. A man may work his brains many hours every day without mischief, if he take the proper daily and yearly sessions of rest. But the rest must be a complete suspension of the labor, and the work must be done with a proper regard to surrounding conditions. The simple matter of using the eyes must be carefully attended to; many a person by straining them through a false position gets symptoms of trouble in the brain which alarm him, and which may result in positive mischief. A person who does much writing or reading, with the mind in active employment, should look well to it to have his apparatus or desk, light, distance of the eye from the paper, etc., as accurately adjusted as possible, so as to make sure of no strain. No piece of machinery demands more strict attention to have everything work true, as it renders the result after a time very important, even in small matters. A very common source of trouble is worriment of mind, as if the machinery were wabbling instead of running true, and thus racking itself to destruction. Some words in *Hall's Journal* we quote as containing much truth on this point: "The man who goes from his counting house or his workshop at the close of the day and does not leave it behind him, but sits at the family table in moodiness, brooding over past occurrences, weighing probabilities, casting conjectures, laying plans, and when the meal is over sits thinking by the hour, and goes to bed to toss and tumble and worry, cannot live long; the brain or the heart must give way, and he will drop dead in the street, as many a business man has done within a few years past."

POMPEIIAN REMAINS.

Relative to the finding recently of a corps at Pompeii, a correspondent writes: When the bodies are found at Pompeii plaster is instantly poured in to preserve the form. This plaster gave the exact representation of the poor Pompeiian who had met his horrible death so suddenly. Through centuries and centuries the texture of the very garment had been preserved, although in dust and ashes. The legs were bare and the shirt opened at the throat. The shirt was of some coarse woollen stuff; around the throat is a necklace of enamelled glass beads, and on the ankle an anklet of metal, shewing he had been a slave. But the expression of the face is frightful; there is all the fierce struggle of vigorous life with sudden death, and the position of the arms is as if he had been trying to wrench off his breast a crushing weight.

COCO-GLYCERINE — something new for the hair

Blackwood completes in the November number the novel of "Fair to See," written by Lieutenant Lockhart (a nephew of John Gibson Lockhart, the biographer of Sir Walter Scott), and commences a series of sketches of "French Home Life," the first being devoted to servants.

Coughs and colds are often overlooked. A continuance for any length of time causes irritation of the Lungs or some chronic Throat Disease. Brown's Bronchial Troches are an effectual remedy.

COCO-GLYCERINE removes dandruff

☞ The efficacy of Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers in curing coughs, colds, and all bronchial affections, and cheering the afflicted, has passed into a proverb. In the United States, where these marvellous Wafers are known, they bear down all opposition and eclipse all rivalry; the demand for them has steadily increased for the last twenty years until now the sales average over one hundred thousand boxes a year. Eminent members of the medical profession without num ber admit that they know of no preparation producing such beneficial results as these wafers. When taken in season they effect a permanent cure. Sold by every druggist and most of the respectable stores throughout the Province at 25 cents per box.

Have you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is a specific remedy, and is also the best pain killer in the world.

We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders given to such stock occasionally during the winter would be worth more than an extra half ton of hay.

OLD COUNTRY NOTES.

The Senate of the University of London have created great dissatisfaction in Church circles by their nomination of Dr. Temple, Bishop of Exeter, as one of the Governors of Rugby School.

The running match between Jones and Mills, for £50 a side, a run of four miles, Mills giving to Jones 350 yards start, was won by Jones. The time made was very good, four minutes, 37 seconds per mile being the average time.

In the sporting circles of London, during the week, the Billiard Match, between Cook and Bennett, for £500, has called forth the greatest attention. After an exciting game, when both stood within three marks of each other, Cook won the match by a run of 140, making up his score of 1,000 in three hours.

A work having been published, purporting to give particulars representing Mr. Disraeli's connection with the periodical Press, it is authoratively announced that he never edited any newspaper, review, magazine, or any other periodical publication, and rarely contributed to any; nor has he received or required any remuneration, except for those works which bear his name.

John Sparks, aged twenty-two, of the Wheelock ironworks, near Crewe, while crossing a railway at night, was run down and killed. The poor fellow's diary contained an entry to the effect that for the three preceding nights in succession he had dreamed of coming to a horrible end, and he concluded with the couplet—

"What is to come has to come,
God's will be done.

A young blacksmith in London has undertaken to earn money during the last two years in a rather novel way. Half a crown fee is paid to the individual who gives the first intelligence of the breaking out of a fire. This diligent youth has set fire to 100 different buildings, with no other purpose than obtaining the 100 half-crowns. The last time he was detected, and is now on trial.

A painful incident has occurred at Neston, in Cheshire. A married woman, the wife of a tailor named Mealor, had occasion to correct one of her children, a boy fourteen years of age, and struck him on the side of the head with a stick. The lad fell to the ground insensible, and died before medical aid could be obtained. The only external mark of violence was a small bruise behind the left ear; the inquest has been adjourned to allow of a post mortem examination.

The effects of Watson, the reverend wife murderer, have been sold at auction. The prices realized were by no means sensational.

Mr. Kinglake is deferring the publication of his concluding volume of his History of the Crimean War until the interest in last year's war has subsided.

Mr. Hugh Birely, M. P. for Manchester will, early next session, introduce a bill for stopping the sale of intoxicating liquors during the whole of Sunday.

The *Law Times* is informed, on what appears to be good authority that all the Inns of Court have finally determined to establish compulsory examination.

Arrangements have been made for eliciting an expression of influential opinion with a view to action in the obtaining of a copyright law with the United States.

Eight persons have been burned at Aston, near Wigan, by an explosion in a collier's house, some powder having got ignited by a spark. The house was ruined.

Hopworth Dixon has sued the 'Pall Mall Gazette' for libel. The Gazette' in a review of his "spiritual wives," accuses him of obscenity. Hence the action. Damages are laid at £10,000.

The Tichborne trial may possibly not be concluded until the end of next year.

Mrs. Brooke, of Gateford House, Selby, has given £30 000 to the Leeds infirmary.

A young hunting parson met his death while out with the hounds lately in England.

The Rev. John Talbot Johnstone, Rector of Beccles, has committed suicide by hanging himself.

The Reform Club, lately opened at Manchester, costs $300,000, and the ground on which it stands $185,000.

Sir Roderick Murcheson has left 31,250 000 personality and large realty. It was not made by geology though.

Joseph Wood, of Gate Farm, Oughtibridge, was lately fined $25 and costs for kissing by force a neighbor's wife.

Great Britain will probably import during the ensuing year 11,500,000 quarters of grain at a cost of about £40,000,000.

A mishap, which through a difference of tide might have had calamitous results, occurred on the Thames on the 16th. Three petroleum brigantines were at anchor off Erith when an explosion took place on one of the vessels, which had on board upwards of 2,000 barrels of petroleum and 100 barrels of resin. The vessel was entirely destroyed. The other vessels, one of which had discharged her cargo, were seriously injured.

Among the subjects now occupying much attention in the metropolitan journals, is that of the great inflammability of London. Often we find large oil and tallow warehouses over depots of packing cases, and not unfrequently the most inflammatory materials are packed by the side of explosive or otherwise dangerous materials. This has called forth a loud demand for a commission to examine and devise some means of averting these dangerous proximities.

Prince Alfred has killed his fifteenth deer in the Scottish Highlands this season.

The death is announced of Vice-Admiral Wm. Warren, in his 73rd year. The deceased Admiral entered the navy in 1811, and while on the West India station displayed much activity in the suppression of piracy. In 1840 he sailed upon the expedition to China, and was present at the attack upon Chuenpee, the capture of Canton, where he had command of the western division of boats, and the second attack on Canton. His gallantry and able services obtained him his commission as captain, bearing date May, 1841, and in the October following he was further rewarded by being nominated a Companion of the Bath.

We are glad to note that even the London correspondent of the New York *Times* is disposed to think that Sir Charles Dilke made a blunder in supposing that the English people would be induced to favor Republicanism by an exposure of the expenses of royalty. It may lead them to cry out for economy, but it is far from being likely to make them wish a change in the system of government. It is too petty a reason in itself to cause a revolutionary movement apart from the fact that a contrast between the cheapness of monarchy and republicanism, as exhibited in London and Washington, would by no means tell exclusively against the former.

DIED.

In this city, on Monday night, 27th instant, Maggie E., wife of L. H. Hamilton and daughter of Captain L Young, at the age of twenty-five years.

The funeral will take place on Thursday afternoon from her father's residence, Lloyd street at 2 p.m., thence to the Hull burying ground on the Aylmer Road. Friends and acquaintances are requested to attend without further notice.

☞ *Citizen, Free Press,* and *News* please copy.

NOTICE.

A Meeting of the Trustees of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital, will take place in the Director's room, on TUESDAY, the 5th DAY of DECEMBER, Next, at 3 o'clock, to take into consideration the proposed amendment to the Act of incorporation. All Trustees are requested to attend.

ALEXANDER WORKMAN,
JAMES PEACOCK,
THOMAS HUNTON,
H. McCORMICK,
GEORGE HAY,
JAMES ROCHESTER,
THOMAS LANGRELL,
Trustees.

Ottawa, Nov. 29, 1871 1862d

$1 REWARD.

Dropped last evening, between Mr. Hope's and Mr. Pace's, a small Parcel containing 2 pairs of fine Indian Moccasins. Please bring to Rev Dr Bedford Jones, Daly street.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1871 1833 1

OTTAWA LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC SOCIETY.

A meeting of those desirous of joining a Debating Club under the auspices of this Society will be held in the Lecture Room, Sparks street, this (WEDNESDAY) Evening, at 8 o'clock

Young men particularly are requested to attend.

G KENNEDY,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1871 1831 1

Temporary Premises

T. Hunton, Son & Co.

Are shewing Novelties in

DRESS GOODS, MANTLES, MILLINERY,

"DIRECT PER EXPRESS."

SILKS,

☞ In all the New Coloring. ☜

EVENING GOODS.

☞ LONDON MADE DRESSES,
☞ FRENCH APPLIQUE DRESSES,
☞ FLOWERS, WREATHS, ETC.

BLACK SILKS, from 75c. to $7.50,
SATINS, Moire Antiques, &c.,
PIM BROS. POPLINS, &c.,
(all colors.)

LACES.

Real Lace Overskirts,
Collars, Barbs, &c., in
Honiton, Maltese, Brussels, Point, &c.

SHAWLS.

Fine Colors in Roman Squares,
Fancy Cordilla Shawls,
Rainbow Fringed Shawls,
&c., &c., &c.

Porter's Block and Gateway,

SPARKS STREET,

T. HUNTON, SON & CO.

Ottawa, Nov. 28, 1871. 1731y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between us, the undersigned, THOMAS HUNTON, WILLIAM SHOOLBRED and FREDERICK HOUGHTON HUNTON, as Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Merchants, at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, under the names, style and firm of "T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO." was on the first day of November, instant, dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the same William Shoolbred, who on that day retired from the concern; and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm, will be received and paid by the said Thomas Hunton and Frederick Houghton Hunton.

As witness our hands this first day of November, A.D. 1871.

THOS. HUNTON,
WM. SHOOLBRED,
FRED. H. HUNTON.

Witness:
P. PENNOCK, Jun.

Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all parties indebted to the estate of the late Donald Robertson are requested to pay the same to the trustees, James Scivright and Daniel McLaurin, Gloucester, and all parties having claims against the estate are requested to hand them to the trustees at once.

JAMES SEIVERIGHT,
DANIEL McLAURIN,
Trustees.

Ottawa, Nov 28, 1871 1881 d 6—w1

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND OTHERS

The creditors of Samuel Dickson, late of the Township of Pakenham, in the County of Lanark, Esquire, deceased, who died on or about the sixth day of December, A D, 1871, are on or before the

Eighteenth Day of January, A.D., 1872,

to send by post, pre paid, to, or leave with, the undersigned Executors of the Last Will and Testament of the said Samuel Dickson, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of their security (if any) held by them; otherwise the assets of the said Samuel Dickson will, after the said date, be distributed without regard to any claims not then made.

All persons indebted to the said Samuel Dickson are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated at the Village of Pakenham this 24th day of November, A. D. 1871

Executors { DANIEL HILLIARD, YOUNG SCOTT, ROBERT DICKSON.

40td

☞ No toilet table should be without COCO-GLYCERINE, 25 cents per bottle.

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } TO WIT.

Public Notice is hereby given that the COURTS of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House,

LOCAL NEWS.

The supper to the orphans last evening was duly attended to.

Frozen Over.—The Ottawa River was frozen over on Monday night.

The Weather.—At 1 o'clock P. M. yesterday the thermometer registered 3 above zero.

Police Court—Tuesday.—Mrs. McKenna was charged with selling liquor without license, fined $20 and costs. Two other cases were adjourned.

Lecture.—Rev. Father Pallier's lecture in St. Joseph's College last evening was very able and interesting, and was listened to by a large audience.

Skating on the canal yesterday was the rage; one young lady made herself particularly conspicious by the rapidity, variety and continuity of her graceful pirouettes.

The walks on the shady side of the streets are very slippery and several people received sore falls yesterday. A cheap guarantee against accidents of this kind is to strew a little ashes on the walks.

Literary and Scientific Society.—At the request of the President, Mr. Carroll Ryan has consented to read a paper before the above society during the present season on "Newspaper life of the period."

AUSPICIOUS.

At the conclusion of the Council meeting last evening the worthy chairman of the Water Works Committee, Ald. Mosgrove, invited his brother Aldermen and the members of the press to Mr. Norris' Restaurant. Every one in the company seemed to be favorably disposed to enjoy himself and to continue the good harmony at Norris' that had existed at the meeting. Though Mr. Norris had received only a short notice, the supper hurriedly prepared was excellent in quality and style; and while we tender great credit to that gentleman for his active proficiency in his new business we presume he will reciprocate the compliment so far as the energetic proficiency of the company in dealing with the good things is concerned. A couple of very pleasant hours were spent in joking and chatting. Water Works being out of order. Nevertheless the good feeling exhibited so heartily augurs well for Water Works.

RIFLE MATCH AT

FORTY-THIRD BATTALION CARLETON

1st match (Company).

No. 2, Huntly.

	200yds.	400yds.	Tot.
Lieut. Houston	233	323	16
Sergt. Houston	324	423	18
Corpl. Alexander	323	321	16
Pvt. J. Boyd	223	200	9
Pvt. H. Alexander	423	230	14
Pvt. A. Johnston	333	234	17
Huntly			90

No 6, Goulbourne.

Sergt. Brownlee	332	302	13
Sergt. Cathcart	234	232	16
Corpl. Shore	023	023	10
Bugler McNab	223	223	14
Pvt. Rowe	223	233	15
Pvt. Featherstone	422	032	13
Goulbourne			81

Nos. 1 and 6 Companies.

Corpl. McNab	320	344	16
Lieut. McDougall	322	303	13
Pvt. Thos. McCaffrey	220	032	9
Pvt. J. Moodie	423	323	17
Bugler Thos. Alexander	222	032	11
Pvt. Frank McCaffrey	322	000	7
No. 1 and 6 Companies			73

There being only 2 companies (full) represented, another was formed out of 1, 3 and 6; six men from each company. No. 2 Huntly won first prize, $20; No. 6 Goulbourne, 2nd do. $10.

2nd match—to outsiders (all comers) match.

1st prize, Private Boyd, No. 2 Co., revolver, presented by Lieut Col. Bearman $20
2nd prize. Alex. Johnston, revolver, presented by Major Corbett.
3rd do., R. Warren, No 1 Co. 4
4th do., Lt. Houston, N. 2 Co. 3
5th do., Sergt. Cavanagh, No. 2 Co. .. 2
6th do., Pvt. J. Moodie, No. 1 Co. 1
7th do., Pvt. Alexander, No. 1 Co. 1
8th do., Geo. Jarvin.

The ties on this last match were keenly contested, and the number of points in "shooting off" were such as would do no discredit to any regiment in the regular service The officers intended to fire a sweepstake match, but were prevented by the darkness.

Our country, so well ruled, so blessed with peace, health, and prosperity and so persistently threatened in the past by citizens of the neighbouring power, may feel tolerably safe, if the other shots of the Dominion equal those of the Ottawa Valley. Here we have material for one of the best armies in the world! This is saying a great deal; but, it is saying the truth. The "physique" of the Ottawa men is unsurpassed. They can handle an axe, or shoe a horse, or build a bridge, or hit a bull's eye, or camp out all winter, with the thermometer 30° below zero. Owing to the nature of our climate they are inured to the extremes of heat and cold. You may march them to the burning climes of the south, and they will not melt; you may encamp them around the Pole, and they will not freeze. Let him that doubts this assertion, view these stalwart fellows in the harvest field in August, or the lumber field in February, actually camping out, and his doubts will vanish History says a great deal about "winter quarters." The armies of the world have been very valiant against all enemies but Jack Frost. It remains for the youngest of the nations to show a new page in military history—a winter campaign if need be, *anywhere* in the snows. If climate favoured nations, should doubt this, they may be mistaken. Canadians, the supposed denizens of a frozen country, will, some day or other, should the trial come, show that they can pull a trigger in the frost, can live in a tent when the frost is most severe, or can dig a hole in the snow, roll themselves up in it, and awake to duty, as fresh and vigorous as if they emerged from the shelter of the best warmed and best furnished houses.

CITY COUNCIL

At a special meeting of the City Council, held last evening, the following Aldermen were present:

Martineau, Heney, Taillon, McDougal, Cunningham, Featherston, Mosgrove, Rowe, Woodburn, Bangs, O'Connor, Baldwin, Kelloe and Lapierre.

His Worship the Mayor not being present Ald. Martineau was appointed to take the chair.

Ald. Mosgrove moved, seconded by Ald. Taillon, that the Council go into committee of the whole to consider the Bill for the construction of Water Works.—Carried.

The consideration of the Bill, clause by clause was then proceeded with.

Ald. McDougal spoke against the whole Bill, on the ground that Water Works should be built by the Corporation and not by Commissioners.

Ald. Mosgrove would refer Ald. McDougal back to the minutes of a previous meeting where he spoke in favor of building waterworks by commissioners. He could not see what preference could be given to a committee of the Council. Aldermen had enough to do to attend to their municipal duties without taking additional labor on their hands. Water works have been built in the States and Canada invariably by commissioners, and attempts to build them by a committee of the Council almost invariably failed.

Ald. Cunningham thought the first thing they should do was to adopt a preamble.

Ald. Mosgrove explained that he was preparing a preamble which would be ready before the Council adjourned.

Ald. Cunningham spoke strongly and ably in favor of building the works by commissioners. The Council should not be entrusted with the work, and a company were too avaricious. He would like to have the principles of the Bill explained before adopting any clause. It appeared to him that the authority of the Council would clash with that of the Commissioners.

After some further discussion it was moved by Ald. Featherston, seconded by Ald. Rowe, that the first clause be adopted. Carried on division.

Ald. Mosgrove moved the adoption of the 2nd clause.

Ald. McDougal thought the object of the Water Works Committee was to make snug rests for a few individuals. Aldermen had very little to do and he failed to see why they could not undertake the construction of water works. Commissioners were to handle half a million of money without giving security.

Ald Lapleire read a clause in the Bill showing that the Commassioners would not have the money in their hands. The 2nd. clause was adopted; also the 3rd clause amended so as to deprive Commissioners of the authority to sell or dispose of any real or personal estate possessed by the said Corporation; the 4th clause was also slightly amended and adopted.

Ald. Heney then moved, seconded by Ald. McDougall that the Committee rise and report progress. After a long and general discussion the motion was dropped and the 5th clause adopted.

Ald. Mosgrove then moved that the 6th clause be passed Carried

The 8th clause was amended to make it agree with the 2nd clause as amended and adopted.

The 9th and 10th clauses were adopted.

Ald. Mosgrove then read and moved the adoption of the preamble to the Bill. Carried.

The committee then rose and adjourned until Friday next to meet again and resume the consideration of the remaining clauses of the Bill.

COCO-GLYCERINE, the most elegant hair-dressing

Breakfast—Epps's Cocoa—Grateful and Comforting.—An very agreeable character of this preparation has rendered it a general favourite. The *Civil Service Gazette*, remarks—"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well selected cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctor's bills. Made simply with boiling water or milk. Sold only in tinlined packets, labelled—James Epps & Co., Homœopathic Chemists, London d1869 1y

Twenty-fourth

1847 1871

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION

Scotchmen and descendants of Scotchmen in the city of Ottawa and its vicinity are particularly requested to assemble at the Albion Hotel on

THURSDAY, NOV. 30, A.D. 1871.

AT ONE O'CLOCK.

to walk in procession to St. Andrew's Church where the usual annual Sermon will be preached by the Rev D Moodie, B.D. Chaplain of the Society. A collection will be taken up in aid of the funds of the Society.

N B.—Members and others are particularly requested to wear badges, which can be procured at the Hotel from the Secretary.

A GRAND CONCERT

will take place in the evening in the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

By the kind permission of the Officers the splendid band of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery has been secured for the afternoon and evening.

The Society's Highland Pipers will also be on hand to duly honor the occasion.

Miss Saunderson, of Montreal, together with the best Vocal and Instrumental talent of the city, have promised their assistance.

A GRAND COMPETITION

in Scottish Violin Music, for a GOLD and SILVER MEDAL, will also take place during the evening.

N B.—The Steinway Piano for the occasion will be supplied from the Music Store of J L Orme & Son.

J MERCER ..... Conductor.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 7.50.

Admission—Parquette, 50 cents; children under 12, half price; gallery, 25 cents.

To be had at the usual places and from members of the Committee.

God Save the Queen.

By order,

DUNCAN ROBERTSON,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1829 5

Whereas default has been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a Mortgage Deed made by HENRY WAIT of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, Yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Esquire, since deceased, (to which Mortgage MARY WAIT, the wife of the said HENRY WAIT, was made a party for barring dower merely,) of the South Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the Township of Nepean, from the River Rideau, containing One Hundred Acres be the same more or less.

And whereas a decree of foreclosure in the case in Chancery, of the said HENRY WAIT, Plaintiff, and MARGARET MALLOCH, (sole Devisee and Executrix of the last will and testament of the said EDWARD MALLOCH, deceased), defendant, for redemption of the said premises has been made by dismissal of the plaintiff's Bill.

Notice is hereby given that the said South Half of said Lot Number Sixteen, in the fifth Concession, from the River Rideau, in the said Township of Nepean, excepting that part thereof mentioned in a certain agreement made between the said HENRY WAIT, and SAMUEL HILL, of the said Township of Nepean, Weaver, dated on or about 6th May, 1861, and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, on the 26th March, 1864, as numbered 2388, which part is described as follows, that is to say, lying and being between the front of the said Lots and the River Goodwood, where the said River crosses the said Lot nearest to the front thereof, containing twenty acres, be the same more or less, will, under and in virtue of all the powers and authorities vested in the said MARGARET MALLOCH, be sold by Public Auction, at the Law Office of

SCOTT, ROSS & STEWART,

Barristers, Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of December next, A.D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale or previously to the sale by application to said SCOTT, ROSS & STEWART.

W. A. ROSS,
Solicitor for the said
Margaret Malloch.

1731 6

FREE EXHIBITION.

ARCHER'S NON-BURSTING IMPROVED WATER CONDUCTOR,

Patented September 25th, 1871.

One of the most useful inventions of the present age—cannot possibly burst by ice; does not rust; can be made of galvanized iron, tin, or wood; highly recommended by practical men.

COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned will be at the

RUSSELL HOUSE,
OTTAWA,

from the 24th Nov to the 2nd December, where he will exhibit the Conductor in operation from 9 to 12a.m, and from 2 to 6 p.m

Call and see it.

All communications addressed Postoffice, Kingston, Ont., will receive prompt attention.

R M CHARLTON.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1871 1829a

NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that a Power of Attorney executed by me in favour of one Daniel Lannigan, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, has been and is hereby revoked by me All matters made and done under the said Power of Attorney, after this date, by the said Daniel Lannigan, I hereby declare to be null and void.

PHILEMON WRIGHT,
By his Attorney
SARAH WRIGHT.

Dated at Lanark, in the county of Renfrew, this twenty fourth day of November, A.D., 1871 1830 3

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned until

Noon, 10th December Next,

for the undermentioned articles of condemned or obsolete stores now in the

MILITIA STORES AT OTTAWA,

viz: Blankets, gray, 335; Boots ankle pairs, 1908; Boots, beef pairs, 26; Muskets, percussion, 178; Fur Caps, 42; Percussion Cap Pockets, 1798; Brass Jags, 569; Side Belts and Slings, buff, 58. Pouch Belts and Pouches, 38; Knapsacks and Straps, 33; Box Stoves, 8; Greatcoats, 15.

THOMAS WILY, Lt.-Col.,
Director of Stores, &c
Ottawa, Nov 27, 1871 1830 a

THE SEASON COMMENCED

BULK OYSTERS.

Just Received H. M. ROWE'S celebrated

BULK AND CAN

OYSTERS,

$1.80 ..... PER GALLON,

AT

The Italian Warehouse.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Tenders are requested for the various Artificer's works necessary in the erection of the new St. Andrew's Church, corner of Wellington and Bragh streets, Ottawa, Ont.

The plans and specifications can be seen, and information obtained, on and after MONDAY, the 20th inst., at the School Room in rear of present church.

Sealed Tenders will be received up to MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of December next, addressed to the undersigned, either for the whole of the works or for any one of the various trades.

Security will be required for the due and proper performance of the several works.

The committee do not bind themselves to accept the lowest or any tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

By order of the Building Committee,

G K ELLIOTT,
Chairman.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1828 d

NEW SPRING GOODS.

AT

O'MEARA & CO.

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds

Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c.

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under Ware
&c, &c,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

☞ Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Ottawa April 11, 1871

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

200 MINK SKINS.

Highest cash price paid. Apply at

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Ottawa, Nov 28, 1871 1831 6

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1769 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,

(lately occupied by D Whelan)

Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

Roche & Kelly,

PLUMBERS, GAS-FITTERS,

BELL HANGERS, &c.

Every description of Work in our line PROMPTLY executed, and personally attended to.

All work guaranteed.

RIDEAU STREET, Opposite the Tea Pot, OTTAWA.

Henry Roche. James Kelly.

Nov. 27, 1871. 1830-3m

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.

NON MERCURIAL

For cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S

INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 6d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF

EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER &c.

WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS

172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

NEW BOOKS—NEW BOOK!

AT

HENDERSON & Co.

39 Sparks Street

Buchanan's "The Land of Lorne."
Sunday Magazine for 1871 (bound vol.)
Canada Presbyterian pulpit.
Manchester Science Lectures.
Huxley's Lay Sermons.
Cambe's Management of Infancy.
Good Wives.
Lady Judith—a tale of two Continents.
Butar's Book of the War.
Ten years north of the Orange River.
Social Customs of the Chinese.
Blank Books, Pass and Memorandum Books.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815y

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and MOCCASINS of every description and price

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.

Sample Room, No. 34 St. Patrick St., Ottawa.

38 tNY JAS. N. GREAU Agent.

TWO TEACHERS WANTED.

A Male Teacher holding a first class Certificate and a Female holding a Second or Third Class Duties to commence 2nd day of January 1872 Applications stating salary, with testimonials, received until 20th December by

JOHN McKECHAR,
Hawkesbury, Ont., Nov 24 1828 a

WANTED,

An experienced and energetic TRAVELLER for the Wholesale Clothing Trade, who is thoroughly acquainted with the Ottawa section; none other need apply.

S H & J. MOSS,
5 and 7 Recollet Street, Montreal.
Montreal, Oct. 18, 1871 1798tf

LOST

Between Mosgrove and O'Connor streets, a SILVER MEDAL with initials C N D. The finder will confer a favour on one of the scholars of The Congregation de Notre Dame to leave the Medal at the Times Office, or at school of The Congregation, on Wellington street 1829

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky2m

FOR SALE—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rodmonville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W. G. CHAPMAN, or to

HARNETT & HILL,
Solicitors,
Post Office Block.

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

☞ Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1752 1y

ALEXANDER BARRAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co.'s, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice

Ottawa, Nov 6, 1871 1816tf

Allan,

McKinnons,

& McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchaser having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY. DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, McKINNONS & McMORAN

Successors to

GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

—24—

Hardware—Hardware.

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,

No. 24 Rideau Street

The subscriber having just completed his Fall Stock is now prepared to furnish any article in the above line at prices to suit the purchaser.

The following articles are constantly kept in stock:

Bar, Bundle and Sheet Iron
Bar and Sheet Tin
Bar and Sheet copper.
Sheet Brass, &c, &c
Sleigh Shoe Steel all sizes from 1x1 to 4x1
Cast and Blister Steel
Proof Chain all sizes
Broad Axes
Narrow Axes single and double steel
Cut Saws, Grind Stones, Oils, Putty, Glass, Paints all colors
Stoves Box, Double, and Cooking
Ale, an endless variety of Shelf Hardware and House Furnishing Goods, &c., &c

P. S.—A call is respectfully solicited

All goods delivered free to any part of the city

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,
Ottawa, Nov 23, 1871 d&w

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,
TULIPS, LILLIES,
SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,
GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Hardie... Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

A. C. & Co.

Ottawa Oct. 10.

OTTAWA CITY

PASSENGER RAILWAY Co.

NOTICE

is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors,

ROBERT SURTEES,
Secretary.

Office of Company, New Edinburgh, Nov. 17, 1871. 1826 1ow1d

MACDONALD AUCTION ROOMS.

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to.

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneer and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents 36, York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819dm

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Firgland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

64 FORT-PLACE STIMSON LIMITS.

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of Household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817ml

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 125 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McCABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No 66, sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov 4, 1871. 7

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES X. XX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS

Five Phelan and Collender Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's saloon, Rideau Street.

Rates—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game from 3 p.m. to 12 p.m., 20 cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

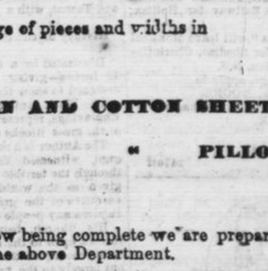
At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor.

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE



Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Worts Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE,

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
E. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.
T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bangs Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CRAINE, Orleans, Ontario.

December 14, 1871 1830 1w

L. A. GRIGOR,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times.*
" " *Evening Mail.*
" " *Courrier d'Outaouais.*
" " *Minerve*, Montreal.
" " *Semaine Agricole.*
" " *l'Opinion Publique*
etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21, 1871. 1801tf

MONTREAL & CITY OF OTTAWA

JUNCTION RAILWAY

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors of this Company, Stock Books will be opened on Friday the 1st December, 1871, at the following places, viz:

In the city of Montreal at the Ontario Bank.

In the city of Ottawa, at the office of H McGillivray, Esq.

In the village of Alexandria, at the office of D A Macdonald, Esq, M. P.

By order,

W BRISTOW,
Secretary.

Lancaster Nov 18, 1871 1828 3a

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

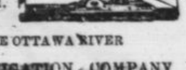
Freight and Cartage Agency

☞ Orders promptly attended to. C ☞ R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble. Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent.

Ottawa, Oct. 13, 1871 1700

Steamers.

1871.  1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SHEPHERD.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. CORNEIL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAGLEY.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.00 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B.; thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The s.s. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P. E. I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRIDGE & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau st.

May 29, 1871 1670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the celebrated Indian Medicine Man, DOCTOR LAWRENCE SAGAMOSE of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Soco, trine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles	$1 00
Pills per Box	25

PULMONARY BALSAM
VEGETABLE — CONSUMPTION
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 45 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
Sold by the Druggists
FOR COUGHS, COLDS &

Ottawa, Nov. 1, 1871 1630 6m

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1621 3

FOR GOOD READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 60cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged.

Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment," and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

553, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

1,000 AGENTS WANTED TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense eating house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that enter largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ontario.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents.
Sample copy sent postpaid for 50 cents.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820tf

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES	$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED	130
FANNING MILLS	22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1368tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager.

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR SALE.

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with 2 acres of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to

DAVID BOUGHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
TO MOSS GROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817deleawim

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms.

Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbroder st.
Ottawa.

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1669tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1845 3m

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewed energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M. D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M. D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
SIR DONALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved of by an official report of the Academie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.

B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.

N. CHAIN BANDS for Sciatica, Rheumatic, Neuralgia, and Gouty Pains, Local Paralysis, Cramp, &c., 15s. to 22s. and 40s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago, Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s. to 40s. and 55s.

B CHAIN BANDS for Writer's Cramp, Trembling, Nervousness, &c., 22s to 30s and 40s.

B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantil, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.

A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vital energy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo-Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatised by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher *vs* Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Kapfey, alias H. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c., &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

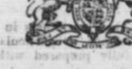
A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly



DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Macpherson, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered for sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W. Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS B. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS! FREE HOMES

On the Line of the

UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of

12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA.

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Honest aids for Actual Settlers. 2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

O. F. DAVIS,
Land Commissioner, U.P.R.R. Co.
Omaha, Neb.

W. M. FOOTE & COMPANY

IMPORTERS & WHOLESALE DEALERS

—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

1 HOSPITAL STREET,

MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
.....	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	.....	4.30
.....	12.00	9.00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	8.00	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	9.00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	.....	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10.00	.....	.....
9.00	12.00	9.00	United States, via Ogdensburg	10.00	.....	4.30
9.00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	.....	.....	4.30
9.00	.....	.....	Osgoode, Russell, &c	10.00	.....	.....
9.30	.....	3:30	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	.....	1.30
9.30	.....	.....	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway. North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
10:30	.....	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11.00	.....
	.....	4:30	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by Aylmer, &c.	8 00		
	.....	6.00	Lower Ottawa, by Land, Buckingham, Cumberland, L'Original' Grenville, &c.	10.00	.....	
7.30	.....	.....	March, Huntley, Carp, &c.	8.00	.....	.....
6.00	.....	.....	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	.....	.....	6.00
11.30	.....	.....	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	.....	.....

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

Via New York close every Monday at 3 P.M

Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11.00 A.M.

A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m. in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

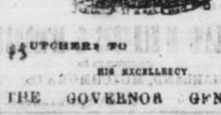
For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a m to 4 p m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 27 1871.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS



BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of

One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.

One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq., of Ottawa.

Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.

Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,

And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa, for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 8th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T. C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES.

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1714 6

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptists, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconvenience, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOUKRIDGE,
cumbent of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P.S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $700 per month.

Montreal, March 3, 1871.

Pianos.

Chickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
2, Sparks Street.

1813 tf

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to

T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1565tf

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

Medical.

MESS. GABRIEL'S CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS AND PREVENTING TOOTHACHE AND DECAY. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS IN PARTS OF THE WORLD PREPARED ONLY BY MESS. GABRIEL DENTISTS FULDGATE HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — WHITE GUITA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S — OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS GABRIEL'S — ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is Invaluable. Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer:

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11 1871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McCarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J F Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

DR. ROBERTS

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,"

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore knees piles, &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 12½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & HARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

OTTAWA & MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the Stock Holders of the above named Company will be held at the ALBION HOTEL, on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, on

Monday, the Eleventh Day of Dec., A.D. 1871.

at half past Two of the Clock in the afternoon, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w 39 3

OTTAWA & RUSSELL

ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A. D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w 39 3

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 85y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell house, Elgin-st. 43utf

LEES & GENNELL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.

ROBERT LEES. 4outf JOHN J. GENNELL.

EDWARD T. DARTNELL, Barrister Solicitor Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 24-6m

NICHOLAS SPARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 48y

E. A. MARA, Architect. Office—Ahmond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 905y

MOSGROVE & TAILLON, Barristers, Solicitors, &c. Office—Mosgrove's Buildings, Rideau-street, Ottawa.

WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

NETTEREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, (McGill University) Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34utf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fetherston's Drug Store Reddé S

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,

NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MACRAE, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetrault, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

Business attended in Ottawa and the District Courts of the County of Ottawa.

WRIGHT & CLEMOW, Barristers and Attorneys-at-Law, Solicitors in Chancery, Conveyancers, Notaries Public, &c., &c., for the Provinces Ontario and Quebec.

Office over Durie's Book store, Sparks street Ottawa.

W McKAY WRIGHT 1 2 3 F C CLEMOW

J. W. W. WARD, Barrister-at-Law, Advocate, &c., opposite the Russell House Ottawa.

GARDEN

—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them

The Times

VOL. V. NO. 1833. OTTAWA, THURSDAY NOVEMBER 30 1871. PRICE—3 CENTS

REGENT HOUSE.

New Millinery.

New Costumes.

New Mantles.

New Shawls.

New Fancy Dress Goods.

New Costume Cloth.

New Satines all colours.

New French Merinos.

New Velveteens.

New Hosiery.

New Fancy Woollen Goods.

New Clouds.

Will open to-day one case VELVET RIBBONS black and coloured in all widths.

REGENT HOUSE.

30, Sparks street.

SINCLAIR, STITT & CO.

Ottawa, Nov. 18. 1871. 1801y

Just Received—another lot of the

75c DOUBLE BUTTON KID GLOVES,

SPLENDID VALUE—GREAT DEMAND.

Jouvin Double Button Kid Gloves.

Extra Quality in Black and all Colours.

ALBION HOTEL

McGILL STREET AND ST. PAUL STREET, MONTREAL, CANADA.

Now for TWENTY YEARS PAST been the FAVOURITE RESORT of the general travelling public in the United States, as well as of Canada, when visiting Montreal on business or pleasure. It is centrally located on McGill street, the great thoroughfare and commercial centre of the city, commanding a magnificent view of the River St. Lawrence, the Victoria Bridge on the left, and a full view of Victoria Square and Mount Royal on the right. The Hotel is furnished throughout in a superior manner, and everything arranged with a view to the comfort of guests. As one of the largest Hotels in the Dominion, having ample accommodation for 300 guests, while kept in first-class style the moderate sum of $1.50 per day will be charged as heretofore. The travelling community will consult their own interests by remembering the Albion Hotel when visiting Montreal 1685 6m

WHOLESALE DRY GOODS.

GARLAND, McMICHAEL & Co.

Have Received

EX LATE STEAMERS,

1 Case Velveteens,
1 " Velveteen Jackets,
1 " Velvet Ribbons,
1 " Black and Colored Fringes,
2 " Fancy Dress Goods,
1 " Black Lustres,
4 " Small Wares,
1 " Plus,
Cotton Lodens,
Dress Prints,
Extra Jean Cottons,
Furs (expected soon),
Case Laces,
" Bonnet Borders,
" Trimmed Hats,
" Horrock's Unbleached Cottons,
" Ribbons,
" Parasols,
Bale Hessians,
Bales Linen Drills.

CANADIAN GOODS.

Case Gaslow Tweeds,
" Union Tweeds,
" Satinets,
" Wadding,
M. BLAIKIE'S Paper Collars,
11 3 bales Lybster Mills Grey Cottons,
" " " " Twilled Sheetings
2 " " " Ticks,

The Lybster Mills Goods are the cheapest goods made or imported to Canada. G. & M. are Agents for Ottawa, and sell Mill prices delivered in Ottawa.

INSPECTION INVITED.

Ottawa, May 10, 1871.

HATS HATS! HATS

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

The Subscriber begs respectfully to intimate to his friends and the public generally, that his Spring Style of

HATS AND CAPS

Are now very complete, embracing everything that is new; ENGLISH and AMERICAN Manufacture.

JAMES PEACOCK,

Remember the place.

33 Rideau Street.

OPPOSITE THE OLD STAND

Ottawa, March 28, 1871 1628y

MONEY TO LEND

ON REAL ESTATE,

From $400 to any amount, on approved security

TRUST AND LOAN COMPANY OF UPPER CANADA.

James Bailiff, Agent,

Times Office, Ottawa.

R. ROBERTS'S

CELEBRATED OINTMENT,

CALLED

THE POOR MAN'S FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, sore heads, sore breasts, sore eyes, &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s., and 22s. each; and his

PILULÆ ANTI-SCROFULÆ OR ALTERATIVE PILLS,

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Sold in Boxes at 13½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., 11s and 22s. each.

Prepared only by

BEACH AND BARNICOTT,

Bridport, Dorset, England,

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

May 27, 1871 1667 1m

NO RISK.

Thomas' Eclectric Oil! Worth Ten Times its Weight in Gold. Do you know anything of it. If not, it is time you did.

Pain cannot stay where it is used. It is the cheapest Medicine ever made. One dose cures common Sore Throat. One bottle has cured Bronchitis. Fifty cents worth has cured an Old Standing Cough. One or two bottles cures bad cases of Piles and Kidney Troubles. Six to eight applications cure any case of Excoriated Nipples or Inflamed Breast. One bottle has cured Lame Back of eight years standing. Daniel Plank, of Brookfield, Tioga County, Pa., says: "I went thirty miles for a bottle of your Oil, which effected a Wonderful Cure on a Crooked Limb by six applications." Another who has had Asthma for years says: "I have half of a 50 cent bottle left, and $100 would not buy it if I could get no more."

Rufus Robinson, of Nunda, N.Y., writes: "One small bottle of your Eclectric Oil restored the voice where the person had not spoken above a whisper in Five Years." Rev J Mallory, of Wyoming, N.Y., writes: "Your Eclectric Oil cured me of Bronchitis in One Week." Dealers all over the country say: "We have never sold a medicine that has given such complete satisfaction as this."

It is composed of Six of the Best Oils that are known. Is as good to take as for external use, and is believed to be immeasurably superior to anything ever made. Will save you much suffering and many dollars of expense. Is sold by one or more dealers in every place. Price 25 cents.

Prepared by S. N. THOMAS, Phelps, N.Y, and NORTHRUP & LYMAN, Newcastle, Ont., Sole Agents for the Dominion.

NOTE.—*Eclectric*—Selected and Electrized.

Ottawa, Nov 3, 1871 1811

PETERBOROUGH AND HALIBURTON RAILROAD.

A FEW HUNDRED

LABOURERS WANTED.

Apply to Mr. J. FOWLER, Contractor or to J. H. DUMBLE, Chief Engineer.

Toronto *Globe*, *Leader* and *Telegraph*, Montreal *Gazette* and *Witness*, Kingston *Whig*, Hamilton *Spectator* and *Times*, Ottawa *Citizen* and *Times*, Quebec *Mercury* and *Chronicle*, to copy for three months, and send account to J. Fowler, P. & H. R. R. Office, Peterborough.

Peterborough, Nov. 8, 1871. 1815 3m

Groceries, &c.

DIRECT IMPORTATIONS

ALWAYS ON HAND

It is now an established fact you want any first-class BRANDIES or WINES, and the best Family GROCERIES, you must go to

Thos. Patterson's.

No. 26 Rideau Street.

BRANDIES—

The best old brands, Pure and Mild.

PORT WINE—

Fine Old Vintages (30 years), pure and reliable for family use and medicinal purposes.

SHERRY WINE—

Dry and Pale, very fine qualities, and at Low Prices.

DeKuyper's Gin, fine Old Double Berried.

SCOTCH WHISKIES—

Pure Malt.

Rum, Proof, Old Rye and Highwines, finest flavour.

PORTER & ALE—

Guinness's and Dawes', bottled to order.

BLACK TEAS—

Just received, a superior lot of the best Brands, imported this Season, quite fresh and fragrant,—*Try them.*

JAPANS—

Of the first grades, various prices, good and sound.

COFFEES—

Fresh Roasted, and Ground Daily on the premises.

PICKLES—

Sauces, Jams and Jellies, from the Cross & Blackwell's—Selling Cheap—really good.

SPERM CANDLES, FANCY SOAPS—

Best Toilet "London" make, to order. One trial will prove the quality.

The Finest BLACK TEAS are put up in 10lb "Caddies."

ALSO—Belfast Ginger Ale and Vichy Water, from Kenneth Campbell & Co.

At

THOS. PATTERSON'S.

Ottawa, May 2, 1871.

THE Undersigned invites the public to examine the new

Patent Swing,

of E. LAVIGNE, (Quebec.)

This new swing contains the motive power in itself, requiring no external impulsion to drive it, and in it persons indulging in that agreeable exercise are exposed to no accident or danger.

Ladies particularly can enjoy themselves on this Swing without having to contend with any of the inconveniences met with in ordinary Swings.

This Swing may be seen in operation at the Canada Central Hotel, No 120, Sussex street and at No. 8, St. Patrick Street

L. A. GRISON,

1809tf Sole Agent for Ottawa and Vicinity.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of Ontario at its next session for an Act to incorporate a Company with full powers to construct a Railway from the Sault Ste. Marie in the District of Algoma to connect with the Railway System of Ontario in the Counties of Victoria, Simcoe, Peterborough, or Ontario, and the District of Muskoka, with power of extension from any point on such line to the river Ottawa.

Toronto, Oct 10, 1871. 1792 7w

CARD OF THANKS.

NEPEAN MILLS, Nov 6th, 1871.

I desire by this medium to tender my most sincere thanks to Messrs. Eaton, Henry, Hinton, Stewart, Thompson, and neighbors, for their prompt and valuable assistance in saving property and preventing the spread of the disastrous fire that took place at my mill on the morning of the 1st inst. The necessity of immediate arrangements for the rebuilding of the property, and other business entailed by the disaster, must be my apology for the tardiness of this acknowledgment.

1814tf JAMES SKEAD.

FOR RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

DR. BIRNBAUM'S

Rheumatism and Gout Remedy is well known on the continent of Europe for its speedy and effective cure of Rheumatism. Gout, wander ing pains, stiffness in the limbs or joints, sprains and numbness. One trial will establish its efficiency.

Use it in any of the above cases and you will find it a real blessing.

CHARLES MARTIN.

30 Victoria square, Montreal.

Sole Agent for Canada and the United States.

CERTIFICATES.

After having suffered enormously during a whole month from a very obstinate Rheumatism, which compelled me to stay in bed for nearly a whole week without being able to move, despite all the efforts of one of the leading physicians of this city, a friend gave me a bottle of "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy." Having applied this remedy only twice, I felt at once such a relief that it was possible for me to get up immediately, and three days after I found myself entirely recovered.

P. BOURDEAU,

Of the Firm Bourdeau & Barbeau

Montreal Oct. 7th, 1871

MONTREAL, 1871

My sister having had a severe attack of Rheumatism, I procured "Dr. Birnbaum's Rheumatism and Gout Remedy," which a friend, in whom I had confidence, recommended me; and I must say that I cannot speak too highly of its wonderful effects, as the pain ceased after a few applications, and the swelling disappeared within a few days.

WM McKAY, Teacher,

Catholic Commercial Academy

Montreal, Oct. 20, 1871 1809y.

MONTREAL OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY.

CHANGE OF SAILING.

1871. *SUMMER SERVICE.* 1871.

PASSENGERS Booked to and from

Liverpool, Londonderry and Glasgow.

The steamers of the Liverpool Mail Line sailing from Liverpool every Thursday, and from Quebec every Saturday, calling at Loch Foyle to receive on board, and land Mail and Passengers to and from Ireland and Scotland are intended to be despatched from Quebec:

Liverpool Line.

Calling at St. John's, N. F.

FROM QUEBEC.

NESTORIAN	Saturday, 7th Oct.,	1871
SCANDINAVIAN	" 14th "	"
HIBERNIAN	" 21st "	"
MORAVIAN	" 28th "	"
SARMATIAN	" 4th Nov.,	"

And every succeeding Saturday.

Rates of Passage from Quebec:

Cabin ..... $70 to $80

Steerage $35

The steamers of the Glasgow Line (sailing from Glasgow every Tuesday, and from Quebec for Glasgow on or about every Thursday are intended to be dispatched from Quebec

Glasgow Line.

Dates of Sailing are as follows:

CORINTHIAN, on or about	12th	Oct.
OTTAWA "	19th	"
ST. DAVID "	26th	"
ST. ANDREW "	2nd	Nov.
ST. PATRICK "	9th	"

Fares from Ottawa, cabin $67 25

Intermediate ..... $47 or 44 00

Steerage 28 00

An experienced Surgeon carried on each vessel. Berths not secured until paid for.

Return Tickets granted at reduced rates.

Passage certificates granted to parties desirous of bringing out friends from Europe.

For further particulars apply to

D W COWARD & CO.,

Agents "Sparks-."

Ottawa, May 6, 1871 599tf

LONDON LINE OF STEAMERS.

1871 1871

The following first class powerful iron steamships:

MEDWAY ..... D. Harris, Commander.
THAMES ..... J. James, do.
NIGER ..... W. Nisbett, do.
SEVERN ..... G. Butchart, do.

Are intended to Sail, as under during the Season of 1871, from

QUEBEC TO LONDON.

NIGER	"	5th Oct.
SEVERN	"	19th "
MEDWAY	"	2nd Nov.
THAMES	"	16th "

Rates of Passage—Quebec to London: Cabin, adults, $60; children under 12, $3 per year.

Steerage, adults, $24; children under 12, $2 yer year.

Certificates issued to persons desirous of prepaying the passage of their friends to Canada.

Tickets can be granted from Ottawa to Quebec at $7 first class, and $3 for second class.

For further information apply to

DAVID SHAW,

Montreal.

Or

T. M CLARKE,

Royal Insurance Co's Office, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Oct. 17th. 1760y.

LATEST CITY TOPICS.

VOTING ON THE BRIDGE BY LAW.

WATERWORKS QUESTION.

ALDERMAN HENEY PRESENTATION.

NEW STREET CROSSINGS.

EXTENSION OF MARKET SQUARE.

COMING MUNICIPAL ELECTIONS.

COMING ELECTION FOR DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

LATE CHANGE IN THE MINISTRY.

COAL STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO

WOOD STOVES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

HOT AIR FURNACES AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

TINWARE OF ALL KINDS AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

BUILDERS' JOB WORK AT H. MEADOWS & CO.

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT, 35 SUSSEX STREET

Ottawa, Nov. 3, 1871.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.

PROF. HERMAN'S

NEWLY-DISCOVERED

VERMIN DESTROYER,

Which is known to be

Far Superior to anything ever yet Discovered

For killing Rats, Mice, Insects on Poultry Ants, Bugs Cockroaches, Black Beetles, Fleas on Dogs, Blight and Insects on Plants, Moths in Fur, Tick or Scab on Sheep or Goats; also on Cattle, &c., &c., in less than Ten Minutes.

Sold in Packets—25 cts. per Packet; or Six Packets for One Dollar, 25cts.

The Powder is warranted free from all bad smell, and will keep in any Climate. It may be spread anywhere without risk as it is quite sureless to Cats or Dogs, as they will not hat it.

Directions for use on each Packet.

MANUFACTORY—Gravel Lane Houndsditch, City of London, England

The above discovery has gained for Professor Herman a Silver Prize Medal at the Inter-Colonial Exhibition of Victoria, Australia, of 1866 besides numerous Testimonials.

Agents for Ottawa—Joseph Kavanagh, Grocer, Wellington-st.; John Hill, Tea Pot Hideout, Rideau-st.; Stevens, Sign of the Sugar Loaf, corner of Cumberland-st.; for New Edinburgh, Proctor & Co.; for Aylmer, Mr. E. Connor; the Wholesale Agents for the Canadian Provinces, are J. Smith & Co., No. 2 Western Buildings, Montreal,

May 22, 1871 1671 1y

LONG AND SHORT MOCCASIN

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

7, SUSSEX STREET, OTTAWA

Between Howell and Finglan's Diaper's

E. JOBIN, Manufacturer

CHALMERS-SPENCE PATENT NON CONDUCTOR FOR COVERING STEAM BOILERS AND PIPES.

Non-Combustible and Non-Corrosive

Saves 20 per cent in fuel, and steam passes through any length of Piping covered with the Non-Conductor quite dry.

Extensively used in the Eastern and Western States and throughout Great Britain, and by the British Admiralty and American Navy.—(See circular.)

N. B.—It saves 30 per cent on the Russell House boiler, and steam is now raised in half the time it took before the covering was applied, while it saves a large per centage of Fuel and Labor at the Water Works of the Parliament and Departmental Buildings, City Gas Works, Rochester & Co.'s Steam Mills, A. Fleck's Foundry &c., &c.

CHALMERS & CO.,

Richardson st., Montreal,

P. O. Box 844;

Sole Manufacturers in the Dominion

J. MUNROE O'LEARY,

General Western Agent.

Ottawa, Nov. 23, 1871. y

NEW SPRING GOODS.

—AT

O'MEARA & CO.,

50 SPARKS STREET,

OTTAWA.

JUST IMPORTED,

An immense Stock of

Black and Blue Cloths,
Doeskins,
Cassimeres,
English and Canadian Tweeds
Linens,
Prints,
Cottons
Dress Goods
&c.,

Together with a large assortment of READY MADE CLOTHING, consisting of

Coats
Pants,
Vests,
Shirts,
Drawers,
Under jerseys
&c., &c.,

At Prices to defy Competition.

Also, a large assortment of

Hosiery,
Neckties,
Scarfs,
Handkerchiefs,
Collars, &c., &c.

We would beg to call the attention of the public generally, that having secured the services of a FIRST-CLASS CUTTER for our TAILORING DEPARTMENT, we feel confident of giving entire satisfaction to all who will favor us with their patronage.

Call and examine before giving orders elsewhere.

A. DUFF. O'MEARA & CO

Ottawa April 11, 1871

PUBLIC MEETINGS.

Mr. Francis Jones, M.P.,

will be happy to meet his friends and the public generally, at the following times and places, for the discussion of Political and other subjects, viz.:

Hickston, Monday, Dec 4, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Oxford Mills, Tuesday, Dec 5 at 6 o'clock, p.m.

Patterson's Corners, Wednesday, Dec 6, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Bishop's Mills, Thursday, Dec 7, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Easton's Corners, Friday, Dec 8, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Toledo, Saturday, Dec 9, at 3 o'clock p.m.

Frankville, Saturday, Dec 9 at 6 o'clock pm

Lake Eloida, Monday, Dec 11, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Lombard's Corners, Tuesday, December 12 at 6 o'clock p.m.

Merrickville, Wednesday, Dec 13, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Burritt's Rapids, Thursday Dec 14, at 6 o'clock p.m.

Opposing Candidates, if any, Requested to Attend

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

November 14, 1871 1820 1 3y 8

SILVERSMITHS SOAP

NON-MERCURIAL

for cleaning and polishing Silver, Electro-Plate, Plate Glass, &c. Tablets, 6d. each.

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON KNIFE POLISH

prepared expressly for the Patent Knife Cleaning machines, India Rubber and Buff Leather Knife Boards. Knives constantly cleaned with it have a brilliant polish equal to new cutlery. Packets, 3d. each; and tins, 6d., 1s., 2s. 6d., and 4s. each.

OAKEY'S

INDIA RUBBER KNIFE BOARDS.

Prevent friction in cleaning and injury to the knife. Oakey's Wellington Knife Polish should be used with the Boards.

OAKEY'S

WELLINGTON BLACK LEAD

In solid blocks—1d., 2d., 4d., and 1s. each.

JOHN OAKEY & SONS

MANUFACTURERS OF

EMERY, EMERY CLOTH, BLACK LEAD, CABINET, GLASS PAPER

WELLINGTON EMERY & BLACK LEAD MILLS

172, BLACKFRIARS ROAD LONDON.

ESTIMATE

For the construction of WATER WORKS in and for the City of Ottawa in accordance with the Seventh Report of the Water Works Committee, as adopted at a meeting of the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa on THURSDAY, the 21st day of September, A. D., 1871.

Excavation 38,000 yards	$ 38,000
Arch Covering	9,500
Bulkhead and Gates	3,500
Supply and Main to Pumps	16,000
Pumping Mains extra	9,000
Pumping Machinery and Wheelhouse	34,000
Distribution including House Service	290,000
	$400,000

By Order

WM. P. LETT,

City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa,

September 4, 1871. 1776 1m

WANTED,

A First or Second Class MALE SCHOOL TEACHER for School Section No. 3, Navan.

JOHN DUGG,
SAMUEL RATHWELL,
MICHAEL KINNY.

Ottawa, Nov. 8, 1871 1815wky2m

BY-LAW

For the construction of Water Works in the City of Ottawa and provide the means necessary for that purpose.

WHEREAS it is necessary to provide for the construction of Water Works within the City of Ottawa, and also to raise by way of loan the sum of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, being the estimate expenditure therefor.

AND WHEREAS to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct such Water Works it is necessary to issue Debentures of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to the amount of Four Hundred Thousand Dollars, as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS it will require the sum of Thirty-eight Thousand Dollars to be raised annually by special rate for the payment of the said Debentures, and interest as hereinafter provided.

AND WHEREAS the amount of the whole rateable property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, according to the last revised Assessment Rolls of the said City is Five Million Seven Hundred and Sixty-eight Thousand Three Hundred and Nine Dollars

AND WHEREAS the amount of the existing debt of the said Municipality is as follows:—

Principal, the sum of Three Hundred and Sixty two thousand Eight Hundred and Eight Dollars and Forty one Cents; and interest, the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Seventy six Cents, making in the aggregate the sum of Four Hundred and Eighteen Thousand Four Hundred and Sixty two Dollars and Sixty Seven cents; of which interest the sum of Fifty five Thousand Six Hundred and Fifty four Dollars and Twenty six cents being interest on the money borrowed under the Municipal Loan Fund Acts in Arrear.

AND WHEREAS for paying the interest in the said Debentures, and creating an equal yearly Sinking Fund for paying the principal money of the said Debentures according to the Statute in that behalf, it will require an equal annual special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, in addition to all other rates to be levied in each year.

AND WHEREAS estimates of the intended expenditure for the said Water Works have been duly published for one month; and notice of the time appointed for taking a Poll of the Electors on this By-Law has been published for two months and a copy of this By Law at length, as the same is ultimately passed and a notice of the day appointed for finally considering the same in Council, have been published for three months before the passing of this By Law in a newspaper published within the City of Ottawa aforesaid.

BE IT THEREFORE ENACTED AND ORDAINED by the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa as follows:

1. That there shall be constructed, maintained and kept within the City of Ottawa, the necessary Water Works Buildings, Machinery and other appliances to supply the City of Ottawa with a sufficient quantity of pure and wholesome water for the use of its inhabitants.

2. That such Water Works shall be constructed under the Superintendence and management of three Commissioners to be elected by the Electors from time to time, and at such periods, and for such terms as the Council of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa may by By Law appoint.

3. That such Commissioners shall, after the passing of this By Law enter into contracts for the construction of the said Water Works, and shall superintend the construction of the same, and shall manage the works when completed; and for better affecting the purposes aforesaid, the said Commissioners and their servants are hereby empowered to acquire on behalf of the City the necessary land privilege and make and to construct, erect and maintain in and upon the said lands, all such Reservoirs, Water Works and Machinery requisite for the said undertaking, and to convey the water thereto and therefrom, in, upon, and through any of the grounds and lands, streets and highways intermediate between the said reservoirs and Water Works and the springs streams or rivers from which the same are produced by one or more lines of pipes as may from time to time be found necessary: and the said Commissioners and their servants, are hereby empowered to enter and pass upon and over the said grounds intermediate as aforesaid, and the same to cut and dig up, if necessary, and to lay down the said water pipes through the same, and in, through and under the public ways, streets, lanes, or other passages of the City of Ottawa; and to dig and open up such streets for the purpose and for taking up such pipes and through, over in or under the lands, grounds and premises of any person or persons, bodies corporate, public or collegiate within the City of Ottawa; and also to sink and lay down pipes, tanks, reservoirs, and other conveniences doing as little damage as may be, in the execution of the powers hereby granted to them, and making reasonable and adequate satisfaction to the proprietors, to be ascertained, in case of dispute, by arbitrators under the Municipal Acts: and all such water works, pipes, erections and machinery required for the said undertaking shall be vested in, and be property of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa.

4. That for the purpose of constructing the said Water Works it shall be lawful for the Mayor for the time being, of the City of Ottawa, to raise by way of loan from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the Debentures hereinafter mentioned, the said sum of four hundred thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Chamberlain for the time being of the said City; and the money so raised shall be appropriated to the purpose of constructing, completing, acquiring and maintaining the said Water Works, and to no other purpose or object whatever.

5. The Mayor of the City of Ottawa for the time being shall cause Debentures to be made in sums of not less than one hundred dollars each, and not to exceed in all the sum of four hundred thousand dollars; which said Debentures shall be Sealed with the Seal of the Corporation of the City of Ottawa, and signed by the Mayor and Chamberlain thereof for the time being.

6. The said Debentures shall be made payable on the First day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and two, at the office of the Bank of Montreal, in the City of Ottawa, and shall have Coupons attached for the payment of the interest as it falls due.

7. The said debentures shall bear interest at and after the rate of six per cent. per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be paid half yearly on the thirtieth day of the months of June and December in each year at the office of the Bank of Montreal in the City of Ottawa.

8. For the purpose of forming a Sinking Fund for the payment of the said Debentures, and for providing for the payment of the interest to become due thereon at the rate aforesaid, an equal special rate of two thirds of one cent in the dollar, shall in addition to all other rates, be raised, levied, and collected in each year upon all the rateable property in the City of Ottawa during the continuance of the said Debentures, or any of them.

9. This By-law shall take effect and come into operation on the Eighth day of January, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-two.

10. And whereas the By-law requires the assent of the Electors of the City of Ottawa, aforesaid, before the final passing thereof.

Therefore for the purpose of taking the votes of the said Electors thereon the Council of the Corporation of the said City do hereby fix the Seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the said City, being the places in which the last Election of the Members of the Council therein were held, namely: in Victoria Ward, at the house of James Clarke therein, on the South Side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward, for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the Engine House therein, at the East Side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying East of Bank Street, at the Police Office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward, at the Engine House therein, at the South Side of St. Paul Street. In By Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, at the South Side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at Lot Number Eighteen therein at the South Side of St. Andrew Street, at the hour of nine of the clock in the forenoon of the same day. And the said Council do hereby appoint the following persons to be Returning Officers to take such votes at and for the several places within the said City hereinafter mentioned. James Clark, of the City of Ottawa, Gentleman, for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying West of Bank Street. James Dyke of the same place, Gentleman, for that part of Wellington Ward lying East of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the same place, Gentleman, for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean, of the same place, for By-Ward, and John O'Reilly, of the same place, Gentleman, for Ottawa Ward.

The above is a true copy of a proposed By-Law to be taken into final consideration by the Municipality of the City of Ottawa, at the City Hall, in the City of Ottawa, on the Sixth day of January, A. D. 1872, at the hour of seven o'clock in the afternoon, at which time and place the members of the Council are hereby required to attend for the purpose aforesaid.

TAKE NOTICE.

That for the purpose of taking the votes of the Municipal electors of the city of Ottawa, on this By-law, the seventh day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy one, at the hour of nine o'clock in the forenoon of the same day, has been appointed as the time at which the said votes shall be taken at the several places hereinafter mentioned in the city of Ottawa, namely:

In Victoria Ward at the house of James Clarke therein, on the north side of Wellington Street. In Wellington Ward for that portion thereof lying west of Bank Street, at the engine house therein, on the east side of Sally Street, and for that portion thereof lying east of Bank Street, at the Police office therein, where the Police Court is held. In St. George's Ward at the Engine house therein, on the south side of St. Paul Street. In By-Ward at Dr. St. Jean's house therein, on the south side of St. Patrick Street. In Ottawa Ward at lot number eighteen therein, on the south side of St. Andrew's Street.

And the following persons have been appointed Returning officers to take such votes at and for the several places in the said city, hereinafter mentioned, namely: James Clarke of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Victoria Ward. Thomas Sproule, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying west of Bank Street. James Dyke, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for that part of Wellington Ward lying east of Bank Street. James Joynt, of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for St. George's Ward. Dr. St. Jean of the City of Ottawa aforesaid, for By-Ward; and John O'Rielly of the City of Ottawa, gentleman; for Ottawa Ward.

WM. P. LETT,

City Clerk.

City Hall, Ottawa, October 4th, 1871. 1786 3m

SORE THROAT, COUGH, COLD,

and similar troubles, if suffered to progress result in serious Pulmonary, Bronchial, and Asthmatic affections, oftentimes incurable.

BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES

are compounded so as to reach directly the seat of the disease and give almost instant relief.

The Troches are offered with the fullest confidence in their efficacy; they have been thoroughly tested and maintain the good reputation they have justly acquired. For Public Speakers, Singers, Military Officers, and those who overtax the voice, they are useful in relieving an Irritated Throat, and will render articulation easy. Being an article of true merit, and having proved their efficacy by a test of many years, each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world, and the Troches are universally pronounced better than other articles.

Obtain only "Brown's Bronchial Trochies," and do not take any of the *Worthless Imitations* that may be offered.

"Troches," so called, sold by the ounce, are a poor imitation and nothing like BROWN'S BRONCHIAL TROCHES which are sold only in boxes with *fac-simile* of the proprietors,

JOHN I. BROWN & SON,

on outside wrapper of box, and private Government stamp attached to each box.

This care in putting up the Troches is important as a security to the purchaser in order to be sure of obtaining the genuine Brown's Bronchial Troches.

PAIN KILLER

Husband:—And what does the Parson's wife say about it?

Wife:—Why, it does everything but impossibilities; she cures Sore Throat, Canker, Rash, Croup, Cough, Colds, Bowel Complaints, Cramps, Neuralgia, Rheumatism, in fact she is a host of Doctors all in herself if she has a bottle of PAIN-KILLER with her.

Husband:—She needs to be; I never saw such children as hers are, they are always cutting their fingers, spraining their ankles and falling down stairs.

Wife: Yes, and the PAIN-KILLER is magical when used for Sprains, Bruises and Flesh Cuts. That reminds me: Willie cut his finger awfully thismorning; I will hasten and put some PAIN-KILLER on it.

(*To be Continued*)

sold everywhere, price 25 cts. and 50 cts per bottle.

THIRTY YEARS' EXPERIENCE OF AN OLD NURSE.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP is the prescription of one of the best Female Physicians and Nurses in the United States, and has been used for thirty years with never-failing safety and success by millions of mothers and children, from the feeble infant of one week old, to the adult. It corrects acidity of the stomach, relieves wind colic, regulates the bowels, and gives rest, health, and comfort to mother and child. We believe it the best and surest remedy in the World, in all cases of DYSENTERY AND DIARRHŒA IN CHILDREN whether it arises from teething, or from any other cause. Full directions for using will accompany each bottle. None genuine unless the fac-simile of CURTIS & PERKINS is on the outside wrapper. Sold by all medicine dealers, 25 cents a bottle. Office, 215 Fulton street, New York, and 92 Oxford Street, London.

Be sure and call for

"MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP,"

Having the *fac-simile* of "Curtis & Perkins on the outside wrapper. All others are base imitations.

If you have a cough with raising of phlegm in the morning, night sweats, and irregularity of the bowels, loss of appetite, and general debility, take Dr. Wheeler's Compound Elixir of Phosphates and Calisaya. A host of those who have taken it throughout Canada will attest its great efficacy in arresting the decline of the Consumptive. It begins at the root of the evil the Stomach, and perfects Digestion, Assimilation, and the formation of Healthy Blood. It enables the invalid to take and digest sufficient food, which is the secret of curing chronic wasting diseases. The constitution will become rapidly invigorated, and the functions of all the vital organs restored. It is agreeable to take and permanent in its effect with no liability of relapse. Sold at $1 00 by Davidson and Daniels, and by all druggists.

THE DEAD SEXTON.

The sunsets were red, the nights were long, and the weather pleasantly frosty; and Christmas, the glorious herald of the New Year, was at hand, when an event—still recounted by winter firesides, with a horror made delightful by the mellowing influence of years—occurred in the beautiful little town of Golden Friars, and signalized as the scene of its catastrophe, the old inn known throughout a wide region of the Northumbrian counties as the George and Dragon.

Toby Crooke, the sexton, was lying dead in the old coach-house in the inn yard. The body had been discovered, only half an hour before this story begins, under strange circumstances, and in a place where it might have lain the better part of a week undisturbed; and a dreadful suspicion astounded the village of Golden Friars.

A wintry sunset was glaring through a gorge of the western mountains, turning into fire the twigs of the leafless elms, and all the tiny blades of grass on the green by which the quaint little town is surrounded. It is built of light, gray stone, with steep gables and slender chimneys rising with airy lightness from the level sward by the margin of the lake, and backed by the grand amphitheatre of the fells at the other side, whose snowy peaks show faintly against the sky, tinged with the vadorous red of the western light. As you descend towards the margin of the lake, and see Golden Friars, its taper chimneys and slender gables, its curious old inn and gorgeous sign, and over all the graceful tower and spire of the ancient church, at this hour or by moonlight, in the solemn grandeur and stillness of the natural scenery that surrounds it, it stands before you like a fairy town.

Toby Crooke, the lank sexton, now fifty or upwards, had passed an hour or two with some village cronies, over a solemn pot of purl, in the kitchen of that cozy hostelry, the night before. He generally turned in there at about seven o'clock, and heard the news. This contented him; for he talked little, and looked always surly.

Many things were now raked up and talked over about him.

In early youth he had been a bit of a scamp. He broke his indentures, and ran away from his master, the tanner of Brymere; he had got into fifty bad scrapes and out again; and, just as the little world of Golden Friars had come to the conclusion that it would be well for all parties except, perhaps, himself—and a happy riddance for his afflicted mother, if he were sunk, with a gross of quart pots about his neck, in the bottom of the lake in which the gray gables, the elms, and the towering fells of Golden Friars are mirrored, he suddenly returned, a reformed man at the ripe age of forty.

For twelve years he had disappeared, and no one knew what had become of him. Then, suddenly, as I say, he reappeared at Golden Friars—a very black and silent man, sedate and orderly. His mother was dead and buried; but the prodigal son was received good-naturedly. The good vicar, Doctor Jenner, reported to his wife—

"His hard heart has been softened, dear Dolly. I saw him dry his eyes, poor fellow, at the sermon yesterday."

"I don't wonder, Huga darling. I know the part—'There is joy in heaven.' I am sure it was—wasn't it? It was quite beautiful. I almost cried myself."

The vicar laughed gently, and stooped over her chair and kissed her, and patted her cheek fondly.

"You think too well of your old man's sermons," he said. "I preach you see, very much to the *poor*. If they understand me, I am pretty sure every one else must; and I think that my simple style goes more home to both feelings and conscience—"

"You ought to have told me of his crying before. You are so eloquent," exclaimed Dolly Jenner. "No one preaches like my man. I never heard such sermons."

Not many we may be sure; for the good lady had not heard more than six from any other divine for the last twenty years.

The personages of Golden Friars talked Toby Crooke over on his return. Doctor Lincote said—

"He must have led a hard life; he has *dried in* so, and got a good deal of hard muscle; and he rather fancied he had been soldiering—he stood like a soldier; and the mark over his right eye looked like a gun-shot."

People might wonder how he could have survived a gunshot over the eye; but was not Lincote a doctor—and an army doctor to boot—when he was young, and who in Golden Friars, could dispute with him on points of surgery? And I believe the truth is, that this mark had been really made by a pistol bullet.

Mr

PAPER HANGINGS,

A large assortment of newest patterns just arrived by first steamers, including a variety of

DECORATIVE PAPERS, OAK & MARBLE

The subscriber respectfully invites an inspection.

Prices as low as any house in the city.

H. MATTHEWMAN,
Opposite the Post Office, Ottawa
Ottawa, March 25, 1871 1625 y

COCO-GLYCERINE is delightfully perfumed.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Dramatic Soiree—T C Larose.
Pews To Let—Geo L Chitty.
School Teachers Wanted—Geo L Chitty.
Money Found—Henry McNaughton.
Henderson & Co. Booksellers.
Auction Sale—W H Falls.
Tailors Wanted—J F Caldwell & Co.
Auction Sale—J Bermingham.
Sale of Books by Auction—J Bermingham.
Strayed—A H Baldwin.
House Wanted—J Suckling.

The Ottawa Times.

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 30, 1871

☞ For interesting reading matter see First Page.

Mr. Moylan left for Toronto last evening.

Russia is preparing for war upon a gigantic scale.

Nothwithstanding her own ill health Her Majesty has been in constant attendance upon the Prince of Wales during his illness.

Affairs in Mexico appear to be in a more unsatisfactory condition than ever. Two or three revolutions are now in operation.

A Bill will shortly be introduced into the Quebec House to charter a railway from Hull up the Gatineau Valley. The country through which it would pass is for the most part available for agricultural purposes, and the construction of such a road would be highly beneficial to this city.

As a matter of justice to Mr. Waller we insert his communication in reference to shade trees. Here, so far as the Times is concerned, the correspondence must end We desire to see the streets of the capital ornamented with shade trees, and hope 'ere long to do so, but that end will not be attained by the prolongation of an acrimonious personal dispute.

Our contemporary the *Leader* agrees with us in thinking that it is an extraordinary fact that none of the Grit organs have recognised the benefits which the Treaty of Washington has conferred upon Canada. The *Leader* says:

Now, what has Sir John A. Macdonald accomplished? He has, together with the other Commissioners, succeeded in laying a basis of international friendship between two countries who had previously been on the most delicate relations towards each other—relations that needed the highest exercise of statesmanship to preserve peace, and a good understanding between them.

Is this nothing to accomplish without the surrender of a single Canadian right?

COWARDLY AND FALSE.

Rather more than a week ago the Toronto *Globe* distinctly charged Sir John A. Macdonald and the late Minister of Agriculture with "swindling." It also indirectly accused the entire census staff of perjury. The charge having been made, it is time that some evidence was produced to substantiate it. We call upon the Hon. George Brown, who is responsible for the accusation being made, to produce his witnesses. If he fails to do so he will be forever branded as a cowardly maligner of better men than himself. A man who publicly brings a grave charge against another ought to be well assured of its truth, and more especially ought a public journalist to be careful how he thus assails the reputation of public men. He who makes false and unfounded charges of this kind without any endeavor to substantiate them, is guilty of attempted moral assassination of the most cowardly kind. How long is Canada to be lowered in the estimation of foreigners by the malignant utterances of this unscrupulous political failure?

ST. ANDREW'S DAY.

There are few days observed more generally in all parts of the world than this. Wherever half a dozen Scotchmen can be found, whether it be upon the prairies of the North West, the sunny plains of India, or in the great cities of the New World, St. Andrew's Day will be honored, and some time allowed for the claims of patriotism and of "Auld Lang Syne." People are very much in the habit of regarding Scotchmen as an exceedingly practical and unsentimental race, and so no doubt in some respects they are, yet there is no nation under the sun in whom the pride of race is more strongly developed, or by whom the memories and traditions of a glorious past are cherished with greater affection and tenacity. However long a time may have elapsed since he saw the shores of his native land fade in the distance into a dream, and however manifold and great may be the changes which years have brought with them, the Scotchman never forgets his home, and in fancy often revisits the heathery mountains or the tranquil glen where his childish days were spent. Nor is it only those who were born in Scotland who honor the day. Many a man born in Canada of Scottish descent, who has never seen the land of his fathers, will sport his sprig of heather and his St. Andrew's cross, and will be all the better Canadian when he calls to mind with feelings of pardonable pride, the deeds of the heroic and patriotic race from which he is descended.

On this day 1,802 years ago, St. Andrew suffered martyrdom. If we may believe the old monkish legend, a few years later when on this day one of the Scottish kings was fighting with the Danes near the sea-coast not far from Berwick-upon-Tweed, his troops being hard pressed, he called upon St. Andrew to succour him, whereupon the cross of the martyred apostle was seen in the clouds, and, led by this mysterious symbol, the Scotch were enabled to overcome their enemies. From that time St. Andrew became the patron saint of Scotland.

Such is the legend attached to the Scottish national holiday, for the entire correctness of which we are not by any means disposed to vouch. But unencumbered by any of the legendary fancies and traditions with which the events of a long by gone past are so frequently surrounded, there is written upon the page of Scottish history the records of deeds as valorous and as chivalrous as any which can be found among the romantic legends which have from generation to generation been handed down to us. The courage and indomitable patriotism which for centuries inspired the Scottish race, enabling them to resist manfully the attempts made by their more numerous and wealthy neighbours to subdue them, these are matters which we can recall without any doubt as to their reality. The position which the nation has now attained, and the prominent place which Scotchmen occupy in every walk of life, as statesmen, poets, soldiers, and in literary and scientific pursuits, the triumphs they have won in the cause of Human Progress and Civilization, may well encourage Scotchmen to believe that the race has not degenerated since the day when Bruce and his little band of heroes won the memorable field of Bannockburn. Here in Canada they certainly have won honour and success throughout the length and breadth of the Dominion. Cherishing the memories of the glorious past with fond devotion, and encouraged by the position which they and their countrymen now occupy in "the world's broad field of battle," the sons of Auld Scotia may with gratitude and honest pride commemorate

ST. ANDREW'S DAY.

IMMIGRATION.

Now that the results of the Census and the question of Immigration, two matters intimately associated together, are attracting considerable attention throughout the country, it will be well to bear in mind one or two facts connected therewith. In the first place, of the growth in population of the United States during the past twenty years, no less than eight millions resulted from immigration. Emigration from the Old World to the States was rendered so large in consequence of the superior lands which the United States offered in the West, and which possessed attractions which Canada could not offer. Now this is changed. The best lands in the Western States are appropriated, while Canada is in possession of a splendid prairie country which in salubrity of climate and fertility of soil is fully equal to Illinois or Minnesotta. All we have to do is to let the world know this; to "advertise" what we possess in fact, and if this is done thoroughly, and our great public works pushed on as they are likely to be, we shall soon see a sufficiently large tide of immigration flowing into our North West country. The immigration question partakes very much of the nature of an ordinary business matter. A regular system of advertising is necessary to success. Now that labour is more scarce in Great Britain, and the charitable societies there can be expected to do little or nothing in the way of encouraging emigration to Canada, there is the greater necessity for our doing something for ourselves.

SHADE TREES.

To the Editor of the TIMES.

SIR,

In your editorial of Tuesday you sneered at me, for having written a letter to your contemporary the *Citizen* on the arbitrary shade tree measure, and in your issue of this morning you permit an anonymous writer, evidently a very narrow-minded and envious individual, to be insolent towards me. I must protest, as much in the public interest, as in my own behalf, against such unfair and unjournalistic treatment. I am a ratepayer of Ottawa—it may be a very small one—but I am entitled to a voice in municipal affairs, as is the humblest ratepayer in the city, I have independence, or if you will, manliness enough to express my sentiments openly, on questions of importance. I feel that a man if his name be untarnished, and his sentiments worth consideration, should not, to be worthy to be called a man, be either ashamed of the one or afraid of the other, and, for these considerations and the additional one, that avoiding the anonymous role, removes a man all the farther from the atmosphere peculiar to the assassin, I have decided in writing over my own name, on questions of importance. It is hardly fair, therefore, under these circumstances, nor is it in keeping with honorable or dignified journalism, that I should be sneered at or publicly insulted for my outspoken sentiments. I am not afraid of argument, but I protest against insolence.

A word in conclusion, to your envious correspondent. If it will be a source of ease to his mind let me tell him that I know him; and the only reply I deign to offer him is that which Shakespeare lends me:

What valor were it
When a cur doth bark,
For one to put his hand between his teeth
When he might spurn him with his foot away.

Your obt. servt,
W. H. WALLER.

Nov. 29th 1871.

OBITUARY.

From L'Evenement (Quebec).

The parish of Beauport has been deprived of one of its most respectable citizens, Mr. Patrick O'Brien, postmaster of that locality, at the ripe age of 73 Mr. O'Brien was born in the town of Clonmel, County of Tipperary, Ireland, and resided in that country for 43 years. Of a straightforward and righteous disposition, a more than ordinary intelligence, an honest heart, and a soul profoundly moved by religious sentiments, Mr. O'Brien has left a good example, and many regrets behind him. The deceased gentleman was father of Messrs. Francis O'Brien, tipendiary Magistrate, Saguenay, Edward O'Brien, Notary, and one of Her Majesty's Custom Officers, and James W. O'Brien, Advocate, of this city.

This venerable and highly respected gentleman was father of Jas. W. O'Brien, Esq., late of the Department of Agriculture.

A chimney sweep died in a low quarter of London the other day, who for thirty years has labored under a mental aberration which took the form of desperate passion for the Queen. He had entered St. James Palace several times by climbing down the chimneys, was arrested and transported to Australia. He lived for many years at Sidney, but was allowed to return to England about five years ago, always desperately enamored of the Queen. His remaining years were spent in miserable poverty. A fortnight since a rumor was one day started in London that Queen Victoria was dead. He heard it just as he was retiring to rest, uttered a groan, and died instantly. The unfortunate being's name was Edward Jones.

BY TELEGRAPH.

Via Montreal Line.

MONTREAL.

MONTREAL, Nov. 29.

Joseph Villeneuve, it is ascertained today, fell from the wharf last Monday and was drowned.

James McKay alias Louis Carl was arrested today as one of the burglars who broke into Kennedy's clothing store. McKay has just returned from a five years' term in the Penitentiary.

There was two alarms of fire to day, but trifling damage was done.

Twelve deaths occurred last week from small-pox, and a number of new cases are reported.

Rev. E. Meyer's lectures to-night on "The Origin and History of Freemasonry" to the brethren of the city.

Stocks remain quiet.

Weather cold.

Latest Cable Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

GREAT BRITAIN.

LONDON, Nov. 29. — The physicians' bulletin issued this evening says the Prince of Wales passed a quiet night. From the number of bulletins issued each day it appears that the physicians do not regard the condition of the Prince as dangerous. Should the case become critical bulletins will be issued every hour.

The special correspondent of the London *Times* telegraphs from Madrid that the marriage of Gen. Sickles, Minister of the United States, was attended by a brilliant and distinguished company, among whom was Marshal Serrano, late Regent of Spain. Some of Sickles' friends say he will not return.

A despatch to the *Echo*, dated Berlin yesterday, says:—The Prussian Foreign office received intelligence that the German sailors who were confined at Rio de Janeiro have been released by order of the authorities. A pacific arrangement of the difficulty with Brazil is now probable, and the excitement on the subject is subsiding.

At a late hour to night there was no change in the condition of the Prince.

FRANCE.

PARIS, 29th.—The Germans have commenced to build fortifications in the passes of the Vosgers.

GERMANY.

BERLIN, 29th.—The press throughout the country comments with indignation on the frequent assassinations of German soldiers in the occupied districts of France, and demands that the military authorities should put a stop to these outrages.

Bismarck was unable to attend the opening of the Prussian Diet in consequence of a protracted indisposition.

AUSTRIA.

VIENNA, 29th.—Baron Von Langnau, Minister of Austria to Holland, has been appointed Minister to St. Petersburg.

Prince Matternich has asked permission to resign his post at the head of the Austrian Legation in Paris.

TURKEY

CONSTANTINOPLE, Nov. 28.—There has been a large increase in the number of cases of cholera in Stamboul during the last three or four days.

BELGIUM.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 29.—The Ministers have tendered their resignations. The people, satisfied with the accomplishment of their object, have dispersed and order prevails throughout the city.

The King has commissioned Georges Francois Thonissen to form a new Cabinet

The Burgomaster of Ghent, at the head of a deputation of 400 citizens, waited upon Jules Bara, the well known liberal statesman, and presented an address expressing their admiration of his political principles and the hope that he would again be called to participate in the Administration.

ITALY.

ROME, Nov. 29.—The Pope yesterday, replying to an address, expressed his confidence in the triumph of the Church, and protested against all ideas of compromise with the rulers of Italy.

SPAIN.

MADRID, 29th.—The report of the execution of eight medical students in Havana for desecrating the grave of Castanon created a profound sensation here, and the Ministry immediately convened to decide what action should be taken in the matter, and the mail steamer which was to have sailed for Cuba from Cadiz to-day, was detained 24 hours.

Latest American Telegrams

MIDNIGHT DESPATCHES.

UNITED STATES.

NEW YORK, Nov. 29.—The *Times* says: Very important intelligence from Havana was received here on Tuesday to the effect that a further outbreak of the volunteers was momentarily expected, and that the Spanish Government was powerless. As the safety and interests of Americans would, in this case, be jeopardized, orders were immediately sent to Key West to dispatch the monitor *Terror* to Havana. She left Key West yesterday morning, and without doubt arrived during the day. The *Nepsic* was ordered to proceed at once from Pensacola to the same port, and the *Kansas*, at New York, when nearly ready to sail, received orders to proceed immediately to the same destination.

A special to the *Evening Post* from Washington, says: Sumner's friends will endeavour to have him restored to the head of the Committee on Foreign Relations when the Senate meets. It is understood there will be determined opposition to this movement, led by Senator Conkling.

Minister Sickles comes home in pursuance of a leave of absence granted him three weeks ago, at his own request, for important private reasons, as he himself stated when making the application. His marriage explains the reason.

An order was obtained from Judge Brady in the Supreme Court, to-day, enjoining and restraining W. M. Tweed from disposing of his property, and also to show cause at a special term of the Supreme Court in Albany, why he should not be absolutely enjoined.

Judge Brady to day granted an order of arrest for Mayor Hall, on the same complaint and charges which implicate Tweed, ex-Controller Connolly, etc. Bail bond are to be for $1,000,000, requiring qualification for $2,000,000.

At a meeting of the Board of Health to-day Dr. Carnochan stated that Cholera had entirely disappeared from the port. His report also showed that small pox is now diminishing in the city.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 29.—Both Mormons and Gentiles will suspend business tomorrow for the observance of Thanksgiving Day.

The storm here ceased this morning, and the weather is now freezing cold.

No mails have been received from the East or West to-day. The Union Pacific trains are said to be thirty hours behind time.

POUGHKEEPSIE, Nov. 29.—A car load of convicts from Sing Sing prison passed this place last night *en route* to Auburn. Rosenzweig, the abortionist, was among the number.

MEXICO.

CITY OF MEXICO, Nov, 21. via HAVANA, 29.—Porfiero and his brother, formerly a governor, have pronounced against the Juares Government and are concentrating 6,000 troops near Oxaoca. Diaz is at Oxaoca with 5,000 men ready for the first battle which is expected within three days. A considerable part of the Government forces has deserted to General Diaz. Ample powers have been granted to Juarez by Congress to put down the revolution. Several Generals and Colonels heretofore loyal to the Government have gone over to Diaz. Diaz has issued a manifesto denouncing the past election as illegal, and advocating reform and a new election for President. The revolt extends from Soulines to the Rio Grande. Puebla has likewise risen against the Juarez Government. General Thexis, the Secretary of War, has the chief command of all the Government forces against the Governor and Gen. Diaz.

YESTERDAY'S DESPATCHES

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Arrived steamer *Colorado* from Liverpool.

Mayor Hall is to be arrested to-day at one o'clock, on charges believed to be similar to those against Tweed and Connolly.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Latest Bulletin from Dandrughan reports no change in the condition of the Prince of Wales since yesterday.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 28.—The general manager of the Pennsylvania Railway Co. assumes the management of the Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad on the 1st December under the recent lease to the Pennsylvanian Company.

NEW YORK, Nov. 28.—Controller Connolly had only obtained one half the required amount of his bail at a late hour this p. m., and he almost despairs of obtaining the rest. It is understood that Sheriff Brennan will permit him to remain at the New York Hotel to-night and to morrow, but if bail is not furnished by Wednesday night the prisoner will pass Thanksgiving Day in Ludlow street Jail.

The grandest naval and military display ever witnessed in this neighborhood was had in the presence of the Grand Duke and officers of the Russian fleet to-night by the navy yard officers. Persons were kept waiting three or four hours before reaching the Ball Room. The crowd was great, comprising Admirals, Generals, Captains, and Colonels, without number, distinguished citizens of New York, Brooklyn, and a large assembly of ladies. The ball room was gorgeously decorated with flags, ensigns and implements of war.

Alexis arrived at 10-30 with Admiral Posset and Minister Catacazy.

Alexis led Mrs. Admiral Smith to the supper room

GLEANINGS.

The murderer of the Calcutta judge has been hanged and then burnt.

Francis Deak, the eminent liberal Hungarian statesman is dangerously ill.

The Bois de Bolonge, New Paris, is to be replanted with trees 15 years old.

The Emperor Napoleon is writing a history of the attempt to found an Empire in Mexico.

Advices from St. Petersburg state that incendiary fires in the neighborhood of Moscow continue.

Strikes have been commenced by the workmen in various parts of Spain, in obedience, it is reported, to signals from abroad.

The first batch of Communists is about to start for New Caledonia *via* the Suez Canal. Their prison is an Island within about six days' voyage of Sydney, New South Wales.

Captain Burton, the African traveller, is bringing home from Palmyra a collection of skulls, and the skeleton of a man 11 ft high, which is supposed to be one of the giants of Bashan.

The gamblers must be tearing what remains of their hair The fate of Spa, too, is now sealed. October 31, 1872, will be the last gambling day of the oldest watering place in Europe.

A small farmer residing in the hamlet of Videbeau (Seine-et-Oise) has, in a fit of mental aberration, deprived himself of sight that he might no longer be a witness of the occupation of his country by the Prussians, who had burned down all his property in his presence, a member of his family perishing in the flames.

Sir Richard Wallace is just now occupied with the erection of an immense hospital for his fellow-countrymen in the Route de la Revote. This hospital, the construction of which will cost about 700,000 francs £(28,000), will be called Wallace's Hospital, and Sir Richard Wallace will pay the whole cost of maintaining it.

The London *Times* is agitating for an alteration of the English coinage.

It is stated that communications have recently passed between the French and English Governments on the subject of a tunnel under the Straits of Dover. There are eight hundred feet in depth of chalk between Dover and Calais, and chalk can be worked as easily as Dutch cheese. A tunnelling machine has been invented which can make a hole seven feet in diameter and eighteen yards forward in the chalk stratum in twenty-four hours. It is maintained that with this machine the drift ways of the proposed tunnel can be driven in one year, and the enlargement and completion will follow in two or three years more. Though fifty million dollars has been put down as the probable cost the statistics and success of the Mont Cenis tunnel cause many competent judges to reduce that figure considerably.

The *Daily News* correspondent in Paris mentions that an exception to the great French principle of "equality" is about to be made in the police lock-up houses. Hitherto a gentleman of the class of those who wrench off knockers or assault a policeman was liable, if arrested reeling drunk out of the Cafe Anglaise or Maison Doree, to be thrown into a dungeon with dirty vagabonds and common malefactors. To remedy such an inconvenience, Gen. Valentin, the Prefect of Police, proposes to establish first, second and third class cells. The well-dressed nocturnal brawler will find his rank respected even in the cage; and the small fine which he may be adjudged to pay will not be superadded to the total destruction of a suit of clothes. The ordinary catch of policemen in the course of a night—petty larceny and assault cases—will find a lodging in class No. 2; and No. 3 will be reserved only for the dangerous classes—murderers burglars and escaped convicts.

A lineal descendant of Martin Luther is living in New York city. He possesses a silver medal presented on the centennial of Martin Luther's birth-day, by the king of Prussia to one of his ancestors, who was known by the then king to be a genuine Luther.

London, (Eng.) sent three hundred tons of fancy biscuits to New York during last year. Gotham bakers should petition for protection.

A loving wife in Danbury, Conn., on the decease of her husband, sent the following thrilling telegram to a distant friend: "Dear John is dead. Loss fully covered by insurance."

A man on his deathbed confessed that he was one of a party of six that fired the breaker at the Avondale coal mine, not long since, causing the death of one hundred miners.

Have you a severe wrench or sprain? Have you rheumatism in any form? Have you stiff neck, or bunches caused by rheumatic pains? If so, Johnson's Anodyne Liniment is a specific remedy, and is also the best pain killer in the world.

We often see a large stock of cattle which do not seem to thrive, and come out "spring poor," all for want of something to start them in the right direction. One dollar's worth of Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders given to such stock occasionally during the winter would be worth more than an extra half of hay.

Coughs and colds are often overlooked. A continuance for any length of time causes irritation of the Lungs or one chronic Throat Disease. Brown's Bronchial Troches are an effectual remedy.

THE TICHBORNE TRIAL.

LONDON, Nov. 11.—The interest of the trial during the greater part of yesterday and to day culminated in the testimony of the old negro or coloured man, as the English call him, Andrew Bogle, the old retainer of the Tichborne and Doughty families. He is a Jamaica negro, and is now 54 years old. His hair is white; his face is intelligent; he has a very soft voice and manner; he was well dressed, and wore an exceedingly brilliant sky-blue necktie. In body he is very feeble, and he was permitted to be seated during his examination; but his intellect never flagged, and he retorted sharply at times upon the Attorney General. His evidence as will be seen, was very strong in support of the plaintiff's case. Bogle said:

I am now living at Harley Lodge, the residence of Sir Roger Tichborne. I was born in Jamaica, and when 11 years old the late Mr. Edward Tichborne, after Sir Edward Doughty, came to that island and took me into his service; when he returned to England he brought me with him; a Miss Doughty had died, which gave him the estates and title; I continued in his service till March, 1853, and for the last twenty years of his life was his valet; I know all the members of the Doughty and Tichborne families; I married twice—first Lady Doughty's nurse maid; second a school mistress at Tichborne; I first saw the claimant, Sir Roger Tichborne when he was a little boy, just beginning to walk, when he got a little older he used to visit us frequently; then he went to school at Stoneyhurst and spent his holidays with us; at Tichborne his room and mine adjoined; we used to go shooting and fishing together; he would smoke day and night; there used to be much society there but he was fonder of being with the servants down stairs than with the gentlemen; he spoke English very broken and bad; he went away in 1853; Sir Edward then died; four months afterwards there were some changes in the family and I left the service, and in the spring of 1854 I went to Australia; Lady Doughty gave me money to pay my passage, and she arranged to give me an annuity of £50 a year; I received this annuity till I came back to England, in 1868, with Sir Roger; soon after I reached Australia I received a letter from Lady Doughty telling me that the *Bella* had foundered and that it was feared that Roger was drowned; I met Michael Guilfoyle, who had been gardener at Tichborne, and I told him the news; from 1854 till 1866 I had heard nothing of Mr. Tichborne, but I used to take particular notice of every man I met on the streets of Sydney.

The Lord Chief Justice—Why? A. To see whether he was Roger or not.

Q What induced you to do that? A. Because Lady Doughty stated in her letter.

The Attorney General asked for the production of the letter.

The letter, which was one of very considerable length, was produced and read. It was dated January, 1855, and commenced: "My good Bogle and Mrs Bogle," expressed satisfaction at having heard from witness, and proceeded to give an account of Miss Kate Doughty's marriage to Colonel Radcliffe, son of Sir John Radcliffe. "The cardinal married them in Spanish place on the 18th of October. Lord Arundel gave her away, and she did look beautiful, as every one said in her wedding dress.....My daughter expressed herself as completely happy in the choice she has made, and Mr. Radcliffe, you know, became a Catholic when he come of age and is an excellent young man." After mentioning several friends of the family the letter proceeded. "My poor dear Roger Tichborne at Rio Janeiro embarked on board a merchant vessel called the "Bella," for New York, on the 20th of April, and on the 26th, it was seen a wreck by the "Kent," but no bodies found. The banker at Rio wrote to Glyn that Roger embarked, and a hope has been held out that they might have been picked up and taken to Australia or elsewhere, but all hope is gone. It is dreadful. Pray hard for me. And this dreadful year so full of sorrow. * * * I can scarcely think of all I have lost. Pray hard for me to be well prepared whenever my time comes. * * * I hope you will both frequently write to me and I shall always be much interested about you and miss you greatly."

Well, this patient watchfulness on the part of Bogle for "the lost heir" was at last rewarded. One day in August his son told him to go to the Metropolitan Hotel in Sydney, where he might see some one whom he knew; he went there and sat in the gateway of the hotel; presently he saw Sir Roger Tichborne coming toward him.

Directly I saw him I knew it was Sir Roger Tichborne at the very first sight; he passed about three or four yards from me; he saw, and stopped and looked; I looked hard at him and smiled; he came up to me and asked me, "Hallo, Bogle, is that you.' I said, 'yes sir.' He said something to me which I could not catch; he said he was going upstairs, but he would see me again directly; and in a very few minutes the waiter came and asked me to step that way; I went up stairs and found him in his room alone; I said "I beg your pardon, I called to see Mr. Roger Tichborne, but you are not him, are you?" he said, "Oh yes, Bogle, I am;" he said "Yes, I am not that slender lad that I was when I left Tichborne;" he inquired after my wife and family—two sons Jacob and Andrew—all of whom he knew at Tichborne; he asked me how long I had been in Sydney; he first asked me if I lived at Tichborne with his father; I said, "Yes," I lived with his father at Tichborne about four months; he asked me if the two brothers Godwin were alive; the Godwins are farmers near Tichborne; he said the elder Godwin was a stingy old fellow, and never allowed his sons half a crown a-piece to spend; I was not aware that there were two sons of Godwin before; I knew only the one; he inquired after Mrs. Martin, the old nurse, if she was alive; she was nurse to my master's mother—my master, Sir Edward Doughty; I said she was alive when I came away; she was a very old woman, quite over 70; she was never seen out of the house by any one; he also enquired for two brothers named Guys, well known people in the village—rather low characters; he enquired after Etheridge, the blacksmith; he asked me if I recollected going out rabbit shooting with him and Brand, the gamekeeper; I was there for about an hour; he also asked if I remembered how his uncle Edward used to blow up; I never named any person to him; he named them all to me; in fact I never thought of any of them till he mentioned them, except to Orford; Mr. Tichborne told me he was going to England by next mail; I told him people would be very glad to see him back; I had no intention of going to England then, but I had thought of it just before; I left him then and called every day for two or three days; he was always out; I had about four interviews with him altogether; he left Sydney on the 4th of September, 1866; I accompanied him, and have lived in his house ever since.

Mr. Sergeant Ballantine—You have seen a great deal of him latterly, both here and in Australia; have you any doubt of his being the Roger Tichborne you knew in former days? A. Not the slightest.

Q. Tell me this, Bogle; have you given him information as to his early days for the purpose of setting up this claim? A. No none; I could have given him a great deal of information if he asked me; but he never asked me a question about any of it.

Q. At the end of this conversation which you had with him at the hotel, were you then convinced he was Sir Roger? A. Yes; seeing that he named the people to me that he asked me about; in fact, he was so much like one of his uncles that at the first appearance I could have sworn I never saw any one more like another than he was like the late Sir Henry Tichborne, they are as like as two peas.

The cross examination of Bogle, which was conducted by the Attorney-General, was very long and very severe, but he stood it admirably, and it is really hard to imagine how the defence can upset the evidence already given.

DOMINION NEWS.

A new supply weir for the Lachine Canal has been opened.

Five fatal cases of small pox has occurred in Montreal.

The Galt people are discussing the propriety of establishing gas works.

The workmen excavating the cellar of the Kennebec Hotel, at Levis, discovered many skeletons, which are supposed to be those of Indians. The house was built in 1801.

Customs in the village of Beaverton are still primitive, to the extent of taking dogs to church. Religious service was interrupted there by a sanguinary combat between the brutes.

The statement recently made in the *Globe*, that Mr. Thomas White was going to England under the patronage of the Dominion Government, is emphatically denied by the *Gazette*.

This morning a farmer brought to town a beautiful five year old male deer, that was caught alive by Mr. Michael Powers, of Mersea. The animal had for some time been in the habit of spending the night in an unoccupied house, and the fact coming to the knowledge of Mr. Powers, he gave himself the task of making it prisoner. As it lay in the wagon securely bound with ropes, it seemed to be suffering only from constant handling of sightseers.—*Windsor Record.*

An unfortunate man named Tapin, a laborer living in St. John's ward, Quebec, in a fit of insanity a few days since cut off a portion of his tongue, and afterward carried it about in his hands. He has since been removed to the Beauport Asylum.

As Edward Mills, son of Mr. Robert Mills, Garafraxa, was chopping in Mr. Burt's bush, an old female lynx with her two young ones, made for him with extended jaws. Mr. Mills managed to keep them at a safe distance with his axe and started for a gun. However, by the time he got back the lynxes had made off and Mr. Mills didn't get a shot.

The Elora *Times* says: Mr. John L. Brodie, of the Crown Lands Department, is now in the county for the purpose of inspecting lands and valuing the same, preparatory to their being sold by public auction. He will visit the several townships as soon as possible, where parties interested may consult him.

A man named Woodroe, recently let out of the Penitentiary, has been making use of his time by stealing farmers' horses, and as he could not behave himself and work for a living, he has been again taken charge of by the authorities, who will charitably provide him with board and lodging. He last week stole three horses from a man named Kelly, a farmer in Luther, five miles from Arthur Village.

The story of "Auld Robin Tamson's Smiddy" had its counterpart in the Township of Metcalfe, the other day, where Mr. J. F. Moore was united in the bonds of wedlock to Miss Mary Jane Sessions, Mr. Alfred Sessions, (who has been for some time a widower,) the father of the bride, was married to Mrs. Moore, the widowed mother of the bridegroom. The question of the relationship now existing between the united parties is at present exercising the minds of the inhabitants thereabouts.

COCO-GLYCERINE — something new for the hair

COCOGLYCERINE removes dandr-uff

No toilet table should be without COCO-GLYCERINE, 25 cents per bottle.

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

SLEIGHS, CUTTERS AND ROBES

BY AUCTION.

At 1:30 TO DAY, THURSDAY, the 30th inst., the subscriber will sell at his Sale Room, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, several good Sleighs fit for easier or family use, some very good Cutters, and a number of Hood and unlined robes.

J BERMINGHAM,
Ottawa, Nov 30, 1871 Auctioneer 1833 1

By J. Bermingham, Auctioneer.

SALE OF BOOKS BY AUCTION.

The subscriber will sell at his Sale Room, Elgin street, commencing on

THURSDAY EVENING, 30th INST.,

over 500 volumes of Religious, Classical, Historical, Scientific, Mathematical, and Poetical works, as well as Novels, Reviews, and Magazines. The books will be sold according to catalogue, and the sale will be continued each evening until the catalogue is exhausted.

J BERMINGHAM
Ottawa, Nov 30, 1871 Auctioneer. 1834 d

AUCTION, COMMISSION, REAL AND PERSONAL ESTATE AGENCY.

W. H. Falls

begs respectfully to announce to the Public of Ottawa and the surrounding country that he has opened an agency for the sale of Real and and Personal Estate, and trusts by strict personal attention to all matters entrusted to him to merit a share of their patronage.

Sales attended to in all parts of the city and country

ROOMS—No. 43, Rideau street,

(lately occupied by D Whelan)
Ottawa, Nov 18, 1871 1823tf

By W. H. Falls, Auctioneer.

AUCTION SALE

OF

HORSES.

W. H. FALLS will sell by Auction at the Lower Town Market on

FRIDAY NEXT, 31st INSTANT,

at 10 o'clock a.m.,

TEN VERY FINE HORSES.

☞ Parties having Horses to sell will please enter them not later than Thursday evening.

Ottawa, Nov 29, 1871 1832d

DRAMATICAL SOIREE

AT

THE FRENCH CANADIAN INSTITUTE,

WEDNESDAY, 6th DECEMBER.

PROGRAMME:

BOX and COX, Comedy in One Act.

Box ..... C B Brodie
Cox ..... C J Higgins
Mr Bounce ..... Chs Turgeon

To conclude with Offenbach's Operette entitled:

Lis-chen and Fritzchen, in One Act

Lis-chen ..... Miss Alph Peachy
Fritzchen ..... F Gourdeau

Miss Lida Peachy will preside at the Piano.

The Band of Hull will be in attendance.

Reserved seats, 40 cents. Other seats 25 cents.

Tickets may be had every night at the Canadian Institute where a diagram of the hall can be seen.

Doors open at quarter past 7 o'clock, and the performance to commence at 8 precisely.

T C LAROSE,
Ottawa, 30th November, 1871. Secretary. 1833 4

WANTED,

A HOUSE to rent with three or four bed rooms. If not to rent immediately a week or more will suit, Address J SUCKLING, Post Office. 1833 1

HENDERSON & CO,

Booksellers and Stationers,

39 SPARKS STREET,

Have always on hand

Bibles, Church Services, Hymn & Prayer Books, School Books, Diaries, Albums, Pocket Books, Purses, Miscellaneous Books.

Blank Books and General Stationery.

Also, just received a choice selection of

SCOTCH TARTAN WOOD GOODS.

Ottawa, Nov. 30, 1871. 1815y

PEWS TO LET.

Two pews in Christ Church, Nos. 14 and 74. Apply to GEO L CHITTY, Chelsea, P. Q. Gatineau Mills, Nov 27, 1871 40 1

SCHOOL TEACHER WANTED

For District No. 6 Kirk's Ferry, Hull, a Female Teacher holding First Class Diploma for Province of Quebec. Apply to GEO L CHITTY, Secy Treas. School Trustees Chelsea, Hull, P Q Nov 27 40 1

FOUND,

A sum of Money. The loser will recover it on proving property by applying to HENRY McNAUGHTON, Office Royal Insurance Company. 1833tf

WANTED,

Two First Class TAILORS to work by the week. Good wages given. Also a good, steady man to take charge of the workshop. Apply to

J F CALDWELL & CO
1833 3 74 Sussex street.

STRAYED,

From the premises of the undersigned, Victoria street, Ottawa, on Sunday afternoon, 26th instant, a black FILLY about 6 months old, white stripe on face, and white on one or both hind feet. Any person finding same and returning her to the undersigned at his residence, Victoria street, or at his office, Middle street, Victoria Island, will be liberally rewarded.

A H BALDWIN,
Ottawa, Nov 30, 1871 1823tf

NOTICE.

A Meeting of the Trustees of the County of Carleton General Protestant Hospital, will take place in the Director's room on TUESDAY, the 5th DAY OF DECEMBER, Next, at 3 o'clock, to take into consideration the proposed amendment to the Act of incorporation. All Trustees are requested to attend.

ALEXANDER WORKMAN,
JAMES PEACOCK,
THOMAS HUNTON,
H. MCCORMICK,
GEORGE HAY,
JAMES ROCHESTER,
THOMAS LANGRELL,
Trustees.
Ottawa, Nov. 29, 1871 1832d

Temporary Premises

T. Hunton, Son & Co.

Are shewing Novelties in

DRESS GOODS, MANTLES,

MILLINERY,

"DIRECT PER EXPRESS."

SILKS,

☞ In all the New Colouring. ☜

EVENING GOODS.

☞ LONDON MADE DRESSES,
☞ FRENCH APPLIQUE DRESSES,
☞ FLOWERS, WREATHS, ETC.

BLACK SILKS, from 75c. to $7.50,
SATINS, Moire Antiques, &c.,
PIM BROS. POPLINS, &c.,
(all colors.)

LACES.

Real Lace Overskirts,
Collars, Barbs, &c., in
Honitan, Maltese, Brussels, Point, &c.

SHAWLS.

Fine Colors in Roman Squares,
Fancy Cordilla Shawls,
Rainbow Fringed Shawls,
&c., &c., &c.

Porter's Block and Gateway,

SPARKS STREET,

T. HUNTON, SON & CO.
Ottawa, Nov. 28, 1871. 1731y

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

Notice is hereby given that the partnership lately subsisting between us, the undersigned, THOMAS HUNTON, WILLIAM SHOOLBRED and FREDERICK HOUGHTON HUNTON, as Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Merchants, at the City of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, under the names, style and firm of "T. HUNTON, SHOOLBRED & CO." was on the first day of November, instant, dissolved by mutual consent, so far as regards the same William Shoolbred, who on that day retired from the concern; and that all debts due and owing to or by the late firm, will be received and paid by the said Thomas Hunton and Frederick Houghton Hunton.

As witness our hands this first day of November, A.D. 1871.

THOS. HUNTON,
WM. SHOOLBRED,
FRED. H. HUNTON.

Witness:
P. PENNOCK, Jun.
Ottawa, Nov. 17, 1871.

PUBLIC NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that all parties indebted to the estate of the late Donald Robertson are requested to pay the same to the trustees, James Seiveright and Daniel McLaurin, Gloucester, and all parties having claims against the estate are requested to hand them to the trustees at once.

JAMES SEIVERIGHT,
DANIEL McLAURIN,
Trustees.
Ottawa, Nov 28, 1871 1831 d 6—w1

By A. Rowe, Auctioneer, &c.

IMPORTANT AUCTION SALE

OF

Improved City Property

The Subscriber has been instructed to sell by Public Auction on the ground

TUESDAY, DECEMBER 5, 1871,

that valuable Brick House and Lot situated on the corner of Bank and Albert streets, being Lot No. 36, Albert street south. The Lot will be divided and sold in two separate equal parts, 49½ feet on Bank street by 66 feet deep. The corner Lot with Brick House two stories high with Brick Kitchen. The house is well finished and in good repair. There is

LOCAL NEWS

The coldest temperature during the day was 1° above zero.

The New Edinburgh readings last evening were good and well attended.

The Reporters' gallery in the House of Commons is undergoing improvement.

A regular meeting of the Board of Common School Trustees will be held this evening.

NEW BRIDGE.—The work of getting on the stone for the new bridges is being pushed on vigorously.

ST. ANDREW'S DAY.—Remember the Grand Concert this evening in the Music Hall by the St. Andrew's Society.

CANADIAN INSTITUTE.—The Soiree at the Canadian Institute last evening was very interesting, and was as usual very well attended.

FIRE.—Dr. Bell's conservatory in New Edinburgh was destroyed by fire yesterday morning. The fire is supposed to have originated from the stove.

Mr. Bermingham's catalogue sale of books will commence this evening at 7.30 at his sale room, Elgin street. This is a good chance to get supplied with some good works.

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES.—We call attention to the sale of horses advertised in another column, to take place to-morrow at 10 o'clock on the By Ward Market. There are ten very fine horses on the sale list.

POLICE COURT.—WEDNESDAY.—A case in which a dog was the cause of trouble was dismissed.

Mr. Heney, charged with breaking down a Corporation fence, was fined one dollar and costs.

Mr. Bermingham advertises to sell at his rooms, Elgin street, opposite the Russell House, at 1:30 p. m. to-day several good sleighs, cutters, and robes. The sale will be at 1:30 sharp, and all wanting such should attend.

RASCALITY.—Some itinerant individual asked one of Messrs. O'Meara & Co's. clerks to change a "$10 bill." On inspection, however, it was found to be a 10 shilling note. The bold rascal should have been arrested.

COUNTY POLICE COURT.—Before Thos. Langrell, Esq., J. P., Nov. 29., 3 p. m.—Edward Wright, drunk and disorderly in New Edinburgh on the 27th inst. was fined $2 and costs, or one week in gaol. Accepted the latter.

YOUTHFUL CRIME.—A little French boy ten years of age came to town yesterday, went into a hotel and asking for a drink gave the bar tender a $10 bill. This looked suspicious and constable Little was immediately sent for and arrested the youngster when it was learned that he had stolen $14 from his master.

ST. PATRICK'S HALL READINGS.—We understand there is a very fine programme arranged for the St. Patrick's Hall tomorrow evening This is the regular evening of the readings but in consequence of the St. Andrew's Society concert, this week the day is altered to Friday. There will be a full attendance, no doubt, as usual.

MONEY TO LEND.—Apply to R. A. Bradley, Solicitor, &c., Corner Sparks & Elgin Streets, Ottawa.

PRESENTATION.—The night before last, Mr. John J. Reeves, cutter in F. X. Groulx's clothing store, was made the recipient of a handsome present by a number of his friends. The whole affair took Mr. Reeves by surprise. He, however, made a neat improvised return for the compliment in a supper, wherein his usual generosity was fully displayed.

MRS. SAUNDERSON not having arrived until yesterday afternoon, the committee of management of the St. Andrew's society were unable to give this great Scottish singer the songs which she intended to sing until now. We are authorized to state that the following songs will be sung by her at the concert this evening, viz:—"Will ye no come back again," "Annie Laurie," "Waiting.", by Mellard.

COMPLIMENTARY DINNER.

Last evening was made the occasion of giving a complimentary dinner to Mr. Joseph Sleeman, late of the firm of Campbell & Co., grocers, Sussex street. Mr. Sleeman being about leaving Ottawa to start business in Renfrew, his numerous friends in this city could not, without denying their feelings and friendship allow him to go from amongst them without receiving some token of the respect, esteem and sincere friendship in which they held him. Mr. Sleeman has been a resident of Ottawa for a number of years, and every person who has had the pleasure of his acquaintance speak in high terms of his integrity, and honorable and gentlemanly disposition. He made friends of all whom he met with, and as a gentleman said last evening, no person was ever heard to say a bad word of him. We have known Mr. Sleeman as a gentleman and a friend and we can safely endorse his character. As in Ottawa, we have no doubt that Mr. Sleeman will have his quota of friends and admirers in the village of Renfrew.

The dinner came off in the Merchant's Exchange and the splendid spread was got up in a style characteristic of the proprietor, and which, we feel satisfied, could not be surpassed in any respect by the most pretentious establishment. The table actually looked gorgeous. It was laden with good things and the repast served up must have satisfied the appetite of the most thorough epicure. The company sat down to table at about 9 o'clock, Captain Egleson in the chair, Mr. John Little in the vice chair. The guest of the evening occupied the seat on the right of the chairman, Mr. Campbell being seated on his left.

Among the many gentlemen present were Messrs. Robert Lyon, T. Kirby, John Graham, Wm Fingland, H Lapierre, Drs. Martin and Bell, W Champness, Wm Morrison, T Rejotte, W C Forster, Geo E Armstrong, Wm Brown, Wm Young, E Miles, H Michael, N Garland, W Bedard, J McRae, Robert Barclay, G Lorenz, Geo Sutton, H Chalmers, Sheldon, Stevens, Garne, W S Buchanan, &c. &c., and H J McLardy, Carrol Ryan, and W H Nagle, as representing the Press.

The rich substantials having been energetically attended to, and the toasting time being at hand, the Chairman after a few appropriate remarks proposed the "Queen," which toast was duly honored.

Then followed the "Prince of Wales and the Royal Family," after which Mr. Miles played a very fine air on the accordion.

"The Governor General" followed by a song by Mr. Forster.

"Our Dominion of Canada and its continued prosperity" was drunk with enthusiasm.

"The Army and Navy and our Canadian Volunteers," was very neatly responded to by Mr. Carrol Ryan, Mr. R. Lyons, Mr. Bedard, and Mr. Campbell.

The toast of the evening "Our Guest," was then proposed, the chairman bestowing high eoniums upon Mr. Sleeman.

Mr. Sleeman responded, acknowledging in a very feeling manner the great honor done him. He was astonished when he heard he was to be made the recipient of so much honor, and though he was leaving the city he would assure his many friends that he could never forget them. He thanked them for their kindness and only hoped he would ere long have an opportunity afforded him of welcoming some of his friends on a visit to him at Renfrew. He could not sit down without saying a word about his late colleague, and of him, he would say that a truer friend or kinder master he could not wish for.

Mr. Campbell and Dr. Bell then spoke in praise of Mr. Sleeman.

"The Press" was responded to by Mr. Carroll Ryan, of the *Citizen*, and Mr. Nagle of the *Times*, and "The Ladies" received justice from the hands of Mr. John Little. Then followed promiscuous jollity, singing, joking, &c., but the minutes flew by apace, and the very pleasant party broke up about 2 o'clock in the morning. Our best wishes for Mr. Sleeman's prosperity.

TWENTY-FOURTH

1847 1871

ANNIVERSARY CELEBRATION

Scotchmen and descendants of Scotchmen in the city of Ottawa and its vicinity are particularly requested to assemble at the Albion Hotel on

THURSDAY, NOV. 30, A.D. 1871.

AT ONE O'CLOCK.

to walk in procession to St. Andrew's Church where the usual Annual Sermon will be preached by the Rev D M Gordon, B.D., chaplain of the Society. A collection will be taken up in aid of the funds of the Society.

N B.—Members and others are particularly requested to wear badges, which can be procured at the Hotel from the Secretary.

A GRAND CONCERT

will take place in the evening in the

RINK MUSIC HALL,

By the kind permission of the Officers the splendid band of the Ottawa Garrison Artillery has been secured for the afternoon and evening.

The society's Highland Pipers will also be on hand to duly honor the occasion.

Mrs Saunderson, of Montreal, together with the best Vocal and Instrumental talent of the city, have promised their assistance.

A GRAND COMPETITION

in Scottish Violin Music, for a GOLD and SILVER MEDAL, will also take place during the evening.

N B.—The Steinway piano for the occasion will be supplied from the Music Store of J L Orme & Son.

J MERCER .....Conductor.

Doors open at 7; to commence at 7:30.

Admission—Paiquette, 50 cents; children under 12, half price; gallery, 25 cents.

To be had at the usual places and from members of the Committee.

God Save the Queen.

By order,

DUNCAN ROBERTSON,
Secretary.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1829 3

NOTICE.

COUNTY OF CARLETON, } TO WIT. }

Public Notice is hereby given that the COURTS of GENERAL SESSIONS of the PEACE and COUNTY COURT, in and for the said County of Carleton, will be holden at the Court House, in the City of Ottawa, on

Tuesday, the 12th day of December, 1871,

at the hour of Ten of the clock, A. M., of which all Coroners, Bailiffs, Constables, and all others concerned are required to Take Notice and govern themselves accordingly.

W. F. POWELL,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, Ottawa,
November 27, 1871. 1831td

NOTICE TO CREDITORS AND OTHERS

The creditors of Samuel Dickson, late of the township of Pakenham, in the County of Lanark, Esquire, deceased, who died on or about the sixth day of December, A D 1871 are on or before the

Eighteenth Day of January, A.D., 1872,

to send by post, prepaid, to, or leave with the undersigned Executors of the Last Will and Testament of the said Samuel Dickson, the full particulars of their claims, a statement of their accounts and the nature of their security (if any) held by them; otherwise the assets of the said Samuel Dickson will, after the said date, be distributed without regard to any claims not then made.

All persons indebted to the said Samuel Dickson are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated at the Village of Pakenham this 24th day of November, A. D. 1871

Executors { DANIEL HILLIARD, YOUNG SCOTT, ROBERT DICKSON.

40td

WHEREAS default has been made in payment of the principal money and interest mentioned in a Mortgage Deed made by HENRY WAIT, of Nepean, in the County of Carleton, Yeoman, to EDWARD MALLOCH, of Ottawa, in the County of Carleton, Esquire, since deceased, (to which Mortgage MARY WAIT, the wife of the said HENRY WAIT, was made a party for barring dower merely,) of the South Half of Lot Number Sixteen, in the Fifth Concession of the Township of Nepean, from the River Rideau, containing One Hundred Acres be the same more or less.

And whereas a decree of foreclosure in the case in Chancery of the said HENRY WAIT, Plaintiff, and MARGARET MALLOCH, (sole Devisee and Executrix of the last will and testament of the said EDWARD MALLOCH, deceased), defendant, for redemption of the said premises has been made by dismissal of the plaintiff's Bill.

Notice is hereby given that the said South Half of said Lot Number Sixteen, in the fifth Concession, from the River Rideau, in the said Township of Nepean, excepting that part thereof mentioned in a certain agreement made between the said HENRY WAIT, and SAMUEL HILL, of the said Township of Nepean, Weaver, dated on or about 6th May, 1861, and registered in the Registry Office of the County of Carleton, on the 26th March, 1864, as numbered 23881, which part is described as follows, that is to say, lying and being between the front of the said Lots and the River Goodwood, where the said River crosses the said Lot nearest to the front thereof, containing twenty acres, be the same more or less, will, under and in virtue of all the powers and authorities vested in the said MARGARET MALLOCH, be sold by Public Auction, at the Law Office of

SCOTT, ROSS & STEWART,

Barristers, Elgin Street, in the City of Ottawa, on TUESDAY, the 5th day of December next, A D. 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

Terms and conditions of sale will be made known at the time of sale or previously to the sale by application to said SCOTT, ROSS & STEWART.

W. A. ROSS,
Solicitor for the said
Margaret Malloch.

1731 8

FREE EXHIBITION.

ARCHER'S NON-BURSTING IMPROVED WATER CONDUCTOR,

Patented September 25th, 1871.

One of the most useful inventions of the present age—cannot possibly burst by ice; does not rust; can be made of galvanized iron, tin, or wood; highly recommended by practical men.

COUNTY RIGHTS FOR SALE.

The undersigned will be at the

RUSSELL HOUSE,
OTTAWA.

from the 24th Nov to the 2nd December, where he will exhibit the Conductor in operation from 9 to 11 a.m. and from 2 to 6 p m

Call and see it.

All communications addressed Postoffice, Kingston, Ont., will receive prompt attention.

R M CHARLTON.

Ottawa, Nov. 25, 1871 1829a

NOTICE.

Public notice is hereby given that a Power of Attorney executed by me in favour of one Daniel Lannigan, of the Township of Hull, in the County of Ottawa, has been and is hereby revoked by me All matters made and done under the said Power of Attorney, after this date, by the said Daniel Lannigan, I hereby declare to be null and void.

PHILEMON WRIGHT,
By his Attorney
SARAH WRIGHT.

Dated at Lanark, in the county of Renfrew, this twenty fourth day of November, A.D., 1871 1830 3

TENDERS

Will be received by the undersigned until

Noon, 10th December Next,

for the undermentioned articles of condemned or obsolete stores now in the

MILITIA STORES AT OTTAWA,

viz: Blankets, gray, 335; Boots, ankle pairs, 1908; Boots, beef pairs, 26; Muskets, percussion, 178; Fur Caps, 42; Percussion Cap Pockets, 1798; Brass Jags, 569; Side Belts and Slings, buff, 58. Pouch Belts and Pouches, 38; Knapsacks and Straps, 33; Box Stoves, 8; Greatcoats, 15.

THOMAS WILY, Lt.-Col.,
Director of Stores, &c

Ottawa, Nov 27, 1871 1830 a

THE SEASON COMMENCED

BULK OYSTERS.

Just Received H. M. ROWE'S celebrated

BULK AND CAN

OYSTERS,

$1.80.....PER GALLON,

AT

The Italian Warehouse.

J. M. C. DELES DERNIERS.

TO BUILDERS AND CONTRACTORS.

Tenders are requested for the various Artificer's works necessary in the erection of the new St. Andrew's Church, corner of Wellington and High streets, Ottawa, Ont.

The plans and specifications can be seen, and information obtained, on and after MONDAY, the 20th inst., at the School Room in rear of present church.

Sealed Tenders will be received up to MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of December next, addressed to the undersigned either for the whole of the works or for any one of the various trades.

Security will be required for the due and proper performance of the several works.

The committee do not hold themselves to accept the lowest or any tender unless otherwise satisfactory.

By order of the Building Committee.

G E ELLIOTT,
Chairman.

Ottawa, Nov 24, 1871 1828d

BOOTS AND SHOES WHOLESALE.

The undersigned has been appointed by several large firms of Montreal and elsewhere to act as their Agent in Ottawa, for the SALE by WHOLESALE at reduced prices, a large STOCK OF BOOTS AND SHOES, and GOLOSHES of every description and price

Lumber Merchants are specially invited to call and examine my stock before buying elsewhere.

Sample Rooms No. [illegible] Ottawa.

38 1NY [illegible] BEAU Agent.

TWO TEACHERS WANTED.

A Male Teacher holding a first class Certificate and a Female holding a Second or Third Class Duties to commence 2nd day of January 1872 Applications stating salary, with testimonials, received until 20th December by

JOHN McKECHAR,

Hawkesbury, Ont., Nov 24 1828 a

LOST

Between Sussex and O'Connor streets, a SILVER MEDAL with initials C N D. The finder will confer a favour on one of the scholars of the Congregation de Notre Dame to leave the Medal at the Times Office, or at school of the Congregation on Wellington street 1829

WANTED IMMEDIATELY,

200 MINK SKINS.

Highest cash price paid. Apply at

Devlin's Fur Depot.

Ottawa, Nov 28, 1871 1831 6

ST. LAWRENCE AND OTTAWA RAILWAY.

CARTAGE AGENCY.

Office: ELGIN STREET, opposite the Russell House.

1743 1y A. J. TAYLOR, Agent.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that the co-partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned as Grocers and Liquor Merchants in the city of Ottawa under the name and firm of "Campbell & Co," has been this day dissolved by mutual consent, the business to be henceforth continued by Mr. Campbell alone, to whom all debts due are to be forthwith paid, and by whom all liabilities will be settled.

Dated this 20th day of November, 1871

A. CAMPBELL,
JOS. SLAEMAN.

In reference to the above I beg to thank the public for their liberal patronage heretofore extended to the above firm, and to inform them that I have now on hand a much large stock than usual, and am in a position to fill all orders in my line as cheap and to as great an advantage as any person in the same trade, and beg to solicit the orders of our old customers and the Public in general, guaranteeing them perfect satisfaction.

A CAMPBELL.

Ottawa, Nov 26, 1871 1831tfwl

NEW ESTABLISHMENT.

QUEBEC FUR DEPOT

The Subscriber has the honor of informing the Public that he will open in this city a

FUR DEPOT.

containing a large and varied assortment of Furs, which he will sell at prices that defy competition.

The shop will be temporarily opened in the Hon. Mr. Skead's building, corner of George and Sussex streets, known as the George street Barrack, but will be removed in the month of February to the magnificent block of the Union Bank, now in course of construction.

The undersigned specially invites the public to call and examine his stock before purchasing elsewhere, as he is persuaded that they will find his goods of first class quality and exceedingly low in price.

Weekly importations will be added to his stock in order to accommodate the tastes of his customers.

Particular attention will be paid to the delivery of Goods bought of him.

He will manufacture and repair all articles in his line of business quickly and at small charges.

For further particulars see posters and circulars.

OLIVER COTE,
Hatter and Furrier,
Sign of "General Wolfe,"

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1826d2m 2s wk

Roche & Kelly,

PLUMBERS, GAS-FITTERS,

BELL HANGERS, &c.

Every description of Work in our line PROMPTLY executed, and personally attended to.

All work guaranteed.

RIDEAU STREET, Opposite the Tea Pot, OTTAWA.

HENRY ROCHE. JAMES KELLY.

Nov. 27, 1871. 1830-3m

GENUINE

HENNESSY'S BRANDY.

FINEST FRENCH WINE VIGAR.

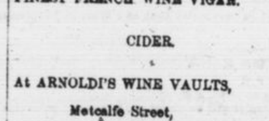
CIDER.

At ARNOLDI'S WINE VAULTS,

Metcalfe Street,

Telegraph Co.'s Building

Ottawa, Sept. 1, 1871.



The St. Lawrence and Ottawa Railway.

ALTERATION OF RUNNING TIME.

THE SHORTEST AND QUICKEST ROUTE FROM OTTAWA TO TORONTO, AND MONTREAL

On and from MONDAY, 30th OCT., inst., Four Trains will Run each way on this Line Daily as follows:

GOING SOUTH.

No. 2 Express will leave Ottawa at 9:30 A.M
" 4 Express " " 12:45 P.M
" 6 Accommodation " " 10:20 A.M
" 8 Express, with Sofa Cars " 10:00 P.M

NOTE.—No. 2 connects with the Trains on the Ogdensburg and Lake Champlain and Rome and Watertown Railways for all points South and East.

All trains connect with those on the Grand Trunk Railway east and west.

GOING NORTH.

No. 1 Express will leave Prescott at 4:10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 3:50 P.M.

No. 3 Mail will leave Prescott at 6.30 A.M., arriving in Ottawa at 9 20 A.M., every Morning Sunday Morning excepted.

No 5 Express will leave Prescott at 4.10 P.M., arriving in Ottawa at 6.50 P.M.

No. 7 Accommodation will leave Prescott at 2:0 A. M., with comfortable Sofa Car, arriving in Ottawa at 6 15 A.M. every morning, Monday morning excepted.

Are connections with all the G. T. trains both east and west, as this Company's trains wait their arrival when late.

Twenty minutes allowed at Prescott Junction for Refreshments.

Charge for Berths in Sofa Car, 50 cents

Trains are run on Montreal Time.

THOS. REYNOLDS,
Managing Director, Ottawa.

S. LUTTRELL,
Superintendent, Prescott.

Ottawa Oct 26th, 1871

CANADA CENTRAL

—AND—

Brockville and Ottawa Railways

Great Broad Gauge Route

TO OTTAWA.

On and after

MONDAY, 30th OCTOBER, 1871.

Trains will run as follows:

LEAVE BROCKVILLE.

Express at 7:30 a.m., arriving at Ottawa at 12:50 p.m., and at Sand Point at 1:30 p.m., connecting at Sand Point with Union Forwarding Companies Steamer

Local Train at 1:40 p.m.

Through Ottawa Express at 3:25 p.m., connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express from the East and West, arriving at Ottawa at 7:25 p.m., and at Sand Point at 8:15 p.m.

LEAVE OTTAWA.

Through Western Express at 10:00 a.m., arriving at Brockville at 1 50 p.m., and connecting with Grand Trunk Day Express going East and West.

Mail Train 4:35 p.m.

ARRIVE AT SAND POINT—1:30 p.m. 7:35 p.m, and 8:15 p.m

LEAVE SAND POINT—5.30 a.m, 10 a.m, and 3:45 p.m

Trains on Canada Central and Perth Branch make certain connections with all trains on B. & O. Railway

Certain connections made with Grand Trunk Trains, Mail Line and Union Forwarding Company's Steamers.

Morning Express leaves Sand Point at 10 a.m., after the arrival of steamer from Pembroke, Portage du Fort, &c.

Freight loaded with despatch. The B. & O. and C. C. Railways being of the same gauge as the Grand Trunk, car loads will go through on Grand Trunk cars without transhipment.

H. ABBOTT,
Manager.

Brockville Sept. 26, 1871. 1781 y

FOR SALE.—Two Choice Lots, with comfortable Wooden Cottage, erected thereon, in Rochesterville. For particulars and terms apply on the premises to W G CHAPIN Esq, or to

HANNETT P HILL,
Solicitor,
Post Office Block.

DR. LOGAN,

Homœopathic Physician, Surgeon & Accoucher. Residence—Albert street. Office hours from 9 to 11 a.m., and 2 to 4 p.m.

Special attention given to diseases and displacements of the uterus. 1793 1y

ALEXANDER RAMSAY,

Plain and Ornamental Engraver, Corner of Sparks and Elgin Streets, over James Hope & Co.'s, Ottawa

Visiting Cards engraved and printed on the shortest notice.

Ottawa, Nov 7, 1871 1817

Allan, McKinnons, & McMorran.

Having received their

HEAVY FALL IMPORTATIONS,

would beg to announce that their Stock of

STAPLE

AND

FANCY DRY GOODS

IS NOW

Complete in Every Department.

There purchases having been carefully made in Britain just

Before the Advance,

Which took place early in the season in prices of Woollen and Cotton Goods of every description, they would confidently invite the inspection of the public as to

STYLE, QUALITY and PRICES.

DRESS GOODS

A large Stock of all the new materials. Special care has been exercised to select fashionable and serviceable colors, chaste patterns, and durable fabrics. Extra good value in WINCIES.

MILLINERY & MANTLES.

They have pleasure in stating that their SHOW ROOMS are now open; in them will be found everything new and fashionable in HATS, BONNETS, JACKETS, OPERA MANTLES, MANTLE CLOTHS, &c., &c.

LACE DEPARTMENT.

REAL LACES and LACE SETS in Honiton Valenciennes, Maltese and Irish Point. A splendid stock.

HOSIERY & GLOVES.

A large Stock of Childrens', Misses', and Ladies' Gloves and Hosiery.

A complete stock of

GENTLEMENS' FURNISHING GOODS.

Shirts made to measure and guaranteed to fit.

Carpets & House Furnishings.

Brussels, Tapestry, Two and Three Ply all Wool CARPETS IN GREAT VARIETY, DAMASKS, LACE CURTAINS, CURTAIN POLES, &c.

Cornwall Blankets, Canadian Tweeds, Flannels bought before the advance of

25 Per Cent. in the Value of WOOL,

Will be sold at old prices

ALLAN, M'KINNONS & M'MORAN

Successors to

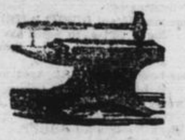
GARLAND, MUTCHMOR & Co.

No. 20, Sparks street.

—24—

Hardware—Hardware.

SIGN OF THE ANVIL,



No. 24 Rideau Street

The subscriber having just completed his Fall Stock he is now prepared to furnish any article in the above line at prices to suit the purchaser.

The following articles are constantly kept in stock:

Bar, Bundle and Sheet Iron
Bar and Sheet Tin
Bar and Sheet copper.
Sheet Brass, &c, &c
Sleigh Shoe Steel all sizes from 1½ to 4x½
Cast and Blister Steel
Proof Chain all sizes
Broad Axes
Narrow Axes single and double steel
Cut Saws, Grind Stones, Oils, Putty, Glass, Paints all colors
Stoves—Box, Double, and Cooking

Also, an endless variety of Shelf Hardware and House Furnishing Goods, &c., &c

P. S.—A call is respectfully solicited

All goods delivered free to any part of the city

THOS. BIRKETT,
No. 24 Rideau street,

Ottawa, Nov 28, 1871 d&w

DUTCH BULBS.

The Subscribers have just received

DIRECT FROM HOLLAND

a consignment of very choice

Flower Roots and Bulbs,

which are now offered for sale.

The assortment comprises

HYACINTHS, CROCUS,

TULIPS, LILLIES,

SNOWDROPS, ANEMONES,

GLADIOLI, CROWN IMPERAL.

and many others.

A. CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Sparks street, Ottawa.

Direct from the Haarlem Firm from whom we purchased last year, whose Bulbs gave great satisfaction.

Ottawa Oct. 16. A. C. & Co.

OTTAWA CITY PASSENGER RAILWAY Co.

NOTICE

Is hereby given that a

Special General Meeting of the Stockholders

will be held at the office of the Company, in New Edinburgh,

On SATURDAY, the 2nd day of DECEMBER A.D. 1871,

At ten o'clock in the forenoon, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for the transaction of the other business appointed to be done at the annual general meeting of the Company under the Charter and By-Laws thereof.

By order of the Directors.

ROBERT SURTEES,
Secretary.

Office of O C P R R Co,
New Edinburgh, Nov. 15, 1871. 1798 3awtd

MACDONALD'S AUCTION ROOMS,

YORK STREET.

John Macdonald & Son.

In returning thanks to their numerous friends and customers in the city and vicinity, for their past patronage, beg to inform the public generally, that they have just completed arrangements for the leasing (at a large expense) of those large and commodious buildings near the Market Square, on York Street, formerly occupied by the Government, and known as the Military Hospital, which they have thoroughly refitted and painted, and now feel confident that they are in possession of one of the largest and best situated rooms in the Dominion, where they will pay particular attention to Auction Sales of

Real Estate, Household Effects, Agricultural Implements, Works of Art, Horses, Carriages, &c., &c.

Regular Auction Sales every Tuesday and Friday mornings, at 10:30 o'clock, where parties having goods to dispose of will find it to their advantage to send them in the evening before.

Sales in country places, either in Ontario or Quebec promptly attended to.

JOHN MACDONALD & SON,
Auctioneer and General Commission, House Furnishing, Insurance and Real Estate Agents, 36, York street, Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 12, 1871 1819am

AUCTION ROOMS,

NO. 4, SUSSEX STREET.

H McLEAN has for sale at his Rooms next to Messrs. Finland and Draper's store,

500 CITY LOTS

in the best localities, some for Business others for residence.

GREAT-CLASS TIMBER LIMITS.

Dealers in the Lumber Trade will get a great bargain, as these Limits must be sold soon.

Also, FARMS, improved and unimproved, in several Townships around Ottawa, for sale very cheap and on reasonable terms.

Shares in the McLean Gold and Silver Mines of Dalhousie, recently found on James McLean's land, Lot No 9 in 11th Concession, Township of Dalhousie, Ontario, 20 miles from Perth, known to be very rich in the precious metals, specimens of which are to be seen at the office, where all information will be given. Parties are invited to visit the locality before investing.

Arrangements have also been made with some of the best Houses in the Dominion for Consignments of Goods for sale to the Trade only in lots to suit purchasers, and to consist of Dry Goods, Groceries, Glassware, Crockery, Boots and Shoes, Furniture, Furs of all kinds stoves, &c.

The sale of household Furniture at private houses will be attended to as usual, whether in the city or country.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817m1

CHINA WAREHOUSE.

Just received at the China Warehouse a large consignment of

Maple Syrup in Bottles,

And on draught.

5,000 lbs. of the finest CHEESE ever offered in the Dominion,

All from the well known establishment of ALFRED CASS, L'Original.

One hundred barrels of the best

FAMEUSE APPLES,

and 25 barrels of

POMMES GRISSE.

All from the well known firm of Messrs. McJABE, of Mont Oscar, County of Vaudreuil.

And a large cargo of WINTER APPLES of different kinds from Prince Edward, Ont.

We are receiving daily, by steamer and railroad, a large and well selected stock of

GROCERIES,

amongst which will be found some of the finest CANNED FRUITS, JELLIES, and JAMS, and LIQUORS of the rarest brands

We have always on hand

Fresh Eggs and Choice Dairy Butter.

McDonnell & Mongenais' Family Grocery,

No. 66, Sussex street,

Ottawa, Nov. 4, 1871. y

KEARNS AND RYAN

Beg to advise their customers in general, and their friends in particular, that they are now fully prepared with their new

FALL AND WINTER STOCK

IN THEIR

New Premises,

No. 14 RIDEAU STREET,

Formerly occupied by

MESSRS. CUNNINGHAM & LINDSAY,

To give entire satisfaction to all purchasers of

DRY GOODS.

Their Stock being now entirely New, and purchased by Mr. KEARNS personally in the Old Country, none can fail to be pleased both as regards price and quality.

Kearns & Ryan

Ottawa, Oct. 6, 1871. 1788 3m

CHAUDIERE STEAM MILLS.

MANUFACTURERS OF

PLANED LUMBER

of all descriptions.

Rough Lumber Well Seasoned,

BUILDING AND BRIDGE TIMBER.

SHINGLES XXX. XXX.

A large stock of the above will be kept constantly on hand to suit purchasers.

JOHN ROCHESTER & Co.

N. B.—Farmers from the County of Carleton can enter the mill yard by Broad Street, opposite Brewery gate.

Chaudiere, Oct. 26, 1871 1805tf

BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS! BILLIARDS

Five Phelan and Collendar Tables.

The loftiest, most airy, and best lighted Rooms in Canada.

Room situated in Bell's Building, over Bourgette's saloon, Rideau Street.

RATES—From 9 a.m. to 3 p.m., 15cts a game from 3 p.m. to 2 p.m., 20 cts; beginners will be charged by the hour.

A. GAGNIER,
Proprietor

N. B.—Real Estate Agency and Auction Sales attended to as usual.

Ottawa, Oct. 21st, 1871. 1800 3m

THE "JUNCTION HOTEL,"

At Junction Depot of Grand Trunk and Ottawa & Prescott R. R. All the facilities of a First Class House. Passengers refreshment room.

D. WILKINSON,
Proprietor.

769-6m

IF YOU DESIRE

A CUP OF GOOD TEA

AND TO THE

Noted Tea House.

QUALITY GUARANTEED.

JOHN HILL, Proprietor.

HOUSE FURNISHINGS!

Russell & Watson

Have now received their Second Shipment of Goods for the above Department in

Brussels, Tapestry, and Three-Ply Carpets.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS AND COCOA MATTINGS

Lace, Leno, and Muslin Curtains, Curtain Trimmings, &c.

Marseilles Toilet and Terry Quilts, Counterpanes, &c.

Also, a full range of pieces and widths in

LINEN AND COTTON SHEETINGS.

" " PILLOW CLOTHS.

Our Stock now being complete we are prepared to take orders for anything in the above Department.

Those wishing can have their Carpets made and laid by experienced Upholsterers.

RUSSELL & WATSON.

Ottawa, October 26, 1871

PEOPLE'S TEA STORE.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS,

NO. 36 RIDEAU STREET, AND DUKE STREET, CHAUDIERE

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

Offers to the trade Goderham & Wort's Highwines, Old Rye and Family Proof which will be guaranteed and sold either in or out of Bond at prices as low as can be laid down here from the Distillery under five barrels.

Also, in stock large quantities of GIN, BRANDIES, RUM, PORT and SHERRY WINES, with an assortment of GENERAL GROCERIES, TEAS, TOBACCOS, etc.

Flour, Pork, Hams, Bacon and Cheese constantly on hand.

P. BASKERVILLE & BROTHERS.

Ottawa, Aug. 21, 1871

ROYAL INSURANCE COMPANY,

FIRE and LIFE.

CAPITAL	$10,000,000
ANNUAL INCOME, over	4,000,000
FUNDS ON HAND, over	9,500,000
SPECIAL LIFE ASSURANCE FUND	6,603,210

There having been added $736,200 to the Life Fund as a result of the business of the past year.

FIRE DEPARTMENT.

All descriptions of property insured against Loss or Damage by Fire at moderate rates.

Losses promptly settled without reference to the Home Office.

LIFE DEPARTMENT.

Assurances on Lives granted on favorable terms, and unquestionable security is offered to policy holders. Besides the large paid up capital of the Company, assurers have additional security in the UNLIMITED LIABILITY of a Wealthy Proprietary.

Tables of Rates, Proposal Forms and full information can be obtained on application to the undersigned.

H. L. ROUTH,
B. F. BEDDALL,
Chief Agents for Canada.

A. PERRY, Fire Inspector.

T. M. CLARK, Agent.

OFFICE—Bang's Block, corner Sparks and Elgin streets. 1760y

N.B.—The financial position of the Royal is in no way affected by the recent Fire at Chicago, the Company having no Agent doing business in that city.

A LOT OF HONEY,

First quality, for sale. Address to A CHALLE, Orleans, Ontario.

Ottawa, Oct. 10, 1871 [illegible]

L. A. GRISON,

Times Office, Wellington Street,

Agent for the *Ottawa Times*.

" " *Evening Mail.*

" " *Courrier d'Ottawa.*

" " *Minerve*, Montreal.

" " *Semaine Agricole.*

" " *l'Opinion Publique*

etc., etc., etc.

Contracts made for advertising in either or all of the above papers.

Ottawa, Oct. 21. 1871. 1801tf

MONTREAL & CITY OF OTTAWA JUNCTION RAILWAY

Notice is hereby given that by order of the Board of Directors of this Company, Stock Books will be opened on Friday, the 1st December, 1871, at the following places, viz:

In the city of Montreal at the Ontario Bank.

In the city of Ottawa, at the office of E McGillivray, Esq.

In the village of Alexandria, at the office of D A Macdonald, Esq, M. P.

By order,

W BRISTOW,
Secretary.

Lancaster Nov 18, 1871 1826 3a

CANADA CENTRAL RAILWAY

Freight and Cartage Agency

Orders promptly attended to.

R. Carters give Railway Receipts relieving shippers from all further trouble.

Special rates for furniture.

W. E. JOHNSON,
Agent

Ottawa, Oct. 12, 1871 1721y

Steamers.

1871. 1871.

THE OTTAWA RIVER NAVIGATION COMPANY MAIL STEAMERS.

OTTAWA CITY TO MONTREAL DAILY,

(SUNDAYS EXCEPTED.)

The splendid new and fast sailing Steamers

QUEEN — VICTORIA,
CAPT. BOWIE

PRINCE OF WALES,
CAPT. R. W. SPENCE.

The steamer *Queen Victoria* leaves her wharf, foot of Sussex Street, at 7.00 a.m., (Montreal time), arriving in Montreal at 5 30 p.m.

The comfort and economy of this line is unsurpassed, while the route passes through one of the most picturesque districts in Canada, and is the most fashionable for tourists.

Parties desirous of a pleasant trip can obtain Return Tickets to Grenville, valid for one day at single fares.

Passengers for the celebrated Caledonia Springs will be landed at L'Orignal.

Parcel Express daily from the office on the wharf to Montreal and intermediate landings.

THE QUEBEC & GULF PORTS Steamship Company.

Royal Mail Line between Montreal, Quebec, New Brunswick, Nova Scotia, and Prince Edward Island.

The Iron Screw Steamship "Secret,"
CAPT. DAVISON.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Georgia,"
CAPT. COSSELL.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Gaspe,"
CAPT. BAGUAY.
The Iron Screw Steamship "Alhambra,"
CAPT. MCKENZIE.

The above powerful and commodious first-class Steamships are intended to sail as under for Picton, N.S.:—

S.S. "Gaspe," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 6th June, at 4 o'clock, p.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac, Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at all the above Ports, except Paspebiac and Dalhousie.

S.S. "Georgia," from Montreal Friday, 16th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Friday at the same hour; and from Quebec Saturday, 17th June, at 10.06 o'clock a.m., calling at Father Point, Metis, Perce, Shediac and Charlottetown, P.E.I. Returning, will leave Picton, Friday, the 23rd June, at 7 o'clock, a.m., and every alternate Friday, at the same hour, calling at same Ports.

S.S. "Secret," from Quebec, Tuesday, the 13th June, at 4 o'clock p.m., and every alternate Tuesday at the same hour, calling at Father Point, Metis, Gaspe, Perce, Paspebiac, Dalhousie, Chatham, Newcastle and Shediac. Returning, will leave Picton, Tuesday, the 20th June, at 7 o'clock a.m., and every alternate Tuesday, at the same hour, touching at same Ports.

The Steamers connect at Shediac with Railway for St. John, N.B. thence by Steamer for Fredericton, Eastport, Portland and Boston, and at Picton with Railway for Halifax, N.S.

The S.S. "Alhambra" will leave Montreal Friday, the 9th June, for Shediac, Charlottetown, P.E.I., and Picton, N.S.

For Freight or Passage, apply to
W. MOORE,
Manager.

HERRIDGE & CROMBIE,
Agents,
No. 3 Rideau-st.

May 29, 1871 1670tf

Proclaim the Glad Tidings

That the GREAT SHOSHONEES REMEDY AND PILLS, of the eminent Indian Medicine Man, Doctor LEWIS JOSEPHUS, of the Great Tribe of Shoshonees, British Columbia, is working the most marvellous and astonishing Cures the World has ever heard of. Never in the annals of Canadian Medical History has such success attended the introduction of any medicine heretofore.

WHY?

Simply because the numerous valuable active medicinal vegetable ingredients, (some of which we will mention, such as the Extracts of Wild Cherry Bark, Podophyllum, Juniper, Quassia, Smartweed, Dandelion, Hyoscyamus, Compound Extract of Colocynth, Jalap, Socotrine Aloes, Capsicum, &c., &c.) which enter into the composition of the combined medicine, are such and so harmoniously classified and compounded, that it is made the most searching curative in the known world, and cannot help but act on the system in a very satisfactory and desirable manner. No matter what your ailment may be, or of how long standing, it will find the spot and astonish you by the rapid manner in which you are restored to perfect health and full vigor.

This Medicine is pleasant and safe to take, and is warranted, and may positively be relied upon to make a permanent cure of all diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Liver, Kidneys Digestive Organs, &c., &c., as well as Scrofula the various Skin Diseases, Humors, and all diseases arising from Impurity of the Blood, excepting the Third Stage of Consumption. Further information, with full directions for using the Great Shoshonees Remedy & Pills, and containing Testimonials and Certificates of Cures, can be obtained by securing the Treatise, the Hand Book, or the Almanac and Circulars from any respectable Druggist in the Dominion—free.

Price of Remedy in large Pint Bottles . $1 00
Pills per Box 25

PULMONARY BALSAM
VEGETABLE CONSUMPTION
USED AND RECOMMENDED BY THE MOST EMINENT PHYSICIANS IN NEW ENGLAND FOR THE LAST 45 YEARS.
"NOTHING BETTER."
CUTLER BROS. & CO., BOSTON.
PRICE 25 CTS. & $1 PER BOTTLE. Sold by the Druggists
FOR COUGHS, COLDS &

Ottawa, Nov. 1 1871 1650

WANTED,

Man Servant and his wife without encumbrance—former as Groom and Gardener, latter as Laundress. Apply to

T M CLARK,
Royal Insurance Company.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 1521 3

FOR CHEAP READING,

GO TO

HAUSER'S CIRCULATING LIBRARY.

No. 38 Rideau Street.

The Latest Novels Always on Hand.

Terms, 40cts. per month.
Books bought, sold and exchanged:
Ottawa, June 9, 1871.

CAUTION! CAUTION!!

TO THE PUBLIC OF THE BRITISH PROVINCES OF NORTH AMERICA.

I beg most respectfully to acquaint the public of the British North American Provinces that in May last I caused the business at 80 Maiden Lane New York, for the sale of Holloway's Pills and Ointment, which were up to that time prepared by William Brown now deceased, to be closed. These Medicines were, I regret to say, from what has lately come to my knowledge, made up of such very ordinary ingredients as to render them almost worthless, and therefore calculated to damage my good name.

Those who do not wish to be deceived by buying spurious medicines, which are now likely to emanate from the States or elsewhere, but to possess themselves of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment will do well to see that each pot and box bears the British Government stamp on which is engraved the words "Holloway's Pills and Ointment, and that the address on the label is 533, Oxford street, London, where only they are manufactured, and in no other part of the world. The retail prices are on the labels in British currency, and not in dollars and cents.

No representative of mine will ever travel through any part of the British Provinces, or the United States, either to sell or to take orders for my Pills and Ointment, and as I have reason to believe that attempts will very probably be made to deceive the public in this way by persons calling upon medicine vendors, falsely representing that they are acting for me, and with my knowledge and consent, I deem it advisable to put the public on their guard against any such deceptions.

I most earnestly entreat all those who may read this advertisement that they be pleased, in the public interest, to communicate the purport of the same to their friends that they may not be defrauded of their money by purchasing worthless imitations of the genuine Holloway's Pills and Ointment.

I would ask, as a great favour, that should it come to the knowledge of any person that spurious medicines are being made or sold in my name, he be pleased to send me all the particulars he can collect respecting the same, that is to say, the name and address of the vendor who is selling the spurious medicines, and likewise the name and address of the House in the United States, or elsewhere, which may have supplied them, so as to enable me, for the protection of the public, to institute proceedings against such evil-doers, and I engage to remunerate very handsomely any person who may give me such information, the informant's name never being divulged.

Should any person have reason to believe that he has been deceived by buying spurious imitations of these Medicines, he will do well to send me, in a letter, to the address at foot (which he can do at a cost of six cents in postage), one of the books of instructions which are affixed to the same. I promise to examine it, and send a reply, stating whether the Medicines are genuine or not, so that if spurious he may apply to the person from whom he purchased them to have his money returned.

Chemists and Druggists who desire to obtain the Medicines can be supplied at the lowest wholesale prices in quantities of not less than £20 worth (for which remittance must be sent in advance)—viz., 8s. 6d., 22s., and 34s. per dozen boxes of Pills or pots of Ointment, nett, without discount.

I have the honor to be,
With great respect,
THOMAS HOLLOWAY

533, Oxford street, (late 244, Strand),
London, W. C., Sept. 1, 1871 39 6m

1,000 AGENTS WANTED

TO SELL

The Great Fire in Chicago,

ITS HISTORY AND INCIDENTS

LOSSES AND SUFFERINGS, BENEVOLENCE OF THE NATIONS, &c.

By a Chicago Clergyman.

Also, an account of the Fires in other States and Towns, with a

History of the Great Fires of the Past,

Illustrated by a GRAND MAP—size, 12 x 19 inches—giving the City in Wards, and designed to show the Burnt District.

The Work contains a number of Splendid Engravings, representing the burning of some of the great Blocks and Buildings.

The Author is a resident Clergyman of Chicago, witnessed the conflagration, passed through the terrible scenes described, and has given to the world a graphic and truthful narrative of the greatest calamity that has befallen any people since Rome burned.

His church, being saved, was at once thrown open to the homeless, and his people, living mostly in the unburned district, turned out largely to the relief of their unfortunate fellow citizens.

Holding 3,000 people, his church became at night a vast lodging house, and by day an immense rallying house for the refugees.

The profits on this Book will be devoted to the relief of the sufferers by the fire.

EVERYBODY WILL BUY IT.

The only Complete Book out! Contains 144 Octavo Pages.

Agents can sell 50 to 100 a day. Send your orders at once. Best of terms to those that canvass largely.

Address SCHUYLER SMITH, Prescott, or London, Ontario.

Price, in paper covers, 50 cents.
Sample copy sent post-paid for 50 cents.

Ottawa, Nov. 14, 1871 1820tf

PRICE OF

SAWING MACHINES.....$ 80
THRESHING and SAWING COMBINED..... 130
FANNING MILLS..... 22

Open Cylinders $30 each.

WM. ABBOTT.

Ottawa, Sept. 14, 1871 36w

NOTICE

Is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislature of the Province of Ontario, at its next Session, for an Act to enable the Corporation of the City of Ottawa to construct Water Works, for the purpose of supplying the inhabitants of the said city with water; and to confer upon the said Corporation, or upon Commissioners to be appointed for that purpose, all powers necessary for effectuating that object.

W. P. LETT,
City Clerk.

City Hall,
October 27, 1871. 1806tf

NOTICE.

The public are hereby informed that the Union Bank of Lower Canada have opened a Branch in the City of Ottawa, under the Management of the undersigned, for the transaction of a general Banking business. The office for the present (until the new Building is erected,) will be in the Stewart Block, Rideau Street.

D. S. EASTWOOD,
Manager

Ottawa, June 22nd, 1871. d & w 3m.

FOR SALE,

That eligible property at March Corners known as the Carleton Hotel, kept by Mr. Thomas Smith, as also the adjoining house with 1 of an acre of land.

Terms easy. For particulars apply to
DAVID BOUCHER, Goulburn.
JOHN W. SHAW, Ashton.
or to MOSGROVE & TAILLON,
Barristers, &c., Ottawa.

Ottawa, Nov. 10, 1871 1817dollawlm

READING, ELOCUTION,

WRITING, COMPOSITION, &c.

MRS. ROBERT STEWART is prepared to give Lessons in these subjects, either privately or in Classes, on very moderate terms. Apply to

MRS. R. STEWART,
Wilbrod-st.,
Ottawa

N.B.—Manuscript copied.

Ottawa, May 18 1871 1661tf

TO BE LET,

A SMALL FURNISHED HOUSE. Apply at this Office.

Ottawa, Oct. 26, 1871 1806 3

ELECTRICITY IS LIFE

PULVERMACHER'S PATENT

GALVANIC CHAIN-BANDS, BELTS AND POCKET BATTERIES

These highly improved inventions render Electricity perfectly self-applicable, and extremely efficacious in a mild continuous form on shock or unpleasant sensation being experienced, whereby it becomes a true fountain of health and vigour, speedily soothing agonizing pains, re-animating torpid limbs, reviving the sluggish functions of life, and imparting renewe energy and vitality to constitutions enfeebled by whatever cause. Medicines and their deleterious consequences are thus entirely dispensed with. The daily increasing number of cures effected by PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC SYSTEM is so extensive and varied, that it forcibly points to this invention as the embryo of a universal remedy.

N. B.—The following testimony from the elite of the English medical faculty has been received

"We, the undersigned, have much pleasure in testifying that Mr. J. L. PULVERMACHER's recent improvements in his Voltaic Batteries and Galvanic Appliances for Medical Purposes are of great importance to Scientific Medicine, and that he is entitled to the consideration and support of every one disposed to further the advancement of real and useful progress.

"Dated the 9th day of March, 1866.

"SIR CHARLES LOCOCK, Bart., M.D., F.R.C.P.
SIR HENRY HOLLAND, Bart., M.D., F.R.S.
SIR WM. FERGUSSON, Bart., F.R.S.
EDWD. H. SIEVEKING, M.D., M.R.C.S.
SIR J. RANALD MARTIN, F.R.C.S."

PULVERMACHER'S SYSTEM is also approved by an official report of the Académie de Medicine, Paris, Royal College of Physicians, London, and the Imperial Faculty of Vienna, and its curative virtues are confirmed by thousands of private testimonials of cures effected. (See pamphlet gratis).

These facts appeal to the good sense of every sufferer to avail himself of this scientific and curative progress, to which the inventor has devoted a life-time of study and labour, as an ardent disciple of that great benefactor of mankind, the late illustrious electrician MICHAEL FARADY.

PULVERMACHER'S MEDICO-GALVANIC CHAINS are exceedingly effective without the aid of medicine, restriction of diet, or the least derangement of the patient's habits and daily occupations, in the following maladies

Rheumatism	Female Complaints
Gout	Constipation
Sciatica	Cramp
Lumbago	Sluggish Circulation
Neuralgia	Urinary Disorders
Head and Toothache	Paralysis
Liver Complaints	Epilepsy
Tic Doloreux	Nervous Debility
Indigestion	Functional Disorders
Deafness	&c., &c.
Spasms	

The effects of the application of Pulvermacher's Chains in any of the above disorders is immediately perceptible—the relief of pain instantaneous.

PRICE LIST OF PULVERMACHER'S CHAIN BANDS AND BATTERIES.

B. CHAIN BANDS for Nervous Deafness Head, Tooth, and Face Ache, and Noises in the Head, 21s. to 30s.
B. CHAIN BANDS for loss of Voice and other affections of the Throat, 10s. 6d. to 21s.
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B CHAIN BANDS for Lumbago. Indigestion Liver, Chest, and Functional Disorders, &c., (worn as a belt), 22s to 40s and 55s.
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B COMBINED CHAIN BAND for Cantri, Paralysis, Epilepsy, General Debility Functional Disorders, &c., 30s to 50s.
A complete Set of COMBINED CHAIN BANDS, BELTS, and CHAIN BATTERY for restoring vitalenergy, £5 to £7.

The public are most earnestly cautioned to beware of Pseudo Electric Belts advertised by sham Doctors, &c., for improper purposes, and so severely stigmatized by Vice Chancellor Malins in the suit Pulvermacher vs Hammond, alias Henry James, alias C. T. Hapkey, M. B. C. S, alias Henry Burrows, &c, &c.

No Galvanic Belts are genuine but those bearing the fac simile of M. Pulvermacher's signature on the label.

A pamphlet containing full particulars may be had at the Drug Store of A. Christie, Sparks Street.

J. L. PULVERMACHER,
Galvanic Establishment,
200 Regent Street, London, W

Full particulars may be had from the Sole Agents,

A. CHRISTIE & CO.,
DRUGGISTS,
OTTAWA.

Ottawa, September 6, 1870 1455 1awly

DEPARTMENT OF CROWN LANDS,

(WOODS AND FORESTS BRANCH),

Toronto, 20th October, 1871.

NOTICE is hereby given, that pursuant to Order in Council of 4th instant, Timber Berths of all lands remaining unlocated or unoccupied on the 1st instant, in the Townships of Muskoka, Draper, Watt, Stephenson, Gregerman, Ferguson, McKellar, Christie, Humphrey, Cardwell, Macaulay, Brunel, McLean, Stisted, and Chaffey, will be offered on sale at the Crown Lands Department, in the City of Toronto, on THURSDAY, the 23rd DAY of NOVEMBER, 1871, at 12 o'clock, noon.

For printed notice containing division of lots into Timber Berths, conditions of sale &c., apply personally or by letter to the Department of Crown Lands, Toronto, to C. W. Lount, Esq., Crown Lands Agent, Bracebridge or J. D. Beatty, Crown Lands Agent, Parry Sound.

THOMAS H. JOHNSON,
Assistant Commissioner.

CHEAP FARMS FREE HOMES

On the Line of the
UNION PACIFIC RAILROAD.

A land grant of
12,000,000 ACRES of the BEST FARMING and MINERAL LANDS in AMERICA,

3,000,000 Acres of Choice Farming and Grazing Lands on the line of the road, in the State of Nebraska, in the Great Platte Valley, now for sale, for cash or long credit.

These lands are in a mild and healthy climate, and for grain growing and stock raising, unsurpassed by any in the United States.

Prices range from $2 to $10 per acre.

Homesteads for Actual Settlers.—2,500,000 Acres of Government Land between Omaha and North Platte, open for entry as Homesteads only.

Persons of foreign birth are entitled to the benefit of the Homestead Law, on declaring their intention to become citizens of the United States, and may avail themselves of this provision immediately after their arrival.

Send for the new edition of descriptive pamphlet, with new maps, mailed free everywhere. Address,

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—IN—

TEAS AND WINES,

6 HOSPITAL STREET

MONTREAL.

POST OFFICE, OTTAWA.

ARRIVAL and DEPARTURE of MAIL.

1871. AUTUMN ARRANGEMENT. 1871.

CLOSE A.M.	CLOSE Noon	CLOSE P.M.	MAILS.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY A.M.	DUE FOR DELIVERY P.M.
...	12.00	9.00	Eastern—Quebec, Montreal, Cornwall, Lancaster, &c., by Railway	8.00	...	4.20
...	12 00	9·00	Halifax, N.S., and St. John, N.B	8 00	...	4.20
9,00	...	9 00	Western—Kingston, Toronto, Hamilton, London, &c.; and Western, U.S.	10 00	...	...
9,00	...	9.00	Fort Garry, and other places in the Province of Manitoba, close here daily, to be despatched in closed mails from Windsor, Ont., via St. Paul and Pembina; every Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday—Ordinary Dominion rates of postage	10,00	...	...
9 00	12.00	9.00	United States, *via* Ogdensburg	10.00	...	4.20
9·00	12.00	.....	Kemptville, Merrickville, Oxford Mills, per St. L. & O.R.	...	...	4.20
9.00	...	...	North Gower, Kars, &c., per St. L. & O. Railway	...	...	4.20
9.00	...	...	Osgoode, Russell, &c	10,00	...	
9.30		3130	Brockville, Perth, and Smith's Falls, per Canada Central Railway	8.00	...	1.30
9 30	...	...	The Upper Ottawa, Places on the B. & O. Railway, North of Carleton Place Junction, and Places on C. C. R.R.—Bell's Corners, Richmond, &c	8,00	...	
10,30	...	4.30	Aylmer and Hull, by stage	8.00	11,00	...
	...	4.30	Bristol, Clarendon, and Onslow, by Aylmer, &c	8 00		
	...	6.00	Lower Ottawa, by Land, Buckingham, Cumberland, and L'Orignal Grenville, &c	10,00	...	
7.30	...	...	March, Huntley, Gary, &c.	8.00	...	...
6.00	...	...	Chelsea, Wakefield, North Wakefield, and intermediate Offices, Daily; and River Desert and intermediate Offices, Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays	...	...	6.00
11.30	...	...	Templeton, Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays	11.30	...	...

Matter to be posted up to 9 30 P.M., will be forwarded East and West in Supplementary package the same night.

BRITISH MAILS.

The New York close every Monday at 3 P.M
Per Canadian Line, close every Friday at 11 00 A.M.
A Supplementary Bag for Canadian Steamer will be closed at 12.10 p.m., in which only paid unregistered matter can be sent.

MONEY ORDERS

On Money order Offices throughout the Dominion, Great Britain and Ireland, Newfoundland and Prince Edward Island, can be obtained at this office. Also Postage Stamps, and Post Cards.

POST OFFICE SAVINGS BANK

Deposits will be received at this Office. Interest allowed at the rate of Four per cent per annum, and Deposits can be withdrawn at any time. Five per cent will be allowed on Special Deposits in sums of $100, for the withdrawal of which, three months notice will be required.

OFFICE HOURS FROM 8 A.M., TO 7 P.M.

For Money Order and Savings Bank business from 10 a.m to 4 p.m.

G. P. BAKER, Postmaster.

Post Office,
Ottawa, Nov. 27 1871.

MESSRS.

SATCHELL BROS

BUTCHERS TO

HIS EXCELLENCY

THE GOVERNOR GENERAL

Take this opportunity of returning their sincere thanks to their numerous customers and to the citizens of Ottawa generally, for their liberal patronage during the last six years, and to invite their special attention to

MEAT,

Consisting of
One magnificent DURHAM HEIFER, weighing 2,710 lbs., to which has been awarded the 1st Prize at the Provincial, 1871 and other Exhibitions.
One beautiful HEIFER, bred and fed by J B. LEWIS, Esq, of Ottawa.
Twenty head of extraordinary fine Western Canada fed Cattle.
Fifteen Western fed SHEEP,
And many other animals of superior excellence, which will be on exhibition at their

STALLS, Nos. 5 and 7,

LOWER TOWN MARKET,

On THURSDAY Next, 6th Inst.

Ottawa, April 4 1871. 1633y

F. WILLIAMS,

PRACTICAL TAILOR, &c.,

Returns his sincere thanks to the public of Ottawa for the liberal patronage bestowed on him since his commencement in business.

He hopes by good workmanship and reasonable charges, to ensure a continuance of the same.

RIDEAU STREET,
Near Division Court Office.

Ottawa, May 17, 1871 1668tf

Cure of Bronchitis

Smithfield.

J C Chamberlain, Esq.—This is to certify that about three years ago I became afflicted with Bronchitis, which lasted about eighteen months. I was so afflicted for the want of breath that it was very difficult for me to speak, and in the night time frequently throwing the clothes off and raising in the bed to keep from strangling. I tried three of the most eminent physicians in the County of Northumberland for about a year, without receiving any benefit, in fact I continued getting worse all the time. At last I was advised to try the Great Shoshonees Remedy. I bought a bottle and took it and when it was about finished I began to feel a little better. I continued to use it until I had taken three bottles, when, to my satisfaction, I found that I was as well as ever I had been previous to my illness and have been so ever since.

JOHN SILVER.

Sworn before me at Smithfield this 6th day of April, A D 1870.

J M WELLINGTON, J P

WONDERFUL CURE OF LUNG DISEASE

BROOKLYN, April 5th, 1870.

J C Chamberlain, Esq. This is to certify that my wife was very low with Lung Disease. The Doctor had given her up. He said her lungs were tubercled, and medicine could not help her. As a last resort I purchased a bottle of the Great Shoshonees Remedy. At the expiration of two days her symptoms were decidedly better She continued to improve so rapidly that by the time she had taken one bottle she was able to sit up. By the continuance of the remedy she was perfectly restored to health.

You may publish the facts for the benefit of those similarly afflicted.

T C. BROWN,
Episcopal Methodist Minister.

EMIGRATION

TO THE

UNITED STATES,

ROBERTSON'S REAL ESTATE JOURNAL contains much information of value to emigrants, with descriptions and prices of lands. A copy with large Coloured Map sent gratis to any one sending us address with 10 cents or sixpence. Correspondence solicited, address, A. F. ROBERTSON & Co., Lynchburg, Virginia, U. S. 1765 3

HOT AIR FURNACES.

We are prepared to fit up the above in Churches, Dwellings, &c., in the latest improved modern style. Orders from the city or any part of Canada solicited.

Read the following:

MADOC, Oct. 29th, 1870.

H. MEADOWS & Co., OTTAWA.

DEAR SIRS,—It gives me much pleasure to be able to inform you that the Hot Air Furnace which you lately put up in the Church of St. John the Baptiste, in this village, has given great satisfaction to myself and the members of my congregation. We had it going lately on one very windy day, but we had no trouble with it whatever, in the way of smoke, or any other inconveniences, which often take place with heating apparatus, when the wind is high.

We find that the church is heated in a very short time, and that it does not require as much wood to keep it going as it did the stove.

The heat diffuses itself rapidly over the whole building, and no one part is colder or hotter than an other, but there is a nice glow of heat all over. Remembering the trouble that we used to have with leaking pipes, smoking chimneys, &c., we look upon the furnace as a decided luxury. I certainly think no church ought to be without one, when it can be procured so easily and so cheaply as ours was from you.

I must also express the great pleasure I had in noticing the kindness and attention which Mr. Meadows (and also his workmen) showed in everything connected with the work.

Hoping that this virtue will in every case bring its own reward,

I remain,
Most sincerely yours,
CHAS. H. MOCKRIDGE,
Curate of St. Johns Church,
Madoc, Ont.

P. S.—You have my full permission to use this letter in any way you see fit, or refer any one to me who wishes further information.

C. H. M.

Estimates and all other information given, apply to

"CAPITAL" STOVE DEPOT,
35 Sussex-st, Ottawa,
H. MEADOWS & Co

A RARE CHANCE.

HOTEL, RESTAURANT AND BAR

FOR SALE OR TO LET, FOR A TERM OF YEARS.

THE COSMOPOLITAN,

IN MONTREAL,

Furnished or Unfurnished. The lowest rent in the City. This establishment is too well known to require any comments upon its merits. Upwards of 200 Merchants and others dine daily in the Restaurant. The Proprietor is only relinquishing it on account of assuming the Superintendence of his brother's Manufactory in the United States. Address

GUISEPPE M. GIANELLI,

N. B.—The Bar can be readily let for $200 per month.

Montreal, March 2, 1871. 1

Pickering and Steinway Pianos.

MESSRS. ORME & SON,

Have now in Stock and constantly arriving a splendid selection of the above and other first-class Pianos, which they are prepared to sell at the LOWEST prices and on the MOST ADVANTAGEOUS terms.

Also,

Cabinet Organs and Melodeons

In every style and price.

Intending purchasers can, by inspecting our stock, have as good a selection as in any other establishment in the Dominion.

Catalogues and price lists sent on application.

J. L. ORME & SON,
1813 tf 8, Sparks Street.

HOUSES TO LET, AT the Chaudiere near Mr. Baldwin's Office, 4 small and comfortable houses—Stone and Wood, now finishing. Rent from $8 to $10 a month.

Apply to
T. M. CLARK,
Royal Insurance Co.

Ottawa May 4, 1871 1657tf

PRIVATE CLASSICAL SCHOOL.

Mr E A HARINGTON (Worcester College, Oxford), late Assistant Master of Trinity College School, Port Hope, intends opening the above on the 1st September next. High testimonials and references can be given both in Ottawa and elsewhere. For further particulars, apply to Mr Harington, Port Hope, until the 15th inst. After that date, at Ottawa.

N B—Private pupils will be taken in the evenings.

Medical.

CELEBRATED PREPARATIONS FOR PRESERVING AND BEAUTIFYING THE TEETH & GUMS PREVENTING PAIN AND TOOTHACHE. SOLD BY ALL CHEMISTS & PERFUMERS.

PARTS OF THE WORLD

PREPARED ONLY BY

MESSRS. GABRIEL

DENTISTS

CLERKENWELL HILL, LONDON.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S "SEDADENT" OR CURE for Toothache. This extraordinary application, marvellous in its effects, gives immediate relief without injuring the tooth, and forms a temporary stopping. Price 1s. 1½d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S CORALITE TOOTH PASTE for cleansing and improving the Teeth, imparts a natural redness to the gums, and gives brilliancy to the Enamel. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ROYAL DENTIFICE prepared from a recipe as used by Her Majesty; gives the Teeth a pearl-like whiteness, and imparts a delicious fragrance to the breath. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S WHITE GUTTA PERCHA Enamel, for stopping decayed Teeth, renders the Tooth sound and useful for mastication, no matter how far decayed. Price 1s. 6d.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S OSTEO-ENAMEL STOPPING warranted to remain white and firm as the Tooth itself. This beautiful preparation restores front Teeth, and can be easily used. Sufficient to stop six teeth Price 5s.

MESSRS. GABRIEL'S ODONTALGIQUE ELIXIR. This celebrated Mouth Wash is most refreshing, it strengthens the gums, eradicates tartar and all injurious secretion, sweetens the breath, and for cleansing artificial teeth is invaluable Price 5s

Full directions for use enclosed in each box

IMPORTANT TO RESIDENTS ABROAD

Parties at a distance may have Artificial Teeth supplied in partial or complete sets, by Messrs. Gabriel's new system, on sending particulars of their cases, with a remittance of Ten Shillings, when the apparatus for taking a model of the mouth will be forwarded with all necessary instructions.

MESSRS. GABRIEL remodel on their improved system, and at a moderate cost, Artificial Teeth supplied by other dentists which have not proved satisfactory to the wearer.

A CHRISTIE & Co.,
Druggists,
Agents for Ottawa.

May 11871

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

As a family Remedy it is well and favourably known relieving thousands from pain in the

Side, Back and Head, Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera Morbus Dysentery, Bowel Complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c, &c.

THE CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER

Has now been before the public for a length of time and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed, but on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer, in curing the Diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of Remedies for these complaints. Orders are coming from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All Medicine Dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it

Price only Twenty-five Cents per bottle.

NORTHROP & LYMAN.

Sold in Ottawa by H F McGarthy, J Skinner, John Roberts, J P Featherston, George Mortimer, W M Massey, and all Medicine Dealers.

November 30, 1870 1527y

DR. ROBERTS

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CALLED

"THE POOR MANS FRIEND,

is confidently recommended to the Public as an unfailing remedy for wounds of every description; a certain remedy for ulcerated sore legs, burns, scalds, bruises, chilblains, scorbutic eruptions, and pimples in the face, so and inflamed eyes, sore heads, sore breasts &c., &c.

Sold in pots, 13½d, 2s 9d, 4s 6d, 11s, and 22s each; and his

PILULÆ, ANTI SCROPHULÆ or ALTERATIVE PILLS.

confirmed by sixty years' experience to be one of the best alterative medicines ever compounded for purifying the blood and assisting Nature in her operations. They form a mild and superior family aperient, that may be taken at all times without confinement or change of diet.

Prepared only by

BEACH & BARNICOTT,
Bridport, Dorset, England.

and sold by all Medicine Vendors.

September 28, 1871. 39 6m

OTTAWA & MONTREAL

Macadamized Road Company.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the Stock Holders of the above named Company will be held at the ALBION HOTEL, on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, on

Monday, the Eleventh Day of Dec., A.D. 1871.

at half past Two of the Clock in the afternoon, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company.

Z WILSON,
Secretary Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 16, 1871 w 39 3

OTTAWA & RUSSELL

ROAD COMPANY.

THE ANNUAL

GENERAL MEETING

of the STOCK HOLDERS of the above named Company will be held in the

ALBION HOTEL,

on Nicholas street, in the city of Ottawa, at Two of the Clock in the afternoon of MONDAY, the Eleventh Day of DECEMBER, A. D., 1871, for the Election of Officers, and other business of the said Company

Z WILSON,
Secretary-Treasurer.

Ottawa, Nov 15, 1871 w 39 3

Legal.

HORACE LAPIERRE, Barrister, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer and Notary Public, Corner of Sussex and York streets, Ottawa. 368y

D. O'CONNOR, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor in Chancery, Conveyancer, &c., Sussex-street. Office, Union Buildings, Ottawa. 55y

R. H. HAYCOCK, Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, Notary Public, and Patent Right Solicitor. Office—Immediately opposite Russell House, Elgin-st. 435tf

GREEN & GEMMILL, Barristers, Attorneys, Solicitors, Conveyancers, &c. Office—In the Court House, Ottawa.
ROBERT GREEN. 4tuf JOHN J. GEMMILL.

EDWARD T. DARKEN, Barrister, Solicitor, Attorney and Notary Public, Clerk of the Peace and County Attorney, for the United Counties of Prescott and Russell. Office—In the Court House, L'Orignal. 34-6m

NICHOLAS PARKS, Barrister and Attorney-at-Law, Solicitor-in-Chancery, Conveyancer, &c. Office—Lang's Buildings, Elgin-st., opposite the Post Office, Ottawa. 402y

E. A. HARA, Architect. Office—Aumond's Buildings, Rideau-st., Ottawa. 903y

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WILLIAM MOSGROVE. 356tf GEORGE TAILLON

A. TETREAU, Notary Public for the Province of Quebec, Hull, near the Post Office. 390tf

DOCTOR HENDERSON, [McGill University] Physician, Surgeon and Accoucheur, Surgery—That recently occupied by Dr. Malloch, Duke st, Chaudiere, Ottawa. 1388y

DR. ROBILLARD, Physician, Surgeon, Accoucheur. Office in Mr. Hearn's Drug Store, East end of Sapper's Bridge. Office hours from 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

N. B.—Special attention given to the treatment of diseases of the EYE and EAR. At night can be seen at his residence, Murray Street.

DR. OLIVER MARTIN, Dentist. Office Sparks-street, Central Ottawa. 34tf

DR. McDOUGALL,
Office, Rideau Street, opposite Fenton's Drug Store. Residence 8

J. O. ARCHAMBAULT,
NOTARY PUBLIC. Residence — Hull next the Post Office. 1723y

CHARLES MORRIL, Advocate, Hull. Office at Mr Tetham's, N P; private residence in rear of French Cathedral, Hull.

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—AND—

FLOWER SEEDS.

R. HIGMAN,

CHEMIST, &c.,

SPARKS ST,

Has a complete assortment of the above. Intending purchasers will do well to inspect them, the whole being the growth of last season.

He has also a quantity of English Camphor for preserving